

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to sections 13 or 15(d)

Filing Date: **2004-08-12** | Period of Report: **2004-06-30**
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NESTOR PARTNERS

CIK: **888471** | IRS No.: **222149317** | State of Incorpor.: **NJ** | Fiscal Year End: **1231**
Type: **10-Q** | Act: **34** | File No.: **000-50725** | Film No.: **04969491**
SIC: **6221** Commodity contracts brokers & dealers

Mailing Address
*MILLBURN RIDGEFIELD
411 W PUTNAM AVE
GREENWICH CT 06830*

Business Address
*MILLBURN RIDGEFIELD
441 W PUTNAM AVE
GREENWICH CT 06830
2036257554*

FORM 10-Q
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended: June 30, 2004

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 000-50725

NESTOR PARTNERS

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEW JERSEY

22-2149317

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

c/o MILLBURN RIDGEFIELD CORPORATION
411 West Putnam Avenue
Greenwich, Connecticut 06830

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (203) 625-7554

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Limited Partnership Interests
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Nestor Partners
Financial statements
For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 (unaudited)

Statements of Financial Condition (a) 1

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- (a) At June 30, 2004 (unaudited) and December 31, 2003
(b) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003
(c) For the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Nestor Partners
Statements of Financial Condition

	UNAUDITED June 30 2004	December 31 2003

ASSETS		
Equity in trading accounts:		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Investments in U.S. Treasury notes-at market value (amortized cost \$60,121,003 and \$69,762,758)	\$ 60,024,816	\$ 69,779,438
Net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on open futures and forward currency contracts	(2,193,636)	9,750,763
Due from brokers	327,192	3,114,869
Cash denominated in foreign currencies (cost \$1,608,615 and \$851,372)	1,608,201	885,274

Total equity in trading accounts	59,766,573	83,530,344

Investments in U.S. Treasury notes-at market value (amortized cost \$123,225,958 and \$109,375,528)	122,961,016	109,392,119
Cash and cash equivalents	13,093,715	19,727,500
Accrued interest receivable	845,095	1,836,774

Total assets	\$ 196,666,399	\$ 214,486,737

LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL		
LIABILITIES		
Capital contributions received		
in advance	6,556,900	2,393,300
Due to brokers	701,665	631,451
Due to General Partner	1,667	--
Accrued brokerage fees	373,076	465,695
Accrued expenses	168,185	332,093
Total liabilities	7,801,493	3,822,539
PARTNERS' CAPITAL		
General Partner	3,252,512	4,284,428
Special Limited Partners	33,059,114	47,828,770
Limited Partners	152,553,280	158,551,000
Total partners' capital	188,864,906	210,664,198
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL	\$ 196,666,399	\$ 214,486,737

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Nestor Partners
Condensed Schedule of Investments
June 30, 2004 (UNAUDITED)

Futures and Forward Currency Contracts	Net Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	% of Partners' Capital

FUTURES CONTRACTS		
Long Futures Contracts		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Energies	\$ 25,810	0.01 %
Metals	(217,350)	(0.12) %
Stock indices	890,879	0.48 %
Total long futures contracts	699,339	0.37 %

Short Futures Contracts		
Energies	(6,450)	- %
Grains	105,638	0.06 %
Interest rates	(2,386,169)	(1.27) %
Softs	187,445	0.10 %
Stock indices	(25,385)	(0.01) %
Total short futures contracts	(2,124,921)	(1.12) %

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN FUTURES CONTRACTS (NET)	(1,425,582)	(0.75) %

FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS		
Total long forward currency contracts	(143,567)	(0.08) %
Total short forward currency contracts	(624,487)	(0.33) %

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN FORWARD		

CURRENCY CONTRACTS (NET)	(768,054)	(0.41)%

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN FUTURES AND FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS (NET)	\$ (2,193,636)	(1.16)%
=====		

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Nestor Partners
Condensed Schedule of Investments (continued)
June 30, 2004 (UNAUDITED)

Face Amount	Description	Value	% of Partners' Capital

INVESTMENTS IN U.S. TREASURY NOTES			
<C>		<C>	<C>
\$ 61,690,000	U.S. Treasury notes, 2.125%, 08/31/04	\$ 61,747,834	32.69 %
60,605,000	U.S. Treasury notes, 2.000%, 11/30/04	60,680,756	32.13 %
60,690,000	U.S. Treasury notes, 1.500%, 02/28/05	60,557,242	32.06 %

