

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 497

Definitive materials filed under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of Securities Act Rule 497

Filing Date: **1999-07-27**
SEC Accession No. **0000950130-99-004275**

(HTML Version on secdatabase.com)

FILER

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND INC

CIK: **1058297**

Type: **497** | Act: **33** | File No.: **333-48929** | Film No.: **99671093**

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Merrill Lynch Global Technology Fund, Inc.

[July 26, 1999]

This Prospectus contains information you should know before investing, including information about risks. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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[LOGO] Key Facts

In an effort to help you better understand the many concepts involved in making an investment decision, we have defined highlighted terms in this prospectus in the sidebar.

Equity Securities -- securities representing ownership of a company or securities whose price is linked to the value of securities that represent ownership.

Common Stock -- shares of ownership of a corporation.

THE MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND AT A GLANCE

What is the Fund's investment objective?

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long term capital appreciation through worldwide investment in equity securities of issuers that, in the opinion of the Manager, derive a substantial portion of their income from products and services in technology related industries.

What are the Fund's main investment strategies?

The Fund invests in securities of companies that are, and are expected to remain, leaders in their product or service niches as measured by market share, technological superiority or business strategy. The Fund will also invest in companies that the Manager believes are likely to develop leadership positions.

Fund management considers technology related industries to include, among others, telecommunications, telecommunications equipment, computers, semiconductors, semiconductor capital equipment, networking, internet and on-line service companies, office automation, server hardware producers, software companies (e.g., design, consumer and industrial) biotechnology and medical device technology companies, and companies involved in the distribution and servicing of these products.

The Fund will emphasize equity securities, primarily common stock. Under normal market conditions, at least 65% of the Fund's total assets will be invested in equity securities of technology related issuers engaged in one of the industries listed above from at least three different countries, including the United States. In selecting portfolio investments, Fund management looks for stocks that are expected to post earnings, revenue or cash flow growth, but whose market prices do not reflect that growth.

The Fund may seek to gain exposure to equity markets or to hedge all or a portion of its portfolio against interest rate, market and currency risks through the use of "derivative" securities including swap agreements, indexed and inverse securities, options, futures, options on futures and currency transactions. We cannot guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objective.

What are the main risks of investing in the Fund?

As with any fund, the value of the Fund's investments -- and therefore the value of Fund shares -- may fluctuate. These changes may occur because a particular stock market is rising or falling. At other times, there are specific factors that may affect the value of a particular investment. If the value of the Fund's investments goes down, you may lose money.

As a sector fund that invests in technology companies, the Fund is subject to the risks associated with this sector. This makes the Fund more vulnerable to price changes of securities of issuers in technology related industries and factors that affect the technology industry than a more broadly diversified mutual fund.

Certain technology related companies may face special risks that their products or services may not prove to be commercially successful. Technology related companies are also strongly affected by worldwide scientific or technological developments. As a result, their products may rapidly become obsolete. Such companies are also often subject to governmental regulation and may therefore be adversely affected by governmental policies.

The Fund may invest a substantial portion of its assets in non-U.S. securities. Foreign investing involves special risks, including foreign currency risk and the possibility of substantial volatility due to adverse political, economic or other developments. Foreign securities may also be less liquid and harder to value than U.S. securities. These risks are greater for investments in emerging markets.

Derivatives may be volatile and subject to liquidity, leverage, credit and other types of risks. There can be no assurance that the Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective.

Who should invest?

The Fund may be an appropriate investment for you if you:

- . Are looking for capital appreciation for long term goals, such as retirement or funding a child's education.
- . Want a professionally managed and diversified portfolio.
- . Are looking to invest in a portfolio comprised primarily of technology related equity securities and are willing to accept the risks associated with investment in that industry sector.
- . Are looking for exposure to a variety of foreign markets.
- . Are willing to accept the risks of foreign investing in order to seek long term capital appreciation.
- . Are not looking for a significant amount of current income.

RISK/RETURN BAR CHART

The Prospectus does not include a Risk/Return Bar Chart because the Fund has not completed one full calendar year of operations.

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UNDERSTANDING EXPENSES

Fund investors pay various fees and expenses, either directly or indirectly. Listed below are some of the main types of expenses, which all mutual funds may charge:

Expenses paid directly by the shareholder:

Shareholder fees -- these include sales charges which you may pay when you buy or sell shares of the Fund.

Expenses paid indirectly by the shareholder:

Annual Fund Operating Expenses -- expenses that cover the costs of operating the Fund.

Management Fee -- a fee paid to the Manager for managing the Fund.

Distribution Fees -- fees used to support the Fund's marketing and distribution efforts, such as compensating Financial Consultants, advertising and promotion.

Service (Account Maintenance) Fees -- fees used to compensate securities dealers for account maintenance activities.

FEES AND EXPENSES

The Fund offers four different classes of shares. Although your money will be invested the same way no matter which class of shares you buy, there are differences among the fees and expenses associated with each class. Not everyone is eligible to buy every class. After determining which classes you are eligible to buy, decide which class best suits your needs. Your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant can help you with this decision.

This table shows the different fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold the different classes of shares of the Fund. Future expenses may be greater or less than those indicated below.

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Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment) (a):

	Class A	Class B(b)	Class C	Class D
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.25%(c)	None	None	5.25%(c)
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of original purchase price or redemption proceeds, whichever is lower)	None (d)	4.0%(c)	1.0%(c)	None (d)
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) imposed on Dividend Reinvestments	None	None	None	None
Redemption Fee	None	None	None	None
Exchange Fee	None	None	None	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that are deducted from Fund assets):

Management Fee(e)	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees(f)	None	1.00%	1.00%	0.25%
Other Expenses (including transfer agency fees) (g)	0.25%	0.27%	0.28%	0.25%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.25%	2.27%	2.28%	1.50%

</TABLE>

- (a) In addition, Merrill Lynch may charge clients a processing fee (currently \$5.35) when a client buys or sells shares.
- (b) Class B shares automatically convert to Class D shares about eight years after you buy them and will no longer be subject to distribution fees.
- (c) Some investors may qualify for reductions in the sales charge (load).
- (d) You may pay a deferred sales charge if you purchase \$1 million or more and you redeem within one year.
- (e) The Fund pays the Manager a fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of the average daily net assets of the Fund not exceeding \$1.0 billion and 0.95% of the average daily net assets in excess of \$1.0 billion. For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Manager received a fee equal to 1.00% of the Fund's average daily net assets.
- (f) The Fund calls the "Service Fee" an "Account Maintenance Fee." Account Maintenance Fee is the term used in this Prospectus and in all other Fund materials. If you hold Class B or Class C shares for a long time, it may cost you more in distribution (12b-1) fees than the maximum sales charge that you would have paid if you had bought one of the other classes.

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[LOGO] Key Facts

(Footnotes continued from previous page)

- (g) The Fund pays the Transfer Agent \$11.00 for each Class A and Class D shareholder account and \$14.00 for each Class B and Class C shareholder account and reimburses the Transfer Agent's out-of-pocket expenses. The Fund pays a 0.10% fee for certain accounts that participate in the Merrill Lynch Mutual Fund Advisor program. The Fund also pays a \$0.20 monthly closed account charge, which is assessed upon all accounts that close during the year. This fee begins the month following the month the account is closed and ends at the end of the calendar year. For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Fund paid the Transfer Agent fees totaling \$624,217. The Manager provides accounting services to the Fund at its cost. For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Fund reimbursed the Manager \$65,791 for these services.

Examples:

These examples are intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

These examples assume that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated, that your investment has a 5% return each year, that you pay the sales charges, if any, that apply to the particular class and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. This assumption is not meant to indicate you will receive a 5% annual rate of return. Your annual return may be more or

less than the 5% used in this example. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

EXPENSES IF YOU DID REDEEM YOUR SHARES:

--

<TABLE>

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1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Class A	\$646	\$901	\$1,175	\$1,957
Class B	\$630	\$909	\$1,215	\$2,417*
Class C	\$331	\$712	\$1,220	\$2,615
Class D	\$670	\$974	\$1,300	\$2,222

EXPENSES IF YOU DID NOT REDEEM YOUR SHARES:

<CAPTION>

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Class A	\$646	\$901	\$1,175	\$1,957
Class B	\$230	\$709	\$1,215	\$2,417*
Class C	\$231	\$712	\$1,220	\$2,615
Class D	\$670	\$974	\$1,300	\$2,222

</TABLE>

* Assumes conversion to Class D shares approximately eight years after purchase. See note (b) to the Fees and Expenses table above.

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[LOGO] Details About the Fund

ABOUT THE PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Paul G. Meeks has been a Senior Vice President and portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception. Mr. Meeks has been a First Vice President and a Portfolio Manager of Merrill Lynch Asset Management since 1998. From 1994 to 1998, Mr. Meeks held various positions with Jurika & Voyles, L.P.

ABOUT THE MANAGER

The Fund is managed by Merrill Lynch Asset Management.

HOW THE FUND INVESTS

The Fund will invest in a global portfolio primarily consisting of equity securities of issuers that are expected to derive a substantial portion of their income from technology related industries. The Fund will invest particularly in securities of issuers that are, and are expected to remain, leaders in their product or service niches as measured by market share and

superiority in technology. To a lesser extent, the Fund will invest in companies that are likely to become such leaders. Fund management believes that the common stocks of companies that use technological advances to develop innovative products and services are likely to increase in market price. Fund management looks specifically for stocks that are expected to post earnings, revenue or cash flow growth, but whose market prices do not reflect that growth. In other words, the Fund seeks to buy stocks that have a "growth" bias but that Fund management believes are undervalued. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved.

The Fund will invest in companies offering products and services in telecommunications equipment, computers, semiconductors, networking, internet and on-line service companies, office automation, server hardware producers and software companies (e.g., design, consumer and industrial). The Fund will not invest more than 25% of its assets, as measured at the time of each investment, in any one industry. While there are no prescribed limits on geographic asset distribution, based upon the public market values in the world equity markets and anticipated technological innovations, it is anticipated that the Fund will invest most of its assets in the securities of issuers located in the United States, Japan and other Asia-Pacific countries, Western Europe and Israel. Under normal circumstances the Fund will invest at least 65% of its assets in equity securities of technology related issuers from at least three different countries, including the United States. At times the Fund may have few investments outside the United States. Although the Fund intends to invest primarily in common stocks, it may also invest in other equity securities such as:

- . preferred stock
- . convertible securities
- . rights to subscribe for common stock
- . warrants
- . derivative securities

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[LOGO] Details About the Fund

The Fund may invest in companies of any size but emphasizes companies having large stock market capitalizations (\$5 billion or more). The Fund may also invest in companies that are considered emerging leaders in their industries and are considered mid-cap (\$1 to \$5 billion) or small-cap (less than \$1 billion) issuers.

Securities of foreign companies may be in the form of American Depositary Receipts, European Depositary Receipts, Global Depositary Receipts or other securities convertible into equities of foreign companies.

Convertible securities are generally debt securities or preferred stocks that may be converted into common stock.

The Fund may borrow money from banks in amounts up to 33 1/3% of the Fund's total assets temporarily for extraordinary or emergency purposes, including to meet redemptions or to settle securities transactions.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities that it cannot easily resell. These securities may include securities for which there is no readily available market and certain asset backed and receivable backed securities. Other possibly illiquid securities in which the Fund may invest are securities that have contractual or legal restrictions on resale, known as restricted securities, including Rule 144A securities that can be resold to

qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public.

The Fund may use derivatives to hedge its portfolio against interest rate and currency risks. Derivatives are financial instruments whose value is derived from another security, a commodity (such as oil or gold), or an index such as the Standard & Poor's 500 Index. The derivatives that the Fund may use include indexed and inverse securities, options on portfolio positions or currencies, financial and currency futures, options on such futures, forward foreign currency transactions and swaps.

The Fund may as a temporary defensive measure, and without limitation, hold in excess of 35% of its total assets in cash or cash equivalents and investment grade, short term securities including money market instruments denominated in U.S. dollars or foreign currencies. Normally a portion of the Fund's assets would be held in these securities in anticipation of investment in equities or to meet redemptions. Short term investments and temporary defensive positions can be easily sold and have limited risk of loss but may prevent the Fund from meeting its investment objective during temporary periods.

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INVESTMENT RISKS

This section contains a summary discussion of the general risks of investing in the Fund. As with any fund, there can be no guarantee that the Fund will meet its goals or that the Fund's performance will be positive for any period of time.

Technology Related Securities Risk -- Technology related securities historically have been very volatile. While volatility may create investment opportunities, it also increases the risk that the securities may lose value. Although the Fund intends to invest in companies that are leaders in their industries, the Fund may also invest in smaller companies that Fund management believes have the potential to become leaders. The securities of such companies share the characteristics common to small cap and emerging growth securities including limited product lines or markets. Such securities may be less financially secure than larger, more established companies, may depend on a small number of key personnel, and may trade in lower volumes than larger, more established companies. As a result such companies may be subject to abrupt or erratic price movements and more unpredictable price changes than the stock market as a whole.

Certain technology related companies may face special risks that their products or services may not prove to be commercially successful. Technology related companies are also strongly affected by worldwide scientific or technological developments. As a result, their products may rapidly become obsolete. Such companies are also often subject to governmental regulation and may therefore be adversely affected by governmental policies.

Market and Selection Risk -- Market risk is the risk that the stock market in one or more countries in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the market will go down sharply and unpredictably. Selection risk is the risk that the investments that Fund management selects will underperform the stock market or other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies.

Foreign Market Risk -- Since the Fund invests in foreign securities, it offers the potential for more diversification than an investment only in the United States. This is because securities traded on foreign markets have often (though not always) performed differently than securities in the United States.

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However, such investments involve special risks not present in U.S. investments that can increase the chances that the Fund will lose money. In particular, the Fund is subject to the risk that because there are generally fewer investors on foreign exchanges and a smaller number of securities traded each day, it may make it difficult for the Fund to buy and sell securities on those exchanges. In addition, prices of foreign securities may go up and down more than prices of securities traded in the United States.

Foreign Economy Risk -- The economies of certain foreign markets often do not compare favorably with the economy of the United States with respect to such issues as growth of gross national product, reinvestment of capital, resources and balance of payments position. Certain such economies may rely heavily on particular industries or foreign capital and are more vulnerable to diplomatic developments, the imposition of economic sanctions against a particular country or countries, changes in international trading patterns, trade barriers and other protectionist or retaliatory measures. Investments in foreign markets may also be adversely affected by governmental actions such as the imposition of capital controls, nationalization of companies or industries, expropriation of assets or the imposition of punitive taxes. In addition, the governments of certain countries may prohibit or impose substantial restrictions on foreign investing in their capital markets or in certain industries. Any of these actions could severely affect security prices, impair the Fund's ability to purchase or sell foreign securities or transfer the Fund's assets or income back into the United States, or otherwise adversely affect the Fund's operations. Other foreign market risks include foreign exchange controls, difficulties in pricing securities, defaults on foreign government securities, difficulties in enforcing favorable legal judgments in foreign courts, and political and social instability. Legal remedies available to investors in certain foreign countries may be less extensive than those available to investors in the United States or other foreign countries.

Currency Risk -- Securities in which the Fund invests are usually denominated or quoted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates affect the value of the Fund's portfolio. Generally, when the U.S. dollar rises in value against a foreign currency, a security denominated in that currency loses value because the currency is worth fewer U.S. dollars. Conversely, when the U.S. dollar decreases in value against a foreign currency, a security denominated in that currency gains value because the currency is worth more U.S. dollars. This risk, generally

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known as "currency risk," means that a strong U.S. dollar will reduce returns for U.S. investors while a weak U.S. dollar will increase those returns.

Governmental Supervision and Regulation/Accounting Standards -- Many foreign governments supervise and regulate stock exchanges, brokers and the sale of securities less than the United States does. Some countries may not have laws to protect investors the way that the U.S. securities laws do. For example, some foreign countries may have no laws or rules against insider trading. Insider trading occurs when a person buys or sells a company's securities based on nonpublic information about that company. Accounting standards in other countries are not necessarily the same as in the United States. If the accounting standards in another country do not require as much detail as U.S. accounting standards, it may be harder for Fund management to completely and accurately determine a company's financial condition. Also, brokerage commissions and other costs of buying or selling securities often are higher in foreign countries than they are in the United States. This reduces the amount the Fund can earn on its investments.

Certain Risks of Holding Fund Assets Outside the United States -- The Fund generally holds its foreign securities and cash in foreign banks and securities depositories. Some foreign banks and securities depositories may be recently

organized or new to the foreign custody business. In addition, there may be limited or no regulatory oversight over their operations. Also, the laws of certain countries may put limits on the Fund's ability to recover its assets if a foreign bank, depository or issuer of a security, or any of their agents, goes bankrupt. In addition, it is often more expensive for the Fund to buy, sell and hold securities in certain foreign markets than in the U.S. The increased expense of investing in foreign markets reduces the amount the Fund can earn on its investments and typically results in a higher operating expense ratio for the Fund than investment companies invested only in the U.S.

Settlement Risk -- Settlement and clearance procedures in certain foreign markets differ significantly from those in the United States. Foreign settlement procedures and trade regulations also may involve certain risks (such as delays in payment for or delivery of securities) not typically generated by the settlement of U.S. investments. Communications between the United States and emerging market countries may be unreliable, increasing the risk of delayed settlements or losses of security certificates. Settlements in certain foreign countries at times have not kept pace with the number of securities

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[LOGO] Details About the Fund

transactions; these problems may make it difficult for the Fund to carry out transactions. If the Fund cannot settle or is delayed in settling a purchase of securities, it may miss attractive investment opportunities and certain of its assets may be uninvested with no return earned thereon for some period. If the Fund cannot settle or is delayed in settling a sale of securities, it may lose money if the value of the security then declines or, if it has contracted to sell the security to another party, the Fund could be liable to that party for any losses incurred.

European Economic and Monetary Union ("EMU") -- Certain European countries have entered into EMU in an effort to, among other things, reduce barriers between countries, increase competition among companies, reduce government subsidies in certain industries, and reduce or eliminate currency fluctuations among these countries. EMU established a single common European currency (the "euro") that was introduced on January 1, 1999 and is expected to replace the existing national currencies of all EMU participants by July 1, 2002. Certain securities (beginning with government and corporate bonds) were redenominated in the euro, and are listed, trade and make dividend and other payments only in euros. Although EMU is generally expected to have a beneficial effect, it could negatively affect the Fund in a number of situations, including as follows:

- . If the transition to euro, or EMU as a whole, does not proceed as planned, the Fund's investments could be adversely affected. For example, sharp currency fluctuations, exchange rate volatility and other disruptions of the markets could occur.
- . Withdrawal from EMU by a participating country could also have a negative effect on the Fund's investments, for example if securities redenominated in euros are transferred back into that country's national currency.

Borrowing and Leverage Risk -- The Fund may borrow for temporary emergency purposes including to meet redemptions. Borrowing may exaggerate changes in the net asset value of Fund shares and in the yield on the Fund's portfolio.

Borrowing will cost the Fund interest expense and other fees. The cost of borrowing may reduce the Fund's return. Certain securities that the Fund buys may create leverage including, for example, when issued securities, forward commitments, options and warrants.

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Securities Lending -- The Fund may lend securities to financial institutions which provide government securities as collateral. Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the Fund may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Fund could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and the value of the collateral falls. These events could trigger adverse tax consequences to the Fund.

Risks associated with certain types of securities in which the Fund may invest include:

Convertibles -- Convertibles are generally debt securities or preferred stocks that may be converted into common stock. Convertibles typically pay current income as either interest (debt security convertibles) or dividends (preferred stocks). A convertible's value usually reflects both the stream of current income payments and the value of the underlying common stock. The market value of a convertible performs like a regular debt security, that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of a convertible usually falls. Since it is convertible into common stock, the convertible also has the same types of market and issuer risk as the underlying common stock.

Illiquid Securities -- The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities that it cannot easily resell within seven days at current value or that have contractual or legal restrictions on resale. If the Fund buys illiquid securities it may be unable to quickly resell them or may be able to sell them only at a price below current value.

Restricted Securities -- Restricted securities have contractual or legal restrictions on their resale. They may include private placement securities that the Fund buys directly from the issuer. Private placement and other restricted securities may not be listed on an exchange and may have no active trading market.

Restricted securities may be illiquid. The Fund may be unable to sell them on short notice or may be able to sell them only at a price below current value. The Fund may get only limited information about the issuer, so it may be less able to predict a loss. In addition, if Fund management receives material adverse nonpublic information about the issuer, the Fund will not be able to sell the security.

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[LOGO] Details About the Fund

Rule 144A Securities -- Rule 144A securities are restricted securities that can be resold to qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public. Rule 144A securities may have an active trading market, but carry the risk that the active trading market may not continue.

Derivatives -- The Fund may use derivative instruments including indexed and inverse securities, options on portfolio positions or currencies, financial and currency futures, options on such futures, forward foreign currency

transactions and swaps. Derivatives allow the Fund to increase or decrease its risk exposure more quickly and efficiently than other types of instruments. Derivatives are volatile and involve significant risks, including:

Credit risk -- the risk that the counterparty (the party on the other side of the transaction) on a derivative transaction will be unable to honor its financial obligation to the Fund.

Currency risk -- the risk that changes in the exchange rate between currencies will adversely affect the value (in U.S. dollar terms) of an investment.

Leverage risk -- the risk associated with certain types of investments or trading strategies (such as borrowing money to increase the amount of investments) that relatively small market movements may result in large changes in the value of an investment. Certain investments or trading strategies that involve leverage can result in losses that greatly exceed the amount originally invested.

Liquidity risk -- the risk that certain securities may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time that the seller would like or at the price that the seller believes the security is currently worth.

The Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes, including anticipatory hedges and to gain exposure to equity markets. Hedging is a strategy in which the Fund uses a derivative to offset the risk that other Fund holdings may decrease in value. While hedging can reduce losses, it can also reduce or eliminate gains if the market moves in a different manner than anticipated by the Fund or if the cost of the derivative outweighs the benefit of the hedge. Hedging also involves the risk that changes in the value of the derivative will not match those of the holdings being hedged as expected by the Fund, in

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which case any losses on the holdings being hedged may not be reduced. There can be no assurance that the Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective. The Fund is not required to use hedging and may choose not to do so.

Indexed and Inverse Floating Rate Securities -- The Fund may invest in securities whose potential returns are directly related to changes in an underlying index or interest rate, known as indexed securities. The return on indexed securities will rise when the underlying index or interest rate rises and fall when the index or interest rate falls. The Fund may also invest in securities whose return is inversely related to changes in an interest rate (inverse floaters). In general, income on inverse floaters will decrease when interest rates increase and increase when interest rates decrease. Investments in inverse floaters may subject the Fund to the risks of reduced or eliminated interest payments and losses of principal. In addition, certain indexed securities and inverse floaters may increase or decrease in value at a greater rate than the underlying interest rate, which effectively leverages the Fund's

investment. Indexed securities and inverse floaters are derivative securities and can be considered speculative. Indexed and inverse securities involve credit risk and certain indexed and inverse securities may involve currency risk, leverage risk and liquidity risk.

Swap Agreements -- Swap agreements involve the risk that the party with whom the Fund has entered into the swap will default on its obligation to pay the Fund and the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its obligations to pay the other party to the agreement.

Standby Commitment Agreements -- Standby commitment agreements involve the risk that the security will lose value prior to its delivery to the Fund. These agreements also involve the risk that if the security goes up in value, the counterparty will decide not to issue the security, in which case the Fund has lost the investment opportunity for the assets it had set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

When Issued Securities, Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments -- When issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery to the Fund. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund both loses the investment opportunity for the assets it has set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

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[LOGO] Details About the Fund

Depository Receipts -- The Fund may invest in securities of foreign issuers in the form of Depository Receipts or other securities that are convertible into securities of foreign issuers. American Depository Receipts are receipts typically issued by an American bank or trust company that show evidence of underlying securities issued by a foreign corporation. European Depository Receipts and Global Depository Receipts each evidence a similar ownership arrangement. The Fund may also invest in unsponsored Depository Receipts. The issuers of such unsponsored Depository Receipts are not obligated to disclose material information in the United States and therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers.

Repurchase Agreements; Purchase and Sale Contracts -- The Fund may enter into certain types of repurchase agreements or purchase and sale contracts. Under a repurchase agreement, the seller agrees to repurchase a security (typically a security issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) at a mutually agreed upon time and price. This insulates the Fund from changes in the market value of the security during the period, except for currency fluctuations. A purchase and sale contract is similar to a repurchase agreement, but purchase and sale contracts provide that the purchaser receives any interest on the security paid during the period. If the seller fails to repurchase the security in either situation and the market value declines, the Fund may lose money.

Warrants -- A warrant gives the Fund the right to buy a quantity of stock. The warrant specifies the amount of underlying stock, the purchase (or "exercise") price, and the date the warrant expires. The Fund has no obligation to exercise the warrant and buy the stock. A warrant has value only if the Fund exercises it before it expires. If the price of the underlying stock does not rise above the exercise price before the warrant expires, the warrant generally expires without any value and the Fund loses any amount it paid for the warrant. Thus, investments in warrants may involve substantially more risk than investments in common stock. Warrants may trade in the same markets as their underlying stock; however, the price of the warrant does not necessarily move with the price of the underlying stock.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

If you would like further information about the Fund, including how it invests, please see the Statement of Additional Information.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Your Account

MERRILL LYNCH SELECT PRICING SM SYSTEM

The Fund offers four share classes, each with its own sales charge and expense structure, allowing you to invest in the way that best suits your needs. Each share class represents an ownership interest in the same investment portfolio. When you choose your class of shares you should consider the size of your investment and how long you plan to hold your shares. Your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant can help you determine which share class is best suited to your personal financial goals.

