

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to sections 13 or 15(d)

Filing Date: **1994-05-13** | Period of Report: **1994-03-31**
SEC Accession No. **0000950144-94-001066**

([HTML Version](#) on secdatabase.com)

FILER

T2 MEDICAL INC

CIK: **830735** | IRS No.: **592405366** | State of Incorporation: **DE** | Fiscal Year End: **0930**
Type: **10-Q** | Act: **34** | File No.: **001-09868** | Film No.: **94528190**
SIC: **8090** Misc health & allied services, nec

Mailing Address
1121 ALDERMAN DRIVE
ALPHARETTA GA 30202

Business Address
1121 ALDERMAN DR
ALPHARETTA GA 30202
4044422160

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 1994 or

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission file number 1-9868

T(2) MEDICAL, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

59-2405366

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1121 Alderman Drive, Alpharetta, Georgia

30202

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

(404) 442-2160

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock, \$.01 Par Value, as of April 30, 1994 was 41,172,567 shares.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

T(2) MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	March 31, 1994	September 30, 1993
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,752,725	\$ 16,258,297
Short-term investments	28,075,944	47,647,163
Receivables:		
Patient billings (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,815,874 at March 31, 1994 and \$5,525,840 at September 30, 1993	25,283,339	26,979,099
Other receivables:		
Management fees	7,030,816	7,464,206
Lithotripsy	7,294,014	6,313,065
Other	4,784,523	6,955,650
Inventories	5,805,380	4,561,234
Refundable income taxes	4,275,130	---
Prepaid expenses	2,230,391	986,329
	-----	-----
Total current assets	106,532,262	117,165,043
Property and equipment, net	23,527,595	24,248,211
Goodwill and other intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$15,573,884 at March 31, 1994 and \$13,104,727 at September 30, 1993)	179,140,878	175,114,254
Other assets	13,934,636	12,419,546
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$323,135,371 =====	\$328,947,054 =====

</TABLE>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

-2-

3

T(2) MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	March 31, 1994	September 30, 1993
	-----	-----
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt	\$ 7,708,000	\$ 23,000,000
Current portion of long-term debt and obligations under capital leases	2,459,028	3,126,871
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	6,409,030	8,365,224
Income taxes payable	---	945,940
Deferred income taxes payable	1,653,700	1,080,085
Other current liability	273,000	273,000

Total current liabilities	18,502,758	36,791,120
Long-term debt and obligations under capital leases, exclusive of current maturities	2,106,976	3,097,164
Deferred income taxes payable	678,935	328,266
Other long-term liability	1,296,752	1,433,252
Minority interests in subsidiaries	6,348,907	5,836,376
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and minority interests	28,934,328	47,486,178
	-----	-----
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; shares issued and outstanding; 41,147,567 at March 31, 1994 and 40,486,387 at September 30, 1993	411,476	404,864
Additional paid-in capital	158,073,143	154,702,147
Retained earnings	135,716,424	126,353,865
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	294,201,043	281,460,876
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$323,135,371	\$328,947,054
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

-3-

4

T(2) MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
INCOME (UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	1994	1993
	----	----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Revenues:		
Home infusion therapy	\$34,081,574	\$47,070,196
IntraCare	9,861,226	11,335,585
Lithotripsy	12,219,773	6,987,282
Other	2,046,729	2,277,372
	-----	-----
Total revenues	58,209,302	67,670,435
	-----	-----
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of revenues	37,499,145	35,245,559
Selling, general and administrative	9,240,756	7,273,603
Provision for doubtful accounts	2,580,934	7,066,797
Amortization of intangibles	1,279,922	1,068,731

Total costs and expenses	50,600,757	50,654,690
Income from operations	7,608,545	17,015,745
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(155,620)	(352,795)
Interest income	617,520	817,902
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries	169,565	212,417
Other	106,395	(290,638)
Income before income taxes and minority interest	8,346,405	17,402,631
Provision for income taxes	2,617,523	5,677,912
Minority interest in income of subsidiaries	2,472,883	1,463,162
Net income	\$ 3,255,999	\$10,261,557
Net income per common and common equivalent share	\$.08	\$.25
Cash dividends paid per share of common stock	\$.025	\$.025
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	41,187,280	40,664,544

