

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 487

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FT 3232

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Mailing Address
C/O FIRST TRUST
PORTFOLIOS L.P.
120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE,
SUITE 400
WHEATON IL 60187

Business Address
C/O FIRST TRUST
PORTFOLIOS L.P.
120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE,
SUITE 400
WHEATON IL 60187
630 765 8000

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 2 to Form S-6

FOR REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OF SECURITIES
OF UNIT INVESTMENT TRUSTS REGISTERED ON FORM N-8B-2

A. Exact name of trust:

FT 3232

B. Name of depositor:

FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.

C. Complete address of depositor's principal executive offices:

120 East Liberty Drive
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

D. Name and complete address of agents for service:

	Copy to:
JAMES A. BOWEN	ERIC F. FESS
c/o First Trust Portfolios L.P.	c/o Chapman and Cutler LLP
120 East Liberty Drive	111 West Monroe Street
Wheaton, Illinois 60187	Chicago, Illinois 60603

E. Title of Securities Being Registered:

An indefinite number of Units pursuant to Rule 24f-2
promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as
amended

F. Approximate date of proposed sale to public:

As soon as practicable after the effective date of the
Registration Statement.

Check box if it is proposed that this filing will become
effective on November 7, 2011 at 2:00 p.m. pursuant to Rule 487.

Greater China Portfolio, Series 28

FT 3232

FT 3232 is a series of a unit investment trust, the FT Series. FT 3232 consists of a single portfolio known as Greater China Portfolio, Series 28 (the "Trust"). The Trust invests in a diversified portfolio of common stocks ("Securities") of companies the majority of which are headquartered or incorporated in China and Hong Kong. The Trust seeks above-average capital appreciation.

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION HAS NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

FIRST TRUST (R)

1-800-621-1675

The date of this prospectus is November 7, 2011

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Summary of Essential Information
Greater China Portfolio, Series 28
FT 3232

At the Opening of Business on the Initial Date of Deposit—November 7, 2011

Sponsor: First Trust Portfolios L.P.
Trustee: The Bank of New York Mellon
FTPS Unit Servicing Agent: FTP Services LLC
Evaluator: First Trust Advisors L.P.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

<S>	<C>
Initial Number of Units (1)	17,463
Fractional Undivided Interest in the Trust per Unit (1)	1/17,463
Public Offering Price:	
Public Offering Price per Unit (2)	\$ 10.000
Less Initial Sales Charge per Unit (3)	(.100)

Aggregate Offering Price Evaluation of Securities per Unit (4)	9.900
Less Deferred Sales Charge per Unit (3)	(.245)

Redemption Price per Unit (5)	9.655
Less Creation and Development Fee per Unit (3) (5)	(.050)
Less Organization Costs per Unit (5)	(.029)

Net Asset Value per Unit	\$ 9.576
	=====
Estimated Net Annual Distribution per Unit (6)	\$.2089
Cash CUSIP Number	30278R 250
Reinvestment CUSIP Number	30278R 268
Fee Accounts Cash CUSIP Number	30278R 276
Fee Accounts Reinvestment CUSIP Number	30278R 284
FTPS CUSIP Number	30278R 292
Security Code	074869
Ticker Symbol	FCNRVX

</TABLE>

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<CAPTION>

<S>	<C>
First Settlement Date	November 10, 2011
Mandatory Termination Date (7)	November 7, 2013
Income Distribution Record Date	Tenth day of each June and December, commencing December 10, 2011.
Income Distribution Date (6)	Twenty-fifth day of each June and December, commencing December 25, 2011.

<FN>

(1) As of the Evaluation Time on November 8, 2011, we may adjust the number of Units of the Trust so that the Public Offering Price per Unit will equal approximately \$10.00. If we make such an adjustment, the fractional undivided interest per Unit will vary from the amount

indicated above.

(2) The Public Offering Price shown above reflects the value of the Securities on the business day prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. No investor will purchase Units at this price. The price you pay for your Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units. On the Initial Date of Deposit, the Public Offering Price per Unit will not include any accumulated dividends on the Securities. After this date, a pro rata share of any accumulated dividends on the Securities will be included.

(3) You will pay a maximum sales charge of 3.95% of the Public Offering Price per Unit (equivalent to 3.99% of the net amount invested) which consists of an initial sales charge, a deferred sales charge and a creation and development fee. The sales charges are described in the "Fee Table."

(4) Each listed Security is valued at its last closing sale price on the relevant stock exchange at the Evaluation Time on the business day prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. If a Security is not listed, or if no closing sale price exists, it is generally valued at its closing ask price on such date. See "Public Offering-The Value of the Securities." The value of foreign Securities trading in non-U.S. currencies is determined by converting the value of such Securities to their U.S. dollar equivalent based on the currency exchange rate for the currency in which a Security is generally denominated at the Evaluation Time on the business day prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. Evaluations for purposes of determining the purchase, sale or redemption price of Units are made as of 9:00 a.m. Eastern time on each day on which the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open (the "Evaluation Time").

(5) The creation and development fee will be deducted from the assets of the Trust at the end of the initial offering period and the estimated organization costs per Unit will be deducted from the assets of the Trust at the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period. If Units are redeemed prior to any such reduction, these fees will not be deducted from the redemption proceeds. See "Redeeming Your Units."

(6) The estimated net annual distribution for subsequent years, \$.2067 per Unit, is expected to be less than that set forth above for the first year because a portion of the Securities included in the Trust will be sold during the first year to pay for organization costs, the deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. We base our estimate of the dividends the Trust will receive from the Securities by annualizing the most recent dividends declared by the issuers of the Securities (such figure adjusted to reflect any change in dividend policy announced subsequent to the most recently declared dividend). There is no guarantee that the issuers of the Securities will declare dividends in the future or that if declared they will either remain at current levels or increase over time. Due to this, and various other factors, actual dividends received from the Securities may be less than their most recent annualized dividends. In this case, the actual net annual distribution you receive will be less than the estimated amount set forth above. The actual net annual distribution per Unit you receive will also vary from that set forth above with changes in the Trust's fees and expenses, currency exchange rates, foreign withholding and with the sale of Securities. See "Fee Table" and "Expenses and Charges." The Trustee will distribute money from the Income and Capital Accounts, as determined at the semi-annual Record Date, semi-annually on the twenty-fifth day of each June and December to Unit holders of record on the tenth day of such months. However, the Trustee will only distribute money in the Capital Account if the amount available for distribution from that account equals at least \$1.00 per 100 Units. In any case, the Trustee will distribute any funds in the Capital Account in December of each year and as part of the final liquidation distribution. See "Income and Capital Distributions."

(7) See "Amending or Terminating the Indenture."

</FN>
</TABLE>

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Fee Table

This Fee Table describes the fees and expenses that you may, directly or indirectly, pay if you buy and hold Units of the Trust. See "Public Offering" and "Expenses and Charges." Although the Trust has a term of approximately two years and is a unit investment trust rather than a mutual fund, this information allows you to compare fees.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

		Amount per Unit
<S>	<C>	<C>
Unit Holder Sales Fees (as a percentage of public offering price)		
Maximum Sales Charge		
Initial sales charge	1.00% (a)	\$.100
Deferred sales charge	2.45% (b)	\$.245
Creation and development fee	0.50% (c)	\$.050
Maximum sales charge (including creation and development fee)	3.95%	\$.395
	=====	=====
Organization Costs (as a percentage of public offering price)		
Estimated organization costs	.290% (d)	\$.0290
	=====	=====
Estimated Annual Trust Operating Expenses (e) (as a percentage of average net assets)		
Portfolio supervision, bookkeeping, administrative, evaluation and FTPS Unit servicing fees	.081%	\$.0080
Trustee's fee and other operating expenses	.530% (f)	\$.0525
Total	.611%	\$.0605
	=====	=====

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Trust with the cost of investing in other investment products. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Trust for the periods shown. The example also assumes a 5% return on your investment each year and that the Trust's operating expenses stay the same. The example does not take into consideration transaction fees which may be charged by certain broker/dealers for processing redemption requests. Although your actual costs may vary, based on these assumptions your costs, assuming you sell or redeem your Units at the end of each period, would be:

1 Year	2 Years
\$485	\$546

The example will not differ if you hold rather than sell your Units at the end of each period.

<FN>

(a) The combination of the initial and deferred sales charge comprises what we refer to as the "transactional sales charge." The initial sales charge is actually equal to the difference between the maximum sales charge of 3.95% and the sum of any remaining deferred sales charge and creation and development fee.

(b) The deferred sales charge is a fixed dollar amount equal to \$.245 per Unit which, as a percentage of the Public Offering Price, will vary over time. The deferred sales charge will be deducted in three monthly installments commencing February 17, 2012.

(c) The creation and development fee compensates the Sponsor for creating and developing the Trust. The creation and development fee is a charge of \$.050 per Unit collected at the end of the initial offering period, which is expected to be approximately three months from the Initial Date of Deposit. If the price you pay for your Units exceeds \$10 per Unit, the creation and development fee will be less than 0.50%; if the price you pay for your Units is less than \$10 per Unit, the creation and development fee will exceed 0.50%.

(d) Estimated organization costs will be deducted from the assets of the Trust at the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period. Estimated organization costs are assessed on a fixed dollar amount per Unit basis which, as a percentage of average net assets, will vary over time.

(e) Each of the fees listed herein is assessed on a fixed dollar amount per Unit basis which, as a percentage of average net assets, will vary over time.

(f) Other operating expenses for the Trust do not include brokerage costs and other portfolio transaction fees for the Trust. In certain circumstances the Trust may incur additional expenses not set forth above. See "Expenses and Charges."

</FN>

</TABLE>

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Report of Independent
Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Sponsor, First Trust Portfolios L.P., and Unit Holders

FT 3232

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets, including the schedule of investments, of FT 3232, comprising Greater China Portfolio, Series 28 (the "Trust"), as of the opening of business on November 7, 2011 (the Initial Date of Deposit). This statement of net assets is the responsibility of the Trust's Sponsor. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement of net assets based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of net assets is free of material misstatement. The Trust is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of net assets, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Trust's Sponsor, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of net assets. Our procedures included confirmation of the irrevocable letter of credit held by The Bank of New York Mellon, the Trustee, and deposited in the Trust for the purchase of Securities, as shown in the statement of net assets, as of November 7, 2011, by correspondence with the Trustee. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of net assets referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FT 3232, comprising Greater China Portfolio, Series 28, as of the opening of business on November 7, 2011 (the Initial Date of Deposit), in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chicago, Illinois
November 7, 2011

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Statement of Net Assets

Greater China Portfolio, Series 28
FT 3232

At the Opening of Business on the
Initial Date of Deposit-November 7, 2011

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

NET ASSETS

<S>	<C>
Investment in Securities represented by purchase contracts (1) (2)	\$172,884
Less liability for reimbursement to Sponsor for organization costs (3)	(506)
Less liability for deferred sales charge (4)	(4,278)
Less liability for creation and development fee (5)	(873)
Net assets	<u>\$167,227</u> =====
Units outstanding	17,463

Net asset value per Unit (6)

\$9.576

ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS

Cost to investors (7)	\$174,631
Less maximum sales charge (7)	(6,898)
Less estimated reimbursement to Sponsor for organization costs (3)	(506)
Net assets	<u>\$167,227</u> =====

<FN>

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The Sponsor is responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States which require the Sponsor to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported herein. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(1) The Trust invests in a diversified portfolio of common stocks of companies the majority of which are headquartered or incorporated in China and Hong Kong. Aggregate cost of the Securities listed under "Schedule of Investments" is based on their aggregate underlying value. The Trust has a Mandatory Termination Date of November 7, 2013.

(2) An irrevocable letter of credit issued by The Bank of New York Mellon, of which approximately \$200,000 has been allocated to the Trust, has been deposited with the Trustee as collateral, covering the monies necessary for the purchase of the Securities according to their purchase contracts.

(3) A portion of the Public Offering Price consists of an amount sufficient to reimburse the Sponsor for all or a portion of the costs of establishing the Trust. These costs have been estimated at \$.0290 per Unit. A payment will be made at the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period to an account maintained by the Trustee from which the obligation of the investors to the Sponsor will be satisfied. To the extent that actual organization costs of the Trust are greater than the estimated amount, only the estimated organization costs added to the Public Offering Price will be reimbursed to the Sponsor and deducted from the assets of the Trust.

(4) Represents the amount of mandatory deferred sales charge distributions of \$.245 per Unit, payable to the Sponsor in three approximately equal monthly installments beginning on February 17, 2012 and on the twentieth day of each month thereafter (or if such date is not a business day, on the preceding business day) through April 20, 2012. If Unit holders redeem Units before April 20, 2012, they will have to pay the remaining amount of the deferred sales charge applicable to such Units when they redeem them.

(5) The creation and development fee (\$.050 per Unit) is payable by the Trust on behalf of Unit holders out of assets of the Trust at the end of the initial offering period. If Units are redeemed prior to the close of the initial offering period, the fee will not be deducted from the proceeds.

(6) Net asset value per Unit is calculated by dividing the Trust's net assets by the number of Units outstanding. This figure includes organization costs and the creation and development fee, which will only be assessed to Units outstanding at the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period in the case of organization costs or the close of the initial offering period in the case of the creation and development fee.

(7) The aggregate cost to investors in the Trust includes a maximum sales charge (comprised of an initial and a deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee) computed at the rate of 3.95% of the Public Offering Price (equivalent to 3.99% of the net amount invested, exclusive of the deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee), assuming no reduction of the maximum sales charge as set forth under "Public Offering."

</FN>

</TABLE>

At the Opening of Business on the Initial Date of Deposit-November 7, 2011

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Ticker Symbol and Name of Issuer of Securities (1) (3) #	Percentage of Aggregate Offering Price	Number of Shares	Market Value per Share	Cost of Securities to the Trust (2)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
COMMON STOCKS (100.00%):				
Consumer Discretionary (16.66%):				
489 HK Dongfeng Motor Group Company Ltd. (Class H)	3.33%	3,481	\$ 1.66	\$ 5,762
2333 HK Great Wall Motor Company Limited (Class H)	3.34%	3,731	1.54	5,763
880 HK SJM Holdings Limited	3.33%	2,957	1.95	5,763
1128 HK Wynn Macau, Limited *	3.33%	1,938	2.97	5,763
868 HK Xinyi Glass Holdings Ltd.	3.33%	9,137	0.63	5,763
Consumer Staples (3.33%):				
829 HK Shenguan Holdings Group Ltd.	3.33%	10,198	0.57	5,763
Energy (16.67%):				
386 HK China Petroleum and Chemical Corporation (Sinopec)	3.33%	5,652	1.02	5,762
1088 HK China Shenhua Energy Company Limited	3.33%	1,223	4.71	5,762
883 HK CNOOC Limited	3.34%	2,934	1.96	5,763
857 HK PetroChina Company Limited (Class H)	3.33%	4,459	1.29	5,763
1171 HK Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited	3.34%	2,163	2.66	5,763
Financials (19.98%):				
1288 HK Agricultural Bank of China (Class H)	3.33%	12,436	0.46	5,763
3988 HK Bank of China Ltd.	3.33%	16,219	0.36	5,763
939 HK China Construction Bank	3.33%	7,692	0.75	5,763
1988 HK China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. (Class H)	3.33%	6,742	0.85	5,762
1398 HK Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Ltd.	3.33%	8,990	0.64	5,763
2328 HK PICC Property & Casualty Company Ltd. (H Shares)	3.33%	3,969	1.45	5,763
Industrials (6.66%):				
3339 HK Lonking Holdings Ltd.	3.33%	14,303	0.40	5,763
2338 HK Weichai Power Co., Ltd. (H Shares)	3.33%	1,041	5.54	5,762
Information Technology (10.00%):				
861 HK Digital China Holdings Ltd.	3.33%	3,768	1.53	5,762
148 HK Kingboard Chemical Holdings Limited	3.33%	1,655	3.48	5,763
700 HK Tencent Holdings Limited	3.34%	246	23.43	5,763
Materials (16.69%):				
914 HK Anhui Conch Cement Company Limited (Class H)	3.34%	1,560	3.69	5,763
2009 HK BBMG Corporation (Class H)	3.33%	6,460	0.89	5,763
3983 HK China Bluechemical Ltd.	3.34%	6,930	0.83	5,763
3323 HK China National Building Material Company Ltd. (Class H)	3.34%	4,192	1.37	5,763
358 HK Jiangxi Copper Company Ltd. (Class H)	3.34%	2,303	2.50	5,763

</TABLE>

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Schedule of Investments (cont'd.)

Greater China Portfolio, Series 28
FT 3232

At the Opening of Business on the
Initial Date of Deposit-November 7, 2011

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Ticker Symbol and Name of Issuer of Securities (1) (3) #	Percentage of Aggregate Offering Price	Number of Shares	Market Value per Share	Cost of Securities to the Trust (2)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Telecommunication Services (6.68%):				
941 HK China Mobile (Hong Kong) Limited	3.34%	595	\$ 9.69	\$ 5,763
728 HK China Telecom Corporation Limited (Class H)	3.34%	9,406	0.61	5,763
Utilities (3.33%):				
270 HK Guangdong Investment Limited	3.33%	9,464	0.61	5,763
Total Investments	100.00%			\$172,884
	=====			=====

<FN>

(1) All Securities are represented by regular way contracts to purchase such Securities which are backed by an irrevocable letter of credit deposited with the Trustee. The Sponsor entered into purchase contracts for the Securities on November 7, 2011. Such purchase contracts are expected to settle within three business days.

(2) The cost of the Securities to the Trust represents the aggregate underlying value with respect to the Securities acquired—generally determined by the closing sale prices of the Securities on the applicable exchange (where applicable, converted into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate at the Evaluation Time) at the Evaluation Time on the business day prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. The Evaluator, at its discretion, may make adjustments to the prices of Securities held by the Trust if an event occurs after the close of the market on which a Security normally trades but before the Evaluation Time, depending on the nature and significance of the event, consistent with applicable regulatory guidance relating to fair value pricing. The valuation of the Securities has been determined by the Evaluator, an affiliate of the Sponsor. In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," the Trust's investments are classified as Level 1, which refers to securities traded in an active market. The cost of the Securities to the Sponsor and the Sponsor's loss (which is the difference between the cost of the Securities to the Sponsor and the cost of the Securities to the Trust) are \$174,179 and \$1,295, respectively.

(3) Securities of companies headquartered or incorporated in The Peoples' Republic of China ("China"), the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") and the Macau Special Administrative Region ("Macau") comprise 70.01%, 26.66% and 3.33% of the investments of the Trust, respectively.

These Securities represent the common stocks of foreign companies which trade directly on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Amounts may not compute due to rounding.

* This security is a non-income producing security.

</FN>

</TABLE>

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The FT Series

The FT Series Defined.

We, First Trust Portfolios L.P. (the "Sponsor"), have created hundreds of similar yet separate series of a unit investment trust which we have named the FT Series. The series to which this prospectus relates, FT 3232, consists of a single portfolio known as Greater China Portfolio, Series 28.

The Trust was created under the laws of the State of New York by a Trust Agreement (the "Indenture") dated the Initial Date of Deposit. This agreement, entered into among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Sponsor, The Bank of New York Mellon as Trustee, FTP Services LLC ("FTPS") as FTPS Unit Servicing Agent and First Trust Advisors L.P. as Portfolio Supervisor and Evaluator, governs the operation of the Trust.

YOU MAY GET MORE SPECIFIC DETAILS CONCERNING THE NATURE, STRUCTURE AND RISKS OF THIS PRODUCT IN AN "INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT" BY CALLING THE SPONSOR AT 1-800-621-1675, EXT. 1.

How We Created the Trust.

On the Initial Date of Deposit, we deposited a portfolio of common stocks with the Trustee and, in turn, the Trustee delivered documents to us representing our ownership of the Trust in the form of units ("Units").

After the Initial Date of Deposit, we may deposit additional Securities in the Trust, or cash (including a letter of credit or the equivalent) with instructions to buy more Securities, to create new Units for sale. If we create additional Units, we will attempt, to the extent practicable, to maintain the percentage relationship established among the Securities on the Initial Date of Deposit (as set forth in "Schedule of Investments"), adjusted to reflect the sale, redemption or liquidation of any of the Securities or any stock split or a merger or other similar event affecting the issuer of the Securities.