For example, if you select Class A or D shares, you generally pay a sales charge at the time of purchase. If you buy Class D shares, you also pay an ongoing account maintenance fee of 0.25%. You may be eligible for a sales charge waiver.

If you select Class B or C shares, you will invest the full amount of your purchase price, but you will be subject to a distribution fee of 0.75% and an account maintenance fee of 0.25%. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying an initial sales charge. In addition, you may be subject to a deferred sales charge when you sell Class B or C shares.

The Fund's shares are distributed by Merrill Lynch Funds Distributor, a division of Princeton Funds Distributor, Inc., an affiliate of Merrill Lynch.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Your Account

The table below summarizes key features of the Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Availability	Limited to certain investors including: . Current Class A shareholders . Certain Retirement Plans . Participants in certain Merrill Lynch-sponsored programs . Certain affiliates of Merrill Lynch.	Generally available through Merrill Lynch. Limited availability through other securities dealers.	Generally available through Merrill Lynch. Limited availability through other securities dealers.	Generally available through Merrill Lynch. Limited availability through other securities dealers.

Initial Sales Charge?	Yes. Payable at time of purchase. Lower sales charges available for larger investments.	No. Entire purchase price is invested in shares of the Fund.	No. Entire purchase price is invested in shares of the Fund.	Yes. Payable at time of purchase. Lower sales charges available for larger investments.
Deferred Sales Charge?	No. (May be charged for purchases over \$1 million that are redeemed within one year.)	Yes. Payable if you redeem within four years of purchase.	Yes. Payable if you redeem within one year of purchase.	No. (May be charged for purchases over \$1 million that are redeemed within one year.)
Account Maintenance and Distribution Fees?	No.	0.25% Account Maintenance Fee 0.75% Distribution Fee.	0.25% Account Maintenance Fee 0.75% Distribution Fee.	0.25% Account Maintenance Fee No Distribution Fee.
Conversion to Class D shares?	No.	Yes, automatically after approximately eight years.	No.	No.

</TABLE>

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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Right of Accumulation -- permits you to pay the sales charge that would apply to the cost or value (whichever is higher) of all shares you own in the Merrill Lynch mutual funds that offer Select Pricing options.

Letter of Intent -- permits you to pay the sales charge that would be applicable if you add up all shares of Merrill Lynch Select PricingSM System funds that you agree to buy within a 13 month period. Certain restrictions apply.

Class A and Class D Shares -- Initial Sales Charge Options

If you select Class A or Class D shares, you will pay a sales charge at the time of purchase.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Your Investment	As a % of Offering Price	As a % of Your Investment*	Dealer Compensation as a % of Offering Price
<S> Less than \$25,000	<C> 5.25%	<C> 5.54%	<C> 5.00%
\$25,000 but less than \$50,000	4.75%	4.99%	4.50%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.00%	4.17%	3.75%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.00%	3.09%	2.75%
\$250,000 but less than \$1,000,000	2.00%	2.04%	1.80%
\$1,000,000 and over**	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

</TABLE>

* Rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent.

** If you invest \$1,000,000 or more in Class A or Class D shares, you may not pay an initial sales charge. However, if you redeem your shares within one year after purchase, you may be charged a deferred sales charge. This charge is 1% of the lesser of the original cost of the shares being redeemed or your redemption proceeds. A sales charge of 0.75% will be charged on purchases of \$1,000,000 or more of Class A or Class D shares by certain employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans.

No initial sales charge applies to Class A or Class D shares that you buy through reinvestment of dividends.

A reduced or waived sales charge on a purchase of Class A or Class D shares may apply for:

- . Purchases under a Right of Accumulation or Letter of Intent.
- . Merrill Lynch Blueprint SM Program participants.
- . TMA SM Managed Trusts.
- . Certain Merrill Lynch investment or central asset accounts.
- . Certain employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Your Account

- . Purchases using proceeds from the sale of certain Merrill Lynch closed-end funds under certain circumstances.
- . Certain investors, including directors or trustees of Merrill Lynch mutual funds and Merrill Lynch employees.
- . Certain Merrill Lynch fee-based programs.

Only certain investors are eligible to buy Class A shares. Your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant can help you determine whether you are eligible to buy Class A shares or to participate in any of these programs.

If you decide to buy shares under the initial sales charge alternative and you are eligible to buy both Class A and Class D shares, you should buy Class A since Class D shares are subject to a 0.25% account maintenance fee, while Class A shares are not.

If you redeem Class A or Class D shares and within 30 days buy new shares of the same class, you will not pay a sales charge on the new purchase amount. The amount eligible for this "Reinstatement Privilege" may not exceed the amount of your redemption proceeds. To exercise the privilege, contact your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or the Fund's Transfer Agent at 1-800-MER-FUND.

Class B and Class C Shares -- Deferred Sales Charge Options

If you select Class B or Class C shares, you do not pay an initial sales charge at the time of purchase. However, if you redeem your Class B shares within four years after purchase or your Class C shares within one year after purchase, you may be required to pay a deferred sales charge. You will also pay distribution fees of 0.75% and account maintenance fees of 0.25% each year under distribution plans that the Fund has adopted under Rule 12b-1. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying an initial sales charge. The Distributor uses the money that it receives from the deferred sales charges and the distribution fees to cover the costs of

marketing, advertising and compensating the Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or other securities dealer who assists you in purchasing Fund shares.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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Class B Shares

If you redeem Class B shares within four years after purchase, you may be charged a deferred sales charge. The amount of the charge gradually decreases as you hold your shares over time, according to the following schedule:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Years Since Purchase	Sales Charge*
<S>	<C>
0 - 1	4.00%
1 - 2	3.00%
2 - 3	2.00%
3 - 4	1.00%
4 and thereafter	0.00%

</TABLE>

* The percentage charge will apply to the lesser of the original cost of the shares being redeemed or the proceeds of your redemption. Shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends are not subject to a deferred sales charge. Not all Merrill Lynch funds have identical deferred sales charge schedules. If you exchange your shares for shares of another fund, the higher charge will apply.

The deferred sales charge relating to Class B shares may be reduced or waived in certain circumstances, such as:

- . Certain post-retirement withdrawals from an IRA or other retirement plan if you are over 59 1/2 years old.
- . Redemption by certain eligible 401(a) and 401(k) plans, certain related accounts, group plans participating in the Merrill Lynch BlueprintSM Program and certain retirement plan rollovers.
- . Redemption in connection with participation in certain Merrill Lynch fee-based programs.
- . Withdrawals resulting from shareholder death or disability as long as the waiver request is made within one year of death or disability or, if later, reasonably promptly following completion of probate, or in connection with involuntary termination of an account in which

Fund shares are held.

- . Withdrawal through the Merrill Lynch Systematic Withdrawal Plan of up to 10% per year of your Class B account value at the time the plan is established.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Your Account

Your Class B shares convert automatically into Class D shares approximately eight years after purchase. Any Class B shares received through reinvestment of dividends paid on converting shares will also convert at that time. Class D shares are subject to lower annual expenses than Class B shares. The conversion of Class B to Class D shares is not a taxable event for Federal income tax purposes.

Different conversion schedules apply to Class B shares of different Merrill Lynch mutual funds. For example, Class B shares of a fixed income fund convert approximately ten years after purchase compared to approximately eight years for equity funds. If you acquire your Class B shares in an exchange from another fund with a shorter conversion schedule, the Fund's eight year conversion schedule will apply. If you exchange your Class B shares in the Fund for Class B shares of a fund with a longer conversion schedule, the other fund's conversion schedule will apply. The length of time that you hold both the original and exchanged Class B shares in both funds will count toward the conversion schedule. The conversion schedule may be modified in certain other cases as well.

Class C Shares

If you redeem Class C shares within one year after purchase, you may be charged a deferred sales charge of 1.00%. The charge will apply to the lesser of the original cost of the shares being redeemed or the proceeds of your redemption. You will not be charged a deferred sales charge when you redeem shares that you acquire through reinvestment of Fund dividends. The deferred sales charge relative to Class C shares may be reduced or waived in connection with involuntary termination of an account in which Fund shares are held and withdrawals through the Merrill Lynch Systematic Withdrawal Plan.

Class C shares do not offer a conversion privilege.

HOW TO BUY, SELL, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE SHARES

The chart below summarizes how to buy, sell, transfer and exchange shares through Merrill Lynch or other securities dealers. You may also buy shares through the Transfer Agent. To learn more about buying shares through the Transfer Agent, call 1-800-MER-FUND. Because the selection of a mutual fund involves many considerations, your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant may help you with this decision.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

If You Want To	Your Choices	Information Important for You to Know
<C>	<C>	<S>

Buy Shares	First, select the share class appropriate for you	Refer to the Merrill Lynch Select Pricing table on page 18. Be sure to read this Prospectus carefully.
<hr/>		
	Next, determine the amount of your investment	<p>The minimum initial investment for the Fund is \$1,000 for all accounts except:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . \$250 for certain Merrill Lynch fee-based programs . \$100 for retirement plans. <p>(The minimums for initial investments may be waived under certain circumstances.)</p>
<hr/>		
	Have your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or securities dealer submit your purchase order	<p>The price of your shares is based on the next calculation of net asset value after your order is placed. Any purchase orders placed prior to the close of business on the New York Stock Exchange (generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) will be priced at the net asset value determined that day.</p> <p>Purchase orders placed after that time will be priced at the net asset value determined on the next business day. The Fund may reject any order to buy shares and may suspend the sale of shares at any time. Merrill Lynch may charge a processing fee to confirm a purchase. This fee is currently \$5.35.</p>
<hr/>		
	Or contact the Transfer Agent	<p>To purchase shares directly, call the Transfer Agent at 1-800-MER-FUND and request a purchase application. Mail the completed purchase application to the Transfer Agent at the address on the inside back cover of this Prospectus.</p>
<hr/>		
Add to Your Investment	Purchase additional shares	<p>The minimum investment for additional purchases is generally \$50 except that retirement plans have a minimum additional purchase of \$1 and certain programs, such as automatic investment plans, may have higher minimums.</p> <p>(The minimum for additional purchases may be waived under certain circumstances.)</p>
<hr/>		
	Acquire additional shares through the automatic dividend reinvestment plan	<p>All dividends are automatically reinvested without a sales charge.</p>
<hr/>		
	Participate in the automatic investment plan	<p>You may invest a specific amount on a periodic basis through certain Merrill Lynch investment or central asset accounts.</p>
<hr/>		
Transfer Shares to Another Securities	Transfer to a participating securities dealer	<p>You may transfer your Fund shares only to another securities dealer that has entered into an agreement</p>

Dealer

with Merrill Lynch. Certain shareholder services may not be available for the transferred shares. You may only purchase additional shares of funds previously owned before the transfer. All future trading of these assets must be coordinated by the receiving firm.

Transfer to a non-participating securities dealer	You must either: .Transfer your shares to an account with the Transfer Agent; or .Sell your shares.
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</TABLE>

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

[LOGO] Your Account

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

If You Want To	Your Choices	Information Important for You to Know
<C> Sell Your Shares	<C> Have your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or securities dealer submit your sales order	<S> The price of your shares is based on the next calculation of net asset value after your order is placed. For your redemption request to be priced at the net asset value on the day of your request, you must submit your request to your dealer prior to that day's close of business on the New York Stock Exchange (generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). Any redemption request placed after that time will be priced at the net asset value at the close of business on the next business day. Dealers must submit redemption requests to the Fund not more than thirty minutes after the close of business on the New York Stock Exchange on the day the request was received. Securities dealers, including Merrill Lynch, may charge a fee to process a redemption of shares. Merrill Lynch currently charges a fee of \$5.35. No processing fee is charged if you redeem shares directly through the Transfer Agent. The Fund may reject an order to sell shares under certain circumstances.
Sell through the Transfer Agent		You may sell shares held at the Transfer Agent by writing to the Transfer Agent at the address on the inside back cover of this prospectus. All shareholders on the account must sign the letter and signatures must be guaranteed. If you hold stock certificates, return

the certificates with the letter. The Transfer Agent will normally mail redemption proceeds within seven days following receipt of a properly completed request. If you make a redemption request before the Fund has collected payment for the purchase of shares, the Fund or the Transfer Agent may delay mailing your proceeds. This delay will usually not exceed ten days.

If you hold share certificates, they must be delivered to the Transfer Agent before they can be converted. Check with the Transfer Agent or your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant for details.

Sell Shares Systematically	Participate in the Fund's Systematic Withdrawal Plan	You can choose to receive systematic payments from your Fund account either by check or through direct deposit to your bank account on a monthly or quarterly basis. If you hold your Fund shares in a Merrill Lynch CMA(R), CBA(R) or Retirement Account you can arrange for systematic redemptions of a fixed dollar amount on a monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual basis, subject to certain conditions. Under either method you must have dividends and other distributions automatically reinvested. For Class B and C shares your total annual withdrawals cannot be more than 10% per year of the value of your shares at the time your plan is established. The deferred sales charge is waived for systematic redemptions. Ask your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant for details.
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</TABLE>

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

If You Want To	Your Choices	Information Important for You to Know
<C> Exchange Your Shares	<C> Select the fund into which you want to exchange. Be sure to read that fund's prospectus	<S> You can exchange your shares of the Fund for shares of many other Merrill Lynch mutual funds. You must have held the shares used in the exchange for at least 15 calendar days before you can exchange to another fund.

Each class of Fund shares is generally exchangeable for shares of the same class of another fund. If you own Class A shares and wish to

exchange into a fund in which you have no Class A shares, you will exchange into Class D shares.

Some of the Merrill Lynch mutual funds impose a different initial or deferred sales charge schedule. If you exchange Class A or D shares for shares of a fund with a higher initial sales charge than you originally paid, you will be charged the difference at the time of exchange. If you exchange Class B shares for shares of a fund with a different deferred sales charge schedule, the higher schedule will apply. The time you hold Class B or C shares in both funds will count when determining your holding period for calculating a deferred sales charge at redemption. If you exchange Class A or D shares for money market fund shares, you will receive Class A shares of Summit Cash Reserves Fund. Class B or C shares of the Fund will be exchanged for Class B shares of Summit.

Although there is currently no limit on the number of exchanges that you can make, the exchange privilege may be modified or terminated at any time in the future.

</TABLE>

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Your Account

HOW SHARES ARE PRICED

When you buy shares, you pay the net asset value, plus any applicable sales charge. This is the offering price. Shares are also redeemed at their net asset value, minus any applicable deferred sales charge. The Fund calculates its net asset value (generally by using market quotations) each day the New York Stock Exchange is open, after the close of business on the Exchange (the Exchange generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). The net asset value used in determining your price is the next one calculated after your purchase or redemption order is placed. Foreign securities owned by the Fund may trade on weekends or other days when the Fund does not price its shares. As a result, the Fund's net asset value may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or redeem the Fund's shares.

Generally, Class A shares will have the highest net asset value because that class has the lowest expenses, and Class D shares will have a higher net asset value than Class B or Class C shares. Also dividends paid on Class A and Class D shares will generally be higher than dividends paid on Class B and Class C shares because Class A and Class D shares have lower expenses.

PARTICIPATION IN MERRILL LYNCH FEE-BASED PROGRAMS

If you participate in certain fee-based programs offered by Merrill Lynch, you may be able to buy Class A shares at net asset value, including by exchanges

from other share classes. Sales charges on the shares being exchanged may be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

You generally cannot transfer shares held through a fee-based program into another account. Instead, you will have to redeem your shares held through the program and purchase shares of another class, which may be subject to distribution and account maintenance fees. This may be a taxable event and you will pay any applicable sales charges.

If you leave one of these programs, your shares may be redeemed or automatically exchanged into another class of Fund shares or into a money market fund. The class you receive may be the class you originally owned when you entered the program, or in certain cases, a different class. If the exchange is into Class B shares, the period before conversion to Class D Net Asset Value -- the market value of the Fund's total assets after deducting liabilities, divided by the number of shares outstanding.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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Dividends -- Ordinary income and capital gains paid to shareholders. Dividends may be reinvested in additional Fund shares as they are paid.

shares may be modified. Any redemption or exchange will be at net asset value. However, if you participate in the program for less than a specified period, you may be charged a fee in accordance with the terms of the program.

Details about these features and the relevant charges are included in the client agreement for each fee-based program and are available from your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant.

DIVIDENDS AND TAXES

The Fund will distribute at least annually any net investment income and any net realized long-term capital gains. The Fund may also pay a special distribution at the end of the calendar year to comply with Federal tax requirements. If your account is with Merrill Lynch and you would like to receive dividends in cash, contact your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant. If your account is with the Transfer Agent and you would like to receive dividends in cash, contact the Transfer Agent. Although this can not be predicted with any certainty, the Fund anticipates that the majority of its dividends, if any, will consist of capital gains.

You will pay tax on dividends from the Fund whether you receive them in cash or additional shares. If you redeem Fund shares or exchange them for shares of another fund, any gain on the transaction may be subject to tax. Capital gain dividends are generally taxed at different rates than ordinary income dividends.

If you are neither a lawful permanent resident nor a citizen of the U.S. or if you are a foreign entity, the Fund's ordinary income dividends (which include distributions of net short-term capital gains) will generally be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax, unless a lower treaty rate applies.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Your Account

"BUYING A DIVIDEND"

Unless your investment is in a tax deferred account, you may want to avoid buying shares shortly before the Fund pays a dividend. The reason? If you buy

shares when a fund has realized but not yet distributed income or capital gains, you will pay the full price for the shares and then receive a portion of the price back in the form of a taxable dividend. Before investing you may want to consult your tax adviser.

Dividends and interest received by the Fund may give rise to withholding and other taxes imposed by foreign countries. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States may reduce or eliminate such taxes. You may be able to claim a credit or take a deduction for foreign taxes paid by the Fund if certain requirements are met.

By law, the Fund must withhold 31% of your dividends and proceeds if you have not provided a taxpayer identification number or social security number or if the number you have provided is incorrect.

This section summarizes some of the consequences under current Federal tax law of an investment in the Fund. It is not a substitute for personal tax advice. Consult your personal tax adviser about the potential tax consequences of an investment in the Fund under all applicable tax laws.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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[LOGO] Management of the Fund

MERRILL LYNCH ASSET MANAGEMENT

Merrill Lynch Asset Management, the Fund's Manager, manages the Fund's investments and its business operations under the overall supervision of the Fund's Board of Directors. The Manager has the responsibility for making all investment decisions for the Fund. The Manager has a sub-advisory agreement with Merrill Lynch Asset Management U.K. Limited, an affiliate, under which the Manager may pay a fee for services it receives. The Fund pays the Manager a fee at the annual rate of 1.00% of the average daily net assets of the Fund not exceeding \$1.0 billion and 0.95% of the average daily net assets of the Fund in excess of \$1.0 billion.

Merrill Lynch Asset Management is part of the Merrill Lynch Asset Management Group which had approximately \$516 billion in investment company and other portfolio assets under management as of June 1999. This amount includes assets managed for Merrill Lynch affiliates.

A Note About Year 2000

Many computer systems were designed using only two digits to designate years. These systems may not be able to distinguish the Year 2000 from the Year 1900 (commonly known as the "Year 2000 Problem"). The Fund could be adversely affected if the computer systems used by the Fund's management or other Fund service providers do not properly address this problem before January 1, 2000. The Fund's management expects to have addressed this problem before then, and does not anticipate that the services it provides will be adversely affected. The Fund's other service providers have told Fund management that they also expect to resolve the Year 2000 Problem, and the Fund management will continue to monitor the situation as the Year 2000 approaches. However, if the problem has not been fully addressed, the Fund could be negatively affected. The Year 2000 Problem could also have a negative impact on the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests. This negative impact may be greater for companies in foreign markets, since they may be less prepared for the Year 2000 Problem than domestic companies and markets. If the companies in which the Fund invests have Year 2000 Problems, the Fund's returns could be adversely affected.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Financial Highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the period shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate an investor would have earned on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends). This information has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's annual report to shareholders, which is available upon request.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D
	For the Period June 26, 1998+ to March 31, 1999			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Asset Value:				
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Per Share Operating Performance:				
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.00
Investment loss -- net	(.05)	(.13)	(.13)	(.07)
Realized and unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions -- net	3.64	3.61	3.61	3.63
Total from investment operations	3.59	3.48	3.48	3.56
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 13.59	\$ 13.48	\$ 13.48	\$ 13.56
Total Investment Return:**				
Based on net asset value per share	35.90%#	34.80%#	34.80%#	35.60%#
Ratios to Average Net Assets:				
Expenses	1.25%*	2.27%*	2.28%*	1.50%*
Investment loss -- net	(.74%)*	(1.76%)*	(1.76%)*	(1.00%)*
Supplemental Data:				
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$41,382	\$565,111	\$127,461	\$115,110
Portfolio turnover	49.72%	49.72%	49.72%	49.72%

</TABLE>

* Annualized.

** Total investment returns exclude the effects of sales loads.

+ Commencement of operations.

Aggregate total investment return.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

[CHART APPEARS HERE]

POTENTIAL
INVESTORS

Open an account (two options).

MERRILL LYNCH
FINANCIAL CONSULTANT
AS SECURITIES DEALER

Advises shareholders on their
Fund investments.

TRANSFER AGENT
Financial Data Services, Inc
P.O. Box 45289
Jacksonville, Florida 32232-5289
Performs recordkeeping and
reporting services.

DISTRIBUTOR

Merrill Lynch Funds Distributor,
a division of Princeton Funds Distributor, Inc.
P.O. Box 9081
Princeton, New Jersey 08543-9081
Arranges for the sale of Fund shares.

COUNSEL

Brown & Wood LLP
One World Trade Center
New York, New York 10048-0557

Provides legal advice to the Fund.

THE FUND

The Board of Directors
oversees the Fund.

Holds the Fund's assets for safekeeping.

CUSTODIAN

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.
40 Water Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02109

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP
117 Campus Drive
Princeton, New Jersey 08540-6400

Audits the financial
statements of the Fund on behalf of
the shareholders.

MANAGER

Merrill Lynch
Asset Management, L.P.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

800 Scudders Mill Road
Plainsboro, New Jersey 08536

MAILING ADDRESS

P.O. Box 9011
Princeton, New Jersey 08543-9011

TELEPHONE NUMBER

1-800-MER-FUND
Manages the Fund's day-to-day activities.

MERRILL LYNCH GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY FUND, INC.

[LOGO] For More Information

Shareholder Reports

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Fund's annual report you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year. You may obtain these reports at no cost by calling 1-800-MER-FUND.

The Fund will send you one copy of each shareholder report and certain other

mailings, regardless of the number of Fund accounts you have. To receive separate shareholder reports for each account, call your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or write to the Transfer Agent at its mailing address. Include your name, address, tax identification number and Merrill Lynch brokerage or mutual fund account number. If you have any questions, please call your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or the Transfer Agent at 1-800-MER-FUND.

Statement of Additional Information

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information contains further information about the Fund and is incorporated by reference (legally considered to be part of this prospectus). You may request a free copy by writing the Fund at Financial Data Services, Inc., P.O. Box 45289, Jacksonville, Florida 32232-5289 or by calling 1-800-MER-FUND.

Contact your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant or the Fund, at the telephone number or address indicated above, if you have any questions.

Information about the Fund (including the Statement of Additional Information) can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Call 1-800-SEC-0330 for information on the operation of the public reference room. This information is also available on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov> and copies may be obtained upon payment of a duplicating fee by writing the Public Reference Section of the SEC, Washington, D.C. 20549-6009.

You should rely only on the information contained in this Prospectus. No one is authorized to provide you with information that is different from information contained in this Prospectus.

Investment Company Act file #811-8721
Code #19027-07-99
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Prospectus

[LOGO] Merrill Lynch

Merrill Lynch
Global Technology Fund, Inc.

July 26, 1999

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Merrill Lynch Global Technology Fund, Inc.
P.O. Box 9011, Princeton, New Jersey 08543-9011 . Phone No. (609) 282-2800

Merrill Lynch Global Technology Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") is a diversified, open-end management investment company that seeks long-term capital appreciation through worldwide investment in equity securities of issuers that in the opinion of Merrill Lynch Asset Management, L.P., the manager of the Fund ("MLAM" or the "Manager"), derive a substantial portion of their income from products and services in technology related industries. The Fund will pursue this objective by investing primarily in a global portfolio of securities of issuers that are, and are expected to remain, leaders in their product or service niches as measured by market share, superiority in technology or business strategy. In addition, part of the Fund's portfolio will be invested in issuers which management believes are likely to develop leadership positions. Although the Fund will not concentrate its investments in any one industry, it is contemplated that substantial investments will be made in issuers engaged in such technology related industries as telecommunications, telecommunications equipment, computers, semiconductors, semiconductor capital equipment, networking, internet and on-line service companies, office automation, server hardware producers, software companies

(e.g., design, consumer and industrial), biotechnology and medical device technology companies, and companies involved in the distribution and servicing of these products. The Fund should be considered as a means of diversifying an investment portfolio and not itself a balanced investment program. The Fund may employ a variety of techniques, including derivative investments, to hedge against market and currency risk or to gain exposure to equity markets. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved.

Pursuant to the Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System, the Fund offers four classes of shares, each with a different combination of sales charges, ongoing fees and other features. The Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System permits an investor to choose the method of purchasing shares that the investor believes is most beneficial given the amount of the purchase, the length of time the investor expects to hold the shares and other relevant circumstances. See "Purchase of Shares."

This Statement of Additional Information of the Fund is not a prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus of the Fund, dated July 26, 1999 (the "Prospectus"), which has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") and can be obtained, without charge, by calling (800) MER-FUND or by writing the Fund at the above address. The Prospectus is incorporated by reference into this Statement of Additional Information, and this Statement of Additional Information is incorporated by reference into the Prospectus. The Fund's audited financial statements are incorporated in this Statement of Additional Information by reference to its 1999 annual report to shareholders. You may request a copy of the annual report or the Prospectus at no charge by calling (800) 456-4587 ext. 789 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. on any business day.

