

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 485BPOS

Post-effective amendments [Rule 485(b)]

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FILER

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

CIK: 948972 | IRS No.: 440308260 | State of Incorporation: MO | Fiscal Year End: 1231
Type: 485BPOS | Act: 33 | File No.: 333-25443 | Film No.: 05788575

Mailing Address
C/O KANSAS CITY LIFE
INSURANCE CO
3520 BROADWAY
KANSAS CITY MO 64111

Business Address
3520 BROADWAY
C/O KANSAS CITY LIFE
INSURANCE CO
KANSAS CITY MO 64111
8167537000

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CIK: 948972 | IRS No.: 440308260 | State of Incorporation: MO | Fiscal Year End: 1231
Type: 485BPOS | Act: 40 | File No.: 811-09080 | Film No.: 05788576

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM N-6

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Pre-Effective Amendment []
Post-Effective Amendment No. 10 [X]

and
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY []
ACT OF 1940
Amendment No. 13 [X]

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
=====
(Exact Name of Registrant)

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

(Name of Depositor)

3520 Broadway, Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565

(Address of Depositor's Principal Executive Offices)

Depositor's Telephone Number, including Area Code:

(816) 753-7000

Name and Address of Agent for Service: Copy to:

William A. Schalekamp W. Thomas Conner
Kansas City Life Insurance Company Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP
3520 Broadway 1275 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565 Washington, DC 20004-2415

It is proposed that this filing will become effective:
[] Immediately upon filing pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 485
[X] On (May 2, 2005), pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 485
[] 60 days after filing pursuant to paragraph (a) (1) of Rule 485
[] On (date) pursuant to paragraph (a) (1) of Rule 485

Title of securities being registered:
Flexible Premium Survivorship Variable Life Insurance Contracts

PROSPECTUS

FLEXIBLE PREMIUM SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE CONTRACTS

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT OF

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

STREET ADDRESS SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:
3520 BROADWAY VARIABLE ADMINISTRATION
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64111-2565 P.O. BOX 219364
TELEPHONE (816) 753-7000 KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64121-9364
TELEPHONE (800) 616-3670

This Prospectus describes a flexible premium survivorship variable universal life insurance contract ("Contract") offered by Kansas City Life Insurance Company ("Kansas City Life"). We have provided a definitions section at the end of this Prospectus for your reference as you read.

The Contract is designed to provide insurance protection upon the death of the second of the two Insureds named in the Contract. The Contract also provides you the opportunity to allocate net premiums and Contract Value to one or more Subaccounts of the Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account ("Variable Account") or to the Fixed Account. The assets of each Subaccount are invested in a corresponding portfolio of a designated mutual fund ("Funds") as follows:

AIM VARIABLE INSURANCE FUNDS

AIM V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund
(Series I Shares)

AIM V.I. Premier Equity Fund (Series I Shares)

AIM V.I. Technology Fund (Series I Shares)

AMERICAN CENTURY(R) VARIABLE PORTFOLIOS

American Century VP Capital Appreciation

American Century VP Income & Growth

American Century VP Inflation Protection Fund (Class II)

American Century VP International

American Century VP Ultra(R)

American Century VP Value

CALAMOS(R) ADVISORS TRUST

Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio

DREYFUS VARIABLE INVESTMENT FUND

Appreciation Portfolio - Initial Shares

Developing Leaders Portfolio - Initial Shares

DREYFUS STOCK INDEX FUND, INC. - INITIAL SHARES

THE DREYFUS SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE GROWTH FUND, INC. -

INITIAL SHARES

FEDERATED INSURANCE SERIES

Federated American Leaders Fund II

Federated High Income Bond Fund II

Federated Prime Money Fund II

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS TRUST

Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth Securities Fund (Class 2)

Franklin Real Estate Fund (Class 2)

Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund (Class 2)

Templeton Foreign Securities Fund (Class 2)

J.P. MORGAN SERIES TRUST II

JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Portfolio

JPMorgan Small Company Portfolio

JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio

MFS(R) VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST(SM)

MFS Emerging Growth Series

MFS Research Bond Series

MFS Research Series

MFS Strategic Income Series

MFS Total Return Series

MFS Utilities Series

SELIGMAN PORTFOLIOS, INC.

Seligman Capital Portfolio (Class 2)

Seligman Communications and Information Portfolio (Class 2)

Seligman Smaller-Cap Value Portfolio (Class 2)

The accompanying prospectuses for the Funds describe these portfolios. The value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Portfolios of the Funds. You bear the entire investment risk of amounts allocated to the Variable Account. Another choice available for allocation of net premiums is our Fixed Account. The Fixed Account is part of Kansas City Life's general account. It pays interest at declared rates guaranteed to equal or exceed 4%.

The Contract also offers you the flexibility to vary the amount and timing of Premium Payments and to change the amount of Death Benefits payable. This flexibility allows you to provide for your changing insurance needs under a single insurance contract.

You can select from three Coverage Options available under the Contract:

- o Option A : a level Death Benefit;
- o Option B : a Death Benefit that fluctuates with the value of the Contract; and
- o Option L : provides a Death Benefit pattern that can be level for several years and then can increase at a particular time that you choose.

We also offer a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, which guarantees payment of the Specified Amount (less Indebtedness and past due charges) upon the death of the last surviving Insured provided that you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option requirements.

The Contract provides for a value that you can receive by surrendering the Contract. If the value is insufficient to cover the charges due under the Contract, the Contract will lapse without value. It may not be advantageous to replace existing insurance. Within certain limits, you may return the Contract or exercise the no-fee transfer right.

THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE ACCOMPANYING FUND PROSPECTUSES PROVIDE IMPORTANT INFORMATION YOU SHOULD HAVE BEFORE DECIDING TO PURCHASE A CONTRACT. PLEASE KEEP THESE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

AN INVESTMENT IN THE CONTRACT IS NOT A DEPOSIT OR OBLIGATION OF, OR GUARANTEED OR ENDORSED BY, ANY BANK, NOR IS THE CONTRACT FEDERALLY INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY. AN INVESTMENT IN THE CONTRACT INVOLVES CERTAIN RISKS, INCLUDING THE LOSS OF PREMIUM PAYMENTS (PRINCIPAL).

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION HAS NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS MAY 2, 2005.

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SUMMARY OF THE CONTRACT

THE CONTRACT. The Contract is a Flexible Premium Survivorship Variable Life Insurance Contract. As long as it remains in force it provides lifetime insurance protection on the death of the second of the two Insureds. You pay premiums for insurance coverage. The Contract also provides for accumulation of net Premiums and a value if the Contract terminates. The value during the early years of the Contract is likely to be much lower than the net Premiums paid.

The Death Benefit may and the Contract Value will increase or decrease to reflect the investment performance of the Subaccounts to which you allocate net Premiums. There is no guaranteed minimum value. You may choose to elect the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. Under this option we guarantee that we will pay the Specified Amount upon the death of the last surviving Insured (regardless of the Contract's investment performance) as long as you have met the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28) If this option is not in effect and the value is not enough to pay charges due, then the Contract will lapse without value after a Grace Period. (See "Premium Payments to Prevent Lapse," page 25) If a Contract lapses while loans are outstanding, adverse tax consequences may result. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 35) The Contract also permits loans and partial surrenders, within limits.

This summary describes the Contract's important benefits and risks. The sections in the Prospectus following this summary discuss the Contract's benefits and other provisions in more detail. THE "DEFINITIONS" SECTION AT THE END OF THE PROSPECTUS DEFINES CERTAIN WORDS AND PHRASES USED IN THIS PROSPECTUS.

The Contract is not available in all states. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT OFFER THE CONTRACTS IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE THEY CANNOT BE LAWFULLY SOLD. YOU SHOULD RELY ONLY ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR THAT WE HAVE REFERRED YOU TO. WE HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANYONE TO PROVIDE YOU WITH INFORMATION THAT IS DIFFERENT.

We may offer other variable life insurance contracts that have different death benefits, contract features and optional programs. These contracts would also have different charges that would affect your Subaccount performance and Contract Value. To obtain more information about these other contracts, contact your registered representative.

NOTE: Because this is a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire Prospectus and the Funds' prospectuses carefully before investing.

CONTRACT BENEFITS

DEATH BENEFITS. We pay a death benefit to the beneficiary if the last surviving Insured dies while the Contract is in force and prior to the Contract's maturity date. We pay the death benefit when we receive satisfactory proof at our Home Office of the last surviving Insured's death.

- o Death Benefits are available as lump sum or under a variety of payment options.
- o The minimum initial Total Sum Insured is \$200,000, which may be made up of a combination of Specified Amount and Additional Insurance Amount. The Specified Amount must be at least \$100,000. We may allow these minimum limits to be reduced. (See page 18)
- o There are three Coverage Options available. The Death Benefit under each Coverage Option is:
 - o Option A-- at least equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of the death of the last surviving Insured.
 - o Option B-- at least equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of the death of the last surviving Insured plus Contract Value.
 - o Option L-- at least equal to the sum of the Total Sum Insured on the date of the death of the last surviving Insured and an amount equal to the Contract Value on the Contract Anniversary preceding the death of the last surviving Insured multiplied by the applicable Option L Death Benefit percentage less the Total Sum Insured on that Contract Anniversary. (See "Coverage Options," page 27)
- o Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option available at issue (restrictions may apply). If elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Premium requirement must be met to keep the option in effect. (See page 28)
- o There is flexibility to change the Coverage Option and Specified Amount. (See "Changes in Coverage Option," page 29 for rules and limits.) Changing the Coverage Option or Specified Amount may have tax consequences.
- o We deduct any Indebtedness from the amount payable.

CASH BENEFITS

- o CONTRACT LOANS. You may take loans for amounts up to the Cash Surrender Value less loan interest to the next Contract Anniversary. A 6% annual effective interest rate applies. Currently, a preferred loan is available in

the 11th Contract Year. Loans reduce the amount available for allocations and transfers. Loans may have tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

- o FULL SURRENDER. You may surrender your Contract at any time for its Cash Surrender Value. Surrendering the Contract may have tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)
- o PARTIAL SURRENDER. Partial surrenders generally are available provided you have enough remaining Cash Surrender Value. A partial surrender fee applies. Partial surrenders may have adverse tax consequences. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

TRANSFERS. You may transfer amounts among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, subject to certain restrictions. There is no limit on the number of transfers you can make between the Subaccounts or to the Fixed Account. The first six transfers during each Contract Year are free. After the first six transfers, we will assess a \$25 transfer processing fee. Unused free transfers do not carry over to the next Contract Year. We will deduct any transfer processing fee from the remaining Contract Value.

TAX BENEFITS. While guidance is limited for survivorship contracts, we intend for the Contract to satisfy the definition of life insurance under the Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, the death benefit generally should be excludable from the gross income of its recipient. Similarly, you should not be deemed to be in constructive receipt of the Contract Value, and therefore should not be taxed on increases in the Contract Value, until you take out a loan or partial surrender, surrender the Contract, or we pay the maturity benefit. In addition, transfers of Contract Value among the Subaccounts and/or the Fixed Account are not taxable transactions (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

FREE LOOK RIGHT TO CANCEL. For a limited time, you have the right to cancel your Contract and receive a refund. (See "Free Look Right to Cancel Contract," page 19) During this "free-look" period, we will allocate Premiums to the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount for 30 days. (See "Premium Allocations and Crediting," page 19) For a limited time after requesting an increase in the Contract's amount of insurance coverage, you may cancel the increase and you may be entitled to a refund of certain charges.

SUPPLEMENTAL BENEFITS. The following supplemental and/or rider benefits are available and may be added to your Contract. We will deduct monthly charges for these benefits and/or riders from your Contract Value as part of the Monthly Deduction. Each is subject to its own requirements as to eligibility and additional cost.

- o Contract Split Option Rider
- o Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider
- o Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider

All of these riders may not be available in all states. Additional rules and limits apply to these supplemental and/or rider benefits. Please ask your Kansas City Life agent for further information or contact the Home Office.

ILLUSTRATIONS. We may prepare for use in marketing and other materials tables to illustrate hypothetically how certain values under a Contract change with investment performance over an extended period of time. Such tables illustrate how Contract Values, Cash Surrender Values and Death Benefits under a Contract covering an Insured of a given age would vary over time if Planned Premium Payments were paid annually and the return on the assets in each of the Funds were an assumed uniform gross annual rate(s).

Actual returns will fluctuate over time and will be both positive and negative. The actual values under the Contract could be significantly different from those shown even if actual returns averaged the rates used in the illustrations, but fluctuated over and under those averages throughout the years shown. Depending on the timing and degree of fluctuation, the actual values could be substantially less than those shown, and may, under certain circumstances, result in the lapse of the Contract unless the Owner pays more than the stated premium.

Such illustrations show Contract Values based on both current charges and guaranteed charges.

CONTRACT RISKS

INVESTMENT RISK. If you invest your Contract Value in one or more Subaccounts, then you will be subject to the risk that investment performance will be unfavorable and that the Contract Value will decrease. In addition, we deduct Contract fees and charges from your Contract Value. There is no minimum guaranteed Contract Value. The Contract Value may decrease if the investment performance of the Subaccounts (to which Contract Value is allocated) is negative or is not sufficiently positive to cover the charges deducted under the Contract. During times of poor investment performance, these

deductions will have an even greater impact on your Contract Value. You could lose everything you invest. If you allocate net Premiums to the Fixed Account, then we credit your Contract account value (in the Fixed Account) with a declared rate of interest. You assume the risk that the rate may decrease, although it will never be lower than a guaranteed minimum annual effective rate of 4.0%.

RISK OF LAPSE. If the Contract Value is not enough to pay the Monthly Deduction when due, the Contract will lapse without value after a Grace Period. The purpose of the Grace Period is to give you the chance to pay enough Premiums to keep your Contract in force. If your Contract does lapse you must pay the required amount before the end of the Grace Period. The Grace Period is 61 days and starts when we send the notice. Since the value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Funds, the specific amount of Premiums required to prevent lapse will also vary. A lapse could result in adverse tax consequences.

TAX RISKS. In order to qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes and to receive the tax treatment normally accorded life insurance contracts under Federal tax law, a Contract must satisfy certain requirements which are set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. Guidance as to how these requirements are to be applied to certain features of the Contract is limited. Nevertheless, we believe it is reasonable to conclude that the Contract should satisfy the applicable requirements. There is necessarily some uncertainty, however, particularly if you pay the full amount of Premiums permitted under the Contract.

Depending on the total amount of Premiums you pay, the Contract may be treated as a modified endowment contract under Federal tax laws. If a Contract is treated, as a modified endowment contract, then surrenders, withdrawals, and loans under the Contract will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent there are earnings in the Contract. In addition, a 10% penalty tax may be imposed on surrenders, withdrawals, and loans taken before you reach age 59 1/2. If the Contract is not a modified endowment contract, then distributions generally will be treated first as a return of basis or investment in the contract and then as taxable income. Moreover, loans will generally not be treated as distributions although the tax preferred treatment of preferred loans is unclear. Finally, neither distributions nor loans from a Contract that is not a modified endowment contract are subject to the 10% penalty tax. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

You should consult a qualified tax adviser for assistance in all Contract-related tax matters.

RISK OF INCREASE IN CURRENT FEES AND EXPENSES. Certain fees and expenses are currently assessed at less than their maximum levels. We may increase these current charges in the future up to the guaranteed maximum levels. If fees and expenses are increased, you may need to increase the amount and/or frequency of premiums to keep the Contract in force.

SURRENDER AND PARTIAL SURRENDER RISKS. You should purchase the Contract only if you have the financial ability to keep it in force for a substantial period of time. You should not purchase the Contract if you intend to surrender all or part of the Contract Value in the near future. We designed the Contract to meet long-term financial goals. The Contract is not suitable as a short-term investment. A surrender or partial surrender may have tax consequences.

LOAN RISKS. A Contract loan will affect your Contract in several ways over time, whether or not it is repaid, because the investment results of the Subaccounts may be less than (or greater than) the net interest rate credited on the amount transferred to the Loan Account securing the loan.

- o Your Contract Value, by comparison to a Contract under which no loan has been made, will be less if this Fixed Account net interest rate is less than the investment return of the applicable Subaccounts (and greater if the Fixed Account net interest rate is higher than the investment return of the applicable Subaccounts).
- o A Contract loan increases the risk that the Contract will terminate, since a loan decreases the Cash Surrender Value.
- o If the death benefit becomes payable while a Contract loan is outstanding, the loan balance will be deducted in calculating the death benefit proceeds.

A loan may have tax consequences. In addition, if you surrender the Contract or allow it to lapse while a Contract loan is outstanding, the amount of the loan, to the extent it has not previously been taxed, will be added to any amount you receive and taxed accordingly. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

RISK OF FREQUENT TRANSFERS. We have policies and procedures that attempt to detect frequent, large, programmed, or short-term transfers among the Subaccounts that may adversely affect other Owners and persons with rights under

the Contracts. We employ various means to try to detect such transfer activity, but the detection and deterrence of harmful trading activity involves judgments that are inherently subjective. Our ability to detect such transfer activity may be limited by operational and technological systems, as well as our ability to predict strategies employed by Owners to avoid such detection. Accordingly, there is no assurance that we will prevent all transfer activity that may adversely affect Owners and other persons with interests under the Contracts. In addition, we cannot guarantee that the Funds will not be harmed by transfer activity related to other insurance companies and/or retirement plans that may invest in the Funds.

PORTFOLIO RISKS

A comprehensive discussion of the risks of each Fund Portfolio may be found in each Portfolio's prospectus. Please refer to the Portfolios' prospectuses for more information.

THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT ANY PORTFOLIO WILL ACHIEVE ITS STATED INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE.

FEE TABLE

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you will pay when buying, owning, and surrendering the Contract.

The first table describes transaction fees that you will pay at the time that you pay premiums, make partial surrenders, or transfer Contract account value among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, or if the Contract lapses.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

TRANSACTION FEES			
CHARGE	WHEN CHARGE IS DEDUCTED	AMOUNT DEDUCTED	
		GUARANTEED CHARGE (1)	CURRENT CHARGE (1)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
PREMIUM PROCESSING CHARGE	Upon receipt of each Premium Payment	4.85% of each Premium Payment	4.85% of each Premium Payment
SALES CHARGE (2)	Upon receipt of each Premium Payment during Contract Year 1	50% of Premium up to Target Premium and 2% of Excess Premium (3) (during Contract Year 1)	50% of Premium up to Target Premium and 2% of Excess Premium (3) (during Contract Year 1)
PARTIAL SURRENDER FEE	Upon each partial surrender	The lesser of 2% of the amount surrendered or \$25.	The lesser of 2% of the amount surrendered or \$25.
TRANSFER PROCESSING FEE	Upon the first 6 transfers in a Contract year	No Charge	No Charge
	Upon each transfer over 6 in a Contract year	\$25 per transfer	\$25 per transfer

</TABLE>

(1) For each type of charge, the guaranteed charge and the current charge are shown. The guaranteed charge is the maximum amount permitted by the Contract while the current charge is the amount currently charged.

(2) We deduct a sales charge from each Premium before allocation to the Variable Account and/or the Fixed Account. The amount of the sales charge varies by when we receive the Premium and the amount of Premium paid during that Contract Year, as shown in the table below. During Contract Years 1-10, we deduct a higher sales charge on the amount up to a Target Premium than we charge on Excess Premiums. The Target Premium is an amount based on Age, sex, and risk class of the Insureds, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if elected, and level of Specified Amount.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Contract Year	Sales Charge as % of Premiums Paid up to Target Premium	Sales Charge % of Excess Premiums Paid
<S>	<C>	<C>
Year 1	50% of Premiums	2% of Premiums

Years 2-5	15% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 6-10	6% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 11-20	2% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 21 +	No Charge	No Charge

</TABLE>

(3) Excess Premiums are the portion of total Premiums we receive during a Contract Year that exceeds the Target Premium.

4

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the Contract, not including Portfolio fees and expenses. If the amount of a charge depends on the personal characteristics of the Insured or the Specified Amount under the Contract, then the fee table lists the minimum and maximum charges we assess under the Contract, and the fees and charges of a typical Contract with a Specified Amount and with an Insured having the characteristics set forth below. These charges may not be typical of the charges you will pay.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

PERIODIC CHARGES OTHER THAN PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES

CHARGE	WHEN CHARGE IS DEDUCTED	AMOUNT DEDUCTED	
		GUARANTEED CHARGE (4)	CURRENT CHARGE (4)
<S> COST OF INSURANCE (5)	<C>	<C>	<C>
Minimum and Maximum Charge	On the Allocation Date and each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.001 - \$1,000 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk(6) annually	\$0.0008 - \$358.81 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk(6) annually
Charge for a Male Non-Smoker age 55 and Female Non-Smoker age 55, with a Specified Amount of \$1,400,000 in the first Contract year	On the Allocation Date and each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.052 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk(6) annually	\$0.042 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk(6) per annually
MONTHLY EXPENSE CHARGE			
During all Contract Years	On the Contract Date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day for all Contract Years	\$7.50 plus \$0.02 per \$1,000 of the Total Sum Insured per month	\$7.50 plus \$0.02 per \$1,000 of the Total Sum Insured per month
During the First Five Contract Years	On the Contract Date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day for the first 5 Contract Years	\$12.50 per month	\$12.50 per month
MORTALITY AND EXPENSE RISK CHARGE	Daily	Annual rate of 0.90% of the average daily net assets of each Subaccount you are invested in	Annual rate of 0.625% of the average daily net assets of each Subaccount you are invested in
NET LOAN INTEREST CHARGE (7)	At the end of each Contract Year	2%	2%

</TABLE>

(4) For each type of charge, the guaranteed charge and the current charge is shown. The guaranteed charge is the maximum amount permitted by the Contract while the current charge is the amount currently charged.

(5) Cost of insurance charges vary based on the Insureds' age, sex, number of completed Contract years, Total Sum Insured, and risk class. The charge generally increases as the Insured ages. The cost of insurance charges shown in the table may not be typical of the charges you will pay. We guarantee that the cost of insurance rates will not exceed the maximum cost of insurance rates set forth in your Contract. More detailed information concerning your cost of insurance charges is available on request from our Home office.

(6) The net amount at risk on a Monthly Anniversary is the difference between the Death Benefit and the Contract value.

(7) The maximum guaranteed net cost of loans is 2.0% annually. The net cost of a loan is the difference between the rate of interest charged on any Loan Balance (6.0%) and the amount credited to the Loan Account (4.0%). Preferred loans are available beginning in the eleventh Contract Year. We credit the amount in the Loan Account securing a preferred loan with interest at an effective annual rate of 6%. Therefore, the net cost of a preferred loan is 0% per year.

5

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

PERIODIC CHARGES OTHER THAN PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES

CHARGE	WHEN CHARGE IS DEDUCTED	AMOUNT DEDUCTED	
		GUARANTEED CHARGE(1)	CURRENT CHARGE(1)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
OPTIONAL RIDER CHARGES(8)			
GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION	During the first 10 Contract Years	No Charge	No Charge
	On each Monthly Anniversary Day after the first 10 Contract Years	\$0.03 per \$1,000 of Specified Amount	\$0.01 per \$1,000 of Specified Amount
CONTRACT SPLIT OPTION RIDER	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.03 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount per month	\$0.03 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount per month
JOINT FIRST TO DIE TERM LIFE INSURANCE RIDER			
Minimum and Maximum Charge	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.06 - \$83.33 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount per month	\$0.04 - \$56.07 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount per month
Charge for a Male Non-Smoker age 55 and Female Non-Smoker age 55 with a Specified Amount of \$700,000 in the first Contract year	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.69 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount per month for a Male, \$0.53 per \$1,000 of rider for a Female	\$0.37 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount per month for a Male, \$0.26 per \$1,000 of rider coverage per month for a Female
JOINT SURVIVORSHIP FOUR-YEAR TERM LIFE INSURANCE RIDER			
Minimum and Maximum Charge	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.01 - \$158.08 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually	\$0.01 - \$102.34 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually
Charge for a Male Non-Smoker age 55 and Female Non-Smoker age 55 with a Specified Amount of \$1,400,000 in the first Contract year	On rider's effective date and on each Monthly Anniversary Day	\$0.50 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually	\$0.30 per \$1,000 of rider coverage amount annually

</TABLE>

For information concerning compensation paid in connection with the sale of the Contracts, see "Sale of the Contracts," page 37.

(8) Charges for most of the riders vary based on individual characteristics such as the Insureds' issue or actual age, sex, and risk class, and may vary based on Contract year and base Total Sum Insured or net amount at risk. Charges based on actual age may increase as an Insured ages. The rider charges shown in the table may not be typical of the charges you will pay. Your Contract's specifications page will indicate the rider charges applicable to your Contract, and more detailed information concerning these rider charges is available on request from our Service Center.

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The next table shows the lowest and highest total operating expenses deducted from Portfolio assets during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Expenses of the Portfolios may be higher or lower in the future. More detail concerning

each Portfolio's fees and expenses is contained in the prospectus for each Portfolio.

TOTAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES(9)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
<S>	<C>	<C>
TOTAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES (expenses that are deducted from Portfolio assets, including management fees, distribution or service fees (12b-1 fees), and other expenses)	0.25%	1.79%

</TABLE>

The following table shows the fees and expenses charged (before and after contractual waiver or reimbursement) by each Portfolio for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES(10)

(expenses that are deducted from Portfolio assets, as a percentage of net assets of the Portfolio):

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

PORTFOLIO	MANAGEMENT FEES	12b-1/SERVICE FEES	OTHER EXPENSES	TOTAL PORTFOLIO ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES	CONTRACTUAL FEE WAIVER OR EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT	TOTAL PORTFOLIO ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
AIM VARIABLE INSURANCE FUNDS						
AIM V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund (Series I Shares) (Effective on or about July 1, 2005, AIM V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund will be renamed AIM V.I. Demographic Trends Fund (Series I Shares)) (12)	0.77%	NA	0.37%	1.14%	0.08%	1.06 (11) %
AIM V.I. Premier Equity Fund (Series I Shares) (12)	0.61%	NA	0.30%	0.91%	NA	NA
AIM V.I. Technology Fund (Series I Shares) (formerly known as INVESCO VIF-Technology Fund (Series I Shares)) (12)	0.75%	NA	0.40%	1.15%	NA	NA
AMERICAN CENTURY(R) VARIABLE PORTFOLIOS						
American Century VP Capital Appreciation	1.00%	NA	0.00%	1.00% (13)	NA	NA
American Century VP Income & Growth	0.70%	NA	0.00%	0.70% (13)	NA	NA
American Century VP Inflation Protection Fund (Class II)	0.50%	0.25%	0.00%	0.75% (13)	NA	NA
American Century VP International	1.33%	NA	0.01%	1.34% (13)	NA	NA
American Century VP Ultra(R)	1.00%	NA	0.01%	1.01% (13)	NA	NA

</TABLE>

(9) The expenses used to prepare this table were provided to Kansas City Life by the Funds. Kansas City Life has not independently verified this data.

(10) These expenses are deducted directly from the assets of the Fund portfolios and therefore reduce their net asset value. The investment advisor of each Fund provided the above information, and we have not independently verified it. The expenses shown are those incurred for the year ended December 31, 2005. Current or future expenses may be greater or less than those shown. See the Funds' Prospectuses for more complete information.

PORTFOLIO	MANAGEMENT FEES	12b-1/SERVICE FEES	OTHER EXPENSES	TOTAL PORTFOLIO ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES	CONTRACTUAL FEE WAIVER OR EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT	TOTAL PORTFOLIO ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
American Century VP Value	0.95%	NA	0.00%	0.95% (13)	NA	NA
CALAMOS(R) ADVISORS TRUST						
Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio	0.75%	NA	0.56%	1.31%	NA	NA
DREYFUS VARIABLE INVESTMENT FUND						
Appreciation Portfolio - Initial Shares	0.75%	NA	0.04%	0.79%	NA	NA
Developing Leaders Portfolio - Initial Shares	0.75%	NA	0.04%	0.79%	NA	NA
DREYFUS STOCK INDEX FUND, INC. - INITIAL SHARES	0.25%	NA	0.01%	0.26%	NA	NA
THE DREYFUS SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE GROWTH FUND, INC. - INITIAL SHARES	0.75%	NA	0.07%	0.82%	NA	NA
FEDERATED INSURANCE SERIES						
Federated American Leaders Fund II(14)	0.75%	NA	0.15%	0.90%	NA	NA
Federated High Income Bond Fund II(14)	0.60%	NA	0.14%	0.74%	NA	NA
Federated Prime Money Fund II	0.50%	0.25%	0.30%	1.05%	NA	NA
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS TRUST						
Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth Securities Fund (Class 2) (formerly known as Franklin Small Cap Fund (Class 2))	0.48%	0.25% (16)	0.29%	1.02%	0.03%	0.99% (15)
Franklin Real Estate Fund (Class 2)	0.48% (17)	0.25% (16)	0.02%	0.75%	NA	NA
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund (Class 2)	1.25%	0.25%	0.29%	1.79%	NA	NA
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund (Class 2)	0.68%	0.25%	0.19%	1.12%	0.05%	1.07% (15)
J.P. MORGAN SERIES TRUST II						
JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Portfolio	0.70%	NA	0.55%	1.25%	0.25%	1.00% (18)
JPMorgan Small Company Portfolio	0.60%	NA	0.55%	1.15%	NA	NA
JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	0.35%	NA	0.50%	0.85%	NA	NA
MFS (R) VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST (SM)						
MFS Emerging Growth Series	0.75%	NA	0.12%	0.87%	NA	NA
MFS Research Bond Series (formerly known as MFS Bond Series)	0.60%	NA	0.39%	0.99%	0.29%	0.70% (19)
MFS Research Series	0.75%	NA	0.13%	0.88%	NA	NA
MFS Strategic Income Series	0.75%	NA	0.33%	1.08%	0.18%	0.90% (19)
MFS Total Return Series	0.75%	NA	0.08%	0.83%	NA	NA

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

PORTFOLIO	MANAGEMENT FEES	12b-1/SERVICE FEES	OTHER EXPENSES	TOTAL PORTFOLIO ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES	CONTRACTUAL FEE WAIVER OR EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT	TOTAL PORTFOLIO ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
MFS Utilities Series	0.75%	NA	0.14%	0.89%(20)	NA	NA
SELIGMAN PORTFOLIOS, INC.						
Seligman Capital Portfolio (Class 2)	0.40%	0.25%	0.52%	1.17%	NA	NA
Seligman Communications and Information Portfolio (Class 2)	0.75%	0.25%	0.25%	1.25%	NA	NA
Seligman Smaller-Cap Value Portfolio (Class 2) (formerly known as Seligman Small-Cap Value Portfolio (Class 2))	1.00%	0.19%	0.14%	1.33%	NA	NA

</TABLE>

(11) Effective January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009, the advisor has contractually agreed to waive a portion of its advisory fees. The fee waiver reflects this agreement.

(12) The Fund's advisor has contractually agreed to waive advisory fees and/or reimburse expenses of Series I shares to the extent necessary to limit Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding certain items discussed below) of Series I shares to 1.30% of average daily nets assets for each series portfolio of AIM Variable Insurance Funds. In determining the advisor's obligation to waive advisory fees and/or reimburse expenses, the following expenses are not taken into account, and could cause the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses to exceed the limit stated above: (i) Rule 12b-1 plan fees, if any; (ii) interest; (iii) taxes; (iv) dividend expense of short sales; (v) extraordinary items (these are expenses that are not anticipated to arise from the Fund's day-to-day operations), or items designated as such by the Fund's Board of Trustees; (vi) expenses related to a merger or reorganization, as approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees; and (vii) expenses that the Fund has incurred but did not actually pay because of an expense offset arrangement. Currently, the only expense offset arrangements from which the Fund benefits are in the form of credits that the Fund receives from banks where the Fund or its transfer agent has deposit accounts in which it holds uninvested cash. Those credits are used to pay certain expenses incurred by the Fund. The expense limitation is in effect through April 30, 2006.

(13) The investment Manager to American Century Variable Portfolios pays all the expenses of the Fund except brokerage, taxes, interest, fees and expenses of the non-interested person directors (including counsel fees) and extraordinary expenses. For the services provided to the American Century VP Capital Appreciation Fund, the manager receives an annual fee of 1.00% of the first \$500 million of the average net assets of the fund, 0.95% of the next \$500 million and 0.90% over \$1 billion. For the services provided to the American Century VP Income and Growth Fund, the manager receives an annual fee of 0.70%. For the services provided to the American Century VP International Fund, the manager receives an annual fee of 1.50% of the first \$250 million of the average net assets of the fund, 1.20% of the next \$250 million and 1.10% over \$500 million. For the services provided to the American Century VP Value Fund, the manager receives an annual fee of 1.00% of the first \$500 million of the average net assets of the fund, 0.95% of the next \$500 million and 0.90% over \$1 billion. For the services provided to the American Century VP Ultra Fund, the manager receives an annual fee of 1.00% of the first \$20 billion of the average net assets of the fund, and 0.95% over the next \$20 billion. For the services it provided to the American Century VP Inflation Protection Fund during the most recent fiscal year, the advisor received a unified management fee of 0.50% of the average net assets of the Class II shares of the Fund.

(14) The Fund did not pay or accrue a shareholder services fee or the Rule 12b-1 fee during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. The Fund has no present intention of paying or accruing the shareholder service fee during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005.

(15) The manager has contractually agreed in advance to reduce its management fee to reflect reduced services resulting from the Fund's investment in a Franklin Templeton money fund for cash management. The Fund's Board of Trustees and an exemptive order by the Securities and Exchange Commission require this reduction.

(16) The Fund's Class 2 distribution plan or "Rule 12b-1 plan" is described in the Fund's prospectus.

(17) The Fund administration fee is paid indirectly through the management fee.

(18) The Fund's advisor has contractually agreed to waive advisory fees or reimburse expenses until May 1, 2006 to the extent necessary to limit Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses 1.00%.

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(19) MFS has contractually agreed, subject to reimbursement, to bear expenses for these series such that each such series' "Other Expenses" (determined without giving effect to the expense reduction arrangements described above) do not exceed 0.15% annually (0.10% annually for the Research Bond Series) These expense limitation arrangements exclude management fees, taxes, extraordinary expenses, brokerage and transaction costs and expenses associated with the series' investing activities. The contractual fee arrangements will continue until at least April 30, 2006, unless the Board of Trustees, which oversees the fund, consents to any earlier revision or termination of these arrangements.

(20) Each series has an expense offset arrangement that reduces the series' custodian fee based upon the amount of cash maintained by the series with its custodian and dividend-disbursing agent. Each series may enter into or may enter into brokerage arrangements that reduce or recapture series' expenses. "Other Expenses" do not take into account these expense reductions and are therefore higher than the actual expenses of the series. Had these expense reductions been taken into account, the "Total Portfolio Annual Operating Expenses After Reimbursement" would be lower for certain series and would equal:

0.88% for Utilities Series

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT KANSAS CITY LIFE KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Kansas City Life Insurance Company is a stock life insurance company organized under the laws of the State of Missouri in 1895, and is located at 3520 Broadway, Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565. Kansas City Life is currently licensed to transact life insurance business in 48 states and the District of Columbia.

FIXED ACCOUNT

THE FIXED ACCOUNT IS NOT REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 AND IS NOT REGISTERED AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940. THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION HAS NOT REVIEWED THE DISCLOSURE IN THIS PROSPECTUS RELATING TO THE FIXED ACCOUNT. CERTAIN GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS RELATING TO THE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF STATEMENTS MADE IN PROSPECTUSES MAY STILL APPLY.

You may allocate some or all of your Premiums and transfer some or all of the Variable Account Value to the Fixed Account. You may also make transfers from the Fixed Account, but restrictions may apply. (See "Transfer Privilege," page 20) The Fixed Account is part of our general account and pays interest at declared rates guaranteed for each calendar year. We guarantee that this rate will be at least 4%.

Our general account supports our insurance and annuity obligations. Because the Fixed Account is part of our general account, we assume the risk of investment gain or loss on this amount. All assets in the general account are subject to our general liabilities from business operations.

THE VARIABLE ACCOUNT AND THE FUNDS

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We established the Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account as a separate investment account under Missouri law on April 24, 1995. This Variable Account supports the Contracts and may be used to support other variable life insurance contracts as well as for other purposes permitted by law. The Variable Account is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") and is a "separate account" within the meaning of the federal securities laws. We have established other separate investment accounts that may also be registered with the SEC.

The Variable Account is divided into Subaccounts. The Subaccounts available under the Contracts invest in shares of portfolios of the Funds. The Variable Account may include other Subaccounts not available under the Contracts and not otherwise discussed in this Prospectus. We own the assets in the Variable Account.

We apply income, gains and losses of a Subaccount (realized or unrealized) without regard to any other income, gains or losses of Kansas City Life or any other separate account. We cannot use Variable Account assets (reserves and other contract liabilities) to cover liabilities arising out of any other

business we conduct. We are obligated to pay all benefits provided under the Contracts.

THE FUNDS

Each of the Funds is registered with the SEC as a diversified open-end management investment company under the 1940 Act. However, the SEC does not supervise their management, investment practices or policies. Each Fund is a series fund-type mutual fund made up of the Portfolios and other series that are not available under the Contracts. The investment objective of each of the Portfolios is described below.

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The investment objectives and policies of certain Portfolios are similar to the investment objectives and policies of other mutual fund portfolios that may be managed by the same investment adviser or manager. The investment results of the Portfolios, however, may be higher or lower than the results of such other portfolios. There can be no assurance that the investment results of any of the Portfolios will be comparable to the investment results of any other portfolios, even if the other portfolio has the same investment adviser or manager.

AIM VARIABLE INSURANCE FUNDS

AIM V.I. DENT DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FUND (SERIES I SHARES) (EFFECTIVE ON OR ABOUT JULY 1, 2005, AIM V.I. DENT DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FUND WILL BE RENAMED AIM V.I. DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FUND (SERIES I SHARES)) (MANAGER: A I M ADVISORS,) The fund's investment objective is long-term growth of capital. The fund seeks to meet its objective by investing in securities of companies that are likely to benefit from changing demographic, economic and lifestyle trends. These securities may include common stocks, convertible bonds, convertible preferred stocks and warrants of companies within a broad range of market capitalizations.

AIM V.I. PREMIER EQUITY FUND (SERIES I SHARES) (MANAGER: A I M ADVISORS, INC.). The fund's investment objective is to achieve long-term growth of capital. Income is a secondary objective. The fund seeks to meet its objectives by investing, normally, at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in equity securities, including convertible securities.

AIM V.I. TECHNOLOGY FUND (SERIES I SHARES) (FORMERLY KNOWN AS INVESCO VIF-TECHNOLOGY FUND (SERIES I SHARES)) (MANAGER: A I M ADVISORS, INC.). The Fund seeks capital growth. The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in the equity securities and equity-related instruments of companies engaged in technology-related industries.

AMERICAN CENTURY(R) VARIABLE PORTFOLIOS

AMERICAN CENTURY VP CAPITAL APPRECIATION PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: AMERICAN CENTURY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.). The investment objective of American Century VP Capital Appreciation is capital growth. The Portfolio will seek to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in common stocks that are considered by the investment adviser to have better-than-average prospects for appreciation.

AMERICAN CENTURY VP INCOME & GROWTH (MANAGER: AMERICAN CENTURY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.). American Century VP Income & Growth seeks capital growth. Income is a secondary objective. The fund will seek to achieve its investment objective by investing in common stocks.

AMERICAN CENTURY VP INFLATION PROTECTION FUND (CLASS II) (MANAGER: AMERICAN CENTURY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.). American Century VP Inflation Protection Fund seeks to hedge inflation through a portfolio of inflation-indexed bonds primarily issued by the U.S. Treasury, as well as other investment grade bonds.

AMERICAN CENTURY VP INTERNATIONAL (MANAGER: AMERICAN CENTURY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.). The investment objective of American Century VP International Portfolio is capital growth. The Portfolio will seek to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in an internationally diversified portfolio of common stocks that are considered by management to have prospects for appreciation. International investment involves special risk considerations. These include economic and political conditions, expected inflation rates and currency swings.

AMERICAN CENTURY VP ULTRA(R) (MANAGER: AMERICAN CENTURY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.). American Century VP Ultra seeks long-term capital growth. The fund will seek to achieve its investment objective by investing in mainly U.S. large-cap companies.

AMERICAN CENTURY VP VALUE (MANAGER: AMERICAN CENTURY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, INC.). American Century VP Value seeks long-term capital growth. Income is a secondary objective. The fund will seek to achieve its investment objective by investing in securities that management believes to be undervalued at the time of purchase.

CALAMOS ADVISORS TRUST

CALAMOS GROWTH AND INCOME PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: CALAMOS ASSET MANAGEMENT, INC.). The Calamos Growth and Income Portfolio seek high long-term total return through growth and current income. The Portfolio invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of convertible, equity and fixed-income securities. Convertible securities include debt obligations and preferred stock of the company issuing the security, which may be exchanged for a predetermined price (the conversion price) into the common stock of the issuer.

DREYFUS VARIABLE INVESTMENT FUND

APPRECIATION PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: THE DREYFUS CORPORATION; SUB-INVESTMENT ADVISOR: FAYEZ SAROFIM & CO.). The portfolio seeks long-term capital growth consistent with the preservation of capital. Its secondary goal is current income. To pursue these goals the portfolio invests at least 80% of its assets in common stocks. The portfolio focuses on "blue chip" companies with total market values of more than \$5 billion at the time of purchase.

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DEVELOPING LEADERS PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: THE DREYFUS CORPORATION). The portfolio seeks capital growth. To pursue this goal, the portfolio normally invests at least 80% of its assets in the stocks of companies Dreyfus believes to be developing leaders: companies characterized by new or innovative products, services or processes having the potential to enhance earnings or revenue growth. Based on current market conditions, the portfolio primarily invests in companies with total market values of less than \$2 billion at the time of purchase.

DREYFUS STOCK INDEX FUND, INC. (MANAGER: THE DREYFUS CORPORATION; INDEX SUB-INVESTMENT ADVISOR: MELLON EQUITY ASSOCIATES). The fund seeks to match the total return of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index. To pursue this goal, the fund generally invests in all 500 stocks in the S&P 500(R) in proportion to their weighting in the index. The S&P 500 is an unmanaged index of 500 common stocks chosen to reflect the industries of the U.S. economy and is often considered a proxy for the stock market in general. Each stock is weighted by its market capitalization, which means larger companies have greater representation in the index than smaller ones. The fund may also use stock index futures as a substitute for the sale or purchase of securities.

