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FILER

PUTNAM ENERGY RESOURCES TRUST

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PUTNAM ENERGY-RESOURCES TRUST
INVESTMENT STRATEGY: GROWTH

This Prospectus explains concisely what you should know before investing in the Fund. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference. You can find more detailed information about the Fund in the January 1, 1994 Statement of Additional Information, as amended from time to time. For a free copy of the Statement, call Putnam Investor Services at 1-800-225-1581. The Statement has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

SHARES OF THE FUND ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OBLIGATIONS OF, OR GUARANTEED OR ENDORSED BY, ANY FINANCIAL INSTITUTION AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION, THE FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD OR ANY OTHER AGENCY.

BOSTON * LONDON * TOKYO

Putnam Energy-Resources Trust (the "Fund") seeks capital appreciation by investing primarily in the common stocks of companies in the energy and natural resources industries. Current income is only an incidental consideration. The Fund is designed for investors who believe that these industries provide significant opportunities for capital appreciation. While ordinary "growth" funds may place some of their portfolios in these industries, Putnam Energy-Resources Trust focuses its investments on these industries. The concentration of the Fund's investments may involve special considerations more fully described in the section "How objective is pursued" on page

7

Class A shares of the Fund are currently being offered. Class B shares are not currently being offered, but will be offered on or after February 1, 1994. Each class is sold pursuant to different sales arrangements and bears different expenses. For more information about the different sales arrangements, see "Alternative sales arrangements." For information about various expenses borne by each class, see "Expenses summary."

ABOUT THE FUND

Expenses summary	4
Financial highlights	5
Objective	7
How objective is pursued	7
How performance is shown	11
How the Fund is managed	12
Organization and history	13

ABOUT YOUR INVESTMENT

Alternative sales arrangements	14
How to buy shares	15

.....	19
Distribution Plans	
.....	
How to sell shares	20
.....	
How to exchange shares	21
.....	
How the Fund values its shares	22
.....	
How distributions are made; tax information	22

ABOUT PUTNAM INVESTMENTS, INC.

ABOUT THE FUND

EXPENSES SUMMARY

Expenses are one of several factors to consider when investing in the Fund. The following table summarizes your maximum transaction costs from investing in the Fund and expenses incurred by the Fund based on its most recent fiscal year. The Examples show the cumulative expenses attributable to a hypothetical \$1,000 investment in the Fund over specified periods.

	CLASS A SHARES	CLASS B SHARES
SHAREHOLDER TRANSACTION EXPENSES		
Maximum Sales Charge Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.75%	NONE*
Deferred Sales Charge (as a percentage of the lower of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	NONE**	5.0% in the first year, declining to 1.0% in the sixth year and eliminated thereafter
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (as a percentage of average net assets)		
Management Fees	0.70%	0.70%
12b-1 Fees	0.25%	1.00%
Other Expenses	0.25%	0.25%
Total Fund Operating Expenses	1.20%	1.95%

EXAMPLES

Your investment of \$1,000 would incur the following expenses, assuming 5% annual return and redemption at the end of each period:

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
CLASS A	\$69	\$93	\$120	\$195
CLASS B	\$70	\$91	\$125	\$208***

Your investment of \$1,000 would incur the following expenses, assuming 5% annual return but no redemption:

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
CLASS A	\$69	\$93	\$120	\$195
CLASS B	\$20	\$61	\$105	\$208***

The table is provided to help you understand the expenses of investing in the Fund and your share of the operating expenses which the Fund incurs. The 12b-1 fees for Class A shares shown in the table reflect the amount to which the Fund's Trustees currently limit payments under the class's Distribution Plan. The 12b-1 fees for Class B shares shown in the table reflect the

maximum amount permitted under the Class B Distribution Plan. Management fees and "Other expenses" for Class B shares are based on the operating expenses for the Fund's Class A shares. The Examples do not represent past or future expense levels. Actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown. Federal regulations require the Examples to assume a 5% annual return, but actual annual return has varied.

- * Class B shares are sold without a front-end sales charge, but their 12b-1 fees may cause long-term shareholders to pay more than the economic equivalent of the maximum permitted front-end sales charge.
- ** A deferred sales charge of up to 1.00% is assessed on certain redemptions of Class A shares that were purchased without an initial sales charge as part of an investment of \$1 million or more. See "How to buy shares -- Class A shares."
- *** Reflects conversion of Class B shares to Class A shares (which pay lower ongoing expenses) approximately eight years after purchase. See "How to buy shares -- Class B shares -- Conversion of Class B shares."

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The table on the following page presents per share financial information for the Fund's ten most recent fiscal years. No Class B shares were outstanding during these periods. This information has been audited and reported on by the Fund's independent accountants. The Report of Independent Accountants and financial statements included in the Fund's Annual Report to shareholders for the 1993 fiscal year are incorporated by reference into this Prospectus. The Fund's Annual Report, which contains additional unaudited performance information, will be made available without charge upon request. The Fund was managed by Eberstadt Fund Management, Inc. through November 20, 1984. Since that date the Fund has been managed by Putnam Investment Management, Inc. ("Putnam Management").

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT THE PERIOD)

(THE TABLE IS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE FROM POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 16 TO THE FUND'S REGISTRATION STATEMENT, FILE NO. 2-67827.)

OBJECTIVE

Putnam Energy-Resources Trust seeks capital appreciation by investing at least 80% of its assets (other than U.S. government securities, short-term debt obligations, and cash or money market instruments) in common stocks and other securities of companies in the energy and natural resources industries, except when Putnam Management believes alternative strategies are appropriate to protect the Fund against a market decline. Current income is only an incidental consideration. The Fund concentrates its investments in a limited group of industries and is not intended to be a complete investment program. There is no assurance the Fund will achieve its objective.

HOW OBJECTIVE IS PURSUED

BASIC INVESTMENT STRATEGY

PUTNAM ENERGY-RESOURCES TRUST INVESTS MAINLY IN COMMON STOCKS OF COMPANIES IN THE ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES INDUSTRIES, BUT MAY ALSO INVEST A PORTION OF ITS ASSETS IN OTHER INDUSTRIES AND MAY INVEST IN FIXED-INCOME SECURITIES. The Fund seeks to purchase securities that will rise in value; current income is only an incidental consideration. The Fund invests primarily in common stocks, but may also purchase convertible bonds, convertible preferred stocks, warrants, preferred stocks and debt securities, regardless of credit rating, if Putnam

Management believes they would help achieve the Fund's objective of capital appreciation. Securities in the lower-rated categories are considered to be primarily speculative. The Fund may also hold a portion of its assets in cash and money market instruments.

At times Putnam Management may judge that conditions in the securities markets make pursuing the Fund's basic investment strategy inconsistent with the best interests of its shareholders. At such times Putnam Management may temporarily use alternative strategies, primarily designed to reduce fluctuations in the value of the Fund's assets. In implementing these "defensive" strategies, the Fund may invest without limit in debt securities or preferred stocks of companies in any industry, increase the portion of its assets held in cash or money market instruments, or invest in any other securities Putnam Management considers consistent with such defensive strategies. It is impossible to predict when, or for how long, the Fund will use such alternative strategies.

THE ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES INDUSTRIES

THE FUND PROVIDES INVESTORS WITH A DIVERSIFIED PORTFOLIO OF COMPANIES IN THE ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES INDUSTRIES. These industries include companies that Putnam Management considers to be principally engaged in the discovery, development, production or distribution of energy or other natural resources, the development of technologies for the production or efficient use of energy and other natural resources, or the furnishing of related supplies or services. Such companies may:

- o PARTICIPATE IN THE DISCOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT OF ENERGY SUPPLIES from new and conventional sources.
- o OWN OR PRODUCE SOURCES OF ENERGY, such as oil, natural gas, coal, uranium, geothermal, oil shale and biomass.
- o PROVIDE ENERGY TRANSPORTATION, DISTRIBUTION OR PROCESSING SERVICES, such as refining and pipeline services.
- o CONTRIBUTE NEW TECHNOLOGIES FOR THE PRODUCTION OR EFFICIENT USE OF ENERGY, such as systems for energy conversion, conservation and pollution control.
- o OWN OR CONTROL OIL, GAS, OR OTHER MINERAL LEASES (which may or may not produce recoverable energy or resources), rights or royalty interests.
- o PROVIDE RELATED SERVICES OR SUPPLIES, such as drilling, well servicing, chemicals, parts and equipment.
- o OWN OR PROCESS OTHER NATURAL RESOURCES, such as precious metals, other minerals and timberland.

Putnam Management deems a particular company to be "principally engaged" in these industries if at the time of investment Putnam Management determines that at least 50% of the company's assets, revenues or profits are derived from these industries. Under normal market conditions the Fund will invest at least 65% of its assets in securities of issuers principally engaged in these industries .

FOREIGN INVESTMENTS

THE FUND MAY INVEST UP TO 20% OF ITS ASSETS IN SECURITIES PRINCIPALLY TRADED IN FOREIGN MARKETS. There is no limit on the amount of assets that may be invested in Canadian issuers. The Fund may also purchase Eurodollar certificates of deposit without regard to the 20% limit. Since foreign securities are normally denominated and traded in foreign currencies, the values of the Fund's assets may be affected favorably or unfavorably by currency exchange rates and exchange control regulations. There may be less information publicly available about a foreign company than about a U.S. company, and foreign companies are not generally subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting

standards and practices comparable to those in the United States. The securities of some foreign companies are less liquid and at times more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. companies. Foreign brokerage commissions and other fees are also generally higher than in the United States. Foreign settlement procedures and trade regulations may involve certain risks (such as delay in payment or delivery of securities or in the recovery of the Fund's assets held abroad) and expenses not present in the settlement of domestic investments.

In addition, there may be a possibility of nationalization or expropriation of assets, imposition of currency exchange controls, confiscatory taxation, political or financial instability and diplomatic developments which could affect the value of the Fund's investments in certain foreign countries. Legal remedies available to investors in certain foreign countries may be more limited than those available with respect to investments in the United States or in other foreign countries. The laws of some foreign countries may limit the Fund's ability to invest in securities of certain issuers located in those foreign countries. Special tax considerations apply to foreign securities.

The Fund may buy or sell foreign currencies and foreign currency forward contracts for hedging purposes in connection with its foreign investments.

A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FOREIGN INVESTMENTS, AND THE RISKS AND SPECIAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THEM, IS INCLUDED IN THE STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The length of time the Fund has held a particular security is not generally a consideration in investment decisions. A change in the securities held by the Fund is known as "portfolio turnover." As a result of the Fund's investment policies, under certain market conditions the Fund's portfolio turnover rate may be higher than that of other mutual funds. Portfolio turnover generally involves some expense to the Fund, including brokerage commissions or dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs on the sale of securities and reinvestment in other securities. Such transactions may result in realization of capital gains. Portfolio turnover rates for the ten most recent fiscal years are shown in the section "Financial highlights."

RISK FACTORS

WHILE THE FUND'S PORTFOLIO WILL NORMALLY INCLUDE SECURITIES OF ESTABLISHED SUPPLIERS OF TRADITIONAL PRODUCTS AND SERVICES, THE FUND MAY ALSO INVEST IN SMALLER COMPANIES WHICH MAY BENEFIT FROM THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW PRODUCTS AND SERVICES. While many major U.S. corporations are involved in the energy and natural resources industries, smaller and less seasoned companies represent a substantial portion of this field. These smaller companies may present greater opportunities for capital appreciation, but may also involve greater risks. They may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, or may depend on a limited management group. Their securities may trade less frequently and in more limited volume than the securities of larger, more established companies, and only in the over-the-counter market or on a regional securities exchange. As a result, the prices of these securities may fluctuate more erratically, and to a greater degree, than the prices of securities of other issuers.

BECAUSE THE FUND'S INVESTMENTS ARE CONCENTRATED, THE VALUE OF ITS SHARES IS ESPECIALLY AFFECTED BY FACTORS PECULIAR TO THE ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES INDUSTRIES, AND MAY FLUCTUATE MORE WIDELY THAN THE VALUE OF SHARES OF A PORTFOLIO WHICH INVESTS IN A BROADER RANGE OF INDUSTRIES. For example, changes in crude oil prices may affect both those industries which produce, refine and distribute petroleum products and industries which supply alternate sources of energy. In addition, certain of these industries are generally subject to greater government regulation

than many other industries; therefore, changes in regulatory policies may have a material effect on the business of companies in these industries.

OTHER INVESTMENT PRACTICES

THE FUND MAY ALSO ENGAGE TO A LIMITED EXTENT IN THE FOLLOWING INVESTMENT PRACTICES, EACH OF WHICH INVOLVES CERTAIN SPECIAL RISKS. THE STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTAINS MORE DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THESE PRACTICES, INCLUDING LIMITATIONS DESIGNED TO REDUCE THESE RISKS.

OPTIONS. The Fund may seek to increase its current return by writing covered call and put options on securities it owns or in which it may invest. The Fund receives a premium from writing a call or put option, which increases the Fund's return if the option expires unexercised or is closed out at a net profit. When the Fund writes a call option, it gives up the opportunity to profit from any increase in the price of a security above the exercise price of the option; when it writes a put option, the Fund takes the risk that it will be required to purchase a security from the option holder at a price above the current market price of the security. The sale of an options by the Fund might reduce the Fund's investment return if the Fund were to close out the options at a loss or the option were exercised under conditions unfavorable to the Fund. The Fund may terminate an option that it has written prior to its expiration by entering into a closing purchase transaction in which it purchases an option having the same terms as the option written. The Fund may also buy and sell put and call options for hedging purposes. The Fund may also from time to time buy and sell combinations of put and call options on the same underlying security to attempt to earn additional income. The aggregate value of the securities underlying the options may not exceed 25% of the Fund's assets. The Fund's use of these strategies may be limited by applicable law.

SECURITIES LOANS, REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND FORWARD COMMITMENTS. The Fund may lend portfolio securities amounting to not more than 25% of its assets to broker-dealers and may enter into repurchase agreements on up to 25% of its assets. These transactions must be fully collateralized at all times. The Fund may also purchase securities for future delivery, which may increase its overall investment exposure and involves a risk of loss if the value of the securities declines prior to the settlement date. These transactions involve some risk to the Fund if the other party should default on its obligation and the Fund is delayed or prevented from recovering the collateral or completing the transaction.

LIMITING INVESTMENT RISK

SPECIFIC INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS HELP THE FUND LIMIT INVESTMENT RISKS FOR ITS SHAREHOLDERS. THESE RESTRICTIONS PROHIBIT THE FUND FROM: acquiring more than 10% of the voting securities or other class of securities of any one issuer* and investing more than: (a) (with respect to 75% of its assets only), 5% of its total assets in securities of any one issuer (other than the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities);* (b) 5% of its total assets in companies that, together with any predecessors or controlling persons, have been in business less than three continuous years;* (c) 15% of its total assets in securities restricted as to resale (excluding securities determined by the Fund's Trustees (or the person designated by the Fund's Trustees to make such determinations) to be readily marketable);* (d) 25% of its total assets in any one industry, except the energy and natural resources industries;* (e) 5% of its total assets in warrants or more than 2% of its total assets in warrants not listed on a national securities exchange;* or (f) 15% of its net assets in any combination of securities that are not readily marketable, in securities restricted as to resale (excluding securities determined by the Fund's Trustees (or the person designated by the Fund's Trustees to make such determinations) to be readily marketable), and in repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days.

Restrictions marked with an asterisk (*) above are summaries of fundamental policies. See the Statement of Additional Information for the full text of these policies and the Fund's other fundamental policies. Except for investment policies designated as fundamental in this Prospectus or the Statement, the investment policies described in this Prospectus and in the Statement are not fundamental policies. The Trustees may change any non-fundamental investment policies without shareholder approval. As a matter of policy, the Trustees would not materially change the Fund's investment objective without shareholder approval.

HOW PERFORMANCE IS SHOWN

TOTAL RETURN DATA MAY FROM TIME TO TIME BE INCLUDED IN ADVERTISEMENTS ABOUT THE FUND. "Total return" for the one-, five- and ten-year periods (or since the commencement of the public offering of the shares of a class, if shorter) through the most recent calendar quarter represents the average annual compounded rate of return on an investment of \$1,000 in the Fund at the maximum public offering price (in the case of Class A shares) or reflecting the deduction of any applicable contingent deferred sales charge (in the case of Class B shares). Total return may also be presented for other periods or based on investment at reduced sales charge levels. Any quotation of total return not reflecting the maximum initial sales charge or contingent deferred sales charge would be reduced if such sales charges were used. Quotations of total return for any period when an expense limitation was in effect will be greater than if the limitation had not been in effect. The Fund's performance may be compared to various indices. See the Statement of Additional Information.

ALL DATA IS BASED ON THE FUND'S PAST INVESTMENT RESULTS AND DOES NOT PREDICT FUTURE PERFORMANCE. Investment performance, which will vary, is based on many factors, including market conditions, the composition of the Fund's portfolio, the Fund's operating expenses and which class of shares you purchase. Investment performance also often reflects the risks associated with the Fund's investment objective and policies. These factors should be considered when comparing the Fund's investment results to those of other mutual funds and other investment vehicles.

HOW THE FUND IS MANAGED

THE TRUSTEES OF THE FUND ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR GENERALLY OVERSEEING THE CONDUCT OF THE FUND'S BUSINESS. Subject to such policies as the Trustees may determine, Putnam Management furnishes a continuing investment program for the Fund and makes investment decisions on its behalf. Subject to the control of the Trustees, Putnam Management also manages the Fund's other affairs and business. Douglas T. Terreson, Vice President of Putnam Management and Vice President of the Fund, has had primary responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio since October, 1992. From July, 1990 to October, 1992, Mr. Terreson was a Research Analyst at Kemper Financial Services. Prior to July, 1990, Mr. Terreson was an Investment Analyst at Sunbank Capital Management.

The Fund pays all expenses not assumed by Putnam Management, including Trustees' fees, auditing, legal, custodial, investor servicing and shareholder reporting expenses, and payments under its Distribution Plans (which are in turn allocated to the relevant class of shares). The Fund also reimburses Putnam Management for the compensation and related expenses of certain officers of the Fund and their staff who provide administrative services to the Fund. The total reimbursement is determined annually by the Trustees.

Putnam Management places all orders for purchases and sales of the Fund's securities. In selecting broker-dealers, Putnam Management may consider research and brokerage services furnished to it and its affiliates. Subject to seeking the most favorable price and execution available, Putnam Management may consider

sales of shares of the Fund (and, if permitted by law, of the other Putnam funds) as a factor in the selection of broker-dealers.

ORGANIZATION AND HISTORY

Putnam Energy-Resources Trust is a Massachusetts business trust organized on February 1, 1985, as the successor to Eberstadt Energy-Resources Fund, Inc., a Maryland corporation organized in May, 1980. A copy of the Agreement and Declaration of Trust, which is governed by Massachusetts law, is on file with the Secretary of State of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The Fund is an open-end, diversified management investment company with an unlimited number of authorized shares of beneficial interest. Shares of the Fund may, without shareholder approval, be divided into two or more series of shares representing separate investment portfolios. Any such series of shares may be further divided without shareholder approval into two or more classes of shares having such preferences and special or relative rights and privileges as the Trustees determine. The Fund's shares are currently divided into two classes. However, Class B shares will not be offered until on or after February 1, 1994. Each share has one vote, with fractional shares voting proportionally. Shares of each class will vote together as a single class except when required by law or as determined by the Trustees. Shares are freely transferable, are entitled to dividends as declared by the Trustees, and, if the Fund were liquidated, would receive the net assets of the Fund. The Fund may suspend the sale of shares at any time and may refuse any order to purchase shares. Although the Fund is not required to hold annual meetings of its shareholders, shareholders holding at least 10% of the outstanding shares entitled to vote have the right to call a meeting to elect or remove Trustees, or to take other actions as provided in the Declaration of Trust.

If you own fewer shares than a minimum amount set by the Trustees (presently 20 shares), the Fund may choose to redeem your shares and pay you for them. You will receive at least 30 days' written notice before the Fund redeems your shares, and you may purchase additional shares at any time to avoid a redemption. The Fund may also redeem shares if you own shares above a maximum amount set by the Trustees. There is presently no maximum, but the Trustees may establish one at any time, which could apply to both present and future shareholders.

THE FUND'S TRUSTEES: GEORGE PUTNAM,* CHAIRMAN. President of the Putnam funds. Chairman and Director of Putnam Management and Putnam Mutual Funds Corp. ("Putnam Mutual Funds"). Director, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.; WILLIAM F. POUNDS, VICE CHAIRMAN. Professor of Management, Alfred P. Sloan School of Management, M.I.T.; HANS H. ESTIN, Vice Chairman, North American Management; JOHN A. HILL, Principal and Managing Director, First Reserve Corporation; ELIZABETH T. KENNAN, President, Mount Holyoke College; LAWRENCE J. LASSER,* Vice President of the Putnam funds. President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Management. Director, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.; ROBERT E. PATTERSON, Executive Vice President, Cabot Partners Limited Partnership; DONALD S. PERKINS, Director of various corporations, including AT&T, K mart Corporation and Time Warner Inc.; GEORGE PUTNAM, III,* President, New Generation Research, Inc.; A.J.C. SMITH,* Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.; and W. NICHOLAS THORNDIKE, Director of various corporations and charitable organizations, including Providence Journal Co. Also, Trustee and President, Massachusetts General Hospital and Trustee of Eastern Utilities Associates. The Fund's Trustees are also Trustees of the other Putnam funds. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are "interested persons" of the Fund, Putnam Management or Putnam Mutual Funds.

ABOUT YOUR INVESTMENT

ALTERNATIVE SALES ARRANGEMENTS

The Fund offers investors two classes of shares which bear sales charges in different forms and amounts and which bear different levels of expenses:

CLASS A SHARES. An investor who purchases Class A shares pays a sales charge at the time of purchase. As a result, Class A shares are not subject to any charges when they are redeemed (except for sales at net asset value in excess of \$1 million which are subject to a contingent deferred sales charge). Certain purchases of Class A shares qualify for reduced sales charges. Class A shares currently bear a 12b-1 fee at the annual rate of 0.25% of the Fund's average net assets attributable to Class A shares. See "How to buy shares -- Class A shares."

CLASS B SHARES. Class B shares are sold without an initial sales charge, but are subject to a contingent deferred sales charge of up to 5% if redeemed within six years. Class B shares also bear a higher 12b-1 fee than Class A shares, currently at the annual rate of 1.00% of the Fund's average net assets attributable to Class B shares. Class B shares will automatically convert into Class A shares, based on relative net asset value, approximately eight years after purchase. Class B shares provide an investor the benefit of putting all of the investor's dollars to work from the time the investment is made, but (until conversion) will have a higher expense ratio and pay lower dividends than Class A shares due to the higher 12b-1 fee. See "How to buy shares --Class B shares."