Merrill Lynch Asset Management -- Manager
Merrill Lynch Funds Distributor -- Distributor

The date of this Statement of Additional Information is July 26, 1999.

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INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation through worldwide investment in equity securities of issuers that, in the opinion of the Manager, derive a substantial portion of their income from technology related industries. The Fund will pursue this objective by investing in a global portfolio of securities of issuers that are, and are expected to remain, leaders in their product or service niches as measured by market share, superiority in technology or business strategy. In addition, part of the Fund's portfolio will be invested in issuers which management believes are likely to develop leadership positions. Current income from dividends and interest will not be an important consideration in selecting portfolio securities. There can be no assurance that the Fund's investment objective will be achieved.

Some of the factors Fund management will consider in selecting portfolio investments include the projected growth rate of earnings, revenues or cash flow. Emphasis also will be given to companies having large stock market capitalizations (\$5 billion or more). The Fund may also invest in companies that are considered emerging leaders in their industries and are considered mid-cap (\$1 to \$5 billion) or small-cap (less than \$1 billion) issuers.

The securities markets of many countries at times in the past have moved relatively independently of one another due to different economic, financial, political and social factors. When such lack of correlation, or negative correlation, in movements of these securities markets occurs, it may reduce risk for the Fund's portfolio as a whole. This negative correlation also may offset unrealized gains the Fund has derived from movements in a particular market. To the extent the various markets move independently, total portfolio volatility is reduced when the various markets are combined into a single portfolio. Of course, movements in the various securities markets may be offset by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Exchange rates frequently move independently of securities markets in a particular country. As a result, gains in a particular securities market may be affected by changes in exchange rates.

The Fund will invest in a portfolio of securities of issuers located

throughout the world. While there are no prescribed limits on geographic asset distribution, based upon the public market values in the world equity markets and anticipated technological innovations, it is presently contemplated that a majority of the Fund's assets will be invested in the securities of issuers domiciled in the United States, Japan, other Asia-Pacific countries, Western Europe and Israel. Western European countries include, among others, the United Kingdom, Germany, The Netherlands, Switzerland, Sweden, France, Italy, Belgium, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Portugal, Austria and Spain. Asia-Pacific countries include, among others, Japan, Korea, Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Malaysia, India, Thailand, Singapore, China, the Philippines, Indonesia, Pakistan and Sri Lanka. The Fund may restrict the securities markets in which its assets will be invested and may increase the proportion of assets invested in U.S. securities markets. As a result, when the Manager believes it is in the best interests of the shareholders of the Fund, the Fund may have few investments outside the United States.

The Fund's ability and decisions to purchase or sell portfolio securities may be affected by laws or regulations relating to the convertibility and repatriation of assets. Because the shares of the Fund are redeemable on a daily basis on each day the Fund determines its net asset value in U.S. dollars, the Fund intends to manage its portfolio so as to give reasonable assurance that it will be able to obtain U.S. dollars to the extent necessary to meet anticipated redemptions. Under present conditions, the Manager does not believe that these considerations will have any significant effect on its portfolio strategy, although there can be no assurance in this regard.

Description of Certain Investments

Temporary Investments. The Fund reserves the right, as a temporary defensive measure, and without limitation, to hold in excess of 35% of its total assets in cash or cash equivalents in U.S. dollars or foreign currencies and investment grade, short-term securities including money market securities denominated in U.S. dollars or foreign currencies ("Temporary Investments"). Under certain adverse investment conditions, the Fund may restrict the markets in which its assets will be invested and may increase the proportion of assets invested in Temporary Investments. Investments made for defensive purposes will be maintained only during periods in which the Manager determines that economic or financial conditions are adverse for holding or being fully invested in

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equity securities. A portion of the Fund normally would be held in Temporary Investments in anticipation of investment in equity securities or to provide for possible redemptions.

Depositary Receipts. The Fund may invest in the securities of foreign issuers in the form of Depositary Receipts or other securities convertible into securities of foreign issuers. Depositary Receipts may not necessarily be denominated in the same currency as the underlying securities into which they may be converted. American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") are receipts typically issued by an American bank or trust company that evidence ownership of underlying securities issued by a foreign corporation. European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") are receipts issued in Europe that evidence a similar ownership arrangement. Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs") are receipts issued throughout the world that evidence a similar arrangement. Generally, ADRs, in registered form, are designed for use in the U.S. securities markets, and EDRs, in bearer form, are designed for use in European securities markets. GDRs are tradeable both in the U.S. and in Europe and are designed for use throughout the world. The Fund may invest in unsponsored Depositary Receipts. The issuers of unsponsored Depositary Receipts are not obligated to disclose material information in the United States, and therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the Depositary Receipts.

Warrants. Buying a warrant does not make the Fund a shareholder of the underlying stock. The warrant holder has no right to dividends on the

underlying stock or to vote the underlying common stock. A warrant does not carry any right to the assets of the issuer, and for this reason investment in warrants may be more speculative than other equity-based investments.

Convertible Securities. Convertible securities entitle the holder to receive interest payments on corporate debt securities or the dividend preference on a preferred stock until such time as the convertible security matures or is redeemed or until the holder elects to exercise the conversion privilege.

The characteristics of convertible securities include the potential for capital appreciation as the value of the underlying common stock increases, the relatively high yield received from dividend or interest payments as compared to common stock dividends and decreased risks of decline in value relative to the underlying common stock due to their fixed-income nature. As a result of the conversion feature, however, the interest rate or dividend preference on a convertible security is generally less than would be the case if the securities were issued in nonconvertible form.

In analyzing convertible securities, the Manager will consider both the yield on the convertible security and the potential capital appreciation that is offered by the underlying common stock.

Convertible securities are issued and traded in a number of securities markets. For the past several years, the principal markets have been the United States, the Euromarket and Japan. Issuers during this period have included major corporations domiciled in the United States, Japan, France, Switzerland, Canada and the United Kingdom. Even in cases where a substantial portion of the convertible securities held by the Fund are denominated in United States dollars, the underlying equity securities may be quoted in the currency of the country where the issuer is domiciled. With respect to convertible securities denominated in a currency different from that of the underlying equity securities, the conversion price may be based on a fixed exchange rate established at the time the security is issued. As a result, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the currency in which the debt security is denominated and the currency in which the share price is quoted will affect the value of the convertible security. As described herein, the Fund is authorized to enter into foreign currency hedging transactions in which it may seek to reduce the effect of such fluctuations.

Apart from currency considerations, the value of convertible securities is influenced by both the yield of nonconvertible securities of comparable issuers and by the value of the underlying common stock. The value of a convertible security viewed without regard to its conversion feature (i.e., strictly on the basis of its yield) is sometimes referred to as its "investment value." To the extent interest rates change, the investment value of the convertible security typically will fluctuate. However, at the same time, the value of the convertible security will be influenced by its "conversion value," which is the market value of the underlying common stock that would be obtained if the convertible security were converted. Conversion value fluctuates directly with the price of the

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underlying common stock. If, because of a low price for the underlying common stock the conversion value is substantially below the investment value of the convertible security, the price of the convertible security is governed principally by its investment value.

To the extent the conversion value of a convertible security increases to a point that approximates or exceeds its investment value, the price of the convertible security will be influenced principally by its conversion value. A convertible security will sell at a premium over the conversion value to the extent investors place value on the right to acquire the underlying common stock while holding a fixed-income security. The yield and conversion premium of convertible securities issued in Japan and the Euromarket are frequently determined at levels that cause the conversion value to affect their market value more than the securities' investment value.

Holders of convertible securities generally have a claim on the assets of the issuer prior to the common stockholders but may be subordinated to other debt securities of the same issuer. A convertible security may be subject to redemption at the option of the issuer at a price established in the charter provision, indenture or other governing instrument pursuant to which the convertible security was issued. If a convertible security held by the Fund is called for redemption, the Fund will be required to redeem the security, convert it into the underlying common stock or sell it to a third party. Certain convertible debt securities may provide a put option to the holder which entitles the holder to cause the security to be redeemed by the issuer at a premium over the stated principal amount of the debt security under certain circumstances.

Illiquid or Restricted Securities. The Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in securities that lack an established secondary trading market or otherwise are considered illiquid. Liquidity of a security relates to the ability to dispose easily of the security and the price to be obtained upon disposition of the security, which may be less than would be obtained for a comparable more liquid security. Illiquid securities may trade at a discount from comparable, more liquid investments. Investment of the Fund's assets in illiquid securities may restrict the ability of the Fund to dispose of its investments in a timely fashion and for a fair price as well as its ability to take advantage of market opportunities. The risks associated with illiquidity will be particularly acute where the Fund's operations require cash, such as when the Fund redeems shares or pays dividends, and could result in the Fund borrowing to meet short-term cash requirements or incurring capital losses on the sale of illiquid investments.

The Fund may invest in securities that are not registered ("restricted securities") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Restricted securities may be sold in private placement transactions between the issuers and their purchasers and may be neither listed on an exchange nor traded in other established markets. In many cases, privately placed securities may not be freely transferable under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction or due to contractual restrictions on resale. As a result of the absence of a public trading market, privately placed securities may be less liquid and more difficult to value than publicly traded securities. To the extent that privately placed securities may be resold in privately negotiated transactions, the prices realized from the sales, due to illiquidity, could be less than those originally paid by the Fund or less than their fair market value. In addition, issuers whose securities are not publicly traded may not be subject to the disclosure and other investor protection requirements that may be applicable if their securities were publicly traded. If any privately placed securities held by the Fund are required to be registered under the securities laws of one or more jurisdictions before being resold, the Fund may be required to bear the expenses of registration. Certain of the Fund's investments in private placements may consist of direct investments and may include investments in smaller, less-seasoned issuers, which may involve greater risks. These issuers may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, or they may be dependent on a limited management group. In making investments in such securities, the Fund may obtain access to material nonpublic information which may restrict the Fund's ability to conduct portfolio transactions in such securities.

144A Securities. The Fund may purchase restricted securities that can be offered and sold to "qualified institutional buyers" under Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The Board of Directors has determined to treat as liquid Rule 144A securities that are either freely tradable in their primary markets offshore or have been determined to be liquid in accordance with the policies and procedures adopted by the Fund's Board. The Board of Directors has adopted guidelines and delegated to the Manager the daily function of determining and monitoring liquidity of restricted securities. The Board of Directors, however, will retain sufficient oversight and be ultimately responsible for the determinations. Since it is not possible to predict with assurance exactly how this market for

restricted securities sold and offered under Rule 144A will continue to develop, the Board of Directors will carefully monitor the Fund's investments in these securities. This investment practice could have the effect of increasing the level of illiquidity in the Fund to the extent that qualified institutional buyers become for a time uninterested in purchasing these securities.

Investment in Other Investment Companies. The Fund may invest in other investment companies whose investment objectives and policies are consistent with those of the Fund. In accordance with the Investment Company Act, the Fund may invest up to 10% of its total assets in securities of other investment companies. In addition, under the Investment Company Act the Fund may not own more than 3% of the total outstanding voting stock of any investment company and not more than 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets may be invested in the securities of any investment company. If the Fund acquires shares in investment companies, shareholders would bear both their proportionate share of expenses in the Fund (including management and advisory fees) and, indirectly, the expenses of such investment companies (including management and advisory fees). Investments by the Fund in wholly owned investment entities created under the laws of certain countries will not be deemed an investment in other investment companies.

European Economic and Monetary Union ("EMU")

For a number of years, certain European countries have been seeking economic unification that would, among other things, reduce barriers between countries, increase competition among companies, reduce government subsidies in certain industries, and reduce or eliminate currency fluctuations among these European countries. The Treaty on European Union (the "Maastricht Treaty") set out a framework for the European Economic and Monetary Union ("EMU") among the countries that comprise the European Union ("EU"). EMU established a single common European currency (the "euro") that was introduced on January 1, 1999 and is expected to replace the existing national currencies of all EMU participants by July 1, 2002. EMU took effect for the initial EMU participants as of January 1, 1999. Certain securities issued in participating EU countries (beginning with government and corporate bonds) were redenominated in the euro, and are listed, traded and make dividend and other payments only in euros.

No assurance can be given that EMU will take full effect, that all the changes planned for the EU can be successfully implemented, or that these changes will result in the economic and monetary unity and stability intended. There is a possibility that EMU will not be completed, or will be completed but then partially or completely unwound. Because any participating country may opt out of EMU within the first three years, it is also possible that a significant participant could choose to abandon EMU, which could diminish its credibility and influence. Any of these occurrences could have adverse effects on the markets of both participating and non-participating countries, including sharp appreciation or depreciation of participants' national currencies and a significant increase in exchange rate volatility, a resurgence in economic protectionism, an undermining of confidence in the European markets, an undermining of European economic stability, the collapse or slowdown of the drive toward European economic unity, and/or reversion of the attempts to lower government debt and inflation rates that were introduced in anticipation of EMU. Also, withdrawal from EMU by an initial participant could cause disruption of the financial markets as securities redenominated in euros are transferred back into that country's national currency, particularly if the withdrawing country is a major economic power. Such developments could have an adverse impact on the Fund's investments in Europe generally or in specific countries participating in EMU. Gains or losses from euro conversions may be taxable to Fund shareholders under foreign or, in certain limited circumstances, U.S. tax laws.

Derivatives

The Fund may use instruments referred to as "Derivatives." Derivatives are financial instruments the value of which is derived from another security, a

commodity (such as gold or oil) or an index (a measure of value or rates, such as the Standard & Poor's 500 Index or the prime lending rate). Derivatives allow the Fund to increase or decrease the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed more quickly and efficiently than transactions in other types of instruments.

Hedging

The Fund may use Derivatives for hedging purposes. Hedging is a strategy in which a Derivative is used to offset the risk that other Fund holdings may decrease in value. Losses on the other investment may be substantially reduced by gains on a Derivative that reacts in an opposite manner to market movements. While hedging can reduce losses, it can also reduce or eliminate gains if the market moves in a different manner than anticipated by the Fund or if the cost of the Derivative outweighs the benefit of the hedge. Hedging also involves the risk that changes in the value of the Derivative will not match those of the holdings being hedged as expected by the Fund, in which case any losses on the holdings being hedged may not be reduced. This risk is known as "Correlation Risk."

The Fund may use Derivative instruments and trading strategies including the following:

Indexed and Inverse Securities. The Fund may invest in securities the potential return of which is based on the change in particular measurements of value or rate (an "index"). As an illustration, the Fund may invest in a debt security that pays interest based on the current value of an interest rate index, such as the prime rate. The Fund may also invest in a debt security which returns principal at maturity based on the level of a securities index or a basket of securities, or based on the relative changes of two indices. In addition, the Fund may invest in securities the potential return of which is based inversely on the change in an index, that is, a security the value of which will move in the opposite direction of changes to an index. For example, the Fund may invest in securities that pay a higher rate of interest when a particular index decreases and pay a lower rate of interest (or do not fully return principal) when the value of the index increases. If the Fund invests in such securities, it may be subject to reduced or eliminated interest payments or loss of principal in the event of an adverse movement in the relevant index or indices.

Options on Securities and Securities Indices

Purchasing Put Options. The Fund may purchase put options on securities held in its portfolio or securities or interest rate indices which are correlated with securities held in its portfolio. When the Fund purchases a put option, in consideration for an upfront payment (the "option premium") the Fund acquires a right to sell to another party specified securities owned by the Fund at a specified price (the "exercise price") on or before a specified date (the "expiration date"), in the case of an option on securities, or to receive from another party a payment based on the amount a specified securities index declines below a specified level on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on a securities index. The purchase of a put option limits the Fund's risk of loss in the event of a decline in the market value of the portfolio holdings underlying the put option prior to the option's expiration date. If the market value of the portfolio holdings associated with the put option increases rather than decreases, however, the Fund will lose the option premium and will consequently realize a lower return on the portfolio holdings than would have been realized without the purchase of the put. Purchasing a put option may involve correlation risk, and may also involve liquidity and credit risk.

Purchasing Call Options. The Fund may also purchase call options on securities it intends to purchase or securities or interest rate indices, which are correlated with the types of securities it intends to purchase. When the Fund purchases a call option, in consideration for the option premium the Fund acquires a right to purchase from another party specified securities at

the exercise price on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on securities, or to receive from another party a payment based on the amount a specified securities index increases beyond a specified level on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on a securities index. The purchase of a call option may protect the Fund from having to pay more for a security as a consequence of increases in the market value for the security during a period when the Fund is contemplating its purchase, in the case of an option on a security, or attempting to identify specific securities in which to invest in a market the Fund believes to be attractive, in the case of an option on an index (an "anticipatory hedge"). In the event the Fund determines not to purchase a security underlying a call option, however, the Fund may lose the entire option premium. Purchasing a call option involves correlation risk, and may also involve liquidity and credit risk.

The Fund is also authorized to purchase put or call options in connection with closing out put or call options it has previously sold.

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Writing Call Options. The Fund may write (i.e., sell) call options on securities held in its portfolio or securities indices the performance of which correlates with securities held in its portfolio. When the Fund writes a call option, in return for an option premium the Fund gives another party the right to buy specified securities owned by the Fund at the exercise price on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on securities, or agrees to pay to another party an amount based on any gain in a specified securities index beyond a specified level on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on a securities index. The Fund may write call options to earn income, through the receipt of option premiums. In the event the party to which the Fund has written an option fails to exercise its rights under the option because the value of the underlying securities is less than the exercise price, the Fund will partially offset any decline in the value of the underlying securities through the receipt of the option premium. By writing a call option, however, the Fund limits its ability to sell the underlying securities, and gives up the opportunity to profit from any increase in the value of the underlying securities beyond the exercise price, while the option remains outstanding. Writing a call option may involve correlation risk.

Writing Put Options. The Fund may also write put options on securities or securities indices. When the Fund writes a put option, in return for an option premium the Fund gives another party the right to sell to the Fund a specified security at the exercise price on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on a security, or agrees to pay to another party an amount based on any decline in a specified securities index below a specified level on or before the expiration date, in the case of an option on a securities index. The Fund may write put options to earn income, through the receipt of option premiums. In the event the party to which the Fund has written an option fails to exercise its rights under the option because the value of the underlying securities is greater than the exercise price, the Fund will profit by the amount of the option premium. By writing a put option, however, the Fund will be obligated to purchase the underlying security at a price that may be higher than the market value of the security at the time of exercise as long as the put option is outstanding, in the case of an option on a security, or make a cash payment reflecting any decline in the index, in the case of an option on an index. Accordingly, when the Fund writes a put option it is exposed to a risk of loss in the event the value of the underlying securities falls below the exercise price, which loss potentially may substantially exceed the amount of option premium received by the Fund for writing the put option. The Fund will write a put option on a security or a securities index only if the Fund would be willing to purchase the security at the exercise price for investment purposes (in the case of an option on a security) or is writing the put in connection with trading strategies involving combinations of options-- for example, the sale and purchase of options with identical expiration dates on the same security or index but different exercise prices (a technique called a "spread"). Writing a put option may involve substantial leverage risk.

The Fund is also authorized to sell call or put options in connection with closing out call or put options it has previously purchased.

Other than with respect to closing transactions, the Fund will only write call or put options that are "covered." A call or put option will be considered covered if the Fund has segregated assets with respect to such option in the manner described in "Risk Factors in Derivatives" below. A call option will also be considered covered if the Fund owns the securities it would be required to deliver upon exercise of the option (or, in the case of an option on a securities index, securities which substantially correlate with the performance of such index) or owns a call option, warrant or convertible instrument which is immediately exercisable for, or convertible into, such security.

The Fund may write put options on underlying securities exceeding 50% of its net assets, taken at market value. The Fund will not purchase options on securities (including stock index options) if as a result of such purchase, the aggregate cost of all outstanding options on securities held by the Fund would exceed 5% of the market value of the Fund's total assets.

Types of Options. The Fund may engage in transactions in options on securities or securities indices on exchanges and in the OTC markets. In general, exchange-traded options have standardized exercise prices and expiration dates and require the parties to post margin against their obligations, and the performance of the parties' obligations in connection with such options is guaranteed by the exchange or a related clearing corporation. OTC options have more flexible terms negotiated between the buyer and the seller, but generally do not require the

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parties to post margin and are subject to greater credit risk. OTC options also involve greater liquidity risk. See "Additional Risk Factors of OTC Transactions; Limitation on the Use of OTC Derivatives" below.

Futures

The Fund may engage in transactions in futures and options thereon. Futures are standardized, exchange-traded contracts which obligate a purchaser to take delivery, and a seller to make delivery, of a specific amount of an asset at a specified future date at a specified price. No price is paid upon entering into a futures contract. Rather, upon purchasing or selling a futures contract the Fund is required to deposit collateral ("margin") equal to a percentage (generally less than 10%) of the contract value. Each day thereafter until the futures position is closed, the Fund will pay additional margin representing any loss experienced as a result of the futures position the prior day or be entitled to a payment representing any profit experienced as a result of the futures position the prior day. Futures involve substantial leverage risk.

The sale of a futures contract limits the Fund's risk of loss through a decline in the market value of portfolio holdings correlated with the futures contract prior to the futures contract's expiration date. In the event the market value of the portfolio holdings correlated with the futures contract increases rather than decreases, however, the Fund will realize a loss on the futures position and a lower return on the portfolio holdings than would have been realized without the purchase of the futures contract.

The purchase of a futures contract may protect the Fund from having to pay more for securities as a consequence of increases in the market value for such securities during a period when the Fund was attempting to identify specific securities in which to invest in a market the Fund believes to be attractive. In the event that such securities decline in value or the Fund determines not to complete an anticipatory hedge transaction relating to a futures contract, however, the Fund may realize a loss relating to the futures position.

The Fund will limit transactions in futures and options on futures to financial futures contracts (i.e., contracts for which the underlying asset is a currency or securities or interest rate index) purchased or sold for hedging purposes (including anticipatory hedges). The Fund will further limit transactions in futures and options on futures to the extent necessary to

prevent the Fund from being deemed a "commodity pool" under regulations of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

Swap Agreements. The Fund is authorized to enter into equity swap agreements, which are OTC contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments based on the change in market value of a specified equity security, basket of equity securities or equity index in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the change in market value of a different equity security, basket of equity securities or equity index. For example, swap agreements may be used to invest in a market without owning or taking physical custody of securities in circumstances in which direct investment is restricted for legal reasons or is otherwise impractical.

The Fund will enter into an equity swap transaction only if, immediately following the time the Fund enters into the transaction, the aggregate notional principal amount of equity swap transactions to which the Fund is a party would not exceed 5% of the Fund's total assets.

Swap agreements entail the risk that a party will default on its payment obligations to the Fund thereunder. The Fund will seek to lessen the risk to some extent by entering into a transaction only if the counterparty meets the current credit requirements for OTC option counterparties. Swap agreements also bear the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its obligation to the counterparty. The Fund, however, will deposit in a segregated account with its custodian, liquid securities or cash or cash equivalents or other assets permitted to be so segregated by the Commission in an amount equal to or greater than the market value of the liabilities under the swap agreement or the amount it would cost the Fund initially to make an equivalent direct investment, plus or minus any amount the Fund is obligated to pay or is to receive under the swap agreement.

Foreign Exchange Transactions

The Fund may engage in spot and forward foreign exchange transactions and currency swaps, purchase and sell options on currencies and purchase and sell currency futures and related options thereon (collectively,

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"Currency Instruments") for purposes of hedging against the decline in the value of currencies in which its portfolio holdings are denominated against the U.S. dollar.

Forward Foreign Exchange Transactions. Forward foreign exchange transactions are OTC contracts to purchase or sell a specified amount of a specified currency or multinational currency unit at a price and future date set at the time of the contract. Spot foreign exchange transactions are similar but require current, rather than future, settlement. The Fund will enter into foreign exchange transactions only for purposes of hedging either a specific transaction or a portfolio position. The Fund may enter into a foreign exchange transaction for purposes of hedging a specific transaction by, for example, purchasing a currency needed to settle a security transaction or selling a currency in which the Fund has received or anticipates receiving a dividend or distribution. The Fund may enter into a foreign exchange transaction for purposes of hedging a portfolio position by selling forward a currency in which a portfolio position of the Fund is denominated or by purchasing a currency in which the Fund anticipates acquiring a portfolio position in the near future. The Fund may also hedge portfolio positions through currency swaps, which are transactions in which one currency is simultaneously bought for a second currency on a spot basis and sold for the second currency on a forward basis. Forward foreign exchange transactions involve substantial currency risk, and also involve credit and liquidity risk.

Currency Futures. The Fund may also hedge against the decline in the value of a currency against the U.S. dollar through use of currency futures or options thereon. Currency futures are similar to forward foreign exchange transactions except that futures are standardized, exchange-traded contracts. See "Futures". Currency futures involve substantial currency risk, and also

involve leverage risk.

Currency Options. The Fund may also hedge against the decline in the value of a currency against the U.S. dollar through the use of currency options. Currency options are similar to options on securities, but in consideration for an option premium the writer of a currency option is obligated to sell (in the case of a call option) or purchase (in the case of a put option) a specified amount of a specified currency on or before the expiration date for a specified amount of another currency. The Fund may engage in transactions in options on currencies either on exchanges or OTC markets. See "Types of Options" above and "Additional Risk Factors of OTC Transactions; Limitations on the Use of OTC Derivatives" below. Currency options involve substantial currency risk, and may also involve credit, leverage or liquidity risk.