THE DREYFUS SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE GROWTH FUND, INC. (MANAGER: THE DREYFUS CORPORATION). Seeks capital growth with current income as a secondary goal. To pursue these goals, the fund, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its assets in the common stock of companies that, in the opinion of the Fund's management, not only meet traditional investment standards and conduct their business in a manner that contributes to the enhancement of the quality of life in America.

FEDERATED INSURANCE SERIES

FEDERATED AMERICAN LEADERS FUND II (MANAGER: FEDERATED EQUITY MANAGEMENT COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA). The primary investment objective of the Federated American Leaders Fund II is to achieve long-term growth of capital. The Fund's secondary objective is to provide income. The Fund pursues its investment objectives by investing primarily in common stock of "blue-chip" companies, which are generally top-quality, established growth companies.

FEDERATED HIGH INCOME BOND FUND II (MANAGER: FEDERATED INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY). The investment objective of the Federated High Income Bond Fund II is to seek high current income. The Fund endeavors to achieve its objective by investing primarily in lower-rated corporate debt obligations commonly referred to as "junk bonds."

FEDERATED PRIME MONEY FUND II (MANAGER: FEDERATED INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY). The investment objective of the Federated Prime Money Fund II is to provide current income consistent with stability of principal and liquidity. The Fund pursues its investment objective by investing exclusively in a portfolio of money market instruments maturing in 397 days or less.

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE INSURANCE PRODUCTS TRUST

FRANKLIN SMALL-MID CAP GROWTH SECURITIES FUND (CLASS 2) (FORMERLY KNOWN AS FRANKLIN SMALL CAP GROWTH FUND (CLASS 2)) (MANAGER: FRANKLIN ADVISERS, INC.). Seeks long-term capital growth. The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of small capitalization companies. For this Fund, small-cap companies are those with market capitalization values not exceeding (i) \$1.5 billion or (ii) the highest market capitalization value in the Russell 2000(R) Index, whichever is greater, at the time of purchase; and mid cap companies with market capitalization values not exceeding \$8.5 billion, at the time of purchase.

FRANKLIN REAL ESTATE FUND (CLASS 2) (MANAGER: FRANKLIN ADVISERS, INC).

Seeks capital appreciation, with current income as a secondary goal. The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of companies operating in the real estate sector.

TEMPLETON DEVELOPING MARKETS SECURITIES FUND (CLASS 2) (MANAGER: TEMPLETON ASSET MANAGEMENT LTD.). Seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in emerging market investments, and invest primarily to predominantly in equity securities.

TEMPLETON FOREIGN SECURITIES FUND (CLASS 2) (MANAGER: TEMPLETON INVESTMENT COUNSEL, LLC.). Seeks long-term capital growth. The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in investments of issuers located outside the U.S., including those in emerging markets.

J.P. MORGAN SERIES TRUST II

JPMORGAN MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: J.P. MORGAN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT INC.). The investment objective of JPMorgan Mid Cap Value Portfolio is to provide long-term growth from mid-capitalization stocks.

JPMORGAN SMALL COMPANY PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: J.P. MORGAN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT INC.). The investment objective of JPMorgan Small Company Portfolio is to provide a high total return from a portfolio of equity securities of small companies. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of the value of its assets in the common stock of small and medium sized U.S. companies, typically represented by the Russell 2000 Index. "Assets" mean net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

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JPMORGAN U.S. LARGE CAP CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO (MANAGER: J.P. MORGAN INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT INC.). JPMorgan U.S. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio seeks to provide a high total return from a portfolio comprised of selected equity securities. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of the value of its Assets in large-cap Companies. "Assets" mean net assets, plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes.

MFS (R) VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST (SM)

MFS RESEARCH BOND SERIES (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MFS BOND SERIES) (MANAGER: MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (R)). The Research Bond Series seeks primarily to provide as high a level of current income as is believed consistent with prudent investment risk and secondarily to protect Shareholders' capital. The Series may purchase lower-rated or non-rated debt securities commonly known as "junk bonds", but focuses on investment grade bonds.

MFS EMERGING GROWTH SERIES (MANAGER: MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (R)). The Emerging Growth Series seeks to provide long-term growth of capital. Dividend and interest income from portfolio securities, if any, is incidental to the Series' investment objective of long-term growth of capital. The Series' policy is to invest primarily (i.e., at least 65% of its assets under normal circumstances) in common stocks and related securities of companies that MFS believes are early in their life cycle but which have the potential to become major enterprises (emerging growth companies).

MFS STRATEGIC INCOME SERIES (MANAGER: MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (R)). The Strategic Income Series seeks to provide high current income by investing in fixed income securities. The Series invests, under normal market conditions, at least 65% of its total assets in fixed income securities.

MFS RESEARCH SERIES (MANAGER: MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (R)). The Research Series seeks to provide long-term growth of capital and future income. The Series' assets are allocated to selected industries and then to securities within those industries.

MFS TOTAL RETURN SERIES (MANAGER: MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (R)). The Total Return Series seeks to provide above-average income (compared to a portfolio entirely invested in equity securities) consistent with the prudent employment of capital, and secondarily to provide a reasonable opportunity for growth of capital and income.

MFS UTILITIES SERIES (MANAGER: MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (R)). The Utilities Series seeks capital growth and current income (income above that available from a portfolio invested entirely in equity securities). The Series will seek to achieve its objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its assets in equity and debt securities of both domestic and foreign (including emerging market) companies in the utilities industry.

SELIGMAN PORTFOLIOS, INC.

SELIGMAN CAPITAL PORTFOLIO (CLASS 2) (MANAGER: J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO. INCORPORATED). The objective is capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests primarily in the common stock of medium-sized U.S. companies.

SELIGMAN COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION PORTFOLIO (CLASS 2) (MANAGER: J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO. INCORPORATED). The Portfolio's objective is capital gain. The Portfolio seeks to achieve this objective by investing at least 80% of its net assets, in securities of companies operating in the communications, information and related industries. The Portfolio may invest in companies of any size.

Seligman Smaller-Cap Value Portfolio (Class 2) (formerly Seligman Small-Cap Value Portfolio (Class 2)) (Manager: J. & W. Seligman & Co. Incorporated). The Portfolio seeks long-term capital appreciation by investing at least 80% of its net assets in common stocks of companies with small market capitalizations that are deemed to be value companies by the portfolio manager with market capitalizations of \$3 billion or less.

See the current prospectus for each Fund that accompanies this Prospectus as well as the current Statement of Additional Information for each Fund. These important documents contain more detailed information regarding all aspects of the Funds. Please read the prospectuses for the Funds carefully before making any decision concerning the allocation of Premium Payments or transfers among the Subaccounts. You should know that during extended periods of low interest rates, the yields of the Federated Prime Money Fund II may also become extremely low and possibly negative.

We (or our affiliates) may receive significant compensation from a Fund's 12b-1 fees or from a Fund's investment adviser (or its affiliates) in connection with administration, distribution, or other services provided with respect to the Funds and their availability through the Contracts. This compensation is not reflected in fees and expenses listed in the fee table that is set forth in each Fund's prospectus. The amount of this compensation is generally based upon a percentage of the assets of the Fund attributable to the Contracts and other contracts we issue. These percentages differ and some Funds or their advisers (or affiliates) may pay us (or our affiliates) more than others. Currently, these percentages range from 0.15% to 0.25%.

We cannot guarantee that each Fund or portfolio will always be available for the Contracts, but in the event that a Fund or portfolio is not available, we will take reasonable steps to secure the availability of a comparable fund. Shares of each portfolio are purchased and redeemed at net asset value, without a sales charge.

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ADDITION, DELETION OR SUBSTITUTION OF INVESTMENTS

Subject to applicable law, we may make additions to, deletions from, or substitutions for the shares that are held in the Variable Account or that the Variable Account may purchase. If the shares of a portfolio are no longer available for investments or if further investment in any portfolio should become inappropriate (in our judgment) in view of the purposes of the Variable Account or for any reason in our sole discretion, we may redeem the shares, if any, of that portfolio and substitute shares of another registered open-end management investment company. The substituted fund may have different fees and expenses. Substitutions may be made with respect to existing investments or the investment of future premiums or both. We will not substitute any shares attributable to a Contract's interest in a Subaccount of the Variable Account without notice and prior approval of the SEC and state insurance authorities, to the extent required by applicable law.

Subject to applicable law and any required SEC approval, we may establish new Subaccounts or eliminate one or more Subaccounts if marketing needs, tax considerations or investment conditions warrant or for any other reason, in our sole discretion. We will determine on what basis we might make any new Subaccounts available to existing Contract Owners. Furthermore, we may close Subaccounts to allocation of premiums or Contract Value, or both, at any time in our sole discretion.

If we make any of these substitutions or changes we may, by appropriate endorsement, change the Contract to reflect the substitution or change. If we decide it is in the best interests of Contract Owners (subject to any approvals that may be required under applicable law), we may take the following actions with regard to the Variable Account:

- o operate the Variable Account as a management investment company under the 1940 Act;
- o deregister it under that Act if registration is no longer required; or
- o combine it with other Kansas City Life separate accounts.

VOTING RIGHTS

We are the legal owner of shares held by the Subaccounts and we have the right to vote on all matters submitted to shareholders of the Funds. As required by law, we will vote shares held in the Subaccounts in accordance with instructions

received from Owners with Contract Value in the Subaccounts. We may be permitted to vote shares of the Funds in our own right if the applicable federal securities laws, regulations or interpretations of those laws or regulations change.

To obtain voting instructions from you, before a meeting you will be sent voting instruction material, a voting instruction form and any other related material. Your number of votes will be calculated separately for each Subaccount of the Variable Account, and may include fractional shares. The number of votes attributable to a Subaccount will be determined by applying your percentage interest, if any, in a particular Subaccount to the total number of votes attributable to that Subaccount. The number of votes for which you may give instructions will be determined as of the date established by the Fund for determining shareholders eligible to vote. We will vote shares held by a Subaccount for which we have no instructions and any shares held in our general account in the same proportion as those shares for which we do receive voting instructions.

If required by state insurance officials, we may disregard voting instructions if such instructions would require us to vote shares in a manner that would:

- o cause a change in sub-classification or investment objectives of one or more of the Portfolios;
- o approve or disapprove an investment advisory agreement; or
- o require changes in the investment advisory contract or investment adviser of one or more of the Portfolios, if we reasonably disapprove of such changes in accordance with applicable federal regulations.

If we ever disregard voting instructions, we will advise you of that action and of the reasons for it in the next semiannual report. We may also modify the manner in which we calculate the weight to be given to pass-through voting instructions when such a change is necessary to comply with current federal regulations or the current interpretation of them.

CHARGES AND DEDUCTIONS

We may realize a profit on any charges and deductions under the Contract. We may use this profit for any purpose, including payment of distribution charges. Below is a listing and description of the applicable charges and deductions under the Contract.

PREMIUM EXPENSE CHARGES

SALES CHARGE. We deduct a sales charge from each Premium before allocation to the Variable Account and/or the Fixed Account. The amount of the sales charge varies by when we receive the Premium and the amount of Premium paid

during that Contract Year. During Contract Years 1-10, we deduct a higher sales charge on the amount up to a Target Premium than we charge on Excess Premiums. The Target Premium is an amount based on Age, sex, and risk class of the Insureds, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if elected, and level of Specified Amount. Excess Premiums are premiums paid during a Contract Year that exceed the Target Premium.

The following table shows the sales charge applicable to total premiums paid up to the Target Premium and to total premiums paid that are Excess Premiums:

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CONTRACT YEAR	SALES CHARGE AS % OF PREMIUMS PAID UP TO TARGET PREMIUM	SALES CHARGE % OF EXCESS PREMIUMS PAID
<S>	<C>	<C>
Year 1	50% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 2-5	15% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 6-10	6% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 11-20	2% of Premiums	2% of Premiums
Years 21 +	0%	0%

</TABLE>

Here is an example of how we calculate the sales charge:

Assume that the Target Premium specified in a Contract is \$1,000. If Premiums of \$1,500 are paid during Contract Year 1, a 50% sales charge applies to \$1,000 of

the Premiums paid (the amount up to the Target Premium) which equals \$500. A 2% sales charge applies to the Excess Premium of \$500, which equals \$10. The total sales charge deducted in Contract Year 1 is \$510. If Premiums of \$1,500 are paid in Contract Year 6, a 6% sales charge applies to \$1,000 of the Premiums paid which equals \$60. A 2% sales charge applies to the Excess Premium of \$500, which equals \$10. The total applicable sales charge in Contract Year 6 is \$70.

While this example demonstrates that Premiums paid in later Contract Years may be subject to lower sales charges than Premiums paid during earlier Contract Years, deferring payment of Premiums until later Contract Years may mean that insufficient Premiums are paid to meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement in the early Contract Years (if selected), or may also result in insufficient Premiums being paid for the Cash Surrender Value to cover Monthly Deductions. In either case, the Contract could lapse.

The sales charge reimburses us for various sales and administrative expenses associated with issuing the Contract.

PREMIUM PROCESSING CHARGE. We deduct a 4.85% Premium processing charge from each Premium Payment. This charge reimburses us for a Federal "deferred acquisition" tax on Premiums received, state and local Premium taxes, and for administrative expenses associated with processing Premium Payments.

State premium tax rates vary by state and currently range between 0.50% and 3.50%. We may be subject to retaliatory tax in some states so that the effective premium tax ranges from 2.0% to 3.5%. The Premium Tax Charge that we deduct from each of your Premiums may not necessarily reflect the tax charged in your state, and we will be deducted even if we are not subject to a premium or retaliatory tax in your state.

MONTHLY DEDUCTION

We will make Monthly Deductions to collect various charges under your Contract. We will make these Monthly Deductions on each Monthly Anniversary following the Allocation Date. On the Allocation Date, we will deduct Monthly Deductions for the Contract Date and each Monthly Anniversary that has occurred prior to the Allocation Date. (See "Premium Allocations and Crediting," page 19) The Monthly Deduction consists of:

- (1) monthly expense charges;
- (2) cost of insurance charges; and
- (3) any optional benefit and/or rider charges, as described below.

We deduct the Monthly Deduction pro rata on the basis of the portion of Contract Value in each Subaccount and/or the Fixed Account.

MONTHLY EXPENSE CHARGE. The monthly expense charge is made up of two parts:

- o a charge of \$12.50 per month for the first five Contract Years.
- o a monthly expense charge of \$7.50 plus \$.02 per \$1,000 of Total Sum Insured per month for all Contract Years.

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The monthly expense charge reimburses us for expenses incurred in the administration of the Contracts and the Variable Account. Such expenses include but are not limited to: underwriting and issuing the Contract, confirmations, annual reports and account statements, maintenance of Contract records, maintenance of Variable Account records, administrative personnel costs, mailing costs, data processing costs, legal fees, accounting fees, filing fees, the costs of other services necessary for Contract Owner servicing and all accounting, valuation, regulatory and updating requirements.

We guarantee that the monthly expense charge will not increase. Even if the guaranteed charges prove to be insufficient, we will not increase the charges above such guaranteed levels and will incur the loss.

COST OF INSURANCE CHARGE. This charge compensates us for the expense of providing insurance coverage. The charge depends on a number of variables and will vary from Contract to Contract and from month to month. For any Contract, we calculate the cost of insurance on a Monthly Anniversary Day by multiplying the current cost of insurance rate for the Insureds by the net amount at risk for that Monthly Anniversary Day. The cost of insurance rate for a Contract on a Monthly Anniversary Day is based on the Insureds' Age, sex, and number of completed Contract Years, Total Sum Insured, and risk class. We currently place each Insured in one of the following classes, based on underwriting:

- o Standard Tobacco User;
- o Standard Nontobacco User;

- o Preferred Nontobacco User; and
- o Preferred Tobacco User.

We may place an Insured in a substandard risk class, which involves a higher mortality risk than the Standard Tobacco User or Standard Nontobacco User classes.

The net amount at risk on a Monthly Anniversary Day is the difference between the Death Benefit (discounted at an interest rate which is the monthly equivalent of 4% per year) and the Contract Value (as calculated on that Monthly Anniversary Day before we deduct the cost of insurance charge). If you have chosen Coverage Option A for your Death Benefit, the net amount at risk generally will decrease as the Contract Value increases and increase as Contract Value decreases (assuming you do not decrease or increase the Total Sum Insured). (See "Determining the Contract Value," page 25, for an explanation of the factors that affect Contract Value). If you have chosen Option B or Coverage Option L for your Death Benefit, the net amount at risk generally remains constant. For purposes of determining cost of insurance rates, we allocate Contract Value first to Specified Amount and then to the Additional Insurance Amount coverage in the order in which those coverage's were issued. Then we allocate Contract Value to any additional coverage amount applicable under Coverage Option L.

We place the Insureds in risk classes when we approve the Contract, based on our underwriting of the application. When you request an increase in Additional Insurance Amount, we do additional underwriting before approving the increase to determine the risk class that will apply to the increase. If the risk class for the increase has lower cost of insurance rates than the existing risk class, we apply the lower rates to the entire Total Sum Insured. If the risk class for the increase has higher cost of insurance rates than the existing class, we apply the higher rates only to the increase in Total Sum Insured and the existing risk class will continue to apply to the existing Total Sum Insured.

We guarantee that the cost of insurance rates will not exceed the maximum cost of insurance rates set forth in the Contract. The guaranteed rates for standard and preferred risk classes are based on the 1980 Commissioners' Standard Ordinary Mortality Tables, Male or Female, Smoker or Nonsmoker Mortality Rates ("1980 CSO Tables"). The guaranteed rates for substandard classes are based on multiples of or additives to the 1980 CSO Tables.

Our current cost of insurance rates may be less than the guaranteed rates that are set forth in the Contract. We will determine current cost of insurance rates based on our expectations as to future mortality experience. We may change these rates from time to time.

Cost of insurance rates (whether guaranteed or current) for one or both Insureds in a nontobacco-user standard class are lower than rates for one or both Insureds of the same age and sex in a tobacco-user standard class. Cost of insurance rates (whether guaranteed or current) for one or both Insureds in a nontobacco-user or tobacco-user standard risk class are lower than rates for one or both Insureds of the same age, sex and tobacco-user class in a substandard risk class.

We may make a profit from this charge. Any profit may be used to finance distribution expenses.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION CHARGE. There is no charge for the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option in the first ten Contract Years. Beginning in Contract Year 11, the charge is \$.01 per \$1,000 on a current basis, and \$.03 per \$1,000 on a guaranteed basis. This charge is based on the Specified Amount and we will deduct it monthly.

COST OF ADDITIONAL BENEFITS PROVIDED BY RIDERS. These charges are part of the Monthly Deduction and vary by the benefit.

- o Contract Split Option Rider. We assess a charge per \$1,000 of rider ----- coverage.
- o Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider. We assess a charge per \$1,000 ----- of rider coverage amount.
- o Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider. We assess a charge ----- per \$1,000 of rider coverage.

DAILY MORTALITY AND EXPENSE RISK CHARGE

We deduct a daily charge from assets in the Subaccounts attributable to the Contracts. This charge does not apply to Fixed Account assets. The current

charge is at an annual rate of 0.625% of net assets. We guarantee that this rate will never exceed an annual rate of 0.90%.

The mortality risk we assume is that the Insureds may die sooner than anticipated and we have to pay Death Benefits greater than we anticipated. The expense risk we assume is that expenses incurred in issuing and administering the Contracts and the Variable Account will exceed the administrative charges we assess. We may make a profit from this charge. Any profit may be used to finance distribution expenses.

TRANSFER PROCESSING FEE

The first six transfers during each Contract Year are free. We will assess a \$25 Transfer Processing Fee for each additional transfer during such Contract Year. For the purpose of assessing the fee, we will consider each written or telephone, facsimile and electronic mail authorization request seeking a transfer to be one transfer, regardless of the number of accounts affected by the transfer. We will deduct the transfer processing fee from the amount being transferred or from the remaining Contract Value, according to your instructions.

PARTIAL SURRENDER FEE

We will deduct an administrative charge upon a partial surrender. This charge is the lesser of 2% of the amount surrendered or \$25. We will deduct this charge from the Contract Value in addition to the amount you request to be surrendered and the charge will be considered part of the partial surrender amount.

FUND EXPENSES

The Funds deduct investment advisory fees and other expenses. The value of the net assets of each Subaccount reflects the investment advisory fees and other expenses incurred by the corresponding Portfolio in which the Subaccount invests. This means that these charges are deducted before we calculate Subaccount Values. These charges are not directly deducted from your Contract Value. See the prospectuses for the Funds.

OTHER TAX CHARGE

We do not currently assess a charge for any taxes other than state and local Premium taxes and Federal DAC taxes incurred as a result of the operations of the Subaccounts. We have the right to assess a charge for such taxes against the Subaccounts if we determine that such taxes will be incurred.

THE CONTRACT

PURCHASING A CONTRACT

Contracts issued in your state may provide different features and benefits from, and impose different costs than, those described in this prospectus. This prospectus provides a general description of the Contracts. Your actual Contract and any endorsements are the controlling documents. If you would like a copy of your Contract and endorsements, contact our Home Office.

WHO SHOULD PURCHASE A CONTRACT

The Contract is designed to provide long-term insurance benefits on the two Insureds and may also provide long-term accumulation of value. You should evaluate the Contract in conjunction with other insurance policies that you own and you should consider your insurance needs and the Contract's long-term investment potential. It may not be advantageous to replace existing insurance coverage with this Contract. You should carefully consider replacement especially if the decision to replace existing coverage is based solely on a comparison of illustrations.

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APPLYING FOR A CONTRACT

To purchase a Contract, you must complete an application and submit it through an authorized Kansas City Life agent. If you are eligible for temporary insurance coverage, a temporary insurance agreement ("TIA") should also accompany the application. As long as the initial Premium payment accompanies the TIA, the TIA provides insurance coverage from the date we receive the required premium at our home office to the date we approve your application. In accordance with our underwriting rules, temporary life insurance coverage may not exceed \$500,000. The TIA may not be in effect for more than 60 days. At the end of the 60 days, the TIA coverage terminates and then we will return the initial Premium to the applicant.

For coverage under the TIA, you must pay an initial Premium payment that is at least equal to two months of minimum initial Premium. We require only one month of minimum initial Premium for Contracts when you will be making Premium payments under a pre-authorized payment or combined billing arrangement. (See

We require satisfactory evidence of both proposed Insureds' insurability, which may include a medical examination. The available issue Ages are 20 through 85. Age is determined on the Contract Date based on of each Insured's Age last birthday. The minimum Total Sum Insured is \$200,000. Acceptance of an application depends on our underwriting rules and we have the right to reject an application.

OWNERSHIP

As the Owner of the Contract, you may exercise all rights provided under the Contract. The Insured's are the Owner, unless a different Owner is named in the application. While at least one of the Insureds is living, the Owner may name a contingent Owner or a new Owner by Written Notice. If a contingent Owner has not been named, on the death of the last surviving Owner, ownership of the Contract passes to the estate of the last Owner to die. The Owner may also be changed prior to the last surviving Insured's death by Written Notice satisfactory to us.

CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

You may change the ownership of this Contract by giving written notice to us. The change will be effective on the date your written notice was signed, but will have no effect on any payment made or other action taken by us before we receive it at our Home Office. We may require that the Contract be submitted for endorsement to show the change.

Certain federal income tax consequences may apply to a change of ownership. You should consult with your tax advisor before requesting any changes of ownership. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

DETERMINATION OF CONTRACT DATE

In general, when applications are submitted with the required Premium Payment, the Contract Date will be the same as that of the TIA. For Contracts where the required Premium Payment is not accepted at the time of application or Contracts where values are applied to the new Contract from another contract, the Contract Date will be the approval date plus up to seven days. There are several exceptions to these rules as described below.

CONTRACT DATE CALCULATED TO BE 29th, 30th OR 31st OF MONTH

No Contracts will be given a Contract Date of the 29th, 30th or 31st of the month. When values are applied to the new Contract from another contract and the Contract Date would be calculated to be one of these dates, the Contract Date will be the 28th of the month. In all other situations in which the Contract Date would be calculated to be the 29th, 30th or 31st of the month, the Contract Date will be the 1st of the next month.

PRE-AUTHORIZED CHECK PAYMENT PLAN (PAC) OR COMBINED BILLING (CB)-PREMIUM WITH APPLICATION.

If PAC or CB is requested and the initial premium is taken with the application, the Contract Date will be the date of approval. Combined Billing is a billing where multiple Kansas City Life contracts are billed together.

COMBINED BILLING (CB)-NO PREMIUM WITH APPLICATION.

If you request CB and do not provide the initial premium with the application, the Contract Date will be the earlier of the first of the month after the Contract is approved or the date the initial premium is received. However, if approval occurs between the first and fifth of the month the Contract Date will be the first of the same month that we approve the Contract. In addition, if the Contract Date is calculated to be the 29th, 30th or 31st of the month then the Contract Date will be the first of the following month.

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GOVERNMENT ALLOTMENT (GA) AND FEDERAL ALLOTMENT (FA).

If you request GA or FA on the application and provide an initial premium with the application, the Contract Date will be the date of approval. If you request GA or FA and we do not receive the required initial Premium, the Contract Date will be the date we receive a full monthly allotment.

CONVERSIONS

If you convert a Kansas City Life term insurance product to a new Contract, the Contract Date will be the date up to which the Premiums for the previous contract are paid. If you are converting more than one term

policy, the Contract Date will be determined by the contract with the earliest date to which Premiums are paid.

The Contract Date is determined by these guidelines except, as provided for under state insurance law, the Owner may be permitted to backdate the Contract to preserve insurance age (and receive a lower cost of insurance rate). In no case may the Contract Date be more than six months prior to the date the application was completed. We will charge Monthly Deductions from the Contract Date.

If coverage under an existing Kansas City Life insurance contract is being replaced, that contract will be terminated and values will be transferred on the date when you have met all underwriting and other requirements and we have approved your application. We will deduct Contract charges as of the Contract Date.

REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING INSURANCE

It may not be in your best interest to surrender, lapse, change, or borrow from existing life insurance or annuity contracts in connection with the purchase of a Contract. You should replace your existing insurance only when you determine that the Contract is better for you. The charges and benefits of your existing insurance may be different from a Contract purchased from us. You may have to pay a surrender charge on your existing insurance, and the Contract will impose a new sales charge period.

You should talk to your financial professional or tax adviser to make sure the exchange will be tax-free. If you surrender your existing contract for cash and then buy the Contract, you may have to pay a tax, including possibly a penalty tax, on the surrender. Also, because we will not issue the Contract until we have received an initial premium from your existing insurance company, the issuance of the Contract may be delayed.

FREE LOOK RIGHT TO CANCEL CONTRACT

You may cancel your Contract for a refund during your "free-look" period. The free look period expires on the latest of:

- o 10 days after you receive your Contract;
- o 45 days after your application for the Contract;
- o 10 days after we mail or deliver a cancellation notice.

If you decide to cancel the Contract, you must return it by mail or other delivery method to the Home Office or your Kansas City Life agent. The Contract will be deemed void from the beginning immediately after you mail or deliver it for cancellation. We will refund premiums paid within seven days after we receive the returned Contract. (This means that the amount we refund will not reflect either gains or losses resulting from Subaccount performance.)

ALLOCATIONS AND TRANSFERS

PREMIUM ALLOCATIONS AND CREDITING

In the Contract application, you select how we will allocate Premiums (Premiums less Premium expense charges) among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account. The sum of your allocations must equal 100%. We may limit the number of Subaccounts to which you allocate net Premiums (not applicable to Texas Contracts). We will never limit the number to less than 15. You may change the allocation percentages at any time by sending Written Notice. You may make changes in your allocation by telephone if you have provided proper authorization. (See "Telephone, Facsimile, Electronic Mail and Internet Authorizations," page 38.) The change will apply to the Premium Payments received with or after receipt of your notice.

On the Allocation Date, we will allocate the initial net Premium to the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount. If we receive any additional Premiums before the Reallocation Date, we will also allocate the corresponding net Premiums to the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount.

On the Reallocation Date we will allocate the amount in the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount as directed in your application. (See "Determining the Contract Value," page 25)

We will credit Premiums received on or after the Reallocation Date as directed by you. The Premiums will be invested within the Valuation Period during which we receive them at our Home Office unless we require additional underwriting. Premiums received at our Home Office before the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading are priced using the Subaccount Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of that regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange (usually 3:00 p.m. Central Standard Time). If we receive a Premium

payment after the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading, we will process the order using the Subaccount Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of the next regular session of the New York Stock Exchange. We will credit amounts to the Subaccounts only on a Valuation Day, that is, on a date the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading.

We won't credit Premiums requiring additional underwriting until we have completed underwriting and accept the Premium Payment. If we reject the additional Premium Payment, we will return the Premium Payment promptly, without any adjustment for investment experience.

We may be delayed in processing your Contract application and/or Premiums due to submission delays by your agent. We will not apply any Premium until we have received the Contract application and/or Premium from your agent.

TRANSFER PRIVILEGE

After the Reallocation Date and prior to the Maturity Date, you may transfer amounts among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, subject to the following restrictions:

- o the minimum transfer amount is the lesser of \$250 or the entire amount in that Subaccount or the Fixed Account;
- o we will treat a transfer request that reduces the amount in a Subaccount or the Fixed Account below \$250 as a transfer request for the entire amount in that Subaccount or the Fixed Account;
- o we allow only one transfer each Contract Year from the Fixed Account;
- o the amount transferred from the Fixed Account may not exceed 25% of the unloaned Fixed Account Value on the date of transfer (unless the balance after the transfer is less than \$250 in which case we will transfer the entire amount);
- o we may, where permitted, suspend or modify this transfer privilege at any time with notice to you.

There is no limit on the number of transfers you can make between the Subaccounts or to the Fixed Account. The first six transfers during each Contract Year are free. After the first six transfers, we will assess a \$25 transfer processing fee. Unused free transfers do not carry over to the next Contract Year. For the purpose of assessing the fee, we consider each Written Notice or telephone, facsimile, or electronic mail request to be one transfer, regardless of the number of Subaccounts or the Fixed Account affected by that transfer. We will deduct the processing fee from the remaining Contract Value.

We will make the transfer on the Valuation Day that we receive Written Notice requesting the transfer. You may also make transfers by telephone, facsimile and electronic mail if you have provided proper authorization, unless, in accordance with our policies and procedures regarding frequent transfers among Subaccounts, we require you to provide us with a written request for transfers. (See "Telephone, Facsimile and Electronic Mail Authorizations and Internet Authorizations," page 27.) Transfer requests made in writing, by facsimile, or by electronic mail must be received, and transfer requests made by telephone must be completed, before 3:00 p.m. Central Standard Time to receive same day pricing of the transaction. Transfer requests received (or completed) before the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading are priced using the Subaccount unit value determined at the close of that regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange (usually 3:00 p.m. Central Standard Time). If we receive a transfer request after the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading, we will process the order using the Subaccount unit value determined at the close of the next regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange.

FREQUENT TRANSFERS AMONG SUBACCOUNTS. Frequent requests from Owners to transfer Contract Value between Subaccounts may dilute the value of a Portfolio's shares if the frequent trading involves an attempt to take advantage of pricing inefficiencies created by a lag between a change in the value of the securities held by a Portfolio and the reflection of that change in the Portfolio's share price. Frequent transfers may also increase brokerage and administrative costs of the Portfolios, and may interfere with the efficient management of a Portfolio, requiring it to maintain a high cash position and possibly result in lost investment opportunities and forced liquidations. Accordingly, frequent transfers may adversely affect the long-term performance of the Portfolios, which, in turn, may adversely affect other Owners and persons with interests under the Contracts (e.g., Beneficiaries).

We have policies and procedures that attempt to detect and deter frequent transfer activity among Subaccounts. Our procedures for detecting frequent transfer activity involve examining the number of transfers made by an Owner within given periods of time. Currently, we monitor for 12 or more transfers in a Contract within a calendar year. For purposes of applying the parameters used to detect frequent transfer activity, we will aggregate transfers made on the same Valuation

Day under multiple contracts owned by the same Owner. However, we do not aggregate transfers made pursuant to the Dollar Cost Averaging and Portfolio Rebalancing Plan.

If transfer activity violates our established parameters for detecting frequent transfers, we review those transfers to determine if, in our judgment, the transfers are potentially harmful frequent transfer activity. If, in our sole opinion, a pattern of excessive transfers develops or a transfer is not in the best interests of one or more Owners, we either will suspend the transfer privilege or will apply limitations or modifications to transfers to or from one or more of the Subaccounts. We will communicate to Owners in writing any suspension or limitation or modification of the transfer privilege. Our policies and procedures specify the following as limitations that will be applied to deter excessive transfers:

- o the requirement of a minimum time period between each transfer;
- o not accepting a transfer request from a third party acting under authorization on behalf of more than one Owner;
- o limiting the dollar amount that may be transferred between the Subaccounts by an Owner at any one time;
- o implementing and administering redemption fees imposed by one or more of the Funds in the future; and
- o requiring that a written request, signed by the Owner, be provided to us at our Home Office.

The detection and deterrence of harmful transfer activity involves judgments that are inherently subjective, including our judgment as to what parameters to use to detect potentially harmful frequent transfer activity and what particular limitation of the five possible limitations described above to apply to deter excessive transfers when a particular instance of potentially harmful transfer activity is detected. Our ability to detect and apply specific limitations to such transfer activity may be limited by operational and technological systems, as well as by our ability to predict strategies employed by Owners to avoid such detection. However, we may vary our procedures from Subaccount to Subaccount, and may be more restrictive with regard to certain Subaccounts than others. There is no assurance that we will prevent all transfer activity that may adversely affect Owners and other persons with interests in the Contracts. In our sole discretion, we may at any time and without prior notice revise any procedures we follow as necessary: to better detect and deter frequent, large, or short-term transfers that may adversely affect Owners and other persons with interests under the Contracts; to comply with state or federal regulatory requirements; or to impose additional or alternate restrictions (such as percentage limits on transfers) on Owners engaging in frequent transfer activity among the Subaccounts. We also may not process a transfer request if the Subaccount affected by the transfer is unable to purchase or redeem shares of its corresponding Fund Portfolio because of actions taken or limitations imposed by the Fund.

The Funds with Portfolios available as investment options under the Contract may have adopted their own policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions of their respective shares. The prospectuses for the Funds describe any such policies and procedures, which may be more or less restrictive than the frequent trading policies and procedures of other Funds and the policies and procedures we have adopted to discourage frequent transfers among Subaccounts. Owners and persons with interests under the Contracts should be aware that we may not have the contractual obligation or the operational capacity to apply the frequent trading policies and procedures of the Funds.

Owners and other persons with interests under the Contracts also should be aware that the purchase and redemption orders received by the Funds generally are "omnibus" orders from other insurance companies or from intermediaries such as retirement plans. The omnibus orders reflect the aggregation and netting of multiple orders from individual retirement plan participants and/or individual owners of variable insurance contracts. The omnibus nature of these orders may limit a Fund's ability to apply its respective frequent trading policies and procedures. We cannot guarantee that the Funds will not be harmed by transfer activity relating to the retirement plans and/or other insurance companies that may invest in the Funds.

In accordance with applicable law, we reserve the right to modify or terminate the transfer privilege at any time. We also reserve the right to defer or restrict the transfer privilege at any time that we are unable to purchase or redeem shares of any of the Portfolios, including any refusal or restriction on purchases or redemptions of Portfolio shares as a result of a Fund's own policies and procedures on frequent purchase and redemption of Fund shares (even if an entire omnibus order is rejected because of frequent transfer activity of a single Owner). You should read the Fund prospectuses for more details.

ADDITIONAL NO-FEE TRANSFER RIGHT. This additional, one-time transfer feature allows you to transfer all or a portion of the Variable Account Value to the Fixed Account and we will make this transfer without applying the transfer processing fee (even if you have already used the six free transfers for that Contract Year.) This additional no-fee transfer right applies during the first 24 months of the Contract.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING PLAN

The Dollar Cost Averaging Plan is an optional feature available with the Contract. If elected, it enables you to automatically transfer amounts from the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount to other Subaccounts. The goal of the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan is to make you less susceptible to market fluctuations by allocating on a regularly scheduled basis instead of allocating the total amount all at one time. We cannot guarantee that the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan will result in a gain.

Transfers under this plan occur on a monthly basis for a period you choose, ranging from 3 to 36 months. To participate in the plan you must transfer at least \$250 from the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount each month. You may allocate the required amounts to the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount through initial or subsequent Premium Payments or by transferring amounts into the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount from the other Subaccounts or from the Fixed Account. Restrictions apply to transfers from the Fixed Account.

You may elect this plan at the time of application by completing the authorization. You may also elect it at any time after the Contract is issued by completing the election form. You may make changes in dollar cost averaging by telephone if you have provided proper authorization.

Dollar cost averaging transfers will start on the next Monthly Anniversary Day on or following the Reallocation Date or the date you request. Once elected, we will process transfers from the Federated Prime Money Fund II monthly until:

- o we have completed the designated number of transfers;
- o the value of the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount is completely depleted; or
- o you send Written Notice instructing us to cancel the monthly transfers.

Transfers made under the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan will not count toward the six free transfers allowed each Contract Year. We may cancel this feature at any time with notice to you. We do not impose a charge for participation in this plan.

PORTFOLIO REBALANCING PLAN

The Portfolio Rebalancing Plan is an optional feature available with the Contract. Under this plan we will redistribute the accumulated balance of each Subaccount to equal a specified percentage of the Variable Account Value. We will do this on a quarterly basis at three-month intervals from the Monthly Anniversary Day on which portfolio rebalancing begins.

The purpose of the Portfolio Rebalancing Plan is to automatically diversify your portfolio mix. This plan automatically adjusts your Portfolio mix to be consistent with your current allocation instructions. If you make a change to your Premium allocation, we will also automatically change the allocation used for portfolio rebalancing to be consistent with the new Premium allocation unless you instruct us otherwise.

The redistribution occurring under this plan will not count toward the six free transfers permitted each Contract Year. If you also have elected the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan and it has not been completed, the portfolio rebalancing Plan will start on the Monthly Anniversary Day after the Dollar Cost Averaging Plan ends.

You may elect this plan at the time of application by completing the authorization on the application. You may also elect it after the Contract is issued by completing the election form. You may make changes in portfolio rebalancing by telephone if you have provided proper authorization. Portfolio rebalancing will terminate when:

- o you request any transfer unless you authorize a change in allocation at that time; or
- o the day we receive Written Notice instructing us to cancel the plan.

If the Contract Value is negative at the time portfolio rebalancing is scheduled, we will not complete the redistribution. We may cancel the Portfolio Rebalancing Plan at any time with notice to you. We do not impose a charge for

participation in this plan.

CHANGES IN THE CONTRACT OR BENEFITS

Upon notice to you, we may modify the Contract. We can only do so if such modification is necessary to:

- (1) make the Contract or the Variable Account comply with any applicable law or regulation issued by a governmental agency to which we are subject;
- (2) assure continued qualification of the Contract under the Internal Revenue Code or other federal or state laws relating to variable life contracts;
- (3) reflect a change in the operation of the Variable Account; or
- (4) provide additional Variable Account and/or fixed accumulation options.

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We have the right to modify the Contract as necessary to attempt to prevent you from being considered the owner of the assets of the Variable Account. In the event of any such modification, we will issue an appropriate amendment to the Contract, if required. We will exercise these changes in accordance with applicable law, including approval of Contract Owners if required.

OPTIONAL RIDERS

The following optional riders are available and may be added to your Contract. We will deduct monthly charges for these optional riders from your Contract Value as part of the Monthly Deduction. All of these riders may not be available in all states.

CONTRACT SPLIT OPTION RIDER

Issue Ages: 20-75

This rider allows you to split the Contract equally into two individual contracts, one on the life of each Insured. This split option will be offered without evidence of insurability under the condition that you make the request as the result of either:

- (1) the divorce of the two Insureds; or
- (2) as a result of a change in the Unlimited Federal Estate Tax marital deduction or a reduction in the maximum Federal Estate Tax bracket rate to a rate below 25%.

You must also meet specific other conditions in order to qualify. When you exercise this option, we will terminate the existing Contract. (In Pennsylvania, this option may not be exercised in the event of divorce.)

The new contracts will be based on the Insureds' Age, sex, and based on the risk class at the time of issue of the original Contract.

This rider will terminate at the older Insured's age 80. The rider will also terminate if you elect to keep the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option in effect after it is determined that funding is not adequate to cover these rider charges. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28)

The tax consequences of a contract split are uncertain. (See "Tax Treatment of Contract Benefits," page 34) A significant unresolved federal tax issue affecting a Contract is whether the issuance of two individual life insurance contracts in exchange for a survivorship life insurance contract will be treated as a nontaxable exchange. If you are considering a contract split, you should be aware that it is possible that such a contract split may not be treated as a nontaxable exchange, in which case the tax treatment of the Contract could be significantly less favorable than that described in this discussion. In addition, it is not clear whether two individual contracts received in exchange for a survivorship contract in a Contract split transaction will be classified as Modified Endowment Contracts. Before proceeding with a contract split, you should consult a competent tax adviser as to the possible tax consequences of such a split.

JOINT FIRST TO DIE TERM LIFE INSURANCE RIDER

Issue Ages: 20-85

This rider covers the Insureds under the Contract and provides yearly renewable term coverage on the first Insured to die on or before the older Insured's age 100 and while this rider is in force. Coverage amounts may differ between the two Insureds, but the maximum coverage equals the Total Sum Insured and the minimum non-zero coverage equals \$10,000. You may

increase (subject to insurability) or decrease the coverage under this rider. You may also choose at issue a schedule for the coverage to decrease annually. The scheduled decreases may be based on the percentage of the coverage amount or may be a flat dollar amount. If this rider is elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available on the Contract.

JOINT SURVIVORSHIP FOUR-YEAR TERM LIFE INSURANCE RIDER

Issue Ages: 20-85

This rider provides four-year level term insurance and expires four years after the effective date of the rider. The term insurance provides a death benefit payable at the death of the last surviving Insured. The minimum coverage is \$100,000 and the maximum coverage is equal to the Total Sum Insured. This rider is available at issue only.