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN U.S. TREASURY NOTES (AMORTIZED COST \$183,346,961)		\$182,985,832	96.88 %
=====			

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Nestor Partners
Condensed Schedule of Investments
December 31, 2003

Futures and Forward Currency Contracts	Net Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	% of Partners' Capital

FUTURES CONTRACTS		
Long Futures Contracts		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Energies	\$ (1,569,867)	(0.75) %
Interest rates	77,990	0.04 %

Metals	1,966,898	0.93 %
Softs	(111,075)	(0.05) %
Stock indices	1,012,623	0.48 %

Total long futures contracts	1,376,569	0.65 %

Short Futures Contracts		
Grains	(300)	- %
Interest rates	(50,447)	(0.02) %

Total short futures contracts	(50,747)	(0.02) %

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN FUTURES CONTRACTS (NET)	1,325,822	0.63 %

Forward Currency Contracts		
Long Forward Currency Contracts		
Euro/U.S. Dollar, March 2004	6,801,020	3.23 %
Other long forward currency contracts	5,092,453	2.42 %

Total long forward currency contracts	11,893,473	5.65 %

Short Forward Currency Contracts		
Korean Won/U.S. Dollar, March 2004	(2,698,340)	(1.28) %
Other short forward currency contracts	(770,192)	(0.37) %

Total short forward currency contracts	(3,468,532)	(1.65) %

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS (NET)	8,424,941	4.00 %

TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN FUTURES AND FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS (NET)	\$ 9,750,763	4.63 %
=====		

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Nestor Partners
Condensed Schedule of Investments (continued)
December 31, 2003

Face Amount	Description	Value	% of Partners' Capital

INVESTMENTS IN U.S. TREASURY NOTES			
<S>		<C>	<C>
\$ 60,080,000	U.S. Treasury notes, 4.750%, 02/15/04	\$ 60,342,850	28.64 %
61,580,000	U.S. Treasury notes, 3.375%, 04/30/04	62,061,094	29.46 %
56,380,000	U.S. Treasury notes, 2.125%, 08/31/04	56,767,613	26.95 %

	TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN U.S. TREASURY NOTES (AMORTIZED COST \$179,138,286)	\$ 179,171,557	85.05 %
=====			

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Nestor Partners
Statements of Operations (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended	
	June 30 2004	June 30 2003
INVESTMENT INCOME		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Interest income	\$ 573,748	\$ 511,318
EXPENSES		
Brokerage fees	1,374,293	1,320,040
Administrative expenses	123,032	102,116
Custody fees	8,118	4,801
Total expenses	1,505,443	1,426,957
Net investment loss	(931,695)	(915,639)
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)		
Net realized gains (losses) on closed positions:		
Futures and forward currency contracts	(27,454,603)	2,149,004
Foreign exchange translation	145,781	(165,896)
Net change in unrealized appreciation:		
Futures and forward currency contracts	(6,405,552)	8,697,168
Foreign exchange translation	(49,716)	143,044
Net gains (losses) from U.S. Treasury notes		
Net change in unrealized depreciation	(342,036)	22,965
Total net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(34,106,126)	10,846,285
Net income (loss)	(35,037,821)	9,930,646
Less profit share to General Partner	(949,589)	1,164,025
Net income (loss) after profit share to General Partner	\$ (34,088,232)	\$ 8,766,621

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<TABLE>
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Nestor Partners
Statements of Operations (UNAUDITED)

	For the six months ended	
	June 30	June 30
	2004	2003
INVESTMENT INCOME		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Interest income	\$ 1,129,004	\$ 1,033,263
EXPENSES		
Brokerage fees	2,827,125	2,445,035
Administrative expenses	265,695	192,473
Custody fees	14,955	9,281
Total expenses	3,107,775	2,646,789
Net investment loss	(1,978,771)	(1,613,526)
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)		
Net realized gains (losses) on closed positions:		
Futures and forward currency contracts	(11,644,179)	22,035,640
Foreign exchange translation	145,781	(165,896)
Net change in unrealized appreciation:		
Futures and forward currency contracts	(11,944,399)	(9,094,872)
Foreign exchange translation	(36,542)	57,896
Net losses from U.S.Treasury notes		
Net change in unrealized depreciation	(394,400)	(5,136)
Total net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(23,873,739)	12,827,632
Net income (loss)	(25,852,510)	11,214,106
Less profit share to General Partner	26,491	1,378,130
Net income (loss) after profit share to General Partner	\$ (25,879,001)	\$ 9,835,976