</TABLE>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

-4-

5

T(2) MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	1994	1993
<S>	<C>	<C>
Revenues:		
Home infusion therapy	\$73,010,728	\$100,281,154
IntraCare	21,056,525	22,021,567
Lithotripsy	23,764,529	12,283,779
Other	4,041,087	4,856,806
Total revenues	121,872,869	139,443,306

Costs and expenses:

Cost of revenues	75,136,471	68,839,826
Selling, general and administrative	15,869,702	13,545,407
Provision for doubtful accounts	4,762,190	14,999,547
Amortization of intangibles	2,497,824	2,061,110
	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	98,266,187	99,445,890
	-----	-----
Income from operations	23,606,682	39,997,416
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(301,087)	(660,474)
Interest income	1,335,018	1,607,948
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries	452,316	502,980
Other	174,516	52,033
	-----	-----
Income before income taxes and minority interest	25,267,445	41,499,903
Provision for income taxes	8,867,073	14,105,935
Minority interest in income of subsidiaries	4,998,584	3,022,638
	-----	-----
Net income	\$11,401,788	\$ 24,371,330
	=====	=====
Net income per common and common equivalent share	\$.28	\$.60
	=====	=====
Cash dividends paid per share of common stock	\$.050	\$.050
	=====	=====
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	40,955,308	40,582,233
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

-5-

6

T2 MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	-----	-----
	1994	1993
	----	----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income.....	\$11,401,788	\$24,371,330
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization.....	5,930,883	4,747,464
Provision for doubtful accounts.....	4,762,190	14,999,547
Tax benefit of stock options.....	---	510,051

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries.....	(452,316)	(502,980)
Distributions from unconsolidated subsidiaries.....	351,895	190,000
Loss on sale of assets.....	11,416	1,452,002
Change in assets and liabilities net of effects from purchased businesses:		
Receivables.....	(966,752)	(9,316,009)
Inventories.....	(1,244,147)	301,786
Prepaid expenses and other assets....	(1,330,268)	(2,587,316)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,430,521)	(3,211,404)
Income taxes payable.....	(5,221,069)	(13,581,653)
Deferred income taxes payable.....	924,284	1,861,225
Minority interests in subsidiaries...	512,531	(943,146)
	-----	-----
Cash provided by operating activities.....	12,249,914	18,290,897
	-----	-----
Cash flows related to investing activities:		
Payments for businesses acquired (less cash acquired).....	(6,564,692)	(23,094,058)
Additions to property and equipment, net. Proceeds from sale of property and equipment.....	(3,104,556)	(2,773,209)
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries.....	414,939	89,274
Short-term investments.....	(1,325,000)	---
	19,571,219	543,441
	-----	-----
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	8,991,910	(25,234,552)
	-----	-----
Cash flows related to financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock...	3,378,364	849,754
Proceeds from issuance of short-term notes and long-term debt.....	---	23,785,000
Payment of short-term notes and long-term debt.....	(17,086,530)	(10,125,540)
Distributions of S Corporation earnings	---	(5,849,199)
Cash dividends.....	(2,039,230)	(1,898,094)
	-----	-----
Cash used in financing activities.....	(15,747,396)	6,761,921
	-----	-----
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	5,494,428	(181,734)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	16,258,297	14,509,800
	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$21,752,725	\$14,328,066
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

-6-

7

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>	<C>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 301,087	\$ 660,474
Cash paid for income taxes	13,631,053	25,580,672

</TABLE>

On January 1, 1992, the Company acquired a 35% interest in Bay Area Partners ("Bay Area"), a general partnership formed between the Company and Bay Area Renal Stone Center, Ltd., for a purchase price of \$13,025,655. Effective October 1, 1992, the Company increased its ownership in Bay Area to 65% by acquiring an additional 30% of Bay Area for a cash purchase price of \$9,215,784. The total purchase price of \$22,241,439 was funded by the issuance of 104,250 shares of common stock (valued at \$5,719,155) and cash of \$16,522,284. Liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition were \$177,015. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was consolidated in the Company's operations after October 1, 1992.

Effective October 1, 1992, the Company acquired 51% of the outstanding common stock of Pediatric Partners, Inc. ("Pediatric") for a total purchase price of \$2,250,000. The purchase was funded by the conversion of previously purchased convertible debentures into common stock which represents a 51% ownership interest in Pediatric. Liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition were \$191,702. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was consolidated in the Company's operations after October 1, 1992.

