

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to sections 13 or 15(d)

Filing Date: **2006-08-03** | Period of Report: **2006-06-30**
SEC Accession No. **0000950137-06-008581**

([HTML Version](#) on secdatabase.com)

FILER

BELDEN CDT INC.

CIK: **913142** | IRS No.: **363601505** | State of Incorpor.: **DE** | Fiscal Year End: **1231**
Type: **10-Q** | Act: **34** | File No.: **001-12561** | Film No.: **061001910**
SIC: **3357** Drawing & insulating of nonferrous wire

Mailing Address

*BELDEN CDT INC.
7701 FORSYTH BOULEVARD,
SUITE 800
ST. LOUIS MO 63105*

Business Address

*BELDEN CDT INC.
7701 FORSYTH BOULEVARD,
SUITE 800
ST. LOUIS MO 63105
314-854-8000*

=====
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 25, 2006

COMMISSION FILE NO. 001-12561

BELDEN CDT INC.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

<TABLE>
<S> DELAWARE <C> 36-3601505
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF (I.R.S. EMPLOYER
INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION) IDENTIFICATION NO.)
</TABLE>

7701 FORSYTH BOULEVARD, SUITE 800
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63105
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

(314) 854-8000
REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE

The registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13
or 15(d) of the Act during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to
such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

The registrant is a large accelerated filer and is not a shell company.

Following is the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's
classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION> CLASS OUTSTANDING AT JULY 31, 2006

<S> Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value <C> 43,442,584
</TABLE>

=====
Exhibit Index on Page 26

Page 1 of 27

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BELDEN CDT INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION> JUNE 25, 2006 DECEMBER 31, 2005

(UNAUDITED)
(IN THOUSANDS)
<S> ASSETS <C> <C>
Current assets:
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 195,784 \$ 134,638

Receivables	240,292	174,360
Inventories	268,536	245,481
Deferred income taxes	27,839	27,845
Other current assets	6,341	8,015
Current assets of discontinued operations	--	56,997
	-----	-----
Total current assets	738,792	647,336
Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	280,572	287,778
Goodwill, less accumulated amortization	273,882	272,290
Other intangibles, less accumulated amortization	71,873	72,459
Other long-lived assets	17,968	6,214
	-----	-----
	\$1,383,087	\$ 1,286,077
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 223,730	\$ 196,078
Current maturities of long-term debt	59,054	59,000
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	463	13,342
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	283,247	268,420
Long-term debt	172,000	172,051
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	34,450	33,167
Deferred income taxes	81,104	73,851
Other long-term liabilities	18,121	17,166
Minority interest	8,796	7,914
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock	--	--
Common stock	503	503
Additional paid-in capital	567,112	540,430
Retained earnings	317,393	290,870
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	11,750	(6,881)
Unearned deferred compensation	--	(336)
Treasury stock	(111,389)	(111,078)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	785,369	713,508
	-----	-----
	\$1,383,087	\$ 1,286,077
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these
Consolidated Financial Statements

-1-

BELDEN CDT INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005

	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenues	\$ 409,568	\$ 311,438	\$ 731,473	\$ 597,706
Cost of sales	(317,391)	(239,162)	(565,881)	(462,645)

Gross profit	92,177	72,276	165,592	135,061
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(53,013)	(55,917)	(99,472)	(104,051)
Asset impairment	(2,361)	--	(2,361)	--

Operating income	36,803	16,359	63,759	31,010
Interest expense	(3,701)	(3,918)	(7,493)	(7,676)
Interest income	1,644	1,318	2,639	2,074
Minority interest	(252)	(169)	(469)	(336)

Income from continuing operations before taxes	34,494	13,590	58,436	25,072
Income tax expense	(12,970)	(4,732)	(21,972)	(8,832)

Income from continuing operations	21,524	8,858	36,464	16,240
Gain (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax (Note 3)	--	1,144	(1,330)	405
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations, net of tax (Note 3)	--	8,763	(4,298)	15,163

Net income	\$ 21,524	\$ 18,765	\$ 30,836	\$ 31,808

	=====	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average number of common shares and equivalents:				
Basic	43,036	46,971	42,801	46,989
Diluted	50,026	53,472	49,679	53,568
Basic income (loss) per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.35
Discontinued operations	--	0.02	(0.03)	0.01
Disposal of discontinued operations	--	0.19	(0.10)	0.32
Net income	0.50	0.40	0.72	0.68
Diluted income (loss) per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.33
Discontinued operations	--	0.02	(0.03)	0.01
Disposal of discontinued operations	--	0.16	(0.08)	0.28
Net income	0.44	0.36	0.65	0.62
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10
Reconciliation between net income and comprehensive income:				
Net income	\$ 21,524	\$ 18,765	\$ 30,836	\$ 31,808
Adjustments to translation component of equity	13,392	(16,002)	18,784	(30,645)
Adjustments to minimum pension liability	(107)	96	(153)	203
Comprehensive income	\$ 34,809	\$ 2,859	\$ 49,467	\$ 1,366

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

-2-

BELDEN CDT INC.
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
	<C>	<C>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 30,836	\$ 31,808
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	21,300	18,736
Asset impairment	2,361	--
Deferred income tax expense	12,416	7,057
Pension funding in excess of pension expense	(17,146)	(5,130)
Share-based compensation	2,246	1,401
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible assets	6,319	(23,692)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of currency exchange rate changes:		
Receivables	(58,327)	(26,951)
Inventories	(18,943)	(14,406)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	27,734	32,866
Other assets and liabilities, net	7,449	8,565
Net cash provided by operating activities	16,245	30,254
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets	30,153	36,894
Capital expenditures	(7,280)	(13,690)
Net cash provided by investing activities	22,873	23,204
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	20,793	2,528
Excess tax benefits related to share-based compensation	3,668	--
Cash dividends paid	(4,313)	(4,731)
Debt issuance costs	(1,063)	--
Share repurchase program payments	--	(14,654)
Payments under borrowing arrangements	--	(1,986)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	19,085	(18,843)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2,943	(2,906)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	61,146	31,709
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	134,638	188,798
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$195,784	\$220,507