The rider will also terminate if you elect to keep the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option in effect after it is determined that funding is not adequate to cover these rider charges. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28)

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Additional rules and limits apply to these optional riders. Not all such benefits may be available at any time, and optional benefits or riders in addition to those listed above may be made available. Please ask your Kansas City Life agent for further information, or contact the Home Office.

PREMIUM PAYMENTS

PREMIUMS The Contract is flexible with regard to the amount of Premiums you pay. When we issue the Contract we set a Planned Premium Payment. This amount is only an indication of your preference in paying Premiums. You may make additional unscheduled Premiums at any time while the Contract is in force. We have the right to limit the number (except in Texas) and amount of such Premiums. We do have requirements regarding the minimum and maximum Premium amounts that you can pay.

We deduct Premium expense charges from all Premiums prior to allocating them to your Contract. (See "CHARGES AND DEDUCTIONS," page 14)

MINIMUM PREMIUM AMOUNTS. The minimum initial Premium Payment required is the least amount for which we will issue a Contract. This amount depends on a number of factors. These factors include Age, sex, and risk class of the proposed Insureds, the Specified Amount, any optional benefits and riders selected and the Planned Premium Payments you propose to make. (See "Planned Premium Payments," page 24) Consult your Kansas City Life agent for information about the initial premium required for the coverage you desire.

Each Premium after the initial Premium must be at least \$25.

MAXIMUM PREMIUM INFORMATION. Total Premiums paid may not exceed premium limitations for life insurance set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. We will monitor Contracts and will notify you if a Premium Payment exceeds this limit and will cause the Contract to violate the definition of insurance. You may choose to take a refund of the portion of the Premium that we determine is in excess of the guideline premium limit or you may submit an application to increase the Additional Insurance Amount, subject to our underwriting approval. If you choose to increase the Additional Insurance Amount and the Insured fails to meet our underwriting requirements for the required increase in coverage, we have the right to refund, with interest, any premium that we determine is in excess of the guideline premium limit. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

Your Contract may become a modified endowment contract if Premiums exceed the "7-Pay Test" as set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. We will monitor Contracts and will attempt to notify you on a timely basis if, based on our interpretation of the relevant tax rules, your Contract is in jeopardy of becoming a modified endowment contract. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

We have the right to require satisfactory evidence of insurability prior to accepting unscheduled Premiums. (See "Premium Allocations and Crediting," page 19)

GENERAL PREMIUM INFORMATION. You must make Premium Payments by check payable to Kansas City Life Insurance Company or by any other method that we deem acceptable. You must clearly mark a loan repayment as such or we will credit it as a Premium Payment. (See "Contract Loans," page 31)

If mandated under applicable law, we may be required to reject a Premium payment. We may also be required to provide additional information about you or your account to government regulators.

PLANNED PREMIUM PAYMENTS. When applying for a Contract, you may select a

plan for paying Premiums. Failure to pay Planned Premium Payments will not necessarily cause a Contract to lapse. Conversely, paying all Planned Premium Payments will not guarantee that a Contract will not lapse. You may elect to pay level Premiums quarterly, semi-annually or annually. You may also arrange to pay Planned Premium Payments on a special monthly or quarterly basis under a pre-authorized payment arrangement.

You are not required to pay Premium Payments in accordance with your plan. You can pay more or less than planned or skip a Planned Premium Payment entirely. (See, "Premium Payments to Prevent Lapse," page 25, and "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28) Subject to the minimum and maximum limits described above, you can change the amount and frequency of Planned Premium Payments at any time.

PREMIUM PAYMENTS UPON AN INCREASE IN ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT.

Depending upon the Contract Value at the time of an increase and the amount of the increase requested, you may need to make an additional Premium Payment or change the amount of Planned Premium Payments. (See "Increases in the Additional Insurance Amount," page 30)

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PREMIUM PAYMENTS TO PREVENT LAPSE

If you elect the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option we guarantee that the Specified Amount will remain in force as long as you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. If you fail to meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will terminate and the Premiums required to prevent lapse will be determined just as for a Contract without a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option does not guarantee riders, and any riders will terminate if the Cash Surrender Value of your Contract becomes negative. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28)

If you did not elect this option or if you do not pay the Premium required to keep the option in effect, your Contract will terminate if there is insufficient value remaining in the Contract at the end of the Grace Period. Because the value of amounts allocated to the Variable Account will vary according to the investment performance of the Funds, the specific amount of Premiums required to prevent lapse will also vary.

FOR CONTRACTS THAT DO NOT HAVE THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION.

On each Monthly Anniversary Day we will check your Contract to determine if there is enough value to prevent lapse. If your Contract does lapse you must pay the required amount before the end of the Grace Period to prevent your Contract from terminating. The amount required is enough Premium to increase the Cash Surrender Value to at least the amount of three Monthly Deductions.

FOR CONTRACTS THAT DO HAVE THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION. We

will check your Contract on each Monthly Anniversary Day to determine if you have met the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. If you have met the requirement, then we guarantee that the Contract will not lapse. If you have not met the requirement then you have 61 days to keep the option in force by paying the amount that will satisfy the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option", page 28)

GRACE PERIOD. The purpose of the Grace Period is to give you the chance to pay enough Premiums to keep your Contract in force. We will send you notice of the amount required to be paid. The Grace Period is 61 days and starts when we send the notice. Your Contract remains in force during the Grace Period. If the last surviving Insured dies during the Grace Period, we will pay the Death Benefit proceeds, but we will deduct any Monthly Deductions due. (See "Amount of Death Benefit Proceeds," page 27.) If you do not pay adequate Premiums before the Grace Period ends, your Contract will terminate and your Cash Surrender Value, if any, will be returned. (See "Reinstatement of Contract," page 34)

HOW YOUR CONTRACT VALUES VARY

Your Contract does not provide a minimum guaranteed Contract Value or Cash Surrender Value. Values will vary with the investment experience of the Subaccounts and/or the crediting of interest in the Fixed Account, and will depend on the allocation of Contract Value. The Contract will be in default and a Grace Period will begin if:

- o the Cash Surrender Value on a Monthly Anniversary Day is less than the amount of the Monthly Deduction on that date (see "Premium Payments to Prevent Lapse," page 25); and
- o the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not then in effect. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28)

BONUS ON CONTRACT VALUE IN THE VARIABLE ACCOUNT

We may credit a bonus to the Contract on each Monthly Anniversary Day beginning on the first Monthly Anniversary Day following the Contract Date. The monthly bonus applies to Contracts with a Total Sum Insured of \$5,000,000 and above and equals an annual rate of 0.125% of the Contract Value in each Subaccount of the Variable Account. We will pay this bonus at our sole discretion and we do not guarantee it.

DETERMINING THE CONTRACT VALUE

On the Allocation Date, the Contract Value is equal to the initial Premium less the Premium expense charges and Monthly Deductions deducted from the Contract Date. On each Valuation Day thereafter, the Contract Value is the aggregate of the Subaccount Values and the Fixed Account Value (including the Loan Account Value). The Contract Value will vary to reflect the following:

- o Premiums paid;
- o performance of the selected Subaccounts;
- o interest credited on amounts allocated to the Fixed Account;
- o interest credited on amounts in the Loan Account;
- o charges assessed under the Contract;

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- o transfers;
- o partial surrenders;
- o loans and loan repayments; and
- o any bonuses paid on the Monthly Anniversary Day.

SUBACCOUNT VALUES. When you allocate an amount to a Subaccount, either by Premium Payment or transfer, we credit your Contract with Accumulation Units in that Subaccount. The number of Accumulation Units in the Subaccount is determined by dividing the amount allocated to the Subaccount by the Subaccount's Accumulation Unit value for the Valuation Day when the allocation is made.

The number of Subaccount Accumulation Units we credited to your Contract will increase when you allocate premiums to the Subaccount and when you transfer amounts to the Subaccount. The number of Subaccount Accumulation Units credited to a Contract will decrease when:

- o we take the allocated portion of the Monthly Deduction from the Subaccount;
- o you make a loan;
- o you transfer an amount from the Subaccount; or
- o you take a partial surrender (including the Partial Surrender Fee) from the Subaccount.

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES. A Subaccount's Accumulation Unit value varies to reflect the investment experience of the underlying Portfolio. It may increase or decrease from one Valuation Day to the next. We arbitrarily set the Accumulation Unit value for each Subaccount at \$10 when we established the Subaccount. For each Valuation Period after establishment of the Subaccount, the Accumulation Unit value is determined by multiplying the value of an Accumulation Unit for a Subaccount for the prior Valuation Period by the Net Investment Factor for the Subaccount for the current valuation period.

NET INVESTMENT FACTOR. The Net Investment Factor is an index used to measure the investment performance of a Subaccount from one Valuation Day to the next. It is based on the change in net asset value of the Fund shares held by the Subaccount and reflects any gains or losses in the Subaccounts, dividends paid, any capital gains or losses, any taxes and the daily mortality and expense risk charge.

FIXED ACCOUNT VALUE. On any Valuation Day, the Fixed Account Value of a Contract is the total of:

- o all Premiums allocated to the Fixed Account; plus
- o any amounts transferred to the Fixed Account (including amounts transferred in connection with Contract loans); plus
- o interest credited on such Premiums and amounts transferred; less
- o the amount of any transfers from the Fixed Account; less

- o the amount of any partial surrenders (including the Partial Surrender Fee) taken from the Fixed Account; less
- o the pro rata portion of the Monthly Deduction deducted from the Fixed Account.

LOAN ACCOUNT VALUE. On any Valuation Day, if there have been any Contract loans, the Loan Account Value is equal to:

- o amounts transferred to the Loan Account from the Subaccounts and from the unloaned value in the Fixed Account as collateral for Contract loans and for due and unpaid loan interest; less
- o amounts transferred from the Loan Account to the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account as Indebtedness is repaid.

CASH SURRENDER VALUE

The Cash Surrender Value is the amount you have available in cash if you fully surrender the Contract. (See "Surrendering the Contract for Cash Surrender Value," page 32) We use this amount to determine whether a partial surrender may be taken, whether Contract loans may be taken, and whether a Grace Period starts. (See "Premium Payments to Prevent Lapse," page 25) The Cash Surrender Value on a Valuation Day is equal to the Contract Value less any Indebtedness.

COMPANY HOLIDAYS

We are closed on the following holidays: New Year's Day, President's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. We will recognize holidays that fall on a Saturday on the previous Friday. We will recognize holidays that fall on a Sunday on the following Monday. On these holidays, there will be no valuation.

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DEATH BENEFIT

As long as the Contract remains in force, we will pay the Death Benefit Proceeds upon receipt at the Home Office of satisfactory proof of death of the last surviving Insured, plus written direction (from each eligible recipient of Death Proceeds) regarding how to make the death benefit payment, and any other documents, forms and information we need. We may also require proof of the death of the Insured who died first and may require return of the Contract. We will pay Death Benefit Proceeds in a lump sum, (See "Payment of Proceeds," page 33) or, if you prefer, under a payment option. (See "Payment Options," page 33). We will pay Death Benefit Proceeds to the Beneficiary. (See "Selecting and Changing the Beneficiary," page 31)

AMOUNT OF DEATH BENEFIT PROCEEDS

The Death Benefit proceeds payable upon the death of the last surviving Insured are equal to the following:

- o the greater of (1) the Death Benefit under the Coverage Option selected (calculated as of the date of the last surviving Insured's death) or (2) the Corridor Death Benefit; plus
- o an amount equal to any benefits provided by any optional benefits or riders; plus
- o any Premiums received after the date of death; less
- o any Indebtedness on that date; less
- o any past due Monthly Deductions if the death occurred during a Grace Period.

Under certain circumstances, the amount of the Death Benefit may be further adjusted or the Death Benefit may not be payable.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if in effect, provides a minimum Death Benefit. If all or parts of the Death Benefit proceeds are paid in one sum, we will pay interest on this sum (as required by applicable state law) from the date of receipt of due proof of the last surviving Insured's death to the date of payment.

TOTAL SUM INSURED, SPECIFIED AMOUNT, ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT

The Total Sum Insured, Specified Amount and the Additional Insurance Amount are set at the time the Contract is issued. The Specified Amount plus the Additional Insurance Amount equals the Total Sum Insured. The minimum Total Sum Insured is \$200,000. Within the Total Sum Insured minimum, we also require that the minimum Specified Amount be \$100,000 while the minimum Additional Insurance Amount be \$10,000. The maximum amount of initial Additional Insurance Amount coverage is four times the Specified Amount at issue.

You may decrease the Total Sum Insured or increase the Additional Insurance Amount as described below. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option only applies to the Specified Amount and not to the Additional Insurance Amount. Therefore, even if the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is in effect, if the Contract Value is insufficient to pay Monthly Deductions, the Additional Insurance Amount may lapse. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28)

COVERAGE OPTIONS

When you apply for the Contract you may choose one of three Coverage Options, which will be used to determine the Death Benefit:

- o Option A: Death Benefit is equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of -----
death of the last surviving Insured.
- o Option B: Death Benefit is equal to the Total Sum Insured on the date of -----
death of the last surviving Insured, plus the Contract Value on the date of such death.
- o Option L: Death Benefit will be the sum of: (1) the Total Sum Insured on -----
the date of death of the last surviving Insured; and (2) the Contract Value on the Contract Anniversary preceding the death of the last surviving Insured multiplied by the applicable Option L Death Benefit Percentage less the Total Sum Insured on that Contract Anniversary. If the amount in (2) of the Option L Death Benefit calculation is less than zero, then the Option L Death Benefit will be the amount calculated in (1).

You may also change the Coverage Option, as described below. However, Coverage Option L is only available at issue. If a coverage option is not specified at the time of application, we will contact your representative to find out which Coverage Option you have selected.

CORRIDOR DEATH BENEFIT

The purpose of the Corridor Death Benefit is to ensure that the amount of insurance we provide meets the definition of life insurance under the Internal Revenue Code. We calculate the Corridor Death Benefit by multiplying the Contract Value by the appropriate corridor percentage. The corridor percentages vary by Age, sex, risk class, Specified Amount, Additional Insurance Amount, the number of years coverage has been in effect and any applicable optional benefits or riders. Please refer to your Contract for further information regarding corridor percentages.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION

An optional Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is available only at issue. This option is not available if you elect Coverage Option B or if the Joint First to Die Rider is issued. If you choose this option, it guarantees that we will pay the Specified Amount (less Indebtedness and any past due charges) upon the death of the last surviving Insured, regardless of the Contract's investment performance, if you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option does not guarantee any Additional Insurance Amount.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium is the amount, which guarantees that the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will remain in effect. Your Contract shows the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Premium. You satisfy the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement if, on each Monthly Anniversary Day, the cumulative Premiums that you have paid equal or exceed the cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premiums plus Indebtedness.

"Cumulative Premiums that you have paid" means the amount that is equal to:

- (a) the sum of all Premiums paid; less
- (b) the sum of all partial surrenders; with
- (c) (a) and (b) each accumulated at an annual effective interest rate of 4% from the date your Contract is issued to the Monthly Anniversary Date on which the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement is calculated.

"Cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premiums" is equal to the sum of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premiums. Each such Premium is accumulated at an annual effective interest rate of 4% to the Monthly Anniversary Date on which the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement is calculated.

If you do not meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is in default. A 61-day notice period begins on the day we mail the notice that the option is in default and informs you of the amount of premium required to maintain the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. The premium amount required to prevent default of the option is equal to:

- o the cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium plus Indebtedness; less
- o the cumulative paid Premium.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will terminate if you do not pay sufficient Premium by the end of the notice period.

If the Contract contains any Additional Insurance Amount coverage or any optional benefit riders, then we will also test the Contract to ensure that you have funded the Contract at a sufficient level to support the Additional Insurance Amount or other optional riders. On each Monthly Anniversary Day we will test the Cash Surrender Value to determine if it is sufficient to cover the Monthly Deduction. If not, a 61-day notice period begins on the day we mail notice of the amount of Premium required to keep the Additional Insurance Amount and/or any optional riders in effect. The Premium required to keep the Additional Insurance Amount is equal to the amount, which would provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to three Monthly Deductions. We will remove the Additional Insurance Amount coverage and other optional riders from the Contract if we do not receive the required Premium by the end of the notice period.

We do not charge for this option during the first 10 Contract Years. Beginning in Contract Year 11 we will apply a monthly charge per \$1,000 of Specified Amount at issue. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available for:

- o Coverage Option B Contracts;
- o Contracts on which the Additional Insurance Amount exceeds or is scheduled to exceed the Specified Amount; or
- o Contracts which include the Joint First to Die Rider.

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will terminate:

- o upon your request;
- o if you change the Coverage Option to B; or

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- o if you increase the Additional Insurance Amount to more than the Specified Amount.

You may apply to have the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option reactivated within two years of termination of such option. Re-activation requires:

- (1) Written Notice to restore the option;
- (2) evidence of insurability of the Insureds satisfactory to us, unless you request re-activation within one year after the beginning of the notice period, and
- (3) payment of the amount by which the cumulative Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium plus Indebtedness exceeds the cumulative paid Premiums on the date of re-activation.

On the Monthly Anniversary Day on which the re-activation takes effect, we will deduct from the Contract Value any unpaid Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option charges. We have the right to deny re-activation of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option more than once during the life of the Contract.

EFFECT OF COMBINATIONS OF SPECIFIED AMOUNT AND ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT

You should consider the following factors in determining how to allocate coverage in the form of the Specified Amount or in the form of an Additional Insurance Amount:

- o the Specified Amount cannot be increased after issue, while the Additional Insurance Amount may be increased after issue, subject to application and evidence of insurability;
- o the Additional Insurance Amount does not increase the Target Premium under a Contract. Accordingly, the amount of sales charge paid and the amount of compensation paid to the agent may be less if coverage is included as Additional Insurance Amount, rather than as Specified Amount;

- o the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option covers only the Specified Amount and does not cover the Additional Insurance Amount. If the Contract Value is insufficient to pay the monthly expenses (including charges for the Additional Insurance Amount) the Additional Insurance Amount and rider coverage will terminate, even though the Specified Amount may stay in effect under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option.

Generally, you will incur lower Contract Year charges and have more flexible coverage with respect to the Additional Insurance Amount than with the Specified Amount. On the other hand, if you wish to take advantage of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, the proportion of the Total Sum Insured that is guaranteed can be increased by taking out a larger part of the coverage as Specified Amount at the time of issue. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available at all if the Additional Insurance Amount exceeds or is scheduled to exceed the Specified Amount at any time. In such case, it could be to your advantage to increase the amount of coverage applied for at issue as Specified Amount in order that the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option will be available. However, if this guarantee is not important to you, you could choose to maximize the proportion of the Additional Insurance Amount.

CHANGES IN DEATH BENEFIT

EFFECT OF INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE ON DEATH BENEFIT

If investment performance is favorable, the amount of the Death Benefit Proceeds may increase. The impact of investment performance will vary depending upon which Coverage Option applies:

- o Under Option A, the Death Benefit Proceeds will not usually change for several years to reflect any favorable investment performance and may not change at all;
- o Option B provides a Death Benefit that varies directly with the investment performance of the Contract Value;
- o Option L provides a Death Benefit pattern that can be level for several years and then can increase at a particular time that you choose.

CHANGES IN COVERAGE OPTION

You may change the Coverage Option subject to the following rules:

- o we have the right to require that there be no change in Coverage Option during the first Contract Year;
- o we have the right to allow only one increase in any 12-month period;
- o Coverage Option L is only available at issue;
- o after any change in Coverage Option, we require that the Total Sum Insured be at least \$200,000 and the Specified Amount be at least \$100,000;

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- o the effective date of change will be the Monthly Anniversary Day that coincides with or next follows the date we receive and approve your application. If the Coverage Option is B or L, it may be changed to A. The Total Sum Insured will not change;
- o if the Coverage Option is A or L, it may be changed to B subject to satisfactory evidence of insurability. The new Total Sum Insured will be the greater of the Total Sum Insured less the Contract Value as of the date of change or \$25,000; and
- o if the Coverage Option is changed to B, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if in effect, will terminate.

We have the right to decline any Coverage Option change that we determine would cause the Contract to not qualify as life insurance under applicable tax laws. Changes in the Coverage Option may have tax consequences. You should consult a tax adviser before changing the Coverage Option.

INCREASES IN THE ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AMOUNT

You may make increases to the Additional Insurance Amount through either scheduled annual increases requested at issue or unscheduled increases you request. The maximum Additional Insurance Amount coverage at issue is four times the Specified Amount. This coverage may increase to a maximum of eight times the Specified Amount after issue under scheduled annual increases.

SCHEDULED INCREASES. Scheduled increases to the Additional Insurance Amount, subject to our approval, may be based on a flat amount annual increase or a percentage annual increase. Available percentage increases range from 0-25% of the Additional Insurance Amount. We will base the percent age increase on

the specified percentage of the Additional Insurance Amount at the time the scheduled increase occurs. Available amounts for a flat amount increase range from 0-25% of the Additional Insurance Amount at issue. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option is not available if the Additional Insurance Amount is, or is scheduled to, exceed the Specified Amount.

UNSCHEDULED INCREASES. You may request increases to the Additional Insurance Amount other than the annual, scheduled increases available at issue. We have the right to not allow increases in Additional Insurance Amount during the first Contract Year and to allow only one increase in any 12-month period. The following requirements apply for an unscheduled increase:

- o you must submit an application for the increase;
- o we may require satisfactory evidence of insurability.;
- o any requested, unscheduled increase in the Additional Insurance Amount must be at least \$10,000;
- o the Insureds' attained Age must be less than the current maximum issue Age for the Contracts, as we determine from time to time;
- o a change in Planned Premium Payments may be advisable;
- o the increase in the Additional Insurance Amount will become effective on the Monthly Anniversary Day on or following the date we approve the request for the increase;
- o if the Additional Insurance Amount is increased to be greater than the Specified Amount, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if applicable, will terminate.

For both a scheduled or unscheduled increase, if the Cash Surrender Value is at any time insufficient to pay Monthly Deduction for the Contract, the Additional Insurance Amount and riders will terminate in order to preserve the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option. (See "Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option," page 28) Increases in the Additional Insurance Amount may have tax consequences. You should consult a tax adviser before increasing the Additional Insurance Amount.

DECREASES IN TOTAL SUM INSURED

You may request a decrease in the Total Sum Insured. When you make a decrease in Total Sum Insured, we will first reduce any amount of Additional Insurance Amount remaining. Then we will reduce the Specified Amount, starting with the latest increase and continuing in the reverse order in which the increases were made. If the Specified Amount is decreased, the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option coverage amount will be decreased by the same amount. Under certain circumstances, a partial surrender will result in a decrease in the Total Sum Insured. (See "Partial Surrenders," page 32)

We have the right to require that no decreases occur during the first Contract Year and that you make no more than one decrease in any 12-month period.

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We have the right to require that the Total Sum Insured after any decrease be at least \$200,000 and that the Specified Amount be \$100,000. You must provide Written Notice of your request to decrease your Total Sum Insured. The effective date of the decrease will be the Monthly Anniversary Day following the date we approve your request.

Decreasing the Total Sum Insured may have the effect of decreasing monthly cost of insurance charges. However, a decrease will not decrease the Target Premium or Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium.

A decrease in the Total Sum Insured may have adverse tax consequences. You should consult a tax adviser before decreasing the Total Sum Insured.

SELECTING AND CHANGING THE BENEFICIARY

You select the Beneficiary in your application. You may change the Beneficiary in accordance with the terms of the Contract. If you designate a Beneficiary as irrevocable, then you must obtain the Beneficiary's consent to change the Beneficiary. The Primary Beneficiary is the person entitled to receive the Death Benefit Proceeds under the Contract. If the Primary Beneficiary is not living, the Contingent Beneficiary is entitled to receive the Death Benefit Proceeds. If both Insureds die and there is no surviving Beneficiary, the Owner will be the Beneficiary.

CASH BENEFITS

CONTRACT LOANS

You may borrow from your Contract (prior to the death of the 2nd Insured) at any time by submitting a Written Request. You may also make loans by telephone if you have provided proper authorization to do so. (See "Telephone, Facsimile, Electronic Mail and Internet Authorizations," page 38) The maximum loan amount available is the Contract's Cash Surrender Value on the effective date of the loan less loan interest to the next Contract Anniversary. We will process Contract loans as of the date we approve your Written Request. We will generally send loan proceeds to you within seven calendar days. (See "Payment of Proceeds," page 33)

INTEREST. We will charge interest on any Indebtedness at an annual rate of 6.0%. Interest is due and payable at the end of each Contract Year while a loan is outstanding. If you do not pay interest when due, we add the amount of the interest to the loan and it becomes part of the Indebtedness.

LOAN COLLATERAL. When you make a Contract loan, we transfer an amount sufficient to secure the loan out of the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account and into the Contract's Loan Account. We will reduce the Cash Surrender Value by the amount transferred to the Loan Account. The loan does not have an immediate effect on the Contract Value. You may specify the Variable Accounts and/or Fixed Account from which we transfer collateral. If you do not specify we will transfer collateral in the same proportion that the Contract Value in each Subaccount and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account bears to the total unloaned Contract Value on the date you make the loan. On each Contract Anniversary we will transfer an amount of Cash Surrender Value equal to any due and unpaid loan interest to the Loan Account. We will transfer due and unpaid interest in the same proportion that each Subaccount Value and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account Value bears to the total unloaned Contract Value.

We will credit the Loan Account with interest at an effective annual rate of not less than 4.0%. Thus, the maximum net cost of a loan is 2.0% per year. (The net cost of a loan is the difference between the rate of interest charged on Indebtedness and the amount credited to the Loan Account). We will add the interest earned on the Loan Account to the Fixed Account.

PREFERRED LOAN PROVISION. Beginning in the eleventh Contract Year, an additional type of loan is available called a preferred loan. For a preferred loan we will credit the amount in the Loan Account securing the preferred loan with interest at an effective annual rate of 6.0%. Thus, the net cost of the preferred loan is 0.0% per year. The maximum amount available for a preferred loan is the Contract Value less Premiums paid. This amount may not exceed the maximum loan amount. The preferred loan provision is not guaranteed.

THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF A PREFERRED LOAN ARE UNCERTAIN. YOU SHOULD CONSULT A TAX ADVISER BEFORE TAKING OUT A PREFERRED LOAN.

LOAN REPAYMENT. You may repay all or part of your Indebtedness at any time while at least one Insured is living and the Contract is in force. We reserve the right to require that each loan repayment be at least \$10. Loan repayments must be sent to the Home Office and we will credit them as of the date received. You should clearly mark a loan repayment as such or we will credit it as a Premium. (Sales charges and Premium processing charges do not apply to loan repayments, unlike unscheduled Premium Payments.) When you make a loan repayment, we transfer Contract Value in the Loan Account in an amount equal to the repayment from the Loan Account to the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account. Thus, a loan repayment will immediately increase the Cash Surrender Value by the amount transferred from the Loan Account. A loan repayment does not have an immediate effect on the Contract Value. Unless you specify otherwise, we will

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transfer loan repayment amounts to the Subaccounts and the unloaned value in the Fixed Account according to the premium allocation instructions in effect at that time.

EFFECT OF CONTRACT LOAN. A loan, whether or not repaid, will have a permanent effect on the Death Benefit and Contract Values because the investment results will apply only to the non-loaned portion of the Contract Value. The longer the loan is outstanding, the greater the effect is likely to be. Depending on the investment results of the Subaccounts or credited interest rates for the unloaned value in the Fixed Account while the loan is outstanding, the effect could be favorable or unfavorable. Loans may increase the potential for lapse if investment results of the Subaccounts are less than anticipated. Loans can (particularly if not repaid) make it more likely than otherwise that a Contract may lapse. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34, for a discussion of the tax treatment of policy loans, and the adverse tax consequences if a Contract lapses with loans outstanding.) In particular, if your Contract is a "modified endowment contract," loans may be currently taxable and subject to a 10% penalty tax. In addition, interest paid on Contract Loans generally is not tax deductible. We will deduct Indebtedness from any Death Benefit proceeds. (See "Amount of Death Benefit Proceeds," page 27.)

Your Contract will be in default if the Loan Account Value on any Valuation Day exceeds the Contract Value. We will send you notice of the default. You will have a 61-day grace period to submit a sufficient payment to avoid termination of coverage under the Contract. The notice will specify the amount that must be repaid to prevent termination. (See "Premium Payments to Prevent Lapse," page 25)

SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT FOR CASH SURRENDER VALUE

You may surrender your Contract at any time for its Cash Surrender Value by submitting a Written Request. We may require return of the Contract. We will process a surrender request as of the date we receive your Written Request and all required documents. Generally we will make payment within seven calendar days. (See "Payment of Proceeds," page 33) You may receive the Cash Surrender Value in one lump sum or you may apply it to a payment option. (See "Payment Options," page 33) Your Contract will terminate and cease to be in force if you surrender it for one lump sum. You will not be able to reinstate it later. SURRENDERS MAY HAVE ADVERSE TAX CONSEQUENCES. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

(In Texas, if you request a surrender within 31 days after a Contract Anniversary, the Cash Surrender Value applicable to the Fixed Account Value will not be less than the Cash Surrender Value applicable to the Fixed Account on that Contract Anniversary, less any Contract loans or partial surrenders made on or after such Contract Anniversary.)

PARTIAL SURRENDERS

You may make partial surrenders under your Contract at any time subject to the conditions below. You may submit a Written Request or make your request by telephone if you have provided proper authorization to us. (See "Telephone, Facsimile, Electronic Mail and Internet Authorizations," page 38.) Each partial surrender (other than by telephone) must be at least \$500 and the partial surrender amount may not exceed the Cash Surrender Value, less \$300. If you make your request by telephone, the partial surrender amount must be at least \$500 and may not exceed the lesser of the Cash Surrender Value less \$300 or the maximum amount we permit to be withdrawn by telephone. We will assess a partial surrender fee. (See "Partial Surrender Fee," page 17) We will deduct this charge from your Contract Value along with the amount requested to be surrendered and the charge will be considered part of the surrender (together, "partial surrender amount"). We will reduce the Contract Value by the partial surrender amount as of the date we receive your Written Request or request by telephone for a partial surrender.

When you request a partial surrender, you can direct how we deduct the partial surrender amount from your Contract Value in the Subaccounts and Fixed Account. If you provide no directions, we will deduct the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) from your Contract Value in the Subaccounts and Fixed Account on a pro rata basis. PARTIAL SURRENDERS MAY HAVE ADVERSE TAX CONSEQUENCES. (See "TAX CONSIDERATIONS," page 34)

If Coverage Option A or L is in effect, we will reduce the Contract Value by the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee). We will reduce the Total Sum Insured by the partial surrender amount minus the excess, if any, of the Death Benefit (including the partial surrender fee) over the Total Sum Insured at the time you make the partial surrender. If the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee) is less than the excess of the Death Benefit over the Total Sum Insured, we will not reduce the Total Sum Insured. If Coverage Option B is in effect, we will reduce the Contract Value by the partial surrender amount (including the partial surrender fee).

We have the right to reject a partial surrender request if the partial surrender would reduce the Total Sum Insured below the minimum amount for which the Contract would be issued under our then-current rules.

We will process partial surrender requests as of the date we receive your Written Request or request by telephone. Generally we will make payment within seven calendar days. (See "Payment of Proceeds," page 33)

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PAYMENT OPTIONS

The Contract offers a variety of ways, in addition to a lump sum, for you to receive proceeds payable. Payment options are available for use with various types of proceeds, such as surrender or death. We summarize these payment options below. All of these options are forms of fixed benefit annuities, which do not vary, with the investment performance of a separate account.

You may apply proceeds of \$2,000 (this minimum may not apply in some states) or more which are payable under this Contract to any of the following options:

OPTION 1: INTEREST PAYMENTS. We will make interest payments to the payee annually or monthly as elected. We will pay interest on the proceeds at the

guaranteed rate of 3.0% per year and we may increase this by additional interest paid annually. You may withdraw the proceeds and any unpaid interest in full at any time.

OPTION 2: INSTALLMENTS OF A SPECIFIED AMOUNT. We will make annual or monthly payments until the proceeds plus interest are fully paid. We will pay interest on the proceeds at the guaranteed rate of 3.0% per year and we may increase this by additional interest. You may withdraw the present value of any unpaid installments at any time.

OPTION 3: INSTALLMENTS FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD. We pay proceeds in equal annual or monthly payments for a specified number of years. We will pay interest on the proceeds at the guaranteed rate of 3.0% per year and we may increase this by additional interest. You may withdraw the present value of any unpaid installments at any time.

OPTION 4: LIFE INCOME. We will pay an income during the payee's lifetime. You may choose a minimum guaranteed payment period. One form of minimum guaranteed payment period is the installment refund option, under which we will make payments until the total income payments received equal the proceeds applied.

OPTION 5: JOINT AND SURVIVOR INCOME. We will pay an income during the lifetime of two persons and will continue to pay the same income as long as either person is living. The minimum guaranteed payment period will be ten years.

MINIMUM AMOUNTS. We have the right to pay the total amount of the Contract in one lump sum, if less than \$2,000. If payments under the payment option selected are less than \$50, payments may be made less frequently at our option.

CHOICE OF OPTIONS You may choose an option by written notice during the Insureds' lifetimes. If a payment option is not in effect at the last surviving Insured's death, the beneficiary may make a choice. Even if the death benefit under the Contract is excludable from income, payments under payment options may not be excludable in full. This is because earnings on the death benefit after the last surviving Insured's death are taxable and payments under the payment options generally include such earnings. You should consult a tax adviser as to the tax treatment of payments under payment options.

If we have options or rates available on a more favorable basis at the time you elect a payment option, we will apply the more favorable benefits.

PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS

We will usually pay Proceeds within seven calendar days after we receive all the documents required for such a payment.

We determine the amount of the Death Benefit Proceeds as of the date of the last surviving Insured's death. But, we determine the amount of all other Proceeds as of the date we receive the required documents. We may delay a payment or a transfer request if:

- (1) the New York Stock Exchange is closed for other than a regular holiday or weekend;
- (2) trading is restricted by the SEC or the SEC declares that an emergency exists as a result of which the disposal or valuation of Variable Account assets is not reasonably practical; or
- (3) the SEC, by order, permits postponement of payment to protect Kansas City Life's Contract Owners.

If you have submitted a recent check or draft, we have the right to defer payment of partial surrenders, surrenders, Death Proceeds, or payments under a payment option until such check or draft has been honored. We also reserve the right to defer payment of transfers, partial surrenders, surrenders, loans or Death Proceeds from the Fixed Account for up to six months.

If mandated under applicable law, we may be required to block an Owner's account and thereby refuse to pay any request for transfers, surrenders, loans or Death Proceeds, until instructions are received from the appropriate regulator. We also may be required to provide additional information about you or your account to government regulators.

LEGACY ACCOUNT. As described below, Kansas City Life will pay Death Benefit proceeds through Kansas City Life's Legacy Account. Kansas City Life places proceeds to be paid through the Legacy Account in their general account. The Legacy Account pays interest and provides check-writing privileges under which we reimburse the bank that pays the check out of the proceeds held in our general account. Kansas City Life will forward a checkbook to the Owner or Beneficiary within 7 calendar days of a scheduled payout. A Contract Owner or

beneficiary (whichever applicable) has immediate and full access to proceeds by writing a check on the account. Kansas City Life pays interest on Death Benefit Proceeds from the date of death to the date the Legacy Account is closed. The Legacy Account is not a bank account and is not insured, nor guaranteed, by the FDIC or any other government agency.

We will pay Death Benefit proceeds through the Legacy Account when:

- o the proceeds are paid to an individual; and
- o the amount of proceeds is \$5,000 or more.

Any other use of the Legacy Account requires our approval.

REINSTATEMENT OF CONTRACT

If your Contract lapses, you may reinstate it within two years (or such longer period if required by state law) after lapse. This reinstatement must meet certain conditions, including the payment of the required Premium and proof of insurability. See your Contract for further information.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

INTRODUCTION

The following summary provides a general description of the Federal income tax considerations associated with the Contract and does not purport to be complete or to cover all tax situations. This discussion is not intended as tax advice. You should consult counsel or other competent tax advisers for more complete information. This discussion is based upon our understanding of the present Federal income tax laws. We make no representation as to the likelihood of continuation of the present Federal income tax laws or as to how they may be interpreted by the Internal Revenue Service.

TAX STATUS OF THE CONTRACT

In order to qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes and to receive the tax treatment normally accorded life insurance contracts under Federal tax law, a Contract must satisfy certain requirements which are set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. Guidance as to how these requirements are to be applied to certain features of the Contract is limited. Nevertheless, we believe it is reasonable to conclude that the Contracts should satisfy the applicable requirements. There is necessarily some uncertainty, however, particularly if you pay the full amount of premiums permitted under the Contract. If it is subsequently determined that a Contract does not satisfy the applicable requirements, we may take appropriate steps to bring the Contract into compliance with such requirements and we reserve the right to restrict Contract transactions as necessary in order to do so.

In some circumstances, owners of variable contracts who retain excessive control over the investment of the underlying separate account assets may be treated as the owners of those assets and may be subject to tax on income produced by those assets. Although published guidance does not address certain aspects of the Contracts, Kansas City Life believes that the owner of a Contract should not be treated as the owner of the underlying assets of the Variable Account. Kansas City Life reserves the right to modify the Contracts to bring them into conformity with applicable standards should such modification be necessary to prevent owners of the Contracts from being treated as the owners of the underlying assets of the Variable Account.

In addition, the Code requires that the investments of each of the Subaccounts must be "adequately diversified" in order for the Contract to be treated as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes. It is intended that the Subaccounts, through the Portfolios, will satisfy these diversification requirements.

The following discussion assumes that the Contract will qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes.

TAX TREATMENT OF CONTRACT BENEFITS

IN GENERAL. We believe that the Death Benefit under a Contract should be excludable from the gross income of the beneficiary. Federal, state and local transfer, and other tax consequences of ownership or receipt of policy proceeds depend on the circumstances of each policy owner or beneficiary. A tax advisor should be consulted on these consequences.

Generally, the Owner will not be deemed to be in constructive receipt of the Contract Value until there is a distribution. When distributions from a Contract occur, or when loans are taken out from or secured by a Contract, the tax consequences depend on whether the Contract is classified as a "Modified Endowment Contract."

MODIFIED ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS. Under the Internal Revenue Code, certain life insurance contracts are classified as "Modified Endowment Contracts," with less favorable tax treatment than other life insurance contracts. Due to the flexibility of the Contracts as to premiums and benefits, the individual circumstances of each Contract will determine whether it is classified as a MEC. In general a Contract will be classified as a MEC if the amount of premiums paid into the Contract causes the Contract to fail the "7-Pay Test." A Contract will fail the 7-Pay Test if at any time in the first seven Contract years, the amount paid in the Contract exceeds the sum of the level premiums that would have been paid at that point under a Contract that provided for paid-up future benefits after the payment of seven level annual payments.

If there is a reduction in the benefits under the Contract at any time, for example, as a result of a partial surrender, the 7-Pay Test will have to be reapplied as if the Contract had originally been issued at the reduced face amount. If there is a "material change" in the Contract's benefits or other terms, the Contract may have to be retested as if it were a newly issued Contract. A material change may occur, for example, when there is an increase in the death benefit which is due to the payment of an unnecessary premium. Unnecessary premiums are premiums paid into the Contract which are not needed in order to provide a death benefit equal to the lowest death benefit that was payable in the first seven Contract years. To prevent your Contract from becoming a MEC, it may be necessary to limit premium payments or to limit reductions in benefits. A current or prospective Contract owner should consult a tax advisor to determine whether a Contract transaction will cause the Contract to be classified as a MEC.

DISTRIBUTIONS (OTHER THAN DEATH BENEFITS) FROM MODIFIED ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS. Contracts classified as Modified Endowment Contracts are subject to the following tax rules:

- (1) All distributions other than Death Benefits, including distributions upon surrender and withdrawals, from a Modified Endowment Contract will be treated first as distributions of gain taxable as ordinary income and as tax-free recovery of the Owner's investment in the Contract only after all gain has been distributed.
- (2) Loans taken from or secured by a Contract classified as a Modified Endowment Contract are treated as distributions and taxed accordingly.
- (3) A 10 percent additional income tax is imposed on the amount subject to tax except where the distribution or loan is made when the Owner has attained age 59 1/2 or is disabled, or where the distribution is part of a series of substantially equal periodic payments for the life (or life expectancy) of the Owner or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the Owner and the Owner's beneficiary or designated beneficiary.

If a Contract becomes a Modified Endowment Contract, distributions that occur during the Contract year will be taxed as distributions from a Modified Endowment Contract. In addition, distributions from a Contract within two years before it becomes a Modified Endowment Contract will be taxed in this manner. This means that a distribution made from a Contract that is not a modified endowment contract could later become taxable as a distribution from a modified endowment contract.

DISTRIBUTIONS (OTHER THAN DEATH BENEFITS) FROM POLICIES THAT ARE NOT MODIFIED ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS. Distributions other than death benefits from a Contract that is not classified as a Modified Endowment Contract are generally treated first as a recovery of the Contract owner's investment in the Contract and only after the recovery of all investment in the Contract as taxable income. However, certain distributions which must be made in order to enable the Contract to continue to qualify as a life insurance contract for Federal income tax purposes if Contract benefits are reduced during the first 15 Contract years may be treated in whole or in part as ordinary income subject to tax.

Loans from or secured by a Contract that is not a Modified Endowment Contract are generally not treated as distributions. However, the tax consequences associated with preferred loans are less clear and you should consult a tax advisor about such loans.

Finally, neither distributions nor loans from or secured by a Contract that is not a Modified Endowment Contract are subject to the 10 percent additional income tax.

INVESTMENT IN THE CONTRACT. Your investment in the Contract is generally your aggregate Premiums. When a distribution is taken from the Contract, your investment in the Contract is reduced by the amount of the distribution that is tax-free.

CONTRACT LOANS. In general, interest on a Contract loan will not be deductible. If a Contract loan is outstanding when a Contract is canceled or lapses, the amount of the outstanding indebtedness will be added to the amount distributed and will be taxed accordingly. Before taking out a Contract loan, you should consult a tax adviser as to the tax consequences.

WITHHOLDING. To the extent that Contract distributions are taxable, they are generally subject to withholding for the recipient's federal income tax liability. Recipients can generally elect however, not to have tax withheld from distributions.