WHICH ARRANGEMENT IS BETTER FOR YOU? The decision as to which class of shares provides a more suitable investment for an investor depends on a number of factors, including the amount and intended length of the investment. Investors making investments that qualify for reduced sales charges might consider Class A shares. Investors who prefer not to pay an initial sales charge might consider Class B shares. Orders for Class B shares for \$250,000 or more will be treated as orders for Class A shares or declined. For more information about these sales arrangements, consult your investment dealer or Putnam Investor Services. Sales personnel may receive different compensation depending on which class of shares they sell. Shares may only be exchanged for shares of the same class of another Putnam fund. See "How to exchange shares."

HOW TO BUY SHARES

You can open a Fund account with as little as \$500 and make additional investments at any time with as little as \$50. You can buy Fund shares three ways -- through most investment dealers, through Putnam Mutual Funds (at 1-800-225-1581), or through a systematic plan. If you do not have a dealer, Putnam Mutual Funds can refer you to one.

BUYING SHARES THROUGH PUTNAM MUTUAL FUNDS. Complete an order form and return it with a check payable to the Fund to Putnam Mutual Funds, which will act as your agent in purchasing shares through your designated investment dealer.

BUYING SHARES THROUGH SYSTEMATIC INVESTING. You can make regular investments of \$25 or more per month through automatic deductions from your bank checking account. Application forms are available from your investment dealer or through Putnam Investor Services.

Shares are sold at the public offering price based on the net asset value next determined after Putnam Investor Services receives your order. In most cases, in order to receive that day's public offering price, Putnam Investor Services must receive your order before the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange. If you buy shares through your investment dealer, the dealer must receive your order before the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange to receive that day's public offering price.

CLASS A SHARES

The public offering price of Class A shares is the net asset value plus a sales charge. The Fund receives the net asset value. The sales charge varies depending on the size of your purchase and is allocated between your investment dealer and Putnam Mutual Funds. The current sales charges are:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	AMOUNT OF TRANSACTION AT OFFERING PRICE	SALES CHARGE AS A PERCENTAGE OF:		AMOUNT OF SALES CHARGE REALLOWED TO DEALERS AS A PERCENTAGE OF OFFERING PRICE*
		NET AMOUNT INVESTED	OFFERING PRICE	
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
	Less than	\$ 50,000	6.10%	5.75%
\$	50,000 but less than	100,000	4.71	4.50
	100,000 but less than	250,000	3.63	3.50
	250,000 but less than	500,000	2.56	2.50
	500,000 but less than	1,000,000	2.04	2.00

/TABLE

* At the discretion of Putnam Mutual Funds, however, the entire sales charge may at times be reallocated to dealers. The Staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission has indicated that dealers who receive more than 90% of the sales charge may be considered underwriters.

There is no initial sales charge on purchases of Class A shares of \$1,000,000 or more. However, Putnam Mutual Funds pays investment dealers of record commissions on such sales at the rates shown in the table below. If you redeem such shares within a certain period of time after purchase, a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") will be imposed as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

AMOUNT OF TRANSACTION AT OFFERING PRICE	COMMISSIONS PAID TO INVESTMENT DEALERS OF RECORD AND APPLICABLE CDSC		PERIOD AFTER PURCHASE DURING WHICH CDSC APPLIES
	<C>	<C>	
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,000,000 but less than	\$2,500,000	1.00%	2 years
2,500,000 but less than	5,000,000	0.50%	1 year
5,000,000 and over		0.25%	1 year

/TABLE

The CDSC is imposed on the lower of the cost or the current net asset value of the shares redeemed. Putnam Mutual Funds receives the entire amount of any CDSC you pay. Shares owned by certain tax-qualified retirement plans may be redeemed without charge to pay benefits. In addition, any shares acquired by reinvestment of distributions will be redeemed without a CDSC. In determining whether a CDSC is payable, the Fund will first redeem shares not subject to any charge. See the Statement of Additional Information for more information about the CDSC.

YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE TO BUY CLASS A SHARES AT REDUCED SALES CHARGES. Consult your investment dealer or Putnam Mutual Funds for details about Putnam's Combined Purchase Privilege, Cumulative Quantity Discount, Statement of Intention, Group Sales Plan, Employee Benefit Plans and other plans. Descriptions are also included in the order form and in the Statement of Additional Information. Shares may be sold at net asset value to certain categories of investors. See "How to buy shares -- General" below.

CLASS B SHARES

Class B shares are sold without an initial sales charge, although

a CDSC will be imposed if you redeem shares within six years of purchase. No sales charge is imposed on increases in net asset value above the initial purchase price. The following types of shares may be redeemed without charge at any time: (i) shares acquired by reinvestment of distributions and (ii) shares otherwise exempt from the CDSC, as described below. Subject to the foregoing exclusions, the amount of the charge is determined as a percentage of the lesser of the current market value or the cost of the shares being redeemed. The amount of the CDSC will depend on the number of years since you invested and the dollar amount being redeemed, according to the following table:

YEARS SINCE PURCHASE PAYMENT MADE -----	CONTINGENT DEFERRED SALES CHARGE AS A PERCENTAGE OF DOLLAR AMOUNT SUBJECT TO CHARGE -----
0-1	5.0%
1-2	4.0%
2-3	3.0%
3-4	3.0%
4-5	2.0%
5-6	1.0%
6 and thereafter	NONE

In determining whether a CDSC is payable on any redemption, the Fund will first redeem shares not subject to any charge, and then shares held longest during the six-year period. This will result in your paying the lowest possible CDSC. For information on how sales charges are calculated if you exchange your shares, see "How to exchange shares." Putnam Mutual Funds receives the entire amount of any CDSC you pay.

CONVERSION OF CLASS B SHARES. Class B shares will automatically convert into Class A shares at the end of the month eight years after the purchase date, except as noted below. Class B shares acquired by exchange from Class B shares of another Putnam fund will convert into Class A shares based on the time of the initial purchase. Class B shares acquired through reinvestment of distributions will convert into Class A shares based on the date of the initial purchase to which such shares relate. For this purpose, Class B shares acquired through reinvestment of distributions will be attributed to particular purchases of Class B shares in accordance with such procedures as the Trustees may determine from time to time. The conversion of Class B shares to Class A shares is subject to the continuing availability of a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or an opinion of counsel that such conversions will not constitute taxable events for Federal tax purposes. There can be no assurance that such ruling or opinion will be available, and the conversion of Class B shares to Class A shares will not occur if such ruling or opinion is not available. In such event, Class B shares would continue to be subject to higher expenses than Class A shares for an indefinite period.

GENERAL

The Fund may sell Class A and Class B shares at net asset value without an initial sales charge or a CDSC to the Fund's current and retired Trustees (and their families), current and retired employees (and their families) of Putnam Management and affiliates, registered representatives and other employees (and their families) of broker-dealers having sales agreements with Putnam Mutual Funds, employees (and their families) of financial institutions having sales agreements with Putnam Mutual Funds (or otherwise having an arrangement with a broker-dealer or financial institution with respect to sales of Fund shares), financial institution trust departments investing an aggregate of \$1 million or more in Putnam funds, clients of certain administrators of tax-qualified plans, employee benefit plans of companies with more than 750 employees, tax-qualified plans when proceeds from repayments of loans to participants are invested (or reinvested) in Putnam funds, "wrap accounts" for the benefit

of clients of broker-dealers, financial institutions or financial planners adhering to certain standards established by Putnam Mutual Funds, and investors meeting certain requirements who sold shares of certain Putnam closed-end funds pursuant to a tender offer by the closed-end fund. In addition, the Fund may sell shares at net asset value without an initial sales charge or a CDSC in connection with the acquisition by the Fund of assets of an investment company or personal holding company, and the CDSC will be waived on redemptions of Class B shares arising out of death or disability or in connection with certain withdrawals from IRA or other retirement plans. See the Statement of Additional Information.

Shareholders of other Putnam funds may be entitled to exchange their shares for, or reinvest distributions from their funds in, shares of the Fund at net asset value.

If you are considering redeeming or exchanging shares or transferring shares to another person shortly after purchase, you should pay for those shares with a certified check to avoid any delay in redemption, exchange or transfer. Otherwise the Fund may delay payment until the purchase price of those shares has been collected or, if you redeem by telephone, until 15 calendar days after the purchase date.

To eliminate the need for safekeeping, the Fund will not issue certificates for your shares unless you request them. Putnam Mutual Funds may, at its expense, provide additional promotional incentives or payments to dealers that sell shares of the Putnam funds. In some instances, these incentives or payments may be offered only to certain dealers who have sold or may sell significant amounts of shares. Certain dealers may not sell all classes of shares.

DISTRIBUTION PLANS

CLASS A DISTRIBUTION PLAN. The purpose of the Class A Plan is to permit the Fund to compensate Putnam Mutual Funds for services provided and expenses incurred by it in promoting the sale of Class A shares of the Fund, reducing redemptions, or maintaining or improving services provided to shareholders by Putnam Mutual Funds or dealers. The Class A Plan provides for payments by the Fund to Putnam Mutual Funds at the annual rate of up to 0.35% of the Fund's average net assets attributable to Class A shares, subject to the authority of the Fund's Trustees to reduce the amount of payments or to suspend the Class A Plan for such periods as they may determine. Subject to these limitations, the amount of such payments and the specific purposes for which they are made shall be determined by the Trustees of the Fund. At present, the Trustees have approved payments under the Class A Plan at the annual rate of 0.25% of the Fund's average net assets attributable to Class A shares for the purpose of compensating Putnam Mutual Funds for services provided and expenses incurred by it as principal underwriter of the Fund's Class A shares, including payments made by it to dealers under the Service Agreements referred to below. Should the Trustees decide in the future to approve payments in excess of this amount, shareholders will be notified and this Prospectus will be revised.

In order to compensate investment dealers (including, for this purpose, certain financial institutions) for services provided in connection with sales of Class A shares and the maintenance of shareholder accounts, Putnam Mutual Funds makes quarterly payments to qualifying dealers based on the average net asset value of Class A shares of the Fund which are attributable to shareholders for whom the dealers are designated as the dealer of record. Putnam Mutual Funds makes such payments at the annual rate of 0.20% of such average net asset value for Class A shares outstanding as of December 31, 1989 and 0.25% of such average net asset value for shares acquired after that date (including shares acquired through reinvestment of distributions).

CLASS B DISTRIBUTION PLAN. The Class B Plan provides for payments by the Fund to Putnam Mutual Funds at the annual rate of up to 1.00% of the Fund's average net assets attributable to

Class B shares, subject to the authority of the Trustees to reduce the amount of payments or to suspend the Class B Plan for such periods as they may determine. Putnam Mutual Funds also receives the proceeds of any CDSC imposed on redemptions of shares.

Although Class B shares are sold without an initial sales charge, Putnam Mutual Funds pays a sales commission equal to 4.00% of the amount invested to dealers who sell Class B shares. These commissions are not paid on exchanges from other Putnam funds and sales to investors exempt from the CDSC. In addition, in order to further compensate dealers (including, for this purpose, certain financial institutions) for services provided in connection with sales of Class B shares and the maintenance of shareholder accounts, Putnam Mutual Funds makes quarterly payments to qualifying dealers based on the average net asset value of Class B shares which are attributable to shareholders for whom the dealers are designated as the dealer of record. Putnam Mutual Funds makes such payments at an annual rate of 0.25% of such average net asset value of such shares.

GENERAL. Putnam Mutual Funds may suspend or modify the payments made to dealers described above, and such payments are subject to the continuation of the relevant Plan described above, the terms of Service Agreements between dealers and Putnam Mutual Funds, and any applicable limits imposed by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

HOW TO SELL SHARES

You can sell your shares to the Fund any day the New York Stock Exchange is open, either directly to the Fund or through your investment dealer. The Fund will only repurchase shares for which it has received payment.

SELLING SHARES DIRECTLY TO THE FUND. Send a signed letter of instruction or stock power form to Putnam Investor Services, along with any certificates that represent shares you want to sell. The price you will receive is the next net asset value calculated after the Fund receives your request in proper form less any applicable CDSC. In order to receive that day's net asset value, Putnam Investor Services must receive your request before the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange. If you sell shares having a net asset value of \$100,000 or more, the signatures of registered owners or their legal representatives must be guaranteed by a bank, broker-dealer or certain other financial institutions. See the Statement of Additional Information for more information about where to obtain a signature guarantee. Stock power forms are available from your investment dealer, Putnam Investor Services and many commercial banks. If you want your redemption proceeds sent to an address other than your address as it appears on Putnam's records, a signature guarantee is required. Putnam Investor Services usually requires additional documentation for the sale of shares by a corporation, partnership, agent or fiduciary, or a surviving joint owner. Contact Putnam Investor Services for details.

THE FUND GENERALLY SENDS YOU PAYMENT FOR YOUR SHARES THE BUSINESS DAY AFTER YOUR REQUEST IS RECEIVED. Under unusual circumstances, the Fund may suspend repurchases, or postpone payment for more than seven days, as permitted by federal securities law.

You may use Putnam's Telephone Redemption Privilege to redeem shares valued up to \$100,000 from your account unless you have notified Putnam Investor Services of an address change within the preceding 15 days. Unless an investor indicates otherwise on the Account Application, Putnam Investor Services will be authorized to act upon redemption and transfer instructions received by telephone from a shareholder, or any person claiming to act as his or her representative, who can provide Putnam Investor Services with his or her account registration and address as it appears on Putnam Investor Services' records. Putnam Investor Services will employ these and other reasonable procedures to confirm that instructions communicated by telephone are genuine; if it fails to employ reasonable procedures, Putnam Investor

Services may be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. For information, consult Putnam Investor Services. During periods of unusual market changes and shareholder activity, you may experience delays in contacting Putnam Investor Services by telephone in which case you may wish to submit a written redemption request, as described above, or contact your investment dealer, as described below. The Telephone Redemption Privilege is not available if you were issued certificates for your shares which remain outstanding. The Telephone Redemption Privilege may be modified or terminated without notice.

SELLING SHARES THROUGH YOUR INVESTMENT DEALER. Your dealer must receive your request before the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange and transmit it to Putnam Mutual Funds before 5 p.m. Boston time to receive that day's net asset value. Your dealer will be responsible for furnishing all necessary documentation to Putnam Investor Services, and may charge for its services.

HOW TO EXCHANGE SHARES

You can exchange your shares for shares of the same class of certain other Putnam funds at net asset value beginning 15 days after purchase. Not all Putnam funds offer more than one class of shares. If the other Putnam fund offers only one class of shares, only Class A shares may be exchanged for such class. If you exchange shares subject to a CDSC, the transaction will not be subject to the CDSC. However, when you redeem the shares acquired through the exchange, the redemption may be subject to the CDSC, depending upon when you originally purchased the shares and using the schedule of any fund into or from which you have exchanged your shares that would result in your paying the highest CDSC applicable to your class of shares. For purposes of computing the CDSC, the length of time you have owned your shares will be measured from the date of original purchase and will not be affected by any exchange.

To exchange your shares, simply complete an Exchange Authorization Form and send it to Putnam Investor Services. Exchange Authorization Forms are available by calling or writing Putnam Investor Services. For federal income tax purposes, an exchange is treated as a sale of shares and generally results in a capital gain or loss. A Telephone Exchange Privilege is currently available for amounts up to \$500,000. Putnam Investor Services' procedures for telephonic transactions are described above under "How to sell shares." The Telephone Exchange Privilege is not available if you were issued certificates for shares which remain outstanding. Ask your investment dealer or Putnam Investor Services for prospectuses of other Putnam funds. Shares of certain Putnam funds are not available to residents of all states.

The exchange privilege is not intended as a vehicle for short-term trading. Excessive exchange activity may interfere with portfolio management and have an adverse effect on all shareholders. In order to limit excessive exchange activity and in other circumstances where the Trustees or Putnam Management believes doing so would be in the best interests of the Fund, the Fund reserves the right to revise or terminate the exchange privilege, limit the amount or number of exchanges or reject any exchange. Shareholders will be notified of any such action to the extent required by laws. Consult Putnam Investor Services before requesting an exchange. See the Statement of Additional Information to find out more about the exchange privilege.

HOW THE FUND VALUES ITS SHARES

THE FUND CALCULATES THE NET ASSET VALUE OF A SHARE OF EACH CLASS BY DIVIDING THE TOTAL VALUE OF ITS ASSETS, LESS LIABILITIES, BY THE NUMBER OF ITS SHARES OUTSTANDING. SHARES ARE VALUED AS OF THE CLOSE OF REGULAR TRADING ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE EACH DAY THE EXCHANGE IS OPEN. Portfolio securities for which market quotations are readily available are stated at market value.

Short-term investments that will mature in 60 days or less are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value. All other securities and assets are valued at their fair value following procedures approved by the Trustees.

HOW DISTRIBUTIONS ARE MADE; TAX INFORMATION

The Fund distributes any net investment income and any net realized capital gains at least annually. Distributions from net investment income, if any, are expected to be small. Distributions from capital gains are made after applying any available capital loss carryovers. Distributions paid by the Fund with respect to Class A shares will generally be greater than those paid with respect to Class B shares because expenses attributable to Class B shares will generally be higher.

YOU CAN CHOOSE FROM THREE DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS: (1) reinvest all distributions in additional Fund shares without a sales charge; (2) receive distributions from net investment income in cash while reinvesting capital gains distributions in additional shares without a sales charge; or (3) receive all distributions in cash. You can change your distribution option by notifying Putnam Investor Services in writing. If you do not select an option when you open your account, all distributions will be reinvested. All distributions not paid in cash will be reinvested in shares of the class on which the distribution is paid. You will receive a statement confirming reinvestment of distributions in additional Fund shares (or in shares of other Putnam funds for Dividends Plus accounts) promptly following the quarter in which the reinvestment occurs.

If a check representing a Fund distribution is not cashed within a specified period, Putnam Investor Services will notify you that you have the option of requesting another check or reinvesting the distribution in the Fund or in another Putnam fund. If Putnam Investor Services does not receive your election, the distribution will be reinvested in the Fund. Similarly, if correspondence sent by the Fund or Putnam Investor Services is returned as "undeliverable," the Fund distributions will automatically be reinvested in the Fund or in another Putnam fund.

The Fund intends to qualify as a "regulated investment company" for federal income tax purposes and to meet all other requirements that are necessary for it to be relieved of federal taxes on income and gains it distributes to shareholders. The Fund will distribute substantially all of its ordinary income and capital gain net income on a current basis.

All Fund distributions will be taxable to you as ordinary income, except that any distributions of net long-term capital gains will be taxed as such, regardless of how long you have held the shares. Distributions will be taxable as described above whether received in cash or in shares through the reinvestment of distributions.

Early in each year the Fund will notify you of the amount and tax status of distributions paid to you by the Fund for the preceding year.

The foregoing is a summary of certain federal income tax consequences of investing in the Fund. You should consult your tax adviser to determine the precise effect of an investment in the Fund on your particular tax situation (including possible liability for state and local taxes).

ABOUT PUTNAM INVESTMENTS, INC.

PUTNAM MANAGEMENT HAS BEEN MANAGING MUTUAL FUNDS SINCE 1937. Putnam Mutual Funds is the principal underwriter of the Fund and of other Putnam funds. Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company is the Fund's custodian. Putnam Investor Services, a division of Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company, is the Fund's investor servicing and transfer agent.

Putnam Management, Putnam Mutual Funds and Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company are subsidiaries of Putnam Investments, Inc., which is wholly-owned by Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., a publicly owned holding company whose principal businesses are international insurance and reinsurance brokerage, employee benefit consulting and investment management.

PUTNAM ENERGY-RESOURCES TRUST

One Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109

FUND INFORMATION:
INVESTMENT MANAGER

Putnam Investment Management, Inc.
One Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109

MARKETING SERVICES

Putnam Mutual Funds Corp.
One Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109

INVESTOR SERVICING AGENT

Putnam Investor Services
Mailing address:
P.O. Box 41203
Providence, RI 02940-1203

CUSTODIAN

Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company
One Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109

LEGAL COUNSEL

Ropes & Gray
One International Place
Boston, MA 02110

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Price Waterhouse
160 Federal Street
Boston, MA 02110

PUTNAM INVESTMENTS

One Post Office Square
Boston, Massachusetts 02109
Toll-free 1-800-225-1581

PUTNAM ENERGY-RESOURCES TRUST

FORM N-1A
PART B

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
JANUARY 1, 1994

This Statement of Additional Information is not a Prospectus and is only authorized for distribution when accompanied or preceded by the Prospectus of the Fund dated January 1, 1994, as revised from time to time. This Statement contains information which may be useful to investors but which is not included in the Prospectus. If the Fund has more than one form of current Prospectus, each reference to the Prospectus in this Statement shall include all the Fund's Prospectuses, unless otherwise noted. The Statement should be read together with the applicable

Prospectus. Investors may obtain a free copy of the applicable Prospectus from Putnam Investor Services, Mailing address: P.O. Box 41203, Providence, RI 02940-1203.

Part I of this Statement contains specific information about the Fund. Part II includes information about the Fund and the other Putnam funds.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I	PAGE
INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS OF THE FUND.	I- 3
FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES.	I-5
INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND	I-7
ADDITIONAL OFFICERS OF THE FUND.	I-10
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	I-11
PART II	
MISCELLANEOUS INVESTMENT PRACTICES	II-1
TAXES.	II- 23
MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND	II- 28
DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE	II- 37
HOW TO BUY SHARES.	II- 39
DISTRIBUTION PLAN.	II-49
INVESTOR SERVICES.	II- 50
SIGNATURE GUARANTEES	II- 57
SUSPENSION OF REDEMPTIONS.	II- 57
SHAREHOLDER LIABILITY.	II- 57
STANDARD PERFORMANCE MEASURES.	II- 58
COMPARISON OF PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE.	II- 59
DEFINITIONS.	II- 64

PUTNAM ENERGY-RESOURCES TRUST

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
PART I

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS OF THE FUND

AS FUNDAMENTAL INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS, WHICH MAY NOT BE CHANGED WITHOUT A VOTE OF A MAJORITY OF THE OUTSTANDING VOTING SECURITIES, THE FUND MAY NOT AND WILL NOT:

(1) Borrow money, except for temporary or emergency purposes and then in an amount not in excess of 5% of the market value of its total assets (not including the amount borrowed).

(2) Purchase securities on margin or sell short or write or purchase put options or purchase call options, except that the Fund may purchase call options to close out a call option that it has written.

(3) Mortgage or pledge any of its assets, except in connection with the writing of call options covering such securities and except that up to 5% of the market value of its total assets may be mortgaged or pledged in connection with

borrowings permitted by restriction 1 above.

(4) Lend any of its assets other than through (i) the purchase of notes, bonds, certificates of deposit, or other evidence of indebtedness of a type commonly distributed publicly or privately to financial institutions, (ii) cash deposits with banks, (iii) loans of portfolio securities which are fully collateralized, or (iv) execution of repurchase agreements.

(5) Underwrite or participate in any underwriting of securities, except to the extent that, in connection with the disposition of portfolio investments, the Fund may be deemed to be an underwriter under federal securities laws.

(6) Buy more than 10% of the outstanding voting or other class of securities of any one issuer.

(7) Buy securities of any company that (including its predecessors or controlling persons) has not been in business at least three continuous years, if such investment at the time of purchase would cause more than 5% of the total assets of the Fund to be invested in securities of such companies.