On December 31, 1993, the Company invested cash of \$2,082,800 which resulted in the Company acquiring a 63.5% interest in Southwest Lithotripter Joint Venture ("Southwest"). Liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition were immaterial. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after December 31, 1993.

On December 31, 1993, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Intracare of Atlanta, Inc. ("Atlanta") for a total cash purchase price of \$2,322,139. No liabilities were assumed in connection with the acquisition. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after December 31, 1993.

On February 1, 1994, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Intracare of Atlanta III, Inc. ("Atlanta III") for a total cash purchase price of \$94,530. Liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition were

-7-

8

immaterial. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after February 1, 1994.

On February 1, 1994, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Intracare of Atlanta V, Inc. ("Atlanta V") for a total cash purchase price of \$208,005. Liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition were immaterial. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after February 1, 1994.

On March 1, 1994, the Company acquired a 60% interest in Indiana Stone Center, Inc. ("Indiana") for a cash purchase price of \$2,000,000. Liabilities assumed in connection with the acquisition were immaterial. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after March 1, 1994.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated
Financial Statements
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements contained in this report are unaudited, but reflect all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position at the end of and results of operations for the interim periods. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted pursuant to applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1993. The results of operations for the interim periods reported herein are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share for the periods ended March 31, 1994 and 1993 is based on the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding. Common share equivalents include dilutive stock options using the treasury stock method (computed at the average market price during the periods indicated). Fully diluted earnings per share do not differ significantly from primary earnings per share.

The weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares used in the computation of net income per share is as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
	----	----	----	----
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	41,013,619	40,346,514	40,752,326	40,213,948
Incremental shares from use of treasury stock method	173,661	318,030	202,982	368,285
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	41,187,280	40,664,544	40,955,308	40,582,233
	=====	=====	=====	=====

</TABLE>

10
3. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On December 31, 1993, the Company invested cash of \$2,082,800 which

resulted in the Company owning a 63.5% interest in Southwest. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after December 31, 1993.

On December 31, 1993, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Atlanta for a total cash purchase price of \$2,322,139. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and was included in the Company's operations after December 31, 1993.

On February 1, 1994, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Atlanta III for a total cash purchase price of \$94,530. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and included in the Company's operations after February 1, 1994.

On February 1, 1994, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Atlanta V for a total cash purchase price of \$208,005. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and included in the Company's operations after February 1, 1994.

On March 1, 1994, the Company acquired a 60% interest in Indiana for a cash purchase price of \$2,000,000. Substantially all of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 40 years. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase and included in the Company's operations after March 1, 1994.

Due to the insignificant operations of Southwest, Atlanta, Atlanta III, Atlanta V and Indiana, pro forma data has not been included.

4. CONTINGENCIES AND LEGAL MATTERS

The Company in 1992 received a request for documents from a grand jury sitting in Atlanta, Georgia at the request of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the focus of which appears to be the potential application of the Medicare Fraud and Abuse Law as it relates to physician ownership. The Company has complied with the request and believes that the documents submitted

-10-

11

will confirm that it has conducted its business affairs in a proper and lawful manner, consistent with all applicable laws, regulations and professional codes of conduct. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Further, the Company and certain of its officers and former officers are defendants in civil suits filed in 1992 on behalf of individuals claiming to have purchased T(2) Common Stock during the time period from December 2, 1991 through June 24, 1992. The suits were consolidated into one suit in the United States District Court for the Northern District Court of Georgia. The complaint seeks certification of a class of plaintiffs and damages in an unspecified amount. The complaint alleges, among other things, that the Company and the named individuals violated various provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and violated certain other laws by failing to make complete and accurate statements about the Company's business. On November 16, 1993, the proceeding was certified as a class action ("In Re T(2) Shareholder Litigation").

In 1993, the Company conducted an inquiry which resulted in the restatement of the Company's interim financial statements for the periods ended December 31, 1992 and March 31, 1993. Subsequently, the Company and certain of its officers and directors and former officers and a former director were named as defendants in seventeen civil suits filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia on behalf of individuals claiming to have purchased or sold T(2) Common Stock during various time periods in 1991, 1992 and 1993. The complaints, which were generally similar, alleged in part that the Company made misleading public statements concerning the Company's business, results of operations, future prospects, revenues and reimbursements from its payor sources. In September 1993, many of the complaints were dismissed and a new class action complaint was filed.