Limitations on Currency Hedging. The Fund will not speculate in Currency Instruments. Accordingly, the Fund will not hedge a currency in excess of the aggregate market value of the securities which it owns (including receivables for unsettled securities sales), or has committed to or anticipates purchasing, which are denominated in such currency. The Fund may, however, hedge a currency by entering into a transaction in a Currency Instrument denominated in a currency other than the currency being hedged (a "cross-hedge"). The Fund will only enter into a cross-hedge if the Manager believes that (i) there is a demonstrable high correlation between the currency in which the cross-hedge is denominated and the currency being hedged, and (ii) executing a cross-hedge through the currency in which the cross-hedge is denominated will be significantly more cost-effective or provide substantially greater liquidity than executing a similar hedging transaction by means of the currency being hedged.

Risk Factors in Hedging Foreign Currency Risks. Hedging transactions involving Currency Instruments involve substantial risks, including correlation risk. While the Fund's use of Currency Instruments to effect hedging strategies is intended to reduce the volatility of the net asset value of the Fund's shares, the net asset value of the Fund's shares will fluctuate. Moreover, although Currency Instruments will be used with the intention of hedging against adverse currency movements, transactions in Currency Instruments involve the risk that anticipated currency movements will not be accurately predicted and that the Fund's hedging strategies will be ineffective. To the extent that the Fund hedges against anticipated currency movements which do not occur, the Fund may realize losses, and decreases its total return, as the result of its hedging transactions. Furthermore, the Fund will only engage in hedging activities from time to time and may not be engaging in hedging activities when movements in currency exchange rates occur.

It may not be possible for the Fund to hedge against currency exchange rate movements, even if correctly anticipated, in the event that (i) the currency exchange rate movement is so generally anticipated that the Fund is

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not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an effective price, or (ii) the currency exchange rate movement relates to a market with respect to which Currency Instruments are not available and it is not possible to engage in effective foreign currency hedging.

Risk Factors in Derivatives

Derivatives are volatile and involve significant risks, including:

Credit Risk -- the risk that the counterparty on a Derivative transaction will be unable to honor its financial obligation to the Fund.

Currency Risk -- the risk that changes in the exchange rate between two currencies will adversely affect the value (in U.S. dollar terms) of an investment.

Leverage Risk -- the risk associated with certain types of investments or

trading strategies (such as borrowing money to increase the amount of investments) that relatively small market movements may result in large changes in the value of an investment. Certain investments or trading strategies that involve leverage can result in losses that greatly exceed the amount originally invested.

Liquidity Risk -- the risk that certain securities may be difficult or impossible to sell at the time that the seller would like or at the price that the seller believes the security is currently worth.

Use of Derivatives for hedging purposes involves correlation risk. If the value of the Derivative moves more or less than the value of the hedged instruments the Fund will experience a gain or loss which will not be completely offset by movements in the value of the hedged instruments.

The Fund intends to enter into transactions involving Derivatives only if there appears to be a liquid secondary market for such instruments or, in the case of illiquid instruments traded in OTC transactions, such instruments satisfy the criteria set forth below under "Additional Risk Factors of OTC Transactions; Limitations on the Use of OTC Derivatives." However, there can be no assurance that, at any specific time, either a liquid secondary market will exist for a Derivative or the Fund will otherwise be able to sell such instrument at an acceptable price. It may therefore not be possible to close a position in a Derivative without incurring substantial losses, if at all.

Certain transactions in Derivatives (such as futures transactions or sales of put options) involve substantial leverage risk and may expose the Fund to potential losses, which exceed the amount originally invested by the Fund. When the Fund engages in such a transaction, the Fund will deposit in a segregated account at its custodian liquid securities with a value at least equal to the Fund's exposure, on a mark-to-market basis, to the transaction (as calculated pursuant to requirements of the Commission). Such segregation will ensure that the Fund has assets available to satisfy its obligations with respect to the transaction, but will not limit the Fund's exposure to loss.

Additional Risk Factors of OTC Transactions; Limitations on the Use of OTC Derivatives

Certain Derivatives traded in OTC markets, including indexed securities, swaps and OTC options, involve substantial liquidity risk. The absence of liquidity may make it difficult or impossible for the Fund to sell such instruments promptly at an acceptable price. The absence of liquidity may also make it more difficult for the Fund to ascertain a market value for such instruments. The Fund will therefore acquire illiquid OTC instruments (i) if the agreement pursuant to which the instrument is purchased contains a formula price at which the instrument may be terminated or sold, or (ii) for which the Manager anticipates the Fund can receive on each business day at least two independent bids or offers, unless a quotation from only one dealer is available, in which case that dealer's quotation may be used.

Because Derivatives traded in OTC markets are not guaranteed by an exchange or clearing corporation and generally do not require payment of margin, to the extent that the Fund has unrealized gains in such instruments or has deposited collateral with its counterparty the Fund is at risk that its counterparty will become bankrupt or otherwise fail to honor its obligations. The Fund will attempt to minimize the risk that a counterparty will become

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bankrupt or otherwise fail to honor its obligations by engaging in transactions in Strategic Instruments traded in OTC markets only with financial institutions which have substantial capital or which have provided the Fund with a third-party guaranty or other credit enhancement.

Other Investment Policies and Practices

When-Issued Securities, Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments. The Fund may purchase or sell securities that it is entitled to

receive on a when-issued basis. The Fund may also purchase or sell securities on a delayed delivery basis. The Fund may also purchase or sell securities through a forward commitment. These transactions involve the purchase or sale of securities by the Fund at an established price with payment and delivery taking place in the future. The Fund enters into these transactions to obtain what is considered an advantageous price to the Fund at the time of entering into the transaction. The Fund has not established any limit on the percentage of its assets that may be committed in connection with these transactions. When the Fund purchases securities in these transactions, the Fund segregates liquid securities in an amount equal to the amount of its purchase commitment.

There can be no assurance that a security purchased on a when-issued basis will be issued or that a security purchased or sold through a forward commitment will be delivered. The value of securities in these transactions on the delivery date may be more or less than the Fund's purchase price. The Fund may bear the risk of a decline in the value of the security in these transactions and may not benefit from an appreciation in the value of the security during the commitment period.

Standby Commitment Agreements. The Fund may enter into standby commitment agreements. These agreements commit the Fund, for a stated period of time, to purchase a stated amount of securities which may be issued and sold to the Fund at the option of the issuer. The price of the security is fixed at the time of the commitment. At the time of entering into the agreement the Fund is paid a commitment fee, regardless of whether or not the security is ultimately issued. The Fund will enter into such agreements for the purpose of investing in the security underlying the commitment at a price that is considered advantageous to the Fund. The Fund will not enter into a standby commitment with a remaining term in excess of 45 days and will limit its investment in such commitments so that the aggregate purchase price of securities subject to such commitments, together with the value of portfolio securities subject to legal restrictions on resale that affect their marketability, will not exceed 15% of its net assets taken at the time of the commitment. The Fund segregates liquid assets in an aggregate amount equal to the purchase price of the securities underlying the commitment.

There can be no assurance that the securities subject to a standby commitment will be issued, and the value of the security, if issued, on the delivery date may be more or less than its purchase price. Since the issuance of the security underlying the commitment is at the option of the issuer, the Fund may bear the risk of a decline in the value of such security and may not benefit from an appreciation in the value of the security during the commitment period.

The purchase of a security subject to a standby commitment agreement and the related commitment fee will be recorded on the date on which the security can reasonably be expected to be issued, and the value of the security thereafter will be reflected in the calculation of the Fund's net asset value. The cost basis of the security will be adjusted by the amount of the commitment fee. In the event the security is not issued, the commitment fee will be recorded as income on the expiration date of the standby commitment.

Repurchase Agreements and Purchase and Sale Contracts. The Fund may invest in securities pursuant to repurchase agreements or purchase and sale contracts. Repurchase agreements and purchase and sale contracts may be entered into only with financial institutions which (i) have, in the opinion of the Manager, substantial capital relative to the Fund's exposure, or (ii) have provided the Fund with a third-party guaranty or other credit enhancement. Under a repurchase agreement or a purchase and sale contract, the seller agrees, upon entering into the contract with the Fund, to repurchase the security at a mutually agreed-upon time and price in a specified currency, thereby determining the yield during the term of the agreement. This results in a fixed rate of return insulated from market fluctuations during such period although it may be affected by currency fluctuations. In the case of repurchase agreements, the price at which the trades are conducted do not reflect accrued interest on the

underlying obligation; whereas, in the case of purchase and sale contracts, the prices take into account accrued interest. Such agreements usually cover short periods, such as under one week. Repurchase agreements may be construed to be collateralized loans by the purchaser to the seller secured by the securities transferred to the purchaser. In the case of a repurchase agreement, as a purchaser, the Fund will require the seller to provide additional collateral if the market value of the securities falls below the repurchase price at any time during the term of the repurchase agreement; the Fund does not have the right to seek additional collateral in the case of purchase and sale contracts. In the event of default by the seller under a repurchase agreement construed to be a collateralized loan, the underlying securities are not owned by the Fund but only constitute collateral for the seller's obligation to pay the repurchase price. Therefore, the Fund may suffer time delays and incur costs or possible losses in connection with the disposition of the collateral. A purchase and sale contract differs from a repurchase agreement in that the contract arrangements stipulate that the securities are owned by the Fund. In the event of a default under such a repurchase agreement or under a purchase and sale contract, instead of the contractual fixed rate, the rate of return to the Fund shall be dependent upon intervening fluctuations of the market value of such securities and the accrued interest on the securities. In such event, the Fund would have rights against the seller for breach of contract with respect to any losses arising from market fluctuations following the failure of the seller to perform. While the substance of purchase and sale contracts is similar to repurchase agreements, because of the different treatment with respect to accrued interest and additional collateral, management believes that purchase and sale contracts are not repurchase agreements as such term is understood in the banking and brokerage community. The Fund may not invest more than 15% of its net assets in repurchase agreements or purchase and sale contracts maturing in more than seven days together with all other illiquid investments.

Lending of Portfolio Securities. The Fund may lend securities with a value not exceeding 33 1/3% of its total assets. In return, the Fund receives collateral in an amount equal to at least 100% of the current market value of the loaned securities in cash or securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Fund receives securities as collateral for the loaned securities and the Fund and the borrower negotiate a rate for the loan premium to be received by the Fund for the loaned securities, which increases the Fund's yield. The Fund may receive a flat fee for its loans. The loans are terminable at any time and the borrower, after notice, is required to return borrowed securities within five business days. The Fund may pay reasonable finder's, administrative and custodial fees in connection with its loans. In the event that the borrower defaults on its obligation to return borrowed securities because of insolvency or for any other reason, the Fund could experience delays and costs in gaining access to the collateral and could suffer a loss to the extent the value of the collateral falls below the market value of the borrowed securities.

Suitability. The economic benefit of an investment in the Fund depends upon many factors beyond the control of the Fund, the Manager and its affiliates. Because of its emphasis on foreign securities, the Fund should be considered a vehicle for diversification and not as a balanced investment program. The suitability for any particular investor of a purchase of shares in the Fund will depend upon, among other things, such investor's investment objectives and such investor's ability to accept the risks associated with investing in foreign securities, including the risk of loss of principal.

Investment Restrictions

The Fund has adopted a number of fundamental and non-fundamental investment restrictions and policies relating to the investment of its assets and its activities. The fundamental policies set forth below may not be changed without the approval of the holders of a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities (which for this purpose and under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act") means the lesser of (i) 67% of the Fund's shares present at a meeting at which more than 50% of the outstanding shares of the Fund are represented or (ii) more than 50% of the Fund's outstanding shares). The Fund may not:

(1) Make any investment inconsistent with the Fund's classification as a diversified company under the Investment Company Act.

(2) Invest more than 25% of its assets, taken at market value at the time of each investment, in the securities of issuers in any particular industry (excluding the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities).

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(3) Make investments for the purpose of exercising control or management. Investments by the Fund in wholly-owned investment entities created under the laws of certain countries will not be deemed to be the making of investments for the purpose of exercising control or management.

(4) Purchase or sell real estate, except that, to the extent permitted by applicable law, the Fund may invest in securities directly or indirectly secured by real estate or interests therein or issued by companies which invest in real estate or interests therein.

(5) Make loans to other persons, except that the acquisition of bonds, debentures or other corporate debt securities and investment in government obligations, commercial paper, pass-through instruments, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances and repurchase agreements and purchase and sale contracts or any similar instruments shall not be deemed to be the making of a loan, and except further that the Fund may lend its portfolio securities, provided that the lending of portfolio securities may be made only in accordance with applicable law and the guidelines set forth in the Prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information, as they may be amended from time to time.

(6) Issue senior securities to the extent such issuance would violate applicable law.

(7) Borrow money, except that (i) the Fund may borrow from banks (as defined in the Investment Company Act) in amounts up to 33 1/3% of its total assets (including the amount borrowed), (ii) the Fund may borrow up to an additional 5% of its total assets for temporary purposes, (iii) the Fund may obtain such short-term credit as may be necessary for the clearance of purchases and sales of portfolio securities and (iv) the Fund may purchase securities on margin to the extent permitted by applicable law. The Fund may not pledge its assets other than to secure such borrowings or, to the extent permitted by the Fund's investment policies as set forth in the Prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information, as they may be amended from time to time, in connection with hedging transactions, short sales, when-issued and forward commitment transactions and similar investment strategies.

(8) Underwrite securities of other issuers, except insofar as the Fund technically may be deemed an underwriter under the Securities Act, in selling portfolio securities.

(9) Purchase or sell commodities or contracts on commodities, except to the extent that the Fund may do so in accordance with applicable law and the Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, as they may be amended from time to time, and without registering as a commodity pool operator under the Commodity Exchange Act.

Under the non-fundamental investment restrictions, which may be changed by the Board of Directors without shareholder approval, the Fund may not:

(a) Purchase securities of other investment companies, except to the extent such purchases are permitted by applicable law. Applicable law currently allows the Fund to purchase the securities of other investment companies if immediately thereafter not more than (i) 3% of the total outstanding voting stock of such company is owned by the Fund, (ii) 5% of the Fund's total assets, taken at market value, would be invested in any one such company, (iii) 10% of the Fund's total assets, taken at market

value, would be invested in such securities, and (iv) the Fund, together with other investment companies having the same investment adviser and companies controlled by such companies, owns not more than 10% of the total outstanding stock of any one closed-end investment company. Investments by the Fund in wholly-owned investment entities created under the laws of certain countries will not be deemed an investment in other investment companies. As a matter of policy, however, the Fund will not purchase shares of any registered open-end investment company or registered unit investment trust, in reliance on Section 12(d)(1)(F) or (G) (the "fund of funds" provisions) of the Investment Company Act at any time the Fund's shares are owned by another investment company that is part of the same group of investment companies as the Fund.

(b) Make short sales of securities or maintain a short position, except to the extent permitted by applicable law. The Fund does not, however, currently intend to engage in short sales, except short sales "against the box."

(c) Invest in securities that cannot be readily resold because of legal or contractual restrictions or that cannot otherwise be marketed, redeemed or put to the issuer or to a third party, if at the time of acquisition

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more than 15% of its net assets would be invested in such securities. This restriction shall not apply to securities that mature within seven days or securities that the Board of Directors of the Fund has otherwise determined to be liquid pursuant to applicable law. Securities purchased in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act and determined to be liquid by the Board of Directors are not subject to the limitations set forth in this investment restriction.

(d) Notwithstanding fundamental investment restriction (7) above, borrow money or pledge its assets, except that the Fund (a) may borrow from a bank as a temporary measure for extraordinary or emergency purposes or to meet redemptions in amounts not exceeding 33 1/3% (taken at market value) of its total assets and pledge its assets to secure such borrowings, (b) may obtain such short-term credit as may be necessary for the clearance of purchases and sales of portfolio securities and (c) may purchase securities on margin to the extent permitted by applicable law. However, at the present time, applicable law prohibits the Fund from purchasing securities on margin. The deposit or payment by the Fund of initial or variation margin in connection with financial futures contracts or options transactions is not considered to be the purchase of a security on margin. The purchase of securities while borrowings are outstanding will have the effect of leveraging the Fund. Such leveraging or borrowing increases the Fund's exposure to capital risk, and borrowed funds are subject to interest costs which will reduce net income. The Fund will not purchase securities while borrowings exceed 5% of its total assets.

Portfolio securities of the Fund generally may not be purchased from, sold or loaned to the Manager or its affiliates or any of their directors, officers or employees, acting as principal, unless pursuant to a rule or exemptive order under the Investment Company Act.

The staff of the Commission has taken the position that purchased OTC options and the assets used as cover for written OTC options are illiquid securities. Therefore, the Fund has adopted an investment policy pursuant to which it will not purchase or sell OTC options if, as a result of any such transaction, the sum of the market value of OTC options currently outstanding that are held by the Fund, the market value of the underlying securities covered by OTC call options currently outstanding that were sold by the Fund and margin deposits on the Fund's existing OTC options on financial futures contracts exceeds 15% of the net assets of the Fund, taken at market value, together with all other assets of the Fund that are illiquid or are not otherwise readily marketable. However, if the OTC option is sold by the Fund to a primary U.S. Government securities dealer recognized by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and if the Fund has the unconditional contractual

right to repurchase such OTC option from the dealer at a predetermined price, then the Fund will treat as illiquid such amount of the underlying securities as is equal to the repurchase price less the amount by which the option is "in-the-money" (i.e., current market value of the underlying securities minus the option's strike price). The repurchase price with the primary dealers is typically a formula price which is generally based on a multiple of the premium received for the option, plus the amount by which the option is "in-the-money." This policy as to OTC options is not a fundamental policy of the Fund and may be amended by the Board of Directors of the Fund without the approval of the Fund's shareholders. However, the Fund will not change or modify this policy prior to the change or modification by the Commission staff of its position.

In addition, as a non-fundamental policy which may be changed by the Board of Directors and to the extent required by the Commission or its staff, the Fund will, for purposes of fundamental investment restrictions (1) and (2), treat securities issued or guaranteed by the government of any one foreign country as the obligations of a single issuer.

As another non-fundamental policy, the Fund will not invest in securities that are (a) subject to material legal restrictions on repatriation of assets or (b) cannot be readily resold because of legal or contractual restrictions or which are not otherwise readily marketable, including repurchase agreements and purchase and sale contracts maturing in more than seven days, if, regarding all such securities, more than 15% of its net assets, taken at market value, would be invested in such securities.

Because of the affiliation of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("Merrill Lynch") with the Manager, the Fund is prohibited from engaging in certain transactions involving Merrill Lynch or its affiliates except for brokerage transactions permitted under the Investment Company Act involving only usual and customary commissions or transactions permitted pursuant to an exemptive order under the Investment Company

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Act. See "Portfolio Transactions." Without such an exemptive order, the Fund is prohibited from engaging in portfolio transactions with Merrill Lynch or its affiliates acting as principal.

Portfolio Turnover

The Manager will effect portfolio transactions without regard to the time the securities have been held, if, in its judgment, such transactions are advisable in light of a change in circumstances of a particular company or within a particular industry or in general market, financial or economic conditions. As a result of its investment policies, the Fund may engage in a substantial number of portfolio transactions and the Fund's portfolio turnover rate may vary greatly from year to year or during periods within a year. The portfolio turnover rate is calculated by dividing the lesser of the Fund's annual sales or purchases of portfolio securities (exclusive of purchases or sales of securities whose maturities at the time of acquisition were one year or less) by the monthly average value of the securities in the portfolio during the year. A high portfolio turnover may result in negative tax consequences, such as an increase in capital gain dividends. High portfolio turnover may also involve correspondingly greater transaction costs in the form of dealer spreads and brokerage commissions, which are borne directly by the Fund. See "Dividends and Taxes."

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

Directors and Officers

The Directors of the Fund consist of eight individuals, six of whom are not "interested persons" of the Fund as defined in the Investment Company Act (the "non-interested Directors"). The Directors are responsible for the overall supervision of the operations of the Fund and perform the various duties imposed on the directors of investment companies by the Investment Company

Act. Information about the Directors, executive officers and the portfolio manager of the Fund, including their ages and their principal occupations for at least the last five years, is set forth below. Unless otherwise noted, the address of each Director, executive officer and the portfolio manager is P.O. Box 9011, Princeton, New Jersey 08543-9011.

Terry K. Glenn (58) -- President and Director(1)(2) -- Executive Vice President of the Manager and Fund Asset Management, L.P. ("FAM") (which terms as used herein include their corporate predecessors) since 1983; President of Princeton Funds Distributor, Inc. ("PFD") since 1986 and Director thereof since 1991; Executive Vice President and Director of Princeton Services, Inc. ("Princeton Services") since 1993; President of Princeton Administrators, L.P. since 1988.

Donald Cecil (72) -- Director(2)(3) -- 1114 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036. Special Limited Partner of Cumberland Associates (an investment partnership) since 1982; Member of Institute of Chartered Financial Analysts; Member and Chairman of Westchester County (N.Y.) Board of Transportation.

Roland M. Machold (63) -- Director(2)(3) -- 1091 Princeton-Kingston Road, Princeton, New Jersey 08540. Director of the State of New Jersey Division of Investment from 1977 to 1998; Trustee of Bryn Mawr College since 1990 and of Teacher's College, Columbia University since 1985; Co-Chair Emeritus and Founding Director of the Council of Institutional Investors; Member of the Capital Formation and Regulatory Processes Advisory Committee of the Securities and Exchange Commission from 1995 to 1996; Member of the Institutional Investor Advisory Committee of the New York Stock Exchange from 1992 to 1995.

Edward H. Meyer (72) -- Director(2)(3) -- 777 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10017. President of Grey Advertising Inc. since 1968, Chief Executive Officer since 1970 and Chairman of the Board of Directors since 1972; Director of The May Department Stores Company, Bowne & Co., Inc. (financial printers), Harman International Industries, Inc. and Ethan Allen Interiors, Inc.

Charles C. Reilly (68) -- Director(2)(3) -- 9 Hampton Harbor Road, Hampton Bays, New York 11946. Self-employed financial consultant since 1990; President and Chief Investment Officer of Verus Capital, Inc. from 1979 to 1990; Senior Vice President of Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. from 1973 to 1990; Adjunct Professor, Columbia University Graduate School of Business from 1990 to 1991; Adjunct Professor, Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania from 1989 to 1990; Partner, Small Cities Cable Television since 1986.

Richard R. West (61) -- Director(2)(3) -- Box 604, Genoa, Nevada 89411. Professor of Finance since 1984, Dean from 1984 to 1993 and currently Dean Emeritus of New York University Leonard N. Stern School of

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Business Administration; Director of Bowne & Co., Inc. (financial printers), Vornado Realty Trust, Inc. (real estate holding company), Vornado Operating Company, Inc. and Alexander's, Inc. (real estate company).

Arthur Zeikel (67) -- Director(1)(2) -- 300 Woodland Avenue, Westfield, New Jersey 07090. Chairman of the Manager and FAM from 1997 to 1999 and President thereof from 1977 to 1997; Chairman of Princeton Services from 1997 to 1999, Director thereof from 1993 to 1999 and President thereof from 1993 to 1997; Executive Vice President of Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("ML & Co.") from 1990 to 1999.

Edward D. Zinbarg (64) -- Director(2)(3) -- 5 Hardwell Road, Short Hills, New Jersey 07078-2117. Executive Vice President of The Prudential Insurance Company of America from 1988 to 1994; Former Director of Prudential Reinsurance Company and former Trustee of the Prudential Foundation.

Paul Gerard Meeks (36) -- Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager(1) -- First Vice President and Portfolio Manager of the Manager since May 1998;

various positions with Jurika & Voyles, L.P. from 1994 to 1998 including technology analyst (1994 to 1998), director of research (1995 to 1998), principal (1996 to 1998) and portfolio manager of the Jurika & Voyles Mini-Cap Fund (1997 to 1998).

Donald C. Burke (39) -- Vice President and Treasurer(1)(2) -- Senior Vice President and Treasurer of the Manager and FAM since 1999; Senior Vice President and Treasurer of Princeton Services since 1999; First Vice President of the Manager from 1997 to 1999; Vice President of the Manager from 1990 to 1997; Director of Taxation of the Manager since 1990; Vice President of PFD since 1999.

Robert E. Putney, III (39) -- Secretary(1)(2) -- Director (Legal Advisory) of MLAM and Princeton Administrators, L.P. since 1997; Vice President of MLAM from 1994 to 1997; Vice President of Princeton Administrators, L.P. from 1996 to 1997; Attorney with MLAM from 1991 to 1994.

- (1) Interested person, as defined in the Investment Company Act, of the Fund.
- (2) Such Director or officer is a trustee, director or officer of certain other investment companies for which the Manager or FAM acts as the investment adviser or manager.
- (3) Member of the Fund's Audit and Nominating Committee, which is responsible for the selection of the independent auditors and the selection and nomination of non-interested Directors.

As of July 1, 1999, the Directors and officers of the Fund as a group (11 persons) owned an aggregate of less than 1% of the outstanding shares of the Fund. At such date, Mr. Zeikel, a Director of the Fund, Mr. Glenn, a Director and officer of the Fund, and the other officers of the Fund owned an aggregate of less than 1% of the outstanding shares of common stock of ML & Co.

Compensation of Directors

The Fund pays each non-interested Director a fee of \$3,500 per year plus \$500 per Board meeting attended. The Fund also compensates each member of the Audit and Nominating Committee (the "Committee"), which consists of the non-interested Directors at a rate of \$500 per Committee meeting attended. The Fund pays the Chairman of the Committee an additional fee of \$250 per Committee meeting attended. The Fund reimburses each non-interested Director for his out-of-pocket expenses relating to attendance at Board and Committee meetings.