(8) With respect to 75% of its total assets, invest more than 5% of its total assets in securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities.

(9) Buy or hold securities of any issuer if, to the knowledge of the Fund, any officer or Trustee of the Fund, Putnam Management or any officer, director or 10% shareholder of Putnam Management owns individually 0.5% of a class of securities of such issuer, and such persons owning 0.5% of such class together owned beneficially more than 5% of such securities.

(10) Purchase securities of any other investment company, except in the open market in transactions involving no commission or profit to a sponsor or dealer (other than the customary broker's commission) or as part of a merger, consolidation or other reorganization.

(11) Participate, on a joint or joint and several basis, in any trading account in securities.

(12) Buy or sell any real estate, real estate mortgages, commodities or commodity contracts.

(13) Issue senior securities (except insofar as the Fund may be deemed to be doing so by virtue of restrictions 1 or 4(iii) or (iv) above).

(14) Purchase securities restricted as to resale, if, as a result, such investments would exceed 15% of the value of the Fund's net assets, excluding restricted securities that have been determined by the Trustees of the Fund (or the person designated by them to make such determinations) to be readily marketable.

(15) Invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities of issuers in any one industry except that the Fund may invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities of issuers in any industry in the energy and resources group of industries. (The Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets at all times in the securities of companies principally engaged in the energy, natural resource and related areas, as defined in the Prospectus, except when investing for defensive purposes.)

(16) Invest directly in interests in oil, gas or other mineral leases or exploration or development programs (but the Fund may invest in companies investing in or engaged in such endeavors).

(17) Invest more than 5% of its total assets in warrants or more than 2% of its total assets in warrants not listed on a national securities exchange.

IT IS CONTRARY TO THE FUND'S PRESENT POLICY, WHICH MAY BE CHANGED WITHOUT SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL, TO:

(1) Invest in (a) securities which at the time of such investment are not readily marketable, (b) securities restricted as to resale (excluding securities determined by the Trustees of the Fund (or the person designated by the Trustees of the Fund to make such determinations) to be readily marketable), and (c) repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days, if, as a result, more than 15% of the Fund's net assets (taken at current value) would be invested in securities described in (a), (b) and (c) above.

Although certain of the Fund's fundamental investment restrictions permit the Fund to borrow money to a limited extent, the Fund does not currently intend to do so and did not do so last year. In addition, the Fund has no current intention of investing more than 5% of the Fund's assets in non-investment grade securities.

All percentage limitations on investments will apply at the time of the making of an investment and shall not be considered violated unless an excess or deficiency occurs or exists immediately after and as a result of such investment.

The Investment Company Act of 1940 provides that a "vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities" of the Fund means the affirmative vote of the lesser of (1) more than 50% of the outstanding shares of the Fund, or (2) 67% or more of the shares present at a meeting if more than 50% of the outstanding shares are represented at the meeting in person or by proxy.

FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES

MANAGEMENT FEES

Under a Management Contract dated July 9, 1992, the Fund pays a quarterly fee to Putnam Management based on the average net assets of the Fund, as determined at the close of each business day during the quarter, at the annual rate of 0.70% of the first \$500 million of average net assets, 0.60% of the next \$500 million, 0.55% of the next \$500 million and 0.50% of any amount over \$1.5 billion. For its 1991, 1992 and 1993 fiscal years, pursuant to the Management Contract (and a management contract in effect prior to July 9, 1992 under which the management fee payable to Putnam Management was paid at the rate of 0.75% of the first \$100 million of average net assets, 0.65% of the next \$100 million and 0.55% of any amount over \$200 million), the Fund incurred fees of \$916,693, \$822,207 and \$808,528, respectively.

BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS

During fiscal 1991, 1992 and 1993, the Fund incurred brokerage commissions aggregating \$222,364, \$236,035 and \$812,415, respectively, on agency transactions. In fiscal 1991, 1992 and 1993, the Fund incurred underwriting commissions aggregating \$81,182, \$126,800 and \$476,436, respectively, on underwritten transactions. In fiscal 1993 Putnam Management, on behalf of the Fund, placed agency and underwritten transactions having an approximate aggregate dollar value of \$200,066,572 (41.41% of the Fund's agency and underwritten transactions, on which approximately \$533,787 of commissions were paid) with brokers and dealers to recognize research, statistical and quotation services Putnam Management considered to be particularly useful to it and its affiliates.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

The Fund reimbursed Putnam Management \$16,438 for administrative services in fiscal 1993, including \$14,782 for the compensation of certain officers of the Fund and their staff and contributions to the Putnam Investments, Inc. Profit Sharing

Retirement Plan for their benefit.

TRUSTEE FEES

Each Trustee of the Fund receives an annual fee of \$1,230, and an additional fee for each Trustees' meeting attended. Trustees who are not interested persons of Putnam Management and who serve on committees of the Trustees receive additional fees for attendance at certain committee meetings. The Fund incurred Trustees' fees aggregating \$15,621 in fiscal 1993.

OWNERSHIP OF FUND SHARES

At September 30, 1993 the officers and Trustees of the Fund as a group owned less than 1% of the outstanding Class A shares of the Fund, and to the knowledge of the Fund no person owned of record or beneficially 5% or more of the Class A shares of the Fund. No Class B shares were outstanding at that date.

SALES CHARGES, CONTINGENT DEFERRED SALES CHARGES AND 12B-1 FEES

During fiscal 1991, 1992 and 1993, Putnam Mutual Funds received \$597,965, \$539,548 and \$627,076, respectively, in sales charges on sales of Class A shares of the Fund, of which it retained \$84,618, \$78,580 and \$96,038, respectively, after allowance of dealer concessions. During fiscal 1991 Putnam Mutual Funds did not receive any contingent deferred sales charges upon redemptions of Class A shares of the Fund. During fiscal 1992 and 1993, Putnam Mutual Funds received \$6 and \$17, respectively, in contingent deferred sales charges upon redemptions of Class A shares of the Fund. During fiscal 1993, the Fund incurred \$262,679 in 12b-1 fees to Putnam Mutual Funds pursuant to the Fund's Class A Distribution Plan. No Class B shares were outstanding during these periods.

INVESTOR SERVICING AND CUSTODY FEES AND EXPENSES

During the 1993 fiscal year, the Fund incurred \$201,702 in fees and out-of-pocket expenses for investor servicing and custody services provided by Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The portfolio turnover rates for the Fund's 1993 fiscal year was higher than the portfolio turnover rate for the Fund's prior fiscal year due to a significant decline in crude oil prices which changed the strategy for investments in energy securities.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND

STANDARD PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Fund's average annual total return (compounded annually) for Class A shares for the one-, five- and ten-year periods ended August 31, 1993 was +14.80%, +13.19%, and +8.68%, respectively, adjusted to reflect deduction of the maximum sales charge of 5.75%. No Class B shares were outstanding during these periods. See "Standard Performance Measures" in Part II of this Statement for information on how the Fund's total return is calculated.

PERFORMANCE RATINGS

For the 1993 fiscal year, the Class A shares of the Fund were ranked 15 of 23 natural resources funds by Lipper Analytical Services, Inc. and 7 of 16 energy/natural resources funds by CDA/Wiesenberger's Management Results. As of the end of the fiscal year, Class A shares were given a 2-star rating (out of 5 stars) by Morningstar, Inc. No Class B shares were outstanding during fiscal 1993. See "Comparison of Portfolio Performance" in Part II of this Statement for information about how these rankings are determined. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

OTHER PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

The tables below show total return (capital changes plus reinvestment of all distributions) on a hypothetical investment in one share of the Fund during the life of the Fund. This was a period of fluctuating security prices. The tables do not project the future performance of the Fund. No Class B shares were outstanding during these periods.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

CLASS A SHARES						
FISCAL YEAR ENDED	MAXIMUM OFFERING PRICE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	NET ASSET VALUE		DISTRIBUTIONS		CUMULATIVE NET ASSET VALUE AT YEAR-END WITH ALL DISTRIBUTIONS REINVESTED
		BEGINNING OF YEAR	END OF YEAR	FROM INVESTMENT INCOME	FROM CAPITAL GAINS	
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
11/30/80(1)	\$14.57	\$13.73	\$17.98	--	--	\$17.98
11/30/81	19.08	17.98	14.15	\$0.210	\$0.082	14.42
11/30/82	15.01	14.15	8.52	0.160	0.140	8.92
11/30/83	9.04	8.52	11.13	0.250	--	11.94
11/30/84	11.81	11.13	10.61	0.240	--	11.63
08/31/85(2)	11.26	10.61	11.98	0.350	--	13.57
08/31/86	12.71	11.98	11.14	0.270	--	12.92
08/31/87	11.82	11.14	15.55	0.420	0.050	18.71
08/31/88	16.50	15.55	13.25	0.406	0.041	16.53
08/31/89	14.06	13.25	17.06	0.340	--	21.76
08/31/90	18.10	17.06	17.94	0.540	0.200	23.88
08/31/91	19.03	17.94	17.74	0.520	0.730	25.46
08/31/92	18.82	17.74	17.57	0.387	0.575	26.76
08/31/93	18.64	17.57	20.51	0.179	0.522	32.59
Total distributions				\$4.272	\$2.34	

(1) Investment operations began July 24, 1980.

(2) Represents nine months ended August 31, 1985.

/TABLE

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

PERCENTAGE CHANGES DURING LIFE OF FUND (CLASS A SHARES)

PUTNAM ENERGY-RESOURCES TRUST										
FISCAL YEAR ENDED	MAXIMUM OFFERING PRICE TO NET ASSET VALUE		NET ASSET VALUE TO NET ASSET VALUE		STANDARD & POOR'S 500 COMPOSITE STOCK PRICE INDEX		DOW JONES INDUSTRIAL AVERAGE		CONSUMER PRICE INDEX	
	ANNUAL	CUMULA- TIVE	ANNUAL	CUMULA- TIVE	ANNUAL	CUMULA- TIVE	ANNUAL	CUMULA- TIVE	ANNUAL	CUMULA- TIVE
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
11/30/80(1)	---	+23.5%	---	+31.0%	---	+16.9%	---	+7.7%	---	+3.4%
11/30/81	-24.4%	-0.9	-19.8	+5.1	-5.5%	+10.6	-5.1%	+2.3	+9.6%	+13.3
11/30/82	-41.7	-38.8	-38.2	-35.0	+16.3	+28.6	+24.7	+27.6	+4.6	+18.5
11/30/83	+26.2	-18.0	+33.9	-13.0	+25.6	+61.4	+28.7	+64.2	+3.3	+22.4
11/30/84	-8.3	-20.1	-2.6	-15.3	+2.9	+66.1	-2.2	+60.6	+4.1	+27.3
08/31/85(2)	+10.0	-6.8	+16.7	-1.1	+19.1	+97.9	+16.4	+87.0	+2.6	+30.6
08/31/86	-10.3	-11.3	-4.8	-5.9	+39.1	+175.3	+48.1	+177.0	+1.6	+32.7
08/31/87	+36.5	+28.5	+44.9	+36.4	+34.6	+270.7	+45.0	+301.7	+4.3	+38.3
08/31/88	-16.8	+13.5	-11.7	+20.4	-18.0	+204.1	-21.0	+217.2	+4.0	+43.9
08/31/89	+24.1	+49.5	+31.6	+58.6	+39.2	+323.4	+40.3	+345.0	+4.7	+50.7
08/31/90	+3.4	+64.0	+9.7	+74.0	-5.1	+301.7	-0.8	+341.5	+5.6	+59.1
08/31/91	+0.5	+74.9	+6.6	+85.5	+27.0	+410.1	+20.8	+433.1	+3.8	+65.2
08/31/92	-0.9	+83.8	+5.1	+95.0	+7.9	+450.6	+10.3	+487.8	+3.2	+70.4
08/31/93	+14.8	+123.9	+21.8	+137.5	+15.2	+534.1	+15.0	+578.0	+2.8	+75.1

(1) Investment operations began July 24, 1980.

(2) Represents nine months ended August 31, 1985.

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The tables are not adjusted for any payments under the Fund's Class A Distribution Plan prior to its implementation in fiscal 1990 or taxes payable on reinvested distributions. The total values for the Fund as of the end of each period reflect reinvestment of all distributions and all changes in net asset value.

Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index and the Dow Jones Industrial Average of 30 stocks are unmanaged lists of common stocks frequently used as general measures of stock market performance. Standard & Poor's performance figures reflect changes of market prices and reinvestment of all regular cash dividends but are not adjusted for commissions or other costs. Dow Jones performance figures reflect changes of market prices and reinvestment of all distributions but are not adjusted for commissions or other costs. Because the Fund is a managed portfolio investing primarily in the energy and natural resources industries, the securities it owns will not match those in the indices.

The Consumer Price Index, prepared by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is a commonly used measure of the rate of inflation. The index shows the average change in the cost of selected consumer goods and services and does not represent a return on an investment vehicle.

ADDITIONAL OFFICERS OF THE FUND

In addition to the persons listed as officers of the Fund in Part II of this Statement, the following persons are also officers of the Fund. Officers of Putnam Management hold the same offices in Putnam Management's parent company, Putnam Investments, Inc.

PETER CARMAN, Vice President. Senior Managing Director of Putnam Management. Prior to August 1, 1993, Mr. Carman was Chief Investment Officer, Chairman of the U.S. Equity Investment Policy Committee and Director of Sanford C. Bernstein & Company, Inc.

DOUGLAS T. TERRESON, Vice President. Vice President of Putnam Management. Prior to October, 1992, Mr. Terreson was a Research Analyst at Kemper Financial Services. Prior to July, 1990, Mr. Terreson was an Investment Analyst at Sunbank Capital Management.

FRANCIS J. MULLIN, Vice President. Managing Director of Putnam Management. Vice President of certain of the Putnam funds.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Price Waterhouse are the Fund's independent accountants, providing audit services, tax return review and other tax consulting services and assistance and consultation in connection with the review of various Securities and Exchange Commission filings. The Report of Independent Accountants and financial statements included in the Fund's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1993, filed electronically on October 27, 1993 (811-3061), are incorporated by reference into this Statement of Additional Information. The financial highlights included in the Prospectus under the heading "Financial highlights" and the financial statements incorporated by reference into the Prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information have been so included and incorporated in reliance upon the report of the independent accountants, given on their authority as experts in auditing and accounting.

PAGE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

MISCELLANEOUS INVESTMENT PRACTICES. II-1

TAXES II-23

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND. II-27

DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE. II-36

HOW TO BUY SHARES II-37

DISTRIBUTION PLAN II-47

INVESTOR SERVICES II-48

SIGNATURE GUARANTEES. II-54

SUSPENSION OF REDEMPTIONS II-54

SHAREHOLDER LIABILITY II-54

STANDARD PERFORMANCE MEASURES II-55

COMPARISON OF PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE II-56

DEFINITIONS II-60

THE PUTNAM FUNDS
STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
PART II

The following information applies generally to your Fund and to the other Putnam funds. In certain cases the discussion applies to some but not all of the funds or their shareholders, and you should refer to your Prospectus to determine whether the matter is applicable to you or your Fund. You will also be referred to Part I for certain information applicable to your particular Fund. Shareholders who purchase shares at net asset value through employer-sponsored defined contribution plans should also consult their employer for information about the extent to which the matters described below apply to them.

MISCELLANEOUS INVESTMENT PRACTICES

YOUR FUND'S PROSPECTUS STATES WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING INVESTMENT PRACTICES ARE AVAILABLE TO YOUR FUND. THE FACT THAT YOUR FUND IS AUTHORIZED TO ENGAGE IN A PARTICULAR PRACTICE DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT IT WILL ACTUALLY DO SO. YOU SHOULD DISREGARD ANY PRACTICE DESCRIBED BELOW WHICH IS NOT MENTIONED IN THE PROSPECTUS.

SHORT-TERM TRADING

In seeking the Fund's objective, Putnam Management will buy or sell portfolio securities whenever Putnam Management believes it appropriate to do so. In deciding whether to sell a portfolio security, Putnam Management does not consider how long the Fund has owned the security. From time to time the Fund will buy securities intending to seek short-term trading profits. A change in the securities held by the Fund is known as "portfolio turnover" and generally involves some expense to the Fund. These expenses may include brokerage commissions or dealer mark-ups and other transaction costs on both the sale of securities and the reinvestment of the proceeds in other securities. If sales of portfolio securities cause the Fund to realize net short-term capital gains, such gains will be taxable as ordinary income. As a result of the Fund's investment policies, under certain market conditions the Fund's portfolio turnover rate may be higher than that of other mutual funds. Portfolio turnover rate for a fiscal year is the ratio of the lesser of purchases or sales of

portfolio securities to the monthly average of the value of portfolio securities -- excluding securities whose maturities at acquisition were one year or less. The Fund's portfolio turnover rate is not a limiting factor when Putnam Management considers a change in the Fund's portfolio.

LOWER-RATED SECURITIES

The Fund may invest in lower-rated fixed-income securities, (commonly known as "junk bonds") to the extent described in the Prospectus. The lower ratings of certain securities held by the Fund reflect a greater possibility that adverse changes in the financial condition of the issuer or in general economic conditions, or both, or an unanticipated rise in interest rates, may impair the ability of the issuer to make payments of interest and principal. The inability (or perceived inability) of issuers to make timely payment of interest and principal would likely make the values of securities held by the Fund more volatile and could limit the Fund's ability to sell its securities at prices approximating the values the Fund had placed on such securities. In the absence of a liquid trading market for securities held by it, the Fund may be unable at times to establish the fair value of such securities. The rating assigned to a security by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Corporation (or by any other nationally recognized securities rating organization) does not reflect an assessment of the volatility of the security's market value or the liquidity of an investment in the security. See the Prospectus or Part I of this Statement for a description of security ratings.

Like those of other fixed-income securities, the values of lower-rated securities fluctuate in response to changes in interest rates. Thus, a decrease in interest rates will generally result in an increase in the value of the Fund's assets. Conversely, during periods of rising interest rates, the value of the Fund's assets will generally decline. In addition, the values of such securities are also affected by changes in general economic conditions and business conditions affecting the specific industries of their issuers. Changes by recognized rating services in their ratings of any fixed-income security and in the ability of an issuer to make payments of interest and principal may also affect the value of these investments. Changes in the value of portfolio securities generally will not affect cash income derived from such securities, but will affect the Fund's net asset value. The Fund will not necessarily dispose of a security when its rating is reduced below its rating at the time of purchase, although Putnam Management will monitor the investment to determine whether its retention will assist in meeting the Fund's investment objective.

At times, a substantial portion of the Fund's assets may be invested in securities as to which the Fund, by itself or together with other funds and accounts managed by Putnam Management and its affiliates, holds a major portion or all of such securities. Although Putnam Management generally considers such securities to be liquid because of the availability of an institutional market for such securities, it is possible that, under adverse market or economic conditions or in the event of adverse changes in the financial condition of the issuer, the Fund could find it more difficult to sell such securities when Putnam Management believes it advisable to do so or may be able to sell such securities only at prices lower than if such securities were more widely held. Under such circumstances, it may also be more difficult to determine the fair value of such securities for purposes of computing the Fund's net asset value. In order to enforce its rights in the event of a default under such securities, the Fund may be required to take possession of and manage assets securing the issuer's obligations on such securities, which may increase the Fund's operating expenses and adversely affect the Fund's net asset value. In the case of tax-exempt funds, any income derived from the Fund's ownership or operation of such assets would not be tax-exempt. In addition, the Fund's intention to qualify as a "regulated investment company" under the Internal Revenue Code may limit the extent to which the Fund may exercise its rights by taking possession of

such assets.

Certain securities held by the Fund may permit the issuer at its option to "call", or redeem, its securities. If an issuer were to redeem securities held by the Fund during a time of declining interest rates, the Fund may not be able to reinvest the proceeds in securities providing the same investment return as the securities redeemed.

The Fund may invest without limit in so-called "zero-coupon" bonds and "payment-in-kind" bonds identified in the Prospectus, unless otherwise specified in the Prospectus. Zero-coupon bonds are issued at a significant discount from their principal amount in lieu of paying interest periodically. Payment-in-kind bonds allow the issuer, at its option, to make current interest payments on the bonds either in cash or in additional bonds. Because zero-coupon bonds do not pay current interest, their value is subject to greater fluctuation in response to changes in market interest rates than bonds which pay interest currently. Both zero-coupon and payment-in-kind bonds allow an issuer to avoid the need to generate cash to meet current interest payments. Accordingly, such bonds may involve greater credit risks than bonds paying interest currently. Even though such bonds do not pay current interest in cash, the Fund is nonetheless required to accrue interest income on such investments and to distribute such amounts at least annually to shareholders. Thus, the Fund could be required at times to liquidate investments in order to satisfy its dividend requirements.

The amount of information about the financial condition of an issuer of tax exempt securities may not be as extensive as that which is made available by corporations whose securities are publicly traded. Therefore, to the extent the Fund invests in tax exempt securities in the lower rating categories, the achievement of the Fund's goals is more dependent on Putnam Management's investment analysis than would be the case if the Fund were investing in securities in the higher rating categories.

SECURITIES LOANS

The Fund may make secured loans of its portfolio securities, on either a short-term or long-term basis, amounting to not more than 25% of its total assets, thereby realizing additional income. The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of possible delay in recovery of the securities or possible loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower fail financially. As a matter of policy, securities loans are made to broker-dealers pursuant to agreements requiring that loans be continuously secured by collateral consisting of cash or short-term debt obligations at least equal at all times to the value of the securities on loan, "marked-to-market" daily. The borrower pays to the Fund an amount equal to any dividends or interest received on securities lent. The Fund retains all or a portion of the interest received on investment of the cash collateral or receives a fee from the borrower. Although voting rights, or rights to consent, with respect to the loaned securities pass to the borrower, the Fund retains the right to call the loans at any time on reasonable notice, and it will do so to enable the Fund to exercise voting rights on any matters materially affecting the investment. The Fund may also call such loans in order to sell the securities.

FORWARD COMMITMENTS

The Fund may enter into contracts to purchase securities for a fixed price at a future date beyond customary settlement time ("forward commitments") if the Fund holds, and maintains until the settlement date in a segregated account, cash or high-grade debt obligations in an amount sufficient to meet the purchase price, or if the Fund enters into offsetting contracts for the forward sale of other securities it owns. In the case of to-be-announced ("TBA") purchase commitments, the unit price and the estimated principal amount are established when the Fund

enters into a contract, with the actual principal amount being within a specified range of the estimate. Forward commitments may be considered securities in themselves, and involve a risk of loss if the value of the security to be purchased declines prior to the settlement date, which risk is in addition to the risk of decline in the value of the Fund's other assets. Where such purchases are made through dealers, the Fund relies on the dealer to consummate the sale. The dealer's failure to do so may result in the loss to the Fund of an advantageous yield or price. Although the Fund will generally enter into forward commitments with the intention of acquiring securities for its portfolio or for delivery pursuant to options contracts it has entered into, the Fund may dispose of a commitment prior to settlement if Putnam Management deems it appropriate to do so. The Fund may realize short-term profits or losses upon the sale of forward commitments.