On January 14, 1994, the court in In Re T(2) Shareholder Litigation granted the plaintiffs' motion to amend their complaint to allege violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of a putative class consisting of purchasers of T(2) Common Stock for the period December 2, 1991, through August 12, 1993. Although the amended complaint has been filed, the court has not yet ruled on the plaintiffs' motion to expand the previously certified class. Five other putative class action complaints are pending in the Northern District of Georgia. In three of these cases, the plaintiffs have consented to a consolidation of their actions with the In Re T(2) Shareholder Litigation. The fourth case was consolidated with the In Re T(2) Shareholder Litigation by order of the Court, and the fifth was filed in April 1994 and remains pending.

-11-

12

The Company believes that it has meritorious defenses in these actions. Nevertheless, the ultimate outcome of the litigation described in the preceding three paragraphs cannot presently be determined and an estimate of any loss that might result therefrom cannot be made. Accordingly, no provision for any loss that may result upon resolution of the suits has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

The Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") is conducting an inquiry into the events that led to the restatement of the Company's financial statements for the periods ended December 31, 1992 and March 31, 1993, and certain other matters. The Commission has requested certain information relating to such inquiry, and the Company is cooperating. The Commission can seek certain civil remedies against the Company by way of an enforcement action.

In connection with both the stockholder litigation and the Commission inquiry discussed above, the Company has determined to pay the reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses of certain present and former directors and officers in advance of the final disposition of the litigation and such inquiry, subject to each individual's agreement and undertaking to repay his or her share of the attorney's fees and expenses paid by the Company if it is ultimately determined that such individual is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company pursuant to applicable law.

5. DEBENTURE PURCHASE AGREEMENT

In connection with the Company's Debenture Purchase Agreement with Surgex, Inc., the Company has increased its loan to Surgex as of April 30, 1994 to \$11,967,000.

6. AGREEMENT TO MERGE

On February 7, 1994, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement providing for the merger of the Company with Curaflex Health Services, Inc. ("Curaflex"), HealthInfusion, Inc. ("HealthInfusion"), and Medisys, Inc. ("Medisys") and the formation of Coram Healthcare Corporation

("Coram") to serve as the holding company for the combined entities. The operations of Curaflex, HealthInfusion and Medisys consist primarily of providing infusion therapy services. Under the terms of the agreement, each common share of the Company outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger is expected to be exchanged for .63 shares of common stock of Coram. Consummation of the proposed transaction is subject to customary conditions, including approval by the shareholders of each of the four companies. The parties anticipate that the transaction will be accounted for as a pooling of interests and that the transaction will be consummated by June 30, 1994.

-12-

13

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

As of May 12, 1994, the Company had agreed in principle to acquire all of the capital stock of Intracare of Greenville, Inc., an infusion therapy company currently managed by the Company, for cash of \$1,175,000. This acquisition is expected to be accounted for as a purchase and is expected to be consummated on or before May 31, 1994.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Results of Operations

Total revenues for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 decreased by 14% and 13%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in the prior year. Home infusion therapy revenues, including management fees from managed home infusion therapy companies, decreased by 28% and 27%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 compared to the corresponding periods in the prior year. Intracare revenues decreased by 13% and 4%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994, compared to the corresponding periods in the prior year. Continued cost reduction initiatives by third party payors, including, but not limited to, retroactive implementation of case management price discounts, demands for larger price discounts by indemnity insurance carriers, and demands for other price discounts, have had and are expected to continue to have a negative effect on the infusion therapy industry, including the Company. Although the number of infusion therapy patients served during the three and six month periods ended March 31, 1994 remained stable compared to the corresponding periods in the prior year, the Company experienced a significant reduction in per patient revenue due to pricing and reimbursement pressures imposed by third party payors, resulting in an overall decrease in infusion therapy revenue. Such pricing and reimbursement pressures are expected to continue to have a negative effect on the Company's home infusion therapy and IntraCare revenues for the foreseeable future.

Lithotripsy revenues increased by 75% and 93%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 over the corresponding periods in the prior year. This increase in lithotripsy revenues was attributable to an increase in patients served and the acquisition since March 31, 1993 of a minority interest in one and majority interests in six lithotripsy companies in which the Company had no prior interest.

