### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# **FORM 40-24B2**

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### **FILER**

### **DODGE & COX FUNDS**

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## The Threat of LBOs and Leveraged Recapitalizations

January 2009

#### Company-Specific LBO Risk Can Be Viewed as a Function of the Following Factors:

Feasibility Are there legal, regulatory or structural impediments to doing an LBO?

Can greater leverage generate an attractive equity return?

Does management want to go private? If so, at what price?

Given the industry and company profile, how likely are private equity

investors to find a transaction attractive?

#### What Are We Doing About LBO Risk?

Management Inclination

Likelihood

Creating LBO screens for portfolioholdings and prospective holdings (e.g., market cap, enterprise value, valuation and balance sheet metrics, stock performance).

Intensifyingour dialogue with management teams at portfoliocompanies to solidify our understanding of their capitalization philosophy (target leverage and importance of that leverage to stated strategic goals).

Using LBO models to analyze the potential for portfolio companies to issue debt that subordinates existing bonds, given existing covenants.

Focusing investments in issuers and bonds that we believe have a lower LBO risk profile:

Companies whose credit and financial strength ratings are important to their business (banks, finance companies, insurance, defense contractors)

Secured financing of industrial companies (BNI, CSX, FDX and UNP)

Covenant-protected bonds, where available (BXP, EQR, XRX)

Companies that are likely to be too large for an LBO (CMCSA, HPQ, T, TWX)

Companies that have a large <u>family ownership</u> or management component in the expectation that they do not want to sell the company (DDS, FMCC, JWN)

Companies that are already private (COX, GMAC, HCA)

Companies that have the potential for a higher debt burden already factored in their bond prices (L)

#### We Have Responded Proactively to Protect Bondholder Interests

Formed ad-hoc GMAC bondholder group to negotiate improved terms to the exchange offer designed to achieve bank holding company status for GMAC.

Participated in an ad-hoc bondholder committee to resist coercive debt tender and consent solicitation in EOP buyout

Helped form the Credit Roundtable that published the White Paper "Improving Covenant Protection in the Investment Grade Bond Market."

The above reflects our views and analysis of recent LBO activity as of January 2009 and is not intended as a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any particular security or as an indication of Dodge & Cox's current or future investment activity. Any such views or analysis are subject to change without notice. Statements of fact may be inaccurate or incomplete. It should not be assumed that any securities mentioned have been or will be profitable and there is no assurance that securities purchased will remain in, or that securities sold will not be repurchased for, a portfolio. Before investing in any Dodge & Cox Fund, you should carefully consider the Fund's investment objectives, management fees, risks and expenses. To obtain a Fund prospectus, which contains this and other important information, visit www.dodgeandcox.com or call 800-621-3979. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

# The Threat of LBOs and Leveraged Recapitalizations

January 2009

Tremendous Increase in Number of LBOs	2001
<ul> <li>Plentiful financing at extremely low spreads</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>Large amounts of cash committed to buyout/PE funds</li> </ul>	~
<ul> <li>Reasonable valuation of public equity securities</li> </ul>	1
<ul> <li>Low amounts of corporate leverage but high levels of profitability</li> </ul>	~
<ul> <li>Weak investment-grade covenants</li> </ul>	1
(with the ability to subordinate existing unsecured bondholders)	

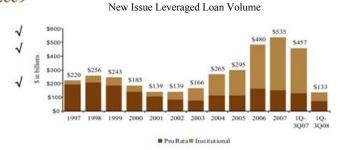
Although financing has temporarily dried up for LBOs, and the number of issuers providing change of control protection in their bonds has increased, many of the factors underlying the LBO boom still exist.