The Fund may enter into TBA sale commitments to hedge its portfolio positions or to sell mortgage-backed securities it owns under delayed delivery arrangements. Proceeds of TBA sale commitments are not received until the contractual settlement date. During the time a TBA sale commitment is outstanding, equivalent deliverable securities, or an offsetting TBA purchase commitment deliverable on or before the sale commitment date, are held as "cover" for the transaction. Unsettled TBA sale commitments are valued at current market value of the underlying securities. If the TBA sale commitment is closed through the acquisition of an offsetting purchase commitment, the Fund realizes a gain or loss on the commitment without regard to any unrealized gain or loss on the underlying security. If the Fund delivers securities under the commitment, the Fund realizes a gain or loss from the sale of the securities based upon the unit price established at the date the commitment was entered into.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

The Fund may enter into repurchase agreements up to the limit specified in the Prospectus. A repurchase agreement is a contract under which the Fund acquires a security for a relatively short period (usually not more than one week) subject to the obligation of the seller to repurchase and the Fund to resell such security at a fixed time and price (representing the Fund's cost plus interest). It is the Fund's present intention to enter into repurchase agreements only with commercial banks and registered broker-dealers and only with respect to obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities. Repurchase agreements may also be viewed as loans made by the Fund which are collateralized by the securities subject to repurchase. Putnam Management will monitor such transactions to ensure that the value of the underlying securities will be at least equal at all times to the total amount of the repurchase obligation, including the interest factor. If the seller defaults, the Fund could realize a loss on the sale of the underlying security to the extent that the proceeds of sale including accrued interest are less than the resale price provided in the agreement including interest. In addition, if the seller should be involved in bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings, the Fund may incur delay and costs in selling the underlying security or may suffer a loss of principal and interest if the Fund is treated as an unsecured creditor and required to return the underlying collateral to the seller's estate.

Pursuant to an exemptive order issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Fund may transfer uninvested cash balances into a joint account, along with cash of other Putnam funds and certain other accounts. These balances may be invested in one or more repurchase agreements and/or short-term money market instruments.

OPTIONS ON SECURITIES

WRITING COVERED OPTIONS. The Fund may write covered call options and covered put options on optionable securities held in its portfolio, when in the opinion of Putnam Management such

transactions are consistent with the Fund's investment objectives and policies. Call options written by the Fund give the purchaser the right to buy the underlying securities from the Fund at a stated exercise price; put options give the purchaser the right to sell the underlying securities to the Fund at a stated price.

The Fund may write only covered options, which means that, so long as the Fund is obligated as the writer of a call option, it will own the underlying securities subject to the option (or comparable securities satisfying the cover requirements of securities exchanges). In the case of put options, the Fund will hold cash and/or high-grade short-term debt obligations equal to the price to be paid if the option is exercised. In addition, the Fund will be considered to have covered a put or call option if and to the extent that it holds an option that offsets some or all of the risk of the option it has written. The Fund may write combinations of covered puts and calls on the same underlying security.

The Fund will receive a premium from writing a put or call option, which increases the Fund's return on the underlying security in the event the option expires unexercised or is closed out at a profit. The amount of the premium reflects, among other things, the relationship between the exercise price and the current market value of the underlying security, the volatility of the underlying security, the amount of time remaining until expiration, current interest rates, and the effect of supply and demand in the options market and in the market for the underlying security. By writing a call option, the Fund limits its opportunity to profit from any increase in the market value of the underlying security above the exercise price of the option but continues to bear the risk of a decline in the value of the underlying security. By writing a put option, the Fund assumes the risk that it may be required to purchase the underlying security for an exercise price higher than its then-current market value, resulting in a potential capital loss unless the security subsequently appreciates in value.

The Fund may terminate an option that it has written prior to its expiration by entering into a closing purchase transaction, in which it purchases an offsetting option. The Fund realizes a profit or loss from a closing transaction if the cost of the transaction (option premium plus transaction costs) is less or more than the premium received from writing the option. Because increases in the market price of a call option generally reflect increases in the market price of the security underlying the option, any loss resulting from a closing purchase transaction may be offset in whole or in part by unrealized appreciation of the underlying security owned by the Fund.

If the Fund writes a call option but does not own the underlying security, and when it writes a put option, the Fund may be required to deposit cash or securities with its broker as "margin", or collateral, for its obligation to buy or sell the underlying security. As the value of the underlying security varies, the Fund may have to deposit additional margin with the broker. Margin requirements are complex and are fixed by individual brokers, subject to minimum requirements currently imposed by the Federal Reserve Board and by stock exchanges and other self-regulatory organizations.

PURCHASING PUT OPTIONS. The Fund may purchase put options to protect its portfolio holdings in an underlying security against a decline in market value. Such protection is provided during the life of the put option since the Fund, as holder of the option, is able to sell the underlying security at the put exercise price regardless of any decline in the underlying security's market price. In order for a put option to be profitable, the market price of the underlying security must decline sufficiently below the exercise price to cover the premium and transaction costs. By using put options in this manner, the Fund will reduce any profit it might otherwise have realized from appreciation of the underlying security by the premium paid for the put option and by transaction costs.

PURCHASING CALL OPTIONS. The Fund may purchase call options to hedge against an increase in the price of securities that the Fund wants ultimately to buy. Such hedge protection is provided during the life of the call option since the Fund, as holder of the call option, is able to buy the underlying security at the exercise price regardless of any increase in the underlying security's market price. In order for a call option to be profitable, the market price of the underlying security must rise sufficiently above the exercise price to cover the premium and transaction costs.

RISK FACTORS IN OPTIONS TRANSACTIONS

The successful use of the Fund's options strategies depends on the ability of Putnam Management to forecast correctly interest rate and market movements. For example, if the Fund were to write a call option based on Putnam Management's expectation that the price of the underlying security would fall, but the price were to rise instead, the Fund could be required to sell the security upon exercise at a price below the current market price. Similarly, if the Fund were to write a put option based on Putnam Management's expectation that the price of the underlying security would rise, but the price were to fall instead, the Fund could be required to purchase the security upon exercise at a price higher than the current market price.

When the Fund purchases an option, it runs the risk that it will lose its entire investment in the option in a relatively short period of time, unless the Fund exercises the option or enters into a closing sale transaction before the option's expiration. If the price of the underlying security does not rise (in the case of a call) or fall (in the case of a put) to an extent sufficient to cover the option premium and transaction costs, the Fund will lose part or all of its investment in the option. This contrasts with an investment by the Fund in the underlying security, since the Fund will not realize a loss if the security's price does not change.

The effective use of options also depends on the Fund's ability to terminate option positions at times when Putnam Management deems it desirable to do so. There is no assurance that the Fund will be able to effect closing transactions at any particular time or at an acceptable price.

If a secondary market in options were to become unavailable, the Fund could no longer engage in closing transactions. Lack of investor interest might adversely affect the liquidity of the market for particular options or series of options. A market may discontinue trading of a particular option or options generally. In addition, a market could become temporarily unavailable if unusual events -- such as volume in excess of trading or clearing capability -- were to interrupt its normal operations.

A market may at times find it necessary to impose restrictions on particular types of options transactions, such as opening transactions. For example, if an underlying security ceases to meet qualifications imposed by the market or the Options Clearing Corporation, new series of options on that security will no longer be opened to replace expiring series, and opening transactions in existing series may be prohibited. If an options market were to become unavailable, the Fund as a holder of an option would be able to realize profits or limit losses only by exercising the option, and the Fund, as option writer, would remain obligated under the option until expiration or exercise.

Disruptions in the markets for the securities underlying options purchased or sold by the Fund could result in losses on the options. If trading is interrupted in an underlying security, the trading of options on that security is normally halted as well. As a result, the Fund as purchaser or writer of an option will be unable to close out its positions until options trading resumes, and it may be faced with considerable losses if

trading in the security reopens at a substantially different price. In addition, the Options Clearing Corporation or other options markets may impose exercise restrictions. If a prohibition on exercise is imposed at the time when trading in the option has also been halted, the Fund as purchaser or writer of an option will be locked into its position until one of the two restrictions has been lifted. If the Options Clearing Corporation were to determine that the available supply of an underlying security appears insufficient to permit delivery by the writers of all outstanding calls in the event of exercise, it may prohibit indefinitely the exercise of put options. The Fund, as holder of such a put option, could lose its entire investment if the prohibition remained in effect until the put option's expiration.

Special risks are presented by internationally-traded options. Because of time differences between the United States and various foreign countries, and because different holidays are observed in different countries, foreign options markets may be open for trading during hours or on days when U.S. markets are closed. As a result, option premiums may not reflect the current prices of the underlying interest in the United States.

OVER-THE-COUNTER OPTIONS

The Staff of the Division of Investment Management of the Securities and Exchange Commission has taken the position that over-the-counter ("OTC") options purchased by the Fund and assets held to cover OTC options written by the Fund are illiquid securities. Although the Staff has indicated that it is continuing to evaluate this issue, pending further developments, the Fund intends to enter into OTC options transactions only with primary dealers in U.S. Government Securities and, in the case of OTC options written by the Fund, only pursuant to agreements that will assure that the Fund will at all times have the right to repurchase the option written by it from the dealer at a specified formula price. The Fund will treat the amount by which such formula price exceeds the amount, if any, by which the option may be "in-the-money" as an illiquid investment. It is the present policy of the Fund not to enter into any OTC option transaction if, as a result, more than 15% of the Fund's net assets would be invested in (i) illiquid investments (determined under the foregoing formula) relating to OTC options written by the Fund, (ii) OTC options purchased by the Fund, (iii) securities which are not readily marketable, and (iv) repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days.

FUTURES CONTRACTS AND RELATED OPTIONS

The Fund may invest without limit in the futures contracts and related options identified in the Prospectus unless otherwise specified in the Prospectus. A financial futures contract sale creates an obligation by the seller to deliver the type of financial instrument called for in the contract in a specified delivery month for a stated price. A financial futures contract purchase creates an obligation by the purchaser to take delivery of the type of financial instrument called for in the contract in a specified delivery month at a stated price. The specific instruments delivered or taken, respectively, at settlement date are not determined until on or near that date. The determination is made in accordance with the rules of the exchange on which the futures contract sale or purchase was made. Futures contracts are traded in the United States only on commodity exchanges or boards of trade -- known as "contract markets" -- approved for such trading by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC"), and must be executed through a futures commission merchant or brokerage firm which is a member of the relevant contract market.

Although futures contracts by their terms call for actual delivery or acceptance of commodities or securities, in most cases the contracts are closed out before the settlement date without the making or taking of delivery. Closing out a futures contract sale is effected by purchasing a futures contract for the same aggregate amount of the specific type of financial

instrument or commodity with the same delivery date. If the price of the initial sale of the futures contract exceeds the price of the offsetting purchase, the seller is paid the difference and realizes a gain. Conversely, if the price of the offsetting purchase exceeds the price of the initial sale, the seller realizes a loss. Similarly, the closing out of a futures contract purchase is effected by the purchaser's entering into a futures contract sale. If the offsetting sale price exceeds the purchase price, the purchaser realizes a gain, and if the purchase price exceeds the offsetting sale price, he realizes a loss. In general 40% of the gain or loss arising from the closing out of a futures contract traded on an exchange approved by the CFTC is treated as short-term gain or loss, and 60% is treated as long-term gain or loss.

Unlike when the Fund purchases or sells a security, no price is paid or received by the Fund upon the purchase or sale of a futures contract. Upon entering into a contract, the Fund is required to deposit with its custodian in a segregated account in the name of the futures broker an amount of cash and/or U.S. Government Securities. This amount is known as "initial margin." The nature of initial margin in futures transactions is different from that of margin in security transactions in that futures contract margin does not involve the borrowing of funds to finance the transactions. Rather, initial margin is similar to a performance bond or good faith deposit which is returned to the Fund upon termination of the futures contract, assuming all contractual obligations have been satisfied. Futures contracts also involve brokerage costs.

Subsequent payments, called "variation margin" or "maintenance margin", to and from the broker (or the custodian) are made on a daily basis as the price of the underlying security or commodity fluctuates, making the long and short positions in the futures contract more or less valuable, a process known as "marking to the market." For example, when the Fund has purchased a futures contract on a security and the price of the underlying security has risen, that position will have increased in value and the Fund will receive from the broker a variation margin payment based on that increase in value. Conversely, when the Fund has purchased a security futures contract and the price of the underlying security has declined, the position would be less valuable and the Fund would be required to make a variation margin payment to the broker.

The Fund may elect to close some or all of its futures positions at any time prior to their expiration in order to reduce or eliminate a hedge position then currently held by the Fund. The Fund may close its positions by taking opposite positions which will operate to terminate the Fund's position in the futures contracts. Final determinations of variation margin are then made, additional cash is required to be paid by or released to the Fund, and the Fund realizes a loss or a gain. Such closing transactions involve additional commission costs.

OPTIONS ON FUTURES CONTRACTS. The Fund may purchase and write call and put options on futures contracts it may buy or sell and enter into closing transactions with respect to such options to terminate existing positions. Options on future contracts give the purchaser the right in return for the premium paid to assume a position in a futures contract at the specified option exercise price at any time during the period of the option. The Fund may use options on futures contracts in lieu of writing or buying options directly on the underlying securities or purchasing and selling the underlying futures contracts. For example, to hedge against a possible decrease in the value of its portfolio securities, the Fund may purchase put options or write call options on futures contracts rather than selling futures contracts. Similarly, the Fund may purchase call options or write put options on futures contracts as a substitute for the purchase of futures contracts to hedge against a possible increase in the price of securities which the Fund expects to purchase. Such options generally operate in the same manner as options purchased or written directly on the underlying investments.

As with options on securities, the holder or writer of an option may terminate his position by selling or purchasing an offsetting option. There is no guarantee that such closing transactions can be effected.

The Fund will be required to deposit initial margin and maintenance margin with respect to put and call options on futures contracts written by it pursuant to brokers' requirements similar to those described above in connection with the discussion of futures contracts.

RISKS OF TRANSACTIONS IN FUTURES CONTRACTS AND RELATED OPTIONS. Successful use of futures contracts by the Fund is subject to Putnam Management's ability to predict movements in the direction of interest rates and other factors affecting securities markets. For example, if the Fund has hedged against the possibility of decline in the values of its investments and the values of its investments increase instead, the Fund will lose part or all of the benefit of the increase through payments of daily maintenance margin. The Fund may have to sell investments at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so in order to meet margin requirements.

Compared to the purchase or sale of futures contracts, the purchase of call or put options on futures contracts involves less potential risk to the Fund because the maximum amount at risk is the premium paid for the options (plus transaction costs). However, there may be circumstances when the purchase of a call or put option on a futures contract would result in a loss to the Fund when the purchase or sale of a futures contract would not, such as when there is no movement in the prices of the hedged investments. The writing of an option on a futures contract involves risks similar to those risks relating to the sale of futures contracts.

There is no assurance that higher than anticipated trading activity or other unforeseen events might not, at times, render certain market clearing facilities inadequate, and thereby result in the institution by exchanges of special procedures which may interfere with the timely execution of customer orders.

To reduce or eliminate a hedge position held by the Fund, the Fund may seek to close out a position. The ability to establish and close out positions will be subject to the development and maintenance of a liquid secondary market. It is not certain that this market will develop or continue to exist for a particular futures contract or option. Reasons for the absence of a liquid secondary market on an exchange include the following: (i) there may be insufficient trading interest in certain contracts or options; (ii) restrictions may be imposed by an exchange on opening transactions or closing transactions or both; (iii) trading halts, suspensions or other restrictions may be imposed with respect to particular classes or series of contracts or options, or underlying securities; (iv) unusual or unforeseen circumstances may interrupt normal operations on an exchange; (v) the facilities of an exchange or a clearing corporation may not at all times be adequate to handle current trading volume; or (vi) one or more exchanges could, for economic or other reasons, decide or be compelled at some future date to discontinue the trading of contracts or options (or a particular class or series of contracts or options), in which event the secondary market on that exchange for such contracts or options (or in the class or series of contracts or options) would cease to exist, although outstanding contracts or options on the exchange that had been issued by a clearing corporation as a result of trades on that exchange would continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms.

U.S. TREASURY SECURITY FUTURES CONTRACTS AND OPTIONS. If the Fund invests in tax-exempt securities issued by a governmental entity, the Fund may purchase and sell futures contracts and related options on U.S. Treasury securities when, in the opinion of Putnam Management, price movements in Treasury security futures and related options will correlate closely with

price movements in the tax-exempt securities which are the subject of the hedge. U.S. Treasury security futures contracts require the seller to deliver, or the purchaser to take delivery of, the type of U.S. Treasury security called for in the contract at a specified date and price. Options on U.S. Treasury security futures contracts give the purchaser the right in return for the premium paid to assume a position in a U.S. Treasury security futures contract at the specified option exercise price at any time during the period of the option.

Successful use of U.S. Treasury security futures contracts by the Fund is subject to Putnam Management's ability to predict movements in the direction of interest rates and other factors affecting markets for debt securities. For example, if the Fund has sold U.S. Treasury security futures contracts in order to hedge against the possibility of an increase in interest rates which would adversely affect tax-exempt securities held in its portfolio, and the prices of the Fund's tax-exempt securities increase instead as a result of a decline in interest rates, the Fund will lose part or all of the benefit of the increased value of its securities which it has hedged because it will have offsetting losses in its futures positions. In addition, in such situations, if the Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities to meet daily maintenance margin requirements at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

There is also a risk that price movements in U.S. Treasury security futures contracts and related options will not correlate closely with price movements in markets for tax-exempt securities. For example, if the Fund has hedged against a decline in the values of tax-exempt securities held by it by selling Treasury security futures and the values of Treasury securities subsequently increase while the values of its tax-exempt securities decrease, the Fund would incur losses on both the Treasury security futures contracts written by it and the tax-exempt securities held in its portfolio. Putnam Management will seek to reduce this risk by monitoring movements in markets for U.S. Treasury security futures and options and for tax-exempt securities closely. The Fund will only purchase or sell Treasury security futures or related options when, in the opinion of Putnam Management, price movements in Treasury security futures and related options will correlate closely with price movements in tax-exempt securities in which the Fund invests.

INDEX FUTURES CONTRACTS. An index futures contract is a contract to buy or sell units of an index at a specified future date at a price agreed upon when the contract is made. Entering into a contract to buy units of an index is commonly referred to as buying or purchasing a contract or holding a long position in the index. Entering into a contract to sell units of an index is commonly referred to as selling a contract or holding a short position. A unit is the current value of the index. The Fund may enter into stock index futures contracts, debt index futures contracts, or other index futures contracts appropriate to its objective. The Fund may also purchase and sell options on index futures contracts.

For example, the Standard & Poor's Composite 500 Stock Price Index ("S&P 500") is composed of 500 selected common stocks, most of which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The S&P 500 assigns relative weightings to the common stocks included in the Index, and the value fluctuates with changes in the market values of those common stocks. In the case of the S&P 500, contracts are to buy or sell 500 units. Thus, if the value of the S&P 500 were \$150, one contract would be worth \$75,000 (500 units x \$150). The stock index futures contract specifies that no delivery of the actual stocks making up the index will take place. Instead, settlement in cash must occur upon the termination of the contract, with the settlement being the difference between the contract price and the actual level of the stock index at the expiration of the contract. For example, if the Fund enters into a futures contract to buy 500 units of the S&P 500 at a specified future date at a contract price of \$150 and the S&P 500 is at \$154 on that future date, the Fund will

gain \$2,000 (500 units x gain of \$4). If the Fund enters into a futures contract to sell 500 units of the stock index at a specified future date at a contract price of \$150 and the S&P 500 is at \$152 on that future date, the Fund will lose \$1,000 (500 units x loss of \$2).

There are several risks in connection with the use by the Fund of index futures as a hedging device. One risk arises because of the imperfect correlation between movements in the prices of the index futures and movements in the prices of securities which are the subject of the hedge. Putnam Management will, however, attempt to reduce this risk by buying or selling, to the extent possible, futures on indices the movements of which will, in its judgment, have a significant correlation with movements in the prices of the securities sought to be hedged.

Successful use of index futures by the Fund for hedging purposes is also subject to Putnam Management's ability to predict movements in the direction of the market. It is possible that, where the Fund has sold futures to hedge its portfolio against a decline in the market, the index on which the futures are written may advance and the value of securities held in the Fund's portfolio may decline. If this occurred, the Fund would lose money on the futures and also experience a decline in value in its portfolio securities. It is also possible that, if the Fund has hedged against the possibility of a decline in the market adversely affecting securities held in its portfolio and securities prices increase instead, the Fund will lose part or all of the benefit of the increased value of those securities it has hedged because it will have offsetting losses in its futures positions. In addition, in such situations, if the Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities to meet daily variation margin requirements at a time when it is disadvantageous to do so.

In addition to the possibility that there may be an imperfect correlation, or no correlation at all, between movements in the index futures and the portion of the portfolio being hedged, the prices of index futures may not correlate perfectly with movements in the underlying index due to certain market distortions. First, all participants in the futures market are subject to margin deposit and maintenance requirements. Rather than meeting additional margin deposit requirements, investors may close futures contracts through offsetting transactions which could distort the normal relationship between the index and futures markets. Second, margin requirements in the futures market are less onerous than margin requirements in the securities market, and as a result the futures market may attract more speculators than the securities market does. Increased participation by speculators in the futures market may also cause temporary price distortions. Due to the possibility of price distortions in the futures market and also because of the imperfect correlation between movements in the index and movements in the prices of index futures, even a correct forecast of general market trends by Putnam Management may still not result in a successful hedging transaction over a short time period.

OPTIONS ON STOCK INDEX FUTURES. Options on index futures are similar to options on securities except that options on index futures give the purchaser the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a position in an index futures contract (a long position if the option is a call and a short position if the option is a put) at a specified exercise price at any time during the period of the option. Upon exercise of the option, the delivery of the futures position by the writer of the option to the holder of the option will be accompanied by delivery of the accumulated balance in the writer's futures margin account which represents the amount by which the market price of the index futures contract, at exercise, exceeds (in the case of a call) or is less than (in the case of a put) the exercise price of the option on the index future. If an option is exercised on the last trading day prior to its expiration date, the settlement will be made entirely in cash equal to the difference between the exercise price of the option and the closing level of the index

on which the future is based on the expiration date. Purchasers of options who fail to exercise their options prior to the exercise date suffer a loss of the premium paid.

OPTIONS ON INDICES

As an alternative to purchasing call and put options on index futures, the Fund may purchase and sell call and put options on the underlying indices themselves. Such options would be used in a manner identical to the use of options on index futures.

