SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 485BPOS

Post-effective amendments [Rule 485(b)]

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FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II

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Mailing Address SUITE 400

WHEATON IL 60187

Mailing Address SUITE 400 WHEATON IL 60187

Business Address 120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE, 120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE, SUITE 400 WHEATON IL 60187 630-765-8000

Business Address 120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE, 120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE, SUITE 400 WHEATON IL 60187 630-765-8000

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about January 28, 2013

1933 Act Registration No. 333-143964 1940 Act Registration No. 811-21944

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM N-1A

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933	[]
Pre-Effective Amendment No	[]
Post-Effective Amendment No. 87	[X]
and/or	
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940	[]
Amendment No. 90	[X]

FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: (800) 621-1675

W. Scott Jardine, Esq., Secretary
First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II
First Trust Advisors L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187
(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

Copy to: Eric F. Fess, Esq. Chapman and Cutler LLP 111 West Monroe Street Chicago, Illinois 60603

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

[]	1 mr	nediately upon filling pursuant to paragraph (b)
[X]	on	January 31, 2013 pursuant to paragraph (b)
[]	60	days after filing pursuant to paragraph (a) (1)
[]	on	(date) pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)
[]	75	days after filing pursuant to paragraph (a) (2)
[]	on	(date) pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of Rule 485

If appropriate, check the following box:

[] this post-effective amendment designates a new effective date for a previously filed post-effective amendment.

CONTENTS OF POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 87

This Post-Effective Amendment to the Registration Statement comprises the following papers and contents:

The Facing Sheet

Part A--Prospectus for First Trust BICK Index Fund, First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ (R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund and First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund

Part B--Statement of Additional Information for First Trust BICK Index Fund, First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Platinum

Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund and First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund

Part C--Other Information

Signatures

Index to Exhibits

Exhibits

First Trust

FIRST TRUST Exchange-Traded Fund II

<table> <caption> FUND NAME <s></s></caption></table>	TICKER SYMBOL	EXCHANGE <c></c>
First Trust BICK Index Fund	BICK	NASDAQ(R)
First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund	FGD	NYSE Arca
First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund	FFR	NYSE Arca
First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund	SKYY	NASDAQ(R)
First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund	CU	NASDAQ (R)
First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund	FLM	NYSE Arca
First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund	PLTM	NASDAQ (R)
First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund	FAN	NYSE Arca
First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund	FONE	NASDAQ (R)
First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund	GRID	NASDAQ(R)
First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund	CARZ	NASDAQ (R)
First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund		

 FDD | NYSE Arca |First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II (the "Trust") is a registered management investment company that consists of First Trust BICK Index Fund, First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund and First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund (each, a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds"), each a separate exchange-traded index fund. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust") is the investment advisor to each Fund.

The shares of each Fund ("Shares") are listed on either The NASDAQ Stock Market ("NASDAQ(R)") or NYSE Arca, Inc. ("NYSE Arca"), an affiliate of NYSE Euronext (each, an "Exchange" and collectively, the "Exchanges"). Market prices may differ to some degree from the net asset value ("NAV") of the Shares. Unlike mutual funds, each Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in large specified blocks each consisting of 50,000 Shares (each such block of Shares, called a "Creation Unit" and collectively, the "Creation Units"). Each Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities in which the Fund invests and/or cash.

EXCEPT WHEN AGGREGATED IN CREATION UNITS, THE SHARES ARE NOT REDEEMABLE SECURITIES OF THE FUNDS.

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION HAS NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE

SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

NOT FDIC INSURED. MAY LOSE VALUE.
NO BANK GUARANTEE.

January 31, 2013

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust BICK Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust BICK Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the ISE BICK(TM) (Brazil, India, China, South Korea) Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

Other Expenses

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the

value of your investment)
Management Fees
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1)

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

0.00%

0.64%

0.00%

<C>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$65	\$250	\$460	\$1,065

(1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January $31,\ 2014$.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 55% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), the Fund's investment advisor, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

1

First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index is developed and owned by International Securities Exchange, LLC ("ISE" or the "Index Provider"). The Index is designed to provide a benchmark for investors interested in tracking some of the largest and most liquid public companies that are domiciled in Brazil, India, China (including Hong Kong) and South Korea that are accessible for investment by U.S. investors. The Index has been created to provide investors an opportunity to take advantage of both event-driven news and long-term economic trends as the economies of these countries continue to evolve.

ISE reviews the Index components quarterly in March, June, September and December of each year for eligibility and weights the Index so that each country represents approximately 25% of the Index. Changes are announced on ISE's publicly available website at www.ise.com at least five days prior to the effective date.

As of December 31, 2012, there were 87 securities that comprised the Index, 25 of which were of companies domiciled in each of Brazil, China and South Korea and 12 of which were domiciled in India. Also as of December 31, 2012, 13 Brazilian securities in the Index were common stocks trading on the Sao Paulo Stock Exchange and 12 Brazilian securities in the Index were Depositary Receipts trading on the New York Stock Exchange; 24 Chinese securities in the Index were H shares trading on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and 1 Chinese security in the Index was a Depositary Receipt trading on NASDAQ(R) or the New York Stock Exchange; 12 Indian securities in the Index were Depositary Receipts trading on

NASDAQ(R), the New York Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange; and 24 South Korean securities in the Index were common stocks trading on the Korea Stock Exchange and 1 South Korean security in the Index was a Depositary Receipt trading on the London Stock Exchange.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

MID-CAP STOCK RISK. The Fund invests in mid-cap company stocks, which may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

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First Trust BICK Index Fund -- BICK

NON-U.S. SECURITIES AND EMERGING MARKETS RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers, including non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities traded outside of the United States and U.S. dollar-denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers traded in the United States. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries. These risks may be heightened for securities of companies located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries.

BRAZIL RISK. The Fund invests in common stock and depositary receipts of companies that are domiciled in Brazil. If a holder of depositary receipts exchanges its interest in the depositary receipts for the underlying shares, it may risk losing the ability to remit foreign currency abroad and certain Brazilian tax advantages. Brazil has experienced substantial economic instability resulting from, among other things, periods of very high inflation, persistent structural public sector deficits and significant devaluations of its currency leading also to a high degree of price volatility in both the Brazilian equity and foreign currency markets. Brazilian companies may also be adversely

affected by high interest and unemployment rates, and are particularly sensitive to fluctuations in commodity prices.

INDIA RISK. The Fund invests in depositary receipts of companies that are domiciled in India. Investment restrictions in India may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. These restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a premium or discount to the market price of the depositary receipt. Investing in securities of Indian companies involves additional risks, including, but not limited to: greater price volatility; substantially less liquidity and significantly smaller market capitalization of securities markets; more substantial governmental involvement in the economy; higher rates of inflation; and greater political, economic and social uncertainty. Government controls have been reduced on imports and foreign investment, and privatization of domestic output has proceeded slowly. The rapid economic growth of the last few years has put heavy stress on India's infrastructural facilities. Furthermore, although the Indian government is well aware of the need for reform and is pushing ahead in this area, businesses still have to deal with an inefficient and sometimes slow-moving bureaucracy.

CHINA RISK. The Fund invests in H shares, depositary receipts and U.S.-listed common stock of companies that are domiciled in China, including Hong Kong. Some Chinese companies are listed on both the Hong Kong Stock Exchange with H shares and the Shanghai Stock Exchange with A shares. Price differentials between H shares and A shares of the same company may be significant. Also, price fluctuations of A shares are limited to either 5% or 10% per trading day, while no such limitations exist for H shares. Investing in securities of companies in China involves additional risks, including, but not limited to: the economy of China differs, often unfavorably, from the U.S. economy in such respects as structure, general development, government involvement, wealth distribution, rate of inflation, growth rate, allocation of resources and capital reinvestment, among others; the central government has historically exercised substantial control over virtually every sector of the Chinese economy through administrative regulation and/or state ownership; and actions of the Chinese central and local government authorities continue to have a substantial effect on economic conditions in China. Furthermore, China's economy is dependent on the economies of other Asian countries and can be significantly affected by currency fluctuations and increasing competition from Asia's other low-cost emerging economies.

SOUTH KOREA RISK. The Fund invests in common stock of companies that are domiciled in South Korea. The South Korean economy is dependent on the economies of Asia and the United States as key trading partners. Reduction in spending by these economies on South Korean products and services or negative changes in any of these economies, mainly in China or Southeast Asia, may cause an adverse impact on the South Korean economy. Furthermore, South Korea's economy is also dependent on the economies of other Asian countries and can be significantly affected by currency fluctuations and increasing competition from Asia's other low-cost emerging economies. Also, the political tensions with North Korea could escalate and lead to further uncertainty in the political and economic climate on the Korean peninsula.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

3

First Trust BICK Index Fund -- BICK

FINANCIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the financials sector which may include banks, thrifts, brokerage firms, broker/dealers, investment banks, finance companies and companies involved in the insurance industry. Banks, thrifts and their holding companies are especially subject to the adverse effects of economic recession; government regulation; decreases in the availability of capital; volatile interest rates; portfolio concentrations in geographic markets and in commercial and residential real estate loans; and competition from new entrants in their fields of business.

ANNIIAI, TOTAI, RETIIRN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the two past years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST BICK INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED]
[DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended Total Return 12/31/2011 -27.71% 12/31/2012 13.01%

During the two-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 14.74% and -29.98%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and September 30, 2011. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

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First Trust BICK Index Fund -- BICK

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<\$>	(4/12/2010) <c></c>
<\$>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes 13.01%	-4.35%
Return After Taxes on Distributions 12.43%	-4.91%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares 8.43%	-3.98%
ISE BICK(TM) Index 13.00%	-3.83%
MSCI All Country World Index 16.13%	5.15%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index 18.22%	3.06%

 |

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

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Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NASDAQ(R) at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index(SM) (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.40%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1)	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.23%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.63%
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement (2)	0.03%

Total Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement

<C>

0.60%

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's net annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25\% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. The example assumes that First Trust's agreement to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent

necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of average daily net assets per year will be terminated following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$61	\$243	\$450	\$1,049

- (1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.
- (2) First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year at least until January 31, 2014. Expenses borne by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Fund at any time if it would result in the Fund's expenses exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year. The agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of the Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 21% of the average value of its portfolio.

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First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund -- FGD

First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund -- FGD

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index is an indicated annual dividend yield weighted index of 100 stocks selected from the developed-market portion of the Dow Jones World Index(SM). Indicated annual dividend yield is a stock's unadjusted indicated annual dividend (not including any special dividends) divided by its unadjusted price. The Index is compiled and maintained by Dow Jones & Company, Inc. ("Dow Jones" or the "Index Provider"). The Index universe consists of all dividend-paying companies in the Dow Jones World Developed Index which are subjected to eligibility screens for dividend quality and liquidity before being selected for inclusion in the Index. Component securities are weighted on indicated annual dividend yield. Weights of individual securities are capped at 10%. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted annually in December. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by the Index Provider in the composition of the Index.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

MID-CAP STOCK RISK. The Fund invests in mid-cap company stocks, which may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

TELECOMMUNICATION SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in companies in the telecommunication sector. Telecommunication companies are subject to risks, such as: a market characterized by increasing competition and regulation by the Federal Communications Commission and various state regulatory authorities; the need to commit substantial capital to meet increasing competition, particularly in formulating new products and services using new technology; and technological innovations that may make various products and services obsolete.