Since the prices of the Securities will fluctuate daily, the ratio of Securities in the Trust, on a market value basis, will also change daily. The portion of Securities represented by each Unit will not change as a result of the deposit of additional Securities or cash in the Trust. If we deposit cash, you and new investors may experience a dilution of your investment. This is because prices of Securities will fluctuate between the time of the cash deposit and the purchase of the Securities, and because the Trust pays the associated brokerage fees. To reduce this dilution, the Trust will try to buy the Securities as close to the Evaluation Time and as close to the evaluation price as possible. In addition, because the Trust pays the brokerage fees associated with the creation of new Units and with the sale of Securities to meet redemption and exchange requests, frequent redemption and exchange activity will likely result in higher brokerage expenses.

An affiliate of the Trustee may receive these brokerage fees or the Trustee may retain and pay us (or our affiliate) to act as agent for the Trust to buy Securities. If we or an affiliate of ours act as agent to the Trust, we will be subject to the restrictions under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

We cannot guarantee that the Trust will keep its present size and composition for any length of time. Securities may be periodically sold under certain circumstances to satisfy Trust obligations, to meet redemption requests and, as described in "Removing Securities from the Trust," to maintain the sound investment character of the Trust, and the proceeds received by the Trust will be used to meet Trust obligations or distributed to Unit holders, but will not be reinvested. However, Securities will not be sold to take advantage of market fluctuations or changes in anticipated rates of appreciation or depreciation, or if they no longer meet the criteria by which they were selected. You will not be able to dispose of or vote any of the Securities in the Trust. As the holder of the Securities, the Trustee will vote the Securities and will endeavor to vote the Securities such that the Securities are voted as closely as possible in the same manner and the same general proportion as are the Securities held by owners other than such Trust.

Neither we nor the Trustee will be liable for a failure in any of the Securities. However, if a contract for the purchase of any of the Securities initially deposited in the Trust fails, unless we can purchase substitute Securities ("Replacement Securities") we will refund to you that portion of the purchase price and transactional sales charge resulting from the failed contract on the next Income Distribution Date. Any Replacement Security the Trust acquires will be identical to those from the failed contract.

Portfolio

Objective.

The Trust invests in a diversified portfolio of common stocks of companies the majority of which are headquartered or incorporated in China and Hong Kong. The Trust seeks above-average capital appreciation.

China on the Move.

China's economic development has been extraordinarily rapid. China, a member of the World Trade Organization, continues to open up the country to free markets and privately owned businesses, accompanied by an increased inflow of foreign investments. Already the world's dominant

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manufacturer of textiles, shoes and toys, China is also gaining swiftly in the production of computer components, telecommunications devices, and other electronic goods that have generally been a mainstay of growth in many other economies. Since 2009 China boasts the world's largest auto market. It is also the world's biggest exporter, according to Bloomberg.

According to a report from Internet World Stats, China is the world's top Internet market with 485 million users as of June 2011-more than the entire U.S. population. The country continues to invest in projects that extend and improve its infrastructure, like new highways, power plants and phone networks that we believe will help to encourage further growth in the future while increasing demand for basics such as energy and transportation services.

Measured on a purchasing power parity basis (PPP), China is the second-largest economy in the world after the United States, although in per capita terms the country is still lower middle-income. PPP is used to equalize the purchasing power of different currencies in order to

compare the standards of living of two or more countries. According to a poll conducted on behalf of the BBC, in 2026, China is expected to be the largest economy in the world. GDP growth is projected to be 9.5% in 2011 and 9.0% in 2012. [International Monetary Fund]

Hong Kong.

Hong Kong returned to Chinese ownership in July of 1997 as a Special Administrative Region. Hong Kong is the second largest recipient of foreign direct investment in Asia, and is gaining strength as an international financial and high value-added services center. Today Hong Kong boasts some of the world's busiest ports and is considered one of the largest banking and trading centers in the world.

Based on the composition of the portfolio on the Initial Date of Deposit, the Trust is considered to be a Large-Cap Blend Trust.

From time to time in the prospectus or in marketing materials we may identify a portfolio's style and capitalization characteristics to describe a trust. These characteristics are designed to help you better understand how the Trust fits into your overall investment plan. These characteristics are determined by the Sponsor as of the Initial Date of Deposit and, due to changes in the value of the Securities, may vary thereafter. In addition, from time to time, analysts and research professionals may apply different criteria to determine a Security's style and capitalization characteristics, which may result in designations which differ from those arrived at by the Sponsor. In general, growth stocks are those with high relative price-to-book ratios while value stocks are those with low relative price-to-book ratios. At least 65% of the stocks in a trust on the trust's initial date of deposit must fall into either the growth or value category for a trust itself to receive the designation. Trusts that do not meet this criteria are designated as blend trusts. In determining market capitalization characteristics, we analyze the market capitalizations of the 3,000 largest stocks in the United States (excluding foreign securities, American Depositary Receipts, limited partnerships and regulated investment companies). Companies with market capitalization among the largest 10% are considered Large-Cap securities, the next 20% are considered Mid-Cap securities and the remaining securities are considered Small-Cap securities. Both the weighted average market capitalization of a trust and at least half of the Securities in a trust must be classified as either Large-Cap, Mid-Cap or Small-Cap in order for a trust to be designated as such. Trusts, however, may contain individual stocks that do not fall into its stated style or market capitalization designation.

Of course, as with any similar investments, there can be no assurance that the objective of the Trust will be achieved. See "Risk Factors" for a discussion of the risks of investing in the Trust.

Risk Factors

Price Volatility. The Trust invests in common stocks of foreign companies. The value of the Trust's Units will fluctuate with changes in the value of these common stocks. Common stock prices fluctuate for several reasons including changes in investors' perceptions of the financial condition of an issuer or the general condition of the relevant stock market, such as the current market volatility, or when political or economic events affecting the issuers occur. In addition, common stock prices may be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, as the cost of capital rises and borrowing costs increase.

Because the Trust is not managed, the Trustee will not sell stocks in response to or in anticipation of market fluctuations, as is common in managed investments. As with any investment, we cannot guarantee that the performance of the Trust will be positive over any period of time, or that you won't lose money. Units of the Trust are not deposits of any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Current Economic Conditions. The National Bureau of Economic Research announced that the U.S. economy's recession which began in December 2007 technically ended in June 2009. Despite this announcement, economic activity remains below average levels, the United States continues to

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experience increased unemployment and stock markets remain below pre-recession levels. The recession began with problems in the housing and credit markets, many of which were caused by defaults on "subprime" mortgages and mortgage-backed securities, eventually leading to the

failures of some large financial institutions and has negatively impacted all sectors of the economy. The current economic crisis has also affected the global economy with European and Asian markets suffering historic losses. Due to the current state of uncertainty in the economy, the value of the Securities held by the Trust may be subject to steep declines or increased volatility due to changes in performance or perception of the issuers. Extraordinary steps have been taken by the governments of several leading economic countries to combat the economic crisis; however, the impact of these measures is not yet known and cannot be predicted.

On August 5, 2011, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services lowered its long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States of America to "AA+" from "AAA." In reaching its decision, Standard & Poor's cited the prolonged controversy over raising the statutory debt ceiling and the related fiscal policy debate and their belief that further near-term progress containing the growth in public spending, especially on entitlements, or on reaching an agreement on revenues is less likely than they previously assumed. The impact of the downgrade of the U.S. long-term sovereign credit rating by Standard & Poor's is uncertain, but will likely lead to increased interest rates and volatility in the short-term.

Dividends. There is no guarantee that the issuers of the Securities will declare dividends in the future or that if declared they will either remain at current levels or increase over time.

China. Approximately 70.01% of the Trust's portfolio consists of common stocks issued by companies headquartered or incorporated in China. China remains underdeveloped when compared to other countries. Until recently, China's economy had essentially been run by the government, which is controlled by the Chinese Communist Party. Recent reforms to allow some market-oriented policies have resulted in less government ownership and an increase in corporate governance practices. However, the government continues to control much of the economy through its substantial ownership and allocation of resources. China is essentially an export-driven economy and is affected by developments in the economies of its principal trading partners. Certain provinces have limited natural resources, resulting in dependence on foreign sources for certain raw materials and economic vulnerability to global fluctuations of price and supply. The Trust may be particularly sensitive to changes in China's economy as the result of further of economic liberalization, political unrest or changes in China's trading status. A deterioration of the relationship between China and the United States could have negative implications on Chinese issuers.

Prior to the global economic crisis, the emerging market economy of China was at risk of growing too quickly and suffering from high inflation. As exports began to drop due to the economic crisis, the Chinese government took steps to prevent widespread unemployment including interest rate cuts and investing in the financial system. Further global economic uncertainty, as well as any political or social unrest could negatively impact the Chinese economy.

China has yet to develop comprehensive securities, corporate, or commercial laws, and its market is relatively new and undeveloped. Given the still-developing nature of laws impacting Chinese securities markets and corporate entities, changes in regulatory policy could have a material adverse affect on the Trust.

Hong Kong. Approximately 26.66% of the Trust's portfolio consists of common stocks issued by companies headquartered or incorporated in Hong Kong. Hong Kong issuers are subject to risks related to Hong Kong's political and economic environment, the volatility of the Hong Kong stock market, and the concentration of real estate companies listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Hong Kong Stock Exchange"). Hong Kong reverted to Chinese control on July 1, 1997 and any increase in uncertainty as to the future economic and political status of Hong Kong, or a deterioration of the relationship between China and the United States, could have negative implications on stocks listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Securities prices on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange can be highly volatile and are sensitive to developments in Hong Kong and China, as well as other world markets.

Foreign Securities. All of the Securities in the Trust are issued by foreign companies, which makes the Trust subject to more risks than if it invested solely in domestic common stocks. These Securities are directly listed on a foreign securities exchange. Risks of foreign common stocks include higher brokerage costs; different accounting standards; expropriation, nationalization or other adverse political or economic developments; currency devaluations, blockages or transfer restrictions; restrictions on foreign investments and exchange of securities; inadequate financial information; lack of liquidity of certain foreign markets; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges, brokers, and issuers in foreign countries. Recent turmoil

in the Middle East and natural disasters in Japan have increased the volatility of certain foreign markets.

The purchase and sale of the Securities will generally occur only in foreign securities markets. Because foreign securities exchanges may be open on different days than the days on which investors may purchase or

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redeem Units, the value of the Trust's Securities may change on days when investors are not able to purchase or redeem Units. Although we do not believe that the Trust will have problems buying and selling these Securities, certain of the factors stated above may make it impossible to buy or sell them in a timely manner. Custody of the Securities in the Trust is maintained by Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Hong Kong, which has entered into a sub-custodian relationship with the Trustee. In the event the Trustee informs the Sponsor of any material change in the custody risks associated with maintaining assets with the entity above, the Sponsor will instruct the Trustee to take such action as the Sponsor deems appropriate to minimize such risk.

Emerging Markets. Certain of the Securities in the Trust are issued by companies headquartered or incorporated in a country considered to be an emerging market. Risks of investing in developing or emerging countries are even greater than the risks associated with foreign investments in general. These increased risks include, among other risks, the possibility of investment and trading limitations, greater liquidity concerns, higher price volatility, greater delays and disruptions in settlement transactions, greater political uncertainties and greater dependence on international trade or development assistance. In addition, emerging market countries may be subject to overburdened infrastructures, obsolete financial systems and environmental problems. For these reasons, investments in emerging markets are often considered speculative.

Exchange Rates. Because securities of foreign issuers not listed on a U.S. securities exchange generally pay dividends and trade in foreign currencies, the U.S. dollar value of these Securities (and therefore Units of the Trust) will vary with fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Most foreign currencies have fluctuated widely in value against the U.S. dollar for various economic and political reasons.

To determine the value of foreign Securities not listed on a U.S. securities exchange or their dividends, the Evaluator will estimate current exchange rates for the relevant currencies based on activity in the various currency exchange markets. However, these markets can be quite volatile, depending on the activity of the large international commercial banks, various central banks, large multi-national corporations, speculators, hedge funds and other buyers and sellers of foreign currencies. Since actual foreign currency transactions may not be instantly reported, the exchange rates estimated by the Evaluator may not reflect the amount the Trust would receive, in U.S. dollars, had the Trustee sold any particular currency in the market. The value of the Securities in terms of U.S. dollars, and therefore the value of your Units, will decline if the U.S. dollar decreases in value relative to the value of the currencies in which the Securities trade.

Small-Cap Companies. Certain of the Securities in the Trust are issued by companies which have been designated by the Sponsor as small-cap. Smaller companies present some unique investment risks. Small-caps may have limited product lines, as well as shorter operating histories, less experienced management and more limited financial resources than larger companies. Stocks of smaller companies may be less liquid than those of larger companies and may experience greater price fluctuations than larger companies. In addition, small-cap stocks may not be widely followed by the investment community, which may result in low demand.

Legislation/Litigation. From time to time, various legislative initiatives are proposed in the United States and abroad which may have a negative impact on certain of the companies represented in the Trust. In addition, litigation regarding any of the issuers of the Securities, or of the industries represented by these issuers, may negatively impact the value of these Securities. We cannot predict what impact any pending or threatened litigation will have on the value of the Securities.

Portfolio Securities Descriptions

Consumer Discretionary

Dongfeng Motor Group Company Ltd. (Class H), headquartered in Shiyuan, China, designs, manufactures, and markets diesel engines, light trucks,

automobiles, castings, and related spare parts.

Great Wall Motor Company Limited (Class H), headquartered in Baoding, China, through its subsidiaries, manufactures and sells pick-up trucks and sport-utility vehicles (SUVs) in China under the Great Wall brand name. The company also researches and develops, and manufactures principal automotive parts and components for use in the assembly of pick-up trucks.

SJM Holdings Limited, headquartered in Hong Kong, China, is the holding company of Sociedade de Jogos de Macau S.A., one of the six companies authorized to operate casino games of fortune and other games of chance in casinos, under the terms of a concession granted by the government of the Macau Special Administrative Region in March 2002. The company is the largest casino gaming concessionaire in terms of gaming revenue and number of casinos.

Wynn Macau, Limited, headquartered in Nape, Macau, China, owns and operates Wynn Macau, a destination casino resort which features hotel rooms and suites, a casino, casual and fine dining restaurants, retail space and leisure amenities.

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Xinyi Glass Holdings Ltd., headquartered in Hong Kong, China, and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the production and sale of automobile glass, construction glass, float glass and photovoltaic glass products, which are carried out internationally, through the company's production complexes located in Mainland China.

Consumer Staples

Shenguan Holdings Group Ltd., headquartered in Guangxi, China, is an investment holding company whose subsidiaries are engaged in the manufacture and sale of edible collagen sausage casings products.

Energy

China Petroleum and Chemical Corporation (Sinopec), headquartered in Beijing, China, explores for and produces crude oil and natural gas in China. The company also owns refineries that make petroleum and petrochemical products such as diesel, gasoline, jet fuel, kerosene, ethylene, synthetic rubber, synthetic fibers, synthetic resins, and chemical fertilizers. In addition, the company trades petrochemical products.

China Shenhua Energy Company Limited, headquartered in Beijing, China, is an integrated coal-based energy company focusing on the coal and power businesses in China. The company also owns and operates an integrated coal transportation network consisting of dedicated rail lines and port facilities.

CNOOC Limited, headquartered in Hong Kong, China, engages in the exploration, development, and production of crude oil and natural gas primarily in China.

PetroChina Company Limited (Class H), headquartered in Beijing, China, explores for, develops, and produces crude oil and natural gas. The company also refines, transports, and distributes crude oil and petroleum products; transmits, markets and sells natural gas; and produces and sells chemicals.

Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited, headquartered in Zoucheng City, China, operates five mines, producing both thermal coal for electric generation and coking coal for metallurgical production. The company also owns major rail transportation assets.

Financials

Agricultural Bank of China (Class H), headquartered in Beijing, China, is one of that country's largest state-owned commercial banks, specializing in financing and providing services to agricultural, industrial, commercial, and transportation enterprises in rural areas.

Bank of China Ltd., headquartered in Beijing, China, provides a complete range of banking and other financial services to individual and corporate customers worldwide.

China Construction Bank, headquartered in Beijing, China, provides a complete range of banking services and other financial services to individual and corporate customers. The bank's services include retail banking, international settlement, project finance, and credit card services.

China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. (Class H), headquartered in Beijing, China, operates in commercial banking businesses. The company provides deposit, loan, settlement, discount, financial bond issuance, government bond underwriting and trading, letter of credit, bank guarantee, and other related financial services.

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Ltd., headquartered in Beijing, China, provides a full range of personal and corporate commercial banking services throughout China.

PICC Property & Casualty Company Ltd. (H Shares), headquartered in Beijing, China, together with its subsidiaries, engages in the provision of property and casualty insurance services to individual and corporate customers in the People's Republic of China. The company is a subsidiary of The People's Insurance Company (Group) of China.

Industrials

Lonking Holdings Ltd., incorporated in Grand Cayman, the Cayman Islands and headquartered in Hong Kong, China, is one of the largest private manufacturers of construction machinery in China. It is involved in the manufacturing and distribution of wheel loaders, road rollers, excavators and forklifts.

Weichai Power Co., Ltd. (H Shares), headquartered in Weifang City, Shandong Province, China, manufactures and sells automobiles and major automobile components, diesel engines and related parts. The company also provides import and export services, warehouse management services, develops properties and provides technology consulting services.

Information Technology

Digital China Holdings Ltd., headquartered in Hong Kong, China, is one of the largest IT product distributors and systems integrators in China. The company distributes computers, peripherals, and networking equipment from such manufacturers as Cisco Systems, Dell, EMC, and IBM, and provides systems integration services through subsidiaries

Kingboard Chemical Holdings Limited, headquartered in Hong Kong, China, through its subsidiaries, is principally engaged in the manufacture and distribution of laminates, printed circuit boards and chemicals. Other activities include the manufacture of copper foil, glass fabric and bleached kraft paper. The company also trades in insulating and electroplating materials.

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Tencent Holdings Limited, headquartered in Shenzhen, China, provides Internet, mobile and telecommunication value-added services in China. The company has an instant messaging community in China.

Materials

Anhui Conch Cement Company Limited (Class H), headquartered in Wuhu City, Anhui Province, China, is principally engaged in the development, production, and sale of middle and high-grade cement and commercial clinker.

BBMG Corporation (Class H), headquartered in Beijing, China, has operations in the manufacturing and sale of cement and modern building materials. The company also operates in property development, property investment and provision of property management services in China.

China Bluechemical Ltd., headquartered in Dongfang City, China, manufactures nitrogen fertilizers. The company produces ammonia and urea.

China National Building Material Company Ltd. (Class H), headquartered in Beijing, China, is a leading PRC building materials company mainly engaged in the cement, lightweight building materials, glass fiber and FRP products and engineering services.

Jiangxi Copper Company Ltd. (Class H), headquartered in Jiangxi, China,

is engaged in copper mining, milling, smelting and refining, producing copper cathode and other related products, including pyrite concentrates, sulphuric acid and electrolytic gold and silver.

Telecommunication Services

China Mobile (Hong Kong) Limited, headquartered in Hong Kong, China, provides cellular telecommunications services in Guangdong and Zhejiang, two of the most economically developed provinces in China.

China Telecom Corporation Limited (Class H), headquartered in Beijing, China, provides wireline telephone, data and Internet, and leased line services in four of the most economically developed regions in China: Shanghai Municipality, Guangdong Province, Jiangsu Province and Zhejiang Province.

Utilities

Guangdong Investment Limited, headquartered in Hong Kong, China, has as its principal activities water and power supply; department stores and hotel operation; and property development and investment.

We have obtained the foregoing descriptions from third-party sources we deem reliable.

Public Offering

The Public Offering Price.

You may buy Units at the Public Offering Price, the price per Unit of which is comprised of the following:

- The aggregate underlying value of the Securities;
- The amount of any cash in the Income and Capital Accounts;
- Dividends receivable on Securities; and
- The maximum sales charge (which combines an initial upfront sales charge, a deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee).

The price you pay for your Units will differ from the amount stated under "Summary of Essential Information" due to various factors, including fluctuations in the prices of the Securities, changes in the relevant currency exchange rates, changes in the applicable commissions, stamp taxes, custodial fees and other costs associated with foreign trading, and changes in the value of the Income and/or Capital Accounts.