</TABLE>

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Net investment income (loss)	(2.45) %	0.43 %
	=====	
Total expenses	3.62 %	0.73 %
Profit share allocation	(2.39) %	-- %

Total expenses and profit share allocation	1.23 %	0.73 %
	=====	
Total return before profit share allocation	(15.66) %	(15.00) %
Profit share allocation	0.49 %	-- %

Total return after profit share allocation	(15.17) %	(15.00) %
	=====	

For the three months ended June 30, 2003	Limited Partners	Special Limited Partners
	-----	-----
Ratios to average capital (a):		
Net investment income (loss)	(3.70) %	0.51 %
	=====	=====
Total expenses	4.96 %	0.74 %
Profit share allocation	4.36 %	-- %
	-----	-----
Total expenses and profit share allocation	9.32 %	0.74 %
	=====	=====
Total return before profit share allocation	6.32 %	7.44 %
Profit share allocation	(1.14) %	-- %
	-----	-----
Total return after profit share allocation	5.18 %	7.44 %
	=====	=====

(a) Annualized

</TABLE>

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Nestor Partners
Statements of Financial Highlights (UNAUDITED)

For the six months ended June 30, 2004	Limited Partners	Special Limited Partners
	-----	-----
Ratios to average capital (a):		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Net investment income (loss)	(2.48) %	0.36 %
	=====	=====

Total expenses	3.55 %	0.69 %
Profit share allocation	0.03 %	-- %
	-----	-----
Total expenses and profit share allocation	3.58 %	0.69 %
	=====	=====
Total return before profit share allocation	(12.25) %	(10.94) %
Profit share allocation	0.01 %	-- %
	-----	-----
Total return after profit share allocation	(12.24) %	(10.94) %
	=====	=====

For the six months ended June 30, 2003	Limited Partners	Special Limited Partners

Ratios to average capital (a):		
Net investment income (loss)	(3.63) %	0.63 %
	=====	=====
Total expenses	4.97 %	0.70 %
Profit share allocation	2.79 %	-- %
	-----	-----
Total expenses and profit share allocation	7.76 %	0.70 %
	=====	=====
Total return before profit share allocation	7.47 %	9.77 %
Profit share allocation	(1.42) %	-- %
	-----	-----
Total return after profit share allocation	6.05 %	9.77 %
	=====	=====

(a) Annualized
</TABLE>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited financial statements, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the Partnership's financial condition at June 30, 2004 (unaudited) and December 31, 2003 and the results of its operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003. These financial statements present the results of interim periods and do not include all disclosures normally provided in annual financial statements. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the Partnership's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2003, included in the Partnership's registration statement on Form 10 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Partnership pays administrative expenses for legal, audit and accounting services, up to 0.25 of 1% per annum of the Partnership's average month-end net assets. A portion of such expenses are paid to and retained by an affiliate of the General Partner, The Millburn Corporation ("TMC") for providing legal and accounting services to the Partnership. The Partnership incurred administrative expenses of \$123,032 and \$265,695 during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2004, respectively, of which \$64,256 and \$112,791, respectively, relates to legal and accounting services provided to the Partnership by TMC. The General Partner pays all administrative expenses in excess of 0.25 of 1% per annum of the Partnership's average month-end net assets.

Interests sold through Selling Agents engaged by the General Partner are generally subject to a 2.5% redemption charge for redemptions made prior to the end of the twelfth month following their sale. All redemption charges will be paid to the General Partner. At June 30, 2004, \$1,667 of redemption charges was owed to the General Partner (and is included in "Due to General Partner" in the statements of financial condition).

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Reference is made to Item 1, "Financial Statements". The information contained therein is essential to, and should be read in connection with, the following analysis.

OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

Due to the nature of the Partnership's business, its results of operations depend on the General Partner's ability to recognize and capitalize on trends and other profit opportunities in different sectors of the global capital and commodity markets. The General Partner's trading methods are confidential, so that substantially the only information that can be furnished regarding the Partnership's results of operations is contained in the performance record of its trading. Unlike operating businesses, general economic or seasonal conditions do not directly affect the profit potential of the Partnership, and its past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results. The General Partner believes, however, that there are certain market conditions, for example, markets with strong price trends, in which the Partnership has a better likelihood of being profitable than in others.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Partnership raises additional capital only through the sale of its limited partnership interests ("Interests"). Partnership capital may also be increased by trading profits, if any. The Partnership does not engage in borrowing. Interests may be offered for sale as of the beginning of each month.

The Partnership trades futures, options and forward contracts on interest rates, commodities, currencies, metals, energy and stock indices. Due to the nature of the Partnership's business, substantially all its assets are represented by cash and United States government obligations, while the Partnership maintains its market exposure through open futures and forward contract positions.

The Partnership's assets are generally held as cash, cash equivalents or U.S. Government obligations which are used to margin or collateralize the Partnership's futures and forward positions and are withdrawn, as necessary, to pay redemptions and expenses. Other than potential market-imposed limitations on liquidity, due, for example, to daily price fluctuation limits, which are inherent in the Partnership's futures and forward trading, the Partnership's assets are highly liquid and are expected to remain so.

PROFIT SHARE

The following table indicates the profit share earned by the General Partner from Limited Partners' withdrawals during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003. Profit share earned is credited to the New Profit memo account as defined in the Partnership's Partnership Agreement.

Six months ended:	Jun 30, 2004	Jun 30, 2003
	-----	-----
Profit share earned	\$ 26,491	\$ 26,001
Profit share accrued	--	1,352,129
Profit share reversal	n/a	n/a
	-----	-----
Total profit share	\$ 26,491	\$ 1,378,130
	=====	=====

Three months ended:	Jun 30, 2004	Jun 30, 2003
	-----	-----
Profit share earned	\$ 9,361	\$ 13,517
Profit share accrued (1)	--	1,352,129
Profit share reversal (2)	(958,950)	(201,621)
	-----	-----
Total profit share	\$ (949,589)	\$ 1,164,025
	=====	=====

(1) At June 30

(2) Accrued at March 31, reversed on April 1

There have been no material changes with respect to the Partnership's critical accounting policies, off-balance sheet arrangements or disclosure of contractual obligations as reported in the Partnership's registration statement on Form 10 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission filed on April 29, 2004.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

During its operations through the three and six month periods ending June 30, 2004, the Partnership experienced no meaningful periods of illiquidity in any of the numerous markets traded by the General Partner.

	Jun 30, 2004	Mar 31, 2004
	-----	-----
Ending Equity	\$188,864,906	\$233,530,893

Due to the nature of commodity trading, the results of operations for the interim period presented should not be considered indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year.

The Partnership's net assets decreased 19.13% in the second quarter of 2004. This decrease was attributable to redemptions of \$23,645,166, a net loss of \$34,088,232, and a reversal of accrued profit share to the General Partner during the first quarter of \$958,950, which was partially offset by subscriptions of \$14,017,000 and an allocation to the New Profit memo account of \$9,361.

Brokerage fees are calculated on the net asset value on the last day of each month and are affected by trading performance, subscriptions and redemptions. Brokerage fees for the three months ended June 30, 2004 increased \$54,253, relative to the corresponding period in 2003.

The Partnership pays administrative expenses for legal, audit and accounting services, up to 0.25 of 1% per annum of the Partnership's average month-end net assets. Administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2004 increased \$20,916, relative to the corresponding period in 2003. The increase was attributable to an increase in the Partnership's net assets.

Interest income is derived from cash and U.S. Treasury instruments held at the Partnership's brokers. Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 increased \$62,430, relative to the corresponding period in 2003. This increase was attributable to an increase in the Partnership's net assets, which was partially offset by a decrease in short-term Treasury yields.