The following table shows the compensation earned by the non-interested Directors for the period from June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999 and the aggregate compensation paid to them from all registered investment companies advised by the Manager and its affiliate, FAM ("MLAM/FAM-advised funds"), for the calendar year ended December 31, 1998.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Name	Position with Fund	Compensation From Fund	Pension or Retirement Benefits Accrued as Part of Fund Expense	Estimated Annual Benefits upon Retirement	Aggregate Compensation from Fund and Other MLAM/FAM-Advised Funds(1)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Donald Cecil.....	Director	\$7,750	None	None	\$277,808
Roland M. Machold.....	Director	\$2,958	None	None	\$ 39,208 (2)
Edward H. Meyer.....	Director	\$7,000	None	None	\$214,558
Charles C. Reilly.....	Director	\$7,000	None	None	\$362,858
Richard R. West.....	Director	\$7,000	None	None	\$346,125
Edward D. Zinbarg.....	Director	\$7,000	None	None	\$133,959

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- (1) The Directors serve on the boards of MLAM/FAM-advised funds as follows:
Mr. Cecil (35 registered investment companies consisting of 35 portfolios); Mr. Machold (19 registered investment companies consisting of 19 portfolios); Mr. Meyer (35 registered investment companies consisting of 35 portfolios); Mr. Reilly (61 registered investment companies consisting of 74 portfolios); Mr. West (63 registered investment companies consisting of 87 portfolios); and Mr. Zinbarg (19 registered investment companies consisting of 19 portfolios).
 - (2) Mr. Machold was elected a Director of the Fund and director or trustee of certain other MLAM/FAM-advised funds on October 20, 1998.

Directors of the Fund may purchase Class A shares of the Fund at net asset value. See "Purchase of Shares--Initial Sales Charge Alternatives--Class A and Class D Shares--Reduced Initial Sales Charges--Purchase Privilege of Certain Persons."

Management and Advisory Arrangements

Management Services. The Manager provides the Fund with investment advisory and management services. Subject to the supervision of the Directors, the Manager is responsible for the actual management of the Fund's portfolio and constantly reviews the Fund's holdings in light of its own research analysis and that from other relevant sources. The responsibility for making decisions to buy, sell or hold a particular security rests with the Manager. The Manager performs certain of the other administrative services and provides all the office space, facilities, equipment and necessary personnel for management of the Fund.

Management Fee. The Fund has entered into a management agreement with the Manager (the "Management Agreement"), pursuant to which the Manager receives for its services to the Fund monthly compensation at the annual rate of 1.00% of the average daily net assets of the Fund not exceeding \$1.0 billion and 0.95% of the average daily net assets of the Fund in excess of \$1.0 billion. For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Fund paid the Manager \$4,613,190 in management fees.

The Manager has entered into a sub-advisory agreement with Merrill Lynch Asset Management U.K. Limited ("MLAM U.K.") pursuant to which MLAM U.K. provides investment advisory services to the Manager with respect to the Fund. The Manager paid no fees to MLAM U.K. for the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999.

Payment of Fund Expenses. The Management Agreement obligates the Manager to provide investment advisory services and to pay all compensation of and furnish office space for officers and employees of the Fund connected with investment and economic research, trading and investment management of the Fund, as well as the fees of all Directors of the Fund who are affiliated persons of the Manager. The Fund pays all other expenses incurred in the operation of the Fund, including among other things: taxes, expenses for legal and auditing services, costs of printing proxies, stock certificates, shareholder reports, prospectuses and statements of additional information, except to the extent paid by Merrill Lynch Funds Distributor, a division of PFD (the "Distributor"); charges of the custodian and sub-custodian, and the transfer agent; expenses of redemption of shares; SEC fees; expenses of registering the shares under Federal, state or foreign laws; fees and expenses of non-interested Directors; accounting and pricing costs (including the daily calculations of net asset value); insurance; interest; brokerage costs; litigation and other extraordinary or non-recurring expenses; and other expenses properly payable by the Fund. Accounting services are provided for the Fund by the Manager and the Fund reimburses the Manager for its costs in connection with such services on a semi-annual basis. The Distributor will pay certain promotional expenses of the Fund incurred in connection with the offering of shares of the Fund. Certain expenses will be financed by the Fund pursuant to distribution plans in compliance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act. See "Purchase of Shares -- Distribution Plans."

Organization of the Manager. The Manager is a limited partnership, the

partners of which are ML & Co., a financial services holding company and the parent of Merrill Lynch, and Princeton Services. ML & Co. and Princeton Services are "controlling persons" of the Manager as defined under the Investment Company Act because of their ownership of its voting securities or their power to exercise a controlling influence over its management or policies.

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The following entities may be considered "controlling persons" of MLAM U.K.: Merrill Lynch Europe PLC (MLAM U.K.'s parent), a subsidiary of Merrill Lynch International Holdings, Inc., a subsidiary of Merrill Lynch International, Inc., a subsidiary of ML & Co.

Duration and Termination. Unless earlier terminated as described herein, the Management Agreement will continue in effect for a period of two years from the date of execution and will remain in effect from year to year if approved annually (a) by the Directors of the Fund or by a majority of the outstanding shares of the Fund and (b) by a majority of the Directors who are not parties to such contract or interested persons (as defined in the Investment Company Act) of any such party. Such contracts are not assignable and may be terminated without penalty on 60 days' written notice at the option of either party or by vote of the shareholders of the Fund.

Transfer Agency Services. Financial Data Services, Inc. (the "Transfer Agent"), a subsidiary of ML & Co., acts as the Fund's Transfer Agent pursuant to a Transfer Agency, Dividend Disbursing Agency and Shareholder Servicing Agency Agreement (the "Transfer Agency Agreement"). Pursuant to the Transfer Agency Agreement, the Transfer Agent is responsible for the issuance, transfer and redemption of shares and the opening and maintenance of shareholder accounts. Pursuant to the Transfer Agency Agreement, the Transfer Agent receives a fee of \$11.00 per Class A or Class D account and \$14.00 per Class B or Class C account and is entitled to reimbursement for certain transaction charges and out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Transfer Agent under the Transfer Agency Agreement. Additionally, a \$.20 monthly closed account charge will be assessed on all accounts which close during the calendar year. Application of this fee will commence the month following the month the account is closed. At the end of the calendar year, no further fees will be due. For purposes of the Transfer Agency Agreement, the term "account" includes a shareholder account maintained directly by the Transfer Agent and any other account representing the beneficial interest of a person in the relevant share class on a recordkeeping system, provided the recordkeeping system is maintained by a subsidiary of ML & Co.

Distribution Expenses. The Fund has entered into four separate distribution agreements with the Distributor in connection with the continuous offering of each class of shares of the Fund (the "Distribution Agreements"). The Distribution Agreements obligate the Distributor to pay certain expenses in connection with the offering of each class of shares of the Fund. After the prospectuses, statements of additional information and periodic reports have been prepared, set in type and mailed to shareholders, the Distributor pays for the printing and distribution of copies thereof used in connection with the offering to dealers and investors. The Distributor also pays for other supplementary sales literature and advertising costs. The Distribution Agreements are subject to the same renewal requirements and termination provisions as the Management Agreement described above.

Code of Ethics

The Board of Directors of the Fund has adopted a Code of Ethics under Rule 17j-1 of the Investment Company Act that incorporates the Code of Ethics of the Manager (together, the "Codes"). The Codes significantly restrict the personal investing activities of all employees of the Manager and, as described below, impose additional, more onerous, restrictions on fund investment personnel.

The Codes require that all employees of the Manager pre-clear any personal securities investment (with limited exceptions, such as government

securities). The pre-clearance requirement and associated procedures are designed to identify any substantive prohibition or limitation applicable to the proposed investment. The substantive restrictions applicable to all employees of the Manager include a ban on acquiring any securities in a "hot" initial public offering and a prohibition from profiting on short-term trading in securities. In addition, no employee may purchase or sell any security that at the time is being purchased or sold (as the case may be), or to the knowledge of the employee is being considered for purchase or sale, by any fund advised by the Manager. Furthermore, the Codes provide for trading "blackout periods" which prohibit trading by investment personnel of the Fund within periods of trading by the Fund in the same (or equivalent) security (15 or 30 days depending upon the transaction).

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PURCHASE OF SHARES

Reference is made to "How to Buy, Sell, Transfer and Exchange Shares" in the Prospectus.

The Fund offers four classes of shares under the Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System: shares of Class A and Class D are sold to investors choosing the initial sales charge alternatives and shares of Class B and Class C are sold to investors choosing the deferred sales charge alternatives. Each Class A, Class B, Class C or Class D share of the Fund represents an identical interest in the investment portfolio of the Fund and has the same rights, except that Class B, Class C and Class D shares bear the expenses of the ongoing account maintenance fees (also known as service fees) and Class B and Class C shares bear the expenses of the ongoing distribution fees and the additional incremental transfer agency costs resulting from the deferred sales charge arrangements. The contingent deferred sales charges ("CDSCs"), distribution fees and account maintenance fees that are imposed on Class B and Class C shares, as well as the account maintenance fees that are imposed on Class D shares, are imposed directly against those classes and not against all assets of the Fund and, accordingly, such charges do not affect the net asset value of any other class or have any impact on investors choosing another sales charge option. Dividends paid by the Fund for each class of shares are calculated in the same manner at the same time and differ only to the extent that account maintenance and distribution fees and any incremental transfer agency costs relating to a particular class are borne exclusively by that class. Each class has different exchange privileges. See "Shareholder Services -- Exchange Privilege."

Investors should understand that the purpose and function of the initial sales charges with respect to the Class A and Class D shares are the same as those of the CDSCs and distribution fees with respect to the Class B and Class C shares in that the sales charges and distribution fees applicable to each class provide for the financing of the distribution of the shares of the Fund. The distribution-related revenues paid with respect to a class will not be used to finance the distribution expenditures of another class. Sales personnel may receive different compensation for selling different classes of shares.

The Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System is used by more than 50 registered investment companies advised by the Manager or FAM. Funds advised by the Manager or FAM that utilize the Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System are referred to herein as "Select Pricing Funds."

The Fund or the Distributor may suspend the continuous offering of the Fund's shares of any class at any time in response to conditions in the securities markets or otherwise and may thereafter resume such offering from time to time. Neither the Distributor nor the dealers are permitted to withhold placing orders to benefit themselves by a price change. Merrill Lynch may charge its customers a processing fee (presently \$5.35) to confirm a sale of shares to such customers. Purchases made directly through the Transfer Agent are not subject to the processing fee.

Initial Sales Charge Alternatives -- Class A and Class D Shares

Investors who prefer an initial sales charge alternative may elect to purchase Class D shares or, if an eligible investor, Class A shares. Investors choosing the initial sales charge alternative who are eligible to purchase Class A shares should purchase Class A shares rather than Class D shares because there is an account maintenance fee imposed on Class D shares. Investors qualifying for significantly reduced initial sales charges may find the initial sales charge alternative particularly attractive because similar sales charge reductions are not available with respect to the deferred sales charges imposed in connection with purchases of Class B or Class C shares. Investors not qualifying for reduced initial sales charges who expect to maintain their investment for an extended period of time also may elect to purchase Class A or Class D shares, because over time the accumulated ongoing account maintenance and distribution fees on Class B or Class C shares may exceed the initial sales charges and, in the case of Class D shares, the account maintenance fee. Although some investors who previously purchased Class A shares may no longer be eligible to purchase Class A shares of other Select Pricing Funds, those previously purchased Class A shares, together with Class B, Class C and Class D share holdings, will count toward a right of accumulation which may qualify the investor for a reduced initial sales charge on new initial sales charge purchases. In addition, the ongoing Class B and Class C account maintenance and distribution fees will cause Class B and Class C shares to have higher expense ratios, pay lower dividends and have lower total returns than

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the initial sales charge shares. The ongoing Class D account maintenance fees will cause Class D shares to have a higher expense ratio, pay lower dividends and have a lower total return than Class A shares.

The term "purchase," as used in the Prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information in connection with an investment in Class A and Class D shares of the Fund, refers to a single purchase by an individual or to concurrent purchases, which in the aggregate are at least equal to the prescribed amounts, by an individual, his or her spouse and their children under the age of 21 years purchasing shares for his, her or their own account and to single purchases by a trustee or other fiduciary purchasing shares for a single trust estate or single fiduciary account although more than one beneficiary is involved. The term "purchase" also includes purchases by any "company," as that term is defined in the Investment Company Act, but does not include purchases by any such company that has not been in existence for at least six months or which has no purpose other than the purchase of shares of the Fund or shares of other registered investment companies at a discount; provided, however, that it shall not include purchases by any group of individuals whose sole organizational nexus is that the participants therein are credit cardholders of a company, policyholders of an insurance company, customers of either a bank or broker-dealer or clients of an investment adviser.

Eligible Class A Investors

Class A shares are offered to a limited group of investors and also will be issued upon reinvestment of dividends on outstanding Class A shares. Investors who currently own Class A shares, including participants in the Merrill Lynch Blueprint SM Program, are entitled to purchase additional Class A shares of the Fund in that account. Certain employee-sponsored retirement or savings plans, including eligible 401(k) plans, may purchase Class A shares at net asset value provided such plans meet the required minimum number of eligible employees or required amount of assets advised by MLAM or any of its affiliates. Class A shares are available at net asset value to corporate warranty insurance reserve fund programs and U.S. branches of foreign banking institutions provided that the program has \$3 million or more initially invested in Select Pricing Funds. Also eligible to purchase Class A shares at net asset value are participants in certain investment programs including TMA SM Managed Trusts to which Merrill Lynch Trust Company provides discretionary trustee services, collective investment trusts for which Merrill Lynch Trust Company serves as trustee and certain purchases made in connection

with certain fee-based programs. In addition, Class A shares are offered at net asset value to ML & Co. and its subsidiaries and their directors and employees and to members of the Boards of MLAM-advised investment companies. Certain persons who acquired shares of certain MLAM-advised closed-end funds in their initial offerings who wish to reinvest the net proceeds from a sale of their closed-end fund shares of common stock in shares of the Fund also may purchase Class A shares of the Fund if certain conditions are met. In addition, Class A shares of the Fund and certain other Select Pricing Funds are offered at net asset value to shareholders of Merrill Lynch Senior Floating Rate Fund, Inc. and, if certain conditions are met, to shareholders of Merrill Lynch Municipal Strategy Fund, Inc. and Merrill Lynch High Income Municipal Bond Fund, Inc. who wish to reinvest the net proceeds from a sale of certain of their shares of common stock pursuant to a tender offer conducted by such funds in shares of the Fund and certain other Select Pricing Funds.

Class A and Class D Sales Charge Information

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Class A Shares

For the Period	Gross Sales Charges Collected	Sales Charges Retained by Distributor	Sales Charges Paid to Merrill Lynch	CDSCs Received on Redemption of Load-Waived Shares
<S> June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999	<C> \$ 2,636	<C> \$ 145	<C> \$ 2,491	<C> \$ 0

<CAPTION>

Class D Shares

For the Period	Gross Sales Charges Collected	Sales Charges Retained by Distributor	Sales Charges Paid to Merrill Lynch	CDSCs Received on Redemption of Load-Waived Shares
<S> June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999	<C> \$2,126,815	<C> \$32,129	<C> \$2,094,686	<C> \$ 0

</TABLE>

The Distributor may reallocate discounts to selected dealers and retain the balance over such discounts. At times the Distributor may reallocate the entire sales charge to such dealers. Since securities dealers selling Class A and Class D shares of the Fund will receive a concession equal to most of the sales charge, they may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act.

Reduced Initial Sales Charges

Reductions in or exemptions from the imposition of a sales load are due to the nature of the investors and/or the reduced sales efforts that will be needed in obtaining such investments.

Reinvested Dividends. No initial sales charges are imposed upon Class A and Class D shares issued as a result of the automatic reinvestment of dividends.

Right of Accumulation. Reduced sales charges are applicable through a right of accumulation under which eligible investors are permitted to purchase shares of the Fund subject to an initial sales charge at the offering price applicable to the total of (a) the public offering price of the shares then being purchased plus (b) an amount equal to the then current net asset value or cost, whichever is higher, of the purchaser's combined holdings of all

classes of shares of the Fund and of any other Select Pricing Funds. For any such right of accumulation to be made available, the Distributor must be provided at the time of purchase, by the purchaser or the purchaser's securities dealer, with sufficient information to permit confirmation of qualification. Acceptance of the purchase order is subject to such confirmation. The right of accumulation may be amended or terminated at any time. Shares held in the name of a nominee or custodian under pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plans may not be combined with other shares to qualify for the right of accumulation.

Letter of Intent. Reduced sales charges are applicable to purchases aggregating \$25,000 or more of the Class A or Class D shares of the Fund or any Select Pricing Funds made within a 13-month period starting with the first purchase pursuant to a Letter of Intent. The Letter of Intent is available only to investors whose accounts are established and maintained at the Fund's Transfer Agent. The Letter of Intent is not available to employee benefit plans for which Merrill Lynch provides plan participant recordkeeping services. The Letter of Intent is not a binding obligation to purchase any amount of Class A or Class D shares; however, its execution will result in the purchaser paying a lower sales charge at the appropriate quantity purchase level. A purchase not originally made pursuant to a Letter of Intent may be included under a subsequent Letter of Intent executed within 90 days of such purchase if the Distributor is informed in writing of this intent within such 90-day period. The value of Class A and Class D shares of the Fund and of other Select Pricing Funds presently held, at cost or maximum offering price (whichever is higher), on the date of the first purchase under the Letter of Intent, may be included as a credit toward the completion of such Letter, but the reduced sales charge applicable to the amount covered by such Letter will be applied only to new purchases. If the total amount of shares does not equal the amount stated in the Letter of Intent (minimum of \$25,000), the investor will be notified and must pay, within 20 days of the expiration of such Letter, the difference between the sales charge on the Class A or Class D shares purchased at the reduced rate and the sales charge applicable to the shares actually purchased through the Letter. Class A or Class D shares equal to at least 5.0% of the intended amount will be held in escrow during the 13-month period (while remaining registered in the name of the purchaser) for this purpose. The first purchase under the Letter of Intent must be at least 5.0% of the dollar amount of such Letter. If a purchase during the term of such Letter would otherwise be subject to a further reduced sales charge based on the right of accumulation, the purchaser will be entitled on that purchase and subsequent purchases to the further reduced percentage sales charge that would be applicable to a single purchase equal to the total dollar value of the Class A or Class D shares then being purchased under such Letter, but there will be no retroactive reduction of the sales charge on any previous purchase.

The value of any shares redeemed or otherwise disposed of by the purchaser prior to termination or completion of the Letter of Intent will be deducted from the total purchases made under such Letter. An exchange from the Summit Cash Reserves Fund into the Fund that creates a sales charge will count toward completing a new or existing Letter of Intent from the Fund.

Merrill Lynch Blueprint SM Program. Class D shares of the Fund are offered to participants in the Merrill Lynch Blueprint SM Program ("Blueprint"). In addition, participants in Blueprint who own Class A shares of the

Fund may purchase additional Class A shares of the Fund through Blueprint. The Blueprint program is directed to small investors, group IRAs and participants in certain affinity groups such as credit unions, trade associations and benefit plans. Investors placing orders to purchase Class A or Class D shares of the Fund through Blueprint will acquire the Class A or Class D shares at net asset value plus a sales charge calculated in accordance with the Blueprint sales charge schedule (i.e., up to \$300 at 4.25%, from \$300.01 to \$5,000 at 3.25% plus \$3.00, and \$5,000.01 or more at the standard sales charge rates disclosed in the Prospectus). In addition, Class A or Class D shares of the Fund are being offered at net asset value plus a sales charge of 0.50% for

corporate or group IRA programs placing orders to purchase their Class A or Class D shares through Blueprint. Services, including the exchange privilege, available to Class A and Class D investors through Blueprint, however, may differ from those available to other investors in Class A or Class D shares.

Class A and Class D shares are offered at net asset value to Blueprint participants through the Merrill Lynch Directed IRA Rollover Program (the "IRA Rollover Program") available from Merrill Lynch Business Financial Services, a business unit of Merrill Lynch. The IRA Rollover Program is available to custodian rollover assets from employer-sponsored retirement and savings plans (as defined below) whose trustee and/or plan sponsor has entered into the IRA Rollover Program.

Orders for purchases and redemptions of Class A or Class D shares of the Fund may be grouped for execution purposes which, in some circumstances, may involve the execution of such orders two business days following the day such orders are placed. The minimum initial purchase price is \$100, with a \$50 minimum for subsequent purchases through Blueprint. There are no minimum initial or subsequent purchase requirements for participants who are part of an automatic investment plan. Additional information concerning purchases through Blueprint, including any annual fees and transaction charges, is available from Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, The Blueprint SM Program, P.O. Box 30441, New Brunswick, New Jersey 08989-0441.

TMA SM Managed Trusts. Class A shares are offered at net asset value to TMA SM Managed Trusts to which Merrill Lynch Trust Company provides discretionary trustee services.

Employee Access SM Accounts. Provided applicable threshold requirements are met, either Class A or Class D shares are offered at net asset value to Employee Access SM Accounts available through authorized employers. The initial minimum investment for such accounts is \$500, except that the initial minimum investment for shares purchased for such accounts pursuant to the Automatic Investment Program is \$50.

Employer-Sponsored Retirement or Savings Plans and Certain Other Arrangements. Certain employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans and certain other arrangements may purchase Class A or Class D shares at net asset value, based on the number of employees or number of employees eligible to participate in the plan, the aggregate amount invested by the plan in specified investments and/or the services provided by Merrill Lynch to the plan. Additional information regarding purchases by employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans and certain other arrangements is available toll-free from Merrill Lynch Business Financial Services at (800) 237-7777.

Purchase Privilege of Certain Persons. Directors of the Fund, members of the Boards of other MLAM/FAM-advised investment companies, ML & Co. and its subsidiaries (the term "subsidiaries," when used herein with respect to ML & Co., includes MLAM, FAM and certain other entities directly or indirectly wholly owned and controlled by ML & Co.) and their directors and employees, and any trust, pension, profit-sharing or other benefit plan for such persons, may purchase Class A shares of the Fund at net asset value. The Fund realizes economies of scale and reduction of sales-related expenses by virtue of the familiarity of these persons with the Fund. Employees and directors or trustees wishing to purchase shares of the Fund must satisfy the Fund's suitability standards.

Class D shares of the Fund are offered at net asset value, without a sales charge, to an investor that has a business relationship with a Financial Consultant who joined Merrill Lynch from another investment firm within six months prior to the date of purchase by such investor, if the following conditions are satisfied: first, the investor must advise Merrill Lynch that it will purchase Class D shares of the Fund with proceeds from a redemption of shares of a mutual fund that was sponsored by the Financial Consultant's previous firm and was subject to a sales charge either at the time of purchase or on a deferred basis; and, second, the investor must establish that such

redemption had been made within 60 days prior to the investment in the Fund and the proceeds from the redemption had been maintained in the interim in cash or a money market fund.

Class D shares of the Fund are also offered at net asset value, without a sales charge, to an investor that has a business relationship with a Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant and that has invested in a mutual fund sponsored by a non-Merrill Lynch company for which Merrill Lynch has served as a selected dealer and where Merrill Lynch has either received or given notice that such arrangement will be terminated ("notice") if the following conditions are satisfied: first, the investor must purchase Class D shares of the Fund with proceeds from a redemption of shares of such other mutual fund and the shares of such other fund were subject to a sales charge either at the time of purchase or on a deferred basis; and, second, such purchase of Class D shares must be made within 90 days after such notice.

Class D shares of the Fund are offered at net asset value, without a sales charge, to an investor that has a business relationship with a Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant and that has invested in a mutual fund for which Merrill Lynch has not served as a selected dealer if the following conditions are satisfied: first, the investor must advise Merrill Lynch that it will purchase Class D shares of the Fund with proceeds from the redemption of shares of such other mutual fund and that such shares have been outstanding for a period of no less than six months; and, second, such purchase of Class D shares must be made within 60 days after the redemption and the proceeds from the redemption must be maintained in the interim in cash or a money market fund.

Closed-End Fund Investment Option. Class A shares of the Fund and certain other Select Pricing Funds ("Eligible Class A Shares") are offered at net asset value to shareholders of certain closed-end funds advised by FAM or MLAM who purchased such closed-end fund shares prior to October 21, 1994 (the date the Merrill Lynch Select Pricing SM System commenced operations) and wish to reinvest the net proceeds from a sale of their closed-end fund shares of common stock in Eligible Class A Shares, if the conditions set forth below are satisfied. Alternatively, closed-end fund shareholders who purchased such shares on or after October 21, 1994 and wish to reinvest the net proceeds from a sale of their closed-end fund shares are offered Class A shares (if eligible to buy Class A shares) or Class D shares of the Fund and other Select Pricing Funds ("Eligible Class D Shares"), if the following conditions are met. First, the sale of closed-end fund shares must be made through Merrill Lynch, and the net proceeds therefrom must be immediately reinvested in Eligible Class A or Eligible Class D Shares. Second, the closed-end fund shares must either have been acquired in the initial public offering or be shares representing dividends from shares of common stock acquired in such offering. Third, the closed-end fund shares must have been continuously maintained in a Merrill Lynch securities account. Fourth, there must be a minimum purchase of \$250 to be eligible for the investment option.