Although you are not required to pay for your Units until three business days following your order (the "date of settlement"), you may pay before then. You will become the owner of Units ("Record Owner") on the date of settlement if payment has been received. If you pay for your Units before the date of settlement, we may use your payment during this time and it may be considered a benefit to us, subject to the limitations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Organization Costs. Securities purchased with the portion of the Public Offering Price intended to be used to reimburse the Sponsor for the Trust's organization costs (including costs of preparing the registration statement, the Indenture and other closing documents, registering Units with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and states, the initial audit of the Trust's statement of net assets, legal fees and the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee) will be purchased in the same proportionate relationship as all the Securities contained in the Trust. Securities will be sold to reimburse the Sponsor for the Trust's organization costs at the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period (a significantly shorter time period than the life of the Trust). During the period ending with the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period, there may be a decrease in the value of the Securities. To the extent the proceeds from the sale of these Securities are insufficient to repay the Sponsor for Trust organization costs, the Trustee will sell additional Securities to allow the Trust to fully reimburse the Sponsor. In that event, the net asset value per Unit of the Trust will be reduced by the amount of additional Securities sold. Although the dollar amount of the

reimbursement due to the Sponsor will remain fixed and will never exceed the per Unit amount set forth for the Trust in "Notes to Statement of Net Assets," this will result in a greater effective cost per Unit to Unit holders for the reimbursement to the Sponsor. To the extent actual organization costs are less than the estimated amount, only the actual organization costs will ultimately be charged to the Trust. When Securities are sold to reimburse the Sponsor for organization costs, the Trustee will sell Securities, to the extent practicable, which will maintain the same proportionate relationship among the Securities contained in the Trust as existed prior to such sale.

Minimum Purchase.

The minimum amount you can purchase of the Trust is generally \$1,000 worth of Units (\$500 if you are purchasing Units for your Individual Retirement Account or any other qualified retirement plan), but such amounts may vary depending on your selling firm.

Maximum Sales Charge.

The maximum sales charge is comprised of a transactional sales charge and a creation and development fee. After the initial offering period the maximum sales charge will be reduced by 0.50%, to reflect the amount of the previously charged creation and development fee.

Transactional Sales Charge.

The transactional sales charge you will pay has both an initial and a deferred component.

Initial Sales Charge. The initial sales charge, which you will pay at the time of purchase, is equal to the difference between the maximum sales charge of 3.95% of the Public Offering Price and the sum of the maximum remaining deferred sales charge and creation and development fee (initially \$.295 per Unit). This initial sales charge is initially equal to approximately 1.00% of the Public Offering Price of a Unit, but will vary from 1.00% depending on the purchase price of your Units and as deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee payments are made. When the Public Offering Price per Unit exceeds \$10.00, the initial sales charge will exceed 1.00% of the Public Offering Price.

Monthly Deferred Sales Charge. In addition, three monthly deferred sales charges of approximately \$.0817 per Unit will be deducted from the Trust's assets on approximately the twentieth day of each month from February 17, 2012 through April 20, 2012. If you buy Units at a price of less than \$10.00 per Unit, the dollar amount of the deferred sales charge will not change, but the deferred sales charge on a percentage basis will be more than 2.45% of the Public Offering Price.

If you purchase Units after the last deferred sales charge payment has been assessed, your transactional sales charge will consist of a one-time initial sales charge of 3.45% of the Public Offering Price (equivalent to 3.573% of the net amount invested). The transactional sales charge will be reduced by 1/2 of 1% on each subsequent November 30, commencing November 30, 2012, to a minimum transactional sales charge of 3.00%.

Creation and Development Fee.

As Sponsor, we will also receive, and the Unit holders will pay, a creation and development fee. See "Expenses and Charges" for a description of the services provided for this fee. The creation and development fee is a charge of \$.050 per Unit collected at the end of the initial offering period. If you buy Units at a price of less than \$10.00 per Unit, the dollar amount of the creation and development fee will not change, but the creation and development fee on a percentage basis will be more than 0.50% of the Public Offering Price.

Discounts for Certain Persons.

If you invest at least \$50,000 including any proceeds as described below (except if you are purchasing for "Fee Accounts" as described below), the maximum sales charge for the amount of the investment eligible to receive the reduced sales charge is reduced as follows:

If you invest (in thousands):*	Your maximum sales charge will be:	Dealer concession will be:
\$50 but less than \$100	3.70%	2.90%
\$100 but less than \$250	3.45%	2.65%
\$250 but less than \$500	3.10%	2.35%
\$500 but less than \$1,000	2.95%	2.25%
\$1,000 or more	2.45%	1.80%

*The breakpoints will be adjusted to take into consideration purchase orders stated in dollars which cannot be completely fulfilled due to the requirement that only whole Units be issued.

The reduced sales charge for quantity purchases will apply only to purchases made by the same person on any one day from any one dealer. To help you reach the above levels, you can combine the Units you purchase of the Trust with any other same day purchases of other trusts for which we are Principal Underwriter and are currently in the initial offering period. In addition, we will also consider Units you purchase in the name of your spouse or child under 21 years of age to be purchases by you. The reduced sales charges will also apply to a trustee or other fiduciary purchasing Units for a single trust estate or single fiduciary account including pension, profit sharing or employee benefit plans, as well as multiple-employee benefit plans of a single employer or affiliated employers (provided they are not aggregated with personal accounts). You must inform your dealer of any combined purchases before the sale in order to be eligible for the reduced sales charge.

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You may use redemption proceeds from other unit investment trusts we sponsor or termination proceeds from any unit investment trust (regardless of who was sponsor) to purchase Units of the Trust during the initial offering period at the Public Offering Price less 1.00% (for purchases of \$1,000,000 or more, the maximum sales charge will be limited to 2.45% of the Public Offering Price), but you will not be eligible to receive the reduced sales charges described in the above table with respect to such proceeds. Please note that if you purchase Units of the Trust in this manner using redemption proceeds from trusts which assess the amount of any remaining deferred sales charge at redemption, you should be aware that any deferred sales charge remaining on these units will be deducted from those redemption proceeds. In order to be eligible for this reduced sales charge program, the termination or redemption proceeds used to purchase Units must be derived from a transaction that occurred within 30 days of your Unit purchase. In addition, this program will only be available for investors that utilize the same broker/dealer (or a different broker/dealer with appropriate notification) for both the Unit purchase and the transaction resulting in the receipt of the termination or redemption proceeds used for the Unit purchase. You may be required to provide appropriate documentation or other information to your broker/dealer to evidence your eligibility for this reduced sales charge program.

Investors purchasing Units through registered broker/dealers who charge periodic fees in lieu of commissions or who charge for financial planning, investment advisory or asset management services or provide these or comparable services as part of an investment account where a comprehensive "wrap fee" or similar charge is imposed ("Fee Accounts") will not be assessed the transactional sales charge described in this section on the purchase of Units in the primary market. Certain Fee Accounts Unit holders may be assessed transaction or other account fees on the purchase and/or redemption of such Units by their broker/dealer or other processing organizations for providing certain transaction or account activities. Fee Accounts Units are not available for purchase in the secondary market. We reserve the right to limit or deny purchases of Units not subject to the transactional sales charge by investors whose frequent trading activity we determine to be detrimental to the Trust.

Employees, officers and directors (and immediate family members) of the Sponsor, our related companies and dealers may purchase Units at the Public Offering Price less the applicable dealer concession. Immediate family members include spouses, children, grandchildren, parents, grandparents, siblings, mothers-in-law, fathers-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law, and trustees, custodians or fiduciaries for the benefit of such persons.

The Sponsor and certain dealers may establish a schedule where employees, officers and directors of such dealers can purchase Units of the Trust at the Public Offering Price less the established schedule amount, which is designed to compensate such dealers for activities relating to the sale of Units (the "Employee Dealer Concession").

You will be charged the deferred sales charge per Unit regardless of any discounts. However, if you are eligible to receive a discount such that the maximum sales charge you must pay is less than the applicable maximum deferred sales charge, including Fee Accounts Units, you will be credited additional Units with a dollar value equal to the difference between your maximum sales charge and the maximum deferred sales charge at the time you buy your Units. If you elect to have distributions reinvested into additional Units of the Trust, in addition to the reinvestment Units you receive you will also be credited additional Units with a dollar value at the time of reinvestment sufficient to

cover the amount of any remaining deferred sales charge and creation and development fee to be collected on such reinvestment Units. The dollar value of these additional credited Units (as with all Units) will fluctuate over time, and may be less on the dates deferred sales charges or the creation and development fee are collected than their value at the time they were issued.

The Value of the Securities.

The Evaluator will determine the aggregate underlying value of the Securities in the Trust as of the Evaluation Time on each business day and will adjust the Public Offering Price of the Units according to this valuation. This Public Offering Price will be effective for all orders received before the Evaluation Time on each such day. If we or the Trustee receive orders for purchases, sales or redemptions after that time, or on a day which is not a business day, they will be held until the next determination of price. The term "business day" as used in this prospectus will exclude Saturdays, Sundays and certain national holidays on which the NYSE is closed.

The aggregate underlying value of the Securities in the Trust will be determined as follows: if the Securities are listed on a securities exchange or The NASDAQ Stock Market(R), their value is generally based on the closing sale prices on that exchange or system (unless it is determined that these prices are not appropriate as a basis for valuation, as may be the case with certain foreign Securities listed on a foreign securities exchange). For purposes of valuing Securities traded on The NASDAQ Stock Market(R), closing sale price shall mean the

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NASDAQ(R) Official Closing Price as determined by The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC. However, if there is no closing sale price on that exchange or system, they are valued based on the closing ask prices. If the Securities are not so listed, or, if so listed and the principal market for them is other than on that exchange or system, their value will generally be based on the current ask prices on the over-the-counter market (unless it is determined that these prices are not appropriate as a basis for valuation). The Evaluator, at its discretion, may make adjustments to the prices of Securities held by the Trust if an event occurs after the close of the market on which a Security normally trades but before the Evaluation Time, depending on the nature and significance of the event, consistent with applicable regulatory guidance relating to fair value pricing. This may occur particularly with respect to foreign securities held by the Trust in which case the Trust may make adjustments to the last closing sales price to reflect more accurately the fair value of the Securities as of the Evaluation Time. If current ask prices are unavailable, or if available but determined by the Evaluator to not be appropriate, the valuation is generally determined:

- a) On the basis of current ask prices for comparable securities;
- b) By appraising the value of the Securities on the ask side of the market; or
- c) By any combination of the above.

After the initial offering period is over, the aggregate underlying value of the Securities will be determined as set forth above, except that bid prices are used instead of ask prices when necessary. The aggregate underlying value of the Securities is computed on the basis of the relevant currency exchange rate expressed in U.S. dollars as of the Evaluation Time.

Distribution of Units

We intend to qualify Units of the Trust for sale in a number of states. All Units will be sold at the then current Public Offering Price.

The Sponsor compensates intermediaries, such as broker/dealers and banks, for their activities that are intended to result in sales of Units of the Trust. This compensation includes dealer concessions described in the following section and may include additional concessions and other compensation and benefits to broker/dealers and other intermediaries.

Dealer Concessions.

Dealers and other selling agents can purchase Units at prices which reflect a concession or agency commission of 3.15% of the Public Offering Price per Unit (or 65% of the maximum transactional sales charge for secondary market sales), subject to the reduced concession applicable to volume purchases as set forth in "Public Offering-Discounts for Certain Persons." However, for Units subject to a

transactional sales charge which are purchased using redemption or termination proceeds, this amount will be reduced to 2.15% of the sales price of these Units (1.80% for purchases of \$1,000,000 or more).

Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents who, during the previous consecutive 12-month period through the end of the most recent month, sold primary market units of unit investment trusts sponsored by us in the dollar amounts shown below will be entitled to the following additional sales concession on primary market sales of units during the current month of unit investment trusts sponsored by us:

Total sales(in millions)	Additional Concession
\$25 but less than \$100	0.050%
\$100 but less than \$150	0.075%
\$150 but less than \$250	0.100%
\$250 but less than \$500	0.115%
\$500 but less than \$750	0.125%
\$750 but less than \$1,000	0.130%
\$1,000 but less than \$1,500	0.135%
\$1,500 but less than \$2,000	0.140%
\$2,000 but less than \$3,000	0.150%
\$3,000 but less than \$4,000	0.160%
\$4,000 but less than \$5,000	0.170%
\$5,000 or more	0.175%

Dealers and other selling agents will not receive a concession on the sale of Units which are not subject to a transactional sales charge, but such Units will be included in determining whether the above volume sales levels are met. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents include clearing firms that place orders with First Trust and provide First Trust with information with respect to the representatives who initiated such transactions. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents will not include firms that solely provide clearing services to other broker/dealer firms or firms who place orders through clearing firms that are eligible dealers. We reserve the right to change the amount of concessions or agency commissions from time to time. Certain commercial banks may be making Units of the Trust available to their customers on an agency basis. A portion of the transactional sales charge paid by these customers is kept by or given to the banks in the amounts shown above.

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Other Compensation and Benefits to Broker/Dealers.

The Sponsor, at its own expense and out of its own profits, currently provides additional compensation and benefits to broker/dealers who sell shares of Units of this Trust and other First Trust products. This compensation is intended to result in additional sales of First Trust products and/or compensate broker/dealers and financial advisors for past sales. A number of factors are considered in determining whether to pay these additional amounts. Such factors may include, but are not limited to, the level or type of services provided by the intermediary, the level or expected level of sales of First Trust products by the intermediary or its agents, the placing of First Trust products on a preferred or recommended product list, access to an intermediary's personnel, and other factors. The Sponsor makes these payments for marketing, promotional or related expenses, including, but not limited to, expenses of entertaining retail customers and financial advisers, advertising, sponsorship of events or seminars, obtaining information about the breakdown of unit sales among an intermediary's representatives or offices, obtaining shelf space in broker/dealer firms and similar activities designed to promote the sale of the Sponsor's products. The Sponsor makes such payments to a substantial majority of intermediaries that sell First Trust products. The Sponsor may also make certain payments to, or on behalf of, intermediaries to defray a portion of their costs incurred for the purpose of facilitating Unit sales, such as the costs of developing or purchasing trading systems to process Unit trades. Payments of such additional compensation described in this and the preceding paragraph, some of which may be characterized as "revenue sharing," may create an incentive for financial intermediaries and their agents to sell or recommend a First Trust product, including the Trust, over products offered by other sponsors or fund companies. These arrangements will not change the price you pay for your Units.

Advertising and Investment Comparisons.

Advertising materials regarding the Trust may discuss several topics, including: developing a long-term financial plan; working with your financial professional; the nature and risks of various investment strategies and unit investment trusts that could help you reach your financial goals; the importance of discipline; how the Trust operates;

how securities are selected; various unit investment trust features such as convenience and costs; and options available for certain types of unit investment trusts. These materials may include descriptions of the principal businesses of the companies represented in the Trust, research analysis of why they were selected and information relating to the qualifications of the persons or entities providing the research analysis. In addition, they may include research opinions on the economy and industry sectors included and a list of investment products generally appropriate for pursuing those recommendations.

From time to time we may compare the estimated returns of the Trust (which may show performance net of the expenses and charges the Trust would have incurred) and returns over specified periods of other similar trusts we sponsor in our advertising and sales materials, with (1) returns on other taxable investments such as the common stocks comprising various market indexes, corporate or U.S. Government bonds, bank CDs and money market accounts or funds, (2) performance data from Morningstar Publications, Inc. or (3) information from publications such as Money, The New York Times, U.S. News and World Report, Bloomberg Businessweek, Forbes or Fortune. The investment characteristics of the Trust differ from other comparative investments. You should not assume that these performance comparisons will be representative of the Trust's future performance. We may also, from time to time, use advertising which classifies trusts or portfolio securities according to capitalization and/or investment style.

The Sponsor's Profits

We will receive a gross sales commission equal to the maximum transactional sales charge per Unit for the Trust less any reduction as stated in "Public Offering." We will also receive the amount of any collected creation and development fee. Also, any difference between our cost to purchase the Securities and the price at which we sell them to the Trust is considered a profit or loss (see Note 2 of "Schedule of Investments"). During the initial offering period, dealers and others may also realize profits or sustain losses as a result of fluctuations in the Public Offering Price they receive when they sell the Units.

In maintaining a market for the Units, any difference between the price at which we purchase Units and the price at which we sell or redeem them will be a profit or loss to us.

The Secondary Market

Although not obligated, we may maintain a market for the Units after the initial offering period and continuously offer to purchase Units at prices based on the Redemption Price per Unit.

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We will pay all expenses to maintain a secondary market, except the Evaluator fees and Trustee costs to transfer and record the ownership of Units. We may discontinue purchases of Units at any time. (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in the case of FTPS Units) IF YOU WISH TO DISPOSE OF YOUR UNITS, YOU SHOULD ASK US FOR THE CURRENT MARKET PRICES BEFORE MAKING A TENDER FOR REDEMPTION TO THE TRUSTEE (OR THE FTPS SERVICING AGENT IN THE CASE OF FTPS UNITS). If you sell or redeem your Units before you have paid the total deferred sales charge on your Units, you will have to pay the remainder at that time.

How We Purchase Units

The Trustee (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in the case of FTPS Units) will notify us of any tender of Units for redemption. If our bid at that time is equal to or greater than the Redemption Price per Unit, we may purchase the Units. You will receive your proceeds from the sale no later than if they were redeemed by the Trustee. We may tender Units that we hold to the Trustee for redemption as any other Units. If we elect not to purchase Units, the Trustee (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in the case of FTPS Units) may sell tendered Units in the over-the-counter market, if any. However, the amount you will receive is the same as you would have received on redemption of the Units.

Expenses and Charges

The estimated annual expenses of the Trust are listed under "Fee Table." If actual expenses of the Trust exceed the estimate, the Trust will bear the excess. The Trustee will pay operating expenses of the Trust from the Income Account of the Trust if funds are available, and then from the Capital Account. The Income and Capital Accounts are non-interest-bearing to Unit holders, so the Trustee may earn interest on these funds, thus benefiting from their use.

First Trust Advisors L.P., an affiliate of ours, acts as Portfolio

Supervisor and Evaluator and will be compensated for providing portfolio supervisory services and evaluation services as well as bookkeeping and other administrative services to the Trust. In providing portfolio supervisory services, the Portfolio Supervisor may purchase research services from a number of sources, which may include underwriters or dealers of the Trust. As Sponsor, we will receive brokerage fees when the Trust uses us (or an affiliate of ours) as agent in buying or selling Securities. As authorized by the Indenture, the Trustee may employ a subsidiary or affiliate of the Trustee to act as broker to execute certain transactions for the Trust. The Trust will pay for such services at standard commission rates.

FTP Services LLC, an affiliate of ours, acts as FTPS Unit Servicing Agent to the Trust with respect to the Trust's FTPS Units. FTPS Units are Units which are purchased and sold through the Fund/SERV(R) trading system or on a manual basis through FTP Services LLC. In all other respects, FTPS Units are identical to other Units. FTP Services LLC will be compensated for providing shareholder services to the FTPS Units.

The fees payable to First Trust Advisors L.P., FTP Services LLC and the Trustee are based on the largest aggregate number of Units of the Trust outstanding at any time during the calendar year, except during the initial offering period, in which case these fees are calculated based on the largest number of Units outstanding during the period for which compensation is paid. These fees may be adjusted for inflation without Unit holders' approval, but in no case will the annual fee paid to us or our affiliates for providing services to all unit investment trusts be more than the actual cost of providing such services in such year.

As Sponsor, we will receive a fee from the Trust for creating and developing the Trust, including determining the Trust's objectives, policies, composition and size, selecting service providers and information services and for providing other similar administrative and ministerial functions. The "creation and development fee" is a charge of \$.050 per Unit outstanding at the end of the initial offering period. The Trustee will deduct this amount from the Trust's assets as of the close of the initial offering period. We do not use this fee to pay distribution expenses or as compensation for sales efforts. This fee will not be deducted from your proceeds if you sell or redeem your Units before the end of the initial offering period.

In addition to the Trust's operating expenses and those fees described above, the Trust may also incur the following charges:

- All legal expenses of the Trustee according to its responsibilities under the Indenture;
- The expenses and costs incurred by the Trustee to protect the Trust and your rights and interests;
- Fees for any extraordinary services the Trustee performed under the Indenture;
- Payment for any loss, liability or expense the Trustee incurred without negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct on its part, in connection with its acceptance or administration of the Trust;

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- Payment for any loss, liability or expenses we incurred without negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct in acting as Sponsor of the Trust;
- Foreign custodial and transaction fees (which may include compensation paid to the Trustee or its subsidiaries or affiliates), if any; and/or
- All taxes and other government charges imposed upon the Securities or any part of the Trust.