During the three months ended June 30, 2004, the Partnership reversed accrued incentive fee at March 31, 2004 of \$958,950. In addition, the Partnership experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$34,106,126 from its trading operations (including foreign exchange translations and Treasury obligations).

Brokerage fees of \$1,374,293, administrative expenses of \$123,032, custody fees of \$8,118 and accrued profit share to the New Profit Memo account of \$9,361 were incurred. Interest income of \$573,748 partially offset the Partnership's expenses resulting in a net loss of \$34,088,232. An analysis of the trading gain (loss) by sector is as follows:

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Sector	% Gain (Loss)
-----	-----
Currencies	(4.64)%
Energies	0.78%
Grains	(0.40)%
Interest rates	(5.88)%
Metals	(1.65)%
Softs	0.13%
Stock indices	(3.34)%

Total	(15.00)%

APRIL 1, 2004 TO JUNE 30, 2004

The Partnership's net asset value fell sharply during the quarter. Trend reversals followed by non-directional and volatile range-trading characterized a broad spread of markets during the period. As a result sizable losses were sustained in five of the six sectors in the portfolio: interest rates, currencies, stock indices, and agricultural commodities. Energy was moderately profitable for the quarter, but even there an uptrend seemed to peter out near the end of the quarter.

Surprisingly strong U.S. employment reports beginning in April, and official moves in China to slow its booming economy caused abrupt price trend reversals in most of the markets comprising the Partnership's portfolio. For example, as the quarter began, the Partnership held long positions across a broad range of US and European interest rate futures. These positions had been quite profitable in prior weeks and reflected declining interest rate trends that were in large measure a response to the so-called "jobless recovery" in the U.S. However, in the wake of strong employment data, interest rates rose sharply worldwide and bond market sentiment seemed to turn negative on a dime. As a result, the Partnership sustained sizable losses on its long bond futures positions. Thereafter, interest rates vacillated and failed to sustain a trend.

At the start of the period, the Partnership also held long positions in a number of Asian currencies including, the yen, Korean won and Singapore dollar. Long commodity currency positions (Australian dollar, New Zealand dollar, and South African rand) were also held by the Partnership. Market participants, intuiting that any slowdown in Chinese growth would be negative for Asia and for industrial commodities, sold the Asian and commodity currencies, producing declines. Once again, subsequent trading in the quarter was largely non-directional. Gold and copper prices, which were trending upward early in the year, fell markedly due to the altered growth prospects in China and a strengthening US currency, resulting in losses from long positions.

Stock markets were also unsettled by the changing prospects for growth, interest rates and monetary policies throughout the world. Hence, trading in German, U.S., and Hong Kong index futures resulted in losses.

An upward trend in energy prices led to gains from long positions in unleaded gasoline, London gas oil, crude oil, and heating oil. Natural gas, on the other hand, was quite volatile and produced a loss for the quarter.

Finally, with volatility in corn prices, losses were registered on both long and short positions in corn.

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JANUARY 1, 2004 TO MARCH 31, 2004

A large profit derived from trading interest rate futures combined with small gains from stock index, energy, metals and agricultural commodity futures trading more than outweighed a sizable loss that was produced trading in foreign exchange markets.

Long positions in U.S., European and Japanese interest rate futures were profitable as questions about the strength and sustainability of U.S. growth, given the lack of employment expansion, speculation about a possible European Central Bank rate cut to spur lagging economic activity, and persistent purchases of U.S. treasuries by Asian Central Banks following massive foreign exchange intervention pushed rates lower across the maturity spectrum.

Low interest rates and an improving economic environment provided some lift to Japanese stock markets, and long positions in the NIKKEI and TOPIX index futures were profitable. On the other hand, political uncertainties in Hong Kong and growth concerns in Germany produced marginal losses on stock futures trades for those two countries.

In the energy sector, a long position in unleaded gasoline and a long position in crude oil were marginally profitable, while long heating oil, London gas oil and natural gas positions generated small losses.

A long copper position, benefiting from the China inspired global demand for base metals, was profitable, while a long gold position lost marginally. Increased worldwide demand for grains led to rising corn prices and a gain on a long corn position.