Shareholders of certain MLAM-advised continuously offered closed-end funds may reinvest at net asset value the net proceeds from a sale of certain shares of common stock of such funds in shares of the Fund. Upon exercise of this investment option, shareholders of Merrill Lynch Senior Floating Rate Fund, Inc. will receive Class A shares of the Fund and shareholders of Merrill Lynch Municipal Strategy Fund, Inc. and Merrill Lynch High Income Municipal Bond Fund, Inc. will receive Class D shares of the Fund, except that shareholders already owning Class A shares of the Fund will be eligible to purchase additional Class A shares pursuant to this option, if such additional Class A shares will be held in the same account as the existing Class A shares and the other requirements pertaining to the reinvestment privilege are met. In order to exercise this investment option, a shareholder of one of the above-referenced continuously offered closed-end funds (an "eligible fund") must sell his or her shares of common stock of the eligible fund (the "eligible shares") back to the eligible fund in connection with a tender offer conducted by the eligible fund and reinvest the proceeds immediately in the designated class of shares of the Fund. This investment option is available only with respect to eligible shares as to which no Early Withdrawal Charge or CDSC (each as defined in the eligible fund's prospectus) is applicable. Purchase orders from eligible fund shareholders wishing to exercise this investment

option will be accepted only on the day that the related tender offer terminates and will be effected at the net asset value of the designated class of the Fund on such day.

Acquisition of Certain Investment Companies. Class D shares may be offered at net asset value in connection with the acquisition of the assets of or merger or consolidation with a personal holding company or a public or private investment company.

Deferred Sales Charge Alternatives -- Class B and Class C Shares

Investors choosing the deferred sales charge alternatives should consider Class B shares if they intend to hold their shares for an extended period of time and Class C shares if they are uncertain as to the length of time they intend to hold their assets in Select Pricing Funds.

Because no initial sales charges are deducted at the time of the purchase, Class B and Class C shares provide the benefit of putting all of the investor's dollars to work from the time the investment is made. The deferred sales charge alternatives may be particularly appealing to investors that do not qualify for the reduction in initial sales charges. Both Class B and Class C shares are subject to ongoing account maintenance fees and distribution fees; however, the ongoing account maintenance and distribution fees potentially may be offset to the extent any return is realized on the additional funds initially invested in Class B or Class C shares. In addition, Class B shares will be converted into Class D shares of the Fund after a conversion period of approximately eight years, and thereafter investors will be subject to lower ongoing fees.

The public offering price of Class B and Class C shares for investors choosing the deferred sales charge alternatives is the next determined net asset value per share without the imposition of a sales charge at the time of purchase. See "Pricing of Shares -- Determination of Net Asset Value" below.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charges -- Class B Shares

Class B shares that are redeemed within four years of purchase may be subject to a CDSC at the rates set forth below charged as a percentage of the dollar amount subject thereto. In determining whether a CDSC is applicable to a redemption, the calculation will be determined in the manner that results in the lowest applicable rate being charged. The charge will be assessed on an amount equal to the lesser of the proceeds of redemption or the cost of the shares being redeemed. Accordingly, no CDSC will be imposed on increases in net asset value above the initial purchase price. In addition, no CDSC will be assessed on shares derived from reinvestment of dividends. It will be assumed that the redemption is first of shares held for over four years or shares acquired pursuant to reinvestment of dividends and then of shares held longest during the four-year period. A transfer of shares from a shareholder's account to another account will be assumed to be made in the same order as a redemption.

The following table sets forth the Class B CDSC:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Year Since Purchase Payment Made	CDSC as a Percentage of Dollar Amount Subject to Charge
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<S>	<C>
0-1.....	4.0%
1-2.....	3.0%
2-3.....	2.0%
3-4.....	1.0%
4 and thereafter.....	None

To provide an example, assume an investor purchased 100 shares at \$10 per share (at a cost of \$1,000) and in the third year after purchase, the net asset value per share is \$12 and, during such time, the investor has acquired 10 additional shares upon dividend reinvestment. If at such time the investor makes his or her first redemption of 50 shares (proceeds of \$600), 10 shares will not be subject to a CDSC because of dividend reinvestment. With respect to the remaining 40 shares, the charge is applied only to the original cost of \$10 per share and not to the increase in net asset value of \$2 per share. Therefore, \$400 of the \$600 redemption proceeds will be charged at a rate of 2.0% (the applicable rate in the third year after purchase).

The Class B CDSC may be waived on redemptions of shares in connection with certain post-retirement withdrawals from an Individual Retirement Account ("IRA") or other retirement plan or following the death or disability (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) of a shareholder (including one who owns the Class B shares as joint tenant with his or her spouse), provided the redemption is requested within one year of the death or initial determination of disability or, if later, reasonably promptly following completion of

probate. The Class B CDSC also may be waived on redemptions of shares by certain eligible 401(a) and 401(k) plans. The CDSC may also be waived for any Class B shares that are purchased by eligible 401(k) or eligible 401(a) plans that are rolled over into a Merrill Lynch or Merrill Lynch Trust Company custodied IRA and held in such account at the time of redemption. The Class B CDSC may be waived for any Class B shares that were acquired and held at the time of the redemption in an Employee AccessSM Account available through employers providing eligible 401(k) plans. The Class B CDSC may also be waived for any Class B shares that are purchased by a Merrill Lynch rollover IRA that was funded by a rollover from a terminated 401(k) plan managed by the MLAM Private Portfolio Group and held in such account at the time of redemption. The Class B CDSC may also be waived or its terms may be modified in connection with certain fee-based programs. The Class B CDSC may also be waived in connection with involuntary termination of an account in which Fund shares are held or for withdrawals through the Merrill Lynch Systematic Withdrawal Plan. See "Shareholder Services -- Fee Based Programs" and "-- Systematic Withdrawal Plan."

Employer-Sponsored Retirement or Savings Plans and Certain Other Arrangements. Certain employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans and certain other arrangements may purchase Class B shares with a waiver of the CDSC upon redemption, based on the number of employees or number of employees eligible to participate in the plan, the aggregate amount invested by the plan in specified investments and/or the services provided by Merrill Lynch to the plan. Such Class B shares will convert into Class D shares approximately ten years after the plan purchases the first share of any Select Pricing Fund. Minimum purchase requirements may be waived or varied for such plans. Additional information regarding purchases by employer-sponsored retirement or savings plans and certain other arrangements is available toll-free from Merrill Lynch Business Financial Services at (800) 237-7777.

Merrill Lynch Blueprint SM Program. Class B shares are offered to certain participants in Blueprint. Blueprint is directed to small investors, group IRAs and participants in certain affinity groups such as trade associations, credit unions and benefit plans. Class B shares of the Fund are offered through Blueprint only to members of certain affinity groups. The CDSC is waived in connection with purchase orders placed through Blueprint. Services, including the exchange privilege, available to Class B investors through Blueprint, however, may differ from those available to other Class B investors. Orders for purchases and redemptions of Class B shares of the Fund may be grouped for execution purposes which, in some circumstances, may involve the execution of such orders two business days following the day such orders are placed. The minimum initial purchase price is \$100, with a \$50 minimum for subsequent purchases through Blueprint. There is no minimum

initial or subsequent purchase requirement for investors who are part of a Blueprint automatic investment plan. Additional information concerning these Blueprint programs, including any annual fees or transaction charges, is available from Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, The Blueprint SM Program, P.O. Box 30441, New Brunswick, New Jersey 08989-0441.

Conversion of Class B Shares to Class D Shares. After approximately eight years (the "Conversion Period"), Class B shares will be converted automatically into Class D shares of the Fund. Class D shares are subject to an ongoing account maintenance fee of 0.25% of the average daily net assets but are not subject to the distribution fee that is borne by Class B shares. Automatic conversion of Class B shares into Class D shares will occur at least once each month (on the "Conversion Date") on the basis of the relative net asset value of the shares of the two classes on the Conversion Date, without the imposition of any sales load, fee or other charge. Conversion of Class B shares to Class D shares will not be deemed a purchase or sale of the shares for Federal income tax purposes.

In addition, shares purchased through reinvestment of dividends on Class B shares also will convert automatically to Class D shares. The Conversion Date for dividend reinvestment shares will be calculated taking into account the length of time the shares underlying such dividend reinvestment shares were outstanding. If at the Conversion Date the conversion of Class B shares to Class D shares of the Fund in a single account will result in less than \$50 worth of Class B shares being left in the account, all of the Class B shares of the Fund held in the account on the Conversion Date will be converted to Class D shares of the Fund.

In general, Class B shares of equity Select Pricing Funds will convert approximately eight years after initial purchase and Class B shares of taxable and tax-exempt fixed income Select Pricing Funds will convert

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approximately ten years after initial purchase. If, during the Conversion Period, a shareholder exchanges Class B shares with an eight-year Conversion Period for Class B shares with a ten-year Conversion Period, or vice versa, the Conversion Period applicable to the Class B shares acquired in the exchange will apply and the holding period for the shares exchanged will be tacked on to the holding period for the shares acquired. The Conversion Period also may be modified for investors that participate in certain fee-based programs. See "Shareholder Services -- Fee-Based Programs."

Class B shareholders of the Fund exercising the exchange privilege described under "Shareholder Services -- Exchange Privilege" will continue to be subject to the Fund's CDSC schedule if such schedule is higher than the CDSC schedule relating to the Class B shares acquired as a result of the exchange.

Share certificates for Class B shares of the Fund to be converted must be delivered to the Transfer Agent at least one week prior to the Conversion Date applicable to those shares. In the event such certificates are not received by the Transfer Agent at least one week prior to the Conversion Date, the related Class B shares will convert to Class D shares on the next scheduled Conversion Date after such certificates are delivered.

Contingent Deferred Sales Charges -- Class C Shares

Class C shares that are redeemed within one year of purchase may be subject to a 1.0% CDSC charged as a percentage of the dollar amount subject thereto. In determining whether a Class C CDSC is applicable to a redemption, the calculation will be determined in the manner that results in the lowest possible rate being charged. The charge will be assessed on an amount equal to the lesser of the proceeds of redemption or the cost of the shares being redeemed. Accordingly, no Class C CDSC will be imposed on increases in net asset value above the initial purchase price. In addition, no Class C CDSC will be assessed on shares derived from reinvestment of dividends. It will be assumed that the redemption is first of shares held for over one year or shares acquired pursuant to reinvestment of dividends and then of shares held

longest during the one-year period. A transfer of shares from a shareholder's account to another account will be assumed to be made in the same order as a redemption. The Class C CDSC may be waived in connection with involuntary termination of an account in which Fund shares are held and withdrawals through the Merrill Lynch Systematic Withdrawal Plans. See "Shareholder Services--Systematic Withdrawal Plan." The Class C CDSC of the Fund and certain other MLAM-advised mutual funds may be waived with respect to Class C shares purchased by an investor with the net proceeds of a tender offer made by certain MLAM-advised closed end funds, including Merrill Lynch Senior Floating Rate Fund II, Inc. Such waiver is subject to the requirement that the tendered shares shall have been held by the investor for a minimum of one year and to such other conditions as are set forth in the prospectus for the related closed end fund.

Class B and Class C Sales Charge Information

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Class B Shares*		
For the Period	CDSCs Received by Distributor	CDSCs Paid to Merrill Lynch
<S>	<C>	<C>
June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999	\$846,091	\$846,091

* Additional Class B CDSCs payable to the Distributor may have been waived or converted to a contingent obligation in connection with a shareholder's participation in certain fee-based programs.

<CAPTION>

Class C Shares		
For the Period	CDSCs Received by Distributor	CDSCs Paid to Merrill Lynch
<S>	<C>	<C>
June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999	\$ 90,355	\$ 90,355

</TABLE>

Merrill Lynch compensates its Financial Consultants for selling Class B and Class C shares at the time of purchase from its own funds. Proceeds from the CDSC and the distribution fee are paid to the Distributor and are used in whole or in part by the Distributor to defray the expenses of dealers (including Merrill Lynch) related to

providing distribution-related services to the Fund in connection with the sale of the Class B and Class C shares, such as the payment of compensation to financial consultants for selling Class B and Class C shares from the dealer's own funds. The combination of the CDSC and the ongoing distribution fee facilitates the ability of the Fund to sell the Class B and Class C shares without a sales charge being deducted at the time of purchase. See "Distribution Plans" below. Imposition of the CDSC and the distribution fee on Class B and Class C shares is limited by the NASD asset-based sales charge rule. See "Limitations on the Payment of Deferred Sales Charges" below.

Distribution Plans

Reference is made to "Fees and Expenses" in the Prospectus for certain information with respect to the separate distribution plans for Class B, Class C and Class D shares pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act (each a "Distribution Plan") with respect to the account maintenance and/or distribution fees paid by the Fund to the Distributor with respect to such

classes.

The Distribution Plans for Class B, Class C and Class D shares each provides that the Fund pay the Distributor an account maintenance fee relating to the shares of the relevant class, accrued daily and paid monthly, at the annual rate of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to shares of the relevant class in order to compensate the Distributor and Merrill Lynch (pursuant to a sub-agreement) in connection with account maintenance activities with respect to Class B, Class C and Class D shares. Each of those classes has exclusive voting rights with respect to the Distribution Plan adopted with respect to such class pursuant to which account maintenance and/or distribution fees are paid (except that Class B shareholders may vote upon any material changes to expenses charged under the Class D Distribution Plan).

The Distribution Plans for Class B and Class C shares each provides that the Fund also pay the Distributor a distribution fee relating to the shares of the relevant class, accrued daily and paid monthly, at the annual rate of 0.75% of the average daily net assets of the Fund attributable to the shares of the relevant class in order to compensate the Distributor and Merrill Lynch (pursuant to a sub-agreement) for providing shareholder and distribution services and bearing certain distribution-related expenses of the Fund, including payments to financial consultants for selling Class B and Class C shares of the Fund. The Distribution Plans relating to Class B and Class C shares are designed to permit an investor to purchase Class B and Class C shares through dealers without the assessment of an initial sales charge and at the same time permit the dealer to compensate its financial consultants in connection with the sale of the Class B and Class C shares.

The Fund's Distribution Plans are subject to the provisions of Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act. In their consideration of each Distribution Plan, the Directors must consider all factors they deem relevant, including information as to the benefits of the Distribution Plan to the Fund and each related class of shareholders. Each Distribution Plan further provides that, so long as the Distribution Plan remains in effect, the selection and nomination of non-interested Directors shall be committed to the discretion of the non-interested Directors then in office. In approving each Distribution Plan in accordance with Rule 12b-1, the non-interested Directors concluded that there is reasonable likelihood that each Distribution Plan will benefit the Fund and its related class of shareholders. Each Distribution Plan can be terminated at any time, without penalty, by the vote of a majority of the non-interested Directors or by the vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding related class of voting securities of the Fund. A Distribution Plan cannot be amended to increase materially the amount to be spent by the Fund without the approval of the related class of shareholders and all material amendments are required to be approved by the vote of Directors, including a majority of the non-interested Directors who have no direct or indirect financial interest in the Distribution Plan, cast in person at a meeting called for that purpose. Rule 12b-1 further requires that the Fund preserve copies of the Distribution Plan and any report made pursuant to such plan for a period of not less than six years from the date of the Distribution Plan or such report, the first two years in an easily accessible place.

Among other things, each Distribution Plan provides that the Distributor shall provide and the Directors shall review quarterly reports of the disbursement of the account maintenance and/or distribution fees paid to the Distributor. Payments under the Distribution Plans are based on a percentage of average daily net assets

attributable to the shares regardless of the amount of expenses incurred and, accordingly, distribution-related revenues from the Distribution Plans may be more or less than distribution-related expenses. Information with respect to the distribution-related revenues and expenses is presented to the Directors for their consideration in connection with their deliberations as to the continuance of the Class B and Class C Distribution Plans annually, as of December 31 of each year, on a "fully allocated accrual" basis and quarterly

on a "direct expense and revenue/cash" basis. On the fully allocated accrual basis, revenues consist of the account maintenance fees, distribution fees, the CDSCs and certain other related revenues, and expenses consist of financial consultant compensation, branch office and regional operation center selling and transaction processing expenses, advertising, sales promotion and marketing expenses, corporate overhead and interest expense. On the direct expense and revenue/cash basis, revenues consist of the account maintenance fees, distribution fees and CDSCs and the expenses consist of financial consultant compensation.

As of December 31, 1998, the fully allocated accrual expenses incurred by the Distributor and Merrill Lynch for the period since the commencement of operations of Class B shares exceeded the fully allocated accrual revenues by approximately \$9,666,000 (1.9% of Class B net assets at that date). As of March 31, 1999, direct cash expenses for the period since the commencement of operations of Class B shares exceeded direct cash revenues by \$1,904,774 (.39% of Class B net assets at that date). As of December 31, 1998, the fully allocated accrual expenses incurred by the Distributor and Merrill Lynch for the period since the commencement of operations of Class C shares exceeded the fully allocated accrual revenues by approximately \$696,000 (.62% of Class C net assets at that date). As of March 31, 1999, direct cash revenues for the period since the commencement of operations of Class C shares exceeded direct cash expenses by \$493,211 (.44% of Class C net assets at that date).

For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Fund paid the Distributor \$3,085,703 pursuant to the Class B Distribution Plan (based on average daily net assets subject to such Class B Distribution Plan of approximately \$403.7 million), all of which was paid to Merrill Lynch for providing account maintenance and distribution-related activities and services in connection with Class B shares. For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Fund paid the Distributor \$722,200 pursuant to the Class C Distribution Plan (based on average daily net assets subject to such Class C Distribution Plan of approximately \$94.5 million), all of which was paid to Merrill Lynch for providing account maintenance and distribution-related activities and services in connection with Class C shares. For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the Fund paid the Distributor \$153,562 pursuant to the Class D Distribution Plan (based on average daily net assets subject to such Class D Distribution Plan of approximately \$80.4 million), all of which was paid to Merrill Lynch for providing account maintenance activities in connection with Class D shares.

Limitations on the Payment of Deferred Sales Charges

The maximum sales charge rule in the Conduct Rules of the NASD imposes a limitation on certain asset-based sales charges such as the distribution fee and the CDSC borne by the Class B and Class C shares but not the account maintenance fee. The maximum sales charge rule is applied separately to each class. As applicable to the Fund, the maximum sales charge rule limits the aggregate of distribution fee payments and CDSCs payable by the Fund to (1) 6.25% of eligible gross sales of Class B shares and Class C shares, computed separately (defined to exclude shares issued pursuant to dividend reinvestments and exchanges), plus (2) interest on the unpaid balance for the respective class, computed separately, at the prime rate plus 1% (the unpaid balance being the maximum amount payable minus amounts received from the payment of the distribution fee and the CDSC). In connection with the Class B shares, the Distributor has voluntarily agreed to waive interest charges on the unpaid balance in excess of 0.50% of eligible gross sales. Consequently, the maximum amount payable to the Distributor (referred to as the "voluntary maximum") in connection with the Class B shares is 6.75% of eligible gross sales. The Distributor retains the right to stop waiving the interest charges at any time. To the extent payments would exceed the voluntary maximum, the Fund will not make further payments of the distribution fee with respect to Class B shares and any CDSCs will be paid to the Fund rather than to the Distributor; however, the Fund will continue to make payments of the account maintenance fee. In certain circumstances the amount payable pursuant to the voluntary maximum may exceed the amount payable under the NASD formula. In such circumstances payment in excess of the amount payable under the NASD formula will not be made.

The following table sets forth comparative information as of March 31, 1999 with respect to the Class B and Class C shares of the Fund indicating the maximum allowable payments that can be made under the NASD maximum sales charge rule and, with respect to the Class B shares, the Distributor's voluntary maximum.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Data Calculated as of March 31, 1999

	(in thousands)						
	Eligible Gross Sales (1)	Allowable Aggregate Sales Charge (2)	Allowable Interest on Unpaid Balance (3)	Maximum Amount Payable	Amounts Previously Paid to Distributor (4)	Aggregate Unpaid Balance	Annual Distribution Fee at Current Net Asset Level (5)
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Class B Shares for the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999							
Under NASD Rule as Adopted.....	\$392,187	\$24,430	\$1,429	\$25,859	\$3,166	\$22,693	\$4,238
Under Distributor's Voluntary Waiver.....	\$392,187	\$24,430	\$2,043	\$26,473	\$3,166	\$23,307	\$4,238
Class C Shares, for the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999							
Under NASD Rule as Adopted.....	\$102,413	\$ 6,413	\$ 366	\$ 6,779	\$ 632	\$ 6,147	\$ 956

</TABLE>

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- (1) Purchase price of all eligible Class B or Class C shares sold during the periods indicated other than shares acquired through dividend reinvestment and the exchange privilege.
 - (2) Includes amounts attributable to exchanges from Summit Cash Reserves Fund ("Summit") which are not reflected in Eligible Gross Sales. Shares of Summit can only be purchased by exchange from another fund (the "redeemed fund"). Upon such an exchange, the maximum allowable sales charge payment to the redeemed fund is reduced in accordance with the amount of the redemption. This amount is then added to the maximum allowable sales charge payment with respect to Summit. Upon an exchange out of Summit, the remaining balance of this amount is deducted from the maximum allowable sales charge payment to Summit and added to the maximum allowable sales charge payment to the fund into which the exchange is made.
 - (3) Interest is computed on a monthly basis based upon the prime rate, as reported in The Wall Street Journal, plus 1.0%, as permitted under the NASD Rule.
 - (4) Consists of CDSC payments, distribution fee payments and accruals. See "What are the Fund's fees and expenses?" in the Prospectus. This figure may include CDSCs that were deferred when a shareholder redeemed shares prior to the expiration of the applicable CDSC period and invested the proceeds, without the imposition of a sales charge, in Class A shares in conjunction with the shareholder's participation in the Merrill Lynch Mutual Fund Advisor (Merrill Lynch MFA SM) Program (the "MFA Program"). The CDSC is booked as a contingent obligation that may be payable if the shareholder terminates participation in the MFA Program.
 - (5) Provided to illustrate the extent to which the current level of distribution fee payments (not including any CDSC payments) is amortizing the unpaid balance. No assurance can be given that payments of the

distribution fee will reach either the voluntary maximum (with respect to Class B shares) or the NASD maximum (with respect to Class B and Class C shares).

REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Reference is made to "How to Buy, Sell, Transfer and Exchange Shares" in the Prospectus.

The Fund is required to redeem for cash all shares of the Fund upon receipt of a written request in proper form. The redemption price is the net asset value per share next determined after the initial receipt of proper notice of redemption. Except for any CDSC that may be applicable, there will be no charge for redemption if the redemption request is sent directly to the Transfer Agent. Shareholders liquidating their holdings will receive upon redemption all dividends reinvested through the date of redemption.

The right to redeem shares or to receive payment with respect to any such redemption may be suspended for more than seven days only for any period during which trading on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") is restricted as determined by the Commission or the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings), for any period during which an emergency exists as defined by the Commission as a result of which disposal of portfolio securities or determination of the net asset value of the Fund is not reasonably practicable, and for such other periods as the Commission may by order permit for the protection of shareholders of the Fund.

The value of shares at the time of redemption may be more or less than the shareholder's cost, depending in part on the market value of the securities held by the Fund at such time.

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Redemption

A shareholder wishing to redeem shares held with the Transfer Agent may do so without charge by tendering the shares directly to the Transfer Agent at Financial Data Services, Inc., P.O. Box 45289, Jacksonville, Florida 32232-5289. Redemption requests delivered other than by mail should be delivered to Financial Data Services, Inc., 4800 Deer Lake Drive East, Jacksonville, Florida 32246-6484. Proper notice of redemption in the case of shares deposited with the Transfer Agent may be accomplished by a written letter requesting redemption. Proper notice of redemption in the case of shares for which certificates have been issued may be accomplished by a written letter as noted above accompanied by certificates for the shares to be redeemed. Redemption requests should not be sent to the Fund. The redemption request in either event requires the signature(s) of all persons in whose name(s) the shares are registered, signed exactly as such name(s) appear(s) on the Transfer Agent's register. The signature(s) on the redemption requests must be guaranteed by an "eligible guarantor institution" as such is defined in Rule 17Ad-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the existence and validity of which may be verified by the Transfer Agent through the use of industry publications. Notarized signatures are not sufficient. In certain instances, the Transfer Agent may require additional documents such as, but not limited to, trust instruments, death certificates, appointments as executor or administrator, or certificates of corporate authority. For shareholders redeeming directly with the Transfer Agent, payments will be mailed within seven days of receipt of a proper notice of redemption.

At various times the Fund may be requested to redeem shares for which it has not yet received good payment (e.g., cash, Federal funds or certified check drawn on a United States bank). The Fund may delay or cause to be delayed the mailing of a redemption check until such time as it has assured itself that good payment (e.g., cash, Federal funds or certified check drawn on a United States bank) has been collected for the purchase of such Fund shares, which will not usually exceed 10 days.

Repurchase

The Fund also will repurchase Fund shares through a shareholder's listed securities dealer. The Fund normally will accept orders to repurchase Fund shares by wire or telephone from dealers for their customers at the net asset value next computed after the order is placed. Shares will be priced at the net asset value calculated on the day the request is received, provided that the request for repurchase is submitted to the dealer prior to the regular close of business on the NYSE (generally, the NYSE closes at 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) and such request is received by the Fund from such dealer not later than 30 minutes after the close of business on the NYSE on the same day. Dealers have the responsibility of submitting such repurchase requests to the Fund not later than 30 minutes after the close of business on the NYSE, in order to obtain that day's closing price.

The foregoing repurchase arrangements are for the convenience of shareholders and do not involve a charge by the Fund (other than any applicable CDSC). Securities firms that do not have selected dealer agreements with the Distributor, however, may impose a transaction charge on the shareholder for transmitting the notice of repurchase to the Fund. Merrill Lynch may charge its customers a processing fee (presently \$5.35) to confirm a repurchase of shares to such customers. Repurchases made directly through the Transfer Agent on accounts held at the Transfer Agent are not subject to the processing fee. The Fund reserves the right to reject any order for repurchase, which right of rejection might adversely affect shareholders seeking redemption through the repurchase procedure. However, a shareholder whose order for repurchase is rejected by the Fund may redeem Fund shares as set forth above.