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

-3-

BELDEN CDT INC.
CONSOLIDATED STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY STATEMENTS
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 25, 2006 AND JUNE 26, 2005
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	COMMON STOCK		PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	TREASURY SHARES		UNEARNED DEFERRED COMPENSATION	ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	TOTAL
	SHARES	AMOUNT			SHARES	AMOUNT			
	(IN THOUSANDS)								
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance at December 31, 2004	50,211	\$502	\$531,984	\$252,114	(3,009)	\$ --	\$ (2,462)	\$ 27,862	\$810,000
Net income				31,808					31,808
Foreign currency translation								(30,645)	(30,645)
Minimum pension liability								203	203
Comprehensive income									1,366
Exercise of stock options	122	1	2,614		29	(87)			2,528
Share-based compensation			188		10	--			188
Forfeiture of stock by incentive plan participants in lieu of cash payment of individual tax liabilities related to share-based compensation					(13)	(265)			(265)
Share repurchase program					(713)	(14,654)			(14,654)
Amortization of unearned deferred compensation							1,478		1,478
Cash dividends (\$.05 per share)				(4,731)					(4,731)
Other			386	314					700
Balance at June 26, 2005	50,333	\$503	\$535,172	\$279,505	(3,696)	\$ (15,006)	\$ (984)	\$ (2,580)	\$796,610
Balance at December 31, 2005	50,346	\$503	\$540,430	\$290,870	(8,010)	\$ (111,078)	\$ (336)	\$ (6,881)	\$713,508
Net income				30,836					30,836
Foreign currency translation								18,784	18,784
Minimum pension liability								(153)	(153)
Comprehensive income									49,467
Exercise of stock options			20,949		1,040	(156)			20,793
Share-based compensation			6,298		13	229			6,527
Forfeiture of stock by incentive plan participants in lieu of cash payment of individual tax liabilities related to share-based compensation	(11)		(229)		(4)	(384)			(613)
Adoption of SFAS No. 123(R)			(336)				336		--
Cash dividends (\$.05 per share)				(4,313)					(4,313)
Balance at June 25, 2006	50,335	\$503	\$567,112	\$317,393	(6,961)	\$ (111,389)	\$ --	\$ 11,750	\$785,369

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

-4-

BELDEN CDT INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include Belden CDT Inc. and all of its subsidiaries (the COMPANY, US, WE, or OUR). We eliminate all significant affiliate accounts and transactions in consolidation.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements presented as of any date other than December 31, 2005:

- Are prepared from the books and records without audit, and
- Are prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete statements, but
- Include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements.

These Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Reporting Periods

Our fiscal year and fiscal fourth quarter both end on December 31. Our fiscal first, second and third quarter each end on the last Sunday falling on or before their respective calendar quarter-end.

Impact of Newly Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. This Interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We will adopt this Interpretation effective January 1, 2007 and are currently in the process of evaluating the method of adoption and the impact that adoption of this Interpretation will have on our operating results, cash flows and financial condition.

-5-

NOTE 2: OPERATING SEGMENTS

During the first quarter of 2006, we announced organizational changes that resulted in a change in our reportable segments. We now conduct our operations through four reportable segments--the Belden Americas segment, the Specialty Products segment, the Europe segment, and the Asia Pacific segment. We have reclassified prior year segment disclosures to conform to the new segment presentation.

We evaluate segment performance and allocate resources based on operating income. Operating income of the segments includes all the ongoing costs of operations, but excludes interest and income taxes. Allocations to or from these segments are not significant. Transactions between the segments are conducted on an arms-length basis. With the exception of unallocated goodwill, certain unallocated tax assets, and tangible assets located at the corporate headquarters, substantially all of our assets are utilized by the segments.

Operating Segment Information

Finance and administration costs reflected in the column entitled F&A in the tables below represent corporate headquarters operating, treasury and income tax expenses. Amounts reflected in the column entitled Eliminations in the tables below represent the eliminations of affiliate revenues and affiliate cost of sales.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	BELDEN AMERICAS	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS	EUROPE	ASIA PACIFIC	F&A	ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)						
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 25, 2006							
External customer revenues	\$219,830	\$ 73,582	\$100,501	\$15,655	\$ --	\$ --	\$409,568
Affiliate revenues	18,802	8,845	1,873	--	--	(29,520)	--
Operating income (loss)	37,796	9,498	69	1,480	(6,776)	(5,264)	36,803
THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 26, 2005							
External customer revenues	\$152,238	\$ 61,950	\$ 84,425	\$12,825	\$ --	\$ --	\$311,438
Affiliate revenues	23,435	4,038	2,925	--	--	(30,398)	--
Operating income (loss)	20,912	8,622	2,748	434	(11,482)	(4,875)	16,359

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 25, 2006							
External customer revenues	\$395,196	\$134,300	\$173,513	\$28,464	\$ --	\$ --	\$731,473
Affiliate revenues	33,714	14,215	4,009	--	--	(51,938)	--
Operating income (loss)	68,829	16,400	(1,071)	2,933	(13,041)	(10,291)	63,759
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 26, 2005							
External customer revenues	\$294,659	\$115,870	\$163,372	\$23,805	\$ --	\$ --	\$597,706
Affiliate revenues	41,400	8,092	4,527	--	--	(54,019)	--
Operating income (loss)	37,556	16,050	3,467	529	(17,434)	(9,158)	31,010

-6-

The following table is a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' operating income to consolidated income from continuing operations before taxes:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25,	JUNE 26,	JUNE 25,	JUNE 26,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	(IN THOUSANDS)			
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Operating income	\$36,803	\$16,359	\$63,759	\$31,010
Interest expense	(3,701)	(3,918)	(7,493)	(7,676)
Interest income	1,644	1,318	2,639	2,074
Minority interest	(252)	(169)	(469)	(336)
Income from continuing operations before taxes	\$34,494	\$13,590	\$58,436	\$25,072

NOTE 3: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the first half of 2006, we sold certain assets and liabilities of our telecommunications cable operation in Manchester, United Kingdom for approximately \$28.6 million cash and terminated, without penalty, our supply agreement with British Telecom plc. We recognized a \$4.3 million after-tax loss on the disposal of this discontinued operation.