While pricing pressures have been primarily related to the Company's infusion therapy operations, there can be no assurance that similar pricing pressures will not be applied to the Company's lithotripsy operations. The Health Care Finance Administration ("HCFA") has issued a proposed rule that would, if implemented, significantly reduce the amount Medicare would reimburse its

-13-

beneficiaries for the cost of lithotripsy procedures performed in an ambulatory surgery center or on an outpatient basis at a hospital. Further, a decrease in the Medicare reimbursement rate for lithotripsy may trigger demands for similar reductions by other third party payors.

Costs of revenues increased by 6% and 9%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 compared to the periods in the prior year. This increase was attributable to an increase in infusion therapy patients served, increased depreciation and the acquisitions and development mentioned above.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenues increased from 10.7% to 15.9% and from 9.7% to 13.0%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994, versus the comparable periods in the prior year. The increase in the percentage of selling, general and administrative expenses to total revenues is primarily due to the fixed components of certain selling, general and administrative expenses and the relative decrease in per patient revenues. In addition, the Company incurred legal fees and expenses of \$1,705,655 and \$2,285,691, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 compared with \$674,144 and \$1,377,049, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1993. The large increase resulted primarily from fees incurred in connection with, among other matters: (i) the proposed business combination involving Coram, Curaflex, HealthInfusion and Medisys; (ii) the defense of the Company and certain officers and directors and certain former officers and directors in the previously mentioned stockholder litigation; (iii) the representation of the Company in connection with the previously mentioned inquiries currently being conducted by certain governmental authorities; and (iv) the advancement of legal fees and expenses to certain current and former officers and directors.

The provision for doubtful accounts expressed as a percentage of total revenues decreased to 4.4% from 10.4% and to 3.9% from 10.8%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended December 31, 1993, versus the corresponding periods in the prior year. Management regularly reviews the collectability of the Company's accounts receivable and makes adjustments to the allowance for doubtful accounts as needed to reflect prevailing conditions. As case management discounts have become more prevalent and larger numbers of the Company's patients are treated in accordance with agreements that establish reimbursement rates in advance, reimbursement patterns have become more predictable. As a result, accounts receivable write-offs have decreased. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts, expressed as a percentage of accounts receivable was 16% as of March 31, 1994 and as of December 31, 1993, and 17% as of September 30, 1993.

-14-

The increase in amortization of intangibles for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 versus the comparable periods in the prior year is primarily attributable to the additional goodwill associated with acquisitions consummated since March 31, 1993 which were accounted for as purchases.

Income from operations as a percentage of total revenues decreased from 25.1% to 13.1% and from 28.7% to 19.4%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 versus the comparable period in the prior year. The decrease resulted primarily from an increase in the number and amount of discounts given to third party payors, including case management adjustments, managed care pricing and other price discounts. Because of the current pressures on pricing in the health care industry generally, the Company expects that, in the foreseeable future, there will continue to be pressures on income from operations. In addition, continued cost reduction initiatives by third party payors, significant reductions in coverage and rates of third party

payors, or significant reductions in the percentage of the Company's services delivered to privately-insured patients could also have a negative effect on the Company's income from operations.

The effective income tax rate increased from 35.6% to 44.6% and from 36.7% to 43.8%, respectively, for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 versus the comparable periods in the prior year. The effective income tax rate was calculated by dividing the provision for income taxes by income before income taxes less minority interests in the income of partnerships. Such increases were primarily attributable to the increase in the amortization of intangibles resulting from acquisitions of entities since March 31, 1993 which were accounted for as purchases and income for the three month period ended March 31, 1993 including S Corporation income for which no income tax provision was required. This income resulted from the acquisitions of S Corporations which were accounted for as poolings of interests.

Minority interest in income of subsidiaries for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 1994 increased by 69.0% and 65.0%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods in the prior year. This increase resulted primarily from the Company's acquisition since March 31, 1993 of majority interests in six lithotripsy companies in which the Company had no prior interests.

Inflation

The Company has not experienced significant increases in either the cost of supplies or operating expenses due to inflation. Nonetheless, although inflation has not been a significant factor to date, there can be no assurance that it will not be in the future.