LIFE INSURANCE PURCHASES BY NONRESIDENT ALIENS AND FOREIGN CORPORATIONS. The discussion above provides general information regarding U.S. federal income tax consequences to life insurance purchasers that are U.S. citizens or residents. Purchasers that are not U.S. citizens or residents will generally be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax on taxable distributions from life insurance policies at a 30% rate, unless a lower treaty rate applies. In addition, purchasers may be subject to state and/or municipal taxes and taxes that may be imposed by the purchaser's country of citizenship or residence. Prospective purchasers are advised to consult with a qualified tax adviser regarding U.S. state, and foreign taxation with respect to a life insurance policy purchase.

MULTIPLE POLICIES. All Modified Endowment Contracts that are issued by us (or our affiliates) to the same Contract owner during any calendar year are treated as one Modified Endowment Contract for purposes of determining the amount includible in the Contract owner's income when a taxable distribution occurs.

CONTINUATION OF CONTRACT BEYOND AGE 100. The tax consequences of continuing the Contract beyond the younger insured's 100th year are unclear. You should consult a tax adviser if you intend to keep the Contract in force beyond the younger insured's 100th year.

BUSINESS USES OF CONTRACT. Businesses can use the policies in various arrangements, including nonqualified deferred compensation or salary continuance plans, split dollar insurance plans, executive bonus plans, tax exempt and nonexempt welfare benefit plans, retiree medical benefit plans and others. The tax consequences of such plans may vary depending on the particular facts and circumstances. If you are purchasing the Contract for any arrangement the value of which depends in part on its tax consequences, you should consult a qualified tax adviser. In recent years, moreover, Congress has adopted new rules relating to life insurance owned by businesses. Any business contemplating the purchase of a new Contract or a change in an existing Contract should consult a tax adviser.

NON-INDIVIDUAL OWNERS AND BUSINESS BENEFICIARIES OF CONTRACTS. If a Contract is owned or held by a corporation, trust or other non-natural person, this could jeopardize some (or all) of such entity's interest deduction under Code Section 264, even where such entity's indebtedness is in no way connected to the Contract. In addition, under Section 264(f)(5), if a business (other than a sole proprietorship) is directly or indirectly a beneficiary of a Contract, this Contract could be treated as held by the business for purposes of the Section 264(f) entity-holder rules. Therefore, it would be advisable to consult with a qualified tax advisor before any non-natural person is made an owner or holder of a Contract, or before a business (other than a sole proprietorship) is made a beneficiary of a Contract.

CONTRACT SPLIT OPTION. The Contract split option rider permits a Contract to split into two individual Contracts. It is not clear whether exercising the Contract split rider will be treated as a taxable transaction or whether the individual Contracts that result would be classified as Modified Endowment Contracts. A tax advisor should be consulted before exercising the Contract Split Option.

SPLIT-DOLLAR ARRANGEMENTS. The IRS and the Treasury Department have issued guidance that substantially effects split-dollar arrangements. Consult a qualified tax adviser before entering into or paying additional premiums with respect to such arrangements.

Additionally, on July 30, 2002, President Bush signed into law significant accounting and corporate governance reform legislation, known as the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Act"). The Act prohibits, with limited exceptions, publicly-traded companies, including non-U.S. companies that have securities listed on exchanges in the United States, from extending, directly or through a subsidiary, many types of personal loans to their directors or executive officers. It is possible that this prohibition may be interpreted as applying to split-dollar life insurance policies for directors and executive officers of such companies, since such insurance arguably can be viewed as involving a loan from the employer for at least some purposes.

Although the prohibition on loans is generally effective as of July 30, 2002, there is an exception for loans outstanding as of the date of enactment, so long as there is no material modification to the loan terms and the loan is not renewed after July 30, 2002. Any affected business contemplating the payment of a premium on an existing Contract, or the purchase of a new Contract, in connection with a split-dollar life insurance arrangement should consult legal

counsel.

ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX. There may also be an indirect tax upon the income in the Contract or the proceeds of a Contract under the federal corporate alternative minimum tax, if the owner is subject to that tax.

ESTATE, GIFT AND GENERATION-SKIPPING TRANSFER TAXES. The transfer of the policy or designation of a beneficiary may have federal, state, and/or local transfer and inheritance tax consequences, including the imposition of gift, estate, and generation-skipping transfer taxes. For example, when the Insured dies, the death proceeds will generally be includable in the Owner's estate for purposes of federal estate tax if the Insured owned the policy. If the Owner was not the Insured, the fair market value of the Contract would be included in the Owner's estate upon the Owner's death. The Contract would not

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be includable in the Insured's estate if the Insured neither retained incidents of ownership at death nor had given up ownership within three years before death.

Moreover, under certain circumstances, the Code may impose a "generation skipping transfer tax" when all or part of a life insurance Contract is transferred to, or a death benefit is paid to, an individual two or more generations younger than the Owner. Regulations issued under the Code may require us to deduct the tax from your Contract, or from any applicable payment, and pay it directly to the IRS.

Qualified tax advisers should be consulted concerning the estate and gift tax consequences of Contract ownership and distributions under federal, state and local law. The individual situation of each owner or beneficiary will determine the extent, if any, to which federal, state, and local transfer and inheritance taxes may be imposed and how ownership or receipt of policy proceeds will be treated for purposes of federal, state and local estate, inheritance, generation skipping and other taxes.

ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2001. The Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 ("EGTRRA") repeals the federal estate tax and replaces it with a carryover basis income tax regime effective for estates of decedents dying after December 31, 2009. EGTRRA also repeals the generation skipping transfer tax, but not the gift tax, for transfers made after December 31, 2009. EGTRRA contains a sunset provision, which essentially returns the federal estate, gift and generation-skipping transfer taxes to their pre-EGTRRA form, beginning in 2011. Congress may or may not enact permanent repeal between now and then.

During the period prior to 2010, EGTRRA provides for periodic decreases in the maximum estate tax rate coupled with periodic increases in the estate tax exemption. For 2005, the maximum estate tax rate is 47% and the estate tax exemption is \$1,500,000.

The complexity of the new tax law, along with uncertainty as to how it might be modified in coming years, underscores the importance of seeking guidance from a qualified advisor to help ensure that your estate plan adequately addresses your needs and that of your beneficiaries under all possible scenarios.

ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT. The tax consequences associated with adding or electing to receive benefits under the Accelerated Death Benefit/Living Benefits Rider are unclear. A tax adviser should be consulted about the tax consequences of adding this rider to a Contract or requesting payment under the rider.

POSSIBLE TAX LAW CHANGES

Although the likelihood of legislative changes is uncertain, there is always the possibility that the tax treatment of the Contract could change by legislation or otherwise. Consult a tax adviser with respect to legislative developments and their effect on the Contract.

OUR INCOME TAXES

Under current Federal income tax law, we are not taxed on the Separate Account's operations. Thus, currently we do not deduct a charge from the Separate Account for Federal income taxes. We reserve the right to charge the Separate Account for any future Federal income taxes we may incur.

Under current laws in several states, we may incur state and local taxes (in addition to premium taxes). These taxes are not now significant and we are not currently charging for them. If they increase, we may deduct charges for such taxes.

OTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE CONTRACTS AND KANSAS CITY LIFE

SALE OF THE CONTRACTS

We have entered into an Underwriting Agreement with our affiliate, Sunset Financial Services, Inc. ("Sunset Financial"), for the distribution and sale of the Contracts. Sunset Financial sells the Contracts through its sales representatives. Sunset Financial also may enter into selling agreements with other broker-dealers ("selling firms") that in turn may sell the Contracts through their sales representatives.

The Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust, the Seligman Portfolios, Inc., and the American Century Variable Portfolios (in connection with the American Century VP Inflation Protection Fund (Class II)), each have adopted a Distribution Plan in connection with its 12b-1 shares, and each, under its respective agreement with Sunset Financial, currently pays Sunset Financial fees in consideration of distribution services provided and expenses incurred in the performance of Sunset Financial's obligations under such agreements. All or some of these payments may be passed on to selling firms that have entered into a selling agreement with Sunset Financial. The Distribution Plans have been adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which allows funds to pay fees to those who sell and

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distribute fund shares out of fund assets. Under the Distribution Plan, fees ranging up to 25% of Variable Account assets invested in the Funds are paid to Sunset Financial for its distribution-related services and expenses under such agreement.

We pay commissions to Sunset Financial for the sale of the Contracts by its sales representatives as well as selling firms. The maximum commissions payable for sales by Sunset Financial are: 85% of premiums up to one target premium and 2% of premiums above that amount paid in the first Contract year; 3% of target premium in Contract years 2 through 7; and 2% of target premium paid in Contract Years thereafter. When policies are sold through other selling firms, the commissions paid to such selling firms do not exceed the amounts described above payable to Sunset Financial. For premiums received following an increase in Specified Amount, commissions on such premiums are paid based on the target premium for the increase in accordance with the commission rates described above. We also pay commissions for substandard risk and rider premiums based on our rules at the time of payment. Sunset Financial may pay additional compensation from its own resources to selling firms based on the level of Contract sales or premium payments.

Sunset Financial passes through commissions it receives and does not retain any override as principal underwriter for the Contracts. However, under the Underwriting Agreement with Sunset Financial, we pay the following sales expenses: sales representative training allowances; deferred compensation and insurance benefits of registered persons; advertising expenses; and all other expenses of distributing the Contracts. We also pay for Sunset Financial's operating and other expenses. Sunset Financial sales representatives and their managers are eligible for various cash benefits, such as bonuses, insurance benefits and financing arrangements, and non-cash compensation programs that Kansas City Life offers. These programs include conferences, seminars, meals, entertainment, payment for travel, lodging and entertainment, prizes, and awards, subject to applicable regulatory requirements. Sales of the Contracts may help sales representatives and their managers qualify for such benefits. Because they are also appointed insurance agents of Kansas City Life, Sunset Financial sales representatives may receive other payments from Kansas City Life for services that do not directly involve the sale of the Contracts, including payments made for the recruitment and training of personnel, production of promotional literature, and similar services.

Other selling firms may share commissions and additional amounts received for sales of the Contracts with their sales representatives in accordance with their programs for compensating sales representatives. These programs may also include other types of cash and non-cash compensation and other benefits. Ask your sales representative for further information about what your sales representative and the selling firm for which he or she works may receive in connection with your purchase of a Policy.

Commissions and other incentives or payment described above are not charged directly to Contract owners or the Variable Account. We intend to recoup commissions and other sales expenses through fees and charges deducted under the Policy.

TELEPHONE, FACSIMILE, ELECTRONIC MAIL AND INTERNET AUTHORIZATIONS

You may request the following transactions by telephone, facsimile, electronic mail or via the Kansas City Life website, if you provided proper authorization to us:

- o transfer of Contract Value;
- o change in Premium allocation;
- o change in dollar cost averaging;

- o change in portfolio rebalancing; or
- o Contract loan.

In addition, you may make a partial surrender request by telephone if you provided proper authorization to us.

We may suspend these privileges at any time if we decide that such suspension is in the best interests of Contract Owners.

We accept written requests transmitted by facsimile, but reserve the right to require you to send us the original written request.

Electronic mail requests that are received at customerservice@kclife.com before 3:00 p.m. CST on a Valuation Day will be processed on that Valuation Day. If we receive a request after the New York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading (currently, 3:00 p.m. Central Standard Time), we will process the order using the Subaccount Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of the next regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange. If an incomplete request is received, we will notify you as soon as possible by return e-mail. Your request will be honored as of the Valuation Day when all required information is received.

Request can also be made by accessing your account on the Internet at www.kclife.com. Requests and changes received before 3:00 p.m. CST on a Valuation Day will be processed on that Valuation Day. If we receive a request after the New

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York Stock Exchange closes for normal trading, we will process the order using the Subaccount Accumulation Unit value determined at the close of the next regular business session of the New York Stock Exchange. If any of the fields are left incomplete, the request will not be processed and you will receive an error message. Your request will be honored as of the Valuation Day when all required information is received. You will receive a confirmation in the mail of the changes made with in five days of your request.

We will employ reasonable procedures to confirm that instructions communicated to us by telephone, facsimile, or email are genuine. If we follow those procedures, we will not be liable for any losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions.

The procedures we will follow for telephone privileges include requiring some form of personal identification prior to acting on instructions received by telephone, providing written confirmation of the transaction, and making a tape recording of the instructions given by telephone. The procedures we will follow for facsimile and email communications include, verification of policy number, social security number and date of birth.

Telephone, facsimile, electronic mail systems and the website may not always be available. Any telephone, facsimile, electronic mail system or Internet connection, whether it is yours, your service provider's, your agent's, or ours, can experience outages or slowdowns for a variety of reasons. These outages may delay or prevent our processing of your request. Although we have taken precautions to help our systems handle heavy use, we cannot promise complete reliability under all circumstances. If you are experiencing problems, you should make your request by writing to our Home Office.

LITIGATION

We and our affiliates, like other life insurance companies, are involved in lawsuits, including class action lawsuits. In some class action and other lawsuits involving insurers, substantial damages have been sought and/or material settlement payments have been made. Although the outcome of any litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, we believe that at the present time there are not pending or threatened lawsuits that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse impact on the Variable Account, on Sunset Financial's ability to perform its obligations under the Underwriting Agreement, or on Kansas City Life's ability to meet its obligations under the Contract.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Kansas City Life's financial statements and the financial statements for the Variable Account are included in the Statement of Additional Information.

Kansas City Life's financial statements should be distinguished from financial statements of the Variable Account. You should consider Kansas City Life's financial statements only as an indication of Kansas City Life's ability to meet its obligations under the Contracts. You should not consider them as having an effect on the investment performance of the assets held in the Variable Account. The financial statements for the Variable Account can also be viewed at www.kclife.com.

DEFINITIONS

<TABLE>	
<S>	
Accumulation Unit	<C> An accounting unit used to measure the net investment results of each of the Subaccounts.
Additional Insurance Amount	The amount of insurance coverage under the Contract which is not part of the Specified Amount. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option, if elected, does not guarantee the Additional Insurance Amount.
Age	The age of each Insured on their last birthday as of each Contract Anniversary. The Contract is issued at the Age shown in the Contract.
Allocation Date	The date we apply the initial Premium to your Contract. We allocate this Premium to the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount where it remains until the Reallocation Date. The Allocation Date is the later of the date we approve your application or the date we receive the initial Premium at our Home Office.
Beneficiary	The person you have designated to receive any proceeds payable at the death of the last surviving Insured.
Cash Surrender Value	The Contract Value less any Contract Indebtedness.
Contract Anniversary	The same day and month as the Contract Date each year that the Contract remains in force.
Contract Date	The date on which coverage takes effect. Contract Months, Years and Anniversaries are measured from the Contract Date.

</TABLE>

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<S>	
Contract Value	<C> Measure of the value in your Contract. It is the sum of the Variable Account Value and the Fixed Account Value, which includes the Loan Account Value.
Contract Year	Any period of twelve months starting with the Contract Date or any Contract Anniversary.
Corridor Death Benefit	A Death Benefit under the Contract designed to ensure that in certain situations the Contract will not be disqualified as a life insurance contract under Section 7702 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The Corridor Death Benefit is calculated by multiplying the Contract Value by the applicable corridor percentage.
Coverage Options	Death Benefit options available which affect the calculation of the Death Benefit. Three coverage options (A, B or L) are available.
Death Benefit Proceeds	The amount of proceeds payable upon the death of the last surviving Insured.
Excess Premium	The portion of total Premiums we receive during any Contract Year that exceeds the Target Premium.
Fixed Account Value	Measure of value accumulating in the Fixed Account.
Grace Period	A 61-day period we provide when there is insufficient value in your Contract and at the end of which the Contract will terminate unless you pay sufficient additional Premiums. This period of time gives you the chance to pay enough Premiums to keep your Contract in force.
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option	An optional benefit, available only at issue of the Contract. If elected, it guarantees payment of the Specified Amount less the Loan Balance and any past due charges upon the death of the last surviving Insured, provided you meet the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium requirement.
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option Premium	The amount we require to guarantee that the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option remains in effect.
Home Office	When the term "Home Office" is used in this prospectus in connection with transactions under the Contract, it means our Variable Administration office. Transaction requests and other types of Written Notices should be sent to P.O. Box 219364, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9364. The telephone number at our Variable Administration office is 800-616-3670.
Indebtedness	The sum of all outstanding Contract loans plus accrued interest.
Insureds	The two persons whose lives we insure under the Contract.
Lapse	Termination of the Contract because there is not enough value in the Contract when the Grace Period ends.
Loan Account	The Loan Account is used to track loan amounts and accrued interest. It is part of the Fixed Account.
Loan Account Value	Measure of the amount of Contract Value assigned to the Loan Account.

Maturity Date	The date when Death Benefit coverage terminates and we pay you any Cash Surrender Value.
Minimum Premium	The amount we require in the first Contract Year to issue the Contract.
Monthly Anniversary Day	The day of each month as of which we make the Monthly Deduction. It is the same day of each month as the Contract Date, or the last day of the month for those months not having such a day.
Monthly Deduction	The amount we deduct from the Contract Value to pay the cost of insurance charge, monthly expense charge, any applicable Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option charge, and any charges for supplemental and/or rider benefits. We make the Monthly Deduction as of each Monthly Anniversary Day.
Net Investment Factor	An index used to measure Subaccount performance.
Owner, You </TABLE>	The person entitled to exercise all rights and privileges of the Contract.
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<TABLE> <S>	<C>
Planned Premium Payments	The amount and frequency of Premium Payments you chose to pay in your last instructions to us. This is the amount we will bill you. It is only an indication of your preferences of future Premium Payments.
Premium Expense Charges	The amounts we deduct from each Premium Payment which include the sales charge and the Premium processing charge.
Premium/Premium Payment(s)	The amount you pay to purchase the Contract. It includes both Planned Premium Payments and unscheduled Premiums.
Proceeds	The total amount we are obligated to pay.
Reallocation Date	The date as of which the Contract Value we initially allocated to the Federated Prime Money Fund II Subaccount on the Allocation Date is allocated to the Subaccounts and/or to the Fixed Account. We allocate the Contract Value based on the Premium allocation percentages you specify in the application. The Reallocation Date is 30 days after the Allocation Date.
Specified Amount	The Total Sum Insured less any Additional Insurance Amount provided under the Contract.
Subaccounts	The divisions of the Variable Account. The assets of each Subaccount are invested in a corresponding portfolio of a designated mutual fund.
Subaccount Value	Measure of the value in a particular Subaccount.
Target Premium	This amount is segregated from Excess Premium for the purpose of calculating certain charges. We show the annual Target Premium in the Contract.
Total Sum Insured	The sum of the Specified Amount and any Additional Insurance Amount provided under the Contract. This amount does not include any additional benefits provided by riders.
Unscheduled Premium	Any Premium other than a Planned Premium Payment.
Valuation Day	Each day on which both the New York Stock Exchange and Kansas City Life are open for business.
Valuation Period	The interval of time beginning at the close of normal trading on the New York Stock Exchange on one Valuation Day and ending at the close of normal trading on the New York Stock Exchange on the next Valuation Day. Currently, the close of normal trading is at 3 p.m. Central Standard Time. The term "Valuation Period" is used in this prospectus to specify, among other things, when a transaction order or request is deemed to be received by us at our Variable Administration office.
Variable Account Value	The Variable Account Value is equal to the sum of all Subaccount Values of a Contract.
We, Our, Us	Kansas City Life Insurance Company
Written Notice </TABLE>	A written notice in a form satisfactory to us that is signed by the Owner and received at the Home Office.

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The Statement of Additional Information contains additional information about the Variable Account and Kansas City Life , including more information concerning compensation paid for the sale of Contracts. To learn more about the Contract, you should read the Statement of Additional Information dated the same date as this Prospectus. The Table of Contents for the Statement of Additional Information appears on the last page of this Prospectus. For a free copy of the Statement of Additional Information, to receive personalized illustrations of death benefits, net cash surrender values, and cash values, and to request other information about the Contract, please call 1-800-616-3670 or write to us at Kansas City Life Insurance Company, 3520 Broadway, P.O. Box 219364, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9364.

The Statement of Additional Information has been filed with the SEC and is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and is legally a part of this Prospectus. The SEC maintains an Internet website (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains the Statement of Additional Information and other information about us and the Contract. Information about us and the Contract (including the Statement of Additional Information) may also be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC., or may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by writing the Public Reference Section of the SEC, 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 2059-0102. Additional information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at (202) 942-8090.

Investment Company Act of 1940 Registration File No. 811-9080

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
3520 BROADWAY
P.O. BOX 219364
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64121-9364
(800) 616-3670

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
FLEXIBLE PREMIUM SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE CONTRACT

This Statement of Additional Information contains information in addition to the information described in the Prospectus for the flexible premium survivorship variable universal life insurance contract (the "Contract") we offer. This Statement of Additional Information is not a Prospectus and you should read it only in conjunction with the Prospectus for the Contract and the prospectuses for the Funds. The Prospectus is dated the same as this Statement of Additional Information. You may obtain a copy of the Prospectus by writing or calling Kansas City Life at the address or phone number shown above.

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GENERAL INFORMATION AND HISTORY ABOUT KANSAS CITY LIFE

Established in 1895 in Kansas City, Missouri, Kansas City Life Insurance Company serves policyholders in 48 states and the District of Columbia, except New York and Vermont. Kansas City Life offers a wide variety of product lines that include universal life, term life, interest sensitive whole life, annuities and group products. The company and its subsidiaries reach a wide range of markets with financial services that include insurance and investments.

ADDITIONAL CONTRACT INFORMATION

SPECIALIZED USES OF THE CONTRACT

Because the Contract provides for an accumulation of cash value as well as a Death Benefit, the Contract can be used for various individual and business financial planning purposes. Purchasing the Contract in part for such purposes entails certain risks. For example, if the investment performance of Subaccounts to which Variable Account Value is allocated is poorer than expected or if sufficient Premiums are not paid, the Contract may lapse or may not accumulate enough value to fund the purpose for which you purchased the Contract. Partial surrenders and Contract loans may significantly affect current and future values and Proceeds. A loan may cause a Contract to lapse, depending upon Subaccount investment performance and the amount of the loan. Before purchasing a Contract for a specialized purpose, you should consider whether the long-term nature of the Contract is consistent with the purpose for which you are considering it. USING A CONTRACT FOR A SPECIALIZED PURPOSE MAY HAVE TAX CONSEQUENCES. (SEE "TAX CONSIDERATIONS" IN THE PROSPECTUS.)

INCONTESTABILITY

After the Contract has been in force during the Insured's lifetime for two years from the Contract Date (or less if required by state law), we may not contest it unless it lapses. We will not contest any increase in the Additional Insurance Amount after the increase has been in force during the Insureds' lifetimes for two years following the effective date of the increase (or less if required by state law) unless the Contract lapses. If a Contract lapses and is reinstated, we cannot contest the reinstated Contract after it has been in force during the Insureds' lifetimes for two years from the date of the reinstatement application (or less if required by state law) unless the Contract lapses.

SUICIDE EXCLUSION

If either Insured dies by suicide, while sane or insane, within two years of the Contract Date (or less if required by state law), the amount payable will be equal to the Contract Value less any Loan Balance.

If either Insured dies by suicide, while sane or insane, within two years after the effective date of any increase in the Specified Amount (or less if required by state law), the amount payable associated with such increase will be limited to the cost of insurance charges associated with the increase.

MISSTATEMENT OF AGE OR SEX

If it is determined that the Age or sex of either Insured as stated in the Contract is not correct, while the Contract is in force and either or both the Insureds are alive, we will adjust the Contract Value. The adjustment will be the difference between the following amounts accumulated at 4% interest annually (unless otherwise required by state law). The two amounts are:

- (1) the cost of insurance deductions that have been made; and
- (2) the cost of insurance deductions that should have been made.

If after the death of the last surviving Insured while this Contract is in force, it is determined the Age or sex of either Insured as stated in the Contract is not correct, the Death Benefit will be the net amount at risk that the most recent cost of insurance deductions at the correct Age and sex would have provided plus the Contract Value on the date of death (unless otherwise required by state law).

ASSIGNMENT

You may assign the Contract in accordance with its terms. In order for any assignment to bind us, it must be in writing and filed at the Home Office. When we receive a signed copy of the assignment, your rights and the interest of any Beneficiary (or any other person) will be subject to the assignment. We assume no responsibility for the validity or sufficiency of any assignment. An assignment is subject to any Indebtedness.

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We will send notices to any assignee we have on record concerning amounts required to be paid during a Grace Period in addition to sending these notices to you. An assignment may have tax consequences.

REDUCED CHARGES FOR ELIGIBLE GROUPS

We may reduce the sales and administration charges for Contracts issued to a class of associated individuals or to a trustee, employer or similar entity. We may reduce these charges if we anticipate that the sales to the members of the class will result in lower than normal sales or administrative expenses. We will make any reductions in accordance with our rules in effect at the time of the application. The factors we will consider in determining the eligibility of a particular group and the level of the reduction are as follows:

- o nature of the association and its organizational framework;
- o method by which sales will be made to the members of the class;
- o facility with which Premiums will be collected from the associated individuals;
- o association's capabilities with respect to administrative tasks;
- o anticipated persistency of the Contract;
- o size of the class of associated individuals;
- o number of years the association has been in existence; and
- o any other such circumstances which justify a reduction in sales or administrative expenses.

Any reduction will be reasonable, will apply uniformly to all prospective Contract purchases in the class and will not be unfairly discriminatory to the interests of any Contract holder.

ADDITIONAL PREMIUM INFORMATION

GENERALLY

Premium payments must be made by check payable to Kansas City Life Insurance Company or by any other method that Kansas City Life deems acceptable. Kansas City Life may specify the form in which a Premium payment must be made in order for the Premium to be in "good order." Ordinarily, a check will be deemed to be in good order upon receipt, although Kansas City Life may require that the check first be converted into federal funds. In addition, for a Premium to be received in "good order," it must be accompanied by all required supporting documentation, in whatever form required.

PREMIUM PAYMENTS

Each Premium after the initial Premium must be at least \$25. Kansas City Life may increase this minimum limit 90 days after sending the Owner a Written Notice of such increase. Subject to the limits described in the Prospectus, the Owner can change the amount and frequency of Premium Payments by sending Written Notice to the Home Office. Kansas City Life, however, reserves the right to limit the amount of a Premium Payment or the total Premium paid, as discussed in the Prospectus.

PREMIUM PAYMENTS TO PREVENT LAPSE

Failure to pay Premium Payments will not necessarily cause a Contract to lapse. Conversely, paying all Planned Premium Payments will not guarantee that a Contract will not lapse. The conditions that will result in the Owner's Contract lapsing will vary, as follows, depending on whether a Guaranteed Payment Period is in effect.

a. DURING THE GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD. A grace period starts if on any Monthly Anniversary Day the Cash Surrender Value is less than the amount of the Monthly Deduction and the accumulated Premiums paid as of the Monthly Anniversary Day are less than required to guarantee the Contract will not lapse during the Guaranteed Payment Period. The Premium required to keep the Contract in force will be an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount to guarantee the Contract will not lapse during the Guaranteed Payment Period less the accumulated Premiums paid; and (2) an amount sufficient to provide a cash surrender value equal to three Monthly Deductions.

b. AFTER THE GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD. A grace period starts if the Cash Surrender Value on a Monthly Anniversary Day will not cover the Monthly Deduction. A Premium sufficient to provide a cash surrender value equal to three Monthly Deductions must be paid during the grace period to keep the Contract in force.

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UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

Kansas City Life currently places Insureds into one of the 4 risk classes, based on underwriting: Preferred Tobacco, Standard Tobacco, Standard Non-tobacco, or Preferred Non-tobacco. An Insured may be placed in a substandard risk class, which involves a higher mortality risk than the Standard Tobacco or Standard Non-tobacco classes. In an otherwise identical Contract, an Insured in the standard risk class will have a lower cost of insurance rate than an Insured in a substandard risk class. The available Issue Ages are 20-85 for all rate classes.

- o Nonsmoking Insureds will generally incur lower cost of insurance rates than Insureds who are classified as Preferred Tobacco or Standard Tobacco. If an Insured does not qualify as a non-tobacco cost of insurance rates will remain as shown in the Contract. However, if the Insured does qualify as a non-tobacco, the cost of insurance rates will be changed to reflect the non-tobacco classification.
- o We may place an Insured into a substandard risk class for a temporary period of time, due to occupation, avocation or certain types of health conditions. We also may place an Insured into a substandard risk class permanently. These permanent ratings can be reviewed after the policy has been in force for 2 years.

SALE OF THE CONTRACTS

Sunset Financial Services, Inc. ("Sunset Financial") is responsible for distributing the Contracts pursuant to an Underwriting Agreement with us. Sunset Financial serves as principal underwriter for the Contracts. Sunset Financial, incorporated in the state of Washington on April 23, 1964, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Kansas City Life Insurance Company, and has its principal business address at P.O. Box 219365, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9365. Sunset Financial is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "1934 Act"), and is a member of NASD, Inc. (the "NASD"). Sunset Financial is a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation.

We offer the Contracts to the public on a continuous basis through Sunset Financial. We anticipate continuing to offer the Contracts, but reserve the right to discontinue the offering.

Sunset Financial offers the Contracts through its sales representatives. Sunset Financial also may enter into selling agreements with other broker-dealers for sales of the Contracts through their sales representatives. Sales representatives must be licensed as insurance agents and appointed by us.

We pay commissions to Sunset Financial for sales of the Contracts, which Sunset Financial shares with its sales representatives and also with broker-dealers who

have entered into selling agreements.

Sunset Financial received sales compensation with respect to the Contracts in the following amounts during the periods indicated:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Fiscal year	Aggregate Amount of Commissions Paid to Sunset Financial*	Aggregate Amount of Commissions Retained by Sunset Financial After Payments to its Registered Persons and Other Broker-Dealers
<S>	<C>	<C>
2002	\$2,764,404.00	\$52,448.10
2003	\$2,675,443.00	\$78,720.00
2004	\$2,781,947.00	\$127,807.00

</TABLE>

* Includes sales compensation paid to registered persons of Sunset Financial.

Sunset Financial passes through commissions it receives and does not retain any override as principal underwriter for the Contracts.

The adviser for certain of the funds may, from time to time, use its management fee revenue, as well as its past profits or other resources as may be permitted by regulatory rules, to make payments for distribution services to Sunset Financial, which may in turn pay part or all of such compensation to a broker-dealer of record with whom it has entered into a selling agreement.

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PERFORMANCE DATA

YIELDS AND TOTAL RETURNS

From time to time, we may advertise or include in sales literature historical performance data, including yields, effective yields, and annual total returns for the Subaccounts. These figures are based on historical earnings and do not indicate or project future performance. Effective yields and total returns for a Subaccount are based on the investment performance of the corresponding Portfolio of a Fund. A Portfolio's performance reflects the Portfolio's expenses. See the prospectuses for the Funds.

In advertising and sales literature, the performance of each Subaccount may be compared to the performance of other variable life insurance issuers in general or to the performance of particular types of variable life insurance investing in mutual funds, or investment series of mutual funds with investment objectives similar to each of the Subaccounts. Advertising and sales literature may also compare the performance of each Subaccount to the Standard & Poor's Composite Index of 500 stocks, a widely used measure of stock performance.

We may also report other information, including the effect of tax-deferred compounding on a Subaccount's investment returns, or returns in general, which may be illustrated by tables, graphs, or charts. All income and capital gains derived from Subaccount investments are reinvested and can lead to substantial long-term accumulation of assets, provided that the underlying Portfolio's investment experience is positive.

Performance information reflects only the performance of a hypothetical investment during the particular time period on which the calculations are based. Average annual total return figures are based on historical earnings and are not intended to indicate future performance. Performance information should be considered in light of the investment objectives and policies, characteristics and quality of the underlying Portfolio in which a Subaccount invests and the market conditions during the given time period, and should not be considered as a representation of what may be achieved in the future.

You also should refer to your personalized illustrations, which illustrate variations of Contract Values, Cash Surrender Values and Death Benefits under your Contract.

MONEY MARKET SUBACCOUNT YIELDS

The current yield of the Federated Prime Money Fund II ("Money Market Subaccount") refers to the annualized investment income generated by an investment in the Money Market Subaccount over a specified seven-day period. The yield is calculated by assuming that the income generated for that seven-day period is generated each seven-day period over a 52-week period and is shown as a percentage of the investment; it is calculated in a manner which does not take into consideration any realized or unrealized gains or losses or income other than investment income on shares of the underlying Portfolio or on its portfolio securities.

This current annualized yield is computed by determining the net change (exclusive of realized gains and losses on the sale of securities and unrealized appreciation and depreciation and exclusive of income other than investment income) at the end of the seven-day period in the value of a hypothetical account under a Contract having a balance of one Accumulation Unit in the Money Market Subaccount at the beginning of the period, dividing the net change in Money Market Subaccount Value by the value of the hypothetical account at the beginning of the period to determine the base period return, and annualizing this quotient on a 365-day basis. The net change in account value reflects: (1) net investment income of the Portfolio attributable to the hypothetical account; and (2) "common" charges and deductions (as explained below) imposed under the Contract, which are attributable to the hypothetical account.

The effective yield of the Money Market Subaccount determined on a compounded basis for the same seven-day period may also be quoted. The effective yield is calculated similarly but, when annualized, the income earned by an investment in the Subaccount is assumed to be reinvested. The effective yield will be slightly higher than the yield because of the compounding effect of this assumed reinvestment.

The Money Market Subaccount's yield is affected by changes in interest rates on money market securities, the average portfolio maturity of the underlying Portfolio, the types of quality of portfolio securities held by the underlying Portfolio, and the underlying Portfolio's operating expenses. During extended periods of low interest rates, the yields of the Money Market Subaccount (or any Subaccount investing in a money market portfolio) may also become extremely low and possibly negative. Yields on amounts held in the Money Market Subaccount may also be presented for periods other than a seven-day period.

TOTAL RETURNS

The total return of a Subaccount refers to return quotations assuming an investment under a Contract has been held in the Subaccount for various periods of time including, but not limited to, a period measured from

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the date the Subaccount commenced operations. For periods prior to the date a Subaccount commenced operations, performance information for Contracts funded by that Subaccount may also be calculated based on the performance of the corresponding Portfolio and the assumption that the Subaccount was in existence for the same periods as those indicated for the Portfolio, with the current level of Contract charges. The average annual total return quotations represent the average annual compounded rates of return that would equate an initial investment of \$1,000 under a Contract to the value of that investment (reflecting only Common Charges, as described below) as of the last day of each of the periods for which total return quotations are provided. The ending date for each period for which total return quotations are provided will normally be for the most recent calendar quarter, considering the type and media of the communication and will be stated in the communication. Average annual total return information shows the average percentage change in the value of an investment in the Subaccount from the beginning date of the measuring period to the end of that period.

Until a Subaccount has been in operation for 1, 5, and 10 years, respectively, we will include quotes of average annual total return for the period measured from the Subaccount's inception. When a Subaccount has been in operation for 1, 5, and 10 years, respectively, the average annual total return for these periods will be provided. Average annual total returns for other periods of time may, from time to time, also be disclosed. Average annual total return for the Subaccounts may include information for the period before any policies were registered under the Securities Act of 1933, from the inception of the Subaccounts, with the level of Contract charges currently in effect.

Average annual total returns reflect total underlying Portfolio expenses and certain Contract fees and charges assumed to apply to all Contract owners, including the mortality and expense risk charge ("Common Charges"). However, charges such as cost of insurance charges, which are based on certain factors, such as the Insureds' age, sex, number of completed Contract years, Total Sum Insured, and risk class, and which therefore vary with each Contract, are not reflected in average annual total returns, nor are the premium expense charge or any charges assessed on surrender, partial surrender, or transfer ("Non-Common Charges"). IF NON-COMMON CHARGES WERE DEDUCTED, PERFORMANCE WOULD BE SIGNIFICANTLY LOWER.

Because of the charges and deductions imposed under a Contract, performance data for the Subaccounts will be lower than performance data for their corresponding Portfolios. The performance of a Subaccount will be affected by expense reimbursements and fee waivers applicable to the corresponding Portfolio. Without these reimbursements and waivers, performance would be lower.

PERFORMANCE FOR ANY GIVEN PAST PERIOD IS NOT AN INDICATION OR REPRESENTATION OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE. THE PERFORMANCE OF EACH SUBACCOUNT WILL FLUCTUATE ON A DAILY

BASIS.

From time to time, sales literature or advertisements may also quote average annual total returns for periods prior to the date a Subaccount commenced operations. This performance information for the Subaccounts will be calculated based on the performance of the Portfolios and the assumption that the Subaccounts were in existence for the same periods as those indicated for the Portfolios, with the level of Contract charges currently in effect.

From time to time, sales literature or advertisements may also quote average annual total returns for the underlying Funds that reflect all underlying Fund fees and expenses, but do not reflect the deduction of Contract-level expenses (either Common Charges or Non-Common Charges). Because of the charges and deductions imposed under the Contract, performance data for the Subaccounts will be lower than performance data for their corresponding Funds.

OTHER INFORMATION

RESOLVING MATERIAL CONFLICTS

The Funds presently serve as the investment medium for the Contracts. In addition, the Funds are available to registered separate accounts of other insurance companies offering variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts.

We do not currently foresee any disadvantages to you resulting from the Funds selling shares to fund products other than the Contracts. However, there is a possibility that a material conflict of interest may arise between Contract Owners and the owners of variable contracts issued by other companies whose values are allocated to one of the Funds. Shares of some of the Funds may also be sold to certain qualified pension and retirement plans qualifying under Section 401 of the Code. As a result, there is a possibility that a material conflict may arise between the interests of Owners or owners of other contracts (including contracts issued by other companies), and such retirement plans or participants in such retirement plans. In the event of a material conflict, we will take any necessary steps, including removing the Variable Account from that Fund, to resolve the matter. The Board of Directors of each Fund will monitor events in order to identify any material

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conflicts that may arise and determine what action, if any, should be taken in response to those events or conflicts. See the accompanying prospectuses of the Funds for more information.

MINIMUM GUARANTEED AND CURRENT INTEREST RATES

We guarantee to credit the Fixed Account Value with a minimum 4% effective annual interest rate. We intend to credit the Fixed Account Value with current rates in excess of the 4% minimum, but we are not obligated to do so. Current interest rates are influenced by, but don't necessarily correspond to, prevailing general market interest rates. We will determine current rates. You assume the risk that the interest we credit may not exceed the guaranteed rate. Since we anticipate changing the current interest rate from time to time, we will credit different allocations with different interest rates, based upon the date amounts are allocated to the Fixed Account. We may change the interest rate credited to allocations from Premiums or new transfers at any time. We will not change the interest rate more than once a year on amounts in the Fixed Account.

For the purpose of crediting interest, we currently account for amounts deducted from the Fixed Account on a last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method. We may change the method of crediting from time to time, provided that such changes do not have the effect of reducing the guaranteed rate of interest below 4%. We may also shorten the period for which the interest rate applies to less than a year (except for the year in which an amount is received or transferred).

LEGAL CONSIDERATIONS RELATING TO SEX-DISTINCT PREMIUM PAYMENTS AND BENEFITS.

Cost of insurance rates for Contracts generally distinguish between males and females. Thus, Premium Payments and benefits under Contracts covering males and females of the same Age will generally differ. (In some states, the cost of insurance rates don't vary by sex.)

We also offer Contracts that don't distinguish between male and female rates where required by state law. Employers and employee organizations considering purchase of a Contract should consult with their legal advisers to determine whether purchase of a Contract based on sex-distinct cost of insurance rates is consistent with Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 or other applicable law. We will make available to such prospective purchasers Contracts with cost of insurance rates that don't distinguish between males and females.

REPORTS TO CONTRACT OWNERS

At least once each Contract Year, we will send you a report showing updated

information about the Contract since the last report, including any information required by law. We will also send you an annual and semi-annual report for each Fund or Portfolio underlying a Subaccount to which you have allocated Contract Value. This will include a list of the securities held in each Fund, as required by the 1940 Act. In addition, we will send you written confirmation of all Contract transactions.

EXPERTS

KPMG
Suite 1600
1000 Walnut
Kansas City, MO 64106

The consolidated financial statements of Kansas City Life Insurance Company as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2004, and the statement of net assets of the Variable Account as of December 31, 2004 and the related statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2004 and statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2004, except those individual series operating for portions of such period as disclosed in the financial statements and financial highlights for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2004, have been included herein in reliance upon the report of KPMG LLP, independent certified public accountants, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

Mark A. Milton, Senior Vice President and Actuary of Kansas City Life has examined actuarial matters in this Prospectus.

LEGAL MATTERS

Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP of Washington, D.C. has provided legal advice on certain matters relating to the federal securities laws. William A. Schalekamp, General Counsel of Kansas City Life has passed on matters of Missouri law pertaining to the Contracts, including our right to issue the Contracts and our qualification to do so under applicable laws and regulations.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We have filed a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 with the SEC relating to the offering described in this prospectus. This Prospectus does not include all the information set forth in the registration statement. The omitted information may be obtained at the SEC's principal office in Washington, D.C. by paying the SEC's prescribed fees.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following financial statements for Kansas City Life are included in this Statement of Additional Information:

- o consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004 and 2003; and
- o related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2004.

The following financial statements for the Variable Account are included in this Statement of Additional Information:

- o statement of net assets as of December 31, 2004; and
- o related statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2004, statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2004, except those individual series operating for portions of such period as disclosed in the financial statements, and financial highlights for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2004.

Kansas City Life's financial statements should be distinguished from financial statements of the Variable Account. You should consider Kansas City Life's financial statements only as an indication of Kansas City Life's ability to meet its obligations under the Contracts. You should not consider them as having an effect on the investment performance of the assets held in the Variable Account.