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First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund -- FGD

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past five years as well as the average annual Fund and

Index returns for the one year, five year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended	Total Return
12/31/2008	-50.57%
12/31/2009	64.28%
12/31/2010	12.27%
12/31/2011	-2.17%
12/31/2012	15.42%

During the five-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 38.58% and -29.38%, respectively, for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

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First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund -- FGD

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception (11/21/2007)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	15.42%	0.58%	0.65%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	13.38%	-1.17%	-1.10%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	9.95%	-0.59%	-0.53%
Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index(SM)	14.68%	0.45%	0.63%
Dow Jones World Developed Markets Index(SM)	16.38%	-0.54%	0.07%
MSCI World Index	15.83%	-1.18%	-0.56%

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MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NYSE Arca through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NYSE Arca at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund ______

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the	
value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.40%

Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1) 0.00% 0.34% Other Expenses Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses 0.74% Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement (2) 0.14% 0.60%

<C>

Total Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5%return each year and that the Fund's net annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. The example assumes that First Trust's agreement to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent

necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of average daily net assets per year will be terminated following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$61	\$263	\$496	\$1,165

- (1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.
- (2) First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year at least until January 31, 2014. Expenses borne by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Fund at any time if it would result in the Fund's expenses exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year. The agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of the Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 8% of the average value of its portfolio.

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First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund -- FFR

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index is compiled and maintained by FTSE International Limited ("FTSE" or the "Index Provider"). The Index is modified market cap weighted based on free float market capitalization and tracks the performance of listed real estate companies or real estate investment trusts ("REITS") in North America, Europe and Asia. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted quarterly in March, June, September and December. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by FTSE in the composition of the Index. The Index is designed to measure the stock performance of companies engaged in specific real estate activities in the North American, European and Asian real estate markets. Specific real estate activities include the ownership, trading and development of income-producing real estate.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments

MID-CAP STOCK RISK. The Fund invests in mid-cap company stocks, which may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

FINANCIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the financials sector which may include banks, thrifts, brokerage firms, broker/dealers, investment banks, finance companies and companies involved in the insurance industry. Banks, thrifts and their holding companies are especially subject to the adverse effects of economic recession; government regulation; decreases in the availability of capital; volatile interest rates; portfolio concentrations in geographic markets and in commercial and residential real estate loans; and competition from new entrants in their fields of business.

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First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund -- FFR

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT RISK. The Fund invests in companies in the real estate industry, including REITs. Therefore, the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in real estate, which may include, but are not limited to, fluctuations in the value of underlying properties; defaults by borrowers or tenants; market saturation; changes in general and local economic conditions; decreases in market rates for rents; increases in competition, property taxes, capital expenditures or operating expenses; and other economic, political or regulatory occurrences affecting companies in the real estate industry.

The Fund invests in real estate companies that may be adversely impacted by the downturn in the subprime mortgage lending market in the United States. Subprime loans have higher defaults and losses than prime loans. Subprime loans also have higher serious delinquency rates than prime loans. The downturn in the subprime mortgage lending market may have far-reaching consequences into many aspects and geographic regions of the real estate business, and consequently, the value of the Fund may decline in response to such developments.

REIT INVESTMENT RISK. In addition to risks related to investments in real estate generally, investing in REITs involves certain other risks related to their structure and focus, which include, but are not limited to, dependency upon management skills, limited diversification, the risks of locating and managing financing for projects, heavy cash flow dependency, possible default by borrowers, the costs and potential losses of self-liquidation of one or more holdings, the risk of a possible lack of mortgage funds and associated interest rate risks, overbuilding, property vacancies, increases in property taxes and

operating expenses, changes in zoning laws, losses due to environmental damages, changes in neighborhood values and appeal to purchases, the possibility of failing to maintain exemptions from registration under the 1940 Act and, in many cases, relatively small market capitalization, which may result in less market liquidity and greater price volatility.

REITs are also subject to the risk that the real estate market may experience an economic downturn generally, which may have a material effect on the real estate in which the REITs invest and their underlying portfolio securities.

INTEREST RATE RISK. The Fund is subject to interest rate risk. Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a REIT's future earnings stream, and may make financing property purchases and improvements more costly. Because the market price of REIT stocks may change based upon investors' collective perceptions of future earnings, the value of the Fund will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ASIA RISK. The Fund invests, in part, in securities issued by companies operating in Asia. The Fund is therefore subject to certain risks associated specifically with Asia. For example, some of the currencies of these countries have experienced devaluations relative to the U.S. dollar, and adjustments have been made periodically in certain of such currencies. Certain countries, such as Indonesia, face serious exchange constraints. Jurisdictional disputes also exist, for example, between South Korea and North Korea. The Tokyo stock market, as measured by the Tokyo Stock Price Index, has been volatile. Declines in the Tokyo stock market have made the country's banks and financial institutions vulnerable because of their large share portfolios. Japanese banks have been left with large numbers of nonperforming loans. The Japanese economy labors under a heavy government budget deficit and historically low interest rates. As a result of these factors, several high-profile bankruptcies of Japanese banks, brokerage firms and insurance companies have occurred. Furthermore, the natural disasters that have impacted Japan and the ongoing recovery efforts have had a negative affect on Japan's economy, and may continue to do so.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past five years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year, five year and since inception periods ended

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First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund -- FFR

December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index, the S&P Global REIT Index, which is a broad-based securities market index, and a specialized securities market index. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on

distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST FTSE EPRA/NAREIT DEVELOPED MARKETS REAL ESTATE INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended	Total Return
12/31/2008	-47.46%
12/31/2009	35.00%
12/31/2010	19.59%
12/31/2011	-6.49%
12/31/2012	28.28%

During the five-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 35.30% and -32.77%, respectively, for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE>

CAPITON	1 Year	5 Year	Since Inception (8/27/2007)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	28.28%	0.35%	-0.59%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	26.35%	-1.01%	-1.96%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	18.34%	-0.57%	-1.35%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index	28.65%	1.07%	0.22%
S&P Global REIT Index	22.38%	1.46%	0.01%
MSCI World REIT Index	21.73%	0.50%	-0.89%

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MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

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First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund -- FFR

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NYSE Arca through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NYSE Arca at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade

at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield, before the Fund's fees and expenses, of an equity index called the ISE Cloud Computing(TM) Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment) $\!<\!\!\mathrm{S}\!\!>$

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)

<C> None

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1) Other Expenses 0.60% 0.00% 0.00%

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

0.60%

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years \$61 \$237 \$438 \$1,018

(1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when

Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 28% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), the Fund's investment advisor, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

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First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund -- SKYY

companies located in each of Germany, India, Israel and Canada.

The Index is owned and was developed by International Securities Exchange, LLC ("ISB" or the "Index Provider"). The Index Provider has contracted with Standard & Poor's to calculate and maintain the Index. The Index is designed to provide a benchmark for investors interested in tracking companies actively involved in the cloud computing industry. The cloud computing industry is a group of companies that offers internet and technology products, services and applications delivered via the Internet rather than traditional computing, which focuses on computer desktop applications. The Index components are reviewed semi-annually for eligibility. As of December 31, 2012, the Index was comprised of 37 securities from companies located in the United States and 1 security from

The Index uses a market capitalization weighted allocation across three categories in the cloud computing industry. The pure play category includes companies that are direct service providers for "the cloud" (i.e., network hardware/software, storage and cloud computing services) or companies with business models that rely on delivering goods and services that utilize cloud computing technology. The non pure play category includes companies that focus outside the cloud computing space but provide goods and services that support the cloud computing space. The technology conglomerate category includes companies that are large, broad-based companies with business models that indirectly utilize or support the use of cloud computing technology.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund, or stocks in general, may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

MID-CAP STOCK RISK. The Fund invests in mid-cap company stocks, which may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due

to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

CLOUD COMPUTING INDUSTRY RISK. The Fund invests in securities of companies engaged in the cloud computing industry, including companies that provide remote computation, software, data access and storage services. The risks related to investing in such companies include disruption in service caused by hardware or software failure, interruptions or delays in service by third-party data center hosting facilities and maintenance providers, security breaches involving certain private, sensitive, proprietary and confidential information managed and transmitted by cloud computing companies, and privacy concerns and laws, evolving Internet regulation and other foreign or domestic regulations that may limit or otherwise affect the operations of such companies. Also, the business models employed by the companies in the cloud computing industry may not prove to be successful.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMPANIES RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of information technology companies. Information technology companies are generally subject to the risks of rapidly changing technologies, short product life cycles, fierce competition, aggressive pricing and reduced profit margins, loss of patent, copyright and trademark protections, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards and frequent new product introductions. Information technology companies may be smaller and less experienced companies, with limited

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First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund -- SKYY

product lines, markets or financial resources and fewer experienced management or marketing personnel. Information technology company stocks, particularly those involved with the Internet, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that often have been unrelated to their operating performance.

INTERNET COMPANIES RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of Internet companies. Internet companies are subject to rapid changes in technology, worldwide competition, rapid obsolescence of products and services, loss of patent protections, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards, frequent new product introductions and the considerable risk of owning small capitalization companies that have recently begun operations.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past year as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012.

The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST ISE CLOUD COMPUTING INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURN

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended Total Return 12/31/2012

15.53%

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First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund -- SKYY

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 24.11% and -12.45%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	1 Year	Since Inception (7/5/2011)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	15.53%	-0.87%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	15.53%	-0.89%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	10.10%	-0.75%
ISE Cloud Computing (TM) Index	16.27%	-0.27%
S&P 500 Index Index	16.00%	6.78%
S&P Composite 1500 Information Technology Index	14.75%	7.38%
<td></td> <td></td>		

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NASDAQ(R) at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund

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INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the ISE Global Copper(TM) Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the

value of your investment) Management Fees

Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1) Other Expenses

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$72	\$269	\$492	\$1,135

<C>

None

0.70%

0.00%

0.00%

0.70%

⁽¹⁾ Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 46% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in securities that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), the Fund's investment advisor, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

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First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund -- CU

The Index is developed and owned by International Securities Exchange, LLC ("ISE" or the "Index Provider"). The Index is designed to provide a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies that are active in the copper mining business based on analysis of revenue derived from the sale of copper. Issuers of component securities must be actively engaged in some aspect of the copper mining business such as copper mining, refining or exploration. The Index has been created to provide investors with a product allowing them to quickly take advantage of both event-driven news and long-term trends as the need for copper continues to evolve.