INDEX WARRANTS

The Fund may purchase put warrants and call warrants whose values vary depending on the change in the value of one or more specified securities indices ("index warrants"). Index warrants are generally issued by banks or other financial institutions and give the holder the right, at any time during the term of the warrant, to receive upon exercise of the warrant a cash payment from the issuer based on the value of the underlying index at the time of exercise. In general, if the value of the underlying index rises above the exercise price of the index warrant, the holder of a call warrant will be entitled to receive a cash payment from the issuer upon exercise based on the difference between the value of the index and the exercise price of the warrant; if the value of the underlying index falls, the holder of a put warrant will be entitled to receive a cash payment from the issuer upon exercise based on the difference between the exercise price of the warrant and the value of the index. The holder of a warrant would not be entitled to any payments from the issuer at any time when, in the case of a call warrant, the exercise price is greater than the value of the underlying index, or, in the case of a put warrant, the exercise price is less than the value of the underlying index. If the Fund were not to exercise an index warrant prior to its expiration, then the Fund would lose the amount of the purchase price paid by it for the warrant.

The Fund will normally use index warrants in a manner similar to its use of options on securities indices. The risks of the Fund's use of index warrants are generally similar to those relating to its use of index options. Unlike most index options, however, index warrants are issued in limited amounts and are not obligations of a regulated clearing agency, but are backed only by the credit of the bank or other institution which issues the warrant. Also, index warrants generally have longer terms than index options. Although the Fund will normally invest only in exchange-listed warrants, index warrants are not likely to be as liquid as certain index options backed by a recognized clearing agency. In addition, the terms of index warrants may limit the Fund's ability to exercise the warrants at such time, or in such quantities, as the Fund would otherwise wish to do.

FOREIGN SECURITIES

Under its current policy, which may be changed without shareholder approval, the Fund may invest up to the limit of its total assets specified in its Prospectus in securities principally traded in markets outside the United States. Eurodollar certificates of deposit are excluded for purposes of this limitation. Foreign investments can be affected favorably or unfavorably by changes in currency exchange rates and in exchange control regulations. There may be less publicly available information about a foreign company than about a U.S. company, and foreign companies may not be subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies. Securities of some foreign companies are less liquid or more volatile than securities of U.S. companies, and foreign brokerage commissions and custodian fees are generally higher than in the United States. Investments in foreign securities can involve other risks different from those affecting U.S. investments, including local political or economic developments, expropriation or nationalization of assets and imposition of withholding taxes on

dividend or interest payments. To hedge against possible variations in foreign exchange rates, the Fund may purchase and sell forward foreign currency contracts. These represent agreements to purchase or sell specified currencies at specified dates and prices. The Fund will only purchase and sell forward foreign currency contracts in amounts Putnam Management deems appropriate to hedge existing or anticipated portfolio positions and will not use such forward contracts for speculative purposes. Foreign securities, like other assets of the Fund, will be held by the Fund's custodian or by a subcustodian.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The Fund may engage in currency exchange transactions to protect against uncertainty in the level of future currency exchange rates. In addition, the Fund may write covered call and put options on foreign currencies for the purpose of increasing its current return.

Generally, the Fund may engage in both "transaction hedging" and "position hedging". When it engages in transaction hedging, the Fund enters into foreign currency transactions with respect to specific receivables or payables, generally arising in connection with the purchase or sale of portfolio securities. The Fund will engage in transaction hedging when it desires to "lock in" the U.S. dollar price of a security it has agreed to purchase or sell, or the U.S. dollar equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in a foreign currency. By transaction hedging the Fund will attempt to protect itself against a possible loss resulting from an adverse change in the relationship between the U.S. dollar and the applicable foreign currency during the period between the date on which the security is purchased or sold, or on which the dividend or interest payment is earned, and the date on which such payments are made or received.

The Fund may purchase or sell a foreign currency on a spot (or cash) basis at the prevailing spot rate in connection with the settlement of transactions in portfolio securities denominated in that foreign currency. The Fund may also enter into contracts to purchase or sell foreign currencies at a future date ("forward contracts") and purchase and sell foreign currency futures contracts.

For transaction hedging purposes the Fund may also purchase exchange-listed and over-the-counter call and put options on foreign currency futures contracts and on foreign currencies. A put option on a futures contract gives the Fund the right to assume a short position in the futures contract until the expiration of the option. A put option on a currency gives the Fund the right to sell the currency at an exercise price until the expiration of the option. A call option on a futures contract gives the Fund the right to assume a long position in the futures contract until the expiration of the option. A call option on a currency gives the Fund the right to purchase the currency at the exercise price until the expiration of the option.

When it engages in position hedging, the Fund enters into foreign currency exchange transactions to protect against a decline in the values of the foreign currencies in which its portfolio securities are denominated (or an increase in the value of currency for securities which the Fund expects to purchase, when the Fund holds cash or short-term investments). In connection with position hedging, the Fund may purchase put or call options on foreign currency and on foreign currency futures contracts and buy or sell forward contracts and foreign currency futures contracts. The Fund may also purchase or sell foreign currency on a spot basis.

The precise matching of the amounts of foreign currency exchange transactions and the value of the portfolio securities involved will not generally be possible since the future value of such securities in foreign currencies will change as a consequence of market movements in the value of those securities between the dates the currency exchange transactions are entered

into and the dates they mature.

It is impossible to forecast with precision the market value of portfolio securities at the expiration or maturity of a forward or futures contract. Accordingly, it may be necessary for the Fund to purchase additional foreign currency on the spot market (and bear the expense of such purchase) if the market value of the security or securities being hedged is less than the amount of foreign currency the Fund is obligated to deliver and a decision is made to sell the security or securities and make delivery of the foreign currency. Conversely, it may be necessary to sell on the spot market some of the foreign currency received upon the sale of the portfolio security or securities if the market value of such security or securities exceeds the amount of foreign currency the Fund is obligated to deliver.

Transaction and position hedging do not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the securities which the Fund owns or intends to purchase or sell. They simply establish a rate of exchange which one can achieve at some future point in time. Additionally, although these techniques tend to minimize the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, they tend to limit any potential gain which might result from the increase in value of such currency.

The Fund may seek to increase its current return or to offset some of the costs of hedging against fluctuations in current exchange rates by writing covered call options and covered put options on foreign currencies. The Fund receives a premium from writing a call or put option, which increases the Fund's current return if the option expires unexercised or is closed out at a net profit. The Fund may terminate an option that it has written prior to its expiration by entering into a closing purchase transaction in which it purchases an option having the same terms as the option written.

The Fund's currency hedging transactions may call for the delivery of one foreign currency in exchange for another foreign currency and may at times not involve currencies in which its portfolio securities are then denominated. Putnam Management will engage in such "cross hedging" activities when it believes that such transactions provide significant hedging opportunities for the Fund. Cross hedging transactions by the Fund involve the risk of imperfect correlation between changes in the values of the currencies to which such transactions relate and changes in the value of the currency or other asset or liability which is the subject of the hedge.

CURRENCY FORWARD AND FUTURES CONTRACTS. A forward foreign currency contract involves an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract as agreed by the parties, at a price set at the time of the contract. In the case of a cancelable forward contract, the holder has the unilateral right to cancel the contract at maturity by paying a specified fee. The contracts are traded in the interbank market conducted directly between currency traders (usually large commercial banks) and their customers. A forward contract generally has no deposit requirement, and no commissions are charged at any stage for trades. A foreign currency futures contract is a standardized contract for the future delivery of a specified amount of a foreign currency at a future date at a price set at the time of the contract. Foreign currency futures contracts traded in the United States are designed by and traded on exchanges regulated by the CFTC, such as the New York Mercantile Exchange.

Forward foreign currency exchange contracts differ from foreign currency futures contracts in certain respects. For example, the maturity date of a forward contract may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties, rather than a predetermined date in a given month. Forward contracts may be in any amounts agreed upon by the parties rather than predetermined amounts. Also, forward foreign exchange contracts are traded directly between currency traders

so that no intermediary is required. A forward contract generally requires no margin or other deposit.

At the maturity of a forward or futures contract, the Fund either may accept or make delivery of the currency specified in the contract, or at or prior to maturity enter into a closing transaction involving the purchase or sale of an offsetting contract. Closing transactions with respect to forward contracts are usually effected with the currency trader who is a party to the original forward contract. Closing transactions with respect to futures contracts are effected on a commodities exchange; a clearing corporation associated with the exchange assumes responsibility for closing out such contracts.

Positions in the foreign currency futures contracts may be closed out only on an exchange or board of trade which provides a secondary market in such contracts. Although the Fund intends to purchase or sell foreign currency futures contracts only on exchanges or boards of trade where there appears to be an active secondary market, there is no assurance that a secondary market on an exchange or board of trade will exist for any particular contract or at any particular time. In such event, it may not be possible to close a futures position and, in the event of adverse price movements, the Fund would continue to be required to make daily cash payments of variation margin.

FOREIGN CURRENCY OPTIONS. In general, options on foreign currencies operate similarly to options on securities and are subject to many similar risks. Foreign currency options are traded primarily in the over-the-counter market, although options on foreign currencies have recently been listed on several exchanges. Options are traded not only on the currencies of individual nations, but also on the European Currency Unit ("ECU"). The ECU is composed of amounts of a number of currencies, and is the official medium of exchange of the European Community's European Monetary System.

The Fund will only purchase or write foreign currency options when Putnam Management believes that a liquid secondary market exists for such options. There can be no assurance that a liquid secondary market will exist for a particular option at any specific time. Options on foreign currencies are affected by all of those factors which influence foreign exchange rates and investments generally.

The value of any currency, including U.S. dollars and foreign currencies, may be affected by complex political and economic factors applicable to the issuing country. In addition, the exchange rates of foreign currencies (and therefore the values of foreign currency options) may be affected significantly, fixed, or supported directly or indirectly by U.S. and foreign government actions. Government intervention may increase risks involved in purchasing or selling foreign currency options, since exchange rates may not be free to fluctuate in response to other market forces.

The value of a foreign currency option reflects the value of an exchange rate, which in turn reflects relative values of two currencies, the U.S. dollar and the foreign currency in question. Because foreign currency transactions occurring in the interbank market involve substantially larger amounts than those that may be involved in the exercise of foreign currency options, investors may be disadvantaged by having to deal in an odd lot market for the underlying foreign currencies in connection with options at prices that are less favorable than for round lots. Foreign governmental restrictions or taxes could result in adverse changes in the cost of acquiring or disposing of foreign currencies.

There is no systematic reporting of last sale information for foreign currencies and there is no regulatory requirement that quotations available through dealers or other market sources be firm or revised on a timely basis. Available quotation information is generally representative of very large round-lot transactions in the interbank market and thus may not reflect

exchange rates for smaller odd-lot transactions (less than \$1 million) where rates may be less favorable. The interbank market in foreign currencies is a global, around-the-clock market. To the extent that options markets are closed while the markets for the underlying currencies remain open, significant price and rate movements may take place in the underlying markets that cannot be reflected in the options markets.

SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES. Settlement procedures relating to the Fund's investments in foreign securities and to the Fund's foreign currency exchange transactions may be more complex than settlements with respect to investments in debt or equity securities of U.S. issuers, and may involve certain risks not present in the Fund's domestic investments. For example, settlement of transactions involving foreign securities or foreign currency may occur within a foreign country, and the Fund may be required to accept or make delivery of the underlying securities or currency in conformity with any applicable U.S. or foreign restrictions or regulations, and may be required to pay any fees, taxes or charges associated with such delivery. Such investments may also involve the risk that an entity involved in the settlement may not meet its obligations.

FOREIGN CURRENCY CONVERSION. Although foreign exchange dealers do not charge a fee for currency conversion, they do realize a profit based on the difference (the "spread") between prices at which they are buying and selling various currencies. Thus, a dealer may offer to sell a foreign currency to the Fund at one rate, while offering a lesser rate of exchange should the Fund desire to resell that currency to the dealer.

RESTRICTED SECURITIES. The SEC Staff currently takes the view that any designation by the Trustees of the authority to determine that a restricted security is readily marketable (as described in the investment restrictions of the Funds) must be pursuant to written procedures established by the Trustees. It is the present intention of the Funds' Trustees that, if the Trustees decide to delegate such determinations to Putnam Management or another person, they would do so pursuant to written procedures, consistent with the Staff's position. Should the Staff modify its position in the future, the Trustees would consider what action would be appropriate in light of the Staff's position at that time.

TAXES

TAXATION OF THE FUND. The Fund intends to qualify each year as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). In order so to qualify and to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded regulated investment companies and their shareholders, the Fund must, among other things:

(a) Derive at least 90% of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities loans, and gains from the sale of stock, securities and foreign currencies, or other income (including but not limited to gains from options, futures, or forward contracts) derived with respect to its business of investing in such stock, securities, or currencies;

(b) derive less than 30% of its gross income from the sale or other disposition of certain assets (including stock or securities and certain options, futures contracts and forward contracts) held for less than three months;

(c) distribute with respect to each taxable year at least 90% of the sum of its taxable net investment income, its net tax-exempt income, and the excess, if any, of net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses for such year; and

(d) diversify its holdings so that, at the end of each fiscal quarter, (i) at least 50% of the market value of the Fund's assets is represented by cash and cash items, U.S.

Government securities, securities of other regulated investment companies, and other securities limited in respect of any one issuer to a value not greater than 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets and 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer, and (ii) not more than 25% of the value of its assets is invested in the securities (other than those of the U.S. Government or other regulated investment companies) of any one issuer or of two or more issuers which the Fund controls and which are engaged in the same, similar, or related trades or businesses.

If the Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company that is accorded special tax treatment, the Fund will not be subject to federal income tax on income paid to its shareholders in the form of dividends (including capital gain dividends).

If the Fund failed to qualify as a regulated investment company accorded special tax treatment in any taxable year, the Fund would be subject to tax on its taxable income at corporate rates, and all distributions from earnings and profits, including any distributions of net tax-exempt income and net long-term capital gains, would be taxable to shareholders as ordinary income. In addition, the Fund could be required to recognize unrealized gains, pay substantial taxes and interest and make substantial distributions before requalifying as a regulated investment company that is accorded special tax treatment.

If the Fund fails to distribute in a calendar year substantially all of its ordinary income for such year and substantially all of its capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 (or later if the Fund is permitted so to elect and so elects), plus any retained amount from the prior year, the Fund will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the undistributed amounts. A dividend paid to shareholders by the Fund in January of a year generally is deemed to have been paid by the Fund on December 31 of the preceding year, if the dividend was declared and payable to shareholders of record on a date in October, November or December of that preceding year. The Fund intends generally to make distributions sufficient to avoid imposition of the 4% excise tax.

EXEMPT-INTEREST DIVIDENDS. The Fund will be qualified to pay exempt-interest dividends to its shareholders only if, at the close of each quarter of the Fund's taxable year, at least 50% of the total value of the Fund's assets consists of obligations the interest on which is exempt from federal income tax. Distributions that the Fund properly designates as exempt-interest dividends are treated by shareholders as interest excludable from their gross income for federal income tax purposes but may be taxable for federal alternative minimum tax purposes. If the Fund intends to be qualified to pay exempt-interest dividends, the Fund may be limited in its ability to engage in such taxable transactions as forward commitments, repurchase agreements, financial futures, and options contracts on financial futures, tax-exempt bond indices, and other assets. Part or all of the interest on indebtedness, if any, incurred or continued by a shareholder to purchase or carry shares of a Fund paying exempt-interest dividends is not deductible. The portion of interest that is not deductible is equal to the total interest paid or accrued on the indebtedness, multiplied by the percentage of the Fund's total distributions (not including distributions from net long-term capital gains) paid to the shareholder that are exempt-interest dividends. Under rules used by the Internal Revenue Service for determining when borrowed funds are considered used for the purpose of purchasing or carrying particular assets, the purchase of shares may be considered to have been made with borrowed funds even though such funds are not directly traceable to the purchase of shares.

In general, exempt-interest dividends, if any, attributable to interest received on certain private activity obligations and certain industrial development bonds will not be tax-exempt to any shareholders who are "substantial users" of the facilities financed by such obligations or bonds or who are "related persons" of such substantial users.

A Fund which is qualified to pay exempt-interest dividends will inform investors within 60 days of the Fund's fiscal year-end of the percentage of its income distributions designated as tax-exempt. The percentage is applied uniformly to all distributions made during the year. The percentage of income designated as tax-exempt for any particular distribution may be substantially different from the percentage of the Fund's income that was tax-exempt during the period covered by the distribution.

HEDGING TRANSACTIONS. If the Fund engages in transactions, including hedging transactions in options, futures contracts, and straddles, or other similar transactions, it will be subject to special tax rules (including mark-to-market, straddle, wash sale, and short sale rules), the effect of which may be to accelerate income to the Fund, defer losses to the Fund, cause adjustments in the holding periods of the Fund's securities, or convert short-term capital losses into long-term capital losses. These rules could therefore affect the amount, timing and character of distributions to shareholders. The Fund will endeavor to make any available elections pertaining to such transactions in a manner believed to be in the best interests of the Fund.

Under the 30% of gross income test described above (see "Taxation of the Fund"), the Fund will be restricted in selling assets held or considered under Code rules to have been held for less than three months, and in engaging in certain hedging transactions (including hedging transactions in options and futures) that in some circumstances could cause certain Fund assets to be treated as held for less than three months.

Certain of the Fund's hedging activities (including its transactions, if any, in foreign currencies or foreign currency-denominated instruments) are likely to produce a difference between its book income and its taxable income. If the Fund's book income exceeds its taxable income, the distribution (if any) of such excess will be treated as a dividend to the extent of the Fund's remaining earnings and profits, and thereafter as a return of capital or as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, as the case may be. If the Fund's book income is less than its taxable income, the Fund could be required to make distributions exceeding book income to qualify as a regulated investment company that is accorded special tax treatment.

RETURN OF CAPITAL DISTRIBUTIONS. If the Fund makes a distribution to you in excess of its current and accumulated "earnings and profits" in any taxable year, the excess distribution will be treated as a return of capital to the extent of your tax basis in your shares, and thereafter as capital gain. A return of capital is not taxable, but it reduces your tax basis in your shares.

SECURITIES ISSUED OR PURCHASED AT A DISCOUNT. The Fund's investment in securities issued at a discount and certain other obligations will (and investments in securities purchased at a discount may) require the Fund to accrue and distribute income not yet received. In order to generate sufficient cash to make the requisite distributions, the Fund may be required to sell securities in its portfolio that it otherwise would have continued to hold.

CAPITAL LOSS CARRYOVER. The amounts and expiration dates of any capital loss carryovers available to the Fund are shown in Note 1 (Federal income taxes) to the financial statements included in Part I of this Statement or incorporated by reference into this Statement.

FOREIGN CURRENCY-DENOMINATED SECURITIES AND RELATED HEDGING TRANSACTIONS. The Fund's transactions in foreign currency-denominated debt securities, certain foreign currency options, futures contracts, and forward contracts may give rise to ordinary income or loss to the extent such income or loss

results from fluctuations in the value of the foreign currency concerned.

If more than 50% of the Fund's assets at year end consists of the debt and equity securities of foreign corporations, the Fund may elect to permit shareholders to claim a credit or deduction on their income tax returns for their pro rata portion of qualified taxes paid by the Fund to foreign countries. In such a case, shareholders will include in gross income from foreign sources their pro rata shares of such taxes. A shareholder's ability to claim a foreign tax credit or deduction in respect of foreign taxes paid by the Fund may be subject to certain limitations imposed by the Code, as a result of which a shareholder may not get a full credit or deduction for the amount of such taxes. Shareholders who do not itemize on their federal income tax returns may claim a credit (but no deduction) for such foreign taxes.

Investment by the Fund in certain "passive foreign investment companies" could subject the Fund to a U.S. federal income tax or other charge on the proceeds from the sale of its investment in such a company; however, this tax can be avoided by making an election to mark such investments to market annually or to treat the passive foreign investment company as a "qualified electing fund."

SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES. The sale, exchange or redemption of Fund shares may give rise to a gain or loss. In general, any gain or loss realized upon a taxable disposition of shares will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than 12 months, and otherwise as short-term capital gain or loss. However, if a shareholder sells shares at a loss within six months of purchase, any loss will be disallowed for Federal income tax purposes to the extent of any exempt-interest dividends received on such shares. In addition, any loss (not already disallowed as provided in the preceding sentence) realized upon a taxable disposition of shares held for six months or less will be treated as long-term, rather than short-term, to the extent of any long-term capital gain distributions received by the shareholder with respect to the shares. All or a portion of any loss realized upon a taxable disposition of Fund shares will be disallowed if other Fund shares are purchased within 30 days before or after the disposition. In such a case, the basis of the newly purchased shares will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss.

SHARES PURCHASED THROUGH TAX-QUALIFIED PLANS. Special tax rules apply to investments through defined contribution plans and other tax-qualified plans. Shareholders should consult their tax adviser to determine the suitability of shares of a fund as an investment through such plans and the precise effect of an investment on their particular tax situation.

BACKUP WITHHOLDING. The Fund generally is required to withhold and remit to the U.S. Treasury 31% of the taxable dividends and other distributions paid to any individual shareholder who fails to furnish the Fund with a correct taxpayer identification number, who has underreported dividends or interest income, or who fails to certify to the Fund that he or she is not subject to such withholding. An individual's taxpayer identification number is his or her social security number.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

TRUSTEES

*+GEORGE PUTNAM, Chairman and President. Chairman and Director of Putnam Investment Management, Inc. and Putnam Mutual Funds. Director, The Boston Company, Inc., Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Company, Freeport-McMoRan, Inc., General Mills, Inc., Houghton Mifflin Company, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. and Rockefeller Group, Inc.

+WILLIAM F. POUNDS, Vice Chairman. Professor of Management, Alfred P. Sloan School of Management, Massachusetts

Institute of Technology. Director of Fisher Price, Inc., IDEXX, M/A-COM, Inc., EG&G, Inc. and Sun Company, Inc.

JAMESON A. BAXTER, Trustee. President, Baxter Associates, Inc. (consultants to management). Director of Banta Corporation, International Acoustics, Inc., ASHTA Chemicals, Inc. and B3 Systems. Chairman of the Board of Trustees, Mount Holyoke College.

+HANS H. ESTIN, Trustee. Vice Chairman, North American Management Corp. (a registered investment adviser). Director of The Boston Company, Inc. and Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Company.

ELIZABETH T. KENNAN, Trustee. President of Mount Holyoke College. Director, NYNEX Corporation, Northeast Utilities and the Kentucky Home Life Insurance Companies and Trustee of the University of Notre Dame.

*LAWRENCE J. LASSER, Trustee and Vice President. President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc. Director of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. Vice President of the Putnam funds.

JOHN A. HILL, Trustee. Chairman and Managing Director, First Reserve Corporation (a registered investment adviser). Director, Lantana Corporation, Maverick Tube Corporation, Snyder Oil Corporation and various First Reserve Funds.

+ROBERT E. PATTERSON, Trustee. Executive Vice President, Cabot Partners Limited Partnership (a registered investment adviser).

DONALD S. PERKINS, Trustee. Director of various corporations, including American Telephone & Telegraph Company, AON Corp., Cummins Engine Company, Inc., Illinois Power Company, Inland Steel Industries, Inc., K mart Corporation, LaSalle Street Fund, Inc., Springs Industries, Inc., TBG, Inc. and Time Warner Inc.

*#GEORGE PUTNAM, III, Trustee. President, New Generation Research, Inc. (publisher of bankruptcy information). Director, World Environment Center.