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KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(amounts in thousands, except share data)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	December 31	
	2004	2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
ASSETS		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2004 - \$2,863,781; 2003 - \$2,730,612)	\$2,962,114	\$2,814,485
Equity securities available for sale, at fair value (cost: 2004 - \$61,812; 2003 - \$62,203)	63,099	63,808
Mortgage loans	430,632	456,656
Real estate	91,519	112,691
Policy loans	108,546	114,420
Short-term investments	67,980	71,823
Other investments	2,081	903
Total investments	3,725,971	3,634,786
Cash	4,147	20,029
Accrued investment income	39,928	39,132
Deferred acquisition costs	229,712	237,702
Value of business acquired	96,853	106,334
Reinsurance receivables	156,839	152,729
Property and equipment	31,595	32,981
Other assets	27,118	21,303
Separate account assets	353,983	304,691
Total assets	\$4,666,146	\$4,549,687
LIABILITIES		
Future policy benefits	\$ 859,890	\$ 859,767
Policyholder account balances	2,299,470	2,248,215
Policy and contract claims	34,200	33,012
Other policyholder funds	97,030	101,084
Notes payable	92,220	133,670
Income taxes	53,703	36,918
Other liabilities	182,754	187,892
Separate account liabilities	353,983	304,691
Total liabilities	3,973,250	3,905,249
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, par value \$1.25 per share		
Authorized 36,000,000 shares, issued 18,496,680 shares	23,121	23,121
Additional paid in capital	24,279	23,310
Retained earnings	733,499	688,800
Accumulated other comprehensive income	26,231	23,418
Less treasury stock, at cost (2004 - 6,550,287 shares; 2003 - 6,572,087 shares)	(114,234)	(114,211)
Total stockholders' equity	692,896	644,438
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$4,666,146	\$4,549,687

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(amounts in thousands, except share data)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Year Ended December 31		
	2004	2003	2002
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
REVENUES			
Insurance revenues:			
Premiums	\$188,881	\$211,468	\$186,284
Contract charges	115,710	110,006	105,520
Reinsurance ceded	(54,490)	(48,830)	(43,223)
Total insurance revenues	250,101	272,644	248,581
Investment revenues:			
Net investment income	197,975	194,763	194,235
Realized investment gains (losses)	45,929	(29,280)	(18,240)
Other revenues	8,468	9,387	14,779
Total revenues	502,473	447,514	439,355

BENEFITS AND EXPENSES			
Policyholder benefits	185,155	207,914	187,335
Interest credited to policyholder account balances	96,497	92,278	87,587
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and value of business acquired	40,607	38,096	31,094
Operating expenses	98,531	99,995	95,518
Total benefits and expenses	420,790	438,283	401,534
Income before income tax expense (benefit)	81,683	9,231	37,821
Income tax expense (benefit)	23,996	(5,562)	6,272
NET INCOME	\$ 57,687	\$ 14,793	\$ 31,549
Basic and diluted earnings per share:			
Net income	\$ 4.83	\$ 1.24	\$ 2.63

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(amounts in thousands, except share data)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Year Ended December 31		
	2004	2003	2002
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
COMMON STOCK, beginning and end of year	\$ 23,121	\$ 23,121	\$ 23,121
ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL			
Beginning of year	23,310	22,605	21,744
Excess of proceeds over cost of treasury stock sold	969	705	861
End of year	24,279	23,310	22,605
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Beginning of year	688,800	686,847	668,255
Net income	57,687	14,793	31,549
Stockholder dividends of \$1.08 per share (2003 - \$1.08; 2002 - \$1.08)	(12,988)	(12,840)	(12,957)
End of year	733,499	688,800	686,847
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)			
Beginning of year	23,418	(24,437)	(38,806)
Other comprehensive income	2,813	47,855	14,369
End of year	26,231	23,418	(24,437)
TREASURY STOCK, at cost			
Beginning of year	(114,211)	(110,639)	(108,630)
Cost of 12,227 shares acquired (2003 - 96,472 shares; 2002 - 67,470 shares)	(506)	(3,925)	(2,535)
Cost of 34,027 shares sold (2003 - 24,882 shares; 2002 - 37,025 shares)	483	353	526
End of year	(114,234)	(114,211)	(110,639)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 692,896	\$ 644,438	\$ 597,497

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(amounts in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Year Ended December 31		
	2004	2003	2002
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 57,687	\$ 14,793	\$ 31,549
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Amortization of investment premium (discount)	13,387	4,287	(641)
Depreciation	5,175	12,949	5,916
Acquisition costs capitalized	(26,136)	(29,575)	(27,868)
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	32,906	30,224	23,568
Amortization of value of business acquired	7,959	6,993	7,156
Realized investment (gains) losses	(45,929)	29,280	18,240
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Legal settlement liability	-	-	(16,965)
Future policy benefits	123	20,115	(8,209)
Policyholder account balances	(2,120)	30,118	44,878
Income taxes payable and deferred	16,124	(17,237)	(2,271)
Other, net	(23,443)	(7,800)	(26,590)
Net cash provided	35,733	94,147	48,763
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of investments:			
Fixed maturity securities	(726,948)	(1,251,481)	(788,919)
Equity securities	(6,957)	(4,279)	(5,598)
Mortgage loans	(72,265)	(149,344)	(76,186)
Real estate	(8,287)	(41,329)	(21,170)
Other investment assets	2,665	118,287	(52,271)
Sales of investments:			
Fixed maturity securities	159,095	188,849	359,375
Equity securities	7,495	25,807	16,911
Real estate	72,092	20,226	29,736
Other investment assets	5,874	4,740	4,443
Maturities and principal paydowns of investments:			
Fixed maturity securities	421,974	725,589	364,984
Mortgage loans	98,689	158,195	45,626
Net additions to property and equipment	(1,686)	(969)	(21,029)
Insurance business acquired	-	(52,264)	-
Net cash used	(48,259)	(257,973)	(144,098)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings	13,575	35,061	59,562
Repayment of borrowings	(55,025)	(634)	(59,100)
Deposits on policyholder account balances	271,133	338,089	272,110
Withdrawals from policyholder account balances	(205,749)	(180,801)	(153,814)
Net transfers to separate accounts	(12,009)	(9,427)	(14,856)
Change in other deposits	(3,239)	2,629	4,409
Cash dividends to stockholders	(12,988)	(12,840)	(12,957)
Net disposition (acquisition) of treasury stock	946	(2,867)	(1,148)
Net cash provided (used)	(3,356)	169,210	94,206
Increase (decrease) in cash	(15,882)	5,384	(1,129)
Cash at beginning of year	20,029	14,645	15,774
Cash at end of year	\$ 4,147	\$ 20,029	\$ 14,645

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(amounts in thousands, except share data)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BUSINESS

Kansas City Life Insurance Company (the Company) is a Missouri domiciled stock

life insurance company which, with its subsidiaries, is licensed to sell insurance products in 49 states and the District of Columbia. The Company offers a diversified portfolio of individual insurance, annuity and group products.

BUSINESS CHANGES

On October 25, 2004, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to sell its bank subsidiary, Generations Bank, for \$10.1 million to Generations Bancorp, with an expected gain on the sale of approximately \$1.9 million. This transaction is subject to regulatory approval by the Office of Thrift Supervision and is expected to close in the third quarter of 2005. The bank subsidiary and the results of its operations are not material to the financial statements of the Company and are not disclosed separately.

On December 14, 2004, the Company signed an asset purchase agreement to sell its administrative claims paying services contracts as a defined block of business to The Epoch Group, L. C. for \$0.2 million on January 1, 2005. The administrative claims paying services, marketed as KCL Benefit Solutions, are part of the group insurance business segment. One-half of the purchase price is due in February 2005. The other half is due in subsequent years, subject to certain persistency requirements. This block of business and the results of operations are not material to the financial statements of the Company and are not disclosed separately.

On June 30, 2003, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of GuideOne Life Insurance Company (GuideOne) from GuideOne Financial Group, Inc. and GuideOne Mutual Company. The purchase price of the acquisition was \$59.4 million and added \$393.1 million in assets on the acquisition date, including an identifiable intangible asset called the value of business acquired (VOBA) of \$38.0 million. The financial position and results of operations of GuideOne have been included in these financial statements on a GAAP basis using the purchase method of accounting since July 1, 2003. As of October 1, 2003, GuideOne was merged into Kansas City Life Insurance Company. For segment reporting purposes, GuideOne is included in the Kansas City Life - Individual segment.

GuideOne has not prepared historical financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, historical information is not available from which to develop pro forma results of operations for 2003.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and include the accounts of Kansas City Life Insurance Company and its subsidiaries, principally Sunset Life Insurance Company of America (Sunset Life) and Old American Insurance Company (Old American). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. These estimates are inherently subject to change and actual results could differ from these estimates. Included among the material (or potentially material) reported amounts and disclosures that require extensive use of estimates are deferred acquisition costs, value of business acquired, future policy benefits, policy and contract claim liabilities and the fair value of certain invested assets.

INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments are stated at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accrual of discount. Securities available for sale are stated at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale are reduced by deferred income taxes and related adjustments to deferred acquisition costs and the value of business acquired, and are included in accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company reviews and analyzes its securities on an ongoing

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

basis. Based upon these analyses, specific security values are written down to fair value through earnings as a realized investment loss if the security's impairment in value is considered to be other than temporary. Premiums and discounts on fixed maturity securities are amortized over the life of the related security as an adjustment to yield using the effective interest method.

Mortgage loans are stated at cost, adjusted for amortization of premium and accrual of discount, less a valuation reserve for probable losses. A loan is considered impaired if it is probable that contractual amounts due will not be collected. The valuation reserve is based upon historical impairment experience, including an estimate of probable impairment of any delinquent or defaulted

loans. Such estimates are based upon the value of the expected cash flows and the underlying collateral on a net realizable basis. Loans in foreclosure and loans considered to be impaired are placed on a non-accrual status.

Real estate consists of directly owned investments and real estate joint ventures. Real estate that is directly owned is carried at depreciated cost. Real estate joint ventures consist of low income housing tax credit ("LIHTC") investments, which are not material to the financial statements. Real estate joint ventures are consolidated where required or are valued at cost adjusted for the Company's equity in earnings since acquisition.

Policy loans are carried at cost, less principal payments received.

DEFERRED ACQUISITION COSTS (DAC)

Deferred acquisition costs (DAC), principally agent commissions and other selling, selection and issue costs, which vary with and are directly related to the production of new business, are capitalized as incurred. These deferred costs are then amortized in proportion to future premium revenues or the expected future profits of the business, depending upon the type of product. Profit expectations are based upon assumptions of future interest spreads, mortality margins, expense margins and policy and premium persistency experience. These assumptions involve judgment and are compared to actual experience on an ongoing basis. If it is determined that the assumptions related to the profit expectations for interest sensitive and variable insurance products should be revised, the impact of the change is reported in the current period's income as an unlocking adjustment.

DAC is reviewed on an ongoing basis to determine that the unamortized portion does not exceed the expected recoverable amounts. If it is determined from emerging experience that the premium margins or gross profits are insufficient to amortize deferred acquisition costs, then the asset will be adjusted downward with the adjustment recorded as an expense in the current period. No impairment adjustments have been recorded in the years presented.

The following table provides information about DAC at December 31.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance at beginning of year	\$237,702	\$243,120	\$240,565
Capitalization of commissions, sales and issue expenses	26,136	29,574	27,868
Amortization	(33,210)	(31,103)	(23,938)
Amortization due to realized investment losses	304	879	370
Change in DAC due to unrealized investment gains	(1,220)	(4,768)	(1,745)
	-----	-----	-----
Balance at end of year	\$ 229,712	\$237,702	\$243,120
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

VALUE OF BUSINESS ACQUIRED (VOBA)

When new business is acquired, a portion of the purchase price is allocated to a separately identifiable intangible asset, called the value of business acquired (VOBA). VOBA is established as the actuarially determined present value of future gross profits of the business acquired and is amortized in proportion to future premium revenues or the expected future profits, depending on the type of business acquired. Similar to DAC, the assumptions regarding future experience can affect the carrying value of VOBA, including interest spreads, mortality, expense margins and policy and premium persistency experience. Significant changes in these assumptions can impact the carrying balance of VOBA and produce changes that must be reflected in the current period's income as an unlocking adjustment.

VOBA is reviewed on an ongoing basis to determine that the unamortized portion does not exceed the expected recoverable amounts. If it is determined from emerging experience that the premium margins or gross profits are insufficient to support the value of VOBA, then the asset will be adjusted downward with the adjustment recorded as an expense in the current period. No impairment adjustments have been recorded in the years presented.

In 2003, VOBA was established in the amount of \$38,005 from the purchase of GuideOne. The following table provides information about VOBA at December 31.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance at beginning of year	\$106,334	\$ 75,322	\$ 82,478

Purchase of GuideOne Life	-	38,005	-
Gross amortization	(15,253)	(14,716)	(14,252)
Accrual of interest	7,294	7,723	7,096
Change in VOBA due to unrealized investment gains (losses)	(1,522)	-	-
	-----	-----	-----
Balance at end of year	\$ 96,853	\$106,334	\$ 75,322
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The accrual of interest for Old American VOBA was calculated at a 13% interest rate for the life block and a 7% rate for the accident and health block. For the GuideOne acquisition VOBA, a 5.2% interest rate was used on the interest sensitive block, a 4.1% interest rate was used on the deferred annuity block and a 5.3% interest rate was used on the traditional life block. For the VOBA on an acquired block of business a 7% interest rate was used on the traditional life portion and a 5.4% interest rate was used on the interest sensitive portion. The interest rates used in the calculation of VOBA are based on rates appropriate at the time of acquisition.

SEPARATE ACCOUNTS

Separate account assets and liabilities arise from the sale of variable life insurance and annuity products. The Separate Account represents funds segregated for the benefit of certain policyholders who bear the investment risk. The assets are legally segregated and are not subject to claims which may arise from any other business of the Company. The separate account assets and liabilities, which are equal, are recorded at fair value. Policyholder account deposits and withdrawals, investment income and realized investment gains and losses are excluded from the amounts reported in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Revenues to the Company from separate accounts consist principally of contract charges, which include maintenance charges, administrative fees and mortality and risk charges.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The following table provides a reconciliation of activity within separate account liabilities at December 31.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance at beginning of year	\$304,691	\$244,862	\$305,283
Deposits on variable policyholder contracts	64,558	68,447	57,949
Transfers to general account	(9,904)	(24,318)	(5,961)
Investment performance	37,283	50,402	(75,277)
Policyholder benefits	(29,172)	(21,836)	(23,207)
Contract charges	(13,473)	(12,866)	(13,925)
	-----	-----	-----
Balance at end of year	\$353,983	\$304,691	\$244,862
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

RECOGNITION OF REVENUES

Premiums for traditional life insurance products are reported as revenue when due. Premiums on accident and health, disability and dental insurance are reported as earned ratably over the contract period in proportion to the amount of insurance protection provided. A reserve is provided for the portion of premiums written which relates to unexpired terms of coverage.

Deposits related to universal life and investment-type products are credited to policyholder account balances. Revenues from such contracts consist of amounts assessed against policyholder account balances for mortality, policy administration and surrender charges, and are recognized in the period in which the services are provided.

FUTURE POLICY BENEFITS

Liabilities for future policy benefits of traditional life insurance have been computed by a net level premium method based upon estimates at the time of issue for investment yields, mortality and withdrawals. These estimates include provisions for experience less favorable than actually expected. Mortality assumptions are based on Company experience expressed as a percentage of standard mortality tables. The 1975-1980 Select and Ultimate Basic Table is used for new business.

Liabilities for future policy benefits of immediate annuities and supplementary contracts with life contingencies are also computed by a net level premium method, based upon estimates at the time of issue for investment yields and

mortality. Mortality assumptions are based upon table A2000 without adjustment.

Liabilities for future policy benefits of accident and health insurance represent estimates of payments to be made on reported insurance claims, as well as claims incurred but not yet reported. These liabilities are estimated using actuarial analyses and case basis evaluations, based upon past claims experience, claim trends and industry experience.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The following table provides detail about future policy benefits at December 31.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Life insurance	\$730,946	\$738,517
Immediate annuities and supplementary contracts with life contingencies	84,758	78,636
	-----	-----
Total	815,704	817,153
Accident and health insurance	44,186	42,614
	-----	-----
Total future policy benefits	\$859,890	\$859,767
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

POLICYHOLDER ACCOUNT BALANCES

Liabilities for universal life and fixed deferred annuity products represent policyholder account balances, without reduction for potential surrender charges, and deferred front-end contract charges, which are amortized over the term of the policies. Benefits and claims are charged to expense in the period incurred. Interest on policyholder account balances is credited as earned.

Crediting rates for universal life insurance and fixed deferred annuity products ranged from 3.00% to 5.75% (2003 - 3.00% to 6.25%; 2002 - 3.00% to 7.25%).

The following table provides detail about policyholder account balances at December 31.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Universal life insurance	\$1,087,453	\$1,088,906
Fixed deferred annuities	1,139,422	1,090,045
Other	72,595	69,264
	-----	-----
Policyholder account balances	\$2,299,470	\$2,248,215
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes are recorded on the differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are reported in the consolidated financial statements. Recorded amounts are adjusted to reflect changes in income tax rates and other tax law provisions as they become enacted. The Company and its subsidiaries file a consolidated federal income tax return that includes both life insurance companies and non-life insurance companies.

PARTICIPATING POLICIES

Participating business at year-end approximates 7% of statutory premiums and 7% of the life insurance in force. The amount of dividends to be paid is determined annually by the Board of Directors. Provision has been made in the liability for future policy benefits to allocate amounts to participating policyholders on the basis of dividend scales contemplated at the time the policies were issued. Additional provisions have been made for policyholder dividends in excess of the original scale, which have been declared by the Board of Directors.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

REINSURANCE

In the normal course of business, the Company cedes risks to other insurers primarily to protect the Company against adverse fluctuations in mortality experience. The Company also assumes risks ceded by other companies.

Reinsurance is effected on individual risks and through various pooling arrangements. Business is reinsured primarily through yearly renewable term and coinsurance agreements. Under yearly renewable term insurance, the Company pays annual premiums and the reinsurer reimburses claims paid related to this coverage. Under coinsurance, the reinsurer receives a proportionate share of the premiums less applicable commissions and is liable for a corresponding share of policy benefits. The Company remains contingently liable if the reinsurer should be unable to meet obligations assumed under the reinsurance contract. In addition, the Company has policies and procedures to monitor the financial condition of its reinsurers.

Reinsurance recoverable includes amounts related to paid benefits and estimated amounts related to unpaid policy and contract claims, future policy benefits and policyholder account balances. At December 31, 2004, there were no reinsurers with overdue balances. The cost of reinsurance is accounted for over the terms of the underlying reinsured policies using assumptions consistent with those used to account for the policies.

INCOME PER SHARE

Due to the Company's capital structure and the absence of other potentially dilutive securities, there is no difference between basic and diluted earnings per common share for any of the years or periods reported. The weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year was 11,932,109 shares (2003 - 11,944,291 shares; 2002 - 11,997,733 shares). The number of shares outstanding at year-end was 11,946,393 (2003 - 11,924,593).

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation (FIN) 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities," was issued in January 2003. This is an interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements." This interpretation requires the consolidation of entities in which an enterprise absorbs a majority of the entity's expected losses, receives a majority of the entity's expected residual returns, or both, as a result of ownership, contractual terms or other financial interests in the entity. This interpretation was adopted July 1, 2003 and had no material impact. Subsequently, in December 2003, the FASB issued a revision known as FIN 46R, which replaces FIN 46. The Company is required to apply FIN 46R to variable interest entities created after December 31, 2003. This revised interpretation was adopted on January 1, 2004, with no material impact.

Statement of Position (SOP) 03-01, "Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises for Certain Nontraditional Long-Duration Contracts and for Separate Accounts," was issued in July 2003 by the Accounting Standards Executive Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The SOP addresses: 1) separate account presentation; 2) accounting for an insurance company's proportionate interest in separate accounts; 3) transfers of assets from the general account to a separate account; 4) valuation of certain insurance liabilities and policy features such as guaranteed minimum death benefits and annuitization benefits; and 5) accounting for sales inducements. This SOP was adopted on January 1, 2004, with no material impact.

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force reached further consensus on Issue No. 03-1 "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments" ("EITF 03-1"). EITF 03-1 provides guidance for determining the meaning of "other-than-temporarily impaired" and its application to certain debt and equity securities within the scope of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115 "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" ("SFAS 115") and investments accounted for under the cost method. The guidance requires that investments which have declined in value due to credit concerns or solely due to changes in interest rates must be recorded as other-than-temporarily impaired unless the Corporation can assert and demonstrate its intention to hold the security for a period of time sufficient to allow for a recovery of fair value up to or beyond the cost of the investment, which might mean maturity. This issue also requires disclosures assessing the ability and intent to hold investments in instances in which an investor determines that an investment with a fair value less than cost is not other-than-temporarily impaired.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The guidance in EITF 03-1 was effective for other-than-temporary impairment evaluations made in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2004. However, the guidance contained in paragraphs 10-20 of this Issue in EITF Abstracts has been delayed by FASB Staff Position (FSP) EITF Issue 03-1-1, "The Effective Date of Paragraphs 10-20 of EITF Issue No. 03-1, 'The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments,'" posted on September 30, 2004. At the November 2004 meeting, the FASB staff indicated that the Board is expected to undertake a comprehensive reconsideration of the guidance in EITF 03-1 and that the measurement and recognition guidance in paragraphs 10-20 of that Issue continue to be deferred by FSP EITF Issue 03-1-1. However, other provisions of EITF 03-1, including its disclosure requirements, have not been deferred. The disclosure requirements continue to be effective in annual financial statements for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2003, for

investments accounted for under FASB Statements of Financial Accounting Standards 115 and 124. For all other investments within the scope of this Issue, the disclosures continue to be effective in annual financial statements for fiscal years ending after June 15, 2004.

On December 8, 2003, the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 ("the Act") was signed into law. This Act introduces a prescription drug benefit under Medicare (Medicare Part D), as well as a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree health benefits. On May 19, 2004, the FASB issued Staff Position No. 106-2, Accounting and Disclosure Requirements Related to the Medicare Prescription Drug Modernization Act of 2003 ("FSP 106-2"). FSP 106-2 provides guidance on the accounting for the effects of the Act. FSP 106-2 was adopted on December 31, 2004, with no material impact.

All other Standards and Interpretations of those Standards issued during 2004 did not relate to accounting policies and procedures pertinent to the Company at this time.

2. INVESTMENTS

INVESTMENT REVENUES

The following tables provide investment revenues by major category at December 31.

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
NET INVESTMENT INCOME:			
Fixed maturity securities	\$153,102	\$142,704	\$ 141,242
Equity securities	4,423	4,645	2,479
Mortgage loans	33,376	36,658	35,559
Real estate	13,129	11,009	12,002
Policy loans	7,788	7,536	7,502
Short-term	714	2,537	5,187
Other	757	2,699	4,746
	-----	-----	-----
	213,289	207,788	208,717
Less investment expenses	(15,314)	(13,025)	(14,482)
	-----	-----	-----
	\$197,975	\$194,763	\$ 194,235
	=====	=====	=====
REALIZED INVESTMENT GAINS (LOSSES):			
Fixed maturity securities	\$ 343	\$ (38,776)	\$ (25,640)
Equity securities	147	(455)	(831)
Mortgage loans	400	-	(570)
Real estate	44,735	9,011	8,431
Other	304	940	370
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 45,929	\$ (29,280)	\$ (18,240)
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

UNREALIZED GAINS AND LOSSES

Unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's investments in securities follow, at December 31.

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
AVAILABLE FOR SALE:			
End of year	\$ 99,620	\$ 85,478	\$ 2,631
Amounts allocable to:			
Deferred acquisition costs	(7,987)	(5,245)	(477)
Policyholder account balances	(11,445)	(8,070)	-
Deferred income taxes	(28,066)	(25,258)	(754)
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 52,122	\$ 46,905	\$ 1,400
	=====	=====	=====

Increase (decrease) in
net unrealized gains
during the year:

Fixed maturity securities	\$ 5,334	\$ 43,997	\$24,736
Equity securities	(117)	1,508	783
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 5,217	\$ 45,505	\$25,519
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

ANALYSIS OF UNREALIZED LOSSES ON SECURITIES

The Company has a policy and process in place to identify securities that could potentially have an impairment that is other than temporary. This process involves monitoring market events that could impact issuers' credit ratings, business climate, management changes, litigation and government actions, and other similar factors. This process also involves monitoring late payments, downgrades by rating agencies, key financial ratios, financial statements, revenue forecasts and cash flow projections as indicators of credit issues.

At the end of each quarter, all securities are reviewed where market value is less than ninety percent of amortized cost for six months or more to determine whether impairments need to be taken. The analysis focuses on each issuer's ability to service its debts and the length of time the security has been trading below cost. This quarterly process includes an assessment of the credit quality of each investment in the entire securities portfolio.

The Company considers relevant facts and circumstances in evaluating whether the impairment of a security is other than temporary. Relevant facts and circumstances considered include (1) the length of time the fair value has been below cost; (2) the financial position of the issuer, including the current and future impact of any specific events; and (3) the Company's ability and intent to hold the security to maturity or until it recovers in value. To the extent the Company determines that a security is deemed to be other than temporarily impaired, the difference between amortized cost and fair value is charged to income as a realized investment loss.

There are a number of significant risks and uncertainties inherent in the process of monitoring impairments and determining if an impairment is other than temporary. These risks and uncertainties include (1) the risk that the Company's assessment of an issuer's ability to meet all of its contractual obligations will change based on changes in the credit characteristics of that issuer, (2) the risk that the economic outlook will be worse than expected or have more of an impact on the issuer than anticipated, (3) the risk that fraudulent information could be provided to the Company's investment professionals who determine the fair value estimates and other than temporary impairments, and (4) the risk that new information obtained by the Company or changes in other facts and circumstances lead the Company to change its intent to hold the security to maturity or until it recovers in value. Any of these situations could result in a charge to income in a future period.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The following table provides information regarding unrealized losses on investments available for sale, as of December 31, 2004.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Investments with unrealized losses					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
Bonds:						
U.S. govt. & agency	\$ 11,838	\$ 188	\$ 4,833	\$ 65	\$ 16,671	\$ 253
Public utility	17,971	163	14,945	471	32,916	634
Corporate	301,242	5,068	135,517	6,080	436,759	11,148
Mortgage-backed	321,658	2,633	68,934	877	390,592	3,510
Other	67,428	907	56,417	2,230	123,845	3,137
Redeemable preferred stocks	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed maturity securities	720,137	8,959	280,646	9,723	1,000,783	18,682
Equity securities	6,905	149	8,971	447	15,876	596
Total	\$727,042	\$9,108	\$289,617	\$10,170	\$1,016,659	\$19,278

</TABLE>

For those securities with unrealized losses for less than twelve months there were 265 issues with a carrying value of \$727,042, and unrealized losses of

\$9,108. Of this portfolio, 99.0% were investment grade (rated AAA through BBB-) at December 31, 2004, with associated unrealized losses of \$9,048. The unrealized losses on these securities can primarily be attributed to changes in market interest rates and credit spreads since the securities were acquired.

For those securities with unrealized losses for twelve months or longer, there were 165 issues with a carrying value of \$289,617, and unrealized losses of \$10,170. Of this portfolio, 95.9% were investment grade at December 31, 2004, with associated unrealized losses of \$9,516.

One statistic the Company pays particular attention to with respect to fixed maturity securities is the Fair Value to Amortized Cost ratio. Securities with a fair value to amortized cost ratio in the 90%-99% range are typically securities that have been impacted by increases in market interest rates or credit spreads. Securities in the 80%-89% range are typically securities that have been impacted by increased market yields, specific credit concerns or both. These securities are monitored to ensure that the impairment is not other than temporary. Securities with a fair value to amortized cost ratio less than 80% are considered to be "potentially distressed securities," and are subject to rigorous review. As of December 31, 2004, there were no securities that were "potentially distressed."

The table below summarizes the fixed maturity securities with unrealized losses as of December 31, 2004.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	%
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
90%-99%	\$1,018,268	\$ 999,728	\$18,540	99.2%
80%-89%	1,197	1,055	142	0.8%
Below 80%	-	-	-	0.0%
Total	\$1,019,465	\$1,000,783	\$18,682	100.0%

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

SUMMARY OF COST AND FAIR VALUE INFORMATION FOR SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of investments in securities available for sale at December 31, 2004, are as follows.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized		Fair Value
		Gains	Losses	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Bonds:				
U.S. govt. & agency	\$ 54,128	\$ 1,788	\$ 253	\$ 55,663
Public utility	176,261	15,867	634	191,494
Corporate	1,596,097	85,933	11,148	1,670,882
Mortgage-backed	861,721	11,556	3,510	869,767
Other	175,501	1,870	3,137	174,234
Redeemable preferred stocks	73	1	-	74
Fixed maturity securities	2,863,781	117,015	18,682	2,962,114
Equity securities	61,812	1,883	596	63,099
	\$2,925,593	\$118,898	\$19,278	\$3,025,213

</TABLE>

The amortized cost and fair value of investments in securities available for sale at December 31, 2003, are as follows.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized		Fair Value
		Gains	Losses	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Bonds:				
U.S. govt. & agency	\$ 58,703	\$ 3,268	\$ 96	\$ 61,875
Public utility	182,880	14,050	1,829	195,101

Corporate	1,402,951	80,327	17,540	1,465,738
Mortgage-backed	938,938	13,711	4,988	947,661
Other	147,049	925	3,954	144,020
Redeemable preferred stocks	91	-	1	90
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Fixed maturity securities	2,730,612	112,281	28,408	2,814,485
Equity securities	62,203	2,119	514	63,808
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$2,792,815	\$114,400	\$28,922	\$2,878,293
	=====	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The Company held non-income producing securities with a carrying value of \$218 at December 31, 2004 (2003 - \$3,949).

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The table below provides sales of investment securities available for sale, excluding maturities and calls, for the year ended December 31.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Proceeds	\$163,825	\$205,885	\$369,361
Gross realized gains	8,545	9,467	9,809
Gross realized losses	8,237	20,443	19,216

</TABLE>

The Company does not hold securities of any corporation and its affiliates, which exceeded 10% of stockholders' equity.

No derivative financial instruments were or are currently employed.

The Company is exposed to risk that issuers of securities owned by the Company will default, or that interest rates or credit spreads will change and cause a decrease in the value of its investments. With mortgage-backed securities, the Company is also exposed to prepayment and extension risks. As interest rates change, the rate at which these securities pay down principal may change. These risks are mitigated by investing in high-grade securities and managing the maturities and cash flows of investments and liabilities.

CONTRACTUAL MATURITIES

Following is the distribution of maturities for fixed maturity investment securities available for sale as of December 31, 2004. Expected maturities may differ from these contractual maturities since borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
	----	----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Due in one year or less	\$ 77,358	\$ 78,067
Due after one year through five years	474,976	486,470
Due after five years through ten years	605,384	631,179
Due after ten years	844,342	896,631
Mortgage-backed securities	861,721	869,767
	-----	-----
	\$2,863,781	\$2,962,114
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

MORTGAGE LOANS

Most of the Company's mortgage loans are secured by commercial real estate and are carried net of a valuation reserve of \$4,368 (2003 - \$4,801). The valuation reserve for mortgage loans is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb estimated probable credit losses. Management's periodic evaluation and assessment of the adequacy of the valuation reserve is based on known and inherent risks in the portfolio, historical and industry data, current economic conditions and other relevant factors. No mortgage loans were foreclosed upon and transferred to real estate investments during the past two years. Also, there were no delinquent mortgage loans at December 31, 2004. The Company does not hold mortgage loans of any borrower that exceeds 5% of stockholders' equity.

The mortgage portfolio is diversified geographically and by property type as follows, at December 31.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004		2003	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
GEOGRAPHIC REGION:				
East north central	\$ 24,152	\$ 25,382	\$ 27,757	\$ 29,335
Mountain	59,915	62,148	69,630	73,157
Pacific	133,240	137,348	151,565	159,601
West south central	89,996	92,955	90,213	94,981
West north central	89,433	90,878	85,450	87,782
Other	38,264	39,258	36,842	38,228
Valuation reserve	(4,368)	(4,368)	(4,801)	(4,801)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$430,632	\$443,601	\$456,656	\$478,283
	=====	=====	=====	=====
PROPERTY TYPE:				
Industrial	\$250,022	\$258,340	\$269,462	\$282,914
Retail	1,640	1,656	6,628	7,137
Office	158,991	163,532	158,935	165,989
Other	24,347	24,441	26,432	27,044
Valuation reserve	(4,368)	(4,368)	(4,801)	(4,801)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$430,632	\$443,601	\$456,656	\$478,283
	=====	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The Company has commitments to originate mortgage loans of \$12.9 million, which expire in 2005.

REAL ESTATE

The table below provides information concerning the Company's real estate investments, at December 31.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Penntower office building, at cost:		
Land	\$ 1,106	\$ 1,106
Building	18,664	19,577
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,467)	(12,984)
Other investment properties, at cost:		
Land	13,441	19,653
Buildings	56,562	73,984
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,590)	(18,430)
	-----	-----
Real estate, commercial	65,716	82,906
Real estate joint ventures	25,803	29,785
	-----	-----
	\$ 91,519	\$112,691
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Investment real estate, other than foreclosed properties, is depreciated on a straight-line basis. Penntower office building is depreciated over 60 years and all other properties from 10 to 39 years.

The Company held non-income producing real estate equaling \$11,527 consisting of properties under development at December 31, 2004 (2003 - \$11,825).

The Company sold its interest in real estate near the Paradise Valley Mall in Phoenix, Arizona, for a total sales price of \$54.3 million in two transactions. A buyer of certain real estate assumed the outstanding debt on the property of \$15.3 million. These transactions were completed in late December 2004 and resulted in a realized gain of \$26.4 million, net of income taxes.

3. UNPAID ACCIDENT AND HEALTH CLAIMS LIABILITY

The liability for unpaid accident and health claims is included with "policy and contract claims" on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Claim adjustment

expenditures are expensed as incurred and were not material in any year presented. Activity in the liability follows.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Gross liability at beginning of year	\$ 8,623	\$ 8,140	\$ 8,775
Less reinsurance recoverable	(3,579)	(2,552)	(2,772)
	-----	-----	-----
Net liability	5,044	5,588	6,003
Net liability acquired with GuideOne acquisition	-	768	-
	-----	-----	-----
Net liability at beginning of year	5,044	6,356	6,003
	-----	-----	-----
Incurred benefits related to:			
Current year	25,449	32,468	36,438
Prior years	842	(915)	(355)
	-----	-----	-----
Total incurred benefits	26,291	31,553	36,083
	-----	-----	-----
Paid benefits related to:			
Current year	21,210	28,172	30,962
Prior years	5,727	4,693	5,536
	-----	-----	-----
Total paid benefits	26,937	32,865	36,498
	-----	-----	-----
Net liability at end of year	4,398	5,044	5,588
Plus reinsurance recoverable	4,207	3,579	2,552
	-----	-----	-----
Gross liability at end of year	\$ 8,605	\$ 8,623	\$ 8,140
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

4. NOTES PAYABLE

The following table provides information for Notes Payable as of December 31.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Federal Home Loan Bank loans with various maturities and a weighted average interest rate, currently 2.41%, secured by mortgage-backed securities totaling \$129,255	\$88,365	\$111,624
Two real estate loans with interest rates between 7.50% and 7.75% and maturities in years 2008 and 2010, secured by the properties.	1,397	19,083
Note Payable due June 2005, related to the purchase of GuideOne Life Insurance Company, with an interest rate equal to the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal (5.25% at December 31, 2004).	2,000	2,000
One Construction loan related to investment properties dated December 2003 with an interest rate of 8.00%, forgiven when construction of the building is complete.	458	963
	-----	-----
	\$92,220	\$133,670
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

As a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) with a capital investment of \$9.0 million, the Company has the ability to borrow on a collateralized basis from the FHLB. The Company earned a 2.21% average rate on the capital investment in the FHLB for 2004.

The Company has unsecured revolving lines of credit of \$60.0 million with two major commercial banks with no balances outstanding, and which are at variable interest rates - currently at 2.95%. Both lines of credit will expire during 2005, and it is expected that the Company will renew these facilities.

With the exception of the real estate and construction loans, all borrowings are used to enhance liquidity and investment strategies. Interest paid on all borrowings equaled \$1,574 (2003 - \$1,961; 2002 - \$2,325). The interest expense on all borrowings totaled \$1,694 (2003 - \$1,925; 2002 - \$2,352).

Maturities on notes payable are as follows in millions: \$90.8 due in 2005; none due in 2006 or 2007; \$0.8 due in 2008; none due in 2009; and \$0.6 due thereafter.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

5. STATUTORY INFORMATION AND STOCKHOLDER DIVIDENDS RESTRICTION

The table below provides the Company's net gain from operations, net income, unassigned surplus (retained earnings) and capital and surplus (stockholders' equity), on the statutory basis used to report to regulatory authorities for the years ended December 31.

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Net gain from operations	\$ 35,064	\$101,978	\$ 20,280
Net income	79,394	83,512	14,779
Unassigned surplus at December 31	357,123	293,804	306,845
Capital and surplus at December 31	290,288	226,024	241,933

Stockholder dividends may not exceed statutory unassigned surplus. Additionally, under Missouri law, the Company must have the prior approval of the Missouri Director of Insurance in order to pay dividends in any consecutive twelve-month period exceeding the greater of statutory net gain from operations for the preceding year or 10% of statutory stockholders' equity at the end of the preceding year. The maximum payable in 2005 without prior approval is \$35,064, the statutory net gain from operations. The Company believes these statutory limitations impose no practical restrictions on its dividend payment plans.

The Company is required to deposit a defined amount of assets with state regulatory authorities. Such assets had an aggregate carrying value of \$19,000 (2003 - \$20,000; 2002 - \$19,000).

6. INCOME TAXES

The following tables provide information about income taxes and a reconciliation of the Federal income tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate for the years ended December 31.

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Current income tax expense (benefit)	\$11,796	\$ 9,580	\$ (5,019)
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	12,200	(15,142)	11,291
	-----	-----	-----
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$23,996	\$ (5,562)	\$ 6,272
	=====	=====	=====

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Federal income tax rate	35%	35%	35%
Tax credits	(5)	(41)	(12)
Prior years' taxes, including Federal taxes relating to closed tax years	-	(51)	(7)
Other permanent differences	(1)	(3)	1
	-----	-----	-----
Effective income tax rate	29%	(60)%	17%
	=====	=====	=====

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The tax effects of temporary differences that result in significant deferred tax

assets and liabilities are presented below for the years ended December 31.

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Deferred tax assets:		
Future policy benefits	\$ 58,399	\$ 58,648
Employee retirement benefits	22,973	19,532
Tax carryovers	2,860	14,831
Other	1,860	2,361
	-----	-----
Gross deferred tax assets	86,092	95,372
	-----	-----
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Basis differences between tax and GAAP accounting for investments	10,874	10,342
Unrealized investment gains	28,066	25,258
Capitalization of deferred acquisition costs, net of amortization	46,878	45,338
Value of business acquired	33,899	37,217
Property and equipment, net	7,906	7,299
Other	8,442	6,836
	-----	-----
Gross deferred tax liabilities	136,065	132,290
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax liability	49,973	36,918
Current tax liability	3,730	-
	-----	-----
Income taxes payable	\$ 53,703	\$ 36,918
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

A valuation allowance must be established for any portion of the deferred tax asset which is believed not to be realizable. In management's opinion, it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefit of the net deferred tax asset and, therefore, no valuation allowance has been established.

Federal income taxes paid this year equaled \$5,593 (2003 - \$8,442; 2002 - \$2,500).

Policyholders' surplus, which is frozen under the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984, is \$51,257 for Kansas City Life, \$2,866 for Sunset Life and \$13,700 for Old American. The Companies do not plan to distribute their policyholders' surplus. Consequently, the possibility of such surplus becoming subject to tax is remote, and no provision has been made in the financial statements for taxes thereon. Should the balance in policyholders' surplus become taxable, the tax computed at current rates would approximate \$23,000.

Income taxed on a current basis is accumulated in shareholders' surplus and can be distributed to stockholders without tax to the Company. Shareholders' surplus equals \$534,875 for Kansas City Life, \$31,359 for Sunset Life and \$45,436 for Old American.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The income tax expense is recorded in various places in the Company's financial statements as detailed below, for the years ended December 31.

	2004	2003	2002
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$23,996	\$(5,562)	\$ 6,272
Stockholders' equity:			
Related to:			
Unrealized gains, net	2,808	24,504	13,749
Change in minimum pension liability	(1,294)	1,265	(6,004)
	-----	-----	-----
Total income tax expense included in financial statements	\$25,510	\$20,207	\$14,017
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

7. PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company has pension and other postretirement benefit plans covering substantially all its employees. December 31 was used as the measurement date for these plans.

The Kansas City Life Pension Plan was amended and restated effective January 1, 1998 as the Kansas City Life Cash Balance Pension Plan. Plan benefits are based on a cash balance account consisting of credits to the account based upon an employee's years of service, compensation and interest credits on account balances calculated using the greater of the average 30-year Treasury bond rate for November of each year or 5.5%. The benefits expected to be paid in each year from 2005 through 2009 are \$8,200, \$8,400, \$8,600, \$9,400, and \$11,400 respectively. The aggregate benefits expected to be paid in the five years from 2010 through 2014 are \$61,600. The expected benefits to be paid are based on the same assumptions used to measure the Company's benefit obligation at December 31, 2004 and include estimated future employee service. The 2005 contribution for the plan cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The asset allocation of the fair value of pension plan assets at December 31 was:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	----	----
<S>	<C>	<C>
ASSET CATEGORY		
Debt securities	45%	47%
Equity securities	53%	51%
Cash equivalents	2%	2%

</TABLE>

This allocation of pension assets is within the targeted mix by asset class: fixed income securities 40-60%, equity securities 40-60%, and other assets 0-10%. The strategic goal is to achieve an optimal rate of return at an acceptable level of investment risk in order to provide for the payment of benefits.

The current assumption for the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is 8.0%. This assumption is determined by analyzing: 1) historical average returns, 2) historical data on the volatility of returns, 3) current yields available in the marketplace, 4) actual returns on plan assets, and 5) current and anticipated future allocation among asset classes. The asset classes used for this analysis are large cap equities, investment grade corporate bonds and cash. The overall rate is derived as a weighted average of the estimated long-term returns on the asset classes represented in the investment portfolio of the plan.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The postretirement medical plans for the employees, full-time agents, and their dependents are contributory with contributions adjusted annually. The benefits expected to be paid in each year from 2005 through 2009 are \$970, \$860, \$940, \$1,020, and \$1,070 respectively. The aggregate benefits expected to be paid in the five years from 2010 - 2014 are \$6,110. The expected benefits to be paid are based on the same assumptions used to measure the Company's benefit obligation at December 31, 2004. The 2005 contribution for the plan is estimated to be \$970. The Company pays these medical costs as due and the plan incorporates cost-sharing features.