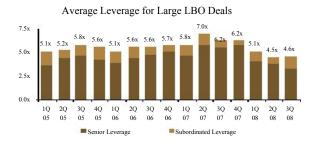
# **Overlap Between LBO Attractiveness and Our Investment Philosophy** We tend to like the same companies that LBO buyout funds do. Some of the

common characteristics we look for in our portfolio companies are:

- Strong, durable franchises that can weather cyclical downturns
- Reasonable capital structure, liquidity and debt profiles
- Capable management team
- Limited exposure to legal or regulatory changes
- Strong cashflow in a variety of economic environments
- Saleable assets in the event of a downturn

## 2009



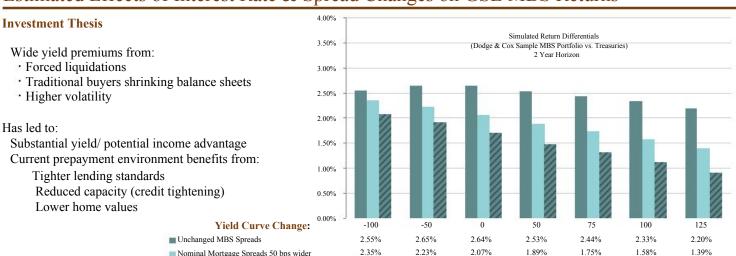


Source: Standard & Poor's LCD Notes: Data includes issuers with pro-forma EBITDA > \$50mm

### Dodge & Cox Portfolio Accounts Have Already Been Affected by the LBO Trend

- HCA (negative result)
- EOP (positive result)

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#### **Key Risks**

Concerns about the GSE guarantee

Prepayments (e.g., Mortgage banking market recovers, increasing refinance opportunity); reinvestment rate

Nominal Mortgage Spreads 100 bps wider

### **Key Assumptions**

The analysis assumes gradual and parallel yield curve changes; it does not show the potential effect of changes to the shape of the yield curve. The analysis assumes a static Dodge & Cox MBS Sample Portfolio. Horizon period cash flows are determined using the YieldBook Inc. model. In each yield change scenario, underlying security cash flows are instantaneously reinvested at the security's starting yield plus the given scenarios' yield change.

2.08%

1.91%

1.70%

1.48%

1.32%

1.13%

0.92%

Source: The YieldBook Inc. The above information does not reflect actual or projected portfolio returns or an account's total investment portfolio. Simulated returns differentials are not indicative of past return differentials and do not predict future return differentials. The above information is not a complete analysis of every material fact concerning any market, industry or investment. Data has been obtained from sources considered reliable, but Dodge & Cox makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy of such information. Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice. Before investing in any Dodge & Cox Fund, you should carefully consider the Fund's investment objectives, management fees, risks and expenses. To obtain a Fund's prospectus, which contains this and other important information, visit www.dodgeandcox.com or call 800-621-3979. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

# Changing Home Price and Mortgage Finance Landscape

December 2008

The wrenching transition from rapid home price appreciation to significant home price declines, coupled with credit contraction and stricter underwriting in the mortgage finance industry, has dramatically altered the prepayment landscape for mortgage-backed securities (MBS).

#### **New Reality**

- Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and the FHA have reverted to a dominant role (>90% of market share). Many competitors have exited industry.
- Originators and mortgage insurance providers have elevated their underwriting standards.
- Home price declines have driven Loan-To-Value (LTV) percentages on many properties higher, in certain areas significantly so. Higher LTVs reduce the ability of many borrowers to take advantage of refinancing opportunities and also leave more borrowers "locked-in," potentially lowering the natural rate of housing turnover as well.

#### Effect on MBS prepayments - "A Tale of Two Cities"

Borrowers with <80% current LTVs, good credit scores, and timely payment records can take advantage of today's plentiful refinancing opportunities.

Borrowers with higher LTVs, lower credit scores, missed payments, and other non-standard attributes will remain challenged to access mortgage financing at attractive rates.

Opportunity Thesis Risks

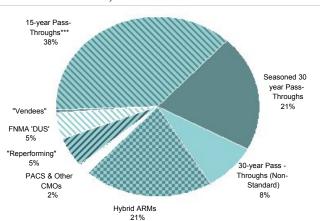
- GSE MBS backed by mortgages with higher interest rates.
- GSE MBS with a high weighting of high original LTV loans.
- GSE MBS concentrated in areas of faster home price declines: e.g., CA, FLA, NEV
- MBS with a concentration of low FICO score or "stretched" borrowers.
- Unlikely to revisit 2003/2004 peaks in prepay speeds:
- LTV a growing constraint to mortgage finance access. Borrowers less responsive to refinancing incentive
- Lower quality borrowers face higher fees/rates and lender reluctance
- Little to no home equity to extract
- Significant uncertainty about U.S.
   Government actions re mortgage market
- Prepayments could be higher than expected, resulting in lower returns
- Potential for loan modifications/looser underwriting standards