-15-

16

Financial Condition as of March 31, 1994

Since its inception, the Company has financed its current operations through internally generated funds and equity placements. The cash provided by operating activities was \$12,249,914 for the six-month period ended March 31, 1994, and \$18,290,897 for the six-month period ended March 31, 1993. As of March 31, 1994, the Company had cash and short-term investments net of short term investments pledged to short-term debt totaling approximately \$42,121,000.

The Company believes that its presently anticipated short term needs for operating capital, debt repayments, capital expenditures and cash dividends will be satisfied by its present funds, internally-generated funds and its line of credit of \$10,000,000. The Company is, however, currently reviewing all of its relationships with the infusion therapy companies it manages and may acquire such companies or restructure the management agreements it has with such companies. If the Company acquires such managed companies, the Company anticipates borrowing additional funds to finance such acquisitions. In addition, if the Company is required to acquire the minority interests in its lithotripsy ventures, or resolves its material pending litigation, the Company may need to seek additional sources of capital.

Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993

On August 10, 1993, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (the "Omnibus Act") was signed into law by the President. The Omnibus Act increased the corporate tax rate of 34% to 35% as well as made certain other changes to the corporate tax law, including the deductibility of the amortization of certain intangible assets. The tax provisions of the Omnibus Act did not have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Company.

In addition, the Omnibus Act included provisions that prohibit physicians, beginning on January 1, 1995, from referring their patients, who

receive benefits under the Medicare or Medicaid programs, to entities in which they have financial interests for certain designated health services. The Omnibus Act is worded broadly and contains numerous exceptions and technical terms that are not fully defined and empowers the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services to adopt regulations interpreting and implementing the Omnibus Act. The Company cannot predict what effect, if any, the application of such regulations and the Omnibus Act may have on its future business activities.

Accounting Pronouncement

The Financial Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 115 entitled "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" which is effective for fiscal years beginning

-16-

17

after December 15, 1993. This statement is not expected to have any significant effect on the financial statements of the Company.

Future Health Care Proposals and Legislation

Political, economic and regulatory influences are subjecting the health care industry in the United States to fundamental change. The Clinton Administration has proposed legislation, known as the Health Security Act of 1993, which has been introduced into Congress and is designed to reform the United States health care system. The Health Security Act proposes a major restructuring of the health care system, including (i) universal access to health care and (ii) measures to control or reduce the rate of increase of public and private spending on health care. Alternative federal health care reform legislation is being considered by Congress, including a single-payor approach, "managed competition" proposals, the creation of a "Medicare Part C" for the uninsured and more incremental approaches to health care reform. In addition, some of the states in which the Company operates have enacted and others are considering various health care reform proposals. The Company anticipates that Congress and state legislatures will continue to review and assess alternative health care delivery systems and payment methodologies and public debate of these issues will likely continue in the future. Due to uncertainties regarding the ultimate features of reform initiatives and their enactment and implementation, the Company cannot predict which, if any, of such reform proposals will be adopted, when they may be adopted or what impact they may have on the Company.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

On April 25, 1994, a suit captioned Maurice Kirschenbaum v. T(2) Medical, Inc., David Hersh, Joseph C. Allegra, James L. Ledbetter and Thomas E. Haire, Civil Action No. 1:94-CV-1106-RLV (the "Kirschenbaum Action"), was filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. The action was filed on behalf of a person claiming to be a stockholder of the Company and seeks certification of a class of plaintiffs for persons who bought the Company's common stock during the period from January 21, 1993 through August 11, 1993. In addition to making claims of common law fraud and negligent misrepresentation, the Kirschenbaum action makes substantially similar allegations and seeks substantially similar relief as the stockholder litigation previously filed against the Company and described in Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report. The Company believes that it has meritorious defenses in the Kirschenbaum Action and the other similar stockholder actions. Nevertheless, the ultimate outcome of such

18

litigation cannot presently be determined and an estimate of any loss that might result therefrom cannot be made. Accordingly, no provision for any loss that may result upon resolution of such suits has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) Exhibits.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K. There were no Current Reports on Securities and Exchange Commission Form 8-K filed during the three-month period ended March 31, 1994.

19

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

T(2) MEDICAL, INC.

By:/s/ Tommy H. Carter

Tommy H. Carter
President and Chief
Executive Officer

By:/s/ Bruce A. Kolleda

Bruce A. Kolleda
Principal Accounting Officer

Date: May 13, 1994