The above expenses and the Trustee's annual fee are secured by a lien on the Trust. Since the Securities are all common stocks and dividend income is unpredictable, we cannot guarantee that dividends will be sufficient to meet any or all expenses of the Trust. If there is not enough cash in the Income or Capital Accounts of the Trust, the Trustee has the power to sell Securities in the Trust to make cash available to pay these charges which may result in capital gains or losses to you. See "Tax Status."

Tax Status

Federal Tax Matters.

This section summarizes some of the main U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Units of the Trust. This section is current as of

the date of this prospectus. Tax laws and interpretations change frequently, and these summaries do not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, these summaries generally do not describe your situation if you are a corporation, a non-U.S. person, a broker/dealer, or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section does not describe your state or foreign tax consequences.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Sponsor. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, our counsel was not asked to review, and has not reached a conclusion with respect to the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be deposited in the Trust. This may not be sufficient for you to use for the purpose of avoiding penalties under federal tax law.

As with any investment, you should seek advice based on your individual circumstances from your own tax advisor.

Trust Status.

The Trust intends to qualify as a "regulated investment company," commonly known as a "RIC," under the federal tax laws. If the Trust qualifies as a RIC and distributes its income as required by the tax law, the Trust generally will not pay federal income taxes.

For federal income tax purposes, you are treated as the owner of Trust Units and not of the assets held by the Trust. Taxability issues are taken into account at the trust level. Your federal income tax treatment of income from the Trust is based on the distributions paid by the Trust.

Income From the Trust.

Trust distributions are generally taxable. After the end of each year, you will receive a tax statement that separates the Trust's distributions into ordinary dividends, capital gains dividends and returns of capital. Income reported is generally net of expenses (but see Deductibility of Trust Expenses, below). Ordinary income distributions are generally taxed at your ordinary tax rate, however, as further discussed below, certain ordinary income distributions received from the Trust may be taxed at the capital gains tax rates. Generally, you will treat all capital gains dividends as long-term capital gains regardless of how long you have owned your Units. To determine your actual tax liability for your capital gains dividends, you must calculate your total net capital gain or loss for the tax year after considering all of your other taxable transactions, as described below. In addition, the Trust may make distributions that represent a return of capital for tax purposes and thus will generally not be taxable to you. The tax status of your distributions from the Trust is not affected by whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Units or receive them in cash. The income from the Trust that you must take into account for federal income tax purposes is not reduced by amounts used to pay a deferred sales charge, if any. The tax laws may require you to treat distributions made to you in January as if you had received them on December 31 of the previous year.

Under the "Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010," income from the Trust may also be subject to a new 3.8% "Medicare tax" imposed for taxable years beginning after 2012. This tax will generally apply to your net investment income if your adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts, which are \$250,000 in the case of married couples filing joint returns and \$200,000 in the case of single individuals.

Distributions with Respect to Certain Stock Dividends.

Ordinary income dividends received by an individual Unit holder from a regulated investment company such as the Trust are generally taxed at the same rates that apply to net capital gain (as discussed below), provided certain holding period requirements are satisfied and provided the dividends are attributable to qualifying dividends received by the Trust itself. These special rules relating to the taxation of ordinary income dividends from regulated investment companies generally apply to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013. The Trust will provide notice to its Unit holders of the amount of any distribution which may be taken into account as a dividend which is eligible for the capital gains tax rates.

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Dividends Received Deduction.

A corporation that owns Units generally will not be entitled to the dividends received deduction with respect to many dividends received from the Trust because the dividends received deduction is generally not

available for distributions from regulated investment companies. However, certain ordinary income dividends on Units that are attributable to qualifying dividends received by the Trust from certain corporations may be reported by the Trust as being eligible for the dividends received deduction.

Sale or Redemption of Units.

If you sell or redeem your Units, you will generally recognize a taxable gain or loss. To determine the amount of this gain or loss, you must subtract your tax basis in your Units from the amount you receive in the transaction. Your tax basis in your Units is generally equal to the cost of your Units, generally including sales charges. In some cases, however, you may have to adjust your tax basis after you purchase your Units.

For Units purchased on or after January 1, 2011 (or, 2012, if the Units are acquired in a reinvestment plan in 2011), the information statement you receive in regard to the sale or redemption of your Units may contain information about your basis in the Units and whether any gain or loss recognized by you should be considered long term or short term capital gain. The information reported to you is based upon rules that do not take into consideration all facts that may be known to you or your advisors. You should consult with your tax advisors about any adjustments that may need to be made to the information reported to you.

Capital Gains and Losses.

If you are an individual, the maximum marginal federal tax rate for net capital gain is generally 15% (generally 0% for certain taxpayers in the 10% and 15% tax brackets). These capital gains rates are generally effective for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013. For later periods, if you are an individual, the maximum marginal federal tax rate for net capital gain is generally 20% (10% for certain taxpayers in the 10% and 15% tax brackets). The 20% rate is reduced to 18% for net capital gains from most property acquired after December 31, 2000 with a holding period of more than five years, and the 10% rate is reduced to 8% for net capital gains from most property (regardless of when acquired) with a holding period of more than five years.

Net capital gain equals net long-term capital gain minus net short-term capital loss for the taxable year. Capital gain or loss is long-term if the holding period for the asset is more than one year and is short-term if the holding period for the asset is one year or less. You must exclude the date you purchase your Units to determine your holding period. However, if you receive a capital gain dividend from the Trust and sell your Units at a loss after holding it for six months or less, the loss will be recharacterized as long term capital loss to the extent of the capital gain dividend received. The tax rates for capital gains realized from assets held for one year or less are generally the same as for ordinary income. The Internal Revenue Code treats certain capital gains as ordinary income in special situations.

Capital gain received from assets held for more than one year that is considered "unrecaptured section 1250 gain" is taxed at a maximum stated tax rate of 25%. In the case of capital gains dividends, the determination of which portion of the capital gains dividend, if any, is subject to the 25% tax rate, will be made based on rules prescribed by the United States Treasury.

Deductibility of Trust Expenses.

Expenses incurred and deducted by the Trust will generally not be treated as income taxable to you. In some cases, however, you may be required to treat your portion of these Trust expenses as income. In these cases you may be able to take a deduction for these expenses. However, certain miscellaneous itemized deductions, such as investment expenses, may be deducted by individuals only to the extent that all of these deductions exceed 2% of the individual's adjusted gross income.

Investments in Certain Foreign Corporations.

If the Trust holds an equity interest in any "passive foreign investment companies" ("PFICs"), which are generally certain foreign corporations that receive at least 75% of their annual gross income from passive sources (such as interest, dividends, certain rents and royalties or capital gains) or that hold at least 50% of their assets in investments producing such passive income, the Trust could be subject to U.S. federal income tax and additional interest charges on gains and certain distributions with respect to those equity interests, even if all the income or gain is timely distributed to its Unit holders. The Trust will not be able to pass through to its Unit holders any credit or deduction for such taxes. The Trust may be able to make an election that could ameliorate these adverse tax consequences. In this case, the Trust would recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such PFIC

shares, and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it did not exceed prior increases included in income.

Under this election, the Trust might be required to recognize in a year income in excess of its distributions from PFICs and its proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income would

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nevertheless be subject to the distribution requirement and would be taken into account for purposes of the 4% excise tax. Dividends paid by PFICs will not be treated as qualified dividend income.

Foreign Investors.

If you are a foreign investor (i.e., an investor other than a U.S. citizen or resident or a U.S. corporation, partnership, estate or trust), you should be aware that, generally, subject to applicable tax treaties, distributions from the Trust will be characterized as dividends for federal income tax purposes (other than dividends which the Trust properly reports as capital gain dividends) and will be subject to U.S. income taxes, including withholding taxes, subject to certain exceptions described below. However, distributions received by a foreign investor from the Trust that are properly reported by such Trust as capital gain dividends may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, provided that the Trust makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met. In the case of dividends with respect to taxable years of the Trust beginning prior to 2012, distributions from the Trust that are properly reported by the Trust as an interest-related dividend attributable to certain interest income received by the Trust or as a short-term capital gain dividend attributable to certain net short-term capital gain income received by the Trust may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes when received by certain foreign investors, provided that the Trust makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met.

Distributions after December 31, 2012 may be subject to a U.S. withholding tax of 30% in the case of distributions to (i) certain non-U.S. financial institutions that have not entered into an agreement with the U.S. Treasury to collect and disclose certain information and (ii) certain other non-U.S. entities that do not provide certain certifications and information about the entity's U.S. owners.

Foreign Tax Credit.

If the Trust invests in any foreign securities or at least 50% of the value of the total assets of the Trust (at the close of each quarter of the taxable year) is represented by interests in other RICs, the tax statement that you receive may include an item showing foreign taxes the Trust paid to other countries. In this case, dividends taxed to you will include your share of the taxes the Trust paid to other countries. You may be able to deduct or receive a tax credit for your share of these taxes.

You should consult your tax advisor regarding potential foreign, state or local taxation with respect to your Units.

Retirement Plans

You may purchase Units of the Trust for:

- Individual Retirement Accounts;
- Keogh Plans;
- Pension funds; and
- Other tax-deferred retirement plans.

Generally, the federal income tax on capital gains and income received in each of the above plans is deferred until you receive distributions. These distributions are generally treated as ordinary income but may, in some cases, be eligible for special averaging or tax-deferred rollover treatment. Before participating in a plan like this, you should review the tax laws regarding these plans and consult your attorney or tax advisor. Brokerage firms and other financial institutions offer these plans with varying fees and charges.

Rights of Unit Holders

Unit Ownership.

Ownership of Units will not be evidenced by certificates. If you

purchase or hold Units through a broker/dealer or bank, your ownership of Units will be recorded in book-entry form at the Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and credited on its records to your broker/dealer's or bank's DTC account. If you purchase or hold FTFS Units, your ownership of FTFS Units will be recorded in book-entry form on the register of Unit holdings maintained by the FTFS Unit Servicing Agent. If you purchase or hold Units through First Trust's online transaction system which enables certain financial representatives to process Unit trades through the First Trust Advisor Direct system ("Advisor Direct"), your ownership of Units ("Advisor Direct Units") will be recorded in book-entry form on the register of Unit holdings maintained by the Trustee. Transfer of Units will be accomplished by book entries made by DTC and its participants if the Units are registered to DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co., or otherwise will be accomplished by book entries made by the FTFS Unit Servicing Agent, with respect to FTFS Units, or by the Trustee, with respect to Advisor Direct Units. DTC will forward all notices and credit all payments received in respect of the Units held by the DTC participants. You will receive written confirmation of your purchases and sales of Units from the broker/dealer or bank through which you made the transaction or from the FTFS Unit Servicing Agent if you purchased and hold FTFS Units or from Advisor Direct or the Trustee with respect to Advisor Direct Units. You may transfer your Units by

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contacting the broker/dealer or bank through which you hold your Units, or the FTFS Unit Servicing Agent, if you hold FTFS Units, or Advisor Direct or the Trustee, if you hold Advisor Direct Units.

Unit Holder Reports.

The Trustee will prepare a statement detailing the per Unit amounts (if any) distributed from the Income Account and Capital Account in connection with each distribution. In addition, at the end of each calendar year, the Trustee will prepare a statement which contains the following information:

- A summary of transactions in the Trust for the year;
- A list of any Securities sold during the year and the Securities held at the end of that year by the Trust;
- The Redemption Price per Unit, computed on the 31st day of December of such year (or the last business day before); and
- Amounts of income and capital distributed during the year.

It is the responsibility of the entity through which you hold your Units to distribute these statements to you. In addition, you may also request from the Trustee copies of the evaluations of the Securities as prepared by the Evaluator to enable you to comply with applicable federal and state tax reporting requirements.

Income and Capital Distributions

You will begin receiving distributions on your Units only after you become a Record Owner. The Trustee will credit dividends received on the Trust's Securities to the Income Account of the Trust. All other receipts, such as return of capital or capital gain dividends, are credited to the Capital Account of the Trust. Dividends received on foreign Securities, if any, are converted into U.S. dollars at the applicable exchange rate.

The Trustee will distribute money from the Income and Capital Accounts, as determined at the semi-annual Record Date, semi-annually on the twenty-fifth day of each June and December to Unit holders of record on the tenth day of such months. However, the Trustee will only distribute money in the Capital Account if the amount available for distribution from that account equals at least \$1.00 per 100 Units. In any case, the Trustee will distribute any funds in the Capital Account in December of each year and as part of the final liquidation distribution. See "Summary of Essential Information." No income distribution will be paid if accrued expenses of the Trust exceed amounts in the Income Account on the Distribution Dates. Distribution amounts will vary with changes in the Trust's fees and expenses, in dividends received and with the sale of Securities. If the Trustee does not have your TIN, it is required to withhold a certain percentage of your distribution and deliver such amount to the IRS. You may recover this amount by giving your TIN to the Trustee, or when you file a tax return. However, you should check your statements to make sure the Trustee has your TIN to avoid this "back-up withholding."

We anticipate that there will be enough money in the Capital Account of the Trust to pay the deferred sales charge. If not, the Trustee may sell

Securities to meet the shortfall.

Within a reasonable time after the Trust is terminated, you will receive the pro rata share of the money from the sale of the Securities. All Unit holders will receive a pro rata share of any other assets remaining in the Trust, after deducting any unpaid expenses.

The Trustee may establish reserves (the "Reserve Account") within the Trust to cover anticipated state and local taxes or any governmental charges to be paid out of that Trust.

Distribution Reinvestment Option. You may elect to have each distribution of income and/or capital reinvested into additional Units of the Trust by notifying your broker/dealer or bank (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent with respect to FTPS Units or Advisor Direct with respect to Advisor Direct Units, as applicable) within the time period required by such entities so that they can notify the Trustee of your election at least 10 days before any Record Date. Each later distribution of income and/or capital on your Units will be reinvested by the Trustee into additional Units of such Trust. There is no sales charge on Units acquired through the Distribution Reinvestment Option, as discussed under "Public Offering." This option may not be available in all states. Each reinvestment plan is subject to availability or limitation by the Sponsor and each broker/dealer or selling firm. The Sponsor or broker/dealers may suspend or terminate the offering of a reinvestment plan at any time. Please contact your financial professional for additional information. PLEASE NOTE THAT EVEN IF YOU REINVEST DISTRIBUTIONS, THEY ARE STILL CONSIDERED DISTRIBUTIONS FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES.

Redeeming Your Units

You may redeem all or a portion of your Units at any time by sending a request for redemption to your broker/dealer or bank through which you hold your Units or to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, if you hold FTPS Units, or Advisor Direct, if you hold Advisor Direct Units. No redemption fee will be charged, but you are responsible for any governmental charges that apply. Certain broker/dealers may charge a

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transaction fee for processing redemption requests. Three business days after the Date of Tender (as defined below) you will receive cash in an amount for each Unit equal to the Redemption Price per Unit calculated at the Evaluation Time on the Date of Tender.

The date of tender ("Date of Tender") is considered to be the date on which the Redemption Price per Unit is calculated for Units for which your redemption request is received by the Trustee from the broker/dealer or bank through which you hold your Units, or, if you hold FTPS Units, the date the redemption request is received by the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, or, if you hold Advisor Direct Units, the date the redemption request is received either by Advisor Direct or the Trustee, as applicable (if such day is a day the NYSE is open for trading). However, if the redemption request is received after 9:00 a.m. Eastern time on a day the NYSE is open for trading, the Date of Tender is the next day the NYSE is open for trading.

Any amounts paid on redemption representing income will be withdrawn from the Income Account if funds are available for that purpose, or from the Capital Account. All other amounts paid on redemption will be taken from the Capital Account. The IRS will require the Trustee to withhold a portion of your redemption proceeds if the Trustee does not have your TIN as generally discussed under "Income and Capital Distributions."

The Trustee may sell Securities to make funds available for redemption. If Securities are sold, the size and diversification of the Trust will be reduced. These sales may result in lower prices than if the Securities were sold at a different time.

Your right to redeem Units (and therefore, your right to receive payment) may be delayed:

- If the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- If the SEC determines that trading on the NYSE is restricted or that an emergency exists making sale or evaluation of the Securities not reasonably practical; or
- For any other period permitted by SEC order.

The Trustee is not liable to any person for any loss or damage which may result from such a suspension or postponement.

The Redemption Price.

The Redemption Price per Unit is determined by the Trustee by:

adding

1. cash in the Income and Capital Accounts of the Trust not designated to purchase Securities;
2. the aggregate underlying value of the Securities held in the Trust; and
3. dividends receivable on the Securities trading ex-dividend as of the date of computation; and

deducting

1. any applicable taxes or governmental charges that need to be paid out of the Trust;
2. any amounts owed to the Trustee for its advances;
3. estimated accrued expenses of the Trust, if any;
4. cash held for distribution to Unit holders of record of the Trust as of the business day before the evaluation being made;
5. liquidation costs for foreign Securities; and
6. other liabilities incurred by the Trust; and

dividing

1. the result by the number of outstanding Units of the Trust.

Any remaining deferred sales charge on the Units when you redeem them will be deducted from your redemption proceeds. In addition, until the earlier of six months after the Initial Date of Deposit or the end of the initial offering period, the Redemption Price per Unit will include estimated organization costs as set forth under "Fee Table."

Removing Securities from the Trust

The portfolio of the Trust is not managed. However, we may, but are not required to, direct the Trustee to dispose of a Security in certain limited circumstances, including situations in which:

- The issuer of the Security defaults in the payment of a declared dividend;
 - Any action or proceeding prevents the payment of dividends;
 - There is any legal question or impediment affecting the Security;
 - The issuer of the Security has breached a covenant which would affect the payment of dividends, the issuer's credit standing, or otherwise damage the sound investment character of the Security;
 - The issuer has defaulted on the payment of any other of its outstanding obligations;
 - There has been a public tender offer made for a Security or a merger or acquisition is announced affecting a Security, and that in our opinion the sale or tender of the Security is in the best interest of Unit holders;
 - The sale of Securities is necessary or advisable (i) in order to maintain the qualification of the Trust as a "regulated investment company" or (ii) to provide funds to make any distribution for a taxable year in order to avoid imposition of any income or excise taxes on undistributed income in the Trust;
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- The price of the Security has declined to such an extent, or such other credit factors exist, that in our opinion keeping the Security would be harmful to the Trust;
 - As a result of the ownership of the Security, the Trust or its Unit holders would be a direct or indirect shareholder of a passive foreign investment company; or
 - The sale of the Security is necessary for the Trust to comply with such federal and/or state securities laws, regulations and/or regulatory

actions and interpretations which may be in effect from time to time.

Except for instances in which the Trust acquires Replacement Securities, as described in "The FT Series," the Trust will generally not acquire any securities or other property other than the Securities. The Trustee, on behalf of the Trust and at the direction of the Sponsor, will vote for or against any offer for new or exchanged securities or property in exchange for a Security, such as those acquired in a merger or other transaction. If such exchanged securities or property are acquired by the Trust, at our instruction, they will either be sold or held in the Trust. In making the determination as to whether to sell or hold the exchanged securities or property we may get advice from the Portfolio Supervisor. Any proceeds received from the sale of Securities, exchanged securities or property will be credited to the Capital Account of the Trust for distribution to Unit holders or to meet redemption requests. The Trustee may retain and pay us or an affiliate of ours to act as agent for the Trust to facilitate selling Securities, exchanged securities or property from the Trust. If we or our affiliate act in this capacity, we will be held subject to the restrictions under the 1940 Act. As authorized by the Indenture, the Trustee may also employ a subsidiary or affiliate of the Trustee to act as broker in selling such Securities or property. The Trust will pay for these brokerage services at standard commission rates.

The Trustee may sell Securities designated by us, or, absent our direction, at its own discretion, in order to meet redemption requests or pay expenses. In designating Securities to be sold, we will try to maintain the proportionate relationship among the Securities. If this is not possible, the composition and diversification of the Trust may be changed.

Amending or Terminating the Indenture

Amendments. The Indenture may be amended by us and the Trustee without your consent:

- To cure ambiguities;
- To correct or supplement any defective or inconsistent provision;
- To make any amendment required by any governmental agency; or
- To make other changes determined not to be adverse to your best interests (as determined by us and the Trustee).