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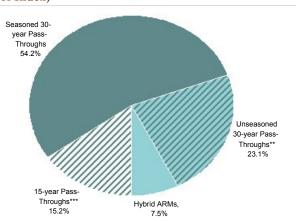
### **Major Elements of our MBS Strategy**

- A focused approach to MBS investing, utilizing fundamental research on borrower, loan, and program characteristics to identify attractive opportunities.
- Incorporating a significant amount of non-Index Agency mortgage securities.
- Portfolio weighting based on relative value, incorporating dynamic scenario analysis of potential total returns vs. similar-duration alternatives.

# Client's name MBS Portfolio (44.5% of Total Portfolio)



# Barclays Capital MBS Index\* (37.9% of Index)



Family of indices rebranded from Lehman Brothers Indices to Barclays Capital Indices effective 11/3/08.
\*Source: Barclays Capital POINT System. \*\*> 340 weighted-average maturity \*\*\* Includes 20-Year Pass-Throughs

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# Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS) Investing at Dodge & Cox

Objective: December 31, 2008

We conduct ongoing, fundamental research on all types of mortgage-related securities, seeking securities whose total returns may outpace those of similar-duration, alternative investments without sacrificing the duration stability of the portfolio.

#### Fundamental Research Process

- What are the unique characteristics of the underlying mortgage borrowers and loans?
- How will these characteristics influence prepayment behavior?
- Relative value: does market pricing fully incorporate the benefits/drawbacks of those characteristics?

#### Focus on Security Selection

- Emphasize lesser-known programs and sectors within the Agency mortgage-backed security market, e.g., seasoned 15-year pass-throughs, Hybrid ARMs, "Re-performing" FHA/VA loans and Fannie Mae DUS.
- Accept marginal reduction in liquidity for better cash flow characteristics and more attractive long-term total return potential.

#### Portfolio Benefits

- Incremental portfolio yield, without sacrificing credit quality.
- Greater portfolio duration stability than Index = reduced whipsaw risk.
- Stable cash flow MBS add a nice defensive feature to portfolios.

Effective Duration of Mortgage Sector D&C Composite vs.
Lehman Mortgage Index Mortgages Only

December 31, 1999 - December 31 2008

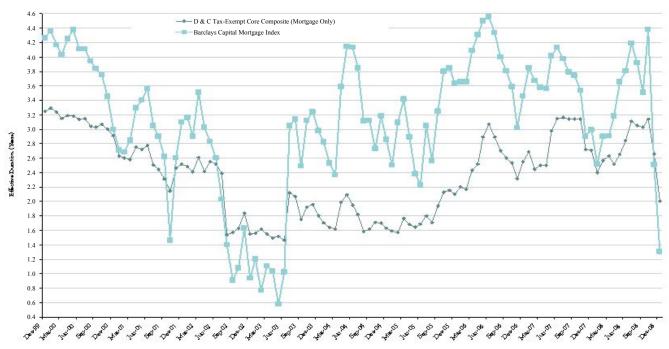


Source: Compare from CMS BondEdge, an Interactive Data division and Barclays Capital POINT System.

The Fixed Income Tax-Exempt Composite is comprised of core fixed income accounts that are managed free of tax constraints. The above information is not a complete analysis of every material fact concerning any market, industry or investment. Data has been obtained from sources considered reliable, but Dodge & Cox makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy of such information. Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice. The above information is not a complete analysis of every material fact concerning any market, industry or investment. Data has been obtained from sources considered reliable, but Dodge & Cox makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy of such information. Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice. Before investing in any Dodge & Cox Fund, you should carefully consider the Fund's investment objectives, management fees, risks and expenses. To obtain a Fund's prospectus, which contains this and other important information, visit <a href="https://www.dodgeandcox.com">www.dodgeandcox.com</a> or call 800-621-3979. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

# Effective Duration of Mortgage Sector

## Dodge & Cox Composite-(Mortgage Only) vs. Barclays Capital Mortgage Index



Source: Compare from CMS BondEdge, an Interactive Data division and Barclays Capital POINT System.

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