On the other hand, trading of foreign exchange rates, which were volatile but non-directional for much of the period, generated sizable losses. Hence, aside from modest gains from long positions in commodity currencies (Australian and New Zealand dollars), a long sterling position relative to the Euro, and a long Euro trade against the Norwegian Krone, losses on the Partnership's currency positions were widespread.

APRIL 1, 2003 TO JUNE 30, 2003

Trading of interest rate futures, currency forwards and equity futures was profitable, while trading of non-financial futures (energy, metals, and agricultural commodities) produced modest losses.

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Medium-term and long-term interest rates in Europe, the U.S. and Japan resumed their decline during April and May. Hence, long positions in 5-year, 10-year and 30-year interest rate futures contracts for U.S., European and Japanese instruments were very profitable. By mid-June, however, amid signs of nascent growth, interest rates started to rise significantly and there were some losses sustained on these same positions, which were subsequently reversed to short futures contract positions.

A similar pattern of profits in April and May followed by losses in June was exhibited in the currency sector. Short U.S. dollar positions against the euro, other European currencies, the Australian, New Zealand and Singapore dollars, and the South African rand produced sizable gains early in the quarter. Later, however, as the U.S. dollar rebounded against the European bloc of currencies, there were losses on many of these short foreign dollar positions, although the short dollar positions versus the Aussie, New Zealand, South African and Singapore currencies were still fractionally profitable. Meanwhile, the U.S. dollar/yen exchange rate was quite volatile and losses were registered on both long and short dollar positions throughout the quarter. Finally, long euro

positions vis-a-vis the yen, Norwegian krone, and pound sterling, and a long sterling position relative to the yen were profitable.

Trading of stock index futures was fractionally positive. Long positions in German, Japanese, and the Nasdaq stock indices were profitable, while a short S&P index trade was somewhat unprofitable.

An up-trend in natural gas prices reversed and spiked sharply downward in June, resulting in a marked loss on a long position. Trading elsewhere in the energy sector had a slight negative impact on performance.

In the agricultural sector, corn futures prices were quite volatile and, hence, losses were experienced on both long and short positions. Trading of other soft and agricultural commodities was slightly negative for performance.

Long gold and copper positions generated a small quarterly loss.

JANUARY 1, 2003 TO MARCH 31, 2003

A number of well-defined trends, especially in the energy and interest rate sectors, persisted during the first two months of the year and generated profits. However, as war with Iraq approached in early March, these trends halted and reversed abruptly, producing losses that offset the quarter's earlier gains. On balance for the period, profits from trading energy and interest rate futures were offset by the losses sustained from trading currency and stock index futures, and to a lesser extent by losses from metal and agricultural commodities trading.

For example, crude oil prices, which climbed from \$24 a barrel in early November 2002 to nearly \$40 per barrel early in 2003, plunged back to under \$28 a barrel in only a few days. Consequently, long crude oil positions were profitable in January and February, but lost money in March. Similar results were experienced in trading other energy contracts.

Interest rates, which had been declining broadly for over a year, spiked higher in a flurry of pre-war activity. As a result, long German and U.S. interest rate futures positions produced losses in March after having been profitable in the first two months of the quarter.

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A weakening U.S. dollar trend that had been evident since late October 2002 also reversed abruptly during the quarter and was followed by non-directional whipsaw price activity, especially for the Japanese yen. Hence, losses from trading the Asian currencies outweighed gains from long positions in the European currencies and non-dollar cross rate trading.

Stock markets were unsettled and trading of U.S., Japanese and Hong Kong equity futures resulted in a loss. Trading of metal and agricultural commodity futures was unprofitable.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Value at Risk is a measure of the maximum amount which the Partnership could reasonably be expected to lose in a given market sector. However, the inherent uncertainty of the Partnership's speculative trading and the occurrence in the markets traded by the Partnership of market movements far exceeding expectations could result in actual trading or non-trading losses far beyond that indicated or the Partnership's experience to date (i.e., "risk of ruin"). In light of the foregoing as well as the risks and uncertainties intrinsic to all future projections, the inclusion of the quantifications included in this section should not be considered to constitute any assurance or representation that the Partnership's losses in any market sector will be limited to Value at Risk or by the Partnership's attempts to manage its market risk.

Materiality, as used in this section "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," is based on an assessment of reasonably possible market movements and the potential losses caused by such movements, taking into account

the leverage, optionality and multiplier features of the Partnership's market sensitive instruments.