ISE reviews the Index components quarterly in March, June, September and December of each year for eligibility and sets each component's weight in the Index according to the Index methodology. Changes are announced on ISE's publicly available website at www.ise.com at least five days prior to the effective date.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. The Fund invests in small and mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not

applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

COPPER MINING COMPANY RISK. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may be significantly impacted by competitive pressures in the copper mining business and the price of copper. Because more than half of the world's copper production occurs in the United States, Chile, Canada, Russia and Zambia, the Fund's Share price may be particularly sensitive to any adverse political or economic developments affecting these countries. The Fund's Share price may experience volatility because the price of copper may fluctuate substantially over short periods of time. Moreover, the Index tracks companies involved in the copper mining business and not the price of copper. The securities of companies involved in the copper mining business may under- or over-perform the price of copper over the short term or the long term.

MATERIALS RISK. The Fund invests significantly in companies involved in the materials sector. General risks of the materials sector include the general state of the economy, consolidation, domestic and international politics and excess capacity. In addition, basic materials companies may also be significantly affected by volatility of commodity prices, import controls,

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First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund -- CU

worldwide competition, liability for environmental damage, depletion of resources and mandated expenditures for safety and pollution control devices.

COPPER RISK. The Fund may be adversely affected by a decrease in the worldwide demand and price of copper. Various factors may lead to a decreased demand and price of copper. As an industrial metal, the demand for and price of copper may be negatively impacted by a decreased level of industrial activity using copper. Other factors include the availability of substitutes such as man-made or synthetic substitutes, disruptions in the supply chain, from mining to storage to smelting or refining, adjustments to inventory, variations in production costs, including storage, labor and energy costs, costs associated with regulatory compliance, including environmental regulations and changes in industrial, government and consumer demand, both in individual consuming nations and internationally.

CANADA RISK. Because the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in companies that are domiciled in Canada, the Fund is particularly sensitive to political, economic and social conditions in that country. Canada is a major producer of metals and energy-related products. The Canadian economy is very dependent on the demand for, and supply and price of, natural resources, and the Canadian market is relatively concentrated in issuers involved in the production and distribution of natural resources. Any adverse events that affect Canada's major industries may have a negative impact on the overall Canadian economy and the Shares of the Fund.

UNITED KINGDOM RISK. Because the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in companies that are domiciled in the United Kingdom, the Fund is particularly sensitive to political, economic and social conditions in that country. The Fund may be affected unfavorably by political developments, social instability, changes in government policies and other political and economic developments in the United Kingdom.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES AND EMERGING MARKETS RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than

securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries. These risks may be heightened for securities of companies located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past two years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

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First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund -- CU

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL COPPER INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED]
[DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended Total Return 12/31/2011 -29.36% 12/31/2012 5.61%

During the two-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 15.51% and -37.68%, respectively, for the quarters ended December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2011. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE>

1 Year Since Inception (3/11/2010) <C> <S> <C> 5.61% Return Before Taxes 3.02% Return After Taxes on Distributions 4.95% 2.13% 3.63% 6.28% Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares 2.07% ISE Global Copper(TM) Index 4.15% 11.02% MSCI All Country World Materials Index 2.04%

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NASDAQ(R) at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

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First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund -- CU

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the ISE Global Engineering and Construction(TM) Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

<C> <S> Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price) None ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment) 0.40% Management Fees Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1) 0.00% Other Expenses 0.31% Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses 0.71% 0.01% Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement (2) 0.70% Total Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's net annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. The example assumes that First Trust's agreement to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.70% of average daily net assets per year will be terminated following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$72	\$271	\$497	\$1,146

- (1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.
- (2) First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.70% of its average daily net assets per year at least until January 31, 2014. Expenses borne by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Fund at any time if it would result in the Fund's expenses exceeding 0.70% of its average daily net assets per year. The agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of the Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 22% of the average value of its portfolio.

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First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund -- FLM

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts")

representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index is developed and owned by the International Securities Exchange, LLC(R) ("ISE" or "Index Provider"), in consultation with Standard & Poor's, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"), which calculates and maintains the Index. The Index provides a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies throughout the world that are active in the engineering and construction industries, based on analysis of the products and services offered by those companies. The Index specifically targets companies that are engaged in large civil and capital projects such as infrastructure, utilities, transportation, telecommunications, commercial, residential, and commerce facilities and whose roles are within the engineering, designing, planning, consulting, project managing, and/or constructing of these projects. To be included in the Index, a company must receive at least 70% of revenues from these types of services and projects based on the reportable segment/division from its most recent annual report.

The Fund may lend securities representing up to 20% of the value of its total assets to broker-dealers, banks and other institutions to generate additional income. When the Fund loans its portfolio securities, it will receive, at the inception of each loan, cash collateral equal to at least 102% (for domestic securities) or 105% (for international securities) of the market value of the loaned securities.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. The Fund invests in small and mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Today.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund -- FLM

a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of engineering and construction companies. Risks associated with investing in these companies include the general state of the economy, demand for their specific products or services, changes in government spending, zoning laws, interest rates, declines in real estate values, environmental damage and product liability claims. In addition, they may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce initiatives.

INDUSTRIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the industrials sector. Many companies in this sector convert unfinished goods into finished durables used to manufacture other goods or provide services. Some industries included in this sector are electrical equipment and components, industrial products, manufactured housing and telecommunications equipment. General risks of these companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer demand and spending trends. In addition, they may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce initiatives.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

JAPAN RISK. The Fund invests in the stock of companies operating in Japan. Because Japan's economy and equity market share a strong correlation with the U.S. markets, the Japanese economy may be affected by economic problems in the U.S. Japan also has a growing economic relationship with China and other Southeast Asian countries, and thus Japan's economy may also be affected by economic, political or social instability in those countries. Despite a strengthening in the economic relationship between Japan and China, the countries' political relationship has at times been strained in recent years. Should political tension increase, it could adversely affect the economy and destabilize the region as a whole. Japan also remains heavily dependent on oil imports, and higher commodity prices could therefore have a negative impact on the economy. Japanese securities may also be subject to lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges than in the United States. Furthermore, the natural disasters that have impacted Japan and the ongoing recovery efforts have had a negative affect on Japan's economy, and may continue to do so.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

SECURITIES LENDING RISK. The Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves the risk that the Fund may lose money because the borrower of the Fund's loaned securities fails to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. The Fund could also lose money in the event of a decline in the value of the collateral provided for the loaned securities or a decline in the value of any investments made with cash collateral. These events could also trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past four years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index, the Russell 3000(R) Index, which is a broad-based securities market index, and a specialized securities market index. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

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First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund -- FLM

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended	Total Return
12/31/2009	25.44%
12/31/2010	18.23%
12/31/2011	-17.44%
12/31/2012	19.21%

During the four-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 28.36% and -24.67%, respectively, for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and September 30, 2011. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE>

	1 Year	Since Inception (10/13/2008)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	19.21%	10.15%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	18.54%	9.60%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	12.43%	8.46%
ISE Global Engineering and Construction(TM) Index	19.45%	12.18%
Russell 3000(R) Index	16.42%	11.67%
MSCI World Industrials Index	16.02%	11.17%

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MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;

- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

2.7

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund -- FLM ______

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NYSE Arca through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NYSE Arca at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

2.8

SUMMARY INFORMATION First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the ISE Global Platinum(TM) Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment) <S>

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1) Other Expenses

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

<C>

None

0.70%

0.00% 0.00%

0.70%

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$72	\$269	\$492	\$1,135

(1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 64% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in securities that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), the Fund's investment advisor, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

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First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund -- PLTM

The Index is developed and owned by International Securities Exchange, LLC ("ISE" or the "Index Provider"). The Index is designed to provide a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies that are active in platinum group metals ("PGM") mining based on revenue analysis of those companies. PGMs collectively refer to six elements, platinum, palladium, osmium, iridium, ruthenium and rhodium, which have similar physical and chemical properties and tend to occur together in the same mineral deposits. Issuers of component securities must be actively engaged in some aspect of PGM mining such as mining, refining or exploration. The Index has been created to provide investors with a product allowing them to quickly take advantage of both event-driven news and long-term trends as the need for PGMs continues to evolve.

ISE reviews the Index components quarterly in March, June, September and December of each year for eligibility and sets each component's weight in the Index according to the Index methodology. Changes are announced on ISE's publicly available website at www.ise.com at least five days prior to the effective date.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. The Fund invests in small and mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

PGM MINING COMPANY RISK. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may be significantly impacted by competitive pressures in the PGM mining business and the price of PGMs. Because a vast majority of the world's PGM production occurs in Russia and South Africa, the Fund's Share price may be particularly sensitive to any adverse political or economic developments affecting these countries. The Fund's Share price may experience volatility because the price of PGMs may fluctuate substantially over short periods of time. Moreover, the Index tracks companies involved in the PGM mining business and not the price of PGMs. The securities of companies involved in the PGM mining business may under- or over-perform the price of PGMs over the short term or the long term.

SOUTH AFRICA RISK. Because a significant percentage of the world's PGM mining takes place in South Africa, the Fund is particularly sensitive to political and economic conditions in that country. South Africa has historically experienced

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First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund -- PLTM

acts of terrorism and strained international relations related to border disputes, historical animosities, racial tensions and other domestic concerns. These situations may cause uncertainty in the South African market and may adversely affect the performance of the South African economy.

PGM RISK. The Fund may be adversely affected by a decrease in the worldwide demand and price of PGMs. Various factors may lead to a decreased demand and price of PGMs. An increase in the level of hedge activity of PGM-producing companies could cause a decline in world PGM prices. A significant negative change in the attitude of speculators and investors towards PGMs could cause a decline in world PGM prices. A widening of interest rate differentials between the cost of money and the cost of PGMs could also negatively affect the price of PGMs which, in turn, could negatively affect the price of the Shares. In addition, automobile components that use PGMs account for a significant percentage of the global demand for PGMs. Because of the decline in demand and reduction in sales experienced by the global automotive industry the price of PGMs may be negatively affected. PGM companies are also subject to risks associated with the exploration, development and production of PGMs, including

competition for land, difficulties in obtaining required governmental approval to mine land, inability to raise adequate capital, increases in production costs and political unrest in nations where sources of PGMs are located, particularly Russia and South Africa.

MATERIALS RISK. The Fund invests significantly in companies involved in the materials sector. General risks of the materials sector include the general state of the economy, consolidation, domestic and international politics and excess capacity. In addition, basic materials companies may also be significantly affected by volatility of commodity prices, import controls, worldwide competition, liability for environmental damage, depletion of resources and mandated expenditures for safety and pollution control devices.