During 2005, we sold substantially all of the remaining assets of our discontinued operations in Phoenix, Arizona; Skelmersdale, United Kingdom; Auburn, Massachusetts; and Barberton, Ohio, for approximately \$40.0 million cash. We recognized a \$15.2 million after-tax gain (which included an \$8.8 million after-tax gain in the second quarter of 2005) on the disposal of the discontinued operation in Phoenix, Arizona. The other three discontinued operations were acquired through the 2004 merger between Belden Inc. and Cable Design Technologies Corporation (CDT). The net proceeds received from the sales of certain assets of these three discontinued operations exceeded the carrying values of the assets by \$0.1 million. Upon the finalization of purchase accounting, we increased the portion of consideration we previously allocated to the tangible assets of these discontinued operations and reduced the portion of consideration we previously allocated to goodwill by this excess amount.

Results from discontinued operations include the following revenues, income (loss) before taxes and income tax benefit (expense):

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25,	JUNE 26,	JUNE 25,	JUNE 26,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	(IN THOUSANDS)			
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Revenues	\$--	\$26,370	\$27,644	\$51,197
Income (loss) before taxes	--	1,543	(1,900)	337
Income tax benefit (expense)	--	(399)	570	68
Net income (loss)	--	1,144	(1,330)	405

Gain (loss) from disposal of discontinued operations includes the following gain (loss) before taxes and income tax benefit (expense):

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25,	JUNE 26,	JUNE 25,	JUNE 26,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	(IN THOUSANDS)			
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>

	2006	2005	2006	2005
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Gain (loss) before taxes	\$--	\$13,692	\$ (6,140)	\$23,692
Income tax benefit (expense)	--	(4,929)	1,842	(8,529)
Net gain (loss)	--	8,763	(4,298)	15,163

-7-

At June 25, 2006, the only assets or liabilities belonging to the discontinued operations that remained were accrued liabilities related to our discontinued operation in Phoenix, Arizona totaling \$0.5 million.

We have included a tabular analysis of 2006 severance and other termination benefits activity related to the discontinued operations in Note 7, Accrued Severance and Other Termination Benefits.

NOTE 4: INCOME PER SHARE

The following table presents the basis of the income per share computation:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005

	(IN THOUSANDS)			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Numerator for basic income per share:				
Income from continuing operations	\$21,524	\$ 8,858	\$36,464	\$16,240
Loss from discontinued operations	--	1,144	(1,330)	405
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	--	8,763	(4,298)	15,163
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income	\$21,524	\$18,765	\$30,836	\$31,808
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Numerator for diluted income per share:				
Income from continuing operations	\$21,524	\$ 8,858	\$36,464	\$16,240
Tax-effected interest expense on convertible subordinated debentures	678	678	1,355	1,355
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted income from continuing operations	22,202	9,536	37,819	17,595
Loss from discontinued operations	--	1,144	(1,330)	405
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	--	8,763	(4,298)	15,163
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted net income	\$22,202	\$19,443	\$32,191	\$33,163
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic income per share--weighted average shares	43,036	46,971	42,801	46,989
Effect of dilutive common stock equivalents	6,990	6,501	6,878	6,579
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Denominator for diluted income per share--adjusted weighted average shares	50,026	53,472	49,679	53,568
	=====	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

NOTE 5: INVENTORIES

The major classes of inventories were as follows:

	JUNE 25, 2006,	DECEMBER 31, 2005
	-----	-----
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
<S>	<C>	<C>
Raw materials	\$ 80,846	\$ 67,899
Work-in-process	52,290	43,857
Finished goods	148,811	144,659
Perishable tooling and supplies	4,212	3,977
	-----	-----
Gross inventories	286,159	260,392
Obsolescence and other reserves	(17,623)	(14,911)
	-----	-----
Net inventories	\$268,536	\$245,481
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

In pursuit of our goal to better manage all aspects of working capital, and especially to reduce our reliance on finished goods inventory, we changed our inventory management process worldwide in the second quarter of 2006. This event included a change in the parameters we apply to our allowances for excess and obsolete inventories. Because of this action, we recognized a pretax charge of \$8.2 million in cost of sales during the current quarter to increase our allowances for excess and obsolete inventories. The effect of this change in estimate of excess and obsolete inventories on income from continuing operations and income per diluted share from continuing operations was \$5.4 million during the current quarter and \$.11 per share in both the current quarter and the first half of 2006, respectively.

NOTE 6: LONG-LIVED ASSETS

During the second quarter of 2006, we identified certain tangible long-lived assets related to our manufacturing facility in Tompkinsville, Kentucky that would no longer be utilized due to our decision to close that facility in late 2007. We estimated the fair market value of those tangible long-lived assets based upon anticipated net proceeds from their use and eventual sale and recognized an impairment loss of \$2.4 million in the Belden Americas segment based on the difference between the carrying value of those assets and their aggregate estimated fair market value.

We recognized total depreciation expense of \$8.2 million, \$20.0 million, \$8.3 million, and \$16.6 million during the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 and June 26, 2005, respectively. These amounts included depreciation expense related to our discontinued operation in Manchester, United Kingdom totaling \$2.7 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.9 million during the six months ended June 25, 2006 and the three- and six-month periods ended June 26, 2005, respectively.

In the third quarter of 2005, we announced our decisions to exit the United Kingdom communications cable market and to restructure European operations in an effort to reduce manufacturing floor space and overhead. We recognized accelerated depreciation of \$1.3 million in cost of sales during both the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 related to these decisions.

We recognized amortization expense related to our intangible assets of \$0.7 million, \$1.3 million, \$0.7 million, and \$2.1 million during the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 and June 26, 2005, respectively.

NOTE 7: ACCRUED SEVERANCE AND OTHER TERMINATION BENEFITS

North America Restructuring

In the second quarter of 2006, we announced our decision to restructure certain North American operations in an effort to increase our manufacturing presence in lower-labor-cost regions near our major markets, starting with the planned construction of a new manufacturing facility in Nogales, Mexico and upcoming closures of manufacturing facilities in Tompkinsville, Kentucky and Ft. Mill, South Carolina. We expect to recognize estimated severance and other termination benefits costs of approximately \$3.6 million related to this restructuring action during 2006-2007. We recognized severance and other termination benefits costs of \$0.1 million in cost of sales within the Belden Americas segment in the second quarter of 2006. We notified 68 employees, prior to the end of the quarter, of the pending terminations as well as the amount of one-time termination benefits they each should expect to receive.