*A.J.C. SMITH, Trustee. Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director, Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc.

W. NICHOLAS THORNDIKE, Trustee. Director of various corporations and charitable organizations, including Providence Journal Co. and Courier Corporation. Also, Trustee and President of Massachusetts General Hospital and Trustee of Bradley Real Estate Trust and Eastern Utilities Associates.

OFFICERS

CHARLES E. PORTER, Executive Vice President. Managing Director of Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc. Executive Vice President of the Putnam funds.

PATRICIA C. FLAHERTY, Senior Vice President. Senior Vice President of Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc.

WILLIAM N. SHIEBLER, Vice President. Director and Senior Managing Director of Putnam Investments, Inc. President, Chief Operating Officer and Director of Putnam Mutual Funds. Vice President of the Putnam funds.

GORDON H. SILVER, Vice President. Senior Managing Director of Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc. Director, Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc. Vice President of the Putnam funds.

JOHN R. VERANI, Vice President. Senior Vice President of

Putnam Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc.
Vice President of the Putnam funds.

PAUL M. O'NEIL, Vice President. Vice President of Putnam
Investments, Inc. and Putnam Investment Management, Inc. Vice
President of the Putnam funds.

JOHN D. HUGHES, Vice President and Treasurer. Vice
President and Treasurer of the Putnam funds.

BEVERLY MARCUS, Clerk and Assistant Treasurer. Clerk and
Assistant Treasurer of the Putnam funds.

*Trustees who are "interested persons" (as defined in the
Investment Company Act of 1940) of the Fund, Putnam Management or
Putnam Mutual Funds.

+Members of the Executive Committee of the Trustees. The
Executive Committee meets between regular meetings of the
Trustees as may be required to review investment matters and
other affairs of the Fund and may exercise all of the powers of
the Trustees.

#George Putnam, III is the son of George Putnam.

Certain other officers of Putnam Management are officers
of your Fund. SEE "ADDITIONAL OFFICERS OF THE FUND" IN PART I OF
THIS STATEMENT. The mailing address of each of the officers and
Trustees is One Post Office Square, Boston, Massachusetts 02109.

Except as stated below, the principal occupations of the
officers and Trustees for the last five years have been with the
employers as shown above, although in some cases they have held
different positions with such employers. Prior to January,
1989, Mr. Hill was a General Partner of Meridien Capital
Corporation. Prior to May, 1991, Mr. Pounds was Senior Advisor
to the Rockefeller Family and Associates, Chairman of Rockefeller
Trust Company and Director of Rockefeller Group, Inc. Prior to
November, 1990, Mr. Shiebler was President and Chief Operating
Officer of the Intercapital Division of Dean Witter Reynolds,
Inc., Vice President of the Dean Witter Funds and Director of
Dean Witter Trust Company. Prior to December 1988, Mr. Thorndike
was Chairman of the Board and Managing Partner of Wellington
Management Company/Thorndike, Doran, Paine & Lewis (a registered
investment adviser).

Each Trustee of the Fund receives an annual fee and an
additional fee for each Trustees' meeting attended. Trustees who
are not interested persons of Putnam Management and who serve on
committees of the Trustees receive additional fees for attendance
at certain committee meetings and for special services rendered
in that connection. All of the Trustees are Trustees of all the
Putnam funds and each receives fees for his or her services. FOR
DETAILS OF TRUSTEES' FEES PAID BY THE FUND, SEE "FUND CHARGES AND
EXPENSES" IN PART I OF THIS STATEMENT.

The Agreement and Declaration of Trust of the Fund
provides that the Fund will indemnify its Trustees and officers
against liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with
litigation in which they may be involved because of their offices
with the Fund, except if it is determined in the manner specified
in the Agreement and Declaration of Trust that they have not
acted in good faith in the reasonable belief that their actions
were in the best interests of the Fund or that such
indemnification would relieve any officer or Trustee of any
liability to the Fund or its shareholders by reason of willful
misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of
his or her duties. The Fund, at its expense, provides liability
insurance for the benefit of its Trustees and officers.

Putnam Management, Putnam Mutual Funds and Putnam
Fiduciary Trust Company are subsidiaries of Putnam Investments,
Inc., a holding company which is in turn wholly owned by Marsh &

McLennan Companies, Inc., a publicly owned holding company whose principal operating subsidiaries are international insurance and reinsurance brokers, investment managers and management consultants.

Trustees and officers of the Fund who are also officers of Putnam Management or its affiliates or who are stockholders of Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. will benefit from the advisory fees, sales commissions, distribution fees (if any), custodian fees and transfer agency fees paid or allowed by the Fund.

PUTNAM MANAGEMENT

Putnam Management is one of America's oldest and largest money management firms. Putnam Management's staff of experienced portfolio managers and research analysts selects securities and constantly supervises the Fund's portfolio. By pooling an investor's money with that of other investors, a greater variety of securities can be purchased than would be the case individually; the resulting diversification helps reduce investment risk. Putnam Management has been managing mutual funds since 1937. Today, the firm serves as the investment manager for the funds in the Putnam Family, with over \$55 billion in assets in nearly 3.0 million shareholder accounts at June 30, 1993. An affiliate, The Putnam Advisory Company, Inc., manages domestic and foreign institutional accounts and mutual funds, including the accounts of many Fortune 500 companies. Another affiliate, Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company, provides investment advice to institutional clients under its banking and fiduciary powers. At June 30, 1993, Putnam Management and its affiliates managed over \$77 billion in assets, including over \$15 billion in tax exempt securities and over \$25 billion in retirement plan assets.

THE MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

Under a Management Contract between the Fund and Putnam Management, subject to such policies as the Trustees may determine, Putnam Management, at its expense, furnishes continuously an investment program for the Fund and makes investment decisions on behalf of the Fund. Subject to the control of the Trustees, Putnam Management also manages, supervises and conducts the other affairs and business of the Fund, furnishes office space and equipment, provides bookkeeping and clerical services (including determination of the Fund's net asset value, but excluding shareholder accounting services) and places all orders for the purchase and sale of the Fund's portfolio securities. Putnam Management may place Fund portfolio transactions with broker-dealers which furnish Putnam Management, without cost to it, certain research, statistical and quotation services of value to Putnam Management and its affiliates in advising the Fund and other clients. In so doing, Putnam Management may cause the Fund to pay greater brokerage commissions than it might otherwise pay.

FOR DETAILS OF PUTNAM MANAGEMENT'S COMPENSATION UNDER THE MANAGEMENT CONTRACT, SEE "FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES" IN PART I OF THIS STATEMENT. Putnam Management's compensation under the Management Contract may be reduced in any year if the Fund's expenses exceed the limits on investment company expenses imposed by any statute or regulatory authority of any jurisdiction in which shares of the Fund are qualified for offer or sale. The term "expenses" is defined in the statutes or regulations of such jurisdictions, and generally, excludes brokerage commissions, taxes, interest, extraordinary expenses and, if the Fund has a Distribution Plan, payments made under such Plan. The only such limitation as of the date of this Statement (applicable to any Fund registered for sale in California) was 2.5% of the first \$30 million of average net assets, 2% of the next \$70 million and 1.5% of any excess over \$100 million.

Under the Management Contract, Putnam Management may reduce its compensation to the extent that the Fund's expenses exceed such lower expense limitation as Putnam Management may, by notice to the Fund, declare to be effective. The expenses subject to this limitation are exclusive of brokerage

commissions, interest, taxes, deferred organizational and extraordinary expenses and, if the Fund has a Distribution Plan, payments required under such Plan. THE TERMS OF ANY EXPENSE LIMITATION FROM TIME TO TIME IN EFFECT ARE DESCRIBED IN EITHER THE PROSPECTUS OR PART I OF THIS STATEMENT.

In addition to the fee paid to Putnam Management, the Fund reimburses Putnam Management for the compensation and related expenses of certain officers of the Fund and their assistants who provide certain administrative services for the Fund and the other funds in the Putnam Family, each of which bears an allocated share of the foregoing costs. The aggregate amount of all such payments and reimbursements is determined annually by the Trustees. THE AMOUNT OF THIS REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE FUND'S MOST RECENT FISCAL YEAR IS INCLUDED IN "FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES" IN PART I OF THIS STATEMENT. Putnam Management pays all other salaries of officers of the Fund. The Fund pays all expenses not assumed by Putnam Management including, without limitation, auditing, legal, custodial, investor servicing and shareholder reporting expenses. The Fund pays the cost of typesetting for its Prospectuses and the cost of printing and mailing any Prospectuses sent to its shareholders. Putnam Mutual Funds pays the cost of printing and distributing all other Prospectuses.

The Management Contract provides that Putnam Management shall not be subject to any liability to the Fund or to any shareholder of the Fund for any act or omission in the course of or connected with rendering services to the Fund in the absence of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of its duties on the part of Putnam Management.

The Management Contract may be terminated without penalty by vote of the Trustees or the shareholders of the Fund, or by Putnam Management, on 30 days' written notice. It may be amended only by a vote of the shareholders of the Fund. The Management Contract also terminates without payment of any penalty in the event of its assignment. The Management Contract provides that it will continue in effect only so long as such continuance is approved at least annually by vote of either the Trustees or the shareholders, and, in either case, by a majority of the Trustees who are not "interested persons" of Putnam Management or the Fund. In each of the foregoing cases, the vote of the shareholders is the affirmative vote of a "majority of the outstanding voting securities" as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS

INVESTMENT DECISIONS. Investment decisions for the Fund and for the other investment advisory clients of Putnam Management and its affiliates are made with a view to achieving their respective investment objectives. Investment decisions are the product of many factors in addition to basic suitability for the particular client involved. Thus, a particular security may be bought or sold for certain clients even though it could have been bought or sold for other clients at the same time. Likewise, a particular security may be bought for one or more clients when one or more other clients are selling the security. In some instances, one client may sell a particular security to another client. It also sometimes happens that two or more clients simultaneously purchase or sell the same security, in which event each day's transactions in such security are, insofar as possible, averaged as to price and allocated between such clients in a manner which in Putnam Management's opinion is equitable to each and in accordance with the amount being purchased or sold by each. There may be circumstances when purchases or sales of portfolio securities for one or more clients will have an adverse effect on other clients.

BROKERAGE AND RESEARCH SERVICES. Transactions on U.S. stock exchanges, commodities markets and futures markets and other agency transactions involve the payment by the Fund of negotiated brokerage commissions. Such commissions vary among different brokers. A particular broker may charge different

commissions according to such factors as the difficulty and size of the transaction. Transactions in foreign investments often involve the payment of fixed brokerage commissions, which may be higher than those in the United States. There is generally no stated commission in the case of securities traded in the over-the-counter markets, but the price paid by the Fund usually includes an undisclosed dealer commission or mark-up. In underwritten offerings, the price paid by the Fund includes a disclosed, fixed commission or discount retained by the underwriter or dealer. It is anticipated that most purchases and sales of securities by funds investing primarily in tax-exempt securities and certain other fixed-income securities will be with the issuer or with underwriters of or dealers in those securities, acting as principal. Accordingly, those funds would not ordinarily pay significant brokerage commissions with respect to securities transactions. SEE "FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES" IN PART I OF THIS STATEMENT FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMISSIONS PAID BY THE FUND.

It has for many years been a common practice in the investment advisory business for advisers of investment companies and other institutional investors to receive brokerage and research services (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act")) from broker-dealers that execute portfolio transactions for the clients of such advisers and from third parties with which such broker-dealers have arrangements. Consistent with this practice, Putnam Management receives brokerage and research services and other similar services from many broker-dealers with which Putnam Management places the Fund's portfolio transactions and from third parties with which these broker-dealers have arrangements. These services include such matters as general economic and market reviews, industry and company reviews, evaluations of investments, recommendations as to the purchase and sale of investments, newspapers, magazines, pricing services, quotation services, news services and personal computers utilized by Putnam Management's managers and analysts. Where the services referred to above are not used exclusively by Putnam Management for research purposes, Putnam Management, based upon its own allocations of expected use, bears that portion of the cost of these services which directly relates to their non-research use. Some of these services are of value to Putnam Management and its affiliates in advising various of their clients (including the Fund), although not all of these services are necessarily useful and of value in managing the Fund. The management fee paid by the Fund is not reduced because Putnam Management and its affiliates receive these services even though Putnam Management might otherwise be required to purchase some of these services for cash.

Putnam Management places all orders for the purchase and sale of portfolio investments for the Fund and buys and sells investments for the Fund through a substantial number of brokers and dealers. In so doing, Putnam Management uses its best efforts to obtain for the Fund the most favorable price and execution available, except to the extent it may be permitted to pay higher brokerage commissions as described below. In seeking the most favorable price and execution, Putnam Management, having in mind the Fund's best interests, considers all factors it deems relevant, including, by way of illustration, price, the size of the transaction, the nature of the market for the security or other investment, the amount of the commission, the timing of the transaction taking into account market prices and trends, the reputation, experience and financial stability of the broker-dealer involved and the quality of service rendered by the broker-dealer in other transactions.

As permitted by Section 28(e) of the 1934 Act, and by the Management Contract, Putnam Management may cause the Fund to pay a broker-dealer which provides "brokerage and research services" (as defined in the 1934 Act) to Putnam Management an amount of disclosed commission for effecting securities transactions on stock exchanges and other transactions for the Fund on an agency basis in excess of the commission which another broker-dealer would have charged for effecting that transaction. Putnam

Management's authority to cause the Fund to pay any such greater commissions is also subject to such policies as the Trustees may adopt from time to time. Putnam Management does not currently intend to cause the Fund to make such payments. It is the position of the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission that Section 28(e) does not apply to the payment of such greater commissions in "principal" transactions. Accordingly Putnam Management will use its best effort to obtain the most favorable price and execution available with respect to such transactions, as described above.

The Management Contract provides that commissions, fees, brokerage or similar payments received by Putnam Management or an affiliate in connection with the purchase and sale of portfolio investments of the Fund, less any direct expenses approved by the Trustees, shall be recaptured by the Fund through a reduction of the fee payable by the Fund under the Management Contract. Putnam Management seeks to recapture for the Fund soliciting dealer fees on the tender of the Fund's portfolio securities in tender or exchange offers. Any such fees which may be recaptured are likely to be minor in amount.

Consistent with the Rules of Fair Practice of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and subject to seeking the most favorable price and execution available and such other policies as the Trustees may determine, Putnam Management may consider sales of shares of the Fund (and, if permitted by law, of the other Putnam funds) as a factor in the selection of broker-dealers to execute portfolio transactions for the Fund.

PRINCIPAL UNDERWRITER

Putnam Mutual Funds is the principal underwriter of shares of the Fund and the other continuously offered Putnam funds. Putnam Mutual Funds is not obligated to sell any specific amount of shares of the Fund and will purchase shares for resale only against orders for shares. SEE "FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES" IN PART I OF THIS STATEMENT FOR INFORMATION ON SALES CHARGES AND OTHER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY PUTNAM MUTUAL FUNDS.

INVESTOR SERVICING AGENT AND CUSTODIAN

Putnam Investor Services, a division of Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company, is the Fund's investor servicing agent (transfer, plan and dividend disbursing agent), for which it receives fees which are paid monthly by the Fund as an expense of all its shareholders. The fee paid to Putnam Investor Services is determined by the Trustees taking into account the number of shareholder accounts and transactions. Putnam Investor Services earned the DALBAR Quality Tested Service Seal in 1990, 1991 and 1992. Over 10,000 tests of 38 separate shareholders service components demonstrated that Putnam Investor Services exceeded the industry standard in all categories.

Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company ("PFTC") is the custodian of the Fund's assets. In carrying out its duties under its custodian contract, PFTC may employ one or more subcustodians whose responsibilities will include safeguarding and controlling the Fund's cash and securities, handling the receipt and delivery of securities and collecting interest and dividends on the Fund's investments. PFTC and any subcustodians employed by it have a lien on the securities of the Fund (to the extent permitted by the Fund's investment restrictions) to secure charges and any advances made by such subcustodians at the end of any day for the purpose of paying for securities purchased by the Fund. The Fund expects that such advances will exist only in unusual circumstances. Neither PFTC nor any subcustodian determines the investment policies of the Fund or decides which securities the Fund will buy or sell. PFTC pays the fees and other charges of any subcustodians employed by it. The Fund may from time to time pay custodial expenses in full or in part through the placement by Putnam Management of the Fund's portfolio transactions with the subcustodians or with a third-party broker having an agreement with the subcustodians. The Fund pays PFTC an annual fee based on the Fund's assets, securities transactions and

securities holdings and reimburses PFTC for certain out-of-pocket expenses incurred by it or any subcustodian employed by it in performing custodial services.

SEE "FUND CHARGES AND EXPENSES" IN PART I OF THIS STATEMENT FOR INFORMATION ON FEES AND REIMBURSEMENTS FOR INVESTOR SERVICING AND CUSTODY RECEIVED BY PFTC. THE FEES MAY BE REDUCED BY CREDITS ALLOWED BY PFTC.

DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The Fund determines net asset value per share of each class of shares once each day the New York Stock Exchange (the "Exchange") is open. Currently, the Exchange is closed Saturdays, Sundays and the following holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, the Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. The Fund determines net asset value as of the close of regular trading on the Exchange. However, equity options held by the Fund are priced as of the close of trading at 4:10 p.m., and futures contracts on U.S. Government securities and index options held by the Fund are priced as of their close of trading at 4:15 p.m.

Securities for which market quotations are readily available are valued at prices which, in the opinion of the Trustees or Putnam Management, most nearly represent the market values of such securities. Currently, such prices are determined using the last reported sale price or, if no sales are reported (as in the case of some securities traded over-the-counter), the last reported bid price, except that certain U.S. Government securities are stated at the mean between the last reported bid and asked prices. Short-term investments having remaining maturities of 60 days or less are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value. All other securities and assets are valued at their fair value following procedures approved by the Trustees. Liabilities are deducted from the total, and the resulting amount is divided by the number of shares of the class outstanding.

Reliable market quotations are not considered to be readily available for long-term corporate bonds and notes, certain preferred stocks, tax-exempt securities, or certain foreign securities. These investments are stated at fair value on the basis of valuations furnished by pricing services approved by the Trustees, which determine valuations for normal, institutional-size trading units of such securities using methods based on market transactions for comparable securities and various relationships between securities which are generally recognized by institutional traders.

If any securities held by a Fund are restricted as to resale, Putnam Management determines their fair value following procedures approved by the Trustees. The Trustees periodically review such valuations and procedures. The fair value of such securities is generally determined as the amount which the Fund could reasonably expect to realize from an orderly disposition of such securities over a reasonable period of time. The valuation procedures applied in any specific instance are likely to vary from case to case. However, consideration is generally given to the financial position of the issuer and other fundamental analytical data relating to the investment and to the nature of the restrictions on disposition of the securities (including any registration expenses that might be borne by the Fund in connection with such disposition). In addition, specific factors are also generally considered, such as the cost of the investment, the market value of any unrestricted securities of the same class (both at the time of purchase and at the time of valuation), the size of the holding, the prices of any recent transactions or offers with respect to such securities and any available analysts' reports regarding the issuer.

Generally, trading in certain securities (such as foreign securities) is substantially completed each day at various times prior to the close of the Exchange. The values of these securities used in determining the net asset value of the Fund's

shares are computed as of such times. Also, because of the amount of time required to collect and process trading information as to large numbers of securities issues, the values of certain securities (such as convertible bonds, U.S. Government securities, and tax-exempt securities) are determined based on market quotations collected earlier in the day at the latest practicable time prior to the close of the Exchange. Occasionally, events affecting the value of such securities may occur between such times and the close of the Exchange which will not be reflected in the computation of the Fund's net asset value. If events materially affecting the value of such securities occur during such period, then these securities will be valued at their fair value following procedures approved by the Trustees.

Money market funds generally value their portfolio securities at amortized cost according to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

HOW TO BUY SHARES

GENERAL

Certain Putnam funds are sold with a sales charge payable at the time of purchase of Fund shares ("Front-End Load Funds"). Many Putnam funds may offer two classes of shares:

-- Class A shares sold with a sales charge payable at the time of purchase (in the case of purchases of \$1,000,000 or more with a contingent deferred sales charge) ("Class A shares"); or

-- Class B shares sold subject to a contingent deferred sales charge payable upon redemption within a specified period after purchase ("Class B shares")

Money Market Funds are generally sold without any sales charge.

The Prospectus contains a general description of how investors may buy shares of the Fund, as well as a table of applicable sales charges for Class A shares or contingent deferred sales charges for Class B shares. (As used in this Statement and unless the context requires otherwise, the term "Class A shares" includes shares of Front-End Load Funds that offer only one class of shares.) This Statement contains additional information which may be of interest to investors. For information about how to purchase Class A shares of a Putnam fund at net asset value through an employer's defined contribution plan, please consult your employer.

The Fund is currently making a continuous offering of its shares. The Fund receives the entire net asset value of shares sold. The Fund will accept unconditional orders for shares to be executed at the public offering price based on the net asset value per share next determined after the order is placed. In the case of Class A shares, the public offering price is the net asset value plus the applicable sales charge, if any. No sales charge is included in the public offering price of Class B shares. In the case of orders for purchase of shares placed through dealers, the public offering price will be based on the net asset value determined on the day the order is placed, but only if the dealer receives the order before the close of regular trading on the Exchange. If the dealer receives the order after the close of the Exchange, the price will be based on the net asset value next determined. If funds for the purchase of shares are sent directly to Putnam Investor Services, they will be invested at the public offering price based on the net asset value next determined after receipt. Payment for shares of the Fund must be in U.S. dollars; if made by check, the check must be drawn on a U.S. bank.

Initial and subsequent purchases must satisfy the minimums stated in the Prospectus, except that (i) individual investments under certain employee benefit plans or Tax Qualified Retirement

Plans may be lower, (ii) persons who are already shareholders may make additional purchases of \$50 or more by sending funds directly to Putnam Investor Services (see "Your Investing Account" below), and (iii) for investors participating in systematic investment plans and military allotment plans, the initial and subsequent purchases must be \$25 or more. Information about these plans is available from investment dealers or from Putnam Mutual Funds.

As a convenience to investors, shares may be purchased through a systematic investment plan. Preauthorized monthly bank drafts for a fixed amount (at least \$25) are used to purchase Fund shares at the applicable public offering price next determined after Putnam Mutual Funds receives the proceeds from the draft (normally the 20th of each month, or the next business day thereafter). Further information and application forms are available from investment dealers or from Putnam Mutual Funds.