LIQUIDITY RISK. Whether or not the equity securities in the Fund are listed on a securities exchange, the principal trading market for certain of the equity securities in the Fund may be in the over-the-counter market. As a result, the existence of a liquid trading market for the equity securities may depend on whether dealers will make a market in the equity securities. There can be no assurance that a market will be made for any of the equity securities, that any market for the equity securities will be maintained or that there will be sufficient liquidity of the equity securities in any markets made. The price at which the equity securities are held in the Fund will be adversely affected if trading markets for the equity securities are limited or absent.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES AND EMERGING MARKETS RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries. These risks may be heightened for securities of companies located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past two years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

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First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund -- PLTM

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL PLATINUM INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended Total Return 12/31/2011 -47.63% 12/31/2012 -17.50%

During the two-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 7.49% and -32.85%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and September 30, 2011. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

		(3/11/2010)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	-17.50%	-21.61%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-17.61%	-21.83%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	-11.38%	-17.78%
ISE Global Platinum(TM) Index	-17.49%	-21.19%
MSCI All Country World Index	16.13%	6.57%
MSCI All Country World Materials Index	11.02%	2.04%

 | |1 Year

Since Inception

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NASDAQ(R) at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

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First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund -- PLTM

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial

SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the ISE Global Wind Energy(TM) Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)

<C> None

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

 Management Fees
 0.40%

 Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1)
 0.00%

 Other Expenses
 0.27%

 Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses
 0.67%

 Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement (2)
 0.07%

Total Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement 0.60%

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's net annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. The example assumes that First Trust's agreement to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of average daily net assets per year will be terminated following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years \$61 \$250 \$467 \$1,091

- (1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.
- (2) First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year at least until January 31, 2014. Expenses borne by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Fund at any time if it would result in the Fund's expenses exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year. The agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of the Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 57% of the average value of its portfolio.

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First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund -- FAN

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index is developed and owned by the International Securities Exchange, LLC(R) ("ISE" or "Index Provider"), in consultation with Standard & Poor's, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"), which calculates and maintains the Index. The Index provides a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies throughout the world that are active in the wind energy industry based on analysis of the products and services offered by those companies.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. The Fund invests in small and mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be

issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

WIND ENERGY RISK. The Fund invests in wind energy companies. Wind energy companies can be significantly affected by obsolescence of existing technology, short product cycles, falling prices and profits, competition from new market entrants and general economic conditions. This can be significantly affected by fluctuations in energy prices and supply and demand of alternative energy fuels, energy conservation, the success of exploration projects and tax and other government regulations. Wind energy companies could be adversely affected by commodity price volatility, changes in exchange rates, imposition of import

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First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund -- FAN

controls, increased competition, depletion of resources, technological developments and labor relations. In addition, the Fund may include companies affected by industry consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess

capacity and consumer demand and spending trends. They may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce

INDUSTRIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the industrials sector. Many companies in this sector convert unfinished goods into finished durables used to manufacture other goods or provide services. Some industries included in this sector are electrical equipment and components, industrial products, manufactured housing and telecommunications equipment. General risks of these companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer demand and spending trends. In addition, they may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce initiatives.

UTILITIES SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the utilities sector. General problems of issuers in the utilities sector include the imposition of rate caps, increased competition due to deregulation, the difficulty in obtaining an adequate return on invested capital or in financing large construction projects, the limitations on operations and increased costs and delays attributable to environmental considerations and the capital market's ability to absorb utility debt. In addition, taxes, government regulation, international politics, price and supply fluctuations, volatile interest rates and energy conservation may cause difficulties for utilities. All of such issuers have been experiencing certain of these problems in varying degrees.

LIQUIDITY RISK. Whether or not the equity securities in the Fund are listed on a securities exchange, the principal trading market for certain of the equity securities in the Fund may be in the over-the-counter market. As a result, the existence of a liquid trading market for the equity securities may depend on whether dealers will make a market in the equity securities. There can be no assurance that a market will be made for any of the equity securities, that any market for the equity securities will be maintained or that there will be sufficient liquidity of the equity securities in any markets made. The price at which the equity securities are held in the Fund will be adversely affected if trading markets for the equity securities are limited or absent.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

EUROPE RISK. The Fund invests a material portion of its assets in securities issued by companies operating in Europe. Investments in a single region, even though representing a number of different countries within the region, may be

affected by common economic forces and other factors. The Fund is subject to greater risks of adverse events which occur in the European region and may experience greater volatility than a fund that is more broadly diversified geographically. Political or economic disruptions in European countries, even in countries in which the Fund is not invested, may adversely affect security values and thus the Fund's holdings. A significant number of countries in Europe are member states in the European Union (the "EU"), and the member states no longer control their own monetary policies by directing independent interest rates for their currencies. In these member states, the authority to direct monetary policies, including money supply and official interest rates for the Euro, is exercised by the European Central Bank. Furthermore, the European sovereign debt crisis has had, and continues to have, a significant negative impact on the economies of certain European countries and their future economic outlooks.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past four years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31,

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First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund -- FAN

2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL WIND ENERGY INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended	Total Return
12/31/2009	26.01%
12/31/2010	-31.42%
12/31/2011	-21.59%
12/31/2012	-12.18%

During the four-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 41.69% and -25.75%, respectively, for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2010. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

		(6/16/2008)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	-12.18%	-26.72%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-12.69%	-27.03%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	-7.92%	-20.38%
ISE Global Wind Energy(TM) Index	-12.32%	-26.21%
Russell 3000(R) Index	16.42%	3.51%
MSCI World Index	15.83%	0.16%

 | |1 Year

Since Inception

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR
First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

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First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund -- FAN

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NYSE Arca through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NYSE Arca at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees

and expenses) of an equity index called the NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM) (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)

<C> None

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1)
Other Expenses

0.70% 0.00% 0.00%

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

0.70%

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$72	\$269	\$492	\$1,135

(1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 35% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), the Fund's investment advisor, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

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First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund -- FONE

The Index is owned by The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. (the "Index Provider"). The

Index Provider and the Consumer Electronics Association have jointly developed the eligibility and selection criteria and rules for the Index. The Index is calculated and maintained by the Index Provider. The Index is designed to track the performance of companies engaged in the Smartphone segment of the telecommunications and technology sectors. The Index includes companies primarily involved in the building, design and distribution of handsets, hardware, software and mobile networks associated with the development, sale and usage of Smartphones. The Index Provider defines a Smartphone as a wireless, mobile communication device offering advanced capabilities and functionalities, including web access, through the use of an identifiable operating system.

The Index uses a modified equal dollar weighting methodology. The Index Provider evaluates the Index components semi-annually in March and September of each year for eligibility, using market data through the end of February and August, respectively. Eligible components for the Index are identified as such using the eligibility criteria set forth in this Prospectus under "Index Information." Changes to the Index are made effective after the close of trading on the third Friday in March and September. The Index is rebalanced quarterly, each March, June, September and December. As of December 31, 2012, there were 64 securities that comprised the Index.

The Fund may lend securities representing up to 20% of the value of its total assets to broker-dealers, banks and other institutions to generate additional income. When the Fund loans its portfolio securities, it will receive, at the inception of each loan, cash collateral equal to at least 102% (for domestic securities) or 105% (for international securities) of the market value of the loaned securities.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. The Fund invests in small and mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund -- FONE

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMPANIES RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of information technology companies. Information technology companies are generally subject to the risks of rapidly changing technologies, short product life cycles, fierce competition, aggressive pricing and reduced profit margins, loss of patent, copyright and trademark protections, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards and frequent new product introductions. Information technology companies may be smaller and less experienced companies, with limited product lines, markets or financial resources and fewer experienced management or marketing personnel. Information technology company stocks, particularly those involved with the Internet, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that often have been unrelated to their operating performance.

SMARTPHONE INDUSTRY RISK. The Fund will be invested in securities of companies in the smartphone industry. The smartphone industry is characterized by intense competition and new market entrants, which could negatively impact profit margins and overall revenues of the companies involved in the industry. Smartphone companies are generally subject to the risks of rapidly changing technologies, short product life cycles, fierce competition, aggressive pricing and reduced profit margins, the loss of patent, copyright and trademark protections, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards, and frequent new product introductions. Smartphone companies are affected by high and continuing costs of research and development due to quickly evolving technologies. Smartphone companies are often reliant upon the relationships with third-parties, which can be unpredictable. Additionally, the Smartphone industry is in the early stages of development and can be extremely volatile.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES AND EMERGING MARKETS RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers, including non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities traded outside of the United States and U.S. dollar-denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers traded in the United States. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries. These risks may be heightened for securities of companies located in, or with significant operations in, emerging market countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

SECURITIES LENDING RISK. The Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves the risk that the Fund may lose money because the borrower of the Fund's loaned securities fails to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. The Fund could also lose money in the event of a decline in the value of the collateral provided for the loaned securities or a decline in the value of any investments made with cash collateral. These events could also trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year return of the Fund based on NAV for the past year as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed

return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

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First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund -- FONE

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURN

[GRAPH OMITTED]
[DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended Total Return 12/31/2012 7.44%

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 15.83% and -17.69%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE>

	1 Year	Since Inception (2/17/2011)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	7.44%	-7.93%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	6.95%	-8.29%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	4.82%	-6.91%
NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM)	7.98%	-7.32%
MSCI World Index	15.83%	1.50%
MSCI All Country World Information Technology Index	15.32%	1.81%

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MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on

First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund -- FONE

NASDAQ(R) at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES
If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary
(such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's
distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related
services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the
broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund
over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial
intermediary's website for more information.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM) (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

	\C>
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.40%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1)	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.39%
Motal Annual Fund Operating Functors	0.79%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	
Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement (2)	0.09%

0.70%

Total Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's net annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. The example assumes that First Trust's agreement to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.70% of average daily net assets per year will be terminated following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years \$72 \$285 \$529 \$1,229

- (1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.
- (2) First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.70% of its average daily net assets per year at least until January 31, 2014. Expenses borne by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Fund at any time if it would result in the Fund's expenses exceeding 0.70% of its average daily net assets per year. The agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of the Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 46% of the average value of its portfolio.

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First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund -- GRID

First Trust NASDAQ(K) Clean Edge(K) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund -- GKII

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index is designed to act as a transparent and liquid benchmark for the grid and electric energy infrastructure sector. The Index includes companies that are primarily engaged and involved in electric grid, electric meters and devices, networks, energy storage and management, and enabling software used by the smart grid infrastructure sector.

Each March and September, Clean Edge, Inc. ("Clean Edge") provides The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. ("NASDAQ OMX") with a list of companies to be included in the Index. In order to be eligible for inclusion in the Index, the issuer of the security must be classified by Clean Edge as a smart grid, electric infrastructure and/or other grid-related activities company. Clean Edge then screens the companies identified as such using the eligibility criteria described under "Index Information." The list of remaining companies is provided to NASDAQ OMX, which then compiles the Index. NASDAQ OMX determines the respective market-capitalization weighting of each of the securities included in the Index (the "Index Securities") and balances the Index accordingly each March, June, September and December.