Reinstatement Privilege -- Class A and Class D Shares

Shareholders who have redeemed their Class A or Class D shares of the Fund have a privilege to reinstate their accounts by purchasing Class A or Class D shares, as the case may be, of the Fund at net asset value without a sales charge up to the dollar amount redeemed. The reinstatement privilege may be exercised by sending a notice of exercise along with a check for the amount to be reinstated to the Transfer Agent within 30 days after the date the request for redemption was accepted by the Transfer Agent or the Distributor. Alternatively, the reinstatement privilege may be exercised through the investor's Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant within 30 days after the date

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the request for redemption was accepted by the Transfer Agent or the Distributor. The reinstatement will be made at the net asset value per share next determined after the notice of reinstatement is received and cannot exceed the amount of the redemption proceeds.

PRICING OF SHARES

Determination of Net Asset Value

Reference is made to "How Shares are Priced" in the Prospectus.

The net asset value of the shares of all classes of the Fund is determined once daily Monday through Friday as of 15 minutes after the close of business on the NYSE on each day the NYSE is open for trading. The NYSE generally closes at 4:00 p.m., Eastern time. Any assets or liabilities initially expressed in terms of non-U.S. dollar currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the prevailing market rates as quoted by one or more banks or dealers on the day of valuation. The NYSE is not open for trading on New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

Net asset value is computed by dividing the value of the securities held by the Fund plus any cash or other assets (including interest and dividends accrued but not yet received) minus all liabilities (including accrued expenses) by the total number of shares outstanding at such time, rounded to

the nearest cent. Expenses, including the fees payable to the Manager and Distributor are accrued daily.

The per share net asset value of Class B, Class C and Class D shares generally will be lower than the per share net asset value of Class A shares, reflecting the daily expense accruals of the account maintenance, distribution and higher transfer agency fees applicable with respect to Class B and Class C shares, and the daily expense accruals of the account maintenance fees applicable with respect to the Class D shares; moreover, the per share net asset value of the Class B and Class C shares generally will be lower than the per share net asset value of Class D shares reflecting the daily expense accruals of the distribution fees and higher transfer agency fees applicable with respect to Class B and Class C shares of the Fund. It is expected, however, that the per share net asset value of the four classes will tend to converge (although not necessarily meet) immediately after the payment of dividends, which will differ by approximately the amount of the expense accrual differentials between the classes.

Portfolio securities that are traded on stock exchanges are valued at the last sale price (regular way) on the exchange on which such securities are traded as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price for long positions, and at the last available ask price for short positions. In cases where securities are traded on more than one exchange, the securities are valued on the exchange designated by or under the authority of the Directors as the primary market. Long positions in securities traded in the OTC market are valued at the last available bid price in the OTC market prior to the time of valuation. Short positions in securities traded in the OTC market are valued at the last available ask price in the OTC market prior to the time of valuation. Portfolio securities that are traded both in the OTC market and on a stock exchange are valued according to the broadest and most representative market. When the Fund writes an option, the amount of the premium received is recorded on the books of the Fund as an asset and an equivalent liability. The amount of the liability is subsequently valued to reflect the current market value of the option written, based upon the last sale price in the case of exchange-traded options or, in the case of options traded in the OTC market, the last asked price. Options purchased by the Fund are valued at their last sale price in the case of exchange-traded options or, in the case of options traded in the OTC market, the last bid price. Other investments, including financial futures contracts and related options, are stated at market value. Securities and assets for which market quotations are not readily available are stated at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Directors of the Fund. Such valuations and procedures will be reviewed periodically by the Directors.

Generally, trading in non-U.S. securities, as well as U.S. Government securities and money market instruments, is substantially completed each day at various times prior to the close of business on the NYSE. The values of such securities used in computing the net asset value of the Fund's shares are determined as of such

times. Foreign currency exchange rates are also generally determined prior to the close of business on the NYSE. Occasionally, events affecting the values of such securities and such exchange rates may occur between the times at which they are determined and the close of business on the NYSE that may not be reflected in the computation of the Fund's net asset value.

Computation of Offering Price Per Share

An illustration of the computation of the offering price for Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shares of the Fund based on the value of the Fund's net assets and number of shares outstanding on March 31, 1999 is set forth below.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D
---------	---------	---------	---------

<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Net Assets.....	\$41,382,488	\$565,110,880	\$127,461,077	\$115,109,679	
Number of Shares Outstanding.....	3,046,001	41,921,763	9,456,040	8,488,698	
Net Asset Value Per Share (net assets divided by number of shares outstanding)....	\$ 13.59	\$ 13.48	\$ 13.48	\$ 13.56	
Sales Charge (for Class A and Class D shares: 5.25% of offering price; 5.54% of net asset value per share)*75	**	**	.75	
Offering Price.....	\$ 14.34	\$ 13.48	\$ 13.48	\$ 14.31	

</TABLE>

* Rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent; assumes maximum sales charge is applicable.

** Class B and Class C shares are not subject to an initial sales charge but may be subject to a CDSC on redemption of shares. See "Purchase of Shares -- Deferred Sales Charge Alternatives -- Class B and Class C Shares" herein.

PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS

Subject to policies established by the Board of Directors of the Fund, the Manager is primarily responsible for the execution of the Fund's portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage. The Fund has no obligation to deal with any broker or group of brokers in the execution of transactions in portfolio securities and does not use any particular broker or dealer. In executing transactions with brokers and dealers, the Manager seeks to obtain the best net results for the Fund, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk in positioning a block of securities. While the Manager generally seeks reasonably competitive commission rates, the Fund does not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. In addition, consistent with the Conduct Rules of the NASD and policies established by the Board of Directors of the Fund, the Manager may consider sales of shares of the Fund as a factor in the selection of brokers or dealers to execute portfolio transactions for the Fund; however, whether or not a particular broker or dealer sells shares of the Fund neither qualifies nor disqualifies such broker or dealer to execute transactions for the Fund. It is expected that the majority of the shares of the Fund will be sold by Merrill Lynch.

Subject to obtaining the best price and execution, brokers who provide supplemental investment research services to the Manager may receive orders for transactions by the Fund. Such supplemental research services ordinarily consist of assessments and analyses of the business or prospects of a company, industry or economic sector. Information so received will be in addition to and not in lieu of the services required to be performed by the Manager under the Management Agreement, and the expenses of the Manager will not necessarily be reduced as a result of the receipt of such supplemental information. If in the judgment of the Manager the Fund will benefit from supplemental research services, the Manager is authorized to pay brokerage commissions to a broker furnishing such services that are in excess of commissions that another broker may have charged for effecting the same transaction. Certain supplemental research services may primarily benefit one or more other investment companies or other accounts for which the Manager exercises investment discretion. Conversely, the Fund may be the primary beneficiary of the supplemental research services received as a result of portfolio transactions effected for such other accounts or investment companies.

The Fund anticipates that its brokerage transactions involving securities of issuers domiciled in countries other than the United States generally will be conducted primarily on the principal stock exchanges of such countries. Brokerage commissions and other transaction costs on foreign stock exchange transactions generally are higher than in the United States, although the Fund will endeavor to achieve the best net results in effecting its portfolio transactions. There generally is less government supervision and regulation of foreign stock exchanges and brokers than in the United States. The Fund's ability and decisions to purchase and sell portfolio securities may be affected by foreign laws and regulations relating to the convertibility and repatriation of assets.

Foreign equity securities may be held by the Fund in the form of ADRs, EDRs, GDRs or other securities convertible into foreign equity securities. ADRs, EDRs and GDRs may be listed on stock exchanges, or traded in over-the-counter markets in the United States or Europe, as the case may be. ADRs, like other securities traded in the United States, will be subject to negotiated commission rates. The Fund's ability and decisions to purchase or sell portfolio securities of foreign issuers may be affected by laws or regulations relating to the convertibility and repatriation of assets. Because the shares of the Fund are redeemable on a daily basis in United States dollars, the Fund intends to manage its portfolio so as to give reasonable assurance that it will be able to obtain United States dollars to the extent necessary to meet anticipated redemptions. Under present conditions, it is not believed that these considerations will have any significant effect on its portfolio strategy.

Information about the brokerage commissions paid by the Fund, including commissions paid to Merrill Lynch, is set forth in the following table:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Period -----	Aggregate Brokerage Commissions Paid	Commissions Paid to Merrill Lynch
-----	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999.....	\$762,368	\$74,762

</TABLE>

For the period June 26, 1998 (commencement of operations) to March 31, 1999, the brokerage commissions paid to Merrill Lynch represented 9.81% of the aggregate brokerage commissions paid and involved 7.89% of the Fund's dollar amount of transactions involving payment of brokerage commissions.

The Fund may invest in certain securities traded in the OTC market and intends to deal directly with the dealers who make a market in securities involved, except in those circumstances in which better prices and execution are available elsewhere. Under the Investment Company Act, persons affiliated with the Fund and persons who are affiliated with such affiliated persons are prohibited from dealing with the Fund as principal in the purchase and sale of securities unless a permissive order allowing such transactions is obtained from the Commission. Since transactions in the OTC market usually involve transactions with the dealers acting as principal for their own accounts, the Fund will not deal with affiliated persons, including Merrill Lynch and its affiliates, in connection with such transactions. However, an affiliated person of the Fund may serve as its broker in OTC transactions conducted on an agency basis provided that, among other things, the fee or commission received by such affiliated broker is reasonable and fair compared to the fee or commission received by non-affiliated brokers in connection with comparable transactions. In addition, the Fund may not purchase securities during the existence of any underwriting syndicate for such securities of which Merrill Lynch is a member or in a private placement in which Merrill Lynch serves as placement agent except pursuant to procedures approved by the Board of Directors of the Fund that either comply with rules adopted by the Commission

or with interpretations of the Commission staff. See "Investment Objective and Policies--Investment Restrictions."

Section 11(a) of the Exchange Act generally prohibits members of the United States national securities exchanges from executing exchange transactions for their affiliates and institutional accounts that they manage unless the member (i) has obtained prior express authorization from the account to effect such transactions, (ii) at least annually furnishes the account with the aggregate compensation received by the member in effecting such transactions, and (iii) complies with any rules the Commission has prescribed with respect to the requirements of clauses (i) and (ii). To the extent Section 11(a) would apply to Merrill Lynch acting as a broker for the Fund in any of its portfolio transactions executed on any such securities exchange of which it is a member, appropriate consents have been obtained from the Fund and annual statements as to aggregate compensation will be provided to the Fund.

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The Board of Directors of the Fund has considered the possibility of seeking to recapture for the benefit of the Fund brokerage commissions and other expenses of possible portfolio transactions by conducting portfolio transactions through affiliated entities. For example, brokerage commissions received by affiliated brokers could be offset against the advisory fee paid by the Fund to the Manager. After considering all factors deemed relevant, the Board of Directors made a determination not to seek such recapture. The Board will reconsider this matter from time to time.

Because of different objectives or other factors, a particular security may be bought for one or more clients of the Manager or an affiliate when one or more clients of the Manager or an affiliate are selling the same security. If purchases or sales of securities arise for consideration at or about the same time that would involve the Fund or other clients or funds for which the Manager or an affiliate acts as manager transactions in such securities will be made, insofar as feasible, for the respective funds and clients in a manner deemed equitable to all. To the extent that transactions on behalf of more than one client of the Manager or an affiliate during the same period may increase the demand for securities being purchased or the supply of securities being sold, there may be an adverse effect on price.

SHAREHOLDER SERVICES

The Fund offers a number of shareholder services and investment plans described below that are designed to facilitate investment in shares of the Fund. Full details as to each of such services, copies of the various plans and instructions as to how to participate in the various services or plans, or how to change options with respect thereto, can be obtained from the Fund, by calling the telephone number on the cover page hereof, or from the Distributor or Merrill Lynch. Certain of these services are available only to U.S. investors.

Investment Account

Each shareholder whose account is maintained at the Transfer Agent has an Investment Account and will receive statements, at least quarterly, from the Transfer Agent. These statements will serve as transaction confirmations for automatic investment purchases and the reinvestment of dividends. The statements will also show any other activity in the account since the preceding statement. Shareholders will also receive separate confirmations for each purchase or sale transaction other than automatic investment purchases and the reinvestment of dividends. A shareholder with an account held at the Transfer Agent may make additions to his or her Investment Account at any time by mailing a check directly to the Transfer Agent. A shareholder may also maintain an account through Merrill Lynch. Upon the transfer of shares out of a Merrill Lynch brokerage account, an Investment Account in the transferring shareholder's name may be opened automatically at the Transfer Agent.

Share certificates are issued only for full shares and only upon the specific request of a shareholder who has an Investment Account. Issuance of

certificates representing all or only part of the full shares in an Investment Account may be requested by a shareholder directly from the Transfer Agent.

Shareholders may transfer their Fund shares from Merrill Lynch to another securities dealer that has entered into a selected dealer agreement with Merrill Lynch. Certain shareholder services may not be available for the transferred shares. After the transfer, the shareholder may purchase additional shares of funds owned before the transfer and all future trading of these assets must be coordinated by the new firm. If a shareholder wishes to transfer his or her shares to a securities dealer that has not entered into a selected dealer agreement with Merrill Lynch, the shareholder must either (i) redeem his or her shares, paying any applicable CDSC or (ii) continue to maintain an Investment Account at the Transfer Agent for those shares. The shareholder may also request the new securities dealer to maintain the shares in an account at the Transfer Agent registered in the name of the securities dealer for the benefit of the shareholder whether the securities dealer has entered into a selected dealer agreement or not.

Shareholders considering transferring a tax-deferred retirement account, such as an individual retirement account, from Merrill Lynch to another securities dealer should be aware that, if the firm to which the retirement account is to be transferred will not take delivery of shares of the Fund, a shareholder must either redeem the

shares, paying any applicable CDSC, so that the cash proceeds can be transferred to the account at the new firm, or such shareholder must continue to maintain a retirement account at Merrill Lynch for those shares.

Exchange Privilege

U.S. shareholders of each class of shares of the Fund have an exchange privilege with certain other Select Pricing Funds and Summit Cash Reserves Fund ("Summit"), a series of Financial Institutions Series Trust, which is a Merrill Lynch-sponsored money market fund specifically designated for exchange by holders of Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shares of Select Pricing Funds. Shares with a net asset value of at least \$100 are required to qualify for the exchange privilege and any shares utilized in an exchange must have been held by the shareholder for at least 15 days. Before effecting an exchange, shareholders should obtain a currently effective prospectus of the fund into which the exchange is to be made. Exercise of the exchange privilege is treated as a sale of the exchanged shares and a purchase of the acquired shares for Federal income tax purposes.

Exchanges of Class A and Class D Shares. Class A shareholders may exchange Class A shares of the Fund for Class A shares of a second Select Pricing Fund if the shareholder holds any Class A shares of the second fund in the account in which the exchange is made at the time of the exchange or is otherwise eligible to purchase Class A shares of the second fund. If the Class A shareholder wants to exchange Class A shares for shares of a second Select Pricing Fund, but does not hold Class A shares of the second fund in his or her account at the time of the exchange and is not otherwise eligible to acquire Class A shares of the second fund, the shareholder will receive Class D shares of the second fund as a result of the exchange. Class D shares also may be exchanged for Class A shares of a second Select Pricing Fund at any time as long as, at the time of the exchange, the shareholder holds Class A shares of the second fund in the account in which the exchange is made or is otherwise eligible to purchase Class A shares of the second fund. Class D shares are exchangeable with shares of the same class of other Select Pricing Funds.

Exchanges of Class A or Class D shares outstanding ("outstanding Class A or Class D shares") for Class A or Class D shares of other Select Pricing Funds or for Class A shares of Summit, ("new Class A or Class D shares") are transacted on the basis of relative net asset value per Class A or Class D share, respectively, plus an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the sales charge previously paid on the outstanding Class A or Class D shares

and the sales charge payable at the time of the exchange on the new Class A or Class D shares. With respect to outstanding Class A or Class D shares as to which previous exchanges have taken place, the "sales charge previously paid" shall include the aggregate of the sales charges paid with respect to such Class A or Class D shares in the initial purchase and any subsequent exchange. Class A or Class D shares issued pursuant to dividend reinvestment are sold on a no-load basis in each of the funds offering Class A or Class D shares. For purposes of the exchange privilege, Class A or Class D shares acquired through dividend reinvestment shall be deemed to have been sold with a sales charge equal to the sales charge previously paid on the Class A or Class D shares on which the dividend was paid. Based on this formula, Class A and Class D shares generally may be exchanged into the Class A or Class D shares, respectively, of the other funds with a reduced sales charge or without a sales charge.

Exchanges of Class B and Class C Shares. Certain Select Pricing Funds with Class B or Class C shares outstanding ("outstanding Class B or Class C shares") offer to exchange their Class B or Class C shares for Class B or Class C shares, respectively, of certain other Select Pricing Funds or for Class B shares of Summit ("new Class B or Class C shares") on the basis of relative net asset value per Class B or Class C share, without the payment of any CDSC that might otherwise be due on redemption of the outstanding shares. Class B shareholders of the Fund exercising the exchange privilege will continue to be subject to the Fund's CDSC schedule if such schedule is higher than the CDSC schedule relating to the new Class B shares acquired through use of the exchange privilege. In addition, Class B shares of the Fund acquired through use of the exchange privilege will be subject to the Fund's CDSC schedule if such schedule is higher than the CDSC schedule relating to the Class B shares of the fund from which the exchange has been made. For purposes of computing the CDSC that may be payable on a disposition of the new Class B or Class C shares, the holding period for the outstanding Class B or Class C shares is "tacked" to the holding period of the new Class B or Class C shares. For example, an investor may exchange Class B shares of the Fund for those of Merrill Lynch Special Value Fund, Inc. ("Special Value

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Fund") after having held the Fund's Class B shares for two and a half years. The 2% CDSC that generally would apply to a redemption would not apply to the exchange. Three years later the investor may decide to redeem the Class B shares of Special Value Fund and receive cash. There will be no CDSC due on this redemption, since by "tacking" the two and a half year holding period of Fund Class B shares to the three-year holding period for the Special Value Fund Class B shares, the investor will be deemed to have held the Special Value Fund Class B shares for more than five years.

Exchanges for Shares of a Money Market Fund. Class A and Class D shares are exchangeable for Class A shares of Summit and Class B and Class C shares are exchangeable for Class B shares of Summit. Class A shares of Summit have an exchange privilege back into Class A or Class D shares of Select Pricing Funds; Class B shares of Summit have an exchange privilege back into Class B or Class C shares of Select Pricing Funds and, in the event of such an exchange, the period of time that Class B shares of Summit are held will count toward satisfaction of the holding period requirement for purposes of reducing any CDSC and toward satisfaction of any Conversion Period with respect to Class B shares. Class B shares of Summit will be subject to a distribution fee at an annual rate of 0.75% of average daily net assets of such Class B shares. This exchange privilege does not apply with respect to certain Merrill Lynch fee-based programs for which alternative exchange arrangements may exist. Please see your Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant for further information.

Prior to October 12, 1998, exchanges from the Fund and other Select Pricing Funds into a money market fund were directed to certain Merrill Lynch-sponsored money market funds other than Summit. Shareholders who exchanged Select Pricing Fund shares for shares of such other money market funds and subsequently wish to exchange those money market fund shares for shares of the Fund will be subject to the CDSC schedule applicable to such Fund shares, if any. The holding period for the money market fund shares will not count toward satisfaction of the holding period requirement for reduction of the CDSC

imposed on such shares, if any, and, with respect to Class B shares, toward satisfaction of the Conversion Period.

Exchanges by Participants in the MFA Program. The exchange privilege is modified with respect to certain retirement plans which participate in the MFA Program. Such retirement plans may exchange Class B, Class C or Class D shares that have been held for at least one year for Class A shares of the same fund on the basis of relative net asset values in connection with the commencement of participation in the MFA Program, i.e., no CDSC will apply. The one year holding period does not apply to shares acquired through reinvestment of dividends. Upon termination of participation in the MFA Program, Class A shares will be re-exchanged for the class of shares originally held. For purposes of computing any CDSC that may be payable upon redemption of Class B or Class C shares so reacquired, or the Conversion Period for Class B shares so reacquired, the holding period for the Class A shares will be "tacked" to the holding period for the Class B or Class C shares originally held. The Fund's exchange privilege is also modified with respect to purchases of Class A and Class D shares by non-retirement plan investors under the MFA Program. First, the initial allocation of assets is made under the MFA Program. Then, any subsequent exchange under the MFA Program of Class A or Class D shares of a Select Pricing Fund for Class A or Class D shares of the Fund will be made solely on the basis of the relative net asset values of the shares being exchanged. Therefore, there will not be a charge for any difference between the sales charge previously paid on the shares of the other Select Pricing Fund and the sales charge payable on the shares of the Fund being acquired in the exchange under the MFA Program.

Exercise of the Exchange Privilege. To exercise the exchange privilege, a shareholder should contact his or her Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant, who will advise the Fund of the exchange. Shareholders of the Fund, and shareholders of the other Select Pricing Funds with shares for which certificates have not been issued, may exercise the exchange privilege by wire through their securities dealers. The Fund reserves the right to require a properly completed Exchange Application. This exchange privilege may be modified or terminated in accordance with the rules of the Commission. The Fund reserves the right to limit the number of times an investor may exercise the exchange privilege. Certain funds may suspend the continuous offering of their shares to the general public at any time and may thereafter resume such offering from time to time. The exchange privilege is available only to U.S. shareholders in states where the exchange legally may be made. It is contemplated that the exchange privilege may be applicable to other new mutual funds whose shares may be distributed by the Distributor.

Fee-Based Programs

Certain Merrill Lynch fee-based programs, including pricing alternatives for securities transactions (each referred to in this paragraph as a "Program"), may permit the purchase of Class A shares at net asset value. Under specified circumstances, participants in certain Programs may deposit other classes of shares which will be exchanged for Class A shares. Initial or deferred sales charges otherwise due in connection with such exchanges may be waived or modified, as may the Conversion Period applicable to the deposited shares. Termination of participation in a Program may result in the redemption of shares held therein or the automatic exchange thereof to another class at net asset value, which may be shares of a money market fund. In addition, upon termination of participation in a Program, shares that have been held for less than specified periods within such Program may be subject to a fee based upon the current value of such shares. These Programs also generally prohibit such shares from being transferred to another account at Merrill Lynch, to another broker-dealer or to the Transfer Agent. Except in limited circumstances (which may also involve an exchange as described above), such shares must be redeemed and another class of shares purchased (which may involve the imposition of initial or deferred sales charges and distribution and account maintenance fees) in order for the investment not to be subject to Program fees. Additional information regarding a specific Program (including charges and limitations on transferability applicable to shares that may be held in such

Program) is available in such Program's client agreement and from the Transfer Agent at 1-800-MER-FUND (1-(800)-637-3863).

Retirement and Education Savings Plans

Individual retirement accounts and other retirement and education savings plans are available from Merrill Lynch. Under these plans, investments may be made in the Fund and certain of the other mutual funds sponsored by Merrill Lynch as well as in other securities. Merrill Lynch may charge an initial establishment fee and an annual fee for each account. Information with respect to these plans is available on request from Merrill Lynch.

Capital gains and ordinary income received in each of the plans referred to above are exempt from Federal taxation until distributed from the plans. Different tax rules apply to Roth IRA plans and education savings plans. Investors considering participation in any retirement or education savings plan should review specific tax laws relating thereto and should consult their attorneys or tax advisers with respect to the establishment and maintenance of any such plan.

Automatic Investment Plans

A shareholder may make additions to an Investment Account at any time by purchasing Class A shares (if he or she is an eligible Class A investor) or Class B, Class C or Class D shares at the applicable public offering price. These purchases may be made either through the shareholder's securities dealer, or by mail directly to the Transfer Agent, acting as agent for such securities dealer. Voluntary accumulation also can be made through a service known as the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan. The Fund would be authorized, on a regular basis, to provide systematic additions to the Investment Account of such shareholder through charges of \$50 or more to the regular bank account of the shareholder by either pre-authorized checks or automated clearing house debits. Alternatively, an investor that maintains a CMA(R) or CBA(R) account may arrange to have periodic investments made in the Fund in amounts of \$100 (\$1 for retirement accounts) or more through the CMA(R) or CBA(R) Automated Investment Program.

Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Unless specific instructions are given as to the method of payment, dividends will be automatically reinvested, without sales charge, in additional full and fractional shares of the Fund. Such reinvestment will be at the net asset value of shares of the Fund as of the close of business on the NYSE on the monthly payment date for such dividends. No CDSC will be imposed upon redemption of shares issued as a result of the automatic reinvestment of dividends.

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Shareholders may, at any time, by written notification to Merrill Lynch if their account is maintained with Merrill Lynch, or by written notification or by telephone (1-800-MER-FUND) to the Transfer Agent, if their account is maintained with the Transfer Agent elect to have subsequent dividends paid in cash, rather than reinvested in shares of the Fund or vice versa (provided that, in the event that a payment on an account maintained at the Transfer Agent would amount to \$10.00 or less, a shareholder will not receive such payment in cash and such payment will automatically be reinvested in additional shares). Commencing ten days after the receipt by the Transfer Agent of such notice, those instructions will be effected. The Fund is not responsible for any failure of delivery to the shareholder's address of record and no interest will accrue on amounts represented by uncashed dividend checks. Cash payments can also be directly deposited to the shareholder's bank account.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan

A shareholder may elect to receive systematic withdrawals from his or her Investment Account by check or through automatic payment by direct deposit to

his or her bank account on either a monthly or quarterly basis as provided below. Quarterly withdrawals are available for shareholders that have acquired shares of the Fund having a value, based on cost or the current offering price, of \$5,000 or more, and monthly withdrawals are available for shareholders with shares having a value of \$10,000 or more.