Quantifying the Partnership's Trading Value at Risk

Quantitative Forward-Looking Statements

The following quantitative disclosures regarding the Partnership's market risk exposures contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor from civil liability provided for such statements by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (set forth in Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). All quantitative disclosures in this section are deemed to be forward-looking statements for purposes of the safe harbor, except for statements of historical fact.

The Partnership's risk exposure in the various market sectors traded by the General Partner is quantified below in terms of Value at Risk. Due to the Partnership's mark-to-market accounting, any loss in the fair value of the Partnership's open positions is directly reflected in the Partnership's earnings (realized or unrealized) and cash flow (at least in the case of exchange-traded contracts in which profits and losses on open positions are settled daily through variation margin).

Exchange maintenance margin requirements have been used by the Partnership as the measure of its Value at Risk. Maintenance margin requirements are set by exchanges to equal or exceed 95-99% of the maximum one-day losses in the fair value of any given contract incurred during the time period over which historical price fluctuations are researched for purposes of establishing margin levels. The maintenance margin levels are established by dealers and exchanges using historical price studies as well as an assessment of current market volatility (including the implied volatility of the options on a given futures contract) and economic fundamentals to provide a probabilistic estimate of the maximum expected near-term one-day price fluctuation.

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In the case of market sensitive instruments which are not exchange traded (almost exclusively currencies in the case of the Partnership), dealers' margins have been used as Value at Risk.

The fair value of the Partnership's futures and forward positions does not have any optionality component. However, the General Partner may also trade commodity options on behalf of the Partnership. The Value at Risk associated with options would be reflected in the margin requirement attributable to the instrument underlying each option.

In quantifying the Partnership's Value at Risk, 100% positive correlation in the different positions held in each market risk category has been assumed. Consequently, the margin requirements applicable to the open contracts have simply been aggregated to determine each trading category's aggregate Value at Risk. The diversification effects resulting from the fact that the Partnership's positions are rarely, if ever, 100% positively correlated have not been reflected.

In the case of contracts denominated in foreign currencies, the Value at Risk figures include foreign margin amounts converted into U.S. Dollars.

THE PARTNERSHIP'S TRADING VALUE AT RISK IN DIFFERENT MARKET SECTORS

The following table indicates the average, highest and lowest amounts of trading Value at Risk associated with the Partnership's open positions by market category for each quarter-end during the period ended June 30, 2004. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Partnership's average total capitalization was approximately \$212,121,383.

Average Value	% of Average	Highest Value	Lowest Value
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Market Sector	at Risk	Capitalization	at Risk	at Risk
Interest rates	\$ 6.8	3.2%	\$ 8.4	\$ 5.2
currencies	33.0	15.6%	37.3	28.7
Stock indices	5.6	2.6%	6.4	4.8
Metals	1.0	0.5%	1.0	1.0
Softs	0.4	0.2%	0.4	0.3
Energies	1.7	0.8%	2.5	0.9
Total	\$48.5	22.9%		

Average, highest and lowest Value at Risk amounts relate to the quarter-end amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Average capitalization is the average of the Partnership's capitalization at the end of each of the six months ended June 30, 2004. Dollar amounts represent million of dollars.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of the Partnership, with the participation of the General Partner's Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures with respect to the Partnership as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, and, based on their evaluation, have concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There were no significant changes in the General Partner's internal controls with respect to the Partnership or in other factors applicable to the Partnership that could materially affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings - None

ITEM 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

(e) Pursuant to the Partnership's Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership, investors may withdraw their capital at the end of each calendar month at the then current month-end Net Asset Value. The redemption of Interests has no impact on the value of Interests that remain outstanding, and Interests are not reissued once redeemed.

AMOUNT REDEEMED

April 30, 2004	\$ (1,822,022)	\$ (10,781,948)
May 31, 2004	(6,464,525)	(273,190)
June 30, 2004	(3,937,228)	(366,252)
TOTAL	\$ (12,223,775)	\$ (11,421,390)

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities - None

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders - None

ITEM 5. Other Information - None

ITEM 6. (a) Exhibits -

The following exhibits are incorporated by reference from the exhibit of the same number and description filed with the Partnership's Registration Statement (file # 000-50725) filed on April 29, 2004 on Form 10 under the Securities Act of 1934 which became effective June 28, 2004.