Clean Edge, founded in 2000, is the world's first research and publishing firm devoted to the clean-tech sector. The company, via its publications, events, and online services, helps companies, investors, and governments understand and profit from clean technologies. NASDAQ OMX is the world's largest exchange company with trading, technology and public company service capability spanning six continents.

The Fund may lend securities representing up to 20% of the value of its total assets to broker-dealers, banks and other institutions to generate additional income. When the Fund loans its portfolio securities, it will receive, at the inception of each loan, cash collateral equal to at least 102% (for domestic securities) or 105% (for international securities) of the market value of the loaned securities.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. The Fund invests in small and mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be

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First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund -- GRID

bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

INDUSTRIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the industrials sector. Many companies in this sector convert unfinished goods into finished durables used to manufacture other goods or provide services. Some industries included in this sector are electrical equipment and components, industrial products, manufactured housing and telecommunications equipment. General risks of these companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer demand and spending trends. In addition, they may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce initiatives.

SMART GRID RISK. The Fund will be concentrated in smart grid companies. Smart grid companies can be negatively affected by high costs of research and development, high capital requirements for implementation, uncertain government regulations and input, limited ability of industrial and utility companies to quickly transform their businesses in order to implement new technologies and uncertainty of the ability of new products to penetrate established industries. Smart grid companies are often reliant upon contracts with government and

commercial customers which may expire from time to time. Such companies are also affected by the general business conditions within the industrial, utility, information technology and telecommunications sectors and the overall global economy.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of a Fund's holdings goes up.

SECURITIES LENDING RISK. The Fund may engage in securities lending. Securities lending involves the risk that the Fund may lose money because the borrower of the Fund's loaned securities fails to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. The Fund could also lose money in the event of a decline in the value of the collateral provided for the loaned securities or a decline in the value of any investments made with cash collateral. These events could also trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past three years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

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First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund -- GRID

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX FUNDTOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINT REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended Total Return
12/31/2010 -0.20%
12/31/2011 -20.90%
12/31/2012 19.69%

During the three-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 13.59% and -26.52%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and September 30, 2011. The Fund's past

performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the $Fund\ will\ perform\ in\ the\ future.$

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE>

	I ICUI	Dince inception
		(11/16/2009)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	19.69%	0.21%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	19.31%	-0.31%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	12.79%	0.04%
NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM)	20.21%	0.94%
Russell 3000(R) Index	16.42%	11.20%
S&P 1500 Industrials Index	16.46%	13.05%
MSCI World Industrials Index	16.02%	8.86%

 | |1 Year

Since Inception

MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President
 of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased

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First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund -- GRID

and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NASDAQ(R) at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM) (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price) None

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees 0.70% Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1) 0.00% Other Expenses 0.00% 0.70%

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	s 10 Years
\$72	\$269	\$492	\$1,135

(1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 17% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), the Fund's investment advisor, seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund -- CARZ

The Index is owned and was developed by The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. (the "Index Provider"). The Index Provider has contracted with Standard & Poor's to calculate and maintain the Index. The Index is designed to track the performance of the largest and most liquid companies engaged in manufacturing of automobiles

The Index uses a modified market-capitalization weighting methodology. The Index Provider evaluates the Index components annually in June of each year for eligibility, using market data through the end of May. Eligible components for the Index are identified as such using the eligibility criteria set forth in this Prospectus under "Index Information." Changes to the Index are made effective after the close of trading on the third Friday in June. The Index is rebalanced quarterly, each March, June, September and December. As of December 31, 2012, the Index was comprised of 35 securities from 10 countries, which included the United States and Japan.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in the Index, however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

MID-CAP STOCK RISK. The Fund invests in mid-cap company stocks, which may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the Index.

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issues.

AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY RISK. The automotive industry can be highly cyclical, and companies in the industry may suffer periodic operating losses. The industry can be significantly affected by labor relations and fluctuating component prices. While most of the major automotive manufacturers are large companies, certain others may be non-diversified in both product line and customer base and may be more vulnerable to certain events that may negatively impact the automotive industry.

CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY COMPANIES RISK. The Fund invests in consumer discretionary companies, which manufacture products and provide discretionary services directly to the consumer, and the success of these companies is tied closely to the performance of the overall domestic and international economy, interest rates, competition and consumer confidence. Success depends heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending. Changes in demographics and

consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and success of, consumer discretionary products in the marketplace.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers, including non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities traded outside of the United States and U.S. dollar-denominated securities of non-U.S. issuers traded in the United States. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

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First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund -- CARZ

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

JAPAN RISK. The Fund invests in the stock of companies operating in Japan. Because Japan's economy and equity market share a strong correlation with the U.S. markets, the Japanese economy may be affected by economic problems in the U.S. Japan also has a growing economic relationship with China and other Southeast Asian countries, and thus Japan's economy may also be affected by economic, political or social instability in those countries. Despite a strengthening in the economic relationship between Japan and China, the countries' political relationship has at times been strained in recent years. Should political tension increase, it could adversely affect the economy and destabilize the region as a whole. Japan also remains heavily dependent on oil imports, and higher commodity prices could therefore have a negative impact on the economy. Japanese securities may also be subject to lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges than in the United States. Furthermore, the natural disasters that have impacted Japan and the ongoing recovery efforts have had a negative affect on Japan's economy, and may continue to do so.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year return of the Fund based on NAV for the past year as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and a broad-based securities market index. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ GLOBAL AUTO INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURN

[GRAPH OMITTED]
[DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended 12/31/2012 Total Return

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 21.73% and -12.28%, respectively, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012 and June 30, 2012. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

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First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund -- CARZ

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE>

Volle 110n/	1 Year	Since Inception (5/9/2011)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	28.38%	-1.01%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	27.98%	-1.25%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	18.42%	-1.00%
NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM)	28.20%	-0.39%
MSCI World Index	15.83%	1.56%

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MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NASDAQ(R) through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund trade on NASDAQ(R), at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase Shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund (the "Fund") seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before the Fund's fees and expenses) of an equity index called the STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Index (the "Index").

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold Shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing and selling Shares may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)

<s> Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)</s>	<c> None</c>
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.40%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees (1)	0.00%
Other Expenses	1.27%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement (2)	1.67% 1.07%

0.60%

Total Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and Expense Reimbursement

</TABLE>

EXAMPLE

The example below is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account customary brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then you retain the Shares or redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's net annual operating expenses remain at current levels until January 31, 2014. Additionally, the example assumes that the Fund imposes a 12b-1 fee of 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets following January 31, 2014. The example assumes that First Trust's agreement to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of average daily net assets per year will be terminated following January 31, 2014. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$61	\$429	\$870	\$2,097

- (1) Although the Fund has adopted a 12b-1 plan that permits it to pay up to 0.25% per annum, it will not pay 12b-1 fees at any time before January 31, 2014.
- (2) First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay the Fund's expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes, and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year at least until January 31, 2014. Expenses borne by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Fund at any time if it would result in the Fund's expenses exceeding 0.60% of its average daily net assets per year. The agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of the Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells

securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 31% of the average value of its portfolio.

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First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund -- FDD

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise the Index or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRS"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRS"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRS") or other depositary receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in the Index. First Trust will seek to match the performance of the Index (before the Fund's fees and expenses).

The Fund, using an "indexing" investment approach, attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. First Trust seeks a correlation of 0.95 or better (before fees and expenses) between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index; a figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation. First Trust will regularly monitor the Fund's tracking accuracy and will seek to maintain an appropriate correlation.

The Index consists of 30 high dividend-yielding securities selected from the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index, including secondary lines of those companies (where there are multiple lines of equity capital in a company). The STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index covers 18 European countries: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom. The Index is compiled and maintained by STOXX Limited ("STOXX" or the "Index Provider"). Only dividend-paying companies in the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index (including secondary lines of those companies) are considered for inclusion in the Index. In addition, a company must have a non-negative five-year dividend-per-share growth rate and a dividend-to-earnings ratio of 60% or less. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted annually in March. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by the Index Provider in the composition of the Index.

The Fund intends to invest entirely in securities included in the Index; however, there may also be instances in which the Fund may be underweighted or overweighted in certain securities in the Index, not invest in certain securities included in the Index, purchase securities not in the Index that are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

You could lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

MARKET RISK. Market risk is the risk that a particular stock owned by the Fund, Shares of the Fund or stocks in general may fall in value. Shares are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Overall stock values could decline generally or could underperform other investments.

MID-CAP STOCK RISK. The Fund invests in mid-cap company stocks, which may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements than those of larger, more established companies or the market averages in general.

NON-CORRELATION RISK. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and may incur costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's portfolio holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. In addition, the Fund's portfolio holdings may not exactly replicate the securities included in the Index or the ratios between the securities included in the Index.

REPLICATION MANAGEMENT RISK. The Fund is exposed to additional market risk due to its policy of investing principally in the securities included in the Index. As a result of this policy, securities held by the Fund will generally not be bought or sold in response to market fluctuations, and the securities may be issued by companies concentrated in a particular industry. Therefore, the Fund will generally not sell a stock because the stock's issuer is in financial

trouble, unless that stock is removed or is anticipated to be removed from the

NON-DIVERSIFICATION RISK. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As a result, the Fund is only limited as to the percentage of its assets which may be invested in the securities of any one issuer by the diversification requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

FINANCIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the financials sector which may include banks, thrifts, brokerage firms, broker/dealers, investment banks, finance companies and companies involved in the insurance industry. Banks, thrifts and their holding companies are especially subject to the adverse effects of economic recession; government

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First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund -- FDD

regulation; decreases in the availability of capital; volatile interest rates; portfolio concentrations in geographic markets and in commercial and residential real estate loans; and competition from new entrants in their fields of business. In addition, the Fund may invest in companies that may be significantly affected by the downturn in the U.S. and world economies that began with the significant decline in the subprime mortgage lending market in the United States.

INDUSTRIALS SECTOR RISK. The Fund invests in the securities of companies in the industrials sector. Many companies in this sector convert unfinished goods into finished durables used to manufacture other goods or provide services. Some industries included in this sector are electrical equipment and components, industrial products, manufactured housing and telecommunications equipment. General risks of these companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer demand and spending trends. In addition, they may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, labor relations, government regulations and e-commerce initiatives.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. The Fund invests in securities of non-U.S. issuers. Such securities are subject to higher volatility than securities of domestic issuers due to possible adverse political, social or economic developments; restrictions on foreign investment or exchange of securities; lack of liquidity; excessive taxation; government seizure of assets; different legal or accounting standards; and less government supervision and regulation of exchanges in foreign countries.

UNITED KINGDOM RISK. Because the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in companies that are domiciled in the United Kingdom, the Fund is particularly sensitive to political, economic and social conditions in that country. The Fund may be affected unfavorably by political developments, social instability, changes in government policies and other political and economic developments in the United Kingdom.