The postretirement life insurance plan is noncontributory with level annual payments over the participants' expected service periods. The plan covers only those employees with at least one year of service as of December 31, 1997. The benefits in this plan are frozen using the employees' years of service and compensation as of December 31, 1997.

Non-contributory defined contribution retirement plans for general agents and eligible sales agents provide supplemental payments based upon earned agency first year individual life and annuity commissions. Contributions to these plans were \$106 (2003 - \$132; 2002 - \$132). Non-contributory deferred compensation plans for eligible agents based upon earned first year commissions are also offered. Contributions to these plans were \$1,057 (2003 - \$614; 2002 - \$711).

Savings plans for eligible employees and agents match employee and agent contributions up to 6% of salary and 2.5% of agent's prior year paid commissions, respectively. Contributions to the plan were \$1,699 (2003 - \$1,437; 2002 - \$1,452). The Company may contribute an additional profit sharing amount up to 4% of salary for eligible employees, depending upon corporate profits. The Company made no profit sharing contribution this year or in the prior two years.

A non-contributory trustee employee stock ownership plan covers substantially all salaried employees. No contributions have been made to this plan since 1992.

On December 8, 2003, the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act ("the Act") was signed into law. The Act includes a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree health plans that provide a prescription drug benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to the benefit to be provided under Medicare Part D. The Company has evaluated the provisions of the Act and believe that the benefits provided by the plan are actuarially equivalent thereto. As a result, the Company determined the accumulated benefit obligation

to incorporate the impact of the Act. This resulted in a reduction to the accumulated benefit obligation of \$7.1 million at December 31, 2004, but did not have a material impact on the net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the year ended December 31, 2004.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$128,221	\$117,354	\$ -	\$ -
CHANGE IN PLAN ASSETS:				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 94,037	\$ 82,394	\$ 1,209	\$ 1,390
Return on plan assets	9,559	14,523	6	66
Company contributions	6,113	6,719	-	-
Benefits paid	(6,685)	(9,599)	(173)	(247)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$103,024	\$ 94,037	\$ 1,042	\$ 1,209
CHANGE IN PROJECTED BENEFIT OBLIGATION:				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$121,700	\$114,617	\$ 28,237	\$ 25,075
Service cost	2,214	2,335	771	755
Interest cost	7,283	7,215	1,502	1,406
Medicare Part D subsidy recognition	-	-	(7,075)	-
Actuarial loss	8,371	7,132	740	1,980
Benefits paid	(6,685)	(9,599)	(1,272)	(979)
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$132,883	\$121,700	\$ 22,903	\$ 28,237
Plan underfunding				
Unrecognized actuarial loss	\$ (29,859)	\$ (27,663)	\$ (21,861)	\$ (27,028)
Unrecognized prior service cost	48,405	45,038	268	6,634
	(3,911)	(4,558)	-	-
Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$ 14,635	\$ 12,817	\$ (21,593)	\$ (20,394)
AMOUNTS RECOGNIZED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET:				
Accrued benefit liability	\$ (25,197)	\$ (23,317)	\$ (21,593)	\$ (20,394)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	39,832	36,134	-	-
Net amount recognized	\$ 14,635	\$ 12,817	\$ (21,593)	\$ (20,394)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE ASSUMPTIONS:				
Discount rate	5.75%	6.00%	5.75%	6.00%
Expected return on plan assets	8.00	8.00	5.50	5.50
Rate of compensation increase	4.00	4.50	-	-

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The assumed growth rate of health care costs has a significant effect on the benefit amounts reported, as the table below demonstrates.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	One Percentage Point Change in the Growth Rate	
	Increase	Decrease
<S>	<C>	<C>
Service and interest cost components	\$ 461	\$ (380)
Postretirement benefit obligation	4,061	(3,301)

</TABLE>

The following table provides the components of net periodic benefits cost.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Pension Benefits			Other Benefits		
	2004	2003	2002	2004	2003	2002
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Service cost	\$ 2,214	\$ 2,335	\$ 2,223	\$ 771	\$ 755	\$ 676
Interest cost	7,283	7,215	7,564	1,502	1,406	1,423
Expected return on plan assets	(7,425)	(6,441)	(7,467)	(66)	(76)	(80)
Amortization of:						
Unrecognized actuarial (gain) loss	2,870	3,321	1,708	92	26	(12)
Unrecognized prior service cost	(647)	(647)	(647)	-	-	-
Unrecognized net transition asset	-	-	(105)	-	-	-
Net periodic benefits cost	\$ 4,295	\$ 5,783	\$ 3,276	\$2,299	\$2,111	\$2,007

</TABLE>

For measurement purposes, a 10.0% annual increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits was assumed to decrease gradually to 5% in 2014 and thereafter.

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Company operations have been classified and summarized into four reportable segments. The segments, while generally classified along Company lines, are based upon distribution method, product portfolio and target market. The Parent Company is divided into two segments. The Kansas City Life - Individual segment consists of sales of variable life and annuities, interest sensitive products and traditional life insurance products through a nationwide sales force of independent general agents. GuideOne is included in the Kansas City Life - Individual Segment. The Kansas City Life - Group segment consists of sales of group life, disability, stop loss, dental products and administrative claims paying services. Group segment products and services are marketed by a nationwide sales force of independent general agents and group brokers, along with third party marketing arrangements. The Sunset Life segment consists of sales of interest sensitive and traditional products through a sales force of independent general agents. The Old American segment sells final expense insurance products nationwide through its general agency system with exclusive territories, using direct response marketing to supply agents with leads.

Separate investment portfolios are maintained for each of the companies. However, investments are allocated to the group segment based upon its cash flows. Its investment income is modeled using the year of investment method. Home office functions are fully integrated for the three companies in order to maximize economies of scale. Therefore, operating expenses are allocated to the segments based upon internal cost studies, which are consistent with industry cost methodologies.

Inter-segment revenues are not material. The Company operates solely in the United States and no individual customer accounts for 10% or more of the Company's revenue. Customer revenues consist of insurance revenues and other revenues.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

SEGMENT INFORMATION

<S>	Kansas City Life		Sunset Life	Old American	Total
	Individual	Group			
<CAPTION>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
2004:					
Customer revenues	\$ 131,143	\$44,494	\$ 15,106	\$ 67,826	\$ 258,569
Net investment income	156,522	323	27,871	13,259	197,975
Segment income (loss)	45,924	(1,855)	7,181	6,437	57,687
Other significant non-cash items:					
Policyholder benefits and interest credited to policyholder account balances	187,047	27,959	22,504	44,142	281,652
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and value of business acquired	21,347	-	5,562	13,698	40,607
Interest expense	1,797	-	-	396	2,193
Income tax expense (benefit)	19,313	(795)	3,448	2,030	23,996
Segment assets	3,688,981	4,858	561,654	410,653	4,666,146
Expenditures for other long-lived assets	1,829	45	-	34	1,908
2003:					
Customer revenues	\$ 144,350	\$52,200	\$ 16,156	\$ 69,325	\$ 282,031
Net investment income	151,316	281	29,282	13,884	194,763
Segment income (loss)	10,893	(4,004)	5,178	2,726	14,793

Other significant non-cash items:					
Policyholder benefits and interest credited to policyholder account balances	192,683	35,727	23,291	48,491	300,192
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and value of business acquired	19,544	-	4,517	14,035	38,096
Interest expense	2,182	-	-	428	2,610
Income tax expense (benefit)	(4,466)	(1,716)	(72)	692	(5,562)
Segment assets	3,571,144	6,731	555,245	416,567	4,549,687
Expenditures for other long-lived assets	2,245	81	-	75	2,401
2002:					
Customer revenues	\$ 110,813	\$61,264	\$ 18,346	\$ 72,937	\$ 263,360
Net investment income	145,538	390	32,147	16,160	194,235
Segment income (loss)	15,629	(1,610)	10,492	7,038	31,549
Other significant non-cash items:					
Policyholder benefits and interest credited to policyholder account balances	157,388	41,081	25,211	51,242	274,922
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and value of business acquired	14,932	-	4,118	12,044	31,094
Interest expense	2,716	-	-	565	3,281
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,321	(690)	1,073	3,568	6,272
Segment assets	2,848,164	6,546	574,669	435,873	3,865,252
Expenditures for other long-lived assets	15,881	211	-	49	16,141

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

ENTERPRISE-WIDE DISCLOSURES

<TABLE>			
<CAPTION>			
	2004	2003	2002
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Customer revenues by line of business:			
Traditional individual insurance products, net	\$ 91,569	\$112,629	\$ 85,784
Interest sensitive products	98,415	93,023	88,061
Variable life insurance and annuities	17,295	16,983	17,460
Group life and disability products, net	42,822	50,009	57,275
Group ASO services	1,672	2,191	3,989
Other	6,796	7,196	10,791
Total	\$258,569	\$ 282,031	\$263,360

</TABLE>

9. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated over estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The home office is depreciated over 25 to 50 years and furniture and equipment is depreciated over 3 to 10 years. The table below provides information as of December 31.

<TABLE>		
<CAPTION>		
	2004	2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
Land	\$ 766	\$ 766
Home office complex	20,385	20,613
Furniture and equipment	43,371	41,609
	64,522	62,988
Less accumulated depreciation	(32,927)	(30,007)
	\$ 31,595	\$ 32,981

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

10. REINSURANCE

The table below provides information about reinsurance for the years ended December 31.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>	2004	2003	2002
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
LIFE INSURANCE IN FORCE (IN MILLIONS):			
Direct	\$ 28,815	\$ 28,914	\$ 24,133
Ceded	(12,760)	(12,039)	(10,224)
Assumed	2,165	3,302	2,458
	-----	-----	-----
Net	\$ 18,220	\$ 20,177	\$ 16,367
	=====	=====	=====
PREMIUMS:			
Life insurance:			
Direct	\$136,749	\$152,407	\$123,681
Ceded	(43,609)	(39,148)	(37,773)
Assumed	4,855	5,029	5,018
	-----	-----	-----
Net	\$ 97,995	\$118,288	\$ 90,926
	=====	=====	=====
Accident and health:			
Direct	\$ 46,821	\$ 53,875	\$ 57,584
Ceded	(10,881)	(9,682)	(5,450)
Assumed	456	157	1
	-----	-----	-----
Net	\$ 36,396	\$ 44,350	\$ 52,135
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

Old American has a coinsurance agreement that reinsures certain whole life policies issued by Old American prior to December 1, 1986. These policies had a face value of \$69.7 million as of this year-end. The reserve for future policy benefits ceded under this agreement was \$33,222 (2003 - \$35,704).

Kansas City Life acquired a block of traditional life and universal life products in 1997. As of this year-end, the block had \$2.1 billion of life insurance in force (2003 - \$2.3 billion). The block generated life insurance premiums of \$2,838 (2003 - \$3,120).

Sunset Life entered into a yearly renewable term reinsurance agreement January 1, 2002, whereby it ceded 80% of its retained mortality risk on traditional and universal life policies. The insurance in force ceded approximates \$2.5 billion (2003 - \$2.6 billion) and premiums totaled \$8,484.

The maximum retention on any one life is \$350 thousand for ordinary life plans and \$100 thousand for group coverage. A contingent liability exists with respect to reinsurance, which may become a liability of the Company in the unlikely event that the reinsurers should be unable to meet obligations assumed under reinsurance contracts. Reinsurers' solvency is reviewed annually.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

11. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net income and other comprehensive income (loss), which includes unrealized gains or losses on securities available for sale and the change in the additional minimum pension liability, as shown below for the years ended December 31.

<CAPTION>	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Securities	Minimum Pension Liability	Total
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
2004:			
Unrealized holding gains			
arising during the year	\$ 14,632	\$ -	\$ 14,632
Less: Realized gains included in net income	490	-	490
	-----	-----	-----
Net unrealized gains	14,142	-	14,142
Increase in minimum pension liability	-	(3,698)	(3,698)
Effect on deferred acquisition costs	(2,742)	-	(2,742)
Policyholder account balances	(3,375)	-	(3,375)
Deferred income taxes	(2,808)	1,294	(1,514)
	-----	-----	-----
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 5,217	\$ (2,404)	2,813
	=====	=====	

Net income			57,687

Comprehensive income			\$ 60,500
			=====
2003:			
Unrealized holding gains			
arising during the year	\$ 43,616	\$ -	\$ 43,616
Less: Realized gains included in net income	(39,231)	-	(39,231)
	-----	-----	-----
Net unrealized gains	82,847	-	82,847
Decrease in minimum pension liability	-	3,615	3,615
Effect on deferred acquisition costs	(4,768)	-	(4,768)
Policyholder account balances	(8,070)	-	(8,070)
Deferred income taxes	(24,504)	(1,265)	(25,769)
	-----	-----	-----
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 45,505	\$ 2,350	47,855
	=====	=====	-----
Net income			14,793

Comprehensive income			\$ 62,648
			=====
2002:			
Unrealized holding gains			
arising during the year	\$ 14,542	\$ -	\$ 14,542
Less: Realized gains included in net income	(26,471)	-	(26,471)
	-----	-----	-----
Net unrealized gains	41,013	-	41,013
Increase in minimum pension liability	-	(17,154)	(17,154)
Effect on deferred acquisition costs	(1,745)	-	(1,745)
Deferred income taxes	(13,749)	6,004	(7,745)
	-----	-----	-----
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 25,519	\$ (11,150)	14,369
	=====	=====	-----
Net income			31,549

Comprehensive income			\$ 45,918
			=====

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Following is the accumulated balances related to each component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Unrealized Gain on Securities	Minimum Pension Liability	Total
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
2003:			
Beginning of year	\$ 1,400	\$ (25,837)	\$ (24,437)
Other comprehensive income	45,505	2,350	47,855
	-----	-----	-----
End of year	46,905	(23,487)	23,418
2004:			
Other comprehensive income (loss)	5,217	(2,404)	2,813
	-----	-----	-----
End of year	\$ 52,122	\$ (25,891)	\$ 26,231
	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

12. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts for cash, short-term investments and policy loans as reported in the accompanying balance sheet approximate their fair values. The fair values for securities were based on quoted market prices, where available. For those securities not actively traded, fair values were estimated using values obtained from independent pricing services or, in the case of private placements, were estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a current market rate applicable to the yield, credit quality and maturity of the investments. Fair values for mortgage loans were based upon discounted cash flow analyses using an interest rate assumption above comparable U.S. Treasury rates. The fair value of bank deposits, checking, savings and money market accounts was the amount payable on demand.

Fair values for liabilities under investment-type insurance contracts, included

with policyholder account balances for fixed deferred annuities and with other policyholder funds for supplementary contracts without life contingencies, were estimated to be their cash surrender values.

Fair values for the Company's insurance contracts other than investment contracts were not required to be disclosed. However, the fair values of liabilities under all insurance contracts were taken into consideration in the Company's overall management of interest rate risk.

At year-end 2004, all of the Company's notes payable had a carrying value which approximated their fair value. The Company's other liabilities are generally short-term in nature and their carrying value approximates their fair value.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Following are the carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments as of December 31.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004		2003	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
INVESTMENTS:				
Securities available for sale	\$3,025,213	\$3,025,213	\$2,878,293	\$2,878,293
Mortgage loans	430,632	443,601	456,656	478,283
LIABILITIES:				
Individual and group annuities	\$1,139,422	\$1,103,090	\$1,090,045	\$1,064,160
Notes payable	92,220	92,220	133,670	133,670
Bank deposits	53,600	53,600	55,231	55,231
Supplementary contracts without life contingencies	72,595	72,595	69,264	69,264

13. QUARTERLY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA (unaudited)

The unaudited quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 are summarized in the table below.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	First	Second	Third	Fourth
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
2004:				
Total revenues	\$117,746	\$113,207	\$117,738	\$153,782
Net income	5,595	7,522	11,533	33,037
Per common share, basic and diluted	0.47	0.63	0.97	2.76
2003:				
Total revenues	\$ 91,447	\$107,401	\$121,350	\$127,316
Net income (loss)	(7,458)	1,535	7,728	12,988
Per common share, basic and diluted	(0.62)	0.12	0.65	1.09

14. COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business the Company has open purchase and sale commitments. At December 31, 2004, the Company had commitments to fund mortgage loans and other investments of \$15.5 million. In addition, the Company also has an agreement to sell Generations Bank for \$10.1 million, which is expected to close in 2005. Subsequent to December 31, 2004, the Company entered into commitments to fund additional mortgage loans of \$22.8 million and real estate of \$2.2 million.

KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The life insurance industry, including the Company, has been subject to an increase in litigation in recent years. Such litigation has been pursued on behalf of purported classes of policyholders and other claims and legal actions

in jurisdictions where juries often award punitive damages, which are grossly disproportionate to actual damages. Although no assurances can be given and no determinations can be made at this time, management believes that the ultimate liability, if any, with respect to these claims and actions, would have no material effect on the Company's business, results of operations or financial position.

16. GUARANTEES AND INDEMNIFICATIONS

The Company is subject to various indemnification obligations issued in conjunction with certain transactions, primarily assumption reinsurance agreements, stock purchase agreements, mortgage servicing agreements and borrowing agreements whose terms range in duration and often are not explicitly defined. Generally, a maximum obligation is not explicitly stated; therefore, the overall maximum amount of the obligation under the indemnifications cannot be reasonably estimated. While the Company is unable to estimate with certainty the ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to these indemnifications, the Company believes the likelihood is remote that material payments would be required under such indemnifications, and therefore such indemnifications would not result in a material adverse effect on the business, financial position or results of operations.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS
KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Kansas City Life Insurance Company and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2004. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited financial statement schedules I-V. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kansas City Life Insurance Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2004, in conformity with United States of America generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedules, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 9, 2005, expressed an unqualified opinion on management's assessment of, and the effective operation of, internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

KPMG LLP

Omaha, Nebraska
March 9, 2005

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM - (CONTINUED)

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS
KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Assessment of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A, that Kansas City Life Insurance Company and subsidiaries (the Company) maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of

December 31, 2004, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Also, in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, based on criteria established in the Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Kansas City Life Insurance Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2004. Our report dated March 9, 2005, expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

KPMG LLP

Omaha, Nebraska
March 9, 2005

MANAGEMENT'S ASSESSMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of Kansas City Life Insurance Company and subsidiaries (the Company) is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. Management of the Company has conducted an assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting at December 31, 2004, based on the criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based upon that assessment, Management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective at December 31, 2004.

The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, has issued an attestation report on Management's assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. That report is included on page 71.

LIMITATIONS ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF CONTROLS

The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives, and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to a future period are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in

STOCKHOLDER INFORMATION

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

Kansas City Life Insurance Company
 3520 Broadway
 Post Office Box 219139
 Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9139
 Telephone: (816) 753-7000
 Fax: (816) 753-4902
 Internet: <http://www.kclife.com>
 E-mail: kclife@kclife.com

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of stockholders will be held at
 9 a.m. Thursday, April 21, 2005, at Kansas City Life's corporate
 headquarters.

TRANSFER AGENT

Cheryl Keefer, Assistant Secretary
 Kansas City Life Insurance Company
 Post Office Box 219139
 Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9139

10-K REQUEST

Stockholders may request a free copy of Kansas City Life's Form
 10-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, by
 writing to Secretary, Kansas City Life Insurance Company.

SECURITY HOLDERS

As of January 31, 2005, Kansas City Life had approximately 585
 security holders, including individual participants in security
 position listings.

STOCK AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

STOCK QUOTATION SYMBOL

NASDAQ--KCLI

The following table presents the high and low prices for the Company's common
 stock for the periods indicated and the dividends declared per share during such
 periods.

<TABLE>
 <CAPTION>

	Bid		Dividend
	High	Low	Paid
	----	---	----
	(per share)		
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
2004:			
First quarter	\$47.86	\$42.05	\$0.27
Second quarter	43.19	36.65	0.27
Third quarter	44.59	39.60	0.27
Fourth quarter	49.99	39.50	0.27

			\$1.08
			=====
2003:			
First quarter	\$43.22	\$37.50	\$0.27
Second quarter	45.23	39.27	0.27
Third quarter	49.12	40.01	0.27
Fourth quarter	48.43	44.16	0.27

</TABLE>

A quarterly dividend of \$.27 per share was paid February 22, 2005.

NASDAQ market quotations are compiled according to Company records and may reflect inter-dealer prices, without markup, markdown or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Contract Owners
 Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account
 and
 The Board of Directors and Stockholders
 Kansas City Life Insurance Company:

We consent to the use of our report dated March 11, 2005, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Kansas City Life Insurance Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and for each of the years in the three-year period ending December 31, 2004, and all related financial statement schedules, management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, and to the use of our report dated April 18, 2005, with respect to the statement of net assets of Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account (comprised of individual subaccounts as indicated therein) as of December 31, 2004, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended; the statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, except those individual series operating for portions of such period as disclosed in the financial statements; and financial highlights for each of the years in the four-year period then ended, which reports appear in the Statement of Additional Information accompanying the Prospectus of Century II Survivorship Variable Universal Life, included in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 10 to the Registration Statement under the Securities Exchange Act of 1933 (File No. 333-25443) on Form N-6 and Amendment No. 13 to the Registration Statement under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (Registration No. 811-09080) on Form N-6 and to the reference to our firm under the heading "Experts," also in the Statement of Additional Information.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Omaha, Nebraska
 May 2, 2005

KANSAS CITY LIFE
 VARIABLE LIFE
 SEPARATE ACCOUNT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
 STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
 SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
 DECEMBER 31, 2004

<TABLE>
 <CAPTION>

	Market Value	Cost
	-----	-----
	(in thousands)	
<S>	<C>	<C>
ASSETS		
Investments:		
FEDERATED INSURANCE SERIES		
American Leaders Fund II - 215,964 shares at a net asset value (NAV) of \$20.67 per share	\$ 4,464	3,995
High Income Bond Fund II - 201,416 shares at a NAV of \$8.20 per share	1,652	1,581
Prime Money Fund II - 3,626,930 shares at a NAV of \$1.00 per share	3,627	3,627
MFS VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST		
Research Series - 334,598 shares at a NAV of \$15.30 per share	5,119	4,985
Emerging Growth Series - 517,803 shares at a NAV of \$17.52 per share	9,072	9,296

Total Return Series - 202,671 shares at a NAV of \$21.43 per share	4,343	3,698
Bond Series - 169,401 shares at a NAV of \$12.16 per share	2,060	1,975
Strategic Income Series - 51,436 shares at a NAV of \$11.25 per share	579	540
Utilities Series - 350,627 shares at a NAV of \$20.45 per share	7,169	5,806
AMERICAN CENTURY VARIABLE PORTFOLIOS		
VP Capital Appreciation - 263,822 shares at a NAV of \$7.66 per share	2,021	2,136
VP International - 504,064 shares at a NAV of \$7.35 per share	3,705	3,554
VP Value - 303,426 shares at a NAV of \$8.75 per share	2,655	2,146
VP Income and Growth - 154,245 shares at a NAV of \$7.32 per share	1,129	985
VP Inflation Protection - 14,738 shares at a NAV of \$10.55 per share	155	153
VP Ultra - 14,677 shares at a NAV of \$10.16 per share	149	136
DREYFUS VARIABLE INVESTMENT FUND		
Appreciation Portfolio - 137,645 shares at a NAV of \$35.56 per share	4,895	4,695
Developing Leaders Portfolio - 191,179 shares at a NAV of \$41.55 per share	7,943	7,380
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund - 659,615 shares at a NAV of \$30.89 per share	20,375	18,732
The Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc. - 35,709 shares at a NAV of \$25.17 per share	899	905

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>		
<S>		
J.P. MORGAN SERIES TRUST II	<C>	<C>
Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio - 75,280 shares at a NAV of \$13.59 per share	1,023	945
Small Company Portfolio - 74,176 shares at a NAV of \$17.88 per share	1,326	1,034
Mid Cap Value Portfolio - 14,773 shares at a NAV of \$25.92 per share	383	344
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE PRODUCTS SERIES FUND		
Franklin Real Estate Fund - 77,440 shares at a NAV of \$30.49 per share	2,361	1,669
Franklin Small Cap Fund - 29,512 shares at a NAV of \$19.43 per share	573	500
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund - 85,719 shares at a NAV of \$8.67 per share	743	562
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund - 96,779 shares at a NAV of \$14.35 per share	1,389	1,237
CALAMOS: ADVISORS TRUST		
Growth & Income Portfolio - 287,098 shares at a NAV of \$13.98 per share	4,014	3,488
A I M VARIABLE INSURANCE FUNDS		
V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund - 119,489 shares at a NAV of \$5.64 per share	674	628
V.I. Technology Fund - 30,855 shares at a NAV of \$12.42 per share	383	387
V.I. Premier Equity Fund - 40,227 shares at a NAV of \$21.30 per share	857	812
SELIGMAN PORTFOLIOS, INC.		
Communications and Information Portfolio - 80,562 shares at a NAV of \$12.76 per share	1,028	906
Capital Portfolio - 95,030 shares at a NAV of \$12.13 per share	1,153	1,130
Small Cap Value Portfolio - 11,054 shares at a NAV of \$19.26 per share	213	186
	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$98,131	90,153
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
DECEMBER 31, 2004

<TABLE>							
<CAPTION>							
	VUL	Unit	SVUL	Unit	Alliance	Unit	Market
NET ASSETS	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Value
	of Units	-----	of Units	-----	of Units	-----	-----
		-----		-----		-----	(in thousands)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
FEDERATED INSURANCE SERIES							
American Leaders Fund II	192,764	\$20.011	29,868	\$14.107	18,147	\$10.207	\$4,464
High Income Bond Fund II	67,407	15.686	22,747	13.250	22,462	13.040	1,652
Prime Money Fund II	220,829	12.564	46,556	12.073	28,282	10.273	3,627
MFS VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST							
Research Series	263,713	16.973	48,235	12.166	6,131	9.227	5,119
Emerging Growth Series	489,932	16.275	71,019	12.098	30,323	7.891	9,072
Total Return Series	162,478	21.170	35,714	16.785	25,720	11.821	4,343
Bond Series	89,157	16.389	25,281	15.829	15,352	12.936	2,060
Strategic Income Series	24,523	14.212	6,446	13.634	10,800	13.172	579
Utilities Series	243,119	24.511	45,721	18.830	32,452	10.793	7,169

AMERICAN CENTURY VARIABLE PORTFOLIOS

VP Capital Appreciation	155,887	11.381	16,250	11.184	7,837	8.287	2,021
VP International	194,008	16.376	30,207	12.563	15,461	9.592	3,705
VP Value	203,801	9.712	29,867	9.864	28,896	13.187	2,655
VP Income and Growth	117,682	7.335	18,003	7.456	12,395	10.622	1,129
VP Inflation Protection	3,864	10.587	7,546	10.634	3,222	10.656	155
VP Ultra	7,018	12.641	300	12.698	4,448	12.724	149
DREYFUS VARIABLE INVESTMENT FUND							
Appreciation Portfolio	299,711	14.320	28,221	13.803	22,104	9.651	4,895
Developing Leaders Portfolio	411,028	16.248	51,685	14.472	46,473	11.128	7,943
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	1,100,555	14.738	212,917	13.842	122,706	9.845	20,375

</TABLE>

Page 3

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
The Dreyfus Socially Responsible Fund, Inc.	30,912	25.172	2,696	25.565	6,501	7.964	899
J.P. MORGAN SERIES TRUST II							
Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	47,550	14.660	15,273	14.889	10,571	9.323	1,023
Small Company Portfolio	60,920	17.972	7,516	18.253	7,628	12.355	1,326
Mid Cap Value Portfolio	20,119	14.445	1,286	14.510	5,064	14.539	383
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE PRODUCTS SERIES FUND							
Franklin Real Estate Fund	90,989	20.329	5,026	20.573	21,749	18.760	2,361
Franklin Small Cap Fund	65,945	6.945	3,136	7.028	9,480	9.853	573
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	39,998	14.066	5,738	14.235	5,738	17.236	743
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	51,424	22.016	4,643	22.360	13,649	11.197	1,389
CALAMOS: ADVISORS TRUST							
Growth & Income Portfolio	166,795	15.780	27,286	16.026	74,345	12.702	4,014
A I M VARIABLE INSURANCE FUNDS							
V. I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	97,851	4.847	21,881	4.905	11,013	8.382	674
V. I. Technology Fund	114,416	2.583	11,477	2.614	8,211	7.033	383
V. I. Premier Equity Fund	87,737	6.492	19,848	6.570	19,182	8.176	857
SELIGMAN PORTFOLIOS, INC.							
Communications and Information Portfolio	130,526	6.304	6,712	6.380	18,106	8.966	1,028
Capital Portfolio	136,738	6.251	18,894	6.326	21,163	8.435	1,153
Small Cap Value Portfolio	8,937	15.614	285	15.684	4,383	15.716	213
TOTAL NET ASSETS							-----
							\$98,131
							=====

</TABLE>

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Federated Insurance Series		
	American Leaders Fund II	High	Prime
		Income Bond Fund II	Money Fund II
<C>	<C>	<C>	
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
Investment Income:			
Income:			
Dividend Distributions	\$ 53	72	22
Expenses:			
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	34	9	25
Investment Income (Loss)	19	63	(3)
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:			
Realized Gain (Loss)	37	-	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	256	31	-
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	293	31	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 312	94	(3)

<CAPTION>

MFS Variable Insurance Trust

	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
Investment Income:						
Income:						
Dividend Distributions	\$ 43	-	52	84	19	72
Expenses:						
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	37	66	29	13	3	45
Investment Income (Loss)	6	(66)	23	71	16	27
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:						
Realized Gain (Loss)	(75)	(232)	64	10	7	58
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	650	1,151	232	(10)	-	1,253
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	575	919	296	-	7	1,311
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 581	853	319	71	23	1,338

</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

American Century Variable Portfolios

	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP Inflation Protection	VP Ultra
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
Investment Income:						
Income:						
Dividend Distributions	\$ -	16	18	10	1	-
Expenses:						
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	15	27	16	7	-	1
Investment Income (Loss)	(15)	(11)	2	3	1	(1)
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:						
Realized Gain (Loss)	(70)	(52)	96	16	-	1
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	14	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	195	456	118	70	1	7
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	125	404	228	86	1	8
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 110	393	230	89	2	7

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund

	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
Investment Income:				
Income:				
Dividend Distributions	\$ 71	13	274	3
Expenses:				
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	39	58	135	7

Investment Income (Loss)	32	(45)	139	(4)

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:				
Realized Gain (Loss)	19	14	46	(17)
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	116	672	1,242	59

Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	135	686	1,288	42

Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 167	641	1,427	38
=====				

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	J.P. Morgan		
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid Cap Value Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
Investment Income:			
Income:			
Dividend Distributions	\$ 5	-	-
Expenses:			
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	6	8	1

Investment Income (Loss)	(1)	(8)	(1)

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:			
Realized Gain (Loss)	4	35	2
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	1
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	50	195	26

Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	54	230	29

Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 53	222	28
=====			

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
Investment Income:					
Income:					
Dividend Distributions	\$ 26	-	10	10	29
Expenses:					
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	13	4	4	9	21

Investment Income (Loss)	13	(4)	6	1	8

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:					
Realized Gain (Loss)	83	7	26	(2)	52
Capital Gains Distributions	2	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	302	39	62	167	166

Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	387	46	88	165	218

Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 400	42	94	166	226
=====					

</TABLE>

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	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			Total
	Dent Demo Trends	Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small Cap Value	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
Investment Income:							
Income:							
Dividend Distributions	\$ -	-	3	-	-	-	906
Expenses:							
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	4	3	5	6	7	1	658
Investment Income (Loss)	(4)	(3)	(2)	(6)	(7)	(1)	248
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:							
Realized Gain (Loss)	4	(22)	(2)	-	(18)	1	92
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	32	29	31	69	82	18	7,767
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	36	7	29	69	64	19	7,876
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 32	4	27	63	57	18	8,124

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See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Federated Insurance Series		
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
INVESTMENT INCOME:			
Income:			
Dividend Distributions	\$ 6	19	5
Expenses:			
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	3	2	4
Investment Income (Loss)	3	17	1
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:			
Realized Gain (Loss)	3	-	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	31	8	-
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	34	8	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 37	25	1

<CAPTION>

MFS Variable Insurance Trust

Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
--------------------	------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------	-------------------------------	---------------------

	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>						
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
INVESTMENT INCOME:						
Income:						
Dividend Distributions	\$ 7	-	9	22	4	12
Expenses:						
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	4	5	3	2	-	5
Investment Income (Loss)	3	(5)	6	20	4	7
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:						
Realized Gain (Loss)	(34)	(93)	8	2	-	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	113	198	44	(2)	2	204
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	79	105	52	-	2	204
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 82	100	58	20	6	211

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

American Century Variable Portfolios

	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP Inflation Protection	VP Ultra
<S>						
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
INVESTMENT INCOME:						
Income:						
Dividend Distributions	\$ -	2	2	2	1	-
Expenses:						
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	1	2	2	1	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)	(1)	-	-	1	1	-
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:						
Realized Gain (Loss)	(5)	(17)	3	(1)	-	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	2	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	18	64	28	15	1	-
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	13	47	33	14	1	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 12	47	33	15	2	-

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund

	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
<S>				
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
INVESTMENT INCOME:				
Income:				
Dividend Distributions	\$ 6	1	52	-
Expenses:				
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	3	5	18	-
Investment Income (Loss)	3	(4)	34	-
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:				
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	(18)	38	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	15	99	195	4
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	14	81	233	4
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 17	77	267	4

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	J.P. Morgan		
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid Cap Value Portfolio
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
INVESTMENT INCOME:			
Income:			
Dividend Distributions	\$ 2	-	-
Expenses:			
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	1	1	-
Investment Income (Loss)	1	(1)	-
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:			
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	7	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	20	24	2
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	19	31	2
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 20	30	2

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
INVESTMENT INCOME:					
Income:					
Dividend Distributions	\$ 1	-	1	1	5
Expenses:					
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	-	-	-	1	3
Investment Income (Loss)	1	-	1	-	2
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:					
Realized Gain (Loss)	4	(1)	1	-	6
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	13	3	15	14	31
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	17	2	16	14	37
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 18	2	17	14	39

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A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			Total
Dent Demo Trends	Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small Cap Value	

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
INVESTMENT INCOME:							
Income:							
Dividend Distributions	\$ -	-	1	-	-	-	161
Expenses:							
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	1	-	1	-	1	-	69
Investment Income (Loss)	(1)	-	-	-	(1)	-	92
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:							
Realized Gain (Loss)	-	(4)	-	3	(2)	-	(102)
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	8	5	6	2	10	-	1,190
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	8	1	6	5	8	-	1,090
Change in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 7	1	6	5	7	-	1,182

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
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	Federated Insurance Series		
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
INVESTMENT INCOME:			
Income:			
Dividend Distributions	\$ 3	26	3
Expenses:			
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	1	1	2
Investment Income (Loss)	2	25	1
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:			
Realized Gain (Loss)	11	(17)	-
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	3	-	-
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	14	(17)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 16	8	1
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 365	127	(1)

<CAPTION>

	MFS Variable Insurance Trust					
	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE :						
INVESTMENT INCOME:						
Income:						

Dividend Distributions	\$	1	-	4	12	8	4
Expenses:							
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges		-	1	1	1	1	1
Investment Income (Loss)		1	(1)	3	11	7	3
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments::							
Realized Gain (Loss)		3	11	6	2	1	10
Capital Gains Distributions		-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		4	17	20	(2)	1	63
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments		7	28	26	-	2	73
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations		8	27	29	11	9	76
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$	671	980	406	102	38	1,625

</TABLE>

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American Century Variable Portfolios

	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP Inflation Protection	VP Ultra	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
INVESTMENT INCOME:							
Income:							
Dividend Distributions	\$	-	1	3	2	1	-
Expenses:							
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges		-	1	1	1	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)		-	-	2	1	1	-
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:							
Realized Gain (Loss)		1	6	12	5	-	-
Capital Gains Distributions		-	-	2	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		4	11	25	7	1	4
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments		5	17	39	12	1	4
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	\$	5	17	41	13	2	4
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$	127	457	304	117	6	11

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund

	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE :					
INVESTMENT INCOME:					
Income:					
Dividend Distributions	\$	3	1	19	-
Expenses:					
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges		1	2	5	-
Investment Income (Loss)		2	(1)	14	-
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:					

Realized Gain (Loss)	6	23	20	1
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	1	28	66	2

Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	7	51	86	3

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	9	50	100	3
	=====			
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 193	768	1,794	45
	=====			

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
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	J.P. Morgan		
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid Cap Value Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
INVESTMENT INCOME:			
Income:			
Dividend Distributions	\$ 1	-	-
Expenses:			
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	-	-	-

Investment Income (Loss)	1	-	-

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:			
Realized Gain (Loss)	2	3	1
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	6	11	7

Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	8	14	8

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 9	14	8
	=====		
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 82	266	38
	=====		

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE :					
INVESTMENT INCOME:					
Income:					
Dividend Distributions	\$ 6	-	1	1	7
Expenses:					
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	2	-	-	-	3

Investment Income (Loss)	4	-	1	1	4

Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:					
Realized Gain (Loss)	15	2	1	2	7
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	69	5	10	14	70
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	84	7	11	16	77
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	88	7	12	17	81
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 506	51	123	197	346

</TABLE>

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	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			Total
	Dent Demo Trends	Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small Cap Value	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE : INVESTMENT INCOME:							
Income:							
Dividend Distributions	\$ -	-	1	-	-	-	108
Expenses:							
Mortality and Expense Risk Fees and Administrative Charges	-	-	1	1	1	-	28
Investment Income (Loss)	-	-	-	(1)	(1)	-	80
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments:							
Realized Gain (Loss)	1	-	2	9	2	-	148
Capital Gains Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	5	2	4	9	10	7	484
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	6	2	6	18	12	7	634
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	\$ 6	2	6	17	11	7	714
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 45	7	39	85	75	25	10,020

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
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	Federated Insurance Series		
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 19	63	(3)

Realized Gain (Loss)	37	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	256	31	-
<hr/>			
Change in Net Assets from Operations	312	94	(3)
DEPOSITS	596	174	1,308
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	5	1	14
Withdrawals	315	94	152
Contract Expense Charges	376	104	337
Transfers (in) out	116	(9)	824
<hr/>			
Payments and Withdrawals	812	190	1,327
<hr/>			
NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	96	78	(22)
Beginning of Year	3,761	980	2,796
<hr/>			
End of Year	\$ 3,857	1,058	2,774
<hr/>			

<CAPTION>

MFS Variable Insurance Trust						
	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 6	(66)	23	71	16	27
Realized Gain (Loss)	(75)	(232)	64	10	7	58
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	650	1,151	232	(10)	-	1,253
<hr/>						
Change in Net Assets from Operations	581	853	319	71	23	1,338
DEPOSITS	727	1,486	565	236	68	948
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	3	4	-	1	1	7
Withdrawals	288	475	188	96	41	266
Contract Expense Charges	399	780	347	140	36	555
Transfers (in) out	115	209	(51)	1	35	32
<hr/>						
Payments and Withdrawals	805	1,468	484	238	113	860
<hr/>						
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	503	871	400	69	(22)	1,426
Beginning of Year	3,973	7,103	3,039	1,392	371	4,532
<hr/>						
End of Year	\$ 4,476	7,974	3,439	1,461	349	5,958
<hr/>						

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American Century Variable Portfolios						
	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP Inflation Protection	VP Ultra
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (15)	(11)	2	3	1	(1)
Realized Gain (Loss)	(70)	(52)	110	16	-	1
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	195	456	118	70	1	7
<hr/>						
Change in Net Assets from Operations	110	393	230	89	2	7
DEPOSITS	324	526	388	204	18	31
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						

Death Benefits	1	1	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	97	263	222	58	-	4
Contract Expense Charges	177	298	193	97	6	11
Transfers (in) out	66	101	(65)	(31)	(6)	(29)
Payments and Withdrawals	341	663	350	124	-	(14)
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	93	256	268	169	20	52
Beginning of Year	1,681	2,921	1,712	694	22	37
End of Year	\$ 1,774	3,177	1,980	863	42	89

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund

	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 32	(45)	139	(4)
Realized Gain (Loss)	19	14	46	(17)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	116	672	1,242	59
Change in Net Assets from Operations	167	641	1,427	38
DEPOSITS	724	1,075	2,875	181
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	2	1	29	1
Withdrawals	451	566	852	47
Contract Expense Charges	417	608	1,635	104
Transfers (in) out	40	38	91	28
Payments and Withdrawals	910	1,213	2,607	180
NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	(19)	503	1,695	39
Beginning of Year	4,311	6,176	14,526	739
End of Year	\$ 4,292	6,679	16,221	778

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

J.P. Morgan

	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid Cap Value Portfolio
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (1)	(8)	(1)
Realized Gain (Loss)	4	35	3
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	50	195	26
Change in Net Assets from Operations	53	222	28
DEPOSITS	179	166	36

PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	55	29	4
Contract Expense Charges	79	104	14
Transfers (in) out	31	(80)	(204)
	-----	-----	-----
Payments and Withdrawals	165	53	(186)
	-----	-----	-----
NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	67	335	250
Beginning of Year	629	759	40
	-----	-----	-----
End of Year	\$ 696	1,094	290
	-----	-----	-----

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 13	(4)	6	1	8
Realized Gain (Loss)	85	7	26	(2)	52
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	302	39	62	167	166
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Change in Net Assets from Operations	400	42	94	166	226
DEPOSITS	251	86	101	176	759
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:					
Death Benefits	-	-	-	1	-
Withdrawals	93	57	7	24	93
Contract Expense Charges	143	41	35	106	252
Transfers (in) out	(231)	(20)	(28)	(14)	(120)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Payments and Withdrawals	5	78	14	117	225
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
NET ASSETS:					
Net Increase (Decrease)	646	50	181	225	760
Beginning of Year	1,203	409	382	908	1,872
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
End of Year	\$ 1,849	459	563	1,133	2,632
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

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	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			
	Dent Demo Trends	Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small Cap Value	Total
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (4)	(3)	(2)	(6)	(7)	(1)	248
Realized Gain (Loss)	4	(22)	(2)	-	(18)	1	109
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	32	29	31	69	82	18	7,767
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Change in Net Assets from Operations	32	4	27	63	57	18	8,124
DEPOSITS	110	72	117	178	167	26	14,878
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
Withdrawals	15	26	21	31	84	2	5,016
Contract Expense Charges	51	30	58	76	78	8	7,695
Transfers (in) out	(29)	98	-	(65)	(62)	(87)	694
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Payments and Withdrawals	37	154	79	42	100	(77)	13,477
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)	105	(78)	65	199	124	121	9,525
Beginning of Year	369	374	505	623	731	18	69,588
End of Year	\$ 474	296	570	822	855	139	79,113