Except as described below, distributions to be reinvested are reinvested without a sales charge in shares of the same class as of the ex-dividend date using the net asset value determined on that date, and are credited to a shareholder's account on the payment date. Distributions for Putnam Tax Exempt Income Fund, Putnam Arizona Tax Exempt Income Fund, Putnam California Tax Exempt Income Fund, Putnam Municipal Income Fund, Putnam Florida Tax Exempt Income Fund, Putnam Massachusetts Tax Exempt Income Fund II, Putnam Michigan Tax Exempt Income Fund II, Putnam Minnesota Tax Exempt Income Fund II, Putnam New Jersey Tax Exempt Income Fund, Putnam New York Tax Exempt Income Fund, Putnam New York Tax Exempt Opportunities Fund, Putnam Ohio Tax Exempt Income Fund II, Putnam Pennsylvania Tax Exempt Income Fund and Putnam Texas Tax Exempt Income Fund are reinvested without a sales charge as of the next day following the period for which distributions are paid using the net asset value determined on that date, and are credited to a shareholder's account on the payment date. Distributions for Putnam Tax-Free Income Trust and Putnam Corporate Asset Trust are reinvested without a sales charge as of the last day of the period for which distributions are paid using the net asset value determined on that date, and are credited to a shareholder's account on the payment date. Dividends for Putnam money market funds are credited to a shareholder's account on the payment date.

PAYMENT IN SECURITIES. In addition to cash, the Fund may accept securities as payment for Fund shares at the applicable net asset value. Generally, the Fund will only consider accepting securities to increase its holdings in a portfolio security, or if Putnam Management determines that the offered securities are a suitable investment for the Fund and in a sufficient amount for efficient management.

While no minimum has been established, it is expected that the Fund would not accept securities with a value of less than \$100,000 per issue as payment for shares. The Fund may reject in whole or in part any or all offers to pay for purchases of Fund shares with securities, may require partial payment in cash for such purchases to provide funds for applicable sales charges, and may discontinue accepting securities as payment for Fund shares at any time without notice. The Fund will value accepted securities in the manner described in the section "Determination of Net Asset Value" for valuing shares of the Fund. The Fund will only accept securities which are delivered in proper form. The Fund will not accept options or restricted securities as payment for shares. The acceptance of securities by the Fund in exchange for Fund shares must comply with applicable regulations of certain states. In addition, Putnam Global Governmental Income Trust may accept only investment grade bonds with prices regularly stated in publications generally accepted by investors, such as the London Financial Times and the Association of International Bond Dealers manual, or securities listed on the New York or American Stock Exchanges or with NASDAQ, and Putnam Diversified Income Trust may accept only bonds with prices regularly stated in publications generally accepted by investors. For federal income tax purposes, a purchase of Fund shares with securities will be treated as a sale or exchange of such

securities on which the investor will realize a taxable gain or loss. The processing of a purchase of Fund shares with securities involves certain delays while the Fund considers the suitability of such securities and while other requirements are satisfied. For information regarding procedures for payment in securities, contact Putnam Mutual Funds. Investors should not send securities to the Fund except when authorized to do so and in accordance with specific instructions received from Putnam Mutual Funds.

SALES WITHOUT SALES CHARGES OR CONTINGENT DEFERRED SALES CHARGES. The Fund may sell shares without a sales charge or contingent deferred sales charge to:

(i) current and retired Trustees of the Fund; officers of the Fund; directors and current and retired U.S. full-time employees of Putnam Management, Putnam Mutual Funds, their parent corporations and certain corporate affiliates; family members of and employee benefit plans for the foregoing; and partnerships, trusts or other entities in which any of the foregoing has a substantial interest;

(ii) employee benefit plans, for the repurchase of shares in connection with repayment of plan loans made to plan participants (if the sum loaned was obtained by redeeming shares of a Putnam fund sold with a sales charge) (not offered by tax-exempt funds);

(iii) clients of administrators of tax-qualified employee benefit plans which have entered into agreements with Putnam Mutual Funds (not offered by tax-exempt funds);

(iv) registered representatives and other employees of broker-dealers having sales agreements with Putnam Mutual Funds; employees of financial institutions having sales agreements with Putnam Mutual Funds or otherwise having an arrangement with any such broker-dealer or financial institution with respect to sales of Fund shares; and their spouses and children under age 21 (Putnam Mutual Funds is regarded as the dealer of record for all such accounts);

(v) investors meeting certain requirements who sold shares of certain Putnam closed-end funds pursuant to a tender offer by such closed-end fund;

(vi) a trust department of any financial institution purchasing shares of the Fund in its capacity as trustee of any trust, if the value of the shares of the Fund and other Putnam funds purchased or held by all such trusts exceeds \$1 million in the aggregate; and

(vii) "wrap accounts" maintained for clients of financial planners who have entered into agreements with Putnam Mutual Funds with respect to such accounts.

In addition, the Fund may issue its shares at net asset value or more in connection with the acquisition of substantially all of the securities owned by other investment companies or personal holding companies.

PAYMENTS TO DEALERS. Putnam Mutual Funds may, at its expense, pay concessions in addition to the payments disclosed in the Prospectus to dealers which satisfy certain criteria established from time to time by Putnam Mutual Funds relating to increasing net sales of shares of the Putnam funds over prior periods, and certain other factors.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT CLASS A SHARES

The underwriter's commission is the sales charge shown in the Prospectus less any applicable dealer discount. The dealer discount is the same for all dealers, except that Putnam Mutual Funds retains the entire sales charge on any retail sales made by it. Putnam Mutual Funds will give dealers ten days' notice of

any changes in the dealer discount.

Putnam Mutual Funds offers several plans by which an investor may obtain reduced sales charges on purchases of Class A shares. The variations in sales charges reflect the varying efforts required to sell shares to separate classes of purchasers. These plans may be altered or discontinued at any time.

COMBINED PURCHASE PRIVILEGE. The following persons may qualify for the sales charge reductions or eliminations shown in the Prospectus by combining purchases of Class A and Class B shares into a single transaction:

(i) an individual, or a "company" as defined in Section 2(a)(8) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (which includes corporations which are corporate affiliates of each other);

(ii) an individual, his or her spouse and their children under twenty-one, purchasing for his, her or their own account;

(iii) a trustee or other fiduciary purchasing for a single trust estate or single fiduciary account (including a pension, profit-sharing, or other employee benefit trust created pursuant to a plan qualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code);

(iv) tax-exempt organizations qualifying under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (not including 403(b) plans); and

(v) employee benefit plans of a single employer or of affiliated employers, other than 403(b) plans.

A combined purchase currently may also include shares of other continuously offered Putnam funds (other than money market funds) purchased at the same time through a single investment dealer, if the dealer places the order for such shares directly with Putnam Mutual Funds.

CUMULATIVE QUANTITY DISCOUNT (RIGHT OF ACCUMULATION). A purchaser of Class A shares may qualify for a cumulative quantity discount by combining a current purchase (or combined purchases as described above) with certain other shares of the Putnam funds already owned. The applicable sales charge is based on the total of:

(i) the investor's current purchase; and

(ii) the maximum public offering price (at the close of business on the previous day) of:

(a) all shares held by the investor in all of the Putnam funds (except money market funds); and

(b) any shares of money market funds acquired by exchange from other Putnam funds; and

(iii) the maximum public offering price of all shares described in paragraph (ii) owned by another shareholder eligible to participate with the investor in a "combined purchase" (see above).

To qualify for the combined purchase privilege or to obtain the cumulative quantity discount on a purchase through an investment dealer, when each purchase is made the investor or dealer must provide Putnam Mutual Funds with sufficient information to verify that the purchase qualifies for the privilege or discount. The shareholder must furnish this information to Putnam Investor Services when making direct cash investments.

STATEMENT OF INTENTION. Investors may also obtain the

reduced sales charges for Class A shares shown in the Prospectus for investments of a particular amount by means of a written Statement of Intention, which expresses the investor's intention to invest that amount (including certain "credits," as described below) within a period of 13 months in Class A or B shares of the Fund or in Class A or B shares of any other continuously offered Putnam fund (excluding money market funds). Each purchase of Class A shares under a Statement of Intention will be made at the public offering price applicable at the time of such purchase to a single transaction of the total dollar amount indicated in the Statement. A Statement of Intention may include purchases of Class A or B shares made not more than 90 days prior to the date that an investor signs a Statement; however, the 13-month period during which the Statement is in effect will begin on the date of the earliest purchase to be included.

An investor may receive a credit toward the amount indicated in the Statement equal to the maximum public offering price as of the close of business on the previous day of all Class A or B shares he or she owns on the date of the Statement which are eligible for purchase under a Statement (plus any Class A or B shares of money market funds acquired by exchange of such eligible shares). Investors do not receive credit for shares purchased by the reinvestment of distributions. Investors qualifying for the "combined purchase privilege" (see above) may purchase shares under a single Statement of Intention.

The Statement of Intention is not a binding obligation upon the investor to purchase the full amount indicated. The minimum initial investment under a Statement of Intention is 5% of such amount, and must be invested immediately. Class A shares purchased with the first 5% of such amount will be held in escrow to secure payment of the higher sales charge applicable to the shares actually purchased if the full amount indicated is not purchased. When the full amount indicated has been purchased, the escrow will be released at such time. If an investor desires to redeem escrowed shares before the full amount has not been purchased, the shares will be released from escrow only if the investor pays the sales charge that, without regard to the Statement of Intention, would apply to the total investment made to date.

To the extent that an investor purchases more than the dollar amount indicated on the Statement of Intention and qualifies for a further reduced sales charge, the sales charge will be adjusted for the entire amount purchased at the end of the 13-month period, upon recovery from the investor's dealer of its portion of the sales charge adjustment. Once received from the dealer, which may take a period of time and may never occur, the sales charge adjustment will be used to purchase additional shares at the then current offering price applicable to the actual amount of the aggregate purchases. These additional shares will not be considered as part of the total investment for the purpose of determining the applicable sales charge pursuant to the Statement of Intention. No sales charge adjustment will be made unless and until the investor's dealer returns any excess commissions previously received.

To the extent that an investor purchases less than the dollar amount indicated on the Statement of Intention within the 13-month period, the sales charge will be adjusted upward for the entire amount purchased at the end of the 13-month period. This adjustment will be made by redeeming shares from the account to cover the additional sales charge, the proceeds of which will be paid to the investor's dealer and Putnam Mutual Funds Corp. in accordance with the Prospectus. If the account exceeds an amount that would otherwise qualify for a reduced sales charge, that reduced sales charge will be applied.

Statements of Intention are not available for certain employee benefit plans.

Statement of Intention forms may be obtained from Putnam Mutual Funds or from investment dealers. Interested investors should read the Statement of Intention carefully.

REDUCED SALES CHARGE FOR GROUP PURCHASES. Members of qualified groups may purchase Class A shares of the Fund at a group sales charge rate of 4.5% of the public offering price (4.71% of the net amount invested). The dealer discount on such sales is 3.75% of the offering price.

To receive the group rate, group members must purchase Class A shares through a single investment dealer designated by the group. The designated dealer must transmit each member's initial purchase to Putnam Mutual Funds, together with payment and completed application forms. After the initial purchase, a member may send funds for the purchase of Class A shares directly to Putnam Investor Services. Purchases of Class A shares are made at the public offering price based on the net asset value next determined after Putnam Mutual Funds or Putnam Investor Services receives payment for the shares. The minimum investment requirements described above apply to purchases by any group member. Class B shares are not included in calculating the purchased amount.

Qualified groups include the employees of a corporation or a sole proprietorship, members and employees of a partnership or association, or other organized groups of persons (the members of which may include other qualified groups) provided that: (i) the group has at least 25 members of which at least ten members participate in the initial purchase; (ii) the group has been in existence for at least six months; (iii) the group has some purpose in addition to the purchase of investment company shares at a reduced sales charge; (iv) the group's sole organizational nexus or connection is not that the members are credit card holders of a company, policy holders of an insurance company, customers of a bank or broker-dealer, clients of an investment adviser or security holders of a company; (v) the group agrees to provide its designated investment dealer access to the group's membership by means of written communication or direct presentation to the membership at a meeting on not less frequently than an annual basis; (vi) the group or its investment dealer will provide annual certification in form satisfactory to Putnam Investor Services that the group then has at least 25 members and that at least ten members participated in group purchases during the immediately preceding 12 calendar months; and (vii) the group or its investment dealer will provide periodic certification in form satisfactory to Putnam Investor Services as to the eligibility of the purchasing members of the group.

Members of a qualified group include: (i) any group which meets the requirements stated above and which is a constituent member of a qualified group; (ii) any individual purchasing for his or her own account who is carried on the records of the group or on the records of any constituent member of the group as being a good standing employee, partner, member or person of like status of the group or constituent member; or (iii) any fiduciary purchasing shares for the account of a member of a qualified group or a member's beneficiary. For example, a qualified group could consist of a trade association which would have as its members individuals, sole proprietors, partnerships and corporations. The members of the group would then consist of the individuals, the sole proprietors and their employees, the members of the partnerships and their employees, and the corporations and their employees, as well as the trustees of employee benefit trusts acquiring Class A shares for the benefit of any of the foregoing.

A member of a qualified group may, depending upon the value of Class A shares of the Fund owned or proposed to be purchased by the member, be entitled to purchase Class A shares of the Fund at non-group sales charge rates shown in the Prospectus which may be lower than the group sales charge rate, if the member qualifies as a person entitled to reduced non-group sales charges. Such a group member will be entitled to purchase at the lower rate if, at the time of purchase, the member or his or her investment dealer furnishes sufficient information for Putnam Mutual Funds or Putnam Investor Services to verify that

the purchase qualifies for the lower rate.

Interested groups should contact their investment dealer or Putnam Mutual Funds. The Fund reserves the right to revise the terms of or to suspend or discontinue group sales at any time.

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS; INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNT PLANS. The term "employee benefit plan" means any plan or arrangement, whether or not tax-qualified, which provides for the purchase of Class A shares. The term "affiliated employer" means employers who are affiliated with each other within the meaning of Section 2(a)(3)(C) of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The term "individual account plan" means any employee benefit plan whereby (i) Class A shares are purchased through payroll deductions or otherwise by a fiduciary or other person for the account of participants who are employees (or their spouses) of an employer, or of affiliated employers, and (ii) a separate Investing Account is maintained in the name of such fiduciary or other person for the account of each participant in the plan.

The table of sales charges in the Prospectus applies to sales to employee benefit plans, except that the Fund may sell Class A shares at net asset value to employee benefit plans, including individual account plans, of employers or of affiliated employers which have at least 750 employees to whom such plan is made available, in connection with a payroll deduction system of plan funding (or other system acceptable to Putnam Investor Services) by which contributions or account information for plan participation are transmitted to Putnam Investor Services by methods acceptable to Putnam Investor Services. The Fund may also sell Class A shares at net asset value to employee benefit plans of employers or of affiliated employers which have at least 750 employees, if such plans are qualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code. Class B shares are not offered to employee benefit plans.

Additional information about employee benefit plans and individual account plans is available from investment dealers or from Putnam Mutual Funds.

CONTINGENT DEFERRED SALES CHARGES. (Except as provided under "All Shares Subject to a CDSC", this section does not apply to money market funds.)

CLASS A SHARES. The Fund exempts all purchases of \$1 million or more of Class A shares from all front-end sales charges. Putnam Mutual Funds pays out of its own assets to investment dealers of record commissions at the following rates on any such sales, including purchases pursuant to any Combined Purchase Privilege, Right of Accumulation or Statement of Intention: (1) for purchases of at least \$1,000,000 but less than \$2,500,000, at the rate of 1.00%; (2) for purchases of at least \$2,500,000 but less than \$5,000,000, at the rate of 0.50%; and (3) for purchases of \$5,000,000 or more, at the rate of 0.25%.

Shareholders will be charged a contingent deferred sales charge ("Class A CDSC") if certain of those shares are redeemed within a certain period of time after their purchase, the amount of which will vary depending upon the amount invested. The applicable Class A CDSC and period after purchase during which it is imposed are described in the following table:

Amount of transaction at offering price	Applicable CDSC	Period after purchase during which CDSC applies
-----	-----	-----
\$1,000,000 but less than \$2,500,000	1.00%	2 years
2,500,000 but less than 5,000,000	0.50%	1 year
5,000,000 and over	0.25%	1 year

The Class A CDSC is imposed on the lower of the cost and the current net asset value of the shares redeemed.

Shares of the Fund sold without a sales charge through defined contribution plans are not subject to the contingent deferred sales charge. Putnam Mutual Funds may make payments out of its own assets to certain brokers and financial consultants in connection with purchases of shares of the Fund at net asset value by such plans, subject to the right of Putnam Mutual Funds to reclaim such payments if such shares are redeemed. The payments will be made by Putnam Mutual Funds as follows: (1) for purchases of at least \$1,000,000 but less than \$2,500,000, at the rate of 1.00%, subject to reclaim if the shares are redeemed within two years; (2) for purchases of at least \$2,500,000 but less than \$5,000,000, at the rate of 0.50%, subject to reclaim if the shares are redeemed within one year; and (3) for purchases of \$5,000,000 or more, at a rate of up to 0.25%, subject to reclaim if the shares are redeemed within one year. For the purpose of these payments, Putnam Mutual Funds will treat plans that are purchasing shares of the Fund in an amount less than \$1,000,000 but that are sponsored by employers with more than 750 employees as if they were plans purchasing shares of the Fund in an amount of at least \$1,000,000 but less than \$2,500,000.

ALL SHARES SUBJECT TO A CDSC. No CDSC is imposed on any shares subject to a CDSC ("CDSC Shares") to the extent that the CDSC Shares redeemed (i) are no longer subject to the holding period therefor, (ii) resulted from reinvestment of distributions on CDSC Shares, or (iii) were exchanged for shares of another Putnam fund, provided that the shares acquired in such exchange or subsequent exchanges (including shares of a Putnam money market fund) will continue to remain subject to the CDSC, if applicable, until the applicable holding period expires.

In determining whether the CDSC applies to each redemption of CDSC Shares, CDSC Shares no longer subject to a CDSC and CDSC Shares representing reinvestment of distributions are redeemed first.

The Fund will waive any CDSC on redemptions, in the case of individual or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act accounts, in case of death or disability or for the purpose of paying benefits pursuant to tax-qualified retirement plans. Such payments currently include, without limitation, (1) distributions from a Custodial Account under section 403(b)(7) (a "403(b) plan") of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), or an IRA due to death or disability, or following attainment of age 59 1/2, (2) a return of excess contributions to an IRA or 401(k) plan, and (3) distributions from retirement plans qualified under Code section 401(a) due to death, disability or retirement after age 59 1/2. These waivers may be changed at any time.

DISTRIBUTION PLAN

If the Fund or a class of shares of the Fund has adopted a Distribution Plan, the Prospectus describes the principal features of the Plan. This Statement contains additional information which may be of interest to investors.

Continuance of a Plan is subject to annual approval by a vote of the Trustees, including a majority of the Trustees who are not interested persons of the Fund and who have no direct or indirect interest in the Plan or related arrangements (the "Qualified Trustees"), cast in person at a meeting called for that purpose. All material amendments to a Plan must be likewise approved by the Trustees and the Qualified Trustees. No Plan may be amended in order to increase materially the costs which the Fund may bear for distribution pursuant to such Plan without also being approved by a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund or the relevant class of the Fund, as the case may be. A Plan terminates automatically in the event of its assignment and may be terminated without penalty, at any time, by a vote of a majority of the Qualified Trustees or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund or the relevant class of the Fund, as the case may be.

If Plan payments are made to reimburse Putnam Mutual Funds

for payments to dealers based on the average net asset value of Fund shares attributable to shareholders for whom the dealers are designated as the dealer of record, "average net asset value" attributable to a shareholder account means the product of (i) the Fund's average daily share balance of the account and (ii) the Fund's average daily net asset value per share (or the average daily net asset value per share of the class, if applicable). For administrative reasons, Putnam Mutual Funds may enter into agreements with certain dealers providing for the calculation of "average net asset value" on the basis of assets of the accounts of the dealer's customers on an established day in each quarter.

INVESTOR SERVICES

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Each time shareholders buy or sell shares, they will receive a statement confirming the transaction and listing their current share balance. (Under certain investment plans, a statement may only be sent quarterly.) Shareholders will receive a statement confirming reinvestment of distributions in additional Fund shares (or in shares of other Putnam funds for Dividends Plus accounts) promptly following the quarter in which the reinvestment occurs. To help shareholders take full advantage of their Putnam investment, they will receive a Welcome Kit and a periodic publication covering many topics of interest to investors. The Fund also sends annual and semiannual reports that keep shareholders informed about its portfolio and performance, and year-end tax information to simplify their recordkeeping. Easy-to-read, free booklets on special subjects such as the Exchange Privilege and IRAs are available from Putnam Investor Services. Shareholders may call Putnam Investor Services toll-free weekdays at 1-800-225-1581 between 8:30 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. Boston time for more information, including account balances.

YOUR INVESTING ACCOUNT

The following information provides more detail concerning the operation of a Putnam Investing Account. For further information or assistance, investors should consult Putnam Investor Services. Shareholders who purchase shares through a defined contribution plan should note that not all of the services or features described below may be available to them, and they should contact their employer for details.

A shareholder may reinvest a recent cash distribution without a front-end sales charge or without the reinvested shares being subject to a CDSC, as the case may be, by delivering to Putnam Investor Services the uncashed distribution check, endorsed to the order of the Fund. Putnam Investor Services must receive the properly endorsed check within 30 days after the date of the check. Upon written notice to shareholders, the Fund may permit shareholders who receive cash distributions to reinvest amounts representing returns of capital without a sales charge or without being subject to the CDSC.

The Investing Account also provides a way to accumulate shares of the Fund. In most cases, after an initial investment of \$500, a shareholder may send checks to Putnam Investor Services for \$50 or more, made payable to the Fund, to purchase additional shares at the applicable public offering price next determined after Putnam Investor Services receives the check. For Putnam Corporate Asset Trust, the minimum initial investment is \$25,000 and the minimum subsequent investment is \$5,000. Checks must be drawn on a U.S. bank and must be payable in U.S. dollars.

Putnam Investor Services acts as the shareholder's agent whenever it receives instructions to carry out a transaction on the shareholder's account. Upon receipt of instructions that shares are to be purchased for a shareholder's account, shares will be purchased through the investment dealer designated by the shareholder. Shareholders may change investment dealers at any

time by written notice to Putnam Investor Services, provided the new dealer has a sales agreement with Putnam Mutual Funds.

Shares credited to an account are transferable upon written instructions in good order to Putnam Investor Services and may be sold to the Fund as described under "How to buy shares, sell shares and exchange shares" in the Prospectus. Money market funds and certain other funds will not issue share certificates. A shareholder may send any certificates which have been previously issued to Putnam Investor Services for safekeeping at no charge to the shareholder.

Putnam Mutual Funds, at its expense, may provide certain additional reports and administrative material to qualifying institutional investors with fiduciary responsibilities to assist these investors in discharging their responsibilities. Institutions seeking further information about this service should contact Putnam Mutual Funds, which may modify or terminate this service at any time.

Putnam Investor Services may make special services available to shareholders with investments exceeding \$1,000,000. Contact Putnam Investor Services for details.

The Fund pays Putnam Investor Services' fees for maintaining Investing Accounts.

REINSTATEMENT PRIVILEGE

CLASS A SHARES

An investor who has sold shares to the Fund may reinvest (within 90 days) the proceeds of such sale in shares of the Fund, or may be able to reinvest (within 90 days) the proceeds in shares of the other continuously offered Putnam funds (through the Exchange Privilege described in the Prospectus and below). Any such reinvestment would be at the net asset value of the shares of the fund(s) the investor selects, next determined after Putnam Mutual Funds receives a Reinstatement Authorization and will not be subject to any sales charge, including a contingent deferred sales charge.