Europe Restructuring

In 2005, we announced our decision to restructure certain European operations in an effort to reduce manufacturing floor space and overhead. We recognized severance and other termination benefits costs within the Europe segment totaling \$1.8 million (\$1.4 million in cost of sales and \$0.4 million in selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses) in the second quarter of 2006 and \$1.1 million (\$0.3 million in costs of sales and \$0.8 million in SG&A expenses) in the first quarter of 2006 related to personnel reductions in Sweden, the Netherlands, and Germany because of the restructuring. We will provide contractual termination benefits statutorily defined by the applicable national governments to 60 employees and will provide special termination benefits to 2 employees in the Netherlands.

We recognized severance and other related benefits costs within the Europe segment totaling \$7.7 million (\$7.5 million in cost of sales and \$0.2 million in

SG&A expenses) during the year 2005 related to personnel reductions in the Netherlands, the Czech Republic, and the United Kingdom because of the restructuring. We provided contractual termination benefits statutorily defined by the applicable national governments to 143 employees. We also provided one-time termination benefits to 1 employee in the United Kingdom.

Belden CDT Merger Restructuring

In 2004, we initiated plans to reduce personnel at several legacy CDT locations and recognized severance and other related benefits costs of \$14.0 million (\$6.7 million, \$3.3 million, \$2.0 million, \$1.7 million and \$0.3 million in the financial records of F&A, the Europe segment, the Specialty Products segment, the Belden Americas segment, and the Asia Pacific segment, respectively). These costs were recognized as a liability assumed in the Belden CDT merger and were included in the cost to acquire CDT. The number of employees eligible for severance payments because of these actions was 233. During 2005, we decided to terminate certain restructuring plans related to legacy CDT operations because of improved capacity utilization at those operations. We reduced accrued severance and other related benefits recorded within the Specialty Products segment, the Europe segment, and the Belden Americas segment by \$0.8 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, and reduced the portion of the consideration we had previously allocated to goodwill by this same amount. In the second quarter of 2006, we further reduced accrued severance and other related benefits recorded within the Belden Americas segment by \$0.3 million and reduced the portion of the consideration we had previously allocated to goodwill by this same amount. These 2005 and 2006 actions reduced the number of employees eligible for severance payments by 104.

Other Programs

During 2004 and 2005, the Company recognized severance and other related benefits costs because of (1) personnel reductions and the closure of a manufacturing facility within the Belden Americas segment (\$2.8 million in cost of sales and \$0.4 million in SG&A expenses), (2) personnel reductions within the Europe segment (\$9.0 million in cost of sales and \$0.5 million in SG&A expenses), and (3) personnel reductions within the Asia Pacific segment (\$0.2 million in SG&A expenses). We notified 236 employees, prior to the end of the respective quarter in which the costs were recognized, of the pending terminations as well as the amount of one-time termination benefits they each should expect to receive.

We anticipate making substantially all severance payments against these accruals within one year of each accrual date.

-10-

The following table sets forth severance activity that occurred during the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	NORTH AMERICA RESTRUCTURING		EUROPE RESTRUCTURING		BELDEN CDT MERGER RESTRUCTURING		DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		OTHER PROGRAMS	
	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT	ACCRUAL ACTIVITY	EMPLOYEE COUNT
	(In thousands, except number of employees)									
<S> Balance at December 31, 2005	<C> \$ --	<C> --	<C> \$ 7,698	<C> 149	<C> \$1,978	<C> 69	<C> \$ 160	<C> 6	<C> \$1,143	<C> 16
New charges:										
One-time termination benefits	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	185	5
Contractual termination benefits	--	--	1,110	55	--	--	--	--	--	--
Special termination benefits	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cash payments / employee terminations	--	--	(442)	(35)	(549)	(2)	(162)	(6)	(178)	(7)
Foreign currency translation	--	--	181	--	24	--	2	--	4	--
Other adjustments	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(7)	--
Balance at March 26, 2006	--	--	8,547	169	1,453	67	--	--	1,147	14
New charges:										
One-time termination benefits	141	68	--	--	--	--	--	--	333	12
Contractual termination benefits	--	--	1,320	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Special termination benefits	--	--	432	2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cash payments / employee terminations	--	--	(5,802)	(84)	(50)	(1)	--	--	(538)	(10)
Foreign currency translation	--	--	225	--	53	--	--	--	24	--
Other adjustments	--	--	--	--	(250)	(28)	--	--	(41)	--
Balance at June 25, 2006	\$141	68	\$ 4,722	92	\$1,206	38	\$ --	--	\$ 925	16

THREE MONTHS ENDED				
Service cost	\$ 1,640	\$ 1,977	\$ 181	\$ 129
Interest cost	2,116	3,191	620	577
Expected return on plan assets	(2,483)	(3,533)	--	--
Amortization of prior service cost	(10)	(10)	(27)	(27)
Net loss recognition	563	843	189	155
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 1,826	\$ 2,468	\$ 963	\$ 834
	=====	=====	=====	=====
SIX MONTHS ENDED				
Service cost	\$ 3,369	\$ 4,709	\$ 355	\$ 241
Interest cost	4,313	6,631	1,223	1,173
Expected return on plan assets	(5,030)	(7,436)	--	--
Amortization of prior service cost	(20)	(20)	(54)	(54)
Net loss recognition	1,163	1,742	376	310
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 3,795	\$ 5,626	\$1,900	\$1,670
	=====	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

NOTE 11: SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

On January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123 (as revised in 2004 and referred to as SFAS No. 123(R)), Share-Based Payment, using the modified prospective method. Results for prior periods have not been restated.

Our operating results and cash flows for the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 differ from operating results and cash flows that would have resulted had we continued to account for share-based compensation plans using the intrinsic-value method by the following amounts:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	HIGHER (LOWER)	
	THREE MONTHS ENDED	SIX MONTHS ENDED
	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 25, 2006

	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)	
	<C>	<C>
Income from continuing operations before taxes	\$ (431)	\$ (966)
Income from continuing operations	(269)	(603)
Net income	(269)	(603)
Net income per basic share	(0.01)	(0.01)
Net income per diluted share	(0.01)	(0.01)

Cash provided by operating activities	(2,709)	(3,668)
Cash provided by financing activities	2,709	3,668

</TABLE>

-13-

Compensation cost charged against income and the income tax benefit recognized for our share-based compensation arrangements is included below:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005

	(IN THOUSANDS)			
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Total share-based compensation cost charged to SG&A expenses	\$1,036	\$939	\$2,246	\$1,401
Income tax benefit	390	361	844	538