- 3.01 Amended and Restated Certificate of Limited Partnership of Nestor Partners
- 3.02 Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Nestor Partners
- 10.01 Acknowledgement of Separate Risk Disclosure Statements and Customer Agreement between Merrill Lynch Futures Inc. and Nestor Partners

- 10.02 Customer Agreement between Warburg Dillon Reed LLC and Nestor Partners
- 10.03 Futures and Options Agreement for Institutional Customers between Deutsche Morgan Grenfell Inc. and Nestor Partners
- 10.04 Form of Selling Agreement

The following exhibits are included herewith:

- 31.01 Rule 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer
- 31.02 Rule 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer
- 31.03 Rule 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
- 32.01 Section 1350 Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer
- 32.02 Section 1350 Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer
- 32.03 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

(b) Reports on Form 8-K - None

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

By: Millburn Ridgfield Corporation,
General Partner

Date: August 12, 2004

/s/Tod A. Tanis

Tod A. Tanis
Vice-President
(principal accounting officer)

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EXHIBIT 31.01 RULE 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a)
CERTIFICATION OF CO-CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, George E. Crapple, Co-Chief Executive Officer of Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of Nestor Partners (the "Partnership"), certify that:

I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Nestor Partners;

Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and Partnership capital of the Partnership as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

The Partnership's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Partnership and have:

(a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Partnership, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) disclosed in this report any change in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Partnership's most recent fiscal quarter (the Partnership's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting; and

The Partnership's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our

most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Partnership's auditors and the audit committee of the Partnership's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Partnership's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ George E. Crapple

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George E. Crapple
Co-Chief Executive Officer
August 12, 2004

EXHIBIT 31.02 RULE 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a)
CERTIFICATION OF CO-CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Harvey Beker, Co-Chief Executive Officer of Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of Nestor Partners (the "Partnership"), certify that:

I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Nestor Partners;

Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and Partnership capital of the Partnership as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

The Partnership's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Partnership and have:

(a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Partnership, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) disclosed in this report any change in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Partnership's most recent fiscal quarter (the Partnership's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting; and

The Partnership's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our

most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Partnership's auditors and the audit committee of the Partnership's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Partnership's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Harvey Beker

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Harvey Beker
Co-Chief Executive Officer
August 12, 2004

EXHIBIT 31.03 RULE 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a)
CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Gregg Buckbinder, Chief Financial Officer of Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of Nestor Partners (the "Partnership"), certify that:

I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Nestor Partners;

Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and Partnership capital of the Partnership as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

The Partnership's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Partnership and have:

(a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Partnership, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) disclosed in this report any change in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Partnership's most recent fiscal quarter (the Partnership's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting; and

The Partnership's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the

Partnership's auditors and the audit committee of the Partnership's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Partnership's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Gregg Buckbinder

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Gregg Buckbinder
Chief Financial Officer
August 12, 2004

Exhibit 32.01

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350 OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 OF
THE UNITED STATES CODE

I, Harvey Beker, the Co-Chief Executive Officer of Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of Nestor Partners (the "Partnership"), certify that (i) the Quarterly Report of the Partnership on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2004 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in such Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/ Harvey Beker

Harvey Beker
Co-Chief Executive Officer
August 12, 2004

Exhibit 32.02

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350 OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 OF
THE UNITED STATES CODE

I, George E. Crapple, the Co-Chief Executive Officer of Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of Nestor Partners (the Partnership"), certify that (i) the Quarterly Report of the Partnership on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2004 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in such Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

Date:
August 12, 2004

/s/ George E. Crapple

George E. Crapple
Co-Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 32.03

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 1350 OF CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18 OF
THE UNITED STATES CODE

I, Gregg Buckbinder, the Chief Operating Officer and principal financial officer of Millburn Ridgefield Corporation, the General Partner of Nestor Partners (the "Partnership"), certify that (i) the Quarterly Report of the Partnership on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2004 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) the information contained in such Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Partnership.

/s/ Gregg Buckbinder

Gregg Buckbinder
Chief Operating Officer
August 12, 2004