CLASS B SHARES

An investor who has sold Class B shares to the Fund may reinvest (within 90 days) the proceeds of such sale in Class B shares of the Fund, or may be able to reinvest (within 90 days) the proceeds in Class B shares of other Putnam funds (through the Exchange Privilege described in the Prospectus and below). Upon such reinvestment, the investor would receive Class B shares at the net asset value next determined after Putnam Mutual Funds receives a Reinstatement Authorization subject to the applicable contingent deferred sales charge calculated for this purpose using the date of the original purchase.

ALL SHARES

Exercise of the Reinstatement Privilege does not alter the federal income tax treatment of any capital gains realized on a sale of Fund shares, but to the extent that any shares are sold at a loss and the proceeds are reinvested in shares of the Fund, some or all of the loss may be disallowed as a deduction. Consult your tax adviser.

Investors who desire to exercise this Privilege should contact their investment dealer or Putnam Investor Services.

EXCHANGE PRIVILEGE

Except as otherwise set forth in this section, by calling Putnam Investor Services, investors may exchange shares valued up to \$500,000 between accounts with identical registrations, provided that no certificates are outstanding for such shares and no address change has been made within the preceding 15 days. During periods of unusual market changes and shareholder

activity, shareholders may experience delays in contacting Putnam Investor Services by telephone to exercise the Telephone Exchange Privilege.

Putnam Investor Services also makes exchanges promptly after receiving a properly completed Exchange Authorization Form and, if issued, share certificates. If the shareholder is a corporation, partnership, agent, or surviving joint owner, Putnam Investor Services will require additional documentation of a customary nature. Because an exchange of shares involves the redemption of Fund shares and reinvestment of the proceeds in shares of another Putnam fund, completion of an exchange may be delayed under unusual circumstances if the Fund were to suspend redemptions or postpone payment for the Fund shares being exchanged, in accordance with federal securities laws. Exchange Authorization Forms and prospectuses of the other Putnam funds are available from Putnam Mutual Funds or investment dealers having sales contracts with Putnam Mutual Funds. The prospectus of each fund describes its investment objective(s) and policies, and shareholders should obtain a prospectus and consider these objectives and policies carefully before requesting an exchange. Shares of certain Putnam funds are not available to residents of all states. The Fund reserves the right to change or suspend the Exchange Privilege at any time. Shareholders would be notified of any change or suspension. Additional information is available from Putnam Investor Services.

Shares of the Fund must be held at least 15 days by the shareholder desiring an exchange. There is no holding period if the shareholder acquired the shares to be exchanged through reinvestment of distributions, transfer from another shareholder, prior exchange or certain employer-sponsored defined contribution plans. In all cases, the shares to be exchanged must be registered on the records of the Fund in the name of the shareholder desiring the exchange.

Shareholders of other Putnam funds may also exchange their shares at net asset value for shares of the Fund, as set forth in the current prospectus of each fund.

For federal income tax purposes, an exchange is a sale on which the investor generally will realize a capital gain or loss depending on whether the net asset value at the time of the exchange is more or less than the investor's cost. The Exchange Privilege may be revised or terminated at any time. Shareholders would be notified of any such change or suspension.

DIVIDENDS PLUS

Shareholders may invest the Fund's distributions of net investment income or distributions combining net investment income and short-term capital gains in shares of the same class of another continuously offered Putnam fund (the "receiving fund") using the net asset value per share of the receiving fund determined on the date the Fund's distribution is payable. No sales charge or contingent deferred sales charge will apply to the purchased shares unless the Fund is a money market fund. The prospectus of each fund describes its investment objective(s) and policies, and shareholders should obtain a prospectus and consider these objective(s) and policies carefully before investing their distributions in the receiving fund. Shares of certain Putnam funds are not available to residents of all states.

The minimum account size requirement for the receiving fund will not apply if the current value of your account in this Fund is more than \$5,000.

Shareholders of other Putnam funds (except for money market funds, whose shareholders must pay a sales charge or become subject to a contingent deferred sales charge) may also use their distributions to purchase shares of the Fund at net asset value.

For federal tax purposes, distributions from the Fund

which are reinvested in another fund are treated as paid by the Fund to the shareholder and invested by the shareholder in the receiving fund and thus, to the extent comprised of taxable income and deemed paid to a taxable shareholder, are taxable.

The Dividends PLUS program may be revised or terminated at any time.

PLANS AVAILABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Plans described below are fully voluntary and may be terminated at any time without the imposition by the Fund or Putnam Investor Services of any penalty. All Plans provide for automatic reinvestment of all distributions in additional shares of the Fund at net asset value. The Fund, Putnam Mutual Funds or Putnam Investor Services may modify or cease offering these Plans at any time.

AUTOMATIC CASH WITHDRAWAL PLAN. An investor who owns or buys shares of the Fund valued at \$10,000 or more at the current public offering price may open a Withdrawal Plan and have a designated sum of money (\$50 or more) paid monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually to the investor or another person. (Payments from the Fund can be combined with payments from other Putnam funds into a single check through a Designated Payment Plan.) Shares are deposited in a Plan account, and all distributions are reinvested in additional shares of the Fund at net asset value (except where the Plan is utilized in connection with a charitable remainder trust). Shares in a Plan account are then redeemed at net asset value to make each withdrawal payment. Payment will be made to any person the investor designates; however, if shares are registered in the name of a trustee or other fiduciary, payment will be made only to the fiduciary, except in the case of a profit-sharing or pension plan where payment will be made to a designee. As withdrawal payments may include a return of principal, they cannot be considered a guaranteed annuity or actual yield of income to the investor. The redemption of shares in connection with a Withdrawal Plan generally will result in a gain or loss for tax purposes. Some or all of the losses realized upon redemption may be disallowed pursuant to the so-called wash sale rules if shares of the same fund from which shares were redeemed are purchased (including through the reinvestment of fund distributions) within a period beginning 30 days before, and ending 30 days after, such redemption. In such a case, the basis of the replacement shares will be increased to reflect the disallowed loss. Continued withdrawals in excess of income will reduce and possibly exhaust invested principal, especially in the event of a market decline. The maintenance of a Withdrawal Plan concurrently with purchases of additional shares of the Fund would be disadvantageous to the investor because of the sales charge payable on such purchases. For this reason, the minimum investment accepted while a Withdrawal Plan is in effect is \$1,000, and an investor may not maintain a Plan for the accumulation of shares of the Fund (other than through reinvestment of distributions) and a Withdrawal Plan at the same time. The cost of administering these Plans for the benefit of those shareholders participating in them is borne by the Fund as an expense of all shareholders. The Fund, Putnam Mutual Funds or Putnam Investor Services may terminate or change the terms of the Withdrawal Plan at any time. A Withdrawal Plan will be terminated if communications mailed to the shareholder are returned as undeliverable.

Investors should consider carefully with their own financial advisers whether the Plan and the specified amounts to be withdrawn are appropriate in their circumstances. The Fund and Putnam Investor Services make no recommendations or representations in this regard.

TAX QUALIFIED RETIREMENT PLANS; 403(B) AND SEP PLANS.
(NOT OFFERED BY FUNDS INVESTING PRIMARILY IN TAX-EXEMPT SECURITIES.) Investors may purchase shares of the Fund through the following Tax Qualified Retirement Plans, available to qualified individuals or organizations:

Standard and variable profit-sharing (including 401(k)) and money purchase pension plans; and

Individual Retirement Account Plans (IRAs).

Each of these Plans has been qualified as a prototype plan by the Internal Revenue Service. Putnam Investor Services will furnish services under each plan at a specified annual cost. Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company serves as trustee under each of these Plans.

Forms and further information on these Plans are available from investment dealers or from Putnam Mutual Funds. In addition, specialized professional plan administration services are available on an optional basis; contact Putnam Defined Contribution Plan Services at 1-800-225-2465, extension 8600.

A 403(b) Retirement Plan is available for employees of public school systems and organizations which meet the requirements of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Forms and further information on the 403(b) Plan are also available from investment dealers or from Putnam Mutual Funds. Shares of the Fund may also be used in simplified employee pension (SEP) plans. For further information on the Putnam prototype SEP plan, contact an investment dealer or Putnam Mutual Funds.

Consultation with a competent financial and tax adviser regarding these Plans and consideration of the suitability of Fund shares as an investment under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 or otherwise is recommended.

SIGNATURE GUARANTEES

Redemption requests for shares having a net asset value of \$100,000 or more must be signed by the registered owners or their legal representatives and must be guaranteed by a bank, broker/dealer, municipal securities dealer or broker, government securities dealer or broker, credit union, national securities exchange, registered securities association, clearing agency, savings association or trust company, provided such institution is acceptable under and conforms with Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company's signature guarantee procedures. A copy of such procedures is available upon request. If you want your redemption proceeds sent to an address other than your address as it appears on Putnam's records, you must provide a signature guarantee. Putnam Investor Services usually requires additional documentation for the sale of shares by a corporation, partnership, agent or fiduciary, or a surviving joint owner. Contact Putnam Investor Services for details.

SUSPENSION OF REDEMPTIONS

The Fund may not suspend shareholders' right of redemption, or postpone payment for more than seven days, unless the New York Stock Exchange is closed for other than customary weekends or holidays, or if permitted by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission during periods when trading on the Exchange is restricted or during any emergency which makes it impracticable for the Fund to dispose of its securities or to determine fairly the value of its net assets, or during any other period permitted by order of the Commission for protection of investors.

SHAREHOLDER LIABILITY

Under Massachusetts law, shareholders could, under certain circumstances, be held personally liable for the obligations of the Fund. However, the Agreement and Declaration of Trust disclaims shareholder liability for acts or obligations of the Fund and requires that notice of such disclaimer be given in each agreement, obligation, or instrument entered into or executed by the Fund or the Trustees. The Agreement and Declaration of Trust provides for indemnification out of Fund property for all loss and expense of any shareholder held personally liable for the

obligations of the Fund. Thus, the risk of a shareholder incurring financial loss on account of shareholder liability is limited to circumstances in which the Fund would be unable to meet its obligations. The likelihood of such circumstances is remote.

STANDARD PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Yield and total return data for the Fund may from time to time be presented in Part I of this Statement and in advertisements. In the case of funds with more than one class of shares, all performance information is calculated separately for each class. The data is calculated as follows.

Total return for one-, five- and ten-year periods (or for such shorter periods as the Fund has been in operation or shares of the relevant class have been outstanding) is determined by calculating the actual dollar amount of investment return on a \$1,000 investment in the Fund made at the maximum public offering price for Class A shares and net asset value for Class B shares at the beginning of the period, and then calculating the annual compounded rate of return which would produce that amount. Total return for a period of one year is equal to the actual return of the Fund during that period. Total return calculations assume deduction of the Fund's maximum sales charge or contingent deferred sales charge, if applicable, and reinvestment of all Fund distributions at net asset value on their respective reinvestment dates.

The Fund's yield is presented for a specified thirty-day period (the "base period"). Yield is based on the amount determined by (i) calculating the aggregate amount of dividends and interest earned by the Fund during the base period less expenses accrued for that period, and (ii) dividing that amount by the product of (A) the average daily number of shares of the Fund outstanding during the base period and entitled to receive dividends and (B) the per share maximum public offering price for Class A shares and net asset value for Class B shares on the last day of the base period. The result is annualized on a compounding basis to determine the yield. For this calculation, interest earned on debt obligations held by the Fund is generally calculated using the yield to maturity (or first expected call date) of such obligations based on their market values (or, in the case of receivables-backed securities such as GNMA's, based on cost). Dividends on equity securities are accrued daily at their stated dividend rates.

If the Fund is a money market fund, yield is computed by determining the percentage net change, excluding capital changes, in the value of an investment in one share over the seven-day period for which yield is presented (the "base period"), and multiplying the net change by 365/7 (or approximately 52 weeks). Effective yield represents a compounding of the yield by adding 1 to the number representing the percentage change in value of the investment during the base period, raising that sum to a power equal to 365/7, and subtracting 1 from the result.

If the Fund is a tax-exempt fund, the tax-equivalent yield during the base period may be presented for shareholders in one or more stated tax brackets. Tax-equivalent yield is calculated by adjusting the tax-exempt yield by a factor designed to show the approximate yield that a taxable investment would have to earn to produce an after-tax yield equal, for that shareholder, to the tax-exempt yield. The tax-equivalent yield will differ for shareholders in other tax brackets.

At times, Putnam Management may reduce its compensation or assume expenses of the Fund in order to reduce the Fund's expenses. The per share amount of any such fee reduction or assumption of expenses during the Fund's past ten fiscal years (or for the life of the Fund, if shorter) is reflected in the table in the section entitled "Financial history" in the Prospectus. Any such fee reduction or assumption of expenses would increase the Fund's yield and total return during the period of the fee reduction or assumption of expenses.

All data are based on past performance and do not predict future results.

COMPARISON OF PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

Independent statistical agencies measure the Fund's investment performance and publish comparative information showing how the Fund, and other investment companies, performed in specified time periods. Three agencies whose reports are commonly used for such comparisons are set forth below. From time to time, the Fund may distribute these comparisons to its shareholders or to potential investors. THE AGENCIES LISTED BELOW MEASURE PERFORMANCE BASED ON THEIR OWN CRITERIA RATHER THAN ON THE STANDARDIZED PERFORMANCE MEASURES DESCRIBED IN THE PRECEDING SECTION.

LIPPER ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC. distributes mutual fund rankings monthly. The rankings are based on total return performance calculated by Lipper, reflecting generally changes in net asset value adjusted for reinvestment of capital gains and income dividends. They do not reflect deduction of any sales charges. Lipper rankings cover a variety of performance periods, for example year-to-date, 1-year, 5-year, and 10-year performance. Lipper classifies mutual funds by investment objective and asset category.

MORNINGSTAR, INC. distributes mutual fund ratings twice a month. The ratings are divided into five groups: highest, above average, neutral, below average and lowest. They represent a fund's historical risk/reward ratio relative to other funds with similar objectives. The performance factor is a weighted-average assessment of the Fund's 3-year, 5-year, and 10-year total return performance (if available) reflecting deduction of expenses and sales charges. Performance is adjusted using quantitative techniques to reflect the risk profile of the fund. The ratings are derived from a purely quantitative system that does not utilize the subjective criteria customarily employed by rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investor Service, Inc.

CDA WIESENBERGER'S MANAGEMENT RESULTS publishes mutual fund rankings and is distributed monthly. The rankings are based entirely on total return calculated by Weisenberger for periods such as year-to-date, 1-year, 3-year, 5-year and 10-year performance. Mutual funds are ranked in general categories (e.g., international bond, international equity, municipal bond, and maximum capital gain). Weisenberger rankings do not reflect deduction of sales charges or fees.

Independent publications may also evaluate the Fund's performance. Certain of those publications are listed below, at the request of Putnam Mutual Funds, which bears full responsibility for their use and the descriptions appearing below. From time to time the Fund may distribute evaluations by or excerpts from these publications to its shareholders or to potential investors. The following illustrates the types of information provided by these publications.

BUSINESS WEEK publishes mutual fund rankings in its Investment Figures of the Week column. The rankings are based on 4-week and 52-week total return reflecting changes in net asset value and the reinvestment of all distributions. They do not reflect deduction of any sales charges. Funds are not categorized; they compete in a large universe of over 2000 funds. The source for rankings is data generated by Morningstar, Inc.

INVESTOR'S BUSINESS DAILY publishes mutual fund rankings on a daily basis. The rankings are depicted as the top 25 funds in a given category. The categories are based loosely on the type of fund, e.g., growth funds, balanced

funds, U.S. government funds, GNMA funds, growth and income funds, corporate bond funds, etc. Performance periods for sector equity funds can vary from 4 weeks to 39 weeks; performance periods for other fund groups vary from 1 year to 3 years. Total return performance reflects changes in net asset value and reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. The rankings are based strictly on total return. They do not reflect deduction of any sales charges. Performance grades are conferred from A+ to E. An A+ rating means that the fund has performed within the top 5% of a general universe of over 2000 funds; an A rating denotes the top 10%; an A- is given to the top 15%, etc.

BARRON'S periodically publishes mutual fund rankings. The rankings are based on total return performance provided by Lipper Analytical Services. The Lipper total return data reflects changes in net asset value and reinvestment of distributions, but does not reflect deduction of any sales charges. The performance periods vary from short-term intervals (current quarter or year-to-date, for example) to long-term periods (five-year or ten-year performance, for example). Barron's classifies the funds using the Lipper mutual fund categories, such as Capital Appreciation Funds, Growth Funds, U.S. Government Funds, Equity Income Funds, Global Funds, etc. Occasionally, Barron's modifies the Lipper information by ranking the funds in asset classes. "Large funds" may be those with assets in excess of \$25 million; "small funds" may be those with less than \$25 million in assets.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL publishes its Mutual Fund Scorecard on a daily basis. Each Scorecard is a ranking of the top-15 funds in a given Lipper Analytical Services category. Lipper provides the rankings based on its total return data reflecting changes in net asset value and reinvestment of distributions and not reflecting any sales charges. The Scorecard portrays 4-week, year-to-date, one-year and 5-year performance; however, the ranking is based on the one-year results. The rankings for any given category appear approximately once per month.

FORTUNE magazine periodically publishes mutual fund rankings that have been compiled for the magazine by Morningstar, Inc. Funds are placed in stock or bond fund categories (for example, aggressive growth stock funds, growth stock funds, small company stock funds, junk bond funds, Treasury bond funds, etc.), with the top-10 stock funds and the top-5 bond funds appearing in the rankings. The rankings are based on 3-year annualized total return reflecting changes in net asset value and reinvestment of distributions and not reflecting sales charges. Performance is adjusted using quantitative techniques to reflect the risk profile of the fund.

MONEY magazine periodically publishes mutual fund rankings on a database of funds tracked for performance by Lipper Analytical Services. The funds are placed in 23 stock or bond fund categories and analyzed for five-year risk adjusted return. Total return reflects changes in net asset value and reinvestment of all dividends and capital gains distributions and does not reflect deduction of any sales charges. Grades are conferred (from A to E): the top 20% in each category receive an A, the next 20% a B, etc. To be ranked, a fund must be at least one year old, accept a minimum investment of \$25,000 or less and have had assets of at least \$25 million as of a given date.

FINANCIAL WORLD publishes its monthly Independent Appraisals of Mutual Funds, a survey of approximately 1000 mutual funds. Funds are categorized as to type, e.g., balanced funds, corporate bond funds, global bond funds, growth and income funds, U.S. government bond funds, etc. To compete, funds must be over one year old, have over \$1 million in assets, require a maximum of \$10,000 initial

investment, and should be available in at least 10 states in the United States. The funds receive a composite past performance rating, which weighs the intermediate- and long-term past performance of each fund versus its category, as well as taking into account its risk, reward to risk, and fees. An A+ rated fund is one of the best, while a D-rated fund is one of the worst. The source for Financial World rating is Schabacker investment management in Rockville, MD.

FORBES magazine periodically publishes mutual fund ratings based on performance over at least two bull and bear market cycles. The funds are categorized by type, including stock and balanced funds, taxable bond funds, municipal bond funds, etc. Data sources include Lipper Analytical Services and CDA Investment Technologies. The ratings are based strictly on performance at net asset value over the given cycles. Funds performing in the top 5% receive an A+ rating; the top 15% receive an A rating; and so on until the bottom 5% receive an F rating. Each fund exhibits two ratings, one for performance in "up" markets and another for performance in "down" markets.

KIPLINGER'S PERSONAL FINANCE MAGAZINE (formerly Changing Times), periodically publishes rankings of mutual funds based on one-, three- and five-year total return performance reflecting changes in net asset value and reinvestment of dividends and capital gains and not reflecting deduction of any sales charges. Funds are ranked by tenths: a rank of 1 means that a fund was among the highest 10% in total return for the period; a rank of 10 denotes the bottom 10%. Funds compete in categories of similar funds--aggressive growth funds, growth and income funds, sector funds, corporate bond funds, global governmental bond funds, mortgage-backed securities funds, etc. Kiplinger's also provides a risk-adjusted grade in both rising and falling markets. Funds are graded against others with the same objective. The average weekly total return over two years is calculated. Performance is adjusted using quantitative techniques to reflect the risk profile of the fund.

U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT periodically publishes mutual fund rankings based on an overall performance index (OPI) devised by Kanon Bloch Carre & Co., a Boston research firm. Over 2000 funds are tracked and divided into 10 equity, taxable bond and tax-free bond categories. Funds compete within the 10 groups and three broad categories. The OPI is a number from 0-100 that measures the relative performance of funds at least three years old over the last 1, 3, 5 and 10 years and the last six bear markets. Total return reflects changes in net asset value and the reinvestment of any dividends and capital gains distributions and does not reflect deduction of any sales charges. Results for the longer periods receive the most weight.

THE 100 BEST MUTUAL FUNDS YOU CAN BUY (1992), authored by Gordon K. Williamson. The author's list of funds is divided into 12 equity and bond fund categories, and the 100 funds are determined by applying four criteria. First, equity funds whose current management teams have been in place for less than five years are eliminated. (The standard for bond funds is three years.) Second, the author excludes any fund that ranks in the bottom 20 percent of its category's risk level. Risk is determined by analyzing how many months over the past three years the fund has underperformed a bank CD or a U.S. Treasury bill. Third, a fund must have demonstrated strong results for current three-year and five-year performance. Fourth, the fund must either possess, in Mr. Williamson's judgment, "excellent" risk-adjusted return or "superior" return with low levels of risk. Each of the 100 funds is ranked in five categories: total return, risk/volatility, management, current income and expenses. The rankings

follow a five-point system: zero designates "poor"; one point means "fair"; two points denote "good"; three points qualify as a "very good"; four points rank as "superior"; and five points mean "excellent."

In addition, Putnam Mutual Funds may distribute to shareholders or prospective investors illustrations of the benefits of reinvesting tax-exempt or tax-deferred distributions over specified time periods, which may include comparisons to fully taxable distributions. These illustrations use hypothetical rates of tax-advantaged and taxable returns and are not intended to indicate the past or future performance of any fund.

DEFINITIONS

"Putnam Management"	-- Putnam Investment Management, Inc., the Fund's investment manager.
"Putnam Mutual Funds"	-- Putnam Mutual Funds Corp., the Fund's principal underwriter.
"Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company"	-- Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company, the Fund's custodian.
"Putnam Investor Services"	-- Putnam Investor Services, a division of Putnam Fiduciary Trust Company, the Fund's investor servicing agent.

Differences between the typeset (printed) prospectus and the EDGAR filing version.

1. Each interior page of the prospectus includes the word "prospectus" at the bottom of the page.
2. Pagination is different in printed prospectus.
3. Section headings and subheadings in the printed prospectus are printed in boldface type with colored ink.
4. The first page of the printed prospectus contains an illustration of balanced scales, Putnam's logo.
5. The last page of the printed prospectus contains a graphic recyclable logo.