</TABLE>

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and net income per share if we had accounted for stock options using the fair value method in the three- and six-month periods ended June 26, 2005. For purposes of this pro forma disclosure, the value of the options is estimated using a Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing formula and amortized to expense over the options' vesting periods.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 26, 2005		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 26, 2005	
	AS REPORTED	PRO FORMA	AS REPORTED	PRO FORMA

	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)			

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Share-based employee compensation cost, net of tax	\$ 578	\$ 746	\$ 910	\$ 1,080
Net income	18,765	18,597	31,808	31,638
Basic net income per share	0.40	0.40	0.68	0.67
Diluted net income per share	0.36	0.36	0.62	0.62

We currently have outstanding stock appreciation rights (SARs), stock options, restricted stock shares and restricted stock units with service vesting conditions, and restricted stock units with performance vesting conditions. SARs may be converted into shares of our common stock in equal amounts on each of the first 3 anniversaries of the grant date and expire 10 years from the grant date. We grant stock options with an exercise price equal to the market price of our common stock on the grant date. Stock options become exercisable in equal amounts on each of the first 3 anniversaries of the grant date and expire 10 years from the grant date. Certain awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control of the Company. Both restricted stock shares and units with service conditions "cliff vest" in either 3 or 5 years from the grant date. Restricted stock units with performance conditions begin to vest upon satisfaction of certain financial performance conditions on the first anniversary of their grant date and then vest ratably on the second and third anniversaries of their grant date. If the financial performance conditions are not satisfied, the restricted stock units will be forfeited. We believe it is probable that the performance vesting conditions will be satisfied.

We recognize compensation cost for all awards based on their fair values. The fair values for SARs and stock options are estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing formula which incorporates the assumptions noted in the following table. We developed the expected term assumption using our historical exercise and post-vesting cancellation experience. We developed the expected volatility assumption using our monthly historical price data and other economic data trended into future years. The fair value of restricted stock shares and units is the market price of our common stock on the date of grant. Compensation costs for awards with service conditions are amortized to expense using the straight-line method. Compensation costs for awards with performance conditions are amortized to expense using the graded attribution method.

-14-

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005	JUNE 25, 2006	JUNE 26, 2005
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT WEIGHTED AVERAGE FAIR VALUE AND ASSUMPTIONS)			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Weighted-average fair value of SARs and options granted	\$ 14.08	\$ 4.55	\$ 11.13	\$ 4.55
Total intrinsic value of SARs converted and options exercised	7,305	219	9,585	897
Cash received for options exercised	13,875	556	20,793	2,615
Excess tax benefits realized from SARs converted and options exercised	2,709	--	3,668	--
Weighted-average fair value of restricted stock shares and units granted	30.90	--	27.80	--
Total fair value of restricted stock shares and units vested	--	1,423	683	2,416
Expected volatility	36.92%	38.48%	36.92%	38.41%
Expected term (in years)	6.5	7.0	6.5	7.0
Risk-free rate	4.99%	3.90%	4.51%	4.29%
Dividend yield	0.64%	7.46%	0.77%	6.45%

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	SARS AND STOCK OPTIONS			RESTRICTED SHARES AND UNITS	
	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL TERM	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE GRANT-DATE FAIR VALUE	
	(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT EXERCISE PRICES, FAIR VALUES, AND CONTRACTUAL TERMS)				
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	4,548	\$24.06		222	\$20.16
Granted	315	25.93		132	27.80
Exercised or converted	(1,046)	20.02		(33)	20.69

Forfeited or expired	(276)	29.89			(2)	20.50
	-----	-----			---	-----
Outstanding at June 25, 2006	3,541	\$24.89	5.2	\$17,943	319	\$23.26
	=====	=====	=====	=====	===	=====
Vested or expected to vest at June 25, 2006	3,508	\$24.90	5.1	\$17,748		
Exercisable or convertible at June 25, 2006	2,534	25.87	3.7	10,346		

</TABLE>

At June 25, 2006, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to all nonvested awards was \$13.0 million. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.8 years.

Historically, we have issued treasury shares, if available, to satisfy award conversions and exercises.

NOTE 12: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

General

Various claims are asserted against us in the ordinary course of business including those pertaining to income tax examinations and product liability, customer, employment, vendor and patent matters. Based on facts currently available, management believes that the disposition of the claims that are pending or asserted will not have a materially adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

-15-

Letters of Credit, Bank Guaranties and Surety Bonds

At June 25, 2006, we were party to unused standby letters of credit, unused bank guaranties and surety bonds totaling \$10.9 million, \$4.7 million, and \$3.9 million, respectively.

Severance and Other Related Benefits

We completed the sale of part of our business in Germany to a management-led buyout group in October 2003. We will retain liability for severance and other termination benefits estimated at \$0.9 million on June 25, 2006 in the event the buyout group terminates transferred employees within three years of the buyout date. We will be relieved of any remaining contingent liability related to the transferred employees on the third anniversary of the buyout date.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

We design, manufacture and market high-speed electronic cables, connectivity products and related items for the specialty electronics and data networking markets. We report our operating results in four reportable segments. We consider revenue growth, operating margin, and working capital management to be our key operating performance indicators.

The following trends and events arising during 2006 have had a significant effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows during the current year.

Increased Raw Materials Costs

The principal raw materials we use in many of our products are copper and plastics derived from petrochemical feedstocks. During the past two years, the prices of these raw materials have risen significantly and rapidly. Generally, we have recovered much of the higher cost of raw materials through higher pricing of our finished products. The majority of our products are sold through channel partners, and we manage the pricing of these products through published price lists which we update from time to time, with new prices generally taking effect a few weeks after they are announced. Some original equipment manufacturer customer contracts have provisions which allow us to pass on raw material cost increases, generally with a lag of a few weeks to three months. Because our inventory is valued on a first in, first out basis, our gross profit for the current year benefited by an estimated \$6.0 million to \$8.0 million, predominantly in the second quarter, due to the difference between the raw materials costs flowing out with sales and the raw materials costs implied in our current pricing.

Restructuring Activities

In 2005, we announced our decisions to exit the United Kingdom communications cable market and restructure certain European operations in an effort to reduce manufacturing floor space and overhead and to streamline administrative processes. In 2006, we sold certain assets and liabilities of our communications cable operation in the United Kingdom and announced the upcoming closure of a

three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006.