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Federated Insurance Series		
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 3	17	1
Realized Gain (Loss)	3	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	31	8	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	37	25	1
DEPOSITS	67	8	257
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	123	5	175
Contract Expense Charges	29	6	74
Transfers (in) out	25	(20)	133
Payments and Withdrawals	177	(9)	382
NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	(73)	42	124
Beginning of Year	494	260	686
End of Year	\$ 421	302	562

<CAPTION>

	MFS Variable Insurance Trust					
	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	3	(5)	6	20	4	7
Realized Gain (Loss)	(34)	(93)	8	2	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	\$ 113	198	44	(2)	2	204
Change in Net Assets from Operations	82	100	58	20	6	211
DEPOSITS	53	96	75	44	18	81
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	140	171	20	20	2	133
Contract Expense Charges	29	44	45	29	5	49
Transfers (in) out	10	(5)	(17)	(5)	-	45

Payments and Withdrawals	179	210	48	44	7	227
<hr/>						
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	(44)	(14)	85	20	17	65
Beginning of Year	630	873	514	379	72	795
<hr/>						
End of Year	\$ 586	859	599	399	89	860
<hr/>						

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

American Century Variable Portfolios						
	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP Inflation Protection	VP Ultra
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (1)	-	-	1	1	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(5)	(17)	5	(1)	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	18	64	28	15	1	-
<hr/>						
Change in Net Assets from Operations	12	47	33	15	2	-
DEPOSITS	17	49	38	16	-	-
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	14	38	5	41	-	-
Contract Expense Charges	10	20	22	6	1	-
Transfers (in) out	(3)	5	(28)	(28)	(77)	(1)
<hr/>						
Payments and Withdrawals	21	63	(1)	19	(76)	(1)
<hr/>						
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	8	33	72	12	78	1
Beginning of Year	175	346	222	123	1	2
<hr/>						
End of Year	\$ 83	379	294	135	79	3
<hr/>						

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund				
	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 3	(4)	34	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	(18)	38	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	15	99	195	4
<hr/>				
Change in Net Assets from Operations	17	77	267	4
DEPOSITS	36	63	373	9
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	167	155	511	-
Contract Expense Charges	22	35	221	3
Transfers (in) out	16	(5)	136	(1)
<hr/>				
Payments and Withdrawals	205	185	868	2
<hr/>				
NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	(152)	(45)	(228)	11
Beginning of Year	542	793	3,175	58
<hr/>				

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	J.P. Morgan		
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid Cap Value Portfolio
	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	(1)	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	7	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	20	24	2
Change in Net Assets from Operations	20	30	2
DEPOSITS	30	15	1
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	10	10	-
Contract Expense Charges	12	11	-
Transfers (in) out	1	7	(16)
Payments and Withdrawals	23	28	(16)
NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	27	17	19
Beginning of Year	201	120	-
End of Year	\$ 228	137	19

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	-	1	-	2
Realized Gain (Loss)	4	(1)	1	-	6
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	13	3	15	14	31
Change in Net Assets from Operations	18	2	17	14	39
DEPOSITS	8	1	1	18	51
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:					
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	5	2	-	-	8
Contract Expense Charges	3	1	1	6	28
Transfers (in) out	(46)	7	(64)	(6)	(1)
Payments and Withdrawals	(38)	10	(63)	-	35
NET ASSETS:					
Net Increase (Decrease)	64	(7)	81	32	55
Beginning of Year	41	28	1	71	382

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			Total
	Dent Demo Trends	Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small Cap Value	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (1)	-	-	-	(1)	-	92
Realized Gain (Loss)	-	(4)	-	3	(2)	-	(100)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	8	5	6	2	10	-	1,190
Change in Net Assets from Operations	7	1	6	5	7	-	1,182
DEPOSITS	9	5	7	4	7	-	1,457
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	-	-	3	2	3	-	1,763
Contract Expense Charges	4	2	3	3	4	-	728
Transfers (in) out	(8)	(2)	1	21	(7)	(3)	64
Payments and Withdrawals	(4)	-	7	26	-	(3)	2,555
NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)	20	6	6	(17)	14	3	84
Beginning of Year	87	23	124	60	105	1	11,384
End of Year	\$ 107	29	130	43	119	4	11,468

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Federated Insurance Series		
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 2	25	1
Realized Gain (Loss)	11	(17)	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	3	-	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	16	8	1
DEPOSITS	60	256	849
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	9	7	140
Contract Expense Charges	27	32	99
Transfers (in) out	77	97	680

Payments and Withdrawals	113	136	919
NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	(37)	128	(69)
Beginning of Year	223	164	360
End of Year	\$ 186	292	291
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,464	1,652	3,627

<CAPTION>

MFS Variable Insurance Trust						
	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	(1)	3	11	7	3
Realized Gain (Loss)	3	11	6	2	1	10
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	4	17	20	(2)	1	63
Change in Net Assets from Operations	8	27	29	11	9	76
DEPOSITS	22	98	89	72	21	90
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	13	2
Withdrawals	2	7	18	29	6	11
Contract Expense Charges	8	31	37	33	12	33
Transfers (in) out	17	84	(28)	18	(29)	(6)
Payments and Withdrawals	27	122	27	80	2	40
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	3	3	91	3	28	126
Beginning of Year	54	236	214	197	113	225
End of Year	57	239	305	200	141	351
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,119	9,072	4,343	2,060	579	7,169

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

American Century Variable Portfolios						
	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP Inflation Protection	VP Ultra
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	-	2	1	1	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	1	6	14	5	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	4	11	25	7	1	4
Change in Net Assets from Operations	5	17	41	13	2	4
DEPOSITS	24	56	117	46	10	36
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	19	-	-
Withdrawals	3	11	27	9	-	9
Contract Expense Charges	9	16	41	19	5	5
Transfers (in) out	1	40	(49)	(19)	(22)	(28)

Payments and Withdrawals	13	67	19	28	(17)	(14)

NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	16	6	139	31	29	54
Beginning of Year	48	143	242	100	5	3

End of Year	\$ 64	149	381	131	34	57

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,021	3,705	2,655	1,129	155	149
=====						

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund				
	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>				
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 2	(1)	14	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	6	23	20	1
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	1	28	66	2

Change in Net Assets from Operations	9	50	100	3

DEPOSITS	87	138	255	14

PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	-	4	-	-
Withdrawals	14	22	24	4
Contract Expense Charges	30	59	103	6
Transfers (in) out	25	47	(133)	(3)

Payments and Withdrawals	69	132	(6)	7

NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	27	56	361	10
Beginning of Year	186	460	846	42

End of Year	213	516	1,207	52

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,895	7,943	20,375	899
=====				

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

J.P. Morgan			
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid Cap Value Portfolio
	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>			
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	-	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	2	3	1
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	6	11	7

Change in Net Assets from Operations	9	14	8

DEPOSITS	18	18	42
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	-	-	7
Contract Expense Charges	9	7	6
Transfers (in) out	-	(26)	(28)

Payments and Withdrawals	9	(19)	(15)

NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	18	51	65
Beginning of Year	81	44	9

End of Year	\$ 99	95	74

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE -			
END OF YEAR	\$ 1,023	1,326	383
	=====		

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 4	-	1	1	4
Realized Gain (Loss)	15	2	1	2	7
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	69	5	10	14	70

Change in Net Assets from Operations	88	7	12	17	81

DEPOSITS	100	47	45	57	137

PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:					
Death Benefits	-	-	-	2	-
Withdrawals	26	18	12	10	10
Contract Expense Charges	37	10	8	12	52
Transfers (in) out	(43)	(19)	(45)	(57)	(482)

Payments and Withdrawals	20	9	(25)	(33)	(420)

NET ASSETS:					
Net Increase (Decrease)	168	45	82	107	638
Beginning of Year	239	48	16	46	307

End of Year	407	93	98	153	945

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE -					
END OF YEAR	\$ 2,361	573	743	1,389	4,014
	=====				

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			
	Dent Demo Trends	Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small Cap Value	Total

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	-	-	(1)	(1)	-	80
Realized Gain (Loss)	1	-	2	9	2	-	150
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	5	2	4	9	10	7	484

Change in Net Assets from Operations	6	2	6	17	11	7	714
DEPOSITS	50	38	49	79	39	45	3,104
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
Withdrawals	10	7	15	10	7	10	494
Contract Expense Charges	11	7	20	25	17	8	834
Transfers (in) out	(16)	(13)	(14)	19	(26)	(32)	(13)
Payments and Withdrawals	5	1	21	54	(2)	(14)	1,355
NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)	51	39	34	42	52	66	2,463
Beginning of Year	42	19	123	121	127	4	5,087
End of Year	\$ 93	58	157	163	179	70	7,550
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 674	383	857	1,028	1,153	213	98,131

</TABLE>

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Federated Insurance Series			
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Int'l Small Company Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 21	62	-	(6)
Realized Gain (Loss)	(131)	(88)	(4)	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	907	208	20	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	797	182	16	(6)
DEPOSITS	669	169	9	1,425
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	3	13	-	-
Withdrawals	177	151	1	211
Contract Expense Charges	395	116	5	421
Transfers (in) out	161	(21)	64	994
Payments and Withdrawals	736	259	70	1,626
NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	730	92	(45)	(207)
Beginning of Year	3,031	888	45	3,003
End of Year	\$ 3,761	980	-	2,796

<CAPTION>

	MFS Variable Insurance Trust					
	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$	(9)	(55)	22	79	15	52
Realized Gain (Loss)		(377)	(639)	2	37	7	(329)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		1,144	2,258	374	3	11	1,413

Change in Net Assets from Operations		758	1,564	398	119	33	1,136
DEPOSITS							
		812	1,626	589	241	63	946
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits		10	4	32	-	-	23
Withdrawals		286	303	183	395	65	200
Contract Expense Charges		432	815	338	180	59	529
Transfers (in) out		225	171	(17)	(98)	(87)	119

Payments and Withdrawals		953	1,293	536	477	37	871

NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)		617	1,897	451	(117)	59	1,211
Beginning of Year		3,356	5,206	2,588	1,509	312	3,321

End of Year	\$	3,973	7,103	3,039	1,392	371	4,532

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

American Century Variable Portfolios

	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP* Inflation Protection	VP* Ultra	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$	(13)	(4)	2	2	-	-
Realized Gain (Loss)		(144)	(280)	(8)	(27)	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		425	844	366	186	-	2

Change in Net Assets from Operations		268	560	360	161	-	2
DEPOSITS							
		378	587	349	188	2	2
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits		1	9	1	-	-	-
Withdrawals		78	157	92	76	-	-
Contract Expense Charges		191	314	192	104	1	2
Transfers (in) out		11	102	26	18	(21)	(35)

Payments and Withdrawals		281	582	311	198	(20)	(33)

NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)		365	565	398	151	22	37
Beginning of Year		1,316	2,356	1,314	543	-	-

End of Year	\$	1,681	2,921	1,712	694	22	37

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund

	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$	21	(46)	74	(5)
Realized Gain (Loss)		(117)	(493)	(805)	(88)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		811	1,994	3,724	234

Change in Net Assets from Operations		715	1,455	2,993	141
DEPOSITS					
		772	1,080	2,988	208

PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	2	-	12	-
Withdrawals	184	470	1,119	6
Contract Expense Charges	428	625	1,622	104
Transfers (in) out	62	248	(220)	47

Payments and Withdrawals	676	1,343	2,533	157

NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	811	1,192	3,448	192
Beginning of Year	3,500	4,984	11,078	547

End of Year	\$ 4,311	6,176	14,526	739

</TABLE>

* For the period May 14, 2003 (inception date) through December 31, 2003.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (EXCEPT AS NOTED)
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	J.P. Morgan		
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid* Cap Value Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (1)	(6)	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(42)	(34)	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	167	231	3

Change in Net Assets from Operations	124	191	3
DEPOSITS	158	134	3
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	29	18	-
Contract Expense Charges	80	91	1
Transfers (in) out	(14)	3	(35)

Payments and Withdrawals	95	112	(34)

NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	187	213	40
Beginning of Year	442	546	-

End of Year	\$ 629	759	40

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 16	(3)	1	6	38
Realized Gain (Loss)	31	(23)	16	(63)	(2)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	265	124	97	268	320

Change in Net Assets from Operations	312	98	114	211	356
DEPOSITS	218	78	52	147	330
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:					
Death Benefits	-	-	-	1	-
Withdrawals	91	32	5	25	70
Contract Expense Charges	133	34	23	95	232
Transfers (in) out	133	(34)	(104)	(27)	(25)
Payments and Withdrawals	357	32	(76)	94	277
NET ASSETS:					
Net Increase (Decrease)	173	144	242	264	409
Beginning of Year	1,030	265	140	644	1,463
End of Year	\$ 1,203	409	382	908	1,872

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			Total
	Dent Demo Trends	New Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small* Cap Value	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (3)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	-	246
Realized Gain (Loss)	(21)	(33)	(26)	(45)	(60)	-	(3,786)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	113	122	123	221	251	1	17,230
Change in Net Assets from Operations	89	87	94	172	186	1	13,690
DEPOSITS	111	69	131	152	157	1	14,844
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	111
Withdrawals	7	15	21	14	20	-	4,501
Contract Expense Charges	48	30	61	63	84	1	7,849
Transfers (in) out	9	(134)	22	(14)	(18)	(17)	1,494
Payments and Withdrawals	64	(89)	104	63	86	(16)	13,955
NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)	136	245	121	261	257	18	14,579
Beginning of Year	233	129	384	362	474	-	55,009
End of Year	\$ 369	374	505	623	731	18	69,588

</TABLE>

* For the period May 14, 2003 (inception date) through December 31, 2003.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (EXCEPT AS NOTED)
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Federated Insurance Series			
American Leaders	High Income Bond	Int'l Small Company	Prime Money

	Fund II	Fund II	Fund II	Fund II
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 6	14	-	1
Realized Gain (Loss)	(71)	(13)	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	193	42	1	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	128	43	1	1
DEPOSITS	90	50	-	200
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	52	2	-	253
Contract Expense Charges	42	14	-	72
Transfers (in) out	293	24	4	389
Payments and Withdrawals	387	40	4	714
NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	(169)	53	(3)	(513)
Beginning of Year	663	207	3	1,199
End of Year	\$ 494	260	-	686

<CAPTION>

MFS Variable Insurance Trust

	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	(5)	5	20	6	11
Realized Gain (Loss)	(72)	(226)	(4)	15	3	(117)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	190	453	67	(2)	1	313
Change in Net Assets from Operations	118	222	68	33	10	207
DEPOSITS	109	150	87	113	20	159
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	17	93	44	119	4	91
Contract Expense Charges	40	62	47	50	6	61
Transfers (in) out	83	192	25	99	64	140
Payments and Withdrawals	140	347	116	268	74	292
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	87	25	39	(122)	(44)	74
Beginning of Year	543	848	475	501	116	721
End of Year	\$ 630	873	514	379	72	795

</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

American Century Variable Portfolios

	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP* Inflation Protection	VP* Ultra
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (1)	1	-	2	-	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(34)	(57)	(5)	(59)	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	60	131	46	111	-	-

Change in Net Assets from Operations	25	75	41	54	-	-
DEPOSITS	21	60	36	19	-	-
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	17	47	16	16	-	-
Contract Expense Charges	11	25	19	14	-	-
Transfers (in) out	(33)	55	(25)	208	(1)	(2)
Payments and Withdrawals	(5)	127	10	238	(1)	(2)
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	51	8	67	(165)	1	2
Beginning of Year	124	338	155	288	-	-
End of Year	\$ 175	346	222	123	1	2

<CAPTION>

Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund

	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 4	(5)	21	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(54)	(98)	(72)	(7)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	142	309	629	19
Change in Net Assets from Operations	92	206	578	12
DEPOSITS	90	104	447	11
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	80	114	249	-
Contract Expense Charges	34	51	228	4
Transfers (in) out	109	101	(694)	13
Payments and Withdrawals	223	266	(217)	17
NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	(41)	44	1,242	6
Beginning of Year	583	749	1,933	52
End of Year	\$ 542	793	3,175	58

</TABLE>

* For the period May 14, 2003 (inception date) through December 31, 2003.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (EXCEPT AS NOTED)

(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

J.P. Morgan

	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid* Cap Value Portfolio
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	(1)	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(45)	(2)	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	88	37	-

Change in Net Assets from Operations	43	34	-
DEPOSITS			
	36	17	-
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	7	18	-
Contract Expense Charges	13	10	-
Transfers (in) out	87	(1)	-

Payments and Withdrawals	107	27	-
NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	(28)	24	-
Beginning of Year	229	96	-

End of Year	\$ 201	120	-

<CAPTION>

	Franklin Templeton Variable Products				Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	-	-	1	10
Realized Gain (Loss)	3	(3)	-	(4)	(4)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	11	8	1	19	82

Change in Net Assets from Operations	15	5	1	16	88
DEPOSITS					
	14	2	1	14	54
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:					
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	32	5	1	3	144
Contract Expense Charges	5	1	1	6	27
Transfers (in) out	19	(10)	1	1	17

Payments and Withdrawals	56	(4)	3	10	188
NET ASSETS:					
Net Increase (Decrease)	(27)	11	(1)	20	(46)
Beginning of Year	68	17	2	51	428

End of Year	\$ 41	28	1	71	382

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			
	Dent Demo Trends	New Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small* Cap Value	Total

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:							
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	-	-	-	(1)	-	90
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	(4)	(9)	-	(6)	-	(946)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	25	13	25	12	34	-	3,060

Change in Net Assets from Operations	24	9	16	12	27	-	2,204

DEPOSITS	11	5	10	6	10	-	1,946
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	2	2	10	3	8	-	1,449
Contract Expense Charges	4	2	4	2	4	-	859
Transfers (in) out	2	2	(57)	(23)	(9)	(1)	1,072

Payments and Withdrawals	8	6	(43)	(18)	3	(1)	3,380

NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)	27	8	69	36	34	1	770
Beginning of Year	60	15	55	24	71	-	10,614

End of Year	\$ 87	23	124	60	105	1	11,384

</TABLE>

* For the period May 14, 2003 (inception date) through December 31, 2003.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (EXCEPT AS NOTED)
(in thousands)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Federated Insurance Series			
	American Leaders Fund II	High Income Bond Fund II	Int'l Small Company Fund II	Prime Money Fund II
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>				
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	3	-	1
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	5	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	44	8	-	-

Change in Net Assets from Operations	44	16	-	1

DEPOSITS	60	35	1	612

PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	5	2	-	10
Contract Expense Charges	25	13	-	80
Transfers (in) out	(9)	(103)	2	489

Payments and Withdrawals	21	(88)	2	579

NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	83	139	(1)	34
Beginning of Year	140	25	1	326

End of Year	\$ 223	164	-	360

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR				
	\$ 4,478	1,404	-	3,842
	=====			

<CAPTION>

	MFS Variable Insurance Trust					
	Research Series	Emerging Growth Series	Total Return Series	Bond Series	Strategic Income Series	Utilities Series
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>						
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	(1)	2	12	4	2
Realized Gain (Loss)	-	(2)	2	1	1	(1)
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	10	50	23	2	4	47

Change in Net Assets from Operations	10	47	27	15	9	48
DEPOSITS	20	56	78	96	19	65
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	1	-	1
Withdrawals	3	5	8	11	11	3
Contract Expense Charges	9	22	31	41	11	22
Transfers (in) out	(9)	(18)	(26)	12	(32)	(24)
Payments and Withdrawals	3	9	13	65	(10)	2
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	27	94	92	46	38	111
Beginning of Year	27	142	122	151	75	114
End of Year	\$ 54	236	214	197	113	225
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR						
	\$ 4,657	8,212	3,767	1,968	556	5,552

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	American Century Variable Portfolios					
	VP Capital Apprec	VP Int'l	VP Value	VP Income & Growth	VP* Inflation Protection	VP* Ultra
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:						
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	-	1	1	-	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	1	(2)	3	(3)	-	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	7	29	45	24	-	-
Change in Net Assets from Operations	8	27	49	22	-	-
DEPOSITS	20	26	78	28	2	1
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:						
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	3	3	13	9	-	-
Contract Expense Charges	8	13	35	18	1	-
Transfers (in) out	(5)	(11)	(28)	(8)	(4)	(2)
Payments and Withdrawals	6	5	20	19	(3)	(2)
NET ASSETS:						
Net Increase (Decrease)	22	48	107	31	5	3
Beginning of Year	26	95	135	69	-	-
End of Year	\$ 48	143	242	100	5	3
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR						
	\$ 1,904	3,410	2,176	917	28	42

<CAPTION>

	Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund			
	Apprec. Portfolio	Developing Leaders Portfolio	Stock Index	Socially Responsible
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:				
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:				
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 1	(2)	7	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	(1)	-	(4)	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	28	104	168	8
Change in Net Assets from Operations	28	102	171	8
DEPOSITS	57	118	227	14

PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:				
Death Benefits	-	1	1	-
Withdrawals	5	24	27	1
Contract Expense Charges	25	53	92	6
Transfers (in) out	(19)	(33)	(59)	(5)

Payments and Withdrawals	11	45	61	2

NET ASSETS:				
Net Increase (Decrease)	74	175	337	20
Beginning of Year	112	285	509	22

End of Year	\$ 186	460	846	42

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE -				
END OF YEAR	\$ 5,039	7,429	18,547	839
=====				

</TABLE>

* For the period May 14, 2003 (inception date) through December 31, 2003.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 (EXCEPT AS NOTED)
(in thousands)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

J.P. Morgan			
	Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	Small Company Portfolio	Mid* Cap Value Portfolio
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:			
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	-	-
Realized Gain (Loss)	1	2	-
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	16	8	-

Change in Net Assets from Operations	17	10	-
DEPOSITS	18	12	1
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:			
Death Benefits	-	-	-
Withdrawals	1	1	-
Contract Expense Charges	8	5	-
Transfers (in) out	-	(8)	(8)

Payments and Withdrawals	9	(2)	(8)

NET ASSETS:			
Net Increase (Decrease)	26	24	9
Beginning of Year	55	20	-

End of Year	\$ 81	44	9

TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE -			
END OF YEAR	\$ 911	923	49
=====			

<CAPTION>

Franklin Templeton Variable Products					Calamos
	Real Estate	Small Cap	Developing Markets Securities	Foreign Securities	Growth & Income Portfolio
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE:					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:					
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 4	-	-	1	7
Realized Gain (Loss)	5	2	-	-	1

Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	48	8	4	10	46
Change in Net Assets from Operations	57	10	4	11	54
DEPOSITS	70	16	7	15	64
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:					
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	21	1	-	4	6
Contract Expense Charges	28	6	2	6	28
Transfers (in) out	(20)	(12)	(2)	(7)	(27)
Payments and Withdrawals	29	(5)	-	3	7
NET ASSETS:					
Net Increase (Decrease)	98	31	11	23	111
Beginning of Year	141	17	5	23	196
End of Year	\$ 239	48	16	46	307
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,483	485	399	1,025	2,561

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	A I M Variable Insurance Funds			Seligman Portfolios			
	Dent Demo Trends	New Technology	Premier Equity	Comm Info	Capital Portfolio	Small* Cap Value	Total
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE: CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS:							
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	-	-	-	(1)	-	43
Realized Gain (Loss)	1	-	(1)	1	(2)	-	9
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	8	5	21	27	36	-	838
Change in Net Assets from Operations	9	5	20	28	33	-	890
DEPOSITS	17	5	46	42	29	1	1,956
PAYMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS:							
Death Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Withdrawals	2	1	3	7	8	-	198
Contract Expense Charges	7	3	18	16	15	-	647
Transfers (in) out	(7)	(5)	(17)	(24)	(8)	(3)	(40)
Payments and Withdrawals	2	(1)	4	(1)	15	(3)	809
NET ASSETS:							
Net Increase (Decrease)	24	11	62	71	47	4	2,037
Beginning of Year	18	8	61	50	80	-	3,050
End of Year	\$ 42	19	123	121	127	4	5,087
TOTAL VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE, SURVIVORSHIP AND ALLIANCE UNIVERSAL LIFE - END OF YEAR	\$ 498	416	752	804	963	23	86,059

</TABLE>

* For the period May 14, 2003 (inception date) through December 31, 2003.

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ORGANIZATION

Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account (the Account), marketed as

Century II Variable Universal Life (Variable Universal Life or VUL), Century II Survivorship Variable Universal Life and Century II Heritage Survivorship Variable Universal Life (Survivorship Variable Universal Life or SVUL), and Century II Alliance Variable Universal Life (Alliance Variable Universal Life or Alliance), is a separate account of Kansas City Life Insurance Company (KCL). The Account is registered as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Under applicable insurance law, the assets and liabilities of the Account are clearly identified and distinguished from KCL's other assets and liabilities. The portion of the Account's assets applicable to the variable life contracts is not available to service the organizations liabilities arising out of any other business KCL may be conducting.

All deposits received by the Account have been directed by the contract owners into subaccounts that invest in nine series- type mutual funds, as listed below with each fund's objective, or into KCL's Fixed Account.

<TABLE>	
<CAPTION>	
SERIES-TYPE MUTUAL FUND	FUND OBJECTIVE
<S>	<C>
FEDERATED INSURANCE SERIES	
American Leaders Fund II	Long-term growth of capital and income by investing primarily in equity securities of large companies that are in the top 50% of their industry sectors.
High Income Bond Fund II	High current income by investing in high-yield, lower-rated corporate bonds (also known as "junk bonds").
Prime Money Fund II	Current income with stability of principal and liquidity by investing in short-term, high-quality fixed income securities.
MFS VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST	
Bond Series	Current income and protection of shareholders' capital by investing in fixed income securities.
Emerging Growth Series	Long-term growth of capital by investing in common stock and related securities of emerging growth companies.
Research Series	Long-term growth of capital and future income by investing in common stock and related securities of companies having favorable prospects for long-term growth.
Strategic Income Series	Income and capital appreciation by investing in U.S. and foreign fixed income securities.
Total Return Series	Income and opportunities for growth of capital and income by investing in a combination of equity and fixed income securities.
Utilities Series	Capital growth and current income by investing in equity and debt securities of domestic and foreign companies in the utilities industry.
</TABLE>	

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<TABLE>	
<S>	<C>
AMERICAN CENTURY VARIABLE PORTFOLIOS	
VP Capital Appreciation	Capital growth by investing in common stocks of growing companies.
VP Income and Growth	Capital growth and income by investing in common stocks primarily from the largest 1,500 publicly traded U.S. companies.
VP Inflation Protection (Class II)	Long-term total return and protection against U.S. inflation by investing in debt securities issued by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
VP International	Capital growth by investing in stocks of growing foreign companies.
VP Ultra	Long-term capital growth by investing in common stocks of growing companies.
VP Value	Long-term capital growth and income by investing in stocks of companies believed to be undervalued.
DREYFUS VARIABLE INVESTMENT FUND	
VIF Appreciation Portfolio	Long-term capital growth and income by investing in common stocks of large "blue chip" companies.
VIF Developing Leaders Portfolio	Capital growth by primarily investing in securities of small U.S. companies.
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund, Inc.	Match the total return of the Standard & Poor's (S&P) 500 Composite Stock Price Index by investing in all 500 stocks in the S&P 500 in proportion to their weighting in the index.
The Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc.	Capital growth and current income by investing in common stocks of companies that meet traditional investment standards and conduct their business in a manner that contributes to the enhancement of the quality of life in America.

J.P. MORGAN SERIES TRUST II Mid Cap Value Portfolio	Growth from capital appreciation by investing in equity securities of mid-cap companies believed to be undervalued.
U.S. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	High total return by investing in large U.S. companies, with sector weightings similar to those of the S&P 500.
Small Company Portfolio	High total return by investing in small companies.
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON VARIABLE PRODUCTS SERIES FUND	
Franklin Real Estate Fund (Class 2)	Capital appreciation and current income by investing in securities of companies operating in the real estate industry.
Franklin Small Cap Fund (Class 2)	Long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of small U.S. companies.
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund (Class 2)	Long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in equity securities of companies in emerging market countries.
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund (Class 2)	Long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of foreign companies.

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

CALAMOS ADVISORS TRUST	
Growth and Income Portfolio	High long-term total return by investing primarily in convertible, equity and fixed-income securities.
A I M VARIABLE INSURANCE FUNDS	
V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	Long-term growth of capital by investing in securities of companies that are likely to benefit from changing demographic, economic and lifestyle trends.
V.I. Technology Fund	Capital growth by investing broadly in equity securities across the technology universe.
V.I. Premier Equity Fund	Long-term growth of capital and income by investing in equity securities of companies believed to be undervalued.
SELIGMAN PORTFOLIOS, INC.	
Capital Portfolio (Class 2)	Capital appreciation by investing primarily in common stocks of medium-sized U.S. companies displaying a proven track record and strong management.
Communications and Information Portfolio (Class 2)	Capital gain by investing in securities of companies operating in the communications, information and related industries.
Small-Cap Value Portfolio (Class 2)	Long-term capital appreciation by investing generally in small companies believed to be undervalued.

FUND CHANGES

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the following portfolio changed its name as summarized, with the effective date of the change, in the following table:

CURRENT PORTFOLIO NAME	PRIOR PORTFOLIO NAME	EFFECTIVE DATE
AIM V.I. Technology Fund	AIM V.I. New Technology Fund, INVESTCO VIF Technology Fund	October 15, 2004

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Certain risks and uncertainties are inherent to the Account's day-to-day operations and to the process of preparing its financial statements. The more

significant of those risks and uncertainties, as well as the Account's method for mitigating the risks, are presented below and throughout the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Statements - The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments - The Account is exposed to risks that issuers of securities owned by the Series-Type Mutual Funds will default, or that interest rates will change and cause a decrease in the value of the investments. Management mitigates these risks by offering the investor a variety of investment options, fund prospectuses, quarterly personal investment statements and annual financial statements.

REINVESTMENT OF DIVIDENDS

Interest and dividend income and capital gains distributions paid by the mutual funds to the Account are reinvested in additional shares of each respective subaccount.

FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The Account is treated as part of KCL for federal income tax purposes. Under current interpretations of existing federal income tax law, no income taxes are payable on investment income or capital gains distributions received by the Account from the underlying funds. Any applicable taxes will be the responsibility of contract holders or beneficiaries upon termination or withdrawal.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year results to conform with the current year's presentation.

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT VALUATION

Investments in mutual fund shares are carried in the statement of net assets at quoted market value (NAV of the underlying mutual fund). The average cost method is used to determine realized gains and losses. Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Income from dividends and gains from realized gains distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The aggregate cost of purchases and proceeds from sales were as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>	COST OF PURCHASES -----	PROCEEDS FROM SALES -----
2004:		
	(in thousands)	
<S>	<C>	<C>
American Leaders Fund II	\$ 937	1,292
High Income Bond Fund II	851	626
Prime Money Fund II	5,201	5,416
MFS Research Series	969	1,168
MFS Emerging Growth Series	1,997	2,188
MFS Total Return Series	977	773
MFS Bond Series	611	519
MFS Strategic Income Series	206	195
MFS Utilities Series	1,509	1,480
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	431	458
ACI VP International	785	958
ACI VP Value	943	747
ACI VP Income and Growth	411	312
ACI VP Inflation Protection	140	16
ACI VP Ultra	129	33
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	1,133	1,434
Dreyfus Developing Leaders Portfolio	1,653	1,957
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	4,546	4,325
Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund	247	236
J.P. Morgan U.S. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	254	222
J.P. Morgan Small Company Portfolio	493	365
J.P. Morgan Mid Cap Value	347	52
Franklin Real Estate Fund	871	479
Franklin Small Cap Fund	203	171
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	449	220

Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	427	259
Calamos Growth & Income Portfolio	1,848	727
A I M V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	390	263
A I M V.I. New Technology Fund	159	201
A I M V.I. Premier Equity Fund	240	177
Seligman Small Cap Value	208	44
Seligman Capital Portfolio	372	269
Seligman Communications and Information Portfolio	486	355

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

2003:	COST OF PURCHASES	PROCEEDS FROM SALES
	-----	-----
	(in thousands)	
<S>	<C>	<C>
American Leaders Fund II	\$ 998	1,296
High Income Bond Fund II	1,266	1,144
International Small Company Fund II	25	93
Prime Money Fund II	5,571	6,257
MFS Research Series	1,066	1,230
MFS Emerging Growth Series	2,076	1,952
MFS Total Return Series	1,091	974
MFS Bond Series	1,260	1,510
MFS Strategic Income Series	344	318
MFS Utilities Series	1,644	1,574
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	570	445
ACI VP International	898	942
ACI VP Value	713	588
ACI VP Income and Growth	373	587
ACI VP Inflation Protection	31	3
ACI VP Ultra	45	5
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	1,286	1,251
Dreyfus Developing Leaders Portfolio	1,750	2,154
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	5,845	4,458
Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund	303	249
J.P. Morgan U.S. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	301	300
J.P. Morgan Small Company Portfolio	275	256
J.P. Morgan Mid Cap Value	48	2
Franklin Real Estate Fund	439	560
Franklin Small Cap Fund	226	156
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	247	113
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	299	222
Calamos Growth & Income Portfolio	743	712
A I M V.I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	183	121
A I M V.I. New Technology Fund	240	77
A I M V.I. Premier Equity Fund	305	186
Seligman Small Cap Value	22	1
Seligman Capital Portfolio	301	215
Seligman Communications and Information Portfolio	636	485

</TABLE>

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. CONTRACT CHARGES

CENTURY II VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE

Mortality and expense risks assumed by KCL are compensated for by a fee equivalent to an annual rate of 0.9% of the asset value of the subaccounts of each contract.

KCL deducts an administrative fee for each contract of \$26 per month for the first 12 months and \$6 per month thereafter. An additional deduction of \$20 per month is made for the 12 contract months following an increase in specified amount. A deduction for insurance costs also is made monthly and is based on the insured's attained age, sex, risk class, specified amount, rider benefits, contract value and the number of completed policy years.

A premium expense charge for premium taxes of 2.25% of premium receipts is deducted from each premium receipt prior to their transfer to the separate accounts or fixed account.

Other charges are deducted from each contract when certain events occur, such as

the seventh fund transfer in a contract year.

A contingent deferred sales charge is assessed against surrenders and certain specified amount changes during the first 15 years following the contract date and any increase in specified amount. During 2004, \$2,189,000 (\$2,553,000 - 2003) was assessed in surrender charges. Other contract charges, primarily annual administrative fees, totaled \$8,349,000 (\$8,393,000 - 2003).

CENTURY II HERITAGE SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE

Mortality and expense risks assumed by KCL are compensated for by a current fee equivalent to 0.625% of the average daily net assets of each contract.

KCL deducts a monthly administrative fee for each contract of \$7.50 plus a \$1,000 charge that varies by issue age of the specified amount insured per month for all contracts. A deduction for insurance costs also is made monthly and is based on the insured's attained age, sex, risk class, total amount insured, any optional benefits, or any additional benefits provided by riders, contract value and the number of completed policy years.

A premium expense charge of 8.25% is deducted from each target and excess premium payment.

Other charges are deducted from each contract when certain events occur, such as the seventh fund transfer in a contract year.

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

CENTURY II SURVIVORSHIP VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE

Mortality and expense risks assumed by KCL are compensated for by a current fee equivalent to 0.625% (maximum is 0.9%) of the average daily net assets of each contract.

KCL deducts a monthly administrative fee for each contract of \$7.50 plus \$0.02 per \$1,000 of the total amount insured per month for all contracts. An additional fee of \$12.50 per month is charged for the first five contract years. A deduction for insurance costs also is made monthly and is based on the insured's attained age, sex, risk class, total amount insured, any optional benefits, or any additional benefits provided by riders, contract value and the number of completed policy years.

A sliding premium expense charge, which varies by contract year for the first 20 years, is deducted from each target and excess premium payment.

In addition, a 4.85% premium processing charge is deducted from each premium payment for all contract years. Other charges are deducted from each contract when certain events occur, such as the seventh fund transfer in a contract year.

The combined, Century II Heritage Survivorship Variable Universal Life and Century II Survivorship Variable Universal Life, plan has no contingent deferred sales charge. During 2004, other contract charges totaled \$797,000 (\$920,000 - 2003).

CENTURY II ALLIANCE VARIABLE UNIVERSAL LIFE

Mortality and expense risks assumed by KCL are compensated for by a fee equivalent to an annual rate of 0.5% of the asset value of the subaccounts of each contract.

KCL deducts a monthly administrative fee for each contract of \$7.50 plus KCL can also deduct a per \$1,000 charge of the total amount insured, which it is presently not but the maximum allowed per the contract is \$0.05 per \$1,000 charge of the total insured. A deduction for insurance costs also is made monthly and is based on the insured's attained age, sex, risk class, specified amount, rider benefits, contract value and the number of completed policy years.

A premium expense charge for premium taxes of 6.35% of premium receipts is deducted from each premium receipt prior to their transfer to the separate accounts or fixed account. Other charges are deducted from each contract when certain events occur, such as the seventh fund transfer in a contract year.

A contingent deferred sales charge is assessed against a surrender to the contract in the first 15 years following the contract date and any increase in specified amount. During 2004, \$234,000 (\$148,000 - 2003) was assessed in surrender charges and other contract charges totaled \$860,000 (\$666,000 - 2003).

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

3. CHANGE IN UNITS OUTSTANDING

The changes in units outstanding for the year were as follows:

<S>	UNITS	UNITS	NET INCREASE
	PURCHASED	REDEEMED	(DECREASE)

(in thousands)			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
American Leaders Fund II	53	78	(25)
High Income Bond Fund II	56	47	9
Prime Money Fund II	442	460	(18)
MFS Research Series	63	80	(17)
MFS Emerging Growth Series	148	160	(12)
MFS Total Return Series	53	41	12
MFS Bond Series	33	34	(1)
MFS Strategic Income Series	13	14	(1)
MFS Utilities Series	78	77	1
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	43	43	0
ACI VP International	57	69	(12)
ACI VP Value	96	79	17
ACI VP Income and Growth	55	42	13
ACI VP Inflation Protection	13	1	12
ACI VP Ultra	11	3	8
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	80	105	(25)
Dreyfus Developing Leaders Portfolio	114	131	(17)
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	325	316	9
Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc	11	10	1
J.P. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	18	16	2
J.P. Small Company Portfolio	33	23	10
J.P. Mid Cap Value Portfolio	26	4	22
Franklin Real Estate Fund	49	28	21
Franklin Small Cap	29	25	4
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	34	18	16
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	27	14	13
Calamos Growth & Income Portfolio	133	49	84
A I M V. I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	79	54	25
A I M V. I. Technology Fund	52	80	(28)
A I M V. I. Premier Equity Fund	36	26	10
Seligman Communications and Information Portfolio	78	57	21
Seligman Capital Portfolio	60	43	17
Seligman Small Cap Value Portfolio	15	3	12

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Financial Highlights

<S>	AT DECEMBER 31, 2004				FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004			
	UNITS (000'S)	UNIT FAIR VALUE LOWEST TO HIGHEST	NET ASSETS (000'S)	INVESTMENT* INCOME RATIO	EXPENSE RATIO LOWEST TO HIGHEST	TOTAL RETURN** LOWEST TO HIGHEST		
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
American Leaders Fund II	241	\$10.207 to \$20.011	\$ 4,464	1.44%	0.5% to 0.9%	8.79%	to	9.23%
High Income Bond Fund II	113	13.040 to 15.686	1,652	7.70	0.5 to 0.9	9.47%	to	9.91%
Prime Money Fund II	296	10.273 to 12.564	3,627	0.81	0.5 to 0.9	-0.09%	to	0.31%
MFS Research Series	318	9.227 to 16.973	5,119	1.06	0.5 to 0.9	14.81%	to	15.27%
MFS Emerging Growth Series	591	7.891 to 16.275	9,072	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	11.94%	to	12.39%
MFS Total Return Series	224	11.821 to 21.170	4,343	1.64	0.5 to 0.9	10.32%	to	10.76%
MFS Bond Series	130	12.936 to 16.389	2,060	5.90	0.5 to 0.9	5.11%	to	5.53%
MFS Strategic Income Series	42	13.172 to 14.212	579	5.31	0.5 to 0.9	6.76%	to	7.19%
MFS Utilities Series	321	10.793 to 24.511	7,169	1.45	0.5 to 0.9	29.03%	to	29.55%
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	180	8.287 to 11.381	2,021	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	6.62%	to	7.05%
ACI VP International	240	9.592 to 16.376	3,705	0.55	0.5 to 0.9	13.89%	to	14.35%
ACI VP Value	263	9.712 to 13.187	2,655	0.97	0.5 to 0.9	13.31%	to	13.76%
ACI VP Income and Growth	148	7.335 to 10.622	1,129	1.38	0.5 to 0.9	11.98%	to	12.43%
ACI VP Inflation Protection	15	10.587 to 10.656	155	3.15	0.5 to 0.9	5.87%	to	6.56%
ACI VP Ultra	12	12.641 to 12.724	149	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	26.41%	to	27.24%
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	350	9.651 to 14.320	4,895	1.63	0.5 to 0.9	-4.41%	to	41.48%
Dreyfus Developing Leaders Portfolio	509	11.128 to 16.248	7,943	0.20	0.5 to 0.9	-3.44%	to	40.62%
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	1,436	9.845 to 14.738	20,375	1.83	0.5 to 0.9	6.62%	to	7.14%

Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc	40	7.964	to	25.565	899	0.41	0.5	to	0.9	-20.72%	to	73.61%
J.P. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	73	9.323	to	14.889	1,023	0.75	0.5	to	0.9	4.25%	to	10.77%
J.P. Small Company Portfolio	76	12.355	to	18.253	1,326	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	-24.64%	to	63.96%
J.P. Mid Cap Value Portfolio	26	14.445	to	14.539	383	0.19	0.5	to	0.9	44.45%	to	45.39%
Franklin Real Estate Fund	118	18.760	to	20.573	2,361	1.86	0.5	to	0.9	50.34%	to	119.20%
Franklin Small Cap	79	6.945	to	9.853	573	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	-31.78%	to	-28.88%
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	51	14.066	to	17.236	743	2.20	0.5	to	0.9	16.82%	to	42.79%
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	70	11.197	to	22.360	1,389	1.05	0.5	to	0.9	-21.73%	to	42.35%
Calamos Growth & Income Portfolio	268	12.702	to	16.026	4,014	1.23	0.5	to	0.9	80.41%	to	102.05%
A I M V. I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	131	4.847	to	8.382	674	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	-57.41%	to	-39.66%
A I M V. I. Technology Fund	134	2.583	to	7.033	383	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	-72.80%	to	-62.95%
A I M V. I. Premier Equity Fund	127	6.492	to	8.176	857	0.49	0.5	to	0.9	-43.67%	to	-43.50%
Seligman Communications and Information	155	6.304	to	8.966	1,028	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	15.23%	to	39.53%
Seligman Capital Portfolio	177	6.251	to	8.435	1,153	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	24.92%	to	151.07%
Seligman Small Cap Value Portfolio	14	15.614	to	15.716	213	0.03	0.5	to	0.9	56.14%	to	57.16%

* The investment income ratio represents the dividends, excluding distributions of capital gains, received by the subaccount from the underlying mutual fund, net of management fees assessed by the fund manager, divided by the average daily net assets. The recognition of investment income by the subaccount is affected by the timing of the declaration of dividends by the underlying fund in which the subaccounts invest.