Termination. As provided by the Indenture, the Trust will terminate on the Mandatory Termination Date as stated in the "Summary of Essential Information." The Trust may be terminated earlier:

- Upon the consent of 100% of the Unit holders of the Trust;
- If the value of the Securities owned by the Trust as shown by any evaluation is less than the lower of \$2,000,000 or 20% of the total value of Securities deposited in the Trust during the initial offering period ("Discretionary Liquidation Amount"); or
- In the event that Units of the Trust not yet sold aggregating more than 60% of the Units of the Trust are tendered for redemption by underwriters, including the Sponsor.

If the Trust is terminated due to this last reason, we will refund your entire sales charge; however, termination of the Trust before the Mandatory Termination Date for any other stated reason will result in all remaining unpaid deferred sales charges on your Units being deducted from your termination proceeds. For various reasons, the Trust may be reduced below the Discretionary Liquidation Amount and could therefore be terminated before the Mandatory Termination Date.

Unless terminated earlier, the Trustee will begin to sell Securities in connection with the termination of the Trust during the period beginning nine business days prior to, and no later than, the Mandatory Termination Date. We will determine the manner and timing of the sale of Securities. Because the Trustee must sell the Securities within a relatively short period of time, the sale of Securities as part of the termination process may result in a lower sales price than might otherwise be realized if such sale were not required at this time.

You will receive a cash distribution from the sale of the remaining Securities, along with your interest in the Interest and Principal Account, within a reasonable time after the Trust is terminated. The Trustee will deduct from the Trust any accrued costs, expenses, advances or indemnities provided for by the Indenture, including estimated compensation of the Trustee and costs of liquidation and any amounts

required as a reserve to pay any taxes or other governmental charges.

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Information on the Sponsor, Trustee,
FTPS Unit Servicing Agent and Evaluator

The Sponsor.

We, First Trust Portfolios L.P., specialize in the underwriting, trading and wholesale distribution of unit investment trusts under the "First Trust" brand name and other securities. An Illinois limited partnership formed in 1991, we took over the First Trust product line and act as Sponsor for successive series of:

- The First Trust Combined Series
- FT Series (formerly known as The First Trust Special Situations Trust)
- The First Trust Insured Corporate Trust
- The First Trust of Insured Municipal Bonds
- The First Trust GNMA

The First Trust product line commenced with the first insured unit investment trust in 1974. To date we have deposited more than \$150 billion in First Trust unit investment trusts. Our employees include a team of professionals with many years of experience in the unit investment trust industry.

We are a member of FINRA and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. Our principal offices are at 120 East Liberty Drive, Wheaton, Illinois 60187; telephone number (800) 621-1675. As of December 31, 2010, the total consolidated partners' capital of First Trust Portfolios L.P. and subsidiaries was \$32,596,954 (audited).

This information refers only to us and not to the Trust or to any series of the Trust or to any other dealer. We are including this information only to inform you of our financial responsibility and our ability to carry out our contractual obligations. We will provide more detailed financial information on request.

Code of Ethics. The Sponsor and the Trust have adopted a code of ethics requiring the Sponsor's employees who have access to information on Trust transactions to report personal securities transactions. The purpose of the code is to avoid potential conflicts of interest and to prevent fraud, deception or misconduct with respect to the Trust.

The Trustee.

The Trustee is The Bank of New York Mellon, a trust company organized under the laws of New York. The Bank of New York Mellon has its unit investment trust division offices at 101 Barclay Street, New York, New York 10286, telephone (800) 813-3074. If you have questions regarding your account or the Trust, please contact the Trustee at its unit investment trust division offices or your financial adviser. The Sponsor does not have access to individual account information. The Bank of New York Mellon is subject to supervision and examination by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and its deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent permitted by law.

The Trustee has not participated in selecting the Securities; it only provides administrative services.

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The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent.

The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent is FTP Services LLC, an Illinois limited liability company formed in 2005 and an affiliate of the Sponsor. FTP Services LLC acts as record keeper, shareholder servicing agent and distribution agent for Units which are purchased and sold through the Fund/SERV(R) trading system or on a manual basis through FTP Services LLC. FTP Services LLC provides FTPS Units with administrative and distribution related services as described in this prospectus. The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent's address is 120 East Liberty Drive, Wheaton, Illinois 60187. If you have questions regarding the FTPS Units, you may call the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent at (866) 514-7768. The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent has not participated in selecting the Securities; it only provides administrative services to the FTPS Units. Fund/SERV(R) is a service of National Securities Clearing Corporation, a subsidiary of

The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation.

Limitations of Liabilities of Sponsor, FTFS Unit Servicing Agent and Trustee.

Neither we, the FTFS Unit Servicing Agent nor the Trustee will be liable for taking any action or for not taking any action in good faith according to the Indenture. We will also not be accountable for errors in judgment. We will only be liable for our own willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence (ordinary negligence in the FTFS Unit Servicing Agent and Trustee's case) or reckless disregard of our obligations and duties. The Trustee is not liable for any loss or depreciation when the Securities are sold. If we fail to act under the Indenture, the Trustee may do so, and the Trustee will not be liable for any action it takes in good faith under the Indenture.

The Trustee will not be liable for any taxes or other governmental charges or interest on the Securities which the Trustee may be required to pay under any present or future law of the United States or of any other taxing authority with jurisdiction. Also, the Indenture states other provisions regarding the liability of the Trustee.

If we do not perform any of our duties under the Indenture or are not able to act or become bankrupt, or if our affairs are taken over by public authorities, then the Trustee may:

- Appoint a successor sponsor, paying them a reasonable rate not more than that stated by the SEC;
- Terminate the Indenture and liquidate the Trust; or
- Continue to act as Trustee without terminating the Indenture.

The Evaluator.

The Evaluator is First Trust Advisors L.P., an Illinois limited partnership formed in 1991 and an affiliate of the Sponsor. The Evaluator's address is 120 East Liberty Drive, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.

The Trustee, Sponsor, FTFS Unit Servicing Agent and Unit holders may rely on the accuracy of any evaluation prepared by the Evaluator. The Evaluator will make determinations in good faith based upon the best available information, but will not be liable to the Trustee, Sponsor, FTFS Unit Servicing Agent or Unit holders for errors in judgment.

Other Information

Legal Opinions.

Our counsel is Chapman and Cutler LLP, 111 W. Monroe St., Chicago, Illinois 60603. They have passed upon the legality of the Units offered hereby and certain matters relating to federal tax law. Carter Ledyard & Milburn LLP acts as the Trustee's counsel.

Experts.

The Trust's statement of net assets, including the schedule of investments, as of the opening of business on the Initial Date of Deposit, included in this prospectus has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein, and is included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

Supplemental Information.

If you write or call the Sponsor, you will receive free of charge supplemental information about this Series, which has been filed with the SEC and to which we have referred throughout. This information states more specific details concerning the nature, structure and risks of this product.

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First Trust (R)

Greater China Portfolio, Series 28
FT 3232

Sponsor:

First Trust Portfolios L.P.
Member SIPC o Member FINRA
120 East Liberty Drive

FTPS Unit Servicing Agent:	Trustee:
FTP Services LLC	The Bank of New York Mellon
120 East Liberty Drive Wheaton, Illinois 60187 1-866-514-7768	101 Barclay Street New York, New York 10286 1-800-813-3074 24-Hour Pricing Line: 1-800-446-0132

When Units of the Trust are no longer available, this prospectus may be used as a preliminary prospectus for a future series, in which case you should note the following:

THE INFORMATION IN THE PROSPECTUS IS NOT COMPLETE AND MAY BE CHANGED. WE MAY NOT SELL, OR ACCEPT OFFERS TO BUY, SECURITIES OF A FUTURE SERIES UNTIL THAT SERIES HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. NO SECURITIES CAN BE SOLD IN ANY STATE WHERE A SALE WOULD BE ILLEGAL.

This prospectus contains information relating to the above-mentioned unit investment trust, but does not contain all of the information about this investment company as filed with the SEC in Washington, D.C. under the:

- Securities Act of 1933 (file no. 333-177193) and
- Investment Company Act of 1940 (file no. 811-05903)

Information about the Trust, including its Code of Ethics, can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington D.C. Information regarding the operation of the SEC's Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-202-942-8090.

Information about the Trust is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>.

To obtain copies at prescribed rates -

Write: Public Reference Section of the SEC
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20549
e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov

November 7, 2011

PLEASE RETAIN THIS PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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First Trust (R)

The FT Series

Information Supplement

This Information Supplement provides additional information concerning the structure, operations and risks of the unit investment trust contained in FT 3232 not found in the prospectus for the Trust. This Information Supplement is not a prospectus and does not include all of the information you should consider before investing in the Trust. This Information Supplement should be read in conjunction with the prospectus for the Trust in which you are considering investing.

This Information Supplement is dated November 7, 2011. Capitalized terms have been defined in the prospectus.

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Risk Factors

Securities. An investment in Units should be made with an understanding of the risks which an investment in common stocks entails, including the risk that the financial condition of the issuers of the Securities or the general condition of the relevant stock market may worsen, and the value of the Securities and therefore the value of the Units may decline. Common stocks are especially susceptible to general stock market movements and to volatile increases and decreases of value, as market confidence in and perceptions of the issuers change. These perceptions are based on unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction, and global or regional political, economic or banking crises. Both U.S. and foreign markets have experienced substantial volatility and significant declines recently as a result of certain or all of these factors.

Dividends. Shareholders of common stocks have rights to receive payments from the issuers of those common stocks that are generally subordinate to those of creditors of, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stocks of, such issuers. Shareholders of common stocks of the type held by the Trust have a right to receive dividends only when and if, and in the amounts, declared by the issuer's board of directors and have a right to participate in amounts available for distribution by the issuer only after all other claims on the issuer have been paid or provided for. Common stocks do not represent an obligation of the issuer and, therefore, do not offer any assurance of income or provide the same degree of protection of capital as do debt securities. The issuance of additional debt securities or preferred stock will create prior claims for payment of principal, interest and dividends which could adversely affect the ability and inclination of the issuer to declare or pay dividends on its common stock or the rights of holders of common stock with respect to assets of the issuer upon liquidation or bankruptcy. Cumulative preferred stock dividends must be paid before common stock dividends, and any cumulative preferred stock dividend omitted is added to future dividends payable to the holders of cumulative preferred stock. Preferred stockholders are also generally entitled to rights on liquidation which are senior to those of common stockholders.

China. Investment in securities issued by companies organized, doing business or traded in China or its territorial possessions involves risks not typically associated with investments in securities of U.S. companies. For many centuries, the economy of the People's Republic of China was largely closed by geography as well as by government policy. Large-scale foreign investment in China's economy began during the middle of the 19th century and was curtailed after 1949 when the Communist government barred foreign investment. Political and economic

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structures in China are undergoing significant evolution and rapid development and may lack the social, political and economic stability characteristics of the United States. In 1978, China began implementing an economic reform program in an effort to revitalize the economy and improve the standard of living. Since that time, the Chinese government's economic policies have allowed for an increasing degree of liberalization from a centrally-planned economy to a more market-oriented economy. In October 1992, the National People's Congress called for a "socialist market economy" in which full reign should be given to market forces with the government limiting its role to setting and implementing broad macro-economic policies. As part of the economic reforms, managers of enterprises have been granted more decision-making powers and responsibilities in relation to matters such as production, marketing, use of funds, and employment and disciplining of staff.

Economic reform in China, designed to replace Communist style central planning, has proceeded largely by trial and error aimed at achieving the fastest possible change with the minimum social dislocation. The reform process has not always been even, however, as it has generally proceeded in a direction toward increased openness and decentralization of economic decision-making. While there is a broad base of support for these reforms, there can be no assurance that current or future reforms in economic, trade and investment policies will be successful. Despite recent reforms, the Chinese Communist Party continues to play the leading role in formulating policy and selecting and providing personnel

at all levels of government. In addition, a significant portion of China's output continues to be derived from state-owned enterprises and, therefore, the Chinese government maintains control over a significant range of products, including the production obligations and prices of such products. However, China is firmly committed to opening to the outside world. The Chinese leadership has identified reform of state industries and the establishment of a social safety network as government priorities. Government strategies for achieving these goals include large scale privatization of inefficient and unprofitable state-owned enterprises and development of a pension system for workers. The leadership has also downsized the government bureaucracy. Of course, there can be no assurance that reform efforts will be successful and in certain economies, such as the former Soviet-bloc countries, reform efforts have experienced difficulties.

The development of China's economy has been characterized by the adoption, since 1953, of Five Year Plans and Twenty Year Plans carried out under the supervision of the State Planning Commission which reports to the State Council, China's highest executive body (the National People's Congress is the highest authority and law-making body). The next five years represent a critical period in China's existence. To investors and firms, China represents a vast market that has yet to be fully tapped. This point is best illustrated by the rapid growth of cell phone and Internet users in China. Educationally, China is forging ahead as partnerships and exchanges with foreign universities have helped create new research opportunities for its students. However, other issues, especially human rights, remain a concern among members of the world community. To the extent that the Chinese Government responds positively to these concerns, relations with concerned countries should grow stronger.

The Chinese economy is dependent on the economies of other Asian countries and can be significantly affected by currency fluctuations and increasing competition from Asia's other low-cost emerging economies. The stability of China's economic policies has however, increased following its membership in December 2001 in the World Trade Organization.

The willingness and ability of the Chinese government to support the Chinese economy and market is uncertain. China has yet to develop comprehensive securities, corporate, or commercial laws, and its market is relatively new and undeveloped. Changes in government policy could significantly affect the markets in China. A small number of industries, including the commercial banking industry, which can be significantly affected by interest rate and currency fluctuations, changes in market regulation, and political and economic developments in the Asian region, represent a large portion of the Chinese market as a whole. Given the still-developing nature of laws impacting Chinese securities markets and corporate entities, changes in regulatory policy could have a material adverse affect on the Securities.

Hong Kong. Hong Kong, established as a British colony in the 1840's, reverted to Chinese sovereignty effective July 1, 1997. On such date, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region ("SAR") of China under the "one country, two systems" principle. Hong Kong's new constitution became the Basic Law (promulgated by China in 1990). Prior to July 1, 1997, the Hong Kong government followed a laissez-faire policy toward industry. There were no major import, export or foreign exchange restrictions. Regulation of business was generally minimal with certain exceptions, including regulated entry into certain sectors of the economy and a fixed exchange rate regime by which the Hong Kong dollar has been pegged to the U.S. dollar. Over the two decades leading up to and through 1996, the gross domestic product (GDP) tripled in real terms, equivalent to an average annual growth rate of 6%. Following the Asian financial crisis which began in 1997, the economy suffered seriously along with the collapse of an overheated property market which resulted in deflation which persisted for several years after November 1998, dampening investment and consumption. However, in the years

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following 2002, Hong Kong enjoyed strong economic growth. Real GDP expanded by 8.6% in 2004, 7.1% in 2005 and 7.0% in 2006. Additionally, the unemployment rate fell in 2006 to 4.7%. This economic growth was the result of an increase in private domestic consumption, an increase in fixed asset and infrastructure spending and continued strong exports of goods and services. However, the current global economic crisis has negatively impacted Hong Kong's economy. Real GDP grew only 2.1% in 2008 and experienced -2.7% growth in 2009. However, real GDP is projected to grow 5.0% in 2010. The long-term impact of the economic downturn and any recovery efforts remains unknown.

Although China committed by treaty to preserve for 50 years the economic and social freedoms enjoyed in Hong Kong prior to the reversion, the continuation of the economic system in Hong Kong going forward will be

dependent on the Chinese government, and there can be no assurances that the commitment made by China regarding Hong Kong will be maintained. Prior to the reversion, legislation was enacted in Hong Kong designed to extend democratic voting procedures for Hong Kong's legislature. The Basic Law stipulates that, after a review in 2007, elections for Chief Executive and all members of the Legislative Council may be held by universal suffrage, which is the "ultimate aim" set by the Basic Law. However, China's current administration has taken a hard line on such steps that it thinks may lead to the democratization of Hong Kong, calling into question China's commitment to the "one country, two systems" model and to reform in general. Additionally, Hong Kong recently proposed legislation to implement Article 23 of the Basic Law, which stipulates that Hong Kong should enact laws on its own to prohibit any act of treason, secession, sedition or subversion against the central government of China. The draft legislation has since been withdrawn due to local and international concerns, most notably a mass protest rally on July 1st, 2003, organized in an effort to protect Hong Kong's rights and freedoms as guaranteed in the Basic Law and to uphold the "one country, two systems" principle. Any increase in uncertainty as to the future economic and political status of Hong Kong could have a materially adverse effect on the value of the Trust. The Sponsor is unable to predict the level of market liquidity or volatility which may occur as a result of a change in Hong Kong's economic or political status, both of which may negatively impact such Trust and the value of the Units.

The currency crisis which affected a majority of Asian markets in mid-1997 and beyond has forced Hong Kong leaders to address whether to devalue the Hong Kong dollar or maintain its peg to the U.S. dollar. During the volatile markets of 1998, the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (the "HKMA") acquired the common stock of certain Hong Kong issuers listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in an effort to stabilize the Hong Kong dollar and thwart currency speculators. Government intervention may hurt Hong Kong's reputation as a free market and increases concerns that authorities are not willing to let Hong Kong's currency system function autonomously. This may undermine confidence in the Hong Kong dollar's peg to the U.S. dollar. Any downturn in economic growth or increase in the rate of inflation in China or Hong Kong could have a materially adverse effect on the value of the Trust.

Securities prices on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, and specifically the Hang Seng Index, can be highly volatile and are sensitive to developments in Hong Kong and China, as well as other world markets. For example, the Hang Seng Index declined by approximately 31% in October, 1997 as a result of speculation that the Hong Kong dollar would become the next victim of the Asian currency crisis, and in 1989, the Hang Seng Index dropped 1,216 points (approximately 58%) in early June following the events at Tiananmen Square. During 1994, the Hang Seng Index lost approximately 31% of its value. From January through August of 1998, during a period marked by international economic instability and a global currency crisis, the Hang Seng Index declined by nearly 27%. Due to the outbreak of the Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) during March to May of 2003, the Hang Seng Index suffered a significant decrease. Also, the Hang Seng Index rose approximately 27% from June 2006 until the end of November 2006, at which time it suffered its largest one-day loss in five years. The Hang Seng Index is subject to change, and de-listing of any issues may have an adverse impact on the performance of the Trust, although de-listing would not necessarily result in the disposal of the stock of these companies, nor would it prevent the Trust from purchasing additional de-listed Securities. In recent years, a number of companies have de-listed from the Hang Seng Index. In addition, as a result of Hong Kong's reversion to Chinese sovereignty, an increased number of Chinese companies could become listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, thereby changing the composition of the stock market and, potentially, the composition of the Hang Seng Index.

Foreign Issuers. Since all of the Securities included in the Trust consist of securities of foreign issuers, an investment in the Trust involves certain investment risks that are different in some respects from an investment in a trust which invests entirely in the securities of domestic issuers. These investment risks include future political or governmental restrictions which might adversely affect the payment or receipt of payment of dividends on the relevant Securities, the possibility that the financial condition of the issuers of the Securities may become impaired or that the general condition of the relevant stock market may worsen (both of which would contribute

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directly to a decrease in the value of the Securities and thus in the value of the Units), the limited liquidity and relatively small market capitalization of the relevant securities market, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, economic uncertainties and foreign currency

devaluations and fluctuations. In addition, for foreign issuers that are not subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, there may be less publicly available information than is available from a domestic issuer. Also, foreign issuers are not necessarily subject to uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, practices and requirements comparable to those applicable to domestic issuers. The securities of many foreign issuers are less liquid and their prices more volatile than securities of comparable domestic issuers. In addition, fixed brokerage commissions and other transaction costs on foreign securities exchanges are generally higher than in the United States and there is generally less government supervision and regulation of exchanges, brokers and issuers in foreign countries than there is in the United States. However, due to the nature of the issuers of the Securities selected for the Trust, the Sponsor believes that adequate information will be available to allow the Supervisor to provide portfolio surveillance for the Trust.

Securities issued by non-U.S. issuers generally pay dividends in foreign currencies and are principally traded in foreign currencies. Therefore, there is a risk that the U.S. dollar value of these securities will vary with fluctuations in the U.S. dollar foreign exchange rates for the various Securities. See "Exchange Rates" below.