EUROPE RISK. The Fund invests in securities issued by companies operating in Europe. Investments in a single region, even though representing a number of different countries within the region, may be affected by common economic forces and other factors. The Fund is subject to greater risks of adverse events which occur in the European region and may experience greater volatility than a fund that is more broadly diversified geographically. Political or economic disruptions in European countries, even in countries in which the Fund is not invested, may adversely affect security values and thus the Fund's holdings. A significant number of countries in Europe are member states in the European Union (the "EU"), and the member states no longer control their own monetary policies by directing independent interest rates for their currencies. In these member states, the authority to direct monetary policies, including money supply and official interest rates for the Euro, is exercised by the European Central Bank. Furthermore, the European sovereign debt crisis has had, and continues to have, a significant negative impact on the economies of certain European countries and their future economic outlooks.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. Depositary receipts may be less liquid than the underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the holders of depositary receipts are usually subject to a fee charged by the depositary. Holders of depositary receipts may have limited voting rights, and investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of depositary receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert

equity shares into depositary receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the depositary receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. Because the Fund's NAV is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars and the Fund invests in foreign securities, you may lose money if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, even if the local currency value of the Fund's holdings goes up.

ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The bar chart and table below illustrate the annual calendar year returns of the Fund based on NAV for the past five years as well as the average annual Fund and Index returns for the one year, five year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2012. The bar chart and table provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year-to-year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns based on NAV compare to those of the Index and two broad-based securities market indices. See "Total Return Information" for additional performance information regarding the Fund. The Fund's performance information is accessible on the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of Shares assume you sold your Shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns

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First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund -- FDD

for the market indices do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your specific tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Fund Shares in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

FIRST TRUST STOXX(R) EUROPEAN SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND--TOTAL RETURNS

[GRAPH OMITTED] [DATA POINTS REPRESENTED IN GRAPH]

Calendar Year Ended	Total Retur
12/31/2008	-61.15%
12/31/2009	37.08%
12/31/2010	0.90%
12/31/2011	-10.22%
12/31/2012	10.08%

During the five-year period ended December 31, 2012, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 27.30% and -30.31%, respectively, for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	1 Year	5 Year	Since Inception
			(8/27/2007)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Return Before Taxes	10.08%	-11.89%	-11.20%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	8.10%	-13.47%	-12.75%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares	6.47%	-10.49%	-9.88%
STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Index	9.41%	-11.58%	-10.80%
STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index	20.02%	-4.14%	-2.88%
MSCI Europe Index	19.12%	-4.34%	-3.04%

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MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT ADVISOR
First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust")

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The Fund's portfolio is managed by a team (the "Investment Committee") consisting of:

- o Daniel J. Lindquist, Chairman of the Investment Committee and Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President of First Trust;
- o David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President of First Trust:
- o Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President of First Trust; and
- o Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President of First Trust.

Each Investment Committee member has served as a part of the portfolio management team of the Fund since inception.

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First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund -- FDD

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Fund issues and redeems Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in Creation Units consisting of 50,000 Shares. The Fund's Creation Units are issued and redeemed in-kind for securities included in the Fund's portfolio and/or cash and only to and from broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements. Individual Shares may only be purchased and sold on NYSE Arca through a broker-dealer. Shares of the Fund will trade on NYSE Arca at market prices rather than NAV, which may cause the Shares to trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

TAX INFORMATION

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), First Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Fund's distributor, may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund Shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Each Fund is a series of the Trust, an investment company and an exchange-traded "index fund." The investment objective of each Fund is to seek investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield (before each Fund's fees and expenses) of such Fund's corresponding equity index (each Fund's corresponding equity index is referred to herein as an "Index," and together, as the "Indices;" the provider of each Fund's Index is referred to herein as an "Index Provider" and collectively, as the "Index Providers"). Each Fund will normally invest at least 90% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks that comprise each Fund's respective Index and/or in Depositary Receipts representing securities in such Index. Each Fund's investment objective, the 90% investment strategy and each of the policies described herein are non-fundamental policies that may be changed by the Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board") without shareholder approval. As non-fundamental policies, each Fund's investment objective and the 90% investment strategy require 60 days' prior written notice to shareholders before they can be changed. Certain fundamental policies of the Funds are set forth in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") under "Investment Objectives and Policies."

In seeking to achieve each Fund's investment objective, the Fund generally will invest in all of the securities comprising its Index, or Depositary Receipts representing securities in its Index, in proportion to their weightings in the Index. However, under various circumstances, it may not be possible or practicable to purchase all of those stocks in those weightings. In those circumstances, a Fund may purchase a sample of stocks in its Index. There may also be instances in which First Trust may choose to overweight certain stocks in the applicable Index, purchase securities not in the Index which First Trust

believes are appropriate to substitute for certain securities in the Index, use futures or derivative instruments, or utilize various combinations of the above techniques in seeking to track the Index. A Fund may sell stocks that are represented in its Index in anticipation of their removal from the Index or purchase stocks not represented in the Index in anticipation of their addition to the Index.

DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

A description of the policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of each Fund's portfolio securities is included in the Funds' SAI and on the Funds' website at www.ftportfolios.com.

SECURITIES LENDING

Currently, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ (EA Smartphone Index Fund and First Trust NASDAQ (R) Clean Edge (R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund expect to lend securities representing up to 20% of the value of their total assets to broker-dealers, banks and other institutions to generate additional income. In the future, the remaining Funds may also engage in this practice. When a Fund loans its portfolio securities, it will receive, at the inception of each loan, cash collateral equal to at least 102% (for domestic securities) or 105% (for international securities) of the market value of the loaned securities.

ADDITIONAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUNDS

Risk is inherent in all investing. Investing in a Fund involves risk, including the risk that you may lose all or part of your investment. There can be no assurance that a Fund will meet its stated objective. Before you invest, you should consider the following risks in addition to the Principal Risks set forth above in this prospectus.

INDEX TRACKING RISK. You should anticipate that the value of Fund Shares will decline, more or less, in correlation with any decline in the value of that Fund's Index

EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT AND RECOUPMENT RISK. For certain Funds, the Advisor has entered into an agreement with the Trust in which the Advisor has agreed to waive certain fees and/or reimburse such Funds for expenses exceeding an agreed upon amount. This agreement may be terminated by the Trust on behalf of a Fund at any time and by First Trust only after January 31, 2014 upon 60 days' written notice. The Advisor is also entitled to recoup from the applicable Funds any waived or reimbursed amounts pursuant to the agreement for a period of up to three years from the date of waiver or reimbursement. Any such recoupment or modification or termination of the agreement could negatively affect the applicable Fund's returns.

MARKET MAKER RISK. Certain of the Funds, especially those with lower average daily trading volumes, may rely on a small number of third-party market makers to provide a market for the purchase and sale of Shares. Any trading halt or other problem relating to the trading activity of these market makers could result in a dramatic change in the spread between a Fund's NAV and the price at which such Fund's Shares are trading on the Exchange. This could result in a decrease in value of a Fund's Shares.

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NON-U.S. SECURITIES RISK. In addition to the risks described above in "Principal Risks -- Non-U.S. Securities and Emerging Markets Risk" and "Principal Risks -Non-U.S. Securities Risk," an investment in securities of non-U.S. companies involves other risks not associated with domestic issuers. Investment in non-U.S. securities may involve higher costs than investment in U.S. securities, including higher transaction and custody costs as well as the imposition of additional taxes by non-U.S. governments. Non-U.S. investments may also involve risks associated with the level of currency exchange rates, less complete financial information about the issuers, less market liquidity, more market volatility and political instability. Future political and economic developments, the possible imposition of withholding taxes on dividend income, the possible seizure or nationalization of non-U.S. holdings, the possible establishment of exchange controls or freezes on the convertibility of currency, or the adoption of other governmental restrictions might adversely affect an investment in non-U.S. securities. Additionally, non-U.S. issuers may be subject to less stringent regulation, and to different accounting, auditing and recordkeeping requirements.

EMERGING MARKETS RISK. In addition to the risks described above in "Principal Risks -- Non-U.S. Securities and Emerging Markets Risk," an investment in emerging market companies involves certain further risks not associated with investing in developed market countries because emerging market countries are often in the initial stages of their industrialization cycles and have low per capita income. These increased risks include the possibility of investment and trading limitations, greater liquidity concerns, higher price volatility,

greater delays and possibility of disruptions in settlement transactions, greater political uncertainties and greater dependence on international trade or development assistance. In addition, emerging market countries may be subject to overburdened infrastructures and environmental problems.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS RISK. In addition to the risks above in "Principal Risks -Depositary Receipts Risk," an investment in Depositary Receipts involves further
risks due to certain features of Depositary Receipts. Depositary Receipts are
usually in the form of ADRs, GDRs or EDRs. ADRs are U.S. dollar-denominated
receipts representing shares of foreign-based corporations. ADRs are issued by
U.S. banks or trust companies, and entitle the holder to all dividends and
capital gains that are paid out on the underlying foreign shares. GDRs and EDRs
are similar to ADRs, but are shares of foreign-based corporations generally
issued by international banks in one or more markets around the world, and by
European banks, respectively. ADRs, GDRs or EDRs may be less liquid than the
underlying shares in their primary trading market. Any distributions paid to the
holders of Depositary Receipts, whether ADRs, GDRs or EDRs, are usually subject
to a fee charged by the depositary.

Holders of Depositary Receipts may have limited voting rights pursuant to a deposit agreement between the underlying issuer and the depositary. In certain cases, the depositary will vote the equity shares deposited with it as directed by the underlying issuer's board of directors. Furthermore, investment restrictions in certain countries may adversely impact the value of Depositary Receipts because such restrictions may limit the ability to convert equity shares into Depositary Receipts and vice versa. Such restrictions may cause equity shares of the underlying issuer to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the Depositary Receipt. Moreover, if Depositary Receipts are converted into equity shares, the laws in certain countries may limit the ability of a non-resident to trade the equity shares and to reconvert the equity shares to Depositary Receipts.

Depositary Receipts may be "sponsored" or "unsponsored." Sponsored Depositary Receipts are established jointly by a depositary and the underlying issuer, whereas unsponsored Depositary Receipts may be established by a depositary without participation by the underlying issuer. Holders of unsponsored Depositary Receipts generally bear all the costs associated with establishing the unsponsored Depositary Receipts. In addition, the issuers of the securities underlying unsponsored Depositary Receipts are not obligated to disclose material information in the United States and, therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the Depositary Receipts.

Depositary Receipts may be unregistered and unlisted. A Fund's investments may also include Depositary Receipts that are not purchased in the public markets and are restricted securities that can be offered and sold only to "qualified institutional buyers" under Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"). Moreover, if adverse market conditions were to develop during the period between a Fund's decision to sell these types of Depositary Receipts and the point at which a Fund is permitted or able to sell such security, the Fund might obtain a price less favorable than the price that prevailed when it decided to sell.