Gross profit increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 26, 2005 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of the volume increase discussed above. Higher cost of sales in the current quarter resulted not only from an increase in variable production costs necessary to support improved unit sales of product, but also from the increase in certain raw materials costs, increased excess and obsolete inventory charges totaling \$8.2 million, and severance and other termination benefits costs resulting primarily from restructuring actions that exceeded those recognized in the second quarter of 2005 by \$1.3 million. Higher cost of sales in the six months ended June 25, 2006 resulted from increased variable production costs necessary to support improved units sales of product, an increase in certain raw materials costs, the increased excess and obsolete inventory charges mentioned above, severance and other termination benefits costs resulting primarily from restructuring actions that exceeded those recognized in the first six months of 2005 by \$1.2 million, and accelerated depreciation totaling \$1.3 million also related to the restructuring actions. These negative factors impacting the gross profit comparisons were partially offset by the positive impact of manufacturing cost reduction initiatives, primarily the closure of three plants in the second quarter of 2005. Additional discussion regarding the events and trends that significantly impacted gross profit is included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Operating income increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year because of higher gross profit and a decrease in SG&A expenses partially offset by asset impairment totaling \$2.4 million related to the North America restructuring actions. SG&A expenses decreased by \$2.9 million and \$4.6 million in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of the impact of cost reduction initiatives (including 2005 personnel reductions), nonrecurring executive succession costs recognized in the second quarter of 2005 totaling \$5.1 million, and nonrecurring merger-related costs totaling \$0.6 million and \$2.2 million recognized in the three- and six- month periods ended June 26, 2005. These positive factors impacting the operating income comparison were partially offset by severance and other termination benefits costs resulting primarily from restructuring actions in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 that exceeded those recognized in comparable periods in 2005 by \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, and share-based compensation costs recognized in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 that exceeded those recognized in comparable periods in the prior year by \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, due to the 2006 adoption of SFAS No. 123(R). Additional discussion regarding the events and trends that significantly impacted operating income is included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Company's effective annual tax rate changed from 34.8% and 35.2% in the three- and six-month periods ended June 26, 2005 to 37.6% in both the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006. These changes are primarily attributable to an increase in the deferred tax asset valuation allowance, the smaller relative benefit of permanent deductions to larger pretax income amounts, and increasing amounts of income generated in higher tax rate jurisdictions.

Income from continuing operations increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from the comparable periods in the prior year because of higher operating income partially offset by higher income tax expense.

-18-

BELDEN AMERICAS SEGMENT

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended		%	Six Months Ended		%
	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005		June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	
	(in thousands, except percentages)					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Total revenues	\$238,632	\$175,673	35.8%	\$428,910	\$336,059	27.6%
Operating income	37,796	20,912	80.7%	68,829	37,556	83.3%
as a percent of total revenues	15.8%	11.9%		16.0%	11.2%	

</TABLE>

Belden Americas total revenues (which includes affiliate revenues) increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased selling prices, increased sales volume, and favorable foreign currency translation on international revenues. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of sales price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increased raw materials costs and improved pricing practices at certain of our operations.

Higher unit sales resulted from increased demand from customers in the fossil fuels, power generation, and broadcast industries coupled with improved order fill rates and reduced backlog at plants manufacturing these products. Operating income increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of improved sales volume and price realization in some of our stronger businesses, certain customers purchasing product sooner than required in advance of announced selling price increases, improved factory utilization and cost absorption that resulted from both the 2005 restructuring actions and rising demand, and the impact of 2005 cost reduction initiatives (including a plant closure in the second quarter of 2005). These positive factors affecting the operating income comparison were partially offset by increased variable production costs necessary to support improved unit sales of product, rising raw materials costs, asset impairment charges of \$2.4 million recognized in the second quarter of 2006 related to the restructuring actions, and additional excess and obsolete inventory charges totaling \$1.5 million.

SPECIALTY PRODUCTS SEGMENT

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	% Change	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	% Change
	(in thousands, except percentages)					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Total revenues	\$82,427	\$65,988	24.9%	\$148,515	\$123,962	19.8%
Operating income	9,498	8,622	10.2%	16,400	16,050	2.2%
as a percent of total revenues	11.5%	13.1%		11.0%	12.9%	

</TABLE>

Specialty Products total revenues increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased selling prices. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of sales price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increased raw materials costs and improved pricing practices at certain of our operations manufacturing networking products. Operating income increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of improved revenues partially offset by rising raw material costs and additional excess and obsolete inventory charges recognized in the second quarter of 2006 totaling \$4.7 million.

-19-

EUROPE SEGMENT

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	% Change	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	% Change
	(in thousands, except percentages)					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Total revenues	\$102,374	\$87,350	17.2%	\$ 177,522	\$167,899	5.7%
Operating income (loss)	69	2,748	-97.5%	(1,071)	3,467	-130.9%
as a percent of total revenues	0.1%	3.1%		-0.6%	2.1%	

</TABLE>

Europe total revenues increased in the three- and six- month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of increased selling prices and increased sales volume. For the six months ended June 25, 2006, these favorable factors were partially offset by unfavorable foreign currency translation on international revenues. Price improvement resulted primarily from the impact of sales price increases we implemented during 2005-2006 across most product lines in response to increased raw materials costs. Higher unit sales resulted from increased demand for products with automotive, broadband, and telecommunications applications. Europe operating results declined in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased variable production costs necessary to support improved unit sales of product, rising raw materials costs, severance and other termination benefits costs resulting primarily from restructuring actions in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 that exceeded those recognized in comparable periods in 2005 by \$1.8 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, additional excess and obsolete inventory charges recognized in the second quarter of 2006 totaling \$2.0 million, and accelerated depreciation of \$1.3 million recognized in the first quarter of 2006.

ASIA PACIFIC SEGMENT

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	% Change	June 25, 2006	June 26, 2005	% Change
	(in thousands, except percentages)					
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Total revenues	\$15,655	\$12,825	22.1%	\$28,464	\$23,805	19.6%
Operating income	1,480	434	241.0%	2,933	529	454.4%
as a percent of total revenues	9.5%	3.4%		10.3%	2.2%	

</TABLE>

Asia Pacific total revenues increased in the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in 2005 primarily because of increased sales volume and increased selling prices. Higher unit sales resulted from increased demand for products in all our served markets primarily because of improvement in sales representation over the past year and certain customers purchasing product sooner than required in advance of announced selling price increases. Sales price increases were implemented during 2005-2006 in response to rising raw material costs. Operating income increased during the three- and six-month periods ended June 25, 2006 from comparable periods in the prior year primarily because of the favorable revenue comparison.