On the basis of the best information available to the Sponsor at the present time, none of the Securities in the Trust are subject to exchange control restrictions under existing law which would materially interfere with payment to the Trust of dividends due on, or proceeds from the sale of, the Securities. However, there can be no assurance that exchange control regulations might not be adopted in the future which might adversely affect payment to the Trust. The adoption of exchange control regulations and other legal restrictions could have an adverse impact on the marketability of international securities in the Trust and on the ability of the Trust to satisfy its obligation to redeem Units tendered to the Trustee for redemption. In addition, restrictions on the settlement of transactions on either the purchase or sale side, or both, could cause delays or increase the costs associated with the purchase and sale of the foreign Securities and correspondingly could affect the price of the Units.

Investors should be aware that it may not be possible to buy all Securities at the same time because of the unavailability of any Security, and restrictions applicable to the Trust relating to the purchase of a Security by reason of the federal securities laws or otherwise.

Foreign securities generally have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and may not be exempt from the registration requirements of such Act. Sales of non-exempt Securities by the Trust in the United States securities markets are subject to severe restrictions and may not be practicable. Accordingly, sales of these Securities by the Trust will generally be effected only in foreign securities markets. Although the Sponsor does not believe that the Trust will encounter obstacles in disposing of the Securities, investors should realize that the Securities may be traded in foreign countries where the securities markets are not as developed or efficient and may not be as liquid as those in the United States. The value of the Securities will be adversely affected if trading markets for the Securities are limited or absent.

Emerging Markets. An investment in Units of the Trust should be made with an understanding of the risks inherent with investing in certain smaller and emerging markets. Compared to more mature markets, some emerging markets may have a low level of regulation, enforcement of regulations and monitoring of investors' activities. Those activities may include practices such as trading on material non-public information. The securities markets of developing countries are not as large as the more established securities markets and have substantially less trading volume, resulting in a lack of liquidity and high price volatility. There may be a high concentration of market capitalization and trading volume in a small number of issuers representing a limited number of industries as well as a high concentration of investors and financial intermediaries. These factors may adversely affect the timing and pricing of the acquisition or disposal of securities.

In certain emerging markets, registrars are not subject to effective government supervision nor are they always independent from issuers. The possibility of fraud, negligence, undue influence being exerted by the issuer or refusal to recognize ownership exists, which, along with other factors, could result in the registration of a shareholding being completely lost. Investors should therefore be aware that the Trust could suffer loss arising from these registration problems. In addition, the legal remedies in emerging markets are often more limited than the remedies available in the United States.

Practices pertaining to the settlement of securities transactions in

emerging markets involve higher risks than those in developed markets, in large part because of the need to use brokers and counterparties who are less well capitalized, and custody and registration of assets in some countries may be unreliable. As a result, brokerage commissions and

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other fees are generally higher in emerging markets and the procedures and rules governing foreign transactions and custody may involve delays in payment, delivery or recovery of money or investments. Delays in settlement could result in investment opportunities being missed if the Trust is unable to acquire or dispose of a security. Certain foreign investments may also be less liquid and more volatile than U.S. investments, which may mean at times that such investments are unable to be sold at desirable prices.

Political and economic structures in emerging markets often change rapidly, which may cause instability. In adverse social and political circumstances, governments have been involved in policies of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, nationalization, intervention in the securities market and trade settlement, and imposition of foreign investment restrictions and exchange controls, and these could be repeated in the future. In addition to withholding taxes on investment income, some governments in emerging markets may impose different capital gains taxes on foreign investors. Foreign investments may also be subject to the risks of seizure by a foreign government and the imposition of restrictions on the exchange or export of foreign currency. Additionally, some governments exercise substantial influence over the private economic sector and the political and social uncertainties that exist for many developing countries are considerable.

Another risk common to most developing countries is that the economy is heavily export oriented and, accordingly, is dependent upon international trade. The existence of overburdened infrastructures and obsolete financial systems also presents risks in certain countries, as do environmental problems. Certain economies also depend to a large degree upon exports of primary commodities and, therefore, are vulnerable to changes in commodity prices which, in turn, may be affected by a variety of factors.

Small-Cap Companies. While historically small-cap company stocks have outperformed the stocks of large companies, the former have customarily involved more investment risk as well. Small-cap companies may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources; may lack management depth or experience; and may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments than large companies. Some of these companies may distribute, sell or produce products which have recently been brought to market and may be dependent on key personnel.

The prices of small company securities are often more volatile than prices associated with large company issues, and can display abrupt or erratic movements at times, due to limited trading volumes and less publicly available information. Also, because small-cap companies normally have fewer shares outstanding and these shares trade less frequently than large companies, it may be more difficult for the trusts which contain these securities to buy and sell significant amounts of such shares without an unfavorable impact on prevailing market prices.

Exchange Rates. The Trust is comprised of Securities that are principally traded in foreign currencies and as such, involve investment risks that are substantially different from an investment in a fund which invests in securities that are principally traded in United States dollars. The United States dollar value of the portfolio (and hence of the Units) and of the distributions from the portfolio will vary with fluctuations in the United States dollar foreign exchange rates for the relevant currencies. Most foreign currencies have fluctuated widely in value against the United States dollar for many reasons, including supply and demand of the respective currency, the rate of inflation in the respective economies compared to the United States, the impact of interest rate differentials between different currencies on the movement of foreign currency rates, the balance of imports and exports goods and services, the soundness of the world economy and the strength of the respective economy as compared to the economies of the United States and other countries.

The post-World War II international monetary system was, until 1973, dominated by the Bretton Woods Treaty which established a system of fixed exchange rates and the convertibility of the United States dollar into gold through foreign central banks. Starting in 1971, growing volatility in the foreign exchange markets caused the United States to abandon gold convertibility and to effect a small devaluation of the United States dollar. In 1973, the system of fixed exchange rates between a number of the most important industrial countries of the world, among them the United States and most Western European countries,

was completely abandoned. Subsequently, major industrialized countries have adopted "floating" exchange rates, under which daily currency valuations depend on supply and demand in a freely fluctuating international market. Many smaller or developing countries have continued to "peg" their currencies to the United States dollar although there has been some interest in recent years in "pegging" currencies to "baskets" of other currencies or to a Special Drawing Right administered by the International Monetary Fund. In Europe, the euro has been developed. Currencies are generally traded by leading international commercial banks and institutional investors (including corporate treasurers, money managers, pension funds and insurance companies). From

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time to time, central banks in a number of countries also are major buyers and sellers of foreign currencies, mostly for the purpose of preventing or reducing substantial exchange rate fluctuations.

Exchange rate fluctuations are partly dependent on a number of economic factors including economic conditions within countries, the impact of actual and proposed government policies on the value of currencies, interest rate differentials between the currencies and the balance of imports and exports of goods and services and transfers of income and capital from one country to another. These economic factors are influenced primarily by a particular country's monetary and fiscal policies (although the perceived political situation in a particular country may have an influence as well-particularly with respect to transfers of capital). Investor psychology may also be an important determinant of currency fluctuations in the short run. Moreover, institutional investors trying to anticipate the future relative strength or weakness of a particular currency may sometimes exercise considerable speculative influence on currency exchange rates by purchasing or selling large amounts of the same currency or currencies. However, over the long term, the currency of a country with a low rate of inflation and a favorable balance of trade should increase in value relative to the currency of a country with a high rate of inflation and deficits in the balance of trade.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the range of fluctuations concerning the equivalent U.S. dollar rates of exchange for the China yuan renminbi and the Hong Kong dollar:

Foreign Exchange Rates

Range of Fluctuations in Foreign Currencies

Annual Period	China Yuan Renminbi/ U.S. Dollar	Hong Kong Dollar/ U.S. Dollar
1993	7.630-8.917	7.722-7.766
1994	8.449-8.714	7.723-7.750
1995	8.272-8.444	7.726-7.763
1996	8.300-8.336	7.732-7.742
1997	8.279-8.300	7.708-7.751
1998	8.277-8.280	7.735-7.749
1999	8.277-8.280	7.746-7.775
2000	8.277-8.280	7.774-7.800
2001	8.276-8.279	7.798-7.800
2002	8.276-8.278	7.799-7.800
2003	8.277-8.278	7.742-7.800
2004	8.276-8.277	7.773-7.800
2005	8.070-8.277	7.752-7.800
2006	7.805-8.061	7.753-7.792
2007	7.297-7.774	7.750-7.826
2008	6.811-7.197	7.795-7.815
2009	6.819-6.852	7.750-7.760
2010	6.607-6.828	7.751-7.805

Source: Bloomberg L.P.

The Evaluator will estimate current exchange rates for the relevant currencies based on activity in the various currency exchange markets. However, since these markets are volatile and are constantly changing, depending on the activity at any particular time of the large international commercial banks, various central banks, large multinational corporations, speculators and other buyers and sellers of foreign currencies, and since actual foreign currency transactions may not be instantly reported, the exchange rates estimated by the Evaluator may not be indicative of the amount in United States dollars the Trust would receive had the Trustee sold any particular currency in the market. The foreign exchange transactions of the Trust will be conducted by the Trustee with foreign exchange dealers acting as principals on a spot (i.e., cash) buying basis. Although foreign exchange dealers trade on a net basis, they do realize a profit based upon the difference

between the price at which they are willing to buy a particular currency (bid price) and the price at which they are willing to sell the currency (offer price).

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CONTENTS OF REGISTRATION STATEMENT

A. Bonding Arrangements of Depositor:

First Trust Portfolios L.P. is covered by a Brokers' Fidelity Bond, in the total amount of \$2,000,000, the insurer being National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

B. This Registration Statement on Form S-6 comprises the following papers and documents:

The facing sheet

The Prospectus

The signatures

Exhibits

S-1

SIGNATURES

The Registrant, FT 3232, hereby identifies The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 4; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 18; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 69; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 108; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 119; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 190; FT 286; The First Trust Combined Series 272; FT 412; FT 438; FT 556; FT 754; FT 1102; FT 1179; FT 1180; FT 1221; FT 1222; FT 1318; FT 1392; FT 1393; FT 1422; FT 1423; FT 1524; FT 1525; FT 1573; FT 1590; FT 1635; FT 1638; FT 1639; FT 1693; FT 1711; FT 1712; FT 1770; FT 1809; FT 1829; FT 1859; FT 1863; FT 1888; FT 1894; FT 1911; FT 1937; FT 1977; FT 1991; FT 1994; FT 2038; FT 2051; FT 2057; FT 2079; FT 2092; FT 2106; FT 2107; FT 2126; FT 2159; FT 2165; FT 2170; FT 2181; FT 2220; FT 2253; FT 2261; FT 2311; FT 2326; FT 2356; FT 2364; FT 2386; FT 2408; FT 2427; FT 2462; FT 2482; FT 2488; FT 2489; FT 2517; FT 2530; FT 2548; FT 2603; FT 2611; FT 2617; FT 2618; FT 2659; FT 2668; FT 2681; FT 2709; FT 2746; FT 2747; FT 2752; FT 2753; FT 2772; FT 2824; FT 2866; FT 2871; FT 2878; FT 2879; FT 2884; FT 2893; FT 2935; FT 2939; FT 3007; FT 3008; FT 3016; FT 3017; FT 3022; FT 3024; FT 3025; FT 3032; FT 3109; FT 3128; FT 3161; FT 3166; FT 3167; FT 3183 and FT 3196 for purposes of the representations required by Rule 487 and represents the following:

(1) that the portfolio securities deposited in the series with respect to which this Registration Statement is being filed do not differ materially in type or quality from those deposited in such previous series;

(2) that, except to the extent necessary to identify the specific portfolio securities deposited in, and to provide essential financial information for, the series with respect to the securities of which this Registration Statement is being filed, this Registration Statement does not contain disclosures that differ in any material respect from those contained in the registration statements for such previous series as to which the effective date was determined by the Commission or the staff; and

(3) that it has complied with Rule 460 under the Securities Act of 1933.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant, FT 3232, has duly caused this Amendment to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the

undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Wheaton and State of Illinois on November 7, 2011.

FT 3232

By FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.
Depositor

By Jason T. Henry
Senior Vice President

S-2

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Amendment to the Registration Statement has been signed below by the following person in the capacity and on the date indicated:

Name	Title*	Date
James A. Bowen	Director of The Charger) Corporation, the General) Partner of First Trust) Portfolios L.P.)	November 7, 2011
)	
) Jason T. Henry	
) Attorney-in-Fact**	

* The title of the person named herein represents his capacity in and relationship to First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Depositor.

** An executed copy of the related power of attorney was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Amendment No. 2 to Form S-6 of FT 2669 (File No. 333-169625) and the same is hereby incorporated herein by this reference.

S-3

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use in this Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement No. 333-177193 on Form S-6 of our report dated November 7, 2011, relating to the financial statement of FT 3232, comprising Greater China Portfolio, Series 28, appearing in the Prospectus, which is a part of such Registration Statement, and to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chicago, Illinois
November 7, 2011

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CONSENT OF COUNSEL

The consent of counsel to the use of its name in the Prospectus included in this Registration Statement will be contained in its opinion to be filed as Exhibit 3.1 of the Registration Statement.

CONSENT OF FIRST TRUST ADVISORS L.P.

The consent of First Trust Advisors L.P. to the use of its name in the Prospectus included in the Registration Statement will be filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registration Statement.

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- 1.1 Form of Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust for FT 785 and certain subsequent Series, effective December 9, 2003 among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, First Trust Advisors L.P., as Evaluator, and First Trust Advisors L.P., as Portfolio Supervisor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-110799] filed on behalf of FT 785).
 - 1.1.1 Form of Trust Agreement for FT 3232 and certain subsequent Series, effective November 7, 2011 among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, First Trust Advisors L.P., as Evaluator, First Trust Advisors L.P., as Portfolio Supervisor, and FTP Services LLC, as FTFS Unit Servicing Agent.
 - 1.2 Copy of Certificate of Limited Partnership of First Trust Portfolios L.P. (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 33-42683] filed on behalf of The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 18).
 - 1.3 Copy of Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of First Trust Portfolios L.P. (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 33-42683] filed on behalf of The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 18).
 - 1.4 Copy of Articles of Incorporation of The Charger Corporation, the general partner of First Trust Portfolios L.P., Depositor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 33-42683] filed on behalf of The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 18).
 - 1.5 Copy of By-Laws of The Charger Corporation, the general partner of First Trust Portfolios L.P., Depositor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-169625] filed on behalf of FT 2669).
 - 1.6 Underwriter Agreement (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 33-42755] filed on behalf of The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 19).
 - 2.1 Copy of Certificate of Ownership (included in Exhibit 1.1 filed herewith on page 2 and incorporated herein by reference).
- S-6
- 2.2 Copy of Code of Ethics (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to form S-6 [File No. 333-156964] filed on behalf of FT 1987).
 - 3.1 Opinion of counsel as to legality of securities being registered.
 - 4.1 Consent of First Trust Advisors L.P.
 - 6.1 List of Directors and Officers of Depositor and other related information (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 33-42683] filed on behalf of The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 18).
 - 7.1 Power of Attorney executed by the Director listed on page S-3 of this Registration Statement (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-169625] filed on behalf of FT 2669).

MEMORANDUM

FT 3232

File No. 333-177193

The Prospectus and the Indenture filed with Amendment No. 2 of the Registration Statement on Form S-6 have been revised to reflect information regarding the execution of the Indenture and the deposit of Securities on November 7, 2011 and to set forth certain statistical data based thereon. In addition, there are a number of other changes described below.

THE PROSPECTUS

Cover Page The date of the Trust has been added.

Page 3 The following information for the Trust appears:

The Aggregate Value of Securities initially deposited has been added.

The initial number of units of the Trust

Sales charge

The Public Offering Price per Unit as of the business day before the Initial Date of Deposit

The Mandatory Termination Date has been added.

Page 5 The Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm has been completed.

Page 6 The Statement of Net Assets has been completed.

Pages 7-8 The Schedule of Investments has been completed.

Back Cover The date of the Prospectus has been included.

THE TRUST AGREEMENT AND STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF TRUST

The Trust Agreement has been conformed to reflect the execution thereof.

CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP

November 7, 2011

TRUST AGREEMENT

Dated: November 7, 2011

The Trust Agreement among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, First Trust Advisors L.P., as Evaluator and Portfolio Supervisor, and FTP Services LLC, as FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, sets forth certain provisions in full and incorporates other provisions by reference to the document entitled "Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust for FT 785 and certain subsequent Series, Effective December 9, 2003" (herein called the "Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust"), and such provisions as are incorporated by reference constitute a single instrument. All references herein to Articles and Sections are to Articles and Sections of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

WITNESSETH THAT:

In consideration of the premises and of the mutual agreements herein contained, the Depositor, the Trustee, the Evaluator, the Portfolio Supervisor and the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent agree as follows:

PART I

STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF TRUST

Subject to the provisions of Part II and Part III hereof, all the provisions contained in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety and shall be deemed to be a part of this instrument as fully and to the same extent as though said provisions had been set forth in full in this instrument.

PART II

SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF TRUST

GREATER CHINA PORTFOLIO, SERIES 28

The following special terms and conditions are hereby agreed to:

A. The Securities initially deposited in the Trust pursuant to Section 2.01 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of

Trust are set forth in the Schedules hereto.

B. The aggregate number of Units outstanding for the Trust on the Initial Date of Deposit and the initial fractional undivided interest in and ownership of the Trust represented by each Unit thereof are set forth in the Prospectus in the section "Summary of Essential Information."

Documents representing this number of Units for the Trust are being delivered by the Trustee to the Depositor pursuant to Section 2.03 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

C. The Record Date shall be as set forth in the Prospectus under "Summary of Essential Information." The Trustee is authorized to make the payments specified in Part I of Section 3.05 on the last Business Day of each month.

D. The Distribution Date shall be the 25th day of the month in which the related Record Date occurs.

E. The Mandatory Termination Date for the Trust shall be as set forth in the Prospectus under "Summary of Essential Information."

F. First Trust Advisors L.P.'s compensation as referred to in Section 4.03 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust and FTP Services LLC's compensation as referred to in Section 3.16 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall collectively be an annual fee in the amount of \$.0080 per Unit.

G. The Trustee's Compensation Rate pursuant to Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be an annual fee in the amount of \$.0096 per Unit, calculated based on the largest number of Units outstanding during the calendar year except during the initial offering period as determined in Section 4.01 of this Indenture, in which case the fee is calculated based on the largest number of units outstanding during the period for which the compensation is paid (such annual fee to be pro rated for any calendar year in which the Trustee provides services during less than the whole of such year). However, in no event, except as may otherwise be provided in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, shall the Trustee receive compensation in any one year from any Trust of less than \$2,000 for such annual compensation. The Bank of New York Mellon, or any of its affiliates, may perform services in any capacity for any exchange traded fund, investment company, investment trust or other entity whose shares are held as an asset of the Trust, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, shall be entitled to receive the foregoing compensation, without reduction, notwithstanding that The Bank of New York Mellon or an affiliate is receiving compensation for services to such exchange

traded fund, investment company, investment trust or other entity. Without limiting the scope of the expenses for which the Trustee is entitled to reimbursement in accordance with Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, the amounts receivable by the Trustee from the Trust shall include amounts charged by the Trustee or an affiliate in connection with custody of securities at any branch or affiliate of the Trustee located outside the United States.

H. The Initial Date of Deposit for the Trust is November 7, 2011.

I. There is no minimum amount of Securities to be sold by the Trustee pursuant to Section 5.02 of the Indenture for the redemption of Units.

J. No Unit holder will be eligible for an in-kind distribution of Securities pursuant to Section 5.02.

K. No Unit holder will be eligible for an in-kind distribution of Securities pursuant to Section 8.02.

PART III

A. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 1.01 (13) shall be amended to delete the second sentence of such section and replace it with the following:

"The Percentage Ratio with respect to each Security in a Trust is that percentage derived by dividing the number of shares of such Security included in the initial deposit made pursuant to Section 2.01(a) by the total number of shares of all Securities included in such deposit."

B. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 2.01(e) shall be amended to read as follows:

"The Trustee is hereby irrevocably authorized to effect registration or transfer of the Securities in fully registered form to the name of the Trustee or to the name of its nominee or to hold the Securities in a clearing agency registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in a book entry system operated by the Federal Reserve Board, with an Eligible Foreign Custodian or in an Eligible Securities Depository."