Ownership of Depositary Receipts in certain countries represented in a Fund's portfolio may have some adverse consequences for the Fund, as set forth below.

BRAZIL. With respect to Depositary Receipts of Brazilian companies, if a holder of Depositary Receipts exchanges its interest in the Depositary Receipts for the underlying shares, it may risk losing the ability to remit foreign currency abroad and certain Brazilian tax advantages. The holder of Depositary Receipts will be entitled to rely on the electronic registration of the issuer's custodian for only five business days from the date of exchange, but thereafter, a Depositary Receipt holder may not be able to obtain and remit U.S. dollars abroad upon the disposition of, or distributions relating to, the underlying shares unless it obtains its own

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electronic registration by registering the investment in the underlying shares. If a Depositary Receipt holder attempts to obtain its own electronic registration, it may incur expenses or suffer delays in the application process, which could delay the receipt of dividends or distributions relating to the underlying shares or the return of capital in a timely manner. In the future, the custodian's electronic registration or any certificate of foreign capital registration obtained by a Depositary Receipt holder may be affected by future legislative changes, or additional restrictions may be applicable to Depositary Receipt holders, the disposition of the underlying shares or the repatriation of the proceeds from disposition.

Depositary Receipt holders may be disadvantaged by the fact that the Brazilian securities markets are not as highly regulated and supervised as the securities markets in the United States or in certain other jurisdictions. Rules and policies against self-dealing and regarding the

preservation of minority shareholder interests may be less well-developed and enforced in Brazil than in the United States or in certain other jurisdictions. For example, when compared to Delaware corporate law, Brazilian corporate law and practice have less detailed and well-established rules and judicial precedents relating to the review of management decisions against duty of care and duty of loyalty standards in the context of corporate restructurings, transactions with related parties, and sale-of-business transactions. Moreover, shareholders in Brazilian companies ordinarily do not have standing to bring a class-action lawsuit. Also, foreign private issuers are not required to follow many of the corporate governance rules that apply to U.S. domestic issuers with securities listed on the New York Stock Exchange and are not subject to the U.S. proxy rules.

Proceeds from the sale of Depositary Receipts outside Brazil are free of Brazilian foreign investment controls and holders of Depositary Receipts who are not residents in a tax haven jurisdiction (i.e., a country or location that does not impose taxes on income or where the maximum income tax rate is lower than 20%, or where the legislation imposes restrictions on disclosure of the shareholding composition or the ownership of the investment) will be entitled to favorable tax treatment. Although there is at present no treaty to avoid double taxation between Brazil and the United States, but only a common understanding between the two countries according to which income taxes paid in one may be offset against taxes to be paid in the other, both countries' tax authorities have been having discussions that may result in the execution of such a treaty. There can be no assurance about whether or when such a treaty will be entered into or how, if entered into, such a treaty will affect the U.S. holders of Depositary Receipts of Brazilian companies.

INDIA. With respect to Depositary Receipts of Indian companies, foreign investment restrictions under Indian law may adversely impact the value of Depositary Receipts including, for example, restrictions that limit the ability to reconvert equity shares into Depositary Receipts which may cause equity shares to trade at a discount or premium to the market price of the Depositary Receipts. Although Depositary Receipts are usually convertible into equity shares under a deposit agreement governing their issuance, the Reserve Bank of India prescribes fungibility regulations permitting, subject to compliance with certain terms and conditions, the reconversion of equity shares to Depositary Receipts provided that such equity shares are purchased from an Indian Stock Exchange through stock brokers and the actual number of Depositary Receipts outstanding after such reconversion is not greater than the original number of Depositary Receipts outstanding. If a holder of Depositary Receipts elects to surrender its Depositary Receipts and receives equity shares, it will only be able to trade those equity shares on an Indian Stock Exchange and, under present law, it is unlikely it will be permitted to reconvert those equity shares to Depositary Receipts. Such restrictions on fungibility of the underlying equity shares to Depositary Receipts may cause the underlying equity shares to trade at a discount or premium to the Depositary Receipts. Although many Depositary Receipts are listed and traded on an exchange, an active or liquid trading market for the Depositary Receipts is not assured. Indian legal restrictions may limit the supply of Depositary Receipts and a loss of liquidity could increase the price volatility of the Depositary Receipts.

CURRENCY RISK. In addition to the risks described above in "Principal Risks - Currency Risk," an investment in non-U.S. securities involves further risk due to currency exchange rates. Changes in currency exchange rates may affect the Fund's net asset value, the value of dividends and interest earned, and gains and losses realized on the sale of securities. An increase in the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies may cause the value of the Fund to decline. Certain non-U.S. currencies may be particularly volatile, and non-U.S. governments may intervene in the currency markets, causing a decline in value or liquidity in a Fund's non-U.S. holdings whose value is tied to the affected non-U.S. currency.

RISK OF CASH TRANSACTIONS. Unlike most exchange-traded funds, the First Trust BICK Index Fund currently intends to effect a significant portion of creations and redemptions for cash, rather than in-kind securities. As a result, an investment in the First Trust BICK Index Fund may be less tax-efficient than an investment in a more conventional exchange-traded fund. Exchange-traded funds are able to make in-kind redemptions and avoid being taxed on gains on the distributed portfolio securities at the fund level. Because the First Trust BICK Index Fund currently intends to effect a significant portion of redemptions for cash, rather than in-kind distributions, it may be required to sell portfolio securities in order to obtain the cash needed to distribute redemption proceeds. Any recognized gain on these sales by the First Trust BICK Index Fund will generally cause the First Trust BICK Index Fund to recognize gain it might not otherwise have recognized, or to recognize such gain sooner than would otherwise be required if it were to distribute portfolio securities in-kind. The First

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shareholders to avoid being taxed on this gain at the fund level and otherwise comply with the special tax rules that apply to it. This strategy may cause shareholders to be subject to tax on gains they would not otherwise be subject to, or at an earlier date than if they had made an investment in a different exchange-traded fund. Moreover, cash transactions may have to be carried out over several days if the securities market is relatively illiquid and may involve considerable brokerage fees and taxes. These brokerage fees and taxes, which will be higher than if the First Trust BICK Index Fund sold and redeemed its shares principally in-kind, will be passed on to purchasers and redeemers of Creation Units in the form of creation and redemption transaction fees. Brazil may also impose higher local tax rates on transactions involving certain companies. In addition, these factors may result in wider spreads between the bid and the offered prices of the First Trust BICK Index Fund's Shares than for more conventional exchange-traded funds.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RISK. Each Fund relies on a license and related sublicense that permits the Fund to use its Index and associated trade names, trademarks and service marks (the "Intellectual Property") in connection with the name and investment strategies of the Fund. Such license and related sublicense may be terminated by the Index Provider and, as a result, the Fund may lose its ability to use the Intellectual Property. There is also no guarantee that the Index Provider has all rights to license the Intellectual Property for use by the Fund. Accordingly, in the event the license is terminated or the Index Provider does not have rights to license the Intellectual Property, it may have a significant effect on the operation of the Fund.

ISSUER SPECIFIC CHANGES RISK. The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole.

CONCENTRATION RISK. A Fund will be concentrated in the securities of an individual industry if the Fund's corresponding Index is concentrated in an individual industry. A concentration makes the Fund more susceptible to any single occurrence affecting the industry and may subject the Fund to greater market risk than more diversified funds.

PASSIVE INVESTMENT RISK. No Fund is actively managed. A Fund may be affected by a general decline in certain market segments relating to its Index. A Fund invests in securities included in or representative of its Index regardless of their investment merit. A Fund generally will not attempt to take defensive positions in declining markets.

SMALLER COMPANY RISK. Each Fund invests in small and/or mid capitalization companies. Such companies may be more vulnerable to adverse general market or economic developments, and their securities may be less liquid and may experience greater price volatility than larger, more established companies as a result of several factors, including limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information. Accordingly, such companies are generally subject to greater market risk than larger, more established companies.

INFLATION RISK. Inflation risk is the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the value of a Fund's assets can decline as can the value of a Fund's distributions. Common stock prices may be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, as the cost of capital rises and borrowing costs increase.

SECURITIES LENDING RISK. Certain Funds may lend securities representing up to 20% of the value of their total assets to broker-dealers, banks, and other institutions to generate additional income. Under the Funds' securities lending agreement, the securities lending agent will generally bear the risk that a borrower may default on its obligation to return loaned securities. The Funds, however, will be responsible for the risks associated with the investment of cash collateral. A Fund may lose money on its investment of cash collateral or may fail to earn sufficient income on its investment to meet its obligations to the borrower.

When a dividend is paid on a security that is out on loan, the borrower receives the dividend and in turn makes a payment of the same amount to the fund. Dividends, if they constitute "qualified dividends," are taxable at the same rate as long-term capital gains. These payments made by borrowers, however, are not qualified dividends, and are taxable at higher ordinary income rates. As a result, some of the distributions received by shareholders who hold Fund shares in taxable accounts may be subject to taxation at a higher rate than if the Fund had not loaned its portfolio securities.

TRADING ISSUES

Although Shares of each Fund are listed for trading on NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R), there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such Shares will develop or be maintained. Trading in Shares on an Exchange may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of such Exchange, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on an Exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to

Exchange "circuit breaker" rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchanges necessary to maintain the listing of the Funds will continue to be met or will remain unchanged. Due to the small asset size of some of the Funds, these Funds are more likely to have difficulty maintaining their listing on a given Exchange.

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FLUCTUATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The NAV of Shares of each Fund will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of such Fund's holdings. The market prices of Shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of and demand for Shares on an Exchange. First Trust cannot predict whether Shares will trade below, at or above their NAV. Price differences may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for Shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the stocks of the Funds trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time. However, given that Shares can be purchased and redeemed in Creation Units (unlike shares of closed-end funds, which frequently trade at appreciable discounts from, and sometimes at premiums to, their NAV), First Trust believes that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of Shares should not be sustained.

FUND ORGANIZATION

Each Fund is a series of the Trust, an investment company registered under the 1940 Act. Each Fund is treated as a separate fund with its own investment objective and policies. The Trust is organized as a Massachusetts business trust. Its Board is responsible for the overall management and direction of the Trust. The Board elects the Trust's officers and approves all significant agreements, including those with the investment advisor, custodian and fund administrative and accounting agent.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust" or the "Advisor"), 120 East Liberty Drive, Wheaton, Illinois 60187, is the investment advisor to the Funds. In this capacity, First Trust is responsible for the selection and ongoing monitoring of the securities in each Fund's portfolio and certain other services necessary for the management of the portfolios.