Additional discussion regarding the events and trends that significantly impacted revenues and operating income for all our operating segments is included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

-20-

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During each of the periods presented we reported the operations listed in Note 3, Discontinued Operations, to the Consolidated Financial Statements as discontinued operations. Loss from discontinued operations for the six months ended June 25, 2006 included \$27.6 million of revenues and \$1.9 million of loss before income tax benefits. We recognized a loss on the disposal of discontinued operations in the amount of \$6.1 million before tax (\$4.3 million after tax) during the first half of 2006 related to our operation in Manchester, United Kingdom. Gain from discontinued operations for the quarter ended June 26, 2005 included \$26.4 million of revenues and \$1.5 million of gain before income tax expense. Gain from discontinued operations for the six months ended June 26, 2005 included \$51.2 million of revenues and \$0.3 million of gain before income tax expense. We recognized gains on the disposal of discontinued operations related to our Phoenix operation in the amount of \$13.7 million before tax (\$8.8 million after tax) and \$10.0 million before tax (\$6.4 million after tax), respectively, during the second and first quarters of 2005.

At June 25, 2006, the only assets or liabilities belonging to the discontinued operations that remained as part of the disposal group were accrued liabilities related to our discontinued operation in Phoenix, Arizona totaling \$0.5 million.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Significant factors affecting our cash liquidity include (1) cash provided by operating activities, dispositions of tangible assets, and the exercise of stock options, (2) cash used for business acquisitions, capital expenditures, and dividends, and (3) the adequacy of our available credit facilities and other borrowing arrangements. We believe the sources listed above are sufficient to fund the current requirements of working capital, to make scheduled contributions for our retirement plans, to fund scheduled debt maturity payments, to fund quarterly dividend payments, and to support our short-term operating strategies. Customer demand, competitive market forces, commodities pricing, uncertainties related to the effect of competitive products and pricing, customer acceptance of our product mix or economic conditions worldwide could affect our ability to continue to fund our future needs from business operations.

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by operating activities in the first six months of 2006 totaled \$16.2 million and included \$27.5 million of non-cash operating expenses and a \$42.1 million net increase in operating assets and liabilities. Non-cash operating expenses consisted of depreciation, amortization, asset impairment, deferred tax expense, share-based compensation, and a loss on the disposal of tangible assets partially offset by pension funding in excess of pension expense. The net increase in operating assets and liabilities resulted primarily from increased receivables, increased inventories, and decreased current income

tax liabilities partially offset by increased accounts payable and accrued liabilities and decreased other net operating assets and liabilities.

-21-

Receivables and inventories increased from December 31, 2005 to June 25, 2006 mainly because of higher sales levels and increased costs for copper and commodities derived from petrochemical feedstocks. Days sales outstanding in receivables increased from December 31, 2005 to June 25, 2006 primarily because of seasonality in the collection process (December is historically our strongest collection month). Inventory turns at June 25, 2006 was largely unchanged from December 31, 2005. Current income tax liability decreased from December 31, 2005 to June 25, 2006 as the result of payments we made against our 2005 liability in the first quarter of 2006. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities increased from December 31, 2005 to June 25, 2006 primarily because of a significant increase in trade accounts payable resulting from higher raw materials pricing. Days cost of sales in payables increased from December 31, 2005 to June 25, 2006 as a result of our working capital management initiatives.

CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by investing activities totaled \$22.9 million in the first six months of 2006. We received proceeds on the sale of certain tangible assets totaling \$30.2 million (including \$28.6 million on the sale of certain tangible assets of our discontinued Manchester, United Kingdom operation) during the current year. This cash source was partially offset by capital expenditures totaling \$7.3 million during the current year.

CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by financing activities during the first six months of 2006 totaled \$19.1 million. During the current year, we received proceeds from the exercise of stock options totaling \$20.8 million and recognized excess tax benefits related to share-based compensation in the amount of \$3.7 million. These cash sources were partially offset by the payment of dividends of \$.10 per share to stockholders during the year, which resulted in cash outflow of \$4.3 million, and the payment of debt issuance costs in the amount of \$1.1 million.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our capital structure consists primarily of current maturities of long-term debt, long-term debt and stockholders' equity. Capitalization increased 7.6% during the first six months of 2006 because of an increase in stockholders' equity.

The agreements for our revolving credit facility and medium-term notes contain various customary affirmative and negative covenants and other provisions, including restrictions on the incurrence of debt, maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio, maintenance of a fixed charge coverage ratio, and minimum net worth. We were in compliance with these covenants at June 25, 2006.

Additional discussion regarding our various borrowing arrangements is included in Note 8, Long-Term Debt and Other Borrowing Arrangements, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Stockholders' equity increased by 10.1% from December 31, 2005 to June 25, 2006 primarily because of increases in additional paid-in capital and retained earnings and improvement in accumulated other comprehensive income. Additional paid-in capital increased primarily because of stock option exercises. Retained earnings increased primarily because of net income partially offset by dividends. Accumulated other comprehensive income improved primarily because of the positive effect of currency exchange rates on financial statement translation.

-22-

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We were not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements at June 25, 2006.

IMPACT OF NEWLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Discussion regarding our pending adoption of Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, is included in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During the three- and six- month periods ended June 25, 2006:

- We did not change any of our existing critical accounting policies;
- No existing accounting policies became critical accounting policies because of an increase in the materiality of associated transactions or changes in the circumstances to which associated judgments and estimates relate;
- There were no significant changes in the manner in which critical accounting policies were applied or in which related judgments and estimates were developed, except for our change in estimate regarding allowances for excess and obsolete inventories, as described below; and
- We did adopt one new critical accounting policy, share-based compensation, as described below.