At the time of each withdrawal payment, sufficient shares are redeemed from those on deposit in the shareholder's account to provide the withdrawal payment specified by the shareholder. The shareholder may specify the dollar amount and the class of shares to be redeemed. Redemptions will be made at net asset value as determined after the close of business on the NYSE (generally, the NYSE closes at 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) on the 24th day of each month or the 24th day of the last month of each quarter, whichever is applicable. If the NYSE is not open for business on such date, the shares will be redeemed at the close of business on the following business day. The check for the withdrawal payment will be made, on the next business day following redemption. When a shareholder is making systematic withdrawals, dividends on all shares in the Investment Account are reinvested automatically in Fund shares. A shareholder's Systematic Withdrawal Plan may be terminated at any time, without charge or penalty, by the shareholder, the Fund, the Transfer Agent or the Distributor.

With respect to redemptions of Class B or Class C shares pursuant to a systematic withdrawal plan, the maximum number of Class B or Class C shares that can be redeemed from an account annually shall not exceed 10% of the value of shares of such class in that account at the time the election to join the systematic withdrawal plan was made. Any CDSC that otherwise might be due on such redemption of Class B or Class C shares will be waived. Shares redeemed pursuant to a systematic withdrawal plan will be redeemed in the same order as Class B or Class C shares are otherwise redeemed. See "Purchase of Shares -- Deferred Sales Charge Alternatives -- Class B and Class C Shares." Where the systematic withdrawal plan is applied to Class B shares, upon conversion of the last Class B shares in an account to Class D shares, the systematic withdrawal plan will be applied thereafter to Class D shares if the shareholder so elects. If an investor wishes to change the amount being withdrawn in a systematic withdrawal plan the investor should contact his or her Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant.

Withdrawal payments should not be considered as dividends. Each withdrawal is a taxable event. If periodic withdrawals continuously exceed reinvested dividends, the shareholder's original investment may be reduced correspondingly. Purchases of additional shares concurrent with withdrawals are ordinarily disadvantageous to the shareholder because of sales charges and tax liabilities. The Fund will not knowingly accept purchase orders for shares of the Fund from investors that maintain a Systematic Withdrawal Plan unless such purchase is equal to at least one year's scheduled withdrawals or \$1,200, whichever is greater. Automatic investments may not be made into an Investment Account in which the shareholder has elected to make systematic withdrawals.

Alternatively, a shareholder whose shares are held within a CMA(R) or CBA(R) Account may elect to have shares redeemed on a monthly, bimonthly, quarterly, semiannual or annual basis through the CMA(R) or CBA(R) Systematic Redemption Program. The minimum fixed dollar amount redeemable is \$50. The proceeds of systematic redemptions will be posted to the shareholder's account three business days after the date the shares are redeemed. All redemptions are made at net asset value. A shareholder may elect to have his or her shares redeemed on the first, second, third or fourth Monday of each month, in the case of monthly redemptions, or of

every other month, in the case of bimonthly redemptions. For quarterly, semiannual or annual redemptions, the shareholder may select the month in which the shares are to be redeemed and may designate whether the redemption is to be made on the first, second, third or fourth Monday of the month. If the Monday selected is not a business day, the redemption will be processed at net asset value on the next business day. The CMA(R) or CBA(R) Systematic Redemption Program is not available if Fund shares are being purchased within

the account pursuant to the Automated Investment Program. For more information on the CMA(R) or CBA(R) Systematic Redemption Program, eligible shareholders should contact their Merrill Lynch Financial Consultant.

DIVIDENDS AND TAXES

Dividends

The Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income, if any. Dividends from such net investment income will be paid at least annually. All net realized capital gains, if any, will be distributed to the Fund's shareholders at least annually. From time to time, the Fund may declare a special distribution at or about the end of the calendar year in order to comply with Federal tax requirements that certain percentages of its ordinary income and capital gains be distributed during the year. If in any fiscal year, the Fund has net income from certain foreign currency transactions, such income will be distributed at least annually.

See "Shareholder Services--Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for information concerning the manner in which dividends may be reinvested automatically in shares of the Fund. A shareholder whose account is maintained at the Transfer Agent or whose account is maintained through Merrill Lynch may elect in writing to receive any such dividends in cash. Dividends are taxable to shareholders, as discussed below, whether they are reinvested in shares of the Fund or received in cash. The per share dividends on Class B and Class C shares will be lower than the per share dividends on Class A and Class D shares as a result of the account maintenance, distribution and higher transfer agency fees applicable with respect to the Class B and Class C shares; similarly, the per share dividends on Class D shares will be lower than the per share dividends on Class A shares as a result of the account maintenance fees applicable with respect to the Class D shares. See "Pricing of Shares--Determination of Net Asset Value."

Taxes

The Fund intends to continue to qualify for the special tax treatment afforded regulated investment companies ("RICs") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As long as it so qualifies, the Fund (but not its shareholders) will not be subject to Federal income tax on the part of its net ordinary income and net realized capital gains that it distributes to Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shareholders (together, the "shareholders"). The Fund intends to distribute substantially all of such income.

Dividends paid by the Fund from its ordinary income or from an excess of net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses (together referred to hereafter as "ordinary income dividends") are taxable to shareholders as ordinary income. Distributions made from an excess of net long-term capital gains over net short-term capital losses (including gains or losses from certain transactions in warrants, futures and options) ("capital gain dividends") are taxable to shareholders as long-term capital gains, regardless of the length of time the shareholder has owned Fund shares. Any loss upon the sale or exchange of Fund shares held for six months or less will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends received by the shareholder. Distributions in excess of the Fund's earnings and profits will first reduce the adjusted tax basis of a holder's shares and, after such adjusted tax basis is reduced to zero, will constitute capital gains to such holder (assuming the shares are held as a capital asset). Certain categories of capital gains are taxable at different rates. Generally not later than 60 days after the close of its taxable year, the Fund will provide its shareholders with a written notice designating the amount of any capital gain dividends as well as any amount of capital gain dividends in the different categories of capital gain referred to above.

Dividends are taxable to shareholders even though they are reinvested in additional shares of the Fund. A portion of the Fund's ordinary income dividends may be eligible for the dividends received deduction allowed to corporations under the Code, if certain requirements are met. For this purpose, the Fund will allocate dividends

eligible for the dividends received deduction among the Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shareholders according to a method (which it believes is consistent with the Commission rule permitting the issuance and sale of multiple classes of stock) that is based on the gross income allocable to Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shareholders during the taxable year, or such other method as the Internal Revenue Service may prescribe. If the Fund pays a dividend in January that was declared in the previous October, November or December to shareholders of record on a specified date in one of such months, then such dividend will be treated for tax purposes as being paid by the Fund and received by its shareholders on December 31 of the year in which such dividend was declared.

Ordinary income dividends paid to shareholders who are nonresident aliens or foreign entities will be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax under existing provisions of the Code applicable to foreign individuals and entities unless a reduced rate of withholding or a withholding exemption is provided under applicable treaty law. Nonresident shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisers concerning the applicability of the U.S. withholding tax.

Under certain provisions of the Code, some shareholders may be subject to a 31% withholding tax on ordinary income dividends, capital gain dividends and redemption payments ("backup withholding"). Generally, shareholders subject to backup withholding will be those for whom no certified taxpayer identification number is on file with the Fund or who, to the Fund's knowledge, have furnished an incorrect number. When establishing an account, an investor must certify under penalty of perjury that such number is correct and that such investor is not otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Dividends and interest received by the Fund may give rise to withholding and other taxes imposed by foreign countries. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States may reduce or eliminate such taxes. Shareholders may be able to claim United States foreign tax credits with respect to such taxes, subject to certain conditions and limitations contained in the Code. For example, certain retirement accounts cannot claim foreign tax credits on investments in foreign securities held in the Fund. In addition, recent legislation permits a foreign tax credit to be claimed with respect to withholding tax on a dividend only if the shareholder meets certain holding period requirements. The Fund also must meet these holding period requirements, and if the Fund fails to do so, it will not be able to "pass through" to shareholders the ability to claim a credit or a deduction for the related foreign taxes paid by the Fund. If the Fund satisfies the holding period requirements and if more than 50% in the value of its total assets at the close of its taxable year consists of securities of foreign corporations, the Fund will be eligible, and intends, to file an election with the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to which shareholders of the Fund will be required to include their proportionate shares of such withholding taxes in their United States income tax returns as gross income, treat such proportionate shares as taxes paid by them, and deduct such proportionate shares in computing their taxable incomes or, alternatively, use them as foreign tax credits against their United States income taxes. No deductions for foreign taxes, moreover, may be claimed by noncorporate shareholders who do not itemize deductions. A shareholder that is a nonresident alien individual or a foreign corporation may be subject to United States withholding tax on the income resulting from the Fund's election described in this paragraph but may not be able to claim a credit or deduction against such United States tax for the foreign taxes treated as having been paid by such shareholder. The Fund will report annually to its shareholders the amount per share of such withholding taxes and other information needed to claim the foreign tax credit. For this purpose, the Fund will allocate foreign source income among the Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shareholders according to a method similar to that described above for the allocation of dividends eligible for the dividends received deduction.

No gain or loss will be recognized by Class B shareholders on the conversion of their Class B shares into Class D shares. A shareholder's basis in the Class D shares acquired will be the same as such shareholder's basis in the

Class B shares converted, and the holding period of the acquired Class D shares will include the holding period for the converted Class B shares.

If a shareholder exercises an exchange privilege within 90 days of acquiring the shares, then the loss the shareholder can recognize on the exchange will be reduced (or the gain increased) to the extent any sales charge paid to the Fund on the exchanged shares reduces any sales charge the shareholder would have owed upon the purchase of the new shares in the absence of the exchange privilege. Instead, such sales charge will be treated as an amount paid for the new shares.

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A loss realized on a sale or exchange of shares of the Fund will be disallowed if other Fund shares are acquired (whether through the automatic reinvestment of dividends or otherwise) within a 61-day period beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the date that the shares are disposed of. In such a case, the basis of the shares acquired will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss.

The Code requires a RIC to pay a nondeductible 4% excise tax to the extent the RIC does not distribute, during each calendar year, 98% of its ordinary income, determined on a calendar year basis, and 98% of its capital gains, determined, in general, on an October 31 year end, plus certain undistributed amounts from previous years. While the Fund intends to distribute its income and capital gains in the manner necessary to minimize imposition of the 4% excise tax, there can be no assurance that sufficient amounts of the Fund's taxable income and capital gains will be distributed to avoid entirely the imposition of the tax. In such event, the Fund will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which it does not meet the foregoing distribution requirements.

Tax Treatment of Options, Futures and Forward Foreign Exchange Transactions

The Fund may write, purchase or sell options, futures and forward foreign exchange contracts. Options and futures contracts that are "Section 1256 contracts" will be "marked to market" for Federal income tax purposes at the end of each taxable year, i.e., each such option or futures contract will be treated as sold for its fair market value on the last day of the taxable year. Unless such contract is a forward foreign exchange contract, or is a non-equity option or a regulated futures contract for a non-U.S. currency for which the Fund elects to have gain or loss treated as ordinary gain or loss under Code Section 988 (as described below), gain or loss from Section 1256 contracts will be 60% long-term and 40% short-term capital gain or loss. Application of these rules to Section 1256 contracts held by the Fund may alter the timing and character of distributions to shareholders. The mark-to-market rules outlined above, however, will not apply to certain transactions entered into by the Fund solely to reduce the risk of changes in price or interest or currency exchange rates with respect to its investments.

A forward foreign exchange contract that is a Section 1256 contract will be marked to market, as described above. However, the character of gain or loss from such a contract will generally be ordinary under Code Section 988. The Fund may, nonetheless, elect to treat the gain or loss from certain forward foreign exchange contracts as capital. In this case, gain or loss realized in connection with a forward foreign exchange contract that is a Section 1256 contract will be characterized as 60% long-term and 40% short-term capital gain or loss.

Code Section 1092, which applies to certain "straddles," may affect the taxation of the Fund's sales of securities and transactions in options, futures and forward foreign exchange contracts. Under Section 1092, the Fund may be required to postpone recognition for tax purposes of losses incurred in certain sales of securities and certain closing transactions in options, futures and forward foreign exchange contracts.

Special Rules for Certain Foreign Currency Transactions

In general, gains from "foreign currencies" and from foreign currency options, foreign currency futures and forward foreign exchange contracts relating to investments in stocks, securities or foreign currencies will be qualifying income for purposes of determining whether the Fund qualifies as a RIC. It is currently unclear, however, who will be treated as the issuer of a foreign currency instrument or how foreign currency options, futures, or forward foreign exchange contracts will be valued for purposes of the RIC diversification requirements applicable to the Fund.

Under Code Section 988, special rules are provided for certain transactions in a foreign currency other than the taxpayer's functional currency (i.e., unless certain special rules apply, currencies other than the U.S. dollar). In general, foreign currency gains or losses from certain debt instruments, from certain forward contracts, from futures contracts that are not "regulated futures contracts" and from unlisted options will be treated as ordinary income or loss under Code Section 988. In certain circumstances, the Fund may elect capital gain or loss treatment for such transactions. Regulated futures contracts, as described above, will be taxed under Code Section 1256 unless application of Section 988 is elected by the Fund. In general, however, Code Section 988 gains or losses will increase or decrease the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income available to be distributed

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to shareholders as ordinary income. Additionally, if Code Section 988 losses exceed other investment company taxable income during a taxable year, the Fund would not be able to make any ordinary income dividend distributions, and all or a portion of distributions made before the losses were realized but in the same taxable year would be recharacterized as a return of capital to shareholders, thereby reducing the basis of each shareholder's Fund shares and resulting in a capital gain for any shareholder who received a distribution greater than such shareholder's basis in Fund shares (assuming the shares were held as a capital asset). These rules and the mark-to-market rules described above, however, will not apply to certain transactions entered into by the Fund solely to reduce the risk of currency fluctuations with respect to its investments.

The foregoing is a general and abbreviated summary of the applicable provisions of the Code and Treasury regulations presently in effect. For the complete provisions, reference should be made to the pertinent Code sections and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. The Code and the Treasury regulations are subject to change by legislative, judicial or administrative action either prospectively or retroactively.

Ordinary income and capital gain dividends may also be subject to state and local taxes.

Certain states exempt from state income taxation dividends paid by RICs that are derived from interest on U.S. Government obligations. State law varies as to whether dividend income attributable to U.S. Government obligations is exempt from state income tax.

Shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisers regarding specific questions as to Federal, foreign, state or local taxes. Foreign investors should consider applicable foreign taxes in their evaluation of an investment in the Fund.

PERFORMANCE DATA

From time to time the Fund may include its average annual total return and other total return data in advertisements or information furnished to present or prospective shareholders. Total return figures are based on the Fund's historical performance and are not intended to indicate future performance. Average annual total return is determined separately for Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shares in accordance with formulas specified by the Commission.

Average annual total return quotations for the specified periods are

computed by finding the average annual compounded rates of return (based on net investment income and any realized and unrealized capital gains or losses on portfolio investments over such periods) that would equate the initial amount invested to the redeemable value of such investment at the end of each period. Average annual total return is computed assuming all dividends and distributions are reinvested and taking into account all applicable recurring and nonrecurring expenses, including the maximum sales charge in the case of Class A and Class D shares and the CDSC that would be applicable to a complete redemption of the investment at the end of the specified period as in the case of Class B and Class C shares and the maximum sales charge in the case of Class A and D shares. Dividends paid by the Fund with respect to all shares, to the extent any dividends are paid, will be calculated in the same manner at the same time on the same day and will be in the same amount, except that account maintenance and distribution charges and any incremental transfer agency costs relating to each class of shares will be borne exclusively by that class. The Fund will include performance data for all classes of shares of the Fund in any advertisement or information including performance data of the Fund.

The Fund also may quote annual, average annual and annualized total return and aggregate total return performance data, both as a percentage and as a dollar amount based on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment, for various periods other than those noted below. Such data will be computed as described above, except that (1) as required by the periods of the quotations, actual annual, annualized or aggregate data, rather than average annual data, may be quoted and (2) the maximum applicable sales charges will not be included with respect to annual or annualized rates of return calculations. Aside from the impact on the performance data calculations of including or excluding the maximum applicable sales charges, actual annual or annualized total return data generally will be lower than average annual total return data since the average rates of return reflect compounding of return; aggregate total return data generally will be higher than average annual total return data since the aggregate rates

of return reflect compounding over a longer period of time. In advertisements distributed to investors whose purchases are subject to waiver of the CDSC in the case of Class B and Class C shares (such as investors in certain retirement plans) or to reduced sales loads in the case of Class A and Class D shares, the performance data may take into account the reduced, and not the maximum, sales charge or may not take into account the CDSC and therefore may reflect greater total return since, due to the reduced sales charges or waiver of the CDSC, a lower amount of expenses is deducted. See "Purchase of Shares." The Fund's total return may be expressed either as a percentage or as a dollar amount in order to illustrate such total return on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment in the Fund at the beginning of each specified period.

Set forth below is total return information for the Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D shares of the Fund for the periods indicated.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Period	Class A Shares		Class B Shares	
	Expressed as a percentage based on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment	Redeemable value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment at the end of the period	Expressed as a percentage based on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment	Redeemable value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment at the end of the period
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Average Annual Total Return (including maximum applicable sales charges)				
Inception (June 26, 1998) to March 31, 1999.....	39.37%	\$1,287.70	42.27%	\$1,308.00
Annual Total Return				

(excluding maximum applicable sales charges)

Inception (June 26, 1998) to March 31, 1999.....	35.90%	\$1,359.00	34.80%	\$1,348.00
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Aggregate Total Return

(including maximum applicable sales charges)

Inception (June 26, 1998) to March 31, 1999.....	28.77%	\$1,287.70	30.80%	\$1,308.00
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<CAPTION>

Period	Class C Shares		Class D Shares	
	Expressed as a percentage based on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment	Redeemable value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment at the end of the period	Expressed as a percentage based on a hypothetical \$1,000 investment	Redeemable value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment at the end of the period
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Average Annual Total Return (including maximum applicable sales charges)				
Inception (June 26, 1998) to March 31, 1999.....	46.57%	\$1,338.00	38.96%	\$1,284.80
Annual Total Return (excluding maximum applicable sales charges)				
Inception (June 26, 1998) to March 31, 1999.....	34.80%	\$1,348.00	35.60%	\$1,356.00
Aggregate Total Return (including maximum applicable sales charges)				
Inception (June 26, 1998) to March 31, 1999.....	33.80%	\$1,338.00	28.48%	\$1,284.80

In order to reflect the reduced sales charges in the case of Class A or Class D shares, or the waiver of the CDSC in the case of Class B or Class C shares applicable to certain investors, as described under "Purchase of Shares," the total return data quoted by the Fund in advertisements directed to such investors may take into account the reduced, and not the maximum, sales charge or may not take into account the CDSC, and therefore may reflect greater total return since, due to the reduced sales charges or the waiver of CDSCs, a lower amount of expenses may be deducted.

On occasion, the Fund may compare its performance to various indices including the Standard & Poor's 500 Index, the Dow Jones Industrial Average, specialized technology indices including the Merrill Lynch 100 Technology Index, or to performance data published by Lipper Analytical Services, Inc., Morningstar Publications, Inc. ("Morningstar"), CDA Investment Technology, Inc., Money Magazine, U.S. News & World Report, Business Week, Forbes Magazine, Fortune Magazine or other industry publications. When comparing its performance to a market index, the Fund may refer to various statistical measures derived from the historic performance of the Fund and the index, such as standard deviation and beta. In addition, from time to time, the Fund may include the Fund's Morningstar risk-adjusted performance ratings in advertisements or supplemental sales literature. As with other performance data, performance comparisons should not be considered indicative of the Fund's relative performance for any future period.

Total return figures are based on the Fund's historical performance and are not intended to indicate future performance. The Fund's total return will vary depending on market conditions, the securities comprising the Fund's portfolio, the Fund's operating expenses and the amount of realized and unrealized net capital gains or losses during the period. The value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate and an investor's shares, when redeemed,

may be worth more or less than their original cost.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Description of Shares

The Fund was incorporated under Maryland law on March 24, 1998. As of the date of this Statement of Additional Information, the Fund has an authorized capital of 500,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share, divided into four classes, designated Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D Common Stock. Class A, Class C and Class D each consists of 100,000,000 shares and Class B consists of 200,000,000 shares. Shares of Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D Common Stock represent interests in the same assets of the Fund and have identical voting, dividend, liquidation and other rights and the same terms and conditions except that the Class B, Class C and Class D shares bear certain expenses related to the account maintenance and/or distribution of such shares and have exclusive voting rights with respect to matters relating to such account maintenance and/or distribution expenditures. The Board of Directors of the Fund may classify and reclassify the shares of the Fund into additional classes of Common Stock at a future date.

Shareholders are entitled to one vote for each full share held and fractional votes for fractional shares held in the election of Directors and any other matter submitted to a shareholder vote. The Fund does not intend to hold annual meetings of shareholders in any year in which the Investment Company Act does not require shareholders to act upon any of the following matters: (i) election of Directors; (ii) approval of an investment advisory agreement; (iii) approval of a distribution agreement; and (iv) ratification of selection of independent accountants. Also, the by-laws of the Fund require that a special meeting of shareholders be held upon the written request of at least 25% of the outstanding shares of the Fund entitled to vote at such meeting, if they comply with applicable Maryland law. Voting rights for Directors are not cumulative. Shares issued are fully paid and non-assessable and have no preemptive rights. Each share of Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D Common Stock is entitled to participate equally in dividends and distributions declared by the Fund and in the net assets of the Fund upon liquidation or dissolution after satisfaction of outstanding liabilities. Stock certificates will be issued by the Transfer Agent only on specific request. Certificates for fractional shares are not issued in any case.

The Manager provided the initial capital for the Fund by purchasing 10,000 shares of common stock (2,500 shares each of Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D) of the Fund for \$100,000. Such shares were acquired for investment and can only be disposed of by redemption. The organizational expenses of the Fund were paid by the Fund and will be amortized over a period not exceeding five years. The proceeds realized by the Manager upon the redemption of any of the shares initially purchased by it will be reduced by the proportional amount of the unamortized organizational expenses that the number of such initial shares being redeemed bears to the number of shares initially purchased.

The Board of Directors of the Fund approved the acquisition by the Fund of substantially all of the assets and the assumption of substantially all of the liabilities of Merrill Lynch Technology Fund, Inc. ("Technology

Fund"). Consummation of the transaction requires, among other things, the approval of the stockholders of Technology Fund. A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Technology Fund to consider the proposal is scheduled for August 11, 1999.

Independent Auditors

Deloitte & Touche LLP, 117 Campus Drive, Princeton, New Jersey 08540 has been selected as the independent auditors of the Fund. The selection of independent auditors is subject to approval by the non-interested Directors of the Fund. The independent auditors are responsible for auditing the annual

financial statements of the Fund.

Custodian

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. (the "Custodian"), 40 Water Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02109, acts as the custodian of the Fund's assets. Under its contract with the Fund, the Custodian is authorized, among other things, to establish separate accounts in foreign currencies and to cause foreign securities owned by the Fund to be held in its offices outside of the United States and with certain foreign banks and securities depositories. The Custodian is responsible for safeguarding and controlling the Fund's cash and securities, handling the receipt and delivery of securities and collecting interest and dividends on the Fund's investments.

Transfer Agent

Financial Data Services, Inc., 4800 Deer Lake Drive East, Jacksonville, Florida 32246-6484, acts as the Fund's Transfer Agent. The Transfer Agent is responsible for the issuance, transfer and redemption of shares and the opening, maintenance and servicing of shareholder accounts. See "How to Buy, Sell, Transfer and Exchange Shares--Through the Transfer Agent" in the Prospectus.

Legal Counsel

Brown & Wood LLP, One World Trade Center, New York, New York 10048-0557, is counsel for the Fund.

Reports to Shareholders

The fiscal year of the Fund ends on March 31 of each year. The Fund sends to its shareholders at least semi-annually reports showing the Fund's portfolio and other information. An annual report, containing financial statements audited by independent auditors, is sent to shareholders each year. After the end of each year, shareholders will receive Federal income tax information regarding dividends and capital gains distributions.

Shareholder Inquiries

Shareholder inquiries may be addressed to the Fund at the address or telephone number set forth on the cover page of this Statement of Additional Information.

Additional Information

The Prospectus and this Statement of Additional Information do not contain all the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits relating thereto, which the Fund has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C., under the Securities Act and the Investment Company Act, to which reference is hereby made.

Under a separate agreement, ML & Co. has granted the Fund the right to use the "Merrill Lynch" name and has reserved the right to withdraw its consent to the use of such name by the Fund at any time or to grant the use of such name to any other company, and the Fund has granted ML & Co. under certain conditions, the use of any other name it might assume in the future, with respect to any corporation organized by ML & Co.

To the knowledge of the Fund, the following persons or entities owned beneficially 5% or more of a class of the Fund's shares as of July 1, 1999:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Name	Address	Percentage and Class
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<S>	<C>	<C>
Merrill Lynch Trust Company(1)	P.O. Box 30532 New Brunswick, NJ 08869	22.7% of Class A
Merrill Lynch Trust Company(2) Trustee FBO MLSIP Investment Account	P.O. Box 30532 New Brunswick, NJ 08869	16.5% of Class A
Merrill Lynch Trust Company(2) Trustee FBO MLRAP Plan Investment Account	P.O. Box 30532 New Brunswick, NJ 08869	5.5% of Class A
</TABLE>		

- (1) Merrill Lynch Trust Company is the record holder on behalf of certain employee retirement, personal trust or savings plan accounts for which it acts as trustee.
- (2) These shares are included in the Class A share ownership of Merrill Lynch Trust Company reported above in this table.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund's audited financial statements are incorporated in this Statement of Additional Information by reference to its 1999 annual report to shareholders. You may request a copy of the annual report at no charge by calling (800) 456-4587 ext. 789 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. on any business day.

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