** These amounts represent the total return for the periods indicated, including changes in the value of the underlying fund, and reflect deductions for all items in the expense ratio. The total return does not include any expenses assessed through the withdrawal of units; inclusion of these expenses in the calculation would result in a reduction in the total return presented.

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

<TABLE> <CAPTION>	AT DECEMBER 31, 2003			FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003		
	UNITS (000'S)	UNIT FAIR VALUE LOWEST TO HIGHEST	NET ASSETS (000'S)	INVESTMENT* INCOME RATIO	EXPENSE RATIO LOWEST TO HIGHEST	TOTAL RETURN** LOWEST TO HIGHEST
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
American Leaders Fund II	266	\$ 9.345 to \$18.394	\$ 4,478	1.55%	0.5% to 0.9%	26.55% to 27.05%
High Income Bond Fund II	104	11.864 to 14.329	1,404	7.08	0.5 to 0.9	21.12% to 21.61%
International Small Company Fund II***	0	6.457 to 9.035	-	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	38.09% to 38.57%
Prime Money Fund II	314	10.241 to 12.575	3,842	0.70	0.5 to 0.9	-0.22% to 0.18%
MFS Research Series	335	8.005 to 14.784	4,657	0.66	0.5 to 0.9	23.59% to 24.09%
MFS Emerging Growth Series	603	7.021 to 14.538	8,212	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	29.07% to 29.58%
MFS Total Return Series	212	10.672 to 19.190	3,767	1.70	0.5 to 0.9	15.28% to 15.74%
MFS Bond Series	131	12.258 to 15.592	1,968	6.20	0.5 to 0.9	8.36% to 8.79%
MFS Strategic Income Series	43	12.288 to 13.312	556	5.16	0.5 to 0.9	9.39% to 9.83%
MFS Utilities Series	320	8.331 to 18.997	5,552	2.26	0.5 to 0.9	34.68% to 35.22%
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	180	7.741 to 10.675	1,904	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	19.39% to 19.87%
ACI VP International	252	8.388 to 14.379	3,410	0.74	0.5 to 0.9	23.39% to 23.88%
ACI VP Value	246	8.571 to 11.592	2,176	1.05	0.5 to 0.9	27.80% to 28.32%
ACI VP Income and Growth	135	6.550 to 9.448	917	1.31	0.5 to 0.9	28.19% to 28.71%
ACI VP Inflation Protection****	3	10.096 to 10.121	28	1.88	0.5 to 0.9	0.96% to 1.21%
ACI VP Ultra****	4	11.525 to 11.554	42	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	15.25% to 15.54%
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	375	9.234 to 13.756	5,039	1.45	0.5 to 0.9	20.08% to 20.56%
Dreyfus Developing Leaders Portfolio	526	10.045 to 14.725	7,429	0.03	0.5 to 0.9	30.51% to 31.03%
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	1,427	8.943 to 13.442	18,547	1.52	0.5 to 0.9	27.22% to 27.72%
Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc	39	7.536 to 24.221	839	0.12	0.5 to 0.9	25.22% to 25.36%
J.P. Large Cap Core Equity Portfolio	71	8.558 to 13.684	911	0.70	0.5 to 0.9	27.34% to 27.51%
J.P. Small Company Portfolio	66	9.764 to 14.443	923	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	35.13% to 35.30%
J.P. Mid Cap Value Portfolio****	4	12.040 to 12.071	49	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	20.40% to 20.71%
Franklin Real Estate Fund	97	14.305 to 15.707	1,483	2.40	0.5 to 0.9	34.90% to 35.07%
Franklin Small Cap	75	6.286 to 8.883	485	0.00	0.5 to 0.9	35.13% to 36.56%
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	35	11.381 to 13.890	399	1.30	0.5 to 0.9	51.62% to 52.23%
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	57	9.494 to 18.983	1,025	1.74	0.5 to 0.9	31.39% to 31.55%
Calamos Growth & Income Portfolio	184	11.490 to 14.516	2,561	3.27	0.5 to 0.9	24.97% to 25.13%

A I M V. I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	106	4.518	to	7.781	498	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	36.21%	to	36.78%
A I M V. I. New Technology Fund	162	2.490	to	6.752	416	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	50.97%	to	51.63%
A I M V. I. Premier Equity Fund	117	6.193	to	7.769	752	0.35	0.5	to	0.9	23.97%	to	24.46%
Seligman Communications and Information	134	5.738	to	8.128	804	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	42.77%	to	43.33%
Seligman Capital Portfolio	160	5.824	to	7.827	963	0.00	0.5	to	0.9	34.53%	to	35.07%
Seligman Small Cap Value Portfolio****	2	13.173	to	13.206	23	2.06	0.5	to	0.9	31.73%	to	32.06%

* The investment income ratio represents the dividends, excluding distributions of capital gains, received by the subaccount from the underlying mutual fund, net of management fees assessed by the fund manager, divided by the average daily net assets. The recognition of investment income by the subaccount is affected by the timing of the declaration of dividends by the underlying fund in which the subaccounts invest.

** These amounts represent the total return for the periods indicated, including changes in the value of the underlying fund, and reflect deductions for all items in the expense ratio. The total return does not include any expenses assessed through the withdrawal of units; inclusion of these expenses in the calculation would result in a reduction in the total return presented.

*** Unit value and total return as of 11/21/2003, fund liquidated on 11/21/2003.

**** Fund inception date May 14, 2003.

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KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	AT DECEMBER 31, 2002				FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002			
	UNITS (000'S)	UNIT FAIR VALUE LOWEST TO HIGHEST	NET ASSETS (000'S)	INVESTMENT* INCOME RATIO	EXPENSE RATIO LOWEST TO HIGHEST	TOTAL RETURN** LOWEST TO HIGHEST		
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
American Leaders Fund II	293	\$ 7.355 to \$14.535	\$ 3,834	1.12%	0.5% to 0.9%	-20.93% to -20.61%		
High Income Bond Fund II	99	9.756 to 11.830	1,120	9.87%	0.5 to 0.9	0.48% to 0.88%		
International Small Company Fund II	10	4.676 to 6.520	49	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-18.22% to -17.88%		
Prime Money Fund II	370	10.222 to 12.602	4,528	1.40%	0.5 to 0.9	0.49% to 0.90%		
MFS Research Series	348	6.451 to 11.962	3,926	0.27%	0.5 to 0.9	-25.21% to -24.92%		
MFS Emerging Growth Series	590	5.418 to 11.264	6,196	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-34.36% to -34.10%		
MFS Total Return Series	205	9.221 to 16.646	3,185	1.65%	0.5 to 0.9	-6.02% to -5.64%		
MFS Bond Series	155	11.267 to 14.389	2,161	5.06%	0.5 to 0.9	7.94% to 8.38%		
MFS Strategic Income Series	42	11.188 to 12.169	503	3.32%	0.5 to 0.9	7.43% to 7.86%		
MFS Utilities Series	321	6.161 to 14.105	4,156	2.63%	0.5 to 0.9	-23.45% to -23.15%		
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	165	6.458 to 8.941	1,466	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-21.91% to -21.59%		
ACI VP International	254	6.771 to 11.653	2,789	0.80%	0.5 to 0.9	-21.08% to -20.76%		
ACI VP Value	234	6.707 to 9.034	1,604	0.76%	0.5 to 0.9	-13.40% to -13.06%		
ACI VP Income and Growth	171	5.110 to 7.341	900	1.02%	0.5 to 0.9	-20.09% to -19.77%		
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	373	7.659 to 11.455	4,195	1.12%	0.5 to 0.9	-17.46% to -17.13%		
Dreyfus Small Cap Portfolio	554	7.666 to 11.283	6,018	0.04%	0.5 to 0.9	-19.85% to -19.53%		
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	1,317	7.002 to 10.566	13,520	1.36%	0.5 to 0.9	-23.06% to -22.75%		
Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc	35	6.011 to 19.343	621	0.22%	0.5 to 0.9	-29.39% to -29.29%		
J.P. Equity Portfolio	71	6.712 to 10.746	726	0.05%	0.5 to 0.9	-25.09% to -25.01%		
J.P. Small Company Portfolio	63	7.217 to 10.688	662	0.20%	0.5 to 0.9	-22.14% to -22.04%		
Franklin Real Estate Fund	108	10.591 to 11.644	1,239	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	1.44% to 1.56%		
Franklin Small Cap	64	4.652 to 6.505	299	0.25%	0.5 to 0.9	-29.04% to -28.86%		
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	20	7.506 to 9.124	147	1.11%	0.5 to 0.9	-1.04% to -0.65%		
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	52	7.217 to 14.448	718	1.57%	0.5 to 0.9	-19.07% to -18.96%		
Calamos Convertible Portfolio	185	9.183 to 11.615	2,087	3.47%	0.5 to 0.9	-4.69% to -4.57%		
A I M V. I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	91	3.317 to 5.689	311	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-32.80% to -32.54%		
A I M V. I. New Technology Fund	89	1.649 to 4.453	152	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-45.61% to -45.41%		
A I M V. I. Premier Equity Fund	98	4.996 to 6.242	500	0.38%	0.5 to 0.9	-30.89% to -30.61%		
Seligman Communications and Information	105	4.019 to 5.671	436	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-36.81% to -36.55%		
Seligman Capital Portfolio	140	4.329 to 5.795	625	0.00%	0.5 to 0.9	-33.74% to -33.47%		

* The investment income ratio represents the dividends, excluding distributions of capital gains, received by the subaccount from the underlying mutual fund, net of management fees assessed by the fund manager, divided by the average daily net assets. The recognition of investment income by the subaccount is

affected by the timing of the declaration of dividends by the underlying fund in which the subaccounts invest.

** These amounts represent the total return for the periods indicated, including changes in the value of the underlying fund, and reflect deductions for all items in the expense ratio. The total return does not include any expenses assessed through the withdrawal of units; inclusion of these expenses in the calculation would result in a reduction in the total return presented.

KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	AT DECEMBER 31, 2001				FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001				
	UNITS (000'S)	UNIT FAIR VALUE		NET ASSETS (000'S)	INVESTMENT* INCOME RATIO	EXPENSE RATIO		TOTAL RETURN**	
		LOWEST TO HIGHEST	HIGHEST			LOWEST TO HIGHEST	HIGHEST	LOWEST TO HIGHEST	HIGHEST
<S>	<C>	<C>		<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>		<C>
American Leaders Fund II	284	9.264	to 18.382	4,802	1.39%	.5% to .9%	-31.38%	to	-5.05%
High Income Bond Fund II	96	9.671	to 11.774	1,092	9.92%	.5% to .9%	-1.22%	to	0.46%
International Small Company Fund II	11	5.718	to 7.940	60	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-30.61%	to	-3.76%
Prime Money Fund II	396	10.131	to 12.540	4,838	3.57%	.5% to .9%	-12.59%	to	2.87%
MFS Research Series	350	8.592	to 15.995	5,294	0.02%	.5% to .9%	-40.87%	to	-21.98%
MFS Emerging Growth Series	552	8.221	to 17.159	8,996	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-57.05%	to	-34.08%
MFS Total Return Series	181	9.772	to 17.712	3,032	2.05%	.5% to .9%	-30.10%	to	-0.66%
MFS Bond Series	97	10.396	to 13.330	1,259	5.51%	.5% to .9%	-12.05%	to	7.76%
MFS Strategic Income Series	17	10.373	to 11.327	188	4.07%	.5% to .9%	0.22%	to	3.82%
MFS Utilities Series	308	8.017	to 18.426	5,303	3.22%	.5% to .9%	-56.99%	to	-24.88%
ACI VP Capital Appreciation	152	8.236	to 11.449	1,738	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-47.24%	to	-28.71%
ACI VP International	246	8.545	to 14.766	3,501	0.08%	.5% to .9%	-46.46%	to	-29.82%
ACI VP Value	165	7.745	to 10.391	1,282	0.67%	.5% to .9%	11.76%	to	49.30%
ACI VP Income and Growth	153	6.395	to 9.150	996	0.78%	.5% to .9%	-9.16%	to	29.24%
Dreyfus Appreciation Portfolio	354	9.242	to 13.878	4,868	0.83%	.5% to .9%	-37.21%	to	-10.12%
Dreyfus Small Cap Portfolio	500	9.526	to 14.077	6,883	0.44%	.5% to .9%	-28.54%	to	-6.96%
Dreyfus Stock Index Fund	1,277	9.064	to 13.733	17,157	1.12%	.5% to .9%	-38.17%	to	-12.97%
Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc	37	8.501	to 27.394	985	0.10%	.5% to .9%	-76.01%	to	-23.05%
J.P. Equity Portfolio	67	8.950	to 14.346	956	0.48%	.5% to .9%	-45.16%	to	-12.47%
J.P. Small Company Portfolio	67	9.257	to 13.728	908	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-38.08%	to	-8.60%
Franklin Real Estate Fund	7	10.428	to 11.479	82	2.66%	.5% to .9%	-2.54%	to	7.18%
Franklin Small Cap	54	6.539	to 9.167	352	0.34%	.5% to .9%	-16.06%	to	17.68%
Templeton Developing Markets Securities Fund	4	7.585	to 9.184	32	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-8.94%	to	10.25%
Templeton Foreign Securities Fund	43	8.906	to 17.852	764	3.02%	.5% to .9%	-58.17%	to	-16.54%
Calamos Convertible Portfolio	161	9.623	to 12.187	1,941	3.75%	.5% to .9%	-25.05%	to	-5.45%
A I M V. I. Dent Demographic Trends Fund	82	4.936	to 8.433	408	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-32.48%	to	15.20%
A I M V. I. New Technology Fund	76	3.032	to 8.157	231	6.77%	.5% to .9%	-47.90%	to	39.91%
A I M V. I. Premier Equity Fund	71	7.229	to 8.996	519	0.25%	.5% to .9%	-13.32%	to	7.74%
Seligman Communications and Information	70	6.360	to 8.938	450	24.87%	.5% to .9%	4.09%	to	46.28%
Seligman Capital Portfolio	113	6.533	to 8.711	745	0.00%	.5% to .9%	-16.99%	to	10.69%

* The investment income ratio represents the dividends, excluding distributions of capital gains, received by the subaccount from the underlying mutual fund, net of management fees assessed by the fund manager, divided by the average daily net assets. The recognition of investment income by the subaccount is affected by the timing of the declaration of dividends by the underlying fund in which the subaccounts invest.

** These amounts represent the total return for the periods indicated, including changes in the value of the underlying fund, and reflect deductions for all items in the expense ratio. The total return does not include any expenses assessed through the withdrawal of units; inclusion of these expenses in the calculation would result in a reduction in the total return presented.

PART C

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 26. Exhibits

(a) Board of Directors Resolutions.

(b) Custodian Agreements. Not Applicable.

(c) Underwriting Contracts.

- 1) Distribution Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company and Sunset Financial Services, Inc. (2)
- 2) Schedule of Sales Commissions (3)

(d) Contracts.

- 1) Specimen Contract Form (3)
- 2) Contract Split Option Rider (3)
- 3) Joint First to Die Term Life Insurance Rider (3)
- 4) Joint Survivorship Four-Year Term Life Insurance Rider (3)

(e) Applications.

Application Form (1)

(f) Depositor's Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws.

- 1) Articles of Incorporation of Bankers Life Association of Kansas City (1)
- 2) Restated Articles of Incorporation of Kansas City Life Insurance Company (1)
- 3) By-Laws of Kansas City Life Insurance Company (1)

(g) Reinsurance Contracts.

(h) Participation Agreements.

1. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company, MFS Variable Insurance Trust, and Massachusetts Financial Services Company (1)
2. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company, TCI Portfolios, Inc. and Investors Research Corporation (1)
3. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company, Insurance Management Series, and Federated Securities Corp, Federated American Leaders Fund II, Federated High Income Fund II and Federated Prime Money Fund II. (1)
4. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company and each of Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund, The Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc., and The Dreyfus Life and Annuity Index Fund, Inc. (3)
5. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company and J.P. Morgan Series Trust II (4)
6. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company and each of Calamos Advisors Trust, Calamos Asset Management, Inc. and Calamos Financial Services, Inc. (5)
7. Form of Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company and each of Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust and Franklin Templeton Distributors, Inc. (6)

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8. Amendment to Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company and each of Dreyfus Variable Investment Fund, The Dreyfus Socially Responsible Growth Fund, Inc. and Dreyfus Life and Annuity Index Fund, Inc. (d/b/a Dreyfus Stock Index Fund) (4)
9. Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company, Insurance Management Series, and Federated Securities Corp, Federated International Small Company Fund II. (6)
10. Form of Participation Agreement by and among AIM Variable Insurance Funds, Inc., AIM Distributors, Inc., and Kansas City Life Insurance Company. (6)
11. Form of Fund Participation Agreement between Kansas City Life Insurance Company, Seligman Portfolios, Inc., and Seligman Advisors, Inc. (6)

(i) Administrative Contracts. Not Applicable.

(j) Other Material Contracts. Not Applicable.

(k) Legal Opinion.

1) Opinion and Consent of William A. Schalekamp, Esq. as to the legality of the securities being registered (3)

(l) Actuarial Opinion. NA

(m) Calculations. NA

(n) Other Opinions.

1) Consent of KPMG LLP

2) Consent of Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP

(o) Omitted Financial Statements. Not Applicable.

(p) Initial Capital Agreements. Not Applicable.

(q) Redeemability Exemption. Memorandum describing issuance, transfer and redemption procedures. (4)

* filed herewith

(1) Incorporated herein by reference to the Registration Statement on Form S-6 for Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 2, 1995 (File No. 033-95354).

(2) Incorporated herein by reference to the Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-4 for Kansas City Life Variable Annuity Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 25, 1995 (File No. 033-89984).

(3) Incorporated herein by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-6 for Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account filed on July 15, 1997 (File No. 333-25443).

(4) Incorporated herein by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-6 for Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 19, 1999 (File No. 033-95354).

(5) Incorporated herein by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-6 for Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 29, 1999 (File No. 333-25443).

(6) Incorporated herein by reference to the Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form N-4 for Kansas City Life Variable Annuity Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 28, 2000 (File No. 033-89984).

(7) Incorporated herein by reference to the Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-6 for Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 30, 2001 (File No. 333-25443).

(8) Incorporated herein by reference to the Post-Effective Amendment No. 8 to the Registration Statement on Form N-6 for Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 28, 2003 (File No. 333-25443).

Item 27. Directors and Officers of the Depositor

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

NAME AND PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ADDRESS*

POSITION AND OFFICES WITH DEPOSITOR

<S>

<C>

R. Philip Bixby.....	Director, Chairman of the Board, President and CEO
Tracy W. Knapp.....	Director, Senior Vice President, Finance
Charles R. Duffy, Jr.....	Senior Vice President, Operations
William A. Schalekamp.....	Director, Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Mark A. Milton.....	Senior Vice President, Actuary
Brent C. Nelson	Vice President and Controller
Walter E. Bixby.....	Director, Vice Chairman of the Board
Mary M McCalla.....	Treasurer

Daryl D. Jensen.....	Director
Nancy Bixby Hudson.....	Director
Webb R. Gilmore.....	Director
Warren J. Hunzicker, M.D.....	Director
Richard L. Finn.....	Director
Bradford T. Nordholm.....	Director
Larry Winn, Jr.....	Director
William R. Blessing.....	Director
Cecil R. Miller.....	Director
Peter Hathaway, M.D.....	Vice President and Medical Director
Robert J. Milroy.....	Vice President, Underwriting and New Business
David A. Laird.....	Assistant Vice President, Assistant Controller

</TABLE>

* The principal business address for each officer and director is 3520 Broadway, Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565.

Item 28. Persons Controlled by or Under Common Control With the Depositor or Registrant

NAME	JURISDICTION	PERCENT OF VOTING SECURITIES OWNED
<S>	<C>	<C>
Sunset Life Insurance Company of America	Washington	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor
Sunset Financial Services, Inc.	Washington	Ownership of all voting securities by America
Sunset Insurance Company of KCL Service Company	Missouri	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor
Lioness Realty Group, Inc.	Missouri	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor

</TABLE>

NAME	JURISDICTION	PERCENT OF VOTING SECURITIES OWNED
<S>	<C>	<C>
Property Operating Company	Missouri	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor
Old American Insurance Company	Missouri	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor
Contact Data, Inc.	Missouri	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor
Kansas City Life Financial Group, Inc.	Missouri	Ownership of all voting securities by depositor

</TABLE>

Item 29. Indemnification

The By-Laws of Kansas City Life Insurance Company provide, in part, in Article XII:

1. The Company shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, other than an action by or in the right of the Company, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a Director, Officer or employee of the Company, or is or was serving at the request of the Company as a Director, Officer or employee of another company, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith and in a manner which he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his or her conduct was unlawful.

2. The Company shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the company to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director, officer or employee of the company, or is or was serving at the request of the company as a director, officer or employee of another company, partnership, joint venture, trust or

other enterprise against expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the defense or settlement of the action or suit if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the company; except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable for negligence or misconduct in the performance of his or her duty to the company unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought determines upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability and in view of all the circumstances of the case, the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the court shall deem proper.

3. To the extent that a Director, Officer or employee of the Company has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in Sections 1 and 2 of this Article, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he or she shall be indemnified against expenses, including attorneys' fees, actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the action, suit or proceeding.

4. Any indemnification under Sections 1 and 2 of this Article, unless ordered by a court, shall be made by the Company only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, Officer or employee is proper in the circumstances because he or she has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in this Article. The determination shall be made by the Board of Directors of the Company by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors who were not parties to the action, suit or proceeding, or, if such a quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable a quorum of

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disinterested Directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or by the Stockholders of the Company.

5. Expenses incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Company in advance of the final disposition of the action, suit or proceeding as authorized by the Board of Directors in the specific case up on receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the Director, Officer or employee to repay such amount unless it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is entitled to be indemnified by the Company as authorized in this Article.

6. The indemnification provided by this Article shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification may be entitled under the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws, or any agreement, vote of Stockholders or disinterested Directors or otherwise, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer or employee and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

7. The Company shall have the power to give any further indemnity, in addition to the indemnity authorized or contemplated under this Article, including subsection 6, to any person who is or was a Director, Officer, employee or agent of the Company, or to any person who is or was serving at the request of the Company as a Director, Officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, provided such further indemnity is either (i) authorized, directed, or provided for in the Articles of Incorporation of the Company or any duly adopted amendment thereof or (ii) is authorized, directed, or provided for in any bylaw or agreement of the Company which has been adopted by a vote of the Stockholders of the Company, and provided further that no such indemnity shall indemnify any person from or on account of such person's conduct which was finally adjudged to have been knowingly fraudulent, deliberately dishonest, or willful misconduct. Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to limit the power of the Company under subsection 6 of this Bylaw to enact Bylaws or to enter into agreement without Stockholder adoption of the same.

8. The Company may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a Director, Officer, employee or agent of the Company, or is or was serving at the request of the Company as a Director, Officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him or her and incurred by him or her in any such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the Company would have the power to indemnify him or her against such liability under the provisions of this Article.

9. For the purpose of this Article, references to "the Company" include all constituent corporations absorbed in a consolidation or merger as well as the resulting or surviving corporation so that any person who is or was a Director, Officer, employee or agent of such constituent corporation or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a Director, Officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other

enterprise shall stand in the same position under the provisions of this Article with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as he or she would if he or she had served the resulting or surviving corporation in the same capacity.

10. For purposes of this Article, the term "other enterprise" shall include employee benefit plans; the term "fines" shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and the term "serving at the request of the Company" shall include any service as a Director, Officer or employee of the Company which imposes duties on, or involves services by, such Director, Officer or employee with respect to an employee benefit plan, its participants, or beneficiaries; and a person who acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonable believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner "not opposed to the best interests of the Company" as referred to in this Article.

11. Any Director, Officer or employee of the Company shall be indemnified under this Article for any act taken in good faith and upon reliance upon the books and records of the Company, upon financial statements or other reports prepared by the Officers of the Company, or on financial statements prepared

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by the Company's independent accountants, or on information or documents prepared or provided by legal counsel to the Company.

12. To the extent that the indemnification of Officers, Directors or employees as permitted under Section 351.355 (as amended or superseded) of The General and Business Corporation Law of Missouri, as in effect from time to time, provides for greater indemnification of those individuals than the provisions of this Article XII, then the Company shall indemnify its Directors, Officers, employees as provided in and to the full extent allowed by Section 351.355.

13. The indemnification provided by this Article shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a Director or Officer of the Company and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of such a person. All rights to indemnification under this Article shall be deemed to be provided by a contract between the Company and the person who serves in such capacity at any time while these Bylaws and other relevant provisions of the applicable law, if any, are in effect. Any repeal or modification thereof shall not affect any rights or obligations then existing.

14. If this Article or any portion or provision hereof shall be invalidated on any ground by any court of competent jurisdiction, then the Company shall nevertheless indemnify each person entitled to indemnification pursuant too this Article to the full extent permitted by any applicable portion of this Article that shall not have been invalidated, or to the fullest extent provided by any other applicable law.

Missouri law authorizes Missouri corporations to provide indemnification to directors, officers and other persons.

Kansas City Life owns a directors and officers liability insurance policy covering liabilities that directors and officers of Kansas City Life and its subsidiaries and affiliates may incur in acting as directors and officers.

Insofar as indemnification for liability arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

Item 30. Principal Underwriter

(a) Other Activity. In addition to Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account, Sunset Financial Services, Inc. is the principal underwriter for policies offered by Kansas City Life Insurance Company through Kansas City Life Variable Annuity Separate Account.

(b) Management. The directors and principal officers of Sunset Financial Services, Inc. are as

follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION> NAME AND PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ADDRESS*	POSITIONS AND OFFICES WITH SUNSET FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.
<S> Gregory E. Smith Gary K. Hoffman Brent C. Nelson Walter E. Bixby Charles R. Duffy, Jr. R. Philip Bixby </TABLE>	<C> President, Director Secretary, Director Treasurer Director Director Chairman of the Board and Director

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<TABLE> <S>	<C>
Kelly T. Ullom Bruce Oberdling Donald E. Krebs Susanna J. Denney Janice L. Brandt Kim Kirkman </TABLE>	Vice President Vice President Vice President Assistant Vice President Assistant Vice President Assistant Vice President

* The Principal business address of all of the persons listed above is P.O. Box 219365, Kansas City, Missouri, 64121-9365.

(c) Compensation From the Registrant. The following commissions and other compensation were received by each principal underwriter, directly or indirectly, from the Registrant during the Registrant's last fiscal year:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
NAME OF PRINCIPAL UNDERWRITER	NET UNDERWRITING DISCOUNTS AND COMMISSIONS	COMPENSATION ON REDEMPTION	BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS	OTHER	COMPENSATION
<S> Sunset Financial Services, Inc. </TABLE>	<C> \$0.00	<C> None	<C> N/A	<C> N/A	<C> N/A

Item 31. Location of Accounts and Records

All of the accounts, books, records or other documents required to be kept by Section 31(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and rules thereunder, are maintained by Kansas City Life Insurance Company at 3520 Broadway, Kansas City, Missouri 64111-2565.

Item 32. Management Services

All management contracts are discussed in Part A or Part B.

Item 33. Fee Representation

Kansas City Life Insurance Company represents that the aggregate charges under the Policies are reasonable in relation to the services rendered, the expenses expected to be incurred and the risks assumed by the Company.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Registrant, Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account, certifies that it meets all of the requirements for effectiveness of this Post-Effective Amendment to the Registration Statement under Rule 485(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 and has duly caused this Post- Effective Amendment to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized in the City of Kansas City and the State of Missouri on the 25th day of April 2005.

Kansas City Life Variable Annuity
Separate Account

Registrant

(SEAL)

William R. Blessing

Director

April 25, 2005

/s/ William R. Blessing

Director

April 25, 2005

Cecil R. Miller

</TABLE>

SUPPLEMENT DATED MAY 2, 2005 TO PROSPECTUS DATED MAY 2, 2005
KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
SURVIVORSHIP VUL CONTRACT

ILLINOIS

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For Contracts sold in the state of Illinois, we change the Prospectus as follows:

- * Delete the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option described in the Prospectus and replace any reference to or discussion of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit with the following description of the Guaranteed Monthly Premium and Guaranteed Payment Period.

The Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium provisions guarantee that your policy will remain in effect for five years following the Contract Date, provided that you meet the Guaranteed Monthly Premium requirement. The Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium provisions are part of each Contract and we do not charge for these provisions. Unlike the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit described in the Prospectus, the Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium provisions apply to the Additional Insurance Amount and these provisions are available regardless of which Coverage Option and riders you select. These provisions will not terminate if certain riders are deleted, if the Coverage Option is changed or if the amount of Additional Insurance Amount is changed.

The Guaranteed Monthly Premium and Guaranteed Payment Period provisions operate as follows:

GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD--The five years following the Contract Date of the Contract, during which one of the following conditions must exist to prevent your Contract from lapsing:

- (1) the Cash Surrender Value of this Contract on a Monthly Anniversary Date must be sufficient to cover the Monthly Deduction for the month beginning on that Monthly Anniversary Date; or
- (2) total Premiums paid must be equal to or greater than the Guaranteed Monthly Premium times the number of Monthly Anniversary Dates that the Contract has been in force, plus the amount of current indebtedness and the total amount of partial surrenders.

GUARANTEED MONTHLY PREMIUMS--If you pay the Guaranteed Monthly Premium, your Contract will not lapse during the Guaranteed Payment Period. The Guaranteed Monthly Premium will change for the remainder of the Guaranteed Payment Period if you increase the Additional Insurance Amount, add or delete any riders. A decrease in the Total Sum Insured will not decrease the Guaranteed Monthly Premium during the Guaranteed Payment Period. We show the initial Guaranteed Monthly Premium in the Contract.

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(over)

- * The Grace Period provision in the Contract is also impacted by the fact that the Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium are applicable, rather than the Guaranteed Death Benefit. Replace any reference to or discussion of the Grace Period with the following description. The Grace Period operates as follows:

GRACE PERIOD--The conditions which will result in your Contract lapsing will vary, as follows, depending on whether the Guaranteed Payment Period has expired.

During the Guaranteed Payment Period: A Grace Period begins if on any Monthly Anniversary Day the Cash Surrender Value will not cover the Monthly Deduction on that Monthly Anniversary Day and if the accumulated Premiums paid as of each Monthly Anniversary Day are less than:

$X + Y + Z$

"X" is the accumulated Guaranteed Monthly Premium in effect on each Monthly Anniversary Day that the Contract is in force based on the coverage in force for that month.

"Y" is the amount of current indebtedness. "Z" is the total amount of partial surrenders.

A 61-day Grace Period begins on the day we mail notice of the Premium required to keep this Contract in force. The Premium required to keep this Contract in force will be an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount by which X + Y + Z is greater than the accumulated Premiums paid as of the Monthly Anniversary Date on which the Grace Period began; and (2) an amount sufficient to provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to three Monthly Deductions.

After the Guaranteed Payment Period: A Grace Period begins if the Cash Surrender Value on a Monthly Anniversary Day will not cover the Monthly Deduction on that Monthly Anniversary Day.

A 61-day Grace Period will begin on the day we mail notice of the Premium required to keep this Contract in force. You must pay a total Premium sufficient to provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to the next three Monthly Deductions during the Grace Period to keep this Contract in force.

This Contract will terminate without value if you do not pay sufficient Premium by the end of the Grace Period.

If the last surviving Insured dies during the Grace Period, we will deduct any past due Monthly Deductions from the Death Benefit proceeds.

- o We limit scheduled increases to the Additional Insurance Amount to between 0-10% instead of between 0-25%.

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SUPPLEMENT DATED MAY 2, 2005 TO PROSPECTUS DATED MAY 2, 2005
KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
SURVIVORSHIP VUL CONTRACT

MASSACHUSETTS

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For Contracts sold in the state of Massachusetts, we change the Prospectus as follows:

- o Delete the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option described in the Prospectus and replace any reference to or discussion of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit with the following description of the Guaranteed Monthly Premium and Guaranteed Payment Period.

The Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium guarantee that your Contract will remain in effect for five years following the Issue Date if you meet the Guaranteed Monthly Premium requirement. The Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium are part of each Contract and we do not charge for these provisions. Unlike the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit described in the Prospectus, the Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium provisions apply to the Additional Insurance Amount and these provisions are available regardless of which Coverage Option and riders you select. These provisions will not terminate if certain riders are deleted, if the Coverage Option is changed or if the amount of Additional Insurance Amount is changed.

The Guaranteed Monthly Premium and Guaranteed Payment Period provisions operate as follows:

GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD--The five years following the Issue Date of the Contract, during which one of the following conditions must exist to prevent your Contract from lapsing:

- (1) the Cash Surrender Value of this Contract on a Monthly Anniversary Date must be sufficient to cover the Monthly Deduction for the month beginning on that Monthly Anniversary Date ; or
- (2) total Premiums paid must be equal to or greater than the Guaranteed Monthly Premium times the number of Monthly Anniversary Dates that the Contract has been in force, plus the amount of current indebtedness and the total amount of partial surrenders.

GUARANTEED MONTHLY PREMIUMS--If you pay the Guaranteed Monthly Premium, your Contract will not lapse during the Guaranteed Payment Period. The Guaranteed Monthly Premium will change for the remainder of the Guaranteed Payment Period if you increase the Additional Insurance Amount, add or delete any riders. A decrease in the Total Sum Insured will not decrease the Guaranteed Monthly Premium during the Guaranteed Payment Period. We show the initial

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(over)

- o The Grace Period provision in the Contract is also impacted by the fact that the Guaranteed Payment Period and Guaranteed Monthly Premium are applicable, rather than the Guaranteed Death Benefit. Replace any reference to or discussion of the Grace Period with the following description. The Grace Period operates as follows:

GRACE PERIOD--The conditions which will result in your Contract lapsing will vary, as follows, depending on whether the Guaranteed Payment Period has expired.

During the Guaranteed Payment Period : A Grace Period begins if on any Monthly Anniversary Day the Cash Surrender Value will not cover the Monthly Deduction on that Monthly Anniversary Day and if the accumulated Premiums paid as of each Monthly Anniversary Day are less than:

$$X + Y + Z$$

"X" is the accumulated Guaranteed Monthly Premium in effect on each Monthly Anniversary Day that the Contract is in force based on the coverage in force for that month.

"Y" is the amount of current indebtedness.

"Z" is the total amount of partial surrenders.

A 61-day Grace Period begins on the day we mail notice of the Premium required to keep this Contract in force. The Premium required to keep this Contract in force will be an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount by which X + Y + Z is greater than the accumulated Premiums paid as of the Monthly Anniversary Date on which the Grace Period began; and (2) an amount sufficient to provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to three Monthly Deductions.

After the Guaranteed Payment Period: A Grace Period begins if the Cash Surrender Value on a Monthly Anniversary Day will not cover the Monthly Deduction on that Monthly Anniversary Day.

A 61-day Grace Period will begin on the day we mail notice of the Premium required to keep this Contract in force. You must pay a total Premium sufficient to provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to the next three Monthly Deductions during the Grace Period to keep this Contract in force.

This Contract will terminate without value if you do not pay sufficient Premium by the end of the Grace Period.

If the last surviving Insured dies during the Grace Period, we will deduct any past due Monthly Deductions from the Death Benefit proceeds.

- o The term "Issue Date" replaces any reference in the prospectus to "Contract Date."
- o We limit scheduled increases to the Additional Insurance Amount to between 0-10% instead of between 0-25%.

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SUPPLEMENT DATED MAY 2, 2005 TO PROSPECTUS DATED MAY 2, 2005
KANSAS CITY LIFE VARIABLE LIFE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
SURVIVORSHIP VUL CONTRACT
MARYLAND
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For Contracts sold in the state of Maryland, we change the Prospectus as follows:

- o Delete the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option described in the Prospectus and replace any reference to or discussion of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit with the following description of the No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium and No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period.

The No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period and No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium provisions guarantee that your policy will remain in effect for five years following the Contract Date, if you meet the No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium requirement. The No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period and No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium are part of each Contract and we do not charge for these provisions. Unlike the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit described in the Prospectus, the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period and No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium provisions apply to the Additional Insurance

Amount and these provisions are available regardless of which Coverage Option and riders you select. These provisions will not terminate if certain riders are deleted, if the Coverage Option is changed or if the amount of Additional Insurance Amount is changed.

The No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium and No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period provisions operate as follows:

NO-LAPSE GUARANTEED PAYMENT PERIOD--The five years following the Contract Date of the Contract, during which one of the following conditions must exist to prevent your Contract from lapsing:

- (1) the Cash Surrender Value of this Contract on a Monthly Anniversary Date must be sufficient to cover the Monthly Deduction for the month beginning on that Monthly Anniversary Date; or
- (2) total Premiums paid must be equal to or greater than the No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium times the number of Monthly Anniversary Dates that the Contract has been in force, plus the amount of current indebtedness and the total amount of partial surrenders.

NO-LAPSE GUARANTEED MONTHLY PREMIUM--If you pay the No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium, your Contract will not lapse during the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period. The No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium will change for the remainder of the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period if you increase the Additional Insurance Amount, add or delete any riders. A decrease in the Total Sum Insured will not decrease the No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium during the Guaranteed Payment Period. We show the initial No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium in the Contract.

- o The Grace Period provision in the Contract is also impacted by the fact that the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period and No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium are applicable, rather than the Guaranteed Death Benefit. Replace any reference to or discussion of the Grace Period with the following description. The Grace Period operates as follows:

GRACE PERIOD--The conditions which will result in your Contract lapsing will vary, as follows, depending on whether the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period has expired.

During the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period: A Grace Period begins if on any Monthly Anniversary Day the Cash Surrender Value will not cover the Monthly Deduction on that Monthly Anniversary Day and if the accumulated Premiums paid as of each Monthly Anniversary Day are less than:

$$X + Y + Z$$

"X" is the accumulated No-Lapse Guaranteed Monthly Premium in effect on each Monthly Anniversary Day that the Contract is in force based on the coverage in force for that month.

"Y" is the amount of current indebtedness.

"Z" is the total amount of partial surrenders.

A 61-day Grace Period begins on the day we mail notice of the Premium required to keep this Contract in force. The Premium required to keep this Contract in force will be an amount equal to the lesser of: (1) the amount by which $X + Y + Z$ is greater than the accumulated Premiums paid as of the Monthly Anniversary Date on which the Grace Period began; and (2) an amount sufficient to provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to three Monthly Deductions.

After the No-Lapse Guaranteed Payment Period: A Grace Period begins if the Cash Surrender Value on a Monthly Anniversary Day will not cover the Monthly Deduction on that Monthly Anniversary Day.

A 61-day Grace Period will begin on the day we mail notice of the Premium required to keep this Contract in force. You must pay a total Premium sufficient to provide a Cash Surrender Value equal to the next three Monthly Deductions during the Grace Period to keep this Contract in force.

This Contract will terminate without value if you do not pay sufficient Premium by the end of the Grace Period.

If the last surviving Insured dies during the Grace Period, we will deduct any past due Monthly Deductions from the Death Benefit proceeds.

- o We limit scheduled increases to the Additional Insurance Amount to between 0 - 10% instead of between 0 - 25%.

CONSENT OF SUTHERLAND ASBILL & BRENNAN LLP

We consent to the reference to our firm in the Statement of Additional Information included in Post-Effective Amendment No. 10 to the Registration Statement on Form N-6 for the Century II flexible premium survivorship variable universal life insurance contracts, issued through the Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account (File No. 333-25443). In giving this consent, we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act of 1933.

SUTHERLAND ASBILL & BRENNAN LLP

By: /s/ W. Thomas Conner

W. Thomas Conner

Washington, D.C.

May 2, 2005

[LOGO OF KANSAS CITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY]

KANSAS CITY LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY

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Broadway at Armour/ Box 219139/
Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9139
Telephone (816) 753-7000

April 25, 2005

Kansas City Life Insurance Company
3520 Broadway
Kansas City, MO 64111-2565

Re: Registration Statement

To Whom It May Concern:

In connection with the proposed registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of individual variable life insurance contracts (the "Contracts") and interests in the Kansas City Life Variable Life Separate Account (the "Separate Account"), I have examined the documents relating to the establishment of the Separate Account by the Board of Directors of Kansas City Life Insurance Company (the "Company") as a separate account for assets applicable to variable life insurance contracts, pursuant to Section 376.309 RSMo., as amended, and the Registration Statement, on Form N-6 (the "Registration Statement"), and I have examined such other documents and reviewed such matters of law as I deem necessary for this opinion, and I advise you that in my opinion:

1. The Separate Account is a separate account of the Company duly created and validly existing pursuant to the laws of the State of Missouri.
2. The Contracts, when issued in accordance with the Prospectus constituting a part of the Registration Statement and upon compliance with applicable local law, will be legal and binding obligations of the Company in accordance with their respective terms.
3. The portion of the assets held in the Separate Account equal to reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to the Separate Account are not chargeable with liabilities arising out of any other business the Company may conduct.

I consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and the use of my name under the heading "Legal Matters" in the Prospectus constituting a part of the Registration Statement and to the references to me wherever appearing herein.

Yours very truly,

William A. Schalekamp