C. Section 2.01 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to include the following section at the end of Section 2.01:

"(g) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, subject to the requirements set forth in this Section 2.01(g) and unless the Prospectus otherwise requires, the Depositor may, on any Business Day (the "Trade Date"), subscribe for additional Units as follows:

(i) Prior to the Evaluation Time on such Business Day, the Depositor shall provide notice (the "Subscription Notice") to the Trustee, by telephone or by written communication, of the Depositor's intention to subscribe for additional Units. The Subscription Notice shall identify the additional Securities to be acquired (which will be a precise replication of the then existing portfolio, as consistent with the provisions of Section 2.01(b)) and shall either (a) specify the quantity of additional Securities to be deposited by the Depositor on the settlement date for such subscription or (b) instruct the Trustee to purchase additional Securities with an aggregate value as specified in the Subscription Notice.

(ii) Promptly following the Evaluation Time on such Business Day, the Depositor shall verify with the Trustee the number of additional Units to be created.

(iii) Not later than the time on the settlement date for such subscription when the Trustee is to deliver or assign the additional Units created hereby, the Depositor shall deposit with the Trustee (a) any additional Securities specified in the Subscription Notice (or contracts to purchase such additional Securities together with cash or a Letter of Credit in the amount necessary to settle such contracts) or (b) cash or a Letter of Credit in an amount equal to the aggregate value of the additional Securities specified in the Subscription Notice to be purchased by the Trustee, and adding and subtracting the amounts specified in the first and second sentences of Section 5.01, computed as of the Evaluation Time on the Business Day preceding the Trade Date divided by the number of Units outstanding as of the Evaluation Time on the Business Day preceding the Trade Date, times the number of additional Units to be created.

(iv) On the settlement date for such subscription, the Trustee shall, in exchange for the Securities and cash, cash or Letter of Credit described above, deliver to, or assign in the name of or on the order of, the Depositor the number of Units verified by the Depositor with the Trustee.

(v) In the event the Depositor fails to take such action required by paragraph (iii) above, the Trustee shall, on the settlement date for such subscription, settle the

securities transactions specified in the Subscription Notice.

(vi) Neither the Trust nor Unit holders of the Trust will be responsible for any loss resulting from the failure of the Depositor to take such action required by paragraph (iii) above."

D. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 6.01(e) shall be amended to read as follows:

"(e) (1) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, the Trustee may employ agents, sub-custodians, attorneys, accountants and auditors and shall not be answerable for the default or misconduct of any such agents, sub-custodians, attorneys, accountants or auditors if such agents, sub-custodians, attorneys, accountants or auditors shall have been selected with reasonable care. The Trustee shall be fully protected in respect of any action under this Indenture taken or suffered in good faith by the Trustee in accordance with the opinion of counsel, which may be counsel to the Depositor acceptable to the Trustee, provided, however that this disclaimer of liability shall not excuse the Trustee from the responsibilities specified in subparagraph (2) below. The fees and expenses charged by such agents, sub-custodians, attorneys, accountants or auditors shall constitute an expense of the Trust reimbursable from the Income and Capital Accounts of the Trust as set forth in section 7.04 hereof.

(2) To the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as evidenced by an opinion of counsel to the Depositor satisfactory to the Trustee or "no-action" letters or exemptive orders issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff, the Trustee may place and maintain in the care of an Eligible Foreign Custodian (which is employed by the Trustee as a sub-custodian as contemplated by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (e) and which may be an affiliate or subsidiary of the Trustee or any other entity in which the Trustee may have an ownership interest) or an Eligible Securities Depository the Trust's investments (including foreign currencies) for which the primary market is outside the United States, and such cash and cash equivalents in amounts reasonably necessary to effect the Trust's transactions in such investments, provided that:

(A) The Trustee shall indemnify the Trust and hold the Trust harmless from and against any risk of loss of Trust assets held with an Eligible Foreign Custodian in

accordance with the foreign custody contract.

(B) The Trustee shall exercise reasonable care, prudence and diligence such as a person having responsibility for the safekeeping of Trust assets would exercise, and shall be liable to the Trust for any loss occurring as a result of its failure to do so.

(C) The Trustee shall perform all duties assigned to the Foreign Custody Manager by Rule 17f-5 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR Section 270.17f-5), as now in effect or as such rule may be amended in the future ("Rule 17f-5"). The Trustee shall not delegate such duties.

(D) The Trustee shall (i) provide the Depositor with an analysis of the custody risks associated with maintaining assets with an Eligible Securities Depository; (ii) monitor the custody risks associated with maintaining assets with the Eligible Securities Depository on a continuing basis and promptly notify the Depositor of any material change in such risks; and (iii) exercise reasonable care, prudence and diligence in performing the foregoing duties. The Depositor shall instruct the Trustee to take such action as the Depositor deems appropriate in response to a notification by the Trustee provided pursuant to (ii) in the preceding sentence.

(E) The Trust's Prospectus shall contain such disclosure regarding foreign securities and foreign custody as is required for management investment companies by Forms N-1A and N-2. Such Prospectus shall also contain disclosure concerning the Depositor's responsibilities described in (D) above.

(F) The Trustee shall maintain and keep current written records regarding the basis for the choice or continued use of a particular Eligible Foreign Custodian pursuant to this subparagraph for a period of not less than six years from the end of the fiscal year in which the Trust was terminated, the first two years in an easily accessible place. Such records shall be available for inspection by Unit holders and the Securities and Exchange Commission at the Trustee's corporate trust office during its usual business hours."

E. Section 4.05 shall be amended to add the following paragraph as the third paragraph of Section 4.05 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust:

"The Portfolio Supervisor may employ one or more sub-Portfolio Supervisors to assist in performing the services set forth in this Section 4.05 and shall not be answerable for the default of any such sub-Portfolio Supervisors if such sub-Portfolio Supervisors shall have been selected with reasonable care, provided, however, that the Portfolio Supervisor will indemnify and hold the Trust harmless from and against any loss occurring as a result of a sub-Portfolio Supervisor's willful misfeasance, reckless disregard, bad faith, or gross negligence in performing supervisory duties. The fees and expenses charged by such sub-Portfolio Supervisors shall be paid by the Portfolio Supervisor out of proceeds received by the Portfolio Supervisor in accordance with Section 4.03 hereof."

F. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, the Trustee may deem and treat the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent as the sole Unit holder of FTPS Units for all purposes of the Indenture and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary.

G. Section 1.01 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to include the following:

"Section 1.01(31). "FTPS Unit" shall mean Units which are purchased through the Fund/SERV(R) trading system or on a manual basis through FTP Services LLC or for which FTP Services LLC is acting as FTPS Unit Servicing Agent.

Section 1.01(32). "FTPS Unit Servicing Agent" shall mean FTP Services LLC or any successor FTPS Unit servicing agent appointed as hereinafter provided."

H. Section 3.05.I. of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to include the following at the end of such section:

"(d) deduct from the Income account or, to the extent funds are not available in such Account, from the Capital Account and pay to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent the amount that it is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 3.16."

I. Article III of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to include the following section:

"Section 3.16. FTPS Unit Servicing Agent. FTP Services LLC acts as record keeper, shareholder servicing agent and distribution agent for Units which are purchased and sold through the Fund/SERV(R) trading system or on a manual basis through FTP Services LLC. ("FTPS Units"). (a) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall perform all of the duties with respect

to recordkeeping of FTPS Units and FTPS Unit holders, distributions, redemption of FTPS Units and communications to and with FTPS Unit holders listed below.

(1) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall keep proper books of record and account of all of the transactions in the FTPS Units of each Trust under this Indenture at its corporate office, including a record of the name and address of, and the FTPS Units issued by each Trust and held by, every FTPS Unit holder, and such books and records of each Trust shall be made available to the Trustee and the Depositor promptly upon request and open to inspection by any FTPS Unit holder of such Trust, with respect to such FTPS Unit holders transactions, at all reasonable times during usual business hours. Without limiting the foregoing, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall make any records or documents described in Reg. 270.31(a)-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 available promptly to the Trustee and the Depositor upon request during usual business hours and will preserve such records and documents for the periods prescribed in Reg. 270.31(a)-2 thereunder.

(2) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall distribute on or shortly after the Distribution Dates specified in the Trust Agreement to each FTPS Unit holder of record on its books on the Record Date for each such Distribution Date specified in the Trust Agreement such FTPS Unit holder's distribution as computed under the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

(3) In connection with such distributions set forth above, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall furnish a Distribution Statement to FTPS Unit holders of record on its books. The content and frequency of such Distribution Statements shall in no respect be less detailed or frequent than that specified in Section 3.06 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

(4) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall transmit to each FTPS Unit holder of record any notice or other communication received from the Trustee and shall be solely responsible for soliciting and transmitting to the Trustee any notice required from FTPS Unit holders.

(5) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall be responsible for all tax reporting required from time to time by applicable law and regulations with respect to holders of FTPS Units, and reporting of cost basis in respect of the FTPS Units of such holders (including, without limitation, reporting required by Section 6045(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended).

(6) For purposes of permitting FTPS Unit holders to satisfy any reporting requirements of applicable federal or state tax law, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall provide the Trustee with the name, address, number of FTPS Units held by, and such other information as requested by the Trustee, for every FTPS Unit holder so that the Trustee can transmit to any FTPS Unit holder of record on the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent's books any reports required to be distributed pursuant to Section 4.02 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust. The Trustee may rely on the accuracy and completeness of the information (including any records or documents made available) provided to it by the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent and may accept such information without inquiry. Each of the Depositor and the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent hereby agree, jointly and severally, to indemnify the Trustee and hold Trustee harmless from and against any and all costs, expenses, penalties, damages, liabilities or claims including attorneys' and accountants' fees sustained or incurred by or asserted against the Trustee by reason of or as a result of any of the information provided to the Trustee by the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent being inaccurate or incomplete. This indemnity shall be a continuing obligation of each of the Depositor and the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, and their successors and assigns, notwithstanding the termination of this Trust Agreement.

(7) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall distribute to redeeming FTPS Unit holders of record on its books redemption proceeds it receives pursuant to Section 5.02 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust from the Trustee as the sole record owner of FTPS Units on the Trustee's books.

(8) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall distribute to FTPS Unit holders of record on its books a pro rata portion of termination proceeds it receives pursuant to Section 8.02 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust from the Trustee as the sole record owner of FTPS Units on the Trustee's books.

(9) In connection with such termination distributions set forth above, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall furnish a Final Distribution Statement to FTPS Unit holders of record on its books. The content of such Final Distribution Statements shall in no respect be less detailed than that specified in Section 8.02 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

(10) As requested by the Depositor and/or the Trustee,

the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall perform such other functions which, from time to time, are agreed upon by the parties hereto and which may give rise to additional fees.

(b) As compensation for providing the services set forth herein, of a character described in Section 26(a)(2)(C) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and to the extent that such services are in addition to, and do not duplicate, the services to be performed by the Trustee, FTP Services LLC shall receive, in arrears, against a statement or statements therefore submitted to the Trustee monthly or annually an aggregate annual fee in the per Unit amount set forth in Part II of the Trust Agreement for the Trust, calculated based on the largest number of Units outstanding during the calendar year, except during the initial offering period as determined in Section 4.01 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, in which case the fee is calculated based on the largest number of Units outstanding during the period for which the compensation is paid (such annual fee to be pro rated for any calendar year in which FTP Services LLC provides services described herein during less than the whole of such year). Such fee may exceed the actual cost of providing such services for the Trust, but at no time will the total amount received by FTP Services LLC for rendering the services described in this Section 3.16 and First Trust Advisors, L.P. for rendering the services described in Section 4.03 to unit investment trusts of which the Depositor is the sponsor in any calendar year exceed the aggregate cost to FTP Services LLC and First Trust Advisors L.P. of supplying such services in such year. Such compensation may, from time to time, be adjusted by the Depositor provided that the total adjustment upward does not, at the time of such adjustment, exceed the percentage of the total increase, after the date hereof, in consumer prices for services as measured by the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index entitled "All Services Less Rent of Shelter" or similar index, if such index should no longer be published. The consent or concurrence of any Unit holder hereunder shall not be required for any such adjustment or increase. Such compensation shall be paid by the Trustee, upon receipt of an invoice therefore from FTP Services LLC, which shall constitute the representation by FTP Services LLC that the bookkeeping and administrative services for which compensation is claimed are properly compensable hereunder and that the aggregate cost incurred by FTP Services LLC of providing FTPS Unit shareholder servicing hereunder was not less than the compensation claimed, upon which representation the Trustee may conclusively rely. Such compensation shall be charged against the Income and/or Capital Accounts, in accordance with Section 3.05 of the

Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

If the cash balance in the Income and Capital Accounts shall be insufficient to provide for amounts payable pursuant to this Section 3.16, the Trustee shall have the power to sell (i) Securities from the current list of Securities designated to be sold pursuant to Section 5.02 hereof, or (ii) if no such Securities have been so designated, such Securities as the Trustee may see fit to sell in its own discretion, and to apply the proceeds of any such sale in payment of the amounts payable pursuant to this Section 3.16.

All moneys payable to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent pursuant to this Section 3.16 shall be secured by a lien on the Trust prior to the interest of Unit holders, but no such lien shall be prior to any lien in favor of the Trustee under the provisions of Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

(c) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall be under no liability for any action taken in good faith on any appraisal, paper, order, list, demand, request, consent, affidavit, notice, opinion, direction, evaluation, endorsement, assignment, resolution, draft or other document, whether or not of the same kind, prima facie properly executed, or for the disposition of moneys, pursuant to this Indenture, except by reason of its own negligence, lack of good faith or willful misconduct, provided that the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall not in any event be liable or responsible for any evaluation made by the Evaluator.

(d) Except as the context otherwise requires, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall be subject to the provisions of Section 4.05 herein in the same manner as it would if it were the Evaluator.

(e) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall be indemnified ratably by the affected Trust and held harmless against any loss or liability accruing to it without negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct on its part, arising out of or in connection with the operations of the Trust, including the costs and expenses (including counsel fees) of defending itself against any claim of liability in the premises, including without limitation any loss, liability or expense incurred in acting pursuant to written directions to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent given by the Trustee or Depositor from time to time in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture or in undertaking actions from time to time which the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent deems necessary in its

discretion to protect the Trust and the rights and interests of the FTPS Unit holders pursuant to the terms of this Indenture.

(f) The FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall conduct its operations in a manner that is compatible with the current operational procedures and requirements of the Trustee (including, without limiting the foregoing, the provision and receipt of data in such format and meeting such technical requirements as the Trustee may specify) and shall exercise its best efforts to accommodate any changes in the operational procedures and requirements which the Trustee may make upon prior notice to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent. The Depositor acknowledges and agrees that the default of the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in its obligations under this paragraph, or the performance by the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent of its obligations in a manner which shall adversely affect the Trustee's performance of its duties, shall be a sufficient grounds for the Trustee to remove the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent pursuant to Section 3.16(d) and Section 4.05.

(g) As used in this Section 3.16, "FTPS Unit holder," when referring to the records of the Trustee, shall mean the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent and, when referring to the records to be maintained by the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, shall mean each owner of a FTPS Unit identified on the records of the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent."

J. Section 4.01(a) and (b) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to include the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent among the parties who are furnished information concerning the Evaluation of each issue of Securities deposited in the Trust and the Trust Fund Evaluation.

K. The second sentence of the first paragraph of Section 4.03 shall be replaced with the following:

"Such fee may exceed the actual cost of providing such services for the Trust, but at no time will the total amount received by First Trust Advisors, L.P. for rendering the services described in this Section 4.03 and FTP Services LLC for rendering the services described in Section 3.16 to unit investment trusts of which the Depositor is the sponsor in any calendar year exceed the aggregate cost to FTP Services LLC and First Trust Advisors, L.P. of supplying such services in such year."

L. Section 4.04 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced in its entirety by the following:

"Section 4.04. Liability of Evaluator. The Trustee, FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, Depositor and the Unit holders may rely on any Evaluation furnished by First Trust Advisors, L.P., acting in its capacity as Evaluator, and shall have no responsibility for the accuracy thereof. The determinations made by the Evaluator hereunder shall be made in good faith upon the basis of the best information available to it. The Evaluator shall be under no liability to the Trustee, FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, Depositor or the Unit holders for errors in judgment; provided, however, that this provision shall not protect the Evaluator against any liability to which it would otherwise be subject by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of its reckless disregard of its obligations and duties hereunder."

M. The second sentence of the first paragraph of Section 5.01 shall be amended to delete subsection (ii) of such sentence and replace it in its entirety with the following:

"(ii) amounts representing estimated accrued expenses of such Trust including but not limited to unpaid fees and expenses of the Trustee, the Evaluator, the Portfolio Supervisor, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, the Depositor and its counsel, in each case as reported by the Trustee to the Depositor on or prior to the date of Evaluation,"

N. Section 6.01(c) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

"(c) The Trustee shall not be responsible for or in respect of the recitals herein, the validity or sufficiency of this Indenture or for the due execution hereof by the Depositor, the Portfolio Supervisor, the Evaluator, or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, or for the form, character, genuineness, sufficiency, value or validity of any of the Securities (except that the Trustee shall be responsible for the exercise of due care in determining the genuineness of Securities delivered to it pursuant to contracts for the purchase of such Securities) or for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of the Units or of the Certificates (except for the due execution thereof by the Trustee) or for the due execution thereof by the Depositor, and the Trustee shall in no event assume or incur any liability, duty or obligation to any Unit holder, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent or the Depositor other than as expressly provided for herein. The Trustee shall not be responsible for or in respect of the validity of any signature by or on behalf of the Depositor, the Portfolio Supervisor, the Evaluator or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent;"

O. Section 8.02(b) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

"(b) deduct from the Income Account of such Trust or, to the extent that funds are not available in such Account, from the Capital Account of such Trust, and pay accrued and unpaid fees of the Evaluator, the Portfolio Supervisor, the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, the Depositor and counsel in connection with such Trust, if any;"

P. Section 8.05 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to add the following paragraph immediately preceding the last paragraph of such section:

"Any notice, demand, direction or instruction to be given to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent shall be in writing and shall be duly given if mailed or delivered to the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent at 120 E. Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, IL 60187, or at such other address as shall be specified by the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent to the other parties hereto in writing."

Q. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, the second paragraph in Section 8.02 shall be amended to read as follows:

"In the event of any termination of the Trust prior to the Mandatory Termination Date, the Trustee shall proceed to liquidate the Securities then held and make the payments and distributions provided for hereinafter in this Section 8.02, except that in such event, the distribution to each Unit holder shall be made in cash and shall be such Unit holder's pro rata interest in the balance of the principal and income accounts after the deductions herein provided. In the event that the Trust shall terminate on or after the Mandatory Termination Date, the Trustee shall, at least thirty days prior to the Mandatory Termination Date, send a written notice to all Unit holders of record. If such Unit holder owns at least the minimum number of Units of Trust set forth in Part II of the Trust Agreement, such notice shall further indicate that such Unit holder may elect to receive an in-kind distribution of their pro rata share of the Securities, to the extent of whole shares. The Trustee will honor duly executed requests for in-kind distributions received (accompanied by the electing Unit holder's Certificate, if issued) by the close of business ten business days prior to the Mandatory Termination Date. Unit holders who do not effectively request an in-kind distribution shall receive their distribution upon termination in cash. Unit holders shall receive their distribution upon termination in cash."

R. Section 6.01 shall be amended to add the following as paragraph (n):

"(n) The Trustee may act, and may engage any corporation, partnership or other entity affiliated with The Bank of New York Mellon (an "Affiliated Entity") to act, as broker or dealer to execute transactions, including the purchase or sale of any securities currently distributed, underwritten or issued by any Affiliated Entity, and receive, or pay to the Affiliated Entity, as applicable, compensation for such services at standard commission rates, markups or concessions."

S. Section 3.02 shall be amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Section 3.02 Income Account. The Trustee shall collect the dividends and other cash distributions on the Securities in each Trust which would be treated as dividend (other than capital gain dividends) or interest income under the Internal Revenue Code as such become payable (including all monies which would be so treated representing penalties for the failure to make timely payments on the Securities, or as liquidated damages for default or breach of any condition or term of the Securities or of the underlying instrument relating to any Securities and other income attributable to a Failed Contract Obligation for which no Replacement Security has been obtained pursuant to Section 3.12 hereof) and credit such income to a separate account for each Trust to be known as the "Income Account."