First Trust is a limited partnership with one limited partner, Grace Partners of DuPage L.P., and one general partner, The Charger Corporation. Grace Partners of DuPage L.P. is a limited partnership with one general partner, The Charger Corporation, and a number of limited partners. The Charger Corporation is an Illinois corporation controlled by James A. Bowen, the Chief Executive Officer of the Advisor. First Trust discharges its responsibilities subject to the policies of the Board.

First Trust serves as advisor or sub-advisor to 16 mutual fund portfolios, 6 exchange-traded funds consisting of 73 series and 13 closed-end funds and is also the portfolio supervisor of certain unit investment trusts sponsored by First Trust Portfolios L.P. ("FTP"). FTP specializes in the underwriting, trading and distribution of unit investment trusts and other securities. FTP is the principal underwriter of the Shares of each Fund.

There is no one individual primarily responsible for portfolio management decisions for the Funds. Investments are made under the direction of the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee currently consists of Daniel J. Lindquist, Jon C. Erickson, David G. McGarel, Roger F. Testin and Stan Ueland. Mr. Lindquist is Chairman of the Investment Committee and presides over Investment Committee meetings. Mr. Lindquist is responsible for overseeing the implementation of each Fund's investment strategy. Mr. Lindquist joined First Trust as a Vice President in April 2004 and has been a Senior Vice President of First Trust and FTP since September 2005. Mr. Erickson is a Senior Vice President of First Trust and FTP. As the head of First Trust's Equity Research Group, Mr. Erickson is responsible for determining the securities to be purchased and sold by funds that do not utilize quantitative investment strategies. Mr. McGarel is the Chief Investment Officer and a Senior Vice President of First Trust and FTP. As First Trust's Chief Investment Officer, Mr. McGarel consults with the other members of the Investment Committee on market conditions and First Trust's general investment philosophy. Mr. Testin is a Senior Vice President of First Trust and FTP. Mr. Testin is the head of First Trust's Portfolio Management Group. Mr. Ueland has been a Senior Vice President of First Trust and FTP since December 2012, and prior to that served as a Vice President of First Trust and FTP. At First Trust, he plays an important role in executing the investment strategies of each portfolio of exchange-traded funds advised by First Trust. For additional information concerning First Trust, including a description of the services provided to the Funds, see the Funds' SAI. In addition, the SAI provides additional information about the compensation of Investment Committee members, other accounts managed by members of the Investment Committee and ownership by members of the Investment Committee of

Shares of the Funds.

For First Trust BICK Index Fund, First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund and First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund (such Funds, the "Unitary Fee Funds"), First Trust is paid an annual unitary management fee of 0.64%, 0.60%, 0.70%, 0.70%, 0.70% and 0.70%, respectively, of such Fund's average daily net assets and is responsible for the expenses of such Fund including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, audit and other services, but excluding distribution

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fees, if any, brokerage expense, taxes, interest, acquired fund fees and other extraordinary expenses.

For First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund and First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund (such Funds, the "Expense Cap Funds"), First Trust is paid an annual management fee of 0.40% of such Fund's average daily net assets. For the Expense Cap Funds, the Trust and the Advisor have entered into an Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement ("Recovery Agreement") in which the Advisor has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse Fund expenses to the extent that the operating expenses of each such Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses) exceed the below amount as a percentage of average daily net assets per year (the "Expense Cap") at least through the Expense Cap termination date listed. Expenses borne and fees waived by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by each Fund for up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred by the Fund, but no reimbursement payment will be made by a Fund at any time if it would result in such Fund's expenses exceeding its Expense Cap.

The Unitary Fee Funds do not have an Expense Cap (as defined above) and are not a party to the Recovery Agreement.

The table below sets forth the annual management fee that First Trust may receive from each Fund. The table also shows the amounts paid by the Funds to First Trust for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 (net of expense reimbursements) as a percentage of average daily net assets. A discussion regarding the Board's approval of the Investment Management Agreement is available in the Funds' Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended September 30, 2011 for First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund and First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund and the Semi-Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended March 31, 2012 for all other Funds.

<TABLE>

MANAGEMENT FEE

	ANNUAL	ANNUAL		PAID FOR THE PERIOD
	MANAGEMENT FEE	EXPENSE CAP	EXPENSE CAP	ENDED 9/30/12
	(% OF AVERAGE	(% OF AVERAGE	TERMINATION	(% OF AVERAGE
FUND	DAILY NET ASSETS)	DAILY NET ASSETS)	DATE	DAILY NET ASSETS)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
First Trust BICK Index Fund	0.64%	N/A	N/A	0.64%
First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund	0.40%	0.60%	January 31, 2014	0.37%
First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estat	te			
Index Fund	0.40%	0.60%	January 31, 2014	0.26%
First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund	0.60%	N/A	N/A	0.60%
First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund	0.70%	N/A	N/A	0.70%
First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction				
Index Fund	0.40%	0.70%	January 31, 2014	0.39%
First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund	0.70%	N/A	N/A	0.70%
First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund	0.40%	0.60%	January 31, 2014	0.33%
First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund	0.70%	N/A	N/A	0.70%
First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid				
Infrastructure Index Fund	0.40%	0.70%	January 31, 2014	0.31%
First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund	0.70%	N/A	N/A	0.70%
First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund	0.40%	0.60%	January 31, 2014	0.00%

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HOW TO BUY AND SELL SHARES

Most investors will buy and sell Shares of the Funds in secondary market transactions through brokers. Shares of the Funds are listed for trading on the secondary market on the Exchange. Shares can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly traded shares. There is no minimum investment when buying Shares on the Exchange. Although Shares are generally purchased and

sold in "round lots" of 100 Shares, brokerage firms typically permit investors to purchase or sell Shares in smaller "odd lots," at no per-Share price differential. When buying or selling Shares through a broker, investors should expect to incur customary brokerage commissions, investors may receive less than the NAV of the Shares, and investors may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offer price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction. Share prices are reported in dollars and cents per Share.

For purposes of the 1940 Act, each Fund is treated as a registered investment company, and the acquisition of Shares by other registered investment companies is subject to the restrictions of Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act. The Trust, on behalf of the Funds, has received an exemptive order from the Securities and Exchange Commission that permits certain registered investment companies to invest in a Fund beyond the limits set forth in Section 12(d)(1), subject to certain terms and conditions, including that any such investment companies enter into agreements with a Fund regarding the terms of any investment. However,

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First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund will not invest in securities of registered open-end investment companies or registered unit investment trusts in reliance on Section 12(d)(1)(F) or Section 12(d)(1)(G) of the 1940 Act.

BOOK ENTRY

Shares are held in book-entry form, which means that no Share certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee is the record owner of all outstanding Shares of the Funds and is recognized as the owner of all Shares for all purposes.

Investors owning Shares are beneficial owners as shown on the records of DTC or its participants. DTC serves as the securities depository for all Shares. Participants in DTC include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of Shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of Share certificates or to have Shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of Shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of Shares, you must rely upon the procedures of DTC and its participants. These procedures are the same as those that apply to any other stocks that you hold in book-entry or "street name" form.

SHARE TRADING PRICES

The trading prices of Shares of a Fund on the applicable Exchange may differ from such Fund's daily NAV and can be affected by market forces of supply and demand, economic conditions and other factors.

Information regarding the intra-day value of the Shares of a Fund, also referred to as the "indicative optimized portfolio value" ("IOPV"), is disseminated every 15 seconds throughout such Fund's trading day by the national securities exchange on which the Shares are listed or by market data vendors or other information providers. The IOPV should not be viewed as a "real-time" update of the NAV per Share of a Fund because the IOPV may not be calculated in the same manner as the NAV, which is computed once a day, generally at the end of the business day. The price of a non-U.S. security that is primarily traded on a non-U.S. exchange shall be updated, using the last sale price, every 15 seconds throughout the trading day, provided, that upon the closing of such non-U.S. exchange, the closing price of the security, after being converted to U.S. dollars, will be used. Furthermore, in calculating the IOPV of a Fund's Shares, exchange rates may be used throughout the day (9:00 a.m. to 4:15 p.m., Eastern Time) that may differ from those used to calculate the NAV per Share of such Fund and consequently may result in differences between the NAV and the IOPV. A Fund is not involved in, or responsible for, the calculation or dissemination of the IOPV of Shares of such Fund and such Fund does not make any warranty as to its accuracy.

FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF THE FUNDS' SHARES

The Funds impose no restrictions on the frequency of purchases and redemptions ("market timing"). In determining not to approve a written, established policy, the Board evaluated the risks of market timing activities by the Funds' shareholders. The Board considered that, unlike traditional mutual funds, each Fund issues and redeems its Shares at NAV per Share generally for a basket of securities intended to mirror such Fund's portfolio, plus a small amount of cash, and the Shares may be purchased and sold on the applicable Exchange at prevailing market prices. The Board noted that a Fund's Shares can only be purchased and redeemed directly from the Fund in Creation Units by broker-dealers and large institutional investors that have entered into participation agreements (i.e., authorized participants ("APS")) and that the vast majority of trading in Shares occurs on the secondary market. Because the secondary market trades do not involve a Fund directly, it is unlikely those

trades would cause many of the harmful effects of market timing, including: dilution, disruption of portfolio management, increases in a Fund's trading costs and the realization of capital gains. With respect to trades directly with a Fund, to the extent effected in-kind (i.e., for securities), those trades do not cause any of the harmful effects (as noted above) that may result from frequent cash trades. To the extent trades are effected in whole or in part in cash, the Board noted that those trades could result in dilution to a Fund and increased transaction costs, which could negatively impact a Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. However, the Board noted that direct trading by APs is critical to ensuring that the Shares trade at or close to NAV. The Funds also employ fair valuation pricing to minimize potential dilution from market timing. The Funds impose transaction fees on in-kind purchases and redemptions of Shares to cover the custodial and other costs incurred by the Funds in executing in-kind trades, and with respect to the redemption fees, these fees increase if an investor substitutes cash in part or in whole for securities, reflecting the fact that a Fund's trading costs increase in those circumstances. Given this structure, the Board determined that it is not necessary to adopt policies and procedures to detect and deter market timing of the Funds' Shares.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

Dividends from net investment income of the Funds, if any, are declared and paid quarterly by each respective Fund. Each Fund distributes its net realized capital gains, if any, to shareholders at least annually.

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Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional whole Shares only if the broker through whom you purchased Shares makes such option available. Such Shares will generally be reinvested by the broker based upon the market price of those Shares and investors may be subject to customary brokerage commissions charged by the broker.

FEDERAL TAX MATTERS

This section summarizes some of the main U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Shares of the Funds. This section is current as of the date of this Prospectus. Tax laws and interpretations change frequently, and these summaries do not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, these summaries generally do not describe your situation if you are a corporation, a non-U.S. person, a broker-dealer, or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section does not describe your state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Funds. The Internal Revenue Service could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, counsel to the Funds was not asked to review, and has not reached a conclusion with respect to, the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be included in the Funds. This may not be sufficient for you to use for the purpose of avoiding penalties under federal