Allowances for Excess and Obsolete Inventories

In the second quarter of 2006, we changed the parameters we apply to our allowances for excess and obsolete inventories. Further discussion regarding this change is included in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Share-Based Compensation

We compensate certain employees with various forms of share-based payment awards--stock appreciation rights, stock options, restricted stock units, and performance stock units. We recognize compensation cost for SARs and stock options based on the fair values of these awards. These fair values are estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing formula which incorporates certain assumptions regarding the expected term of an award, stock volatility, dividend yield, and risk-free interest rates. We developed the expected term assumption based on the vesting period and contractual term of an award, our historical exercise and post-vesting cancellation experience, our stock price history, our expected volatility, known blackout periods that may trigger automatic early exercise or delay exercise, plan provisions that require exercise or cancellation of awards after employees terminate, and the extent to which currently available information indicates that the future is reasonably expected to differ from past experience. We develop the expected volatility assumption based on monthly historical price data for our stock as well as the stock of legacy Belden and legacy CDT separately and other economic data trended into future years, information about our corporate and capital structure, and the extent to which currently available information indicates that future volatility is reasonably expected to differ from historical volatility. The dividend yield is the ratio of historical per-annum dividends paid per share of our common stock to the market price of our common stock on the grant date. The assumption made with regard to dividend yield is that current dividend payment practices will continue in the future. The risk-free rate is the implied yield currently available on United States Treasury zero-coupon issues

-23-

with a remaining term equal to the expected term used as the assumption in the valuation model. After calculating the aggregate fair value of an award, we use an estimated forfeiture rate to discount the amount of share-based payments compensation cost to be recognized in our operating results over the service period of the award. We developed the forfeiture assumption based on our historical pre-vesting cancellation experience.

Discussion regarding the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) is included in Note 11, Share-Based Compensation Plans, to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

OUTLOOK

Operating Results

Although we remain in a volatile material cost environment and it continues to be a challenge to manage pricing so as to maintain our profitability, we expect the general economic conditions in our served markets to remain healthy in the second half of the year. We expect diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the third quarter between \$.43 and \$.48; however, further charges related to our ongoing restructuring initiatives might reduce that estimate. We expect that our diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the year will be between \$1.62 and \$1.72. This range includes estimated restructuring charges of \$.13 for the year.

Cash Flows

During the second half of 2006, we plan to pay off tranches of both our 1997 and 1999 medium-term notes totaling \$59.0 million, purchase additional capital equipment totaling approximately \$18.0 million, fund pension and other postretirement benefit obligations totaling approximately \$14.3 million, fund executive succession, severance, and other termination benefits obligations totaling \$7.5 million, and fund dividends of \$.10 per common share, or approximately \$4.5 million. We anticipate we will have sufficient funds to satisfy these cash requirements.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The statements set forth in this report other than historical facts, including those noted in the "Outlook" section, are forward-looking statements made in reliance upon the safe harbor of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. As such, they are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industries in which we operate, general economic conditions, and our beliefs and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, which are difficult to predict. As a result, our actual results may differ materially from what is expected or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. We disclaim any duty to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future developments, or otherwise.

-24-

Our actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements for the following reasons:

- Demand and acceptance of our products by customers and end users;
- Changes in the cost and availability of raw materials (specifically, copper, commodities derived from petrochemical feedstocks, and other materials);
- the degree to which we will be able to compensate for rising costs through the pricing of our products;
- Energy costs;
- The ability to successfully implement our announced restructuring plans; and
- Other factors noted in this report and our other Securities Exchange Act of 1934 filings.

ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 provides more information as to the types of practices and instruments we use to manage market risks. There were no material changes in our exposure to market risks since December 31, 2005 other than increases in certain raw materials costs discussed in the section entitled "Overview" in Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are a party to various legal proceedings and administrative actions that are incidental to our operations in which the claimant alleges injury from exposure to heat-resistant asbestos fiber, generally contained in a small number of products manufactured by our predecessors. These proceedings include personal injury cases (about 149 of which we were aware at July 31, 2006) in which we are one of many defendants, 8 of which are scheduled for trial during 2006. Electricians have filed a majority of these cases, primarily in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Plaintiffs in these cases generally seek compensatory, special and

punitive damages. Through July 31, 2006, we have been dismissed (or reached agreement to be dismissed) in approximately 168 similar cases without any going to trial, and with only 7 of these involving any payment to the claimant. We have insurance that we believe should cover a significant portion of any defense or settlement costs borne by us in these types of cases. In our opinion, the proceedings and actions in which we are involved should not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

-25-

ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes with respect to risk factors as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

ITEM 4: SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On May 24, 2006, the Company held its regular Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The stockholders considered two proposals. Each proposal was approved.

Proposal 1: Election of 8 directors for a one-year term.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	SHARES VOTED FOR -----	SHARES WITHHELD -----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Lorne D. Bain	33,273,542	7,381,799
Lance C. Balk	30,483,547	10,171,794
Bryan C. Cressey	34,046,291	6,609,050
Michael F.O. Harris	33,317,646	7,337,695
Glenn Kalnasy	32,906,912	7,748,429
John M. Monter	33,246,183	7,409,158
Bernard G. Rethore	32,963,868	7,691,473
John S. Stroup	34,050,742	6,604,599

</TABLE>

Proposal 2: Approve increasing the number of awards individual participants may receive under our 2001 Long-Term Performance Incentive Plan to an annual limit of 400,000.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

SHARES VOTED FOR -----	SHARES WITHHELD -----	ABSTENTIONS -----
<S>	<C>	<C>
29,984,984	8,217,608	617,726

</TABLE>

ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>
Exhibit 31.1	Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Exhibit 31.2	Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Exhibit 32.1	Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
Exhibit 32.2	Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

</TABLE>

-26-

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BELDEN CDT INC.

Date: August 3, 2006

By: /s/ John S. Stroup

John S. Stroup
President, Chief Executive Officer
and Director

Date: August 3, 2006

By: /s/ Stephen H. Johnson

Stephen H. Johnson
Treasurer and Interim Chief
Financial Officer

Date: August 3, 2006

By: /s/ John S. Norman

John S. Norman
Controller and Chief Accounting
Officer

CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, John S. Stroup, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Belden CDT Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's

most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 3, 2006

/s/ John S. Stroup

John S. Stroup
President, Chief Executive Officer and
Director

CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Stephen H. Johnson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Belden CDT Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's

most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 3, 2006

/s/ Stephen H. Johnson

Stephen H. Johnson
Treasurer and Interim Chief Financial
Officer

CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Belden CDT Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 25, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John S. Stroup, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ John S. Stroup

John S. Stroup
President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
August 3, 2006

CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Belden CDT Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 25, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Stephen H. Johnson, Treasurer and Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Stephen H. Johnson

Stephen H. Johnson
Treasurer and Interim Chief Financial Officer
August 3, 2006