Any non-cash distributions received by a Trust shall be sold to the extent they would be treated as dividend or interest income under the Internal Revenue Code and the proceeds shall be credited to the Income Account. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, non-cash distributions received by a Trust (other than a non-taxable distribution of the shares of the distributing corporation which shall be retained by a Trust) shall be dealt with in the manner described in Section 3.11, herein, and shall be retained or disposed of by such Trust according to those provisions and the proceeds thereof shall be credited to the Capital (Principal) Account. Neither the Trustee nor the Depositor shall be liable or responsible in any way for depreciation or loss incurred by reason of any such sale.

All other distributions received by a Trust shall be credited to the Capital (Principal) Account."

T. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, the first paragraph of

Section 3.05.(II)(a) shall be amended to provide as follows:

"On each Distribution Date, the Trustee shall distribute to each Unit holder of record at the close of business on the Record Date immediately preceding such Distribution Date an amount per Unit equal to such Unit holder's Income Distribution (as defined below), plus such Unit holder's pro rata share of the balance of the Capital Account (except for monies on deposit therein required to purchase Contract Obligations and, with respect to any Trust which is a widely held fixed investment trust as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(b)(22), monies constituting proceeds of pro-rata sales of Trust assets to effect redemptions, which proceeds shall be retained for payment of redemptions) computed as of the close of business on such Record Date after deduction of any amounts provided in Subsection I, provided, however, that notwithstanding any contrary provisions of paragraph (II)(c) of this Section, the Trustee shall not be required to make a distribution from the Capital Account unless the balance available for distribution is equal to or greater than \$1.00 per 100 Units, except that, notwithstanding any provision of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust or this Trust Agreement to the contrary:

(i) With respect to any Trust which is a widely held fixed investment trust as defined on Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(b)(22), the Trustee shall on any Distribution Date distribute the cash available for distribution in the Income and Capital Accounts within the meaning of Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(b)(5) if the aggregate amount of such cash available for distribution is equal to or greater than .1% of the net asset value of the Trust on the related Record Date. This provision is intended to comply with Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(v)(C) and shall be interpreted consistent therewith and with any successor regulations.

(ii) With respect to any trust which intends to qualify as a regulated investment company, as set forth in the Prospectus for such trust, the Trustee may make such distributions from the Income or Capital Accounts as may be necessary, as determined by the Trust's independent registered public accounting firm, in order to avoid imposition of any income or excise taxes on undistributed income in the Trust. In addition, the Trustee will distribute any funds in the Capital Account in December of each year."

U. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, the ninth paragraph of Section 5.02 of the Standard Terms shall be amended to read in its

entirety as follows:

"With respect to any Trust which is a widely held fixed investment trust as defined on Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(b)(22), for the purpose of funding the Principal Account for payment of the Redemption Value with respect to each tender of a Unit or Units for redemption, the Depositor may direct the trustee to sell and, in the absence of contrary direction from the Depositor, the Trustee may sell, the pro rata amount of each Security allocable to the tendered Units as soon as reasonably practicable following such tender. In determining such pro rata amount, the Trustee may apply the calendar month aggregation method provided in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(G)(3)(i). If the proceeds of such pro rata sales are insufficient, the Trustee may (i) sell additional Securities as directed by the Sponsor or, in the absence of direction, sell Securities in amounts which are reasonably pro rata as determined by the Trustee or (ii) advance funds required to pay the Redemption Value, provided that the Trustee shall have no obligation to advance funds if the unreimbursed amount advanced to the Trust for this purpose then equals at least \$15,000. When directed by the Depositor or determined by the Trustee, but in all events as promptly as reasonably practicable whenever the unreimbursed amount advanced by the Trustee equals or exceeds \$15,000, the Trustee shall sell additional Securities in the manner provided in clause (i) of the preceding sentence and shall reimburse itself the amount of the advance, provided that the Trustee's right to reimbursement shall not be affected by any delay in sale or reimbursement. The Trustee's right to reimbursement shall be secured by a lien on the Trust prior to the interest of the Unit holders. The net proceeds of any sale of Securities representing income shall be credited to the Income Account and then disbursed therefrom for payment of expenses and payments to Unit holders as otherwise provided in this Indenture. The balance of such net proceeds shall be credited to the Principal Account. The Depositor and the Trustee shall use their reasonable efforts to conduct pro rata sales of Securities qualifying for exception from tax reporting as described in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(G) and, during the final calendar year of the trust, qualifying for the exception from tax reporting described in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(F). Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither the Trustee nor the Depositor shall be liable to any person in the event sales proceeds for any calendar year exceed the general de minimis test of Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(D)(1) (whether or not due to a failure to sell Securities pro rata) or otherwise require reporting under Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5."

V. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 6.02 of the Standard Terms is amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Section 6.02. Books, Records and Reports. (a) General. The Trustee shall keep proper books of record and account of all the transactions of each Trust under this Indenture at its corporate trust office, including a record of the name and address of, and the Units issued by each Trust and held by, every Unit holder, and such books and records of each Trust shall be open to inspection by any Unit holder of such Trust at all reasonable times during the usual business hours. The Trustee shall make such annual or other reports as may from time to time be required under any applicable state or federal statute or rule or regulations thereunder.

(b) Audit of trust accounts. Unless the Depositor determines that such an audit is not required, the accounts of the Trust shall be audited not less than annually by independent public accountants designated from time to time by the Depositor and the Trustee and the reports of such accountants shall be furnished upon request to Unit holders. So long as the Depositor is making a secondary market for Units, the Depositor shall bear the cost of such annual audits to the extent such cost exceeds \$.50 per 100 Units.

(c) Costs of updating of registration statement. If provided for in the Prospectus for a Trust, the Trustee shall pay, or reimburse to the Depositor, the expenses related to the updating of the Trust's registration statement, to the extent of legal fees, typesetting fees, electronic filing expenses and regulatory filing fees. Such expenses shall be paid from the Income Account, or to the extent funds are not available in such Account, from the Capital Account, against an invoice or invoices therefor presented to the Trustee by the Depositor. By presenting such invoice or invoices, the Depositor shall be deemed to certify, upon which certification the Trustee is authorized conclusively to rely, that the amounts claimed therein are properly payable pursuant to this paragraph. The Depositor shall provide the Trustee, from time to time as requested, an estimate of the amount of such expenses, which the Trustee shall use for the purpose of estimating the accrual of Trust expenses. The amount paid by the Trust pursuant to this paragraph in each year shall be separately identified in the annual statement provided to Unit holders. The Depositor shall assure that the Prospectus for the Trust contains such disclosure as shall be necessary to permit payment by the Trust of the expenses contemplated by this paragraph under applicable laws and regulations. The

provisions of this paragraph shall not limit the authority of the Trustee to pay, or reimburse to the Depositor or others, such other or additional expenses as may be determined to be payable from the Trust as provided in this Section 6.02.

(d) Tax reporting for grantor trusts. With respect to any Trust which is a widely held fixed investment trust as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(b)(22), the Depositor and the Trustee agree that the Trust meets the requirements of Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(f)(1)(i), and the Trustee is authorized:

(i) to report in accordance with any of the safe harbor methods described in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(f);

(ii) to report sales proceeds, whenever permitted, as provided in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(f)(1)(iv)(B);

(iii) to report proceeds of sales and dispositions described in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(D)(4)(ii) as provided in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(D)(4)(i); and

(iv) to use the measuring date, as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(c)(2)(iv)(D)(1), in lieu of the start-up date, wherever permitted.

For purposes of Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(f)(1)(iv)(A)(2), the date of the last deposit under 2.01(b) prior to the expiration of the initial offering period, as certified to the Trustee by the Depositor, shall be considered the 'start-up date' of the Trust.

(e) Cost-basis reporting for Unit holders who purchase or hold their Units through the First Trust Advisor Direct system ("Advisor Direct"). The Depositor shall maintain information required for the reporting of the cost basis of Advisor Direct holders (as defined in section 2.03(b)) as may be required from time to time by applicable law (including, without limitation, Section 6045(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) and regulations, and the Depositor shall be responsible for the reporting of such information to the Advisor Direct holders, or if reporting by the Depositor is not permitted by applicable law or regulation or if the Depositor and Trustee otherwise agree that the Trustee shall report such information, the Depositor shall provide the Trustee such information as will permit the Trustee to provide required cost-basis

information to the Advisor Direct holders and shall provide the information at such times and in such form as the Trustee may reasonably request. The Depositor will be solely responsible for the accuracy of such cost-basis information and the reporting thereof to Advisor Direct holders as provided above. The Trustee may rely conclusively upon the cost-basis information provided by the Depositor with respect to Advisor Direct holders, and shall be indemnified in accordance with Section 6.04 of the Indenture against any loss or liability, including any penalty or other charge imposed by any taxing authority in respect of such cost-basis information or reporting thereof made by the Depositor as provided in this paragraph."

W. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of the Trust, the eighth paragraph of Section 5.02 of the Standard Terms shall be amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 5.02, the Trustee (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in the case of FTPS Units) is hereby irrevocably authorized in its discretion, in the event that the Depositor does not purchase any Units tendered to the Trustee (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in the case of FTPS Units) for redemption, or in the event that a Unit is being tendered by the Depositor for redemption, in lieu of redeeming Units, to sell Units in the over-the-counter market through any broker-dealer of its choice for the account of the tendering Unit holder at prices which will return to the Unit holder an amount in cash, net after deducting brokerage commissions, transfer taxes and other charges, equal to or in excess of the Redemption Value which such Unit holder would otherwise be entitled to receive on redemption pursuant to this Section 5.02. The Trustee (or the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent in the case of FTPS Units) shall pay to the Unit holder the net proceeds of any such sale on the day on which such Unit holder would otherwise be entitled to receive payment of the Redemption Value hereunder."

X. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 6.01(1) shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

"The Trust may include (I) a letter or letters of credit meeting the requirements of Section 2.05 for the purchase of Securities or Contract Obligations issued by the Trustee in its individual capacity for the account of the Depositor or (II) Securities issued by the Trustee, its parent, or affiliates, and the Trustee may otherwise deal with the Depositor and the Trust with the same rights and

powers as if it were not the Trustee hereunder; and"

Y. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 3.07 shall be amended to add the following immediately after Section 3.07(i):

"(j) that as a result of the ownership of the Security, the Trust or its Unit holders would be a direct or indirect shareholder of a passive foreign investment company as defined in section 1297(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(k) that such sale is necessary for the Trust to comply with such federal and/or state securities laws, regulations and/or regulatory actions and interpretations which may be in effect from time to time."

Z. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, paragraph (e) of Section 6.05 shall be amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:

"The Trustee's and each successor Trustee's right to indemnification shall survive its resignation or removal."

AA. All references to The Bank of New York in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced with "The Bank of New York Mellon."

BB. Any notice, demand, direction or instruction to be given to either the Depositor, Portfolio Supervisor or Evaluator shall be in writing and shall be duly given if mailed or delivered to such party at 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187, or at such other address as shall be specified by the Depositor, Portfolio Supervisor or Evaluator to the other parties hereto in writing.

CC. Article IV of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to add the following:

"Section 4.06. Liability of Portfolio Supervisor. The Portfolio Supervisor shall be under no liability to the Unit holders for any action taken or for refraining from the taking of any action in good faith pursuant to this Indenture or for errors in judgment, but shall be liable only for its own willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of its reckless disregard of its obligations and duties hereunder."

DD. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, the last sentence of

Section 3.01 shall be replaced with the following:

"As used herein, the Depositor's reimbursable expenses of organizing the Trust shall include the cost of the initial preparation and typesetting of the registration statement, prospectuses (including preliminary prospectuses), the indenture, and other documents relating to the Trust, SEC and state blue sky registration fees, the cost of the initial valuation of the portfolio and audit of the Trust, the costs of a portfolio consultant, if any, the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee, and legal and other out-of-pocket expenses related thereto, but not including the expenses incurred in the printing of preliminary prospectuses and prospectuses, expenses incurred in the preparation and printing of brochures and other advertising materials and any other selling expenses."

EE. Section 2.03(b) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust is restated in full as follows:

"Notwithstanding any provisions of the Indenture to the contrary, Units shall be held solely in uncertificated form evidenced by appropriate notation in the registration books of the Trustee, and no Unit holder shall be entitled to the issuance of a Certificate evidencing the Units owned by such Unit holder. The only permitted registered holders of Units shall be (i) Depository Trust Company (or its nominee, Cede & Co.), (ii) the FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, or (iii) Unit holders who purchase or otherwise hold their Units through Advisor Direct ("Advisor Direct holders"); consequently, individuals who are not Advisor Direct holders or holders of FTPS Units must hold their Units through an entity which is a participant in Depository Trust Company. Except as provided by the preceding provisions of this paragraph, the rights specified in this Indenture of holders of Units evidenced by a Certificate shall apply to holders of Units held in uncertificated form."

FF. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, Section 3.13 shall be amended by adding the following sentences at the end thereof:

"To the extent permitted by applicable law and regulatory authorization, unpaid portions of the deferred sales charge shall be secured by a lien on the Trust in favor of the Depositor, provided that such lien shall be subordinate to the lien of the Trustee granted by Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust. To the extent of such lien, the Trustee shall hold the assets of the Trust for the benefit of the Depositor, provided that the Trustee is authorized to make dispositions,

distributions and payments for expenses in the ordinary course of the administration of the trust without regard to such lien."

GG. For Trusts which make annualized distributions of income, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trusts, Section 2.01(b)(4), as renumbered hereby, shall be amended to add the following sentence at the end thereof:

"If the Cash amount pursuant to the foregoing calculation is negative, the Trustee shall distribute to the Depositor the amount of such deficit, and may advance funds to the Trust for such purpose, such advance to be repaid and secured in the manner provided in Section 3.05(II)(b) as amended herein."

HH. Section 3.07(h) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

"(h) in the case of a Trust which has elected to qualify as a "regulated investment company," that the sale of Securities is necessary or advisable: (i) in order to maintain the qualification of the Trust as such; or (ii) to provide funds to make any distribution from such a Trust for a taxable year in order to avoid imposition of any income or excise taxes on undistributed income in the Trust;"

II. For Trusts which intend to qualify as a regulated investment company, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trusts, the first two sentences in the second paragraph of Section 3.11 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced in their entirety with the following:

"In the event that an offer by the issuer of any of the Securities or any other party shall be made to issue new securities, or to exchange securities, for Trust Securities, the Trustee will, at the direction of the Depositor, vote for or against any offer for new or exchanged securities or property in exchange for a Trust Security. Should any issuance, exchange or substitution be effected, any securities, cash and/or property received shall be deposited hereunder and shall be promptly sold, if securities or property, by the Trustee pursuant to the Depositor's direction, unless the Depositor advises the Trustee to keep such securities or property."

JJ. For Trusts which intend to qualify as a regulated investment company, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trusts, Section 2.01(b)(4) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be deleted in its entirety and Section 2.01(b)(5) shall be renumbered to "Section 2.01(b)(4)."

KK. For Trusts which intend to qualify as a regulated investment company, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trusts, Section 3.12(a) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be replaced in its entirety with the following:

"(a) The New Securities shall be Securities as originally selected for Deposit in that Series of the Trust or securities which the Depositor determines to be similar in character as Securities originally selected for Deposit;"

LL. For Trusts which intend to qualify as a regulated investment company, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trusts, Article III of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be amended to include the following section:

"Section 3.17. Regulated Investment Company Election. Each Trust elects to be treated and to qualify as a "regulated investment company" as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, and the Trustee is hereby directed to make such elections, including any appropriate election to be taxed as a corporation, as shall be necessary to effect such qualification."

MM. For Trusts which intend to qualify as a regulated investment company, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trusts, Section 8.01(b) shall be amended to remove the following text from such section:

"as a grantor trust."

NN. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, for Trusts which make annualized distributions of income, as set forth in the Prospectus for such Trust, Section 3.05 (II) (b) shall be replaced with the following:

"(b) For purposes of this Section 3.05, the Unit holder's Income Distribution shall be equal to such Unit holder's pro rata share of the balance of the Income Account calculated as of the prior Record Date, on the basis of one-twelfth of (i) the annual income of the Trust for the ensuing twelve months estimated by reference to the distributions made on the Securities during the preceding calendar quarter (as adjusted for any information with respect to future dividends received by the Trustee prior to such Record Date) less (ii) the fees and expenses then deductible pursuant to Section 3.05 (I) and (iii) the Trustee's estimate of other expenses properly chargeable to the Income Account pursuant to the Indenture which have accrued, as of such Record Date, or are otherwise properly

attributable to the period to which such Income Distribution relates. The Trustee shall advance out of its own funds and deposit in and credit to the Income Account on each Distribution Date, to the extent that there is not sufficient cash in the Income Account, the additional amount, if any, anticipated by the Trustee to be necessary to make the Income Distribution as specified in the preceding sentence; the Trustee shall be entitled to be reimbursed from the Income Account without interest when funds are available therein from income on any of the Securities, including upon the sale of Securities to meet redemptions, for any and all amounts advanced by it pursuant to this paragraph. The Trustee shall be deemed to be the beneficial owner of the income of the Trust to the extent such income is required to reimburse the Trustee for amounts advanced by it pursuant to this paragraph; amounts payable to the Trustee in respect of such advances shall be secured by a lien on the Trust prior to the interests of Unit holders. In the event any issuer of Securities fails to make an anticipated distribution, or there is a disposition of Securities or other event that reduces the net income which will be received from that estimated by the Trustee, the Trustee shall, on the Record Date next following the Trustee's determination that such event has occurred, reduce the amount of the next following distribution by such amount as will enable the Trustee to recover any advances to the Trust referable to the anticipated receipt of such unrealized income. As determined by the Trust's independent registered public accounting firm, the Trustee shall adjust the December distribution from the Income and Capital Accounts as may be necessary so that the Trust distributions during the calendar year equal an amount necessary to avoid paying any regulated investment company excise tax during such year. The Trustee is authorized to reduce the following January distribution by the amount of any such increase."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, First Trust Portfolios L.P., The Bank of New York Mellon, First Trust Advisors L.P. and FTP Services LLC have each caused this Trust Agreement to be executed and the respective corporate seal to be hereto affixed and attested (if applicable) by authorized officers; all as of the day, month and year first above written.

FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.,
Depositor

By Jason T. Henry
Senior Vice President

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON,
Trustee

By Joan A. Currie
Managing Director

[SEAL]

ATTEST:

Ann S. Hom
Vice President

FIRST TRUST ADVISORS L.P.,
Evaluator

By Jason T. Henry
Senior Vice President

FIRST TRUST ADVISORS L.P.,
Portfolio Supervisor

By Jason T. Henry
Senior Vice President

FTP Services LLC,
FTPS Unit Servicing Agent

By Jason T. Henry
Senior Vice President

SCHEDULE A TO TRUST AGREEMENT

Securities Initially Deposited
FT 3232

(Note: Incorporated herein and made a part hereof for the Trust is the "Schedule of Investments" for the Trust as set forth in the Prospectus.)

November 7, 2011

First Trust Portfolios L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive
Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

Re: FT 3232

Gentlemen:

We have served as counsel for First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Sponsor and Depositor of FT 3232 in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery of a Trust Agreement dated November 7, 2011 among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, First Trust Advisors L.P., as Evaluator and Portfolio Supervisor, and FTP Services LLC as FTPS Unit Servicing Agent, pursuant to which the Depositor has delivered to and deposited the Securities listed in Schedule A to the Trust Agreement with the Trustee and pursuant to which the Trustee has issued to or on the order of the Depositor units of fractional undivided interest in and ownership of the Fund created under said Trust Agreement.

In connection therewith, we have examined such pertinent records and documents and matters of law as we have deemed necessary in order to enable us to express the opinions hereinafter set forth.

Based upon the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. the execution and delivery of the Trust Agreement and the issuance of Units in the Fund have been duly authorized; and

2. the Units in the Fund when duly issued and delivered by the Trustee in accordance with the aforementioned Trust Agreement, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the Fund and the Depositor and such Units, when issued and delivered in accordance with the Trust Agreement against payment of the consideration set forth in the Trust prospectus, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an

exhibit to the Registration Statement (File No. 333-177193) relating to the Units referred to above, to the use of our name and to the reference to our firm in said Registration Statement and in the related Prospectus.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP

EFF/amh

First Trust Advisors L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive
Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

November 7, 2011

First Trust Portfolios L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive
Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

Re: FT 3232

Gentlemen:

We have examined the Registration Statement File No. 333-177193 for the above captioned fund. We hereby consent to the use in the Registration Statement of the references to First Trust Advisors L.P. as evaluator.

You are hereby authorized to file a copy of this letter with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Sincerely,

First Trust Advisors L.P.

Jason T. Henry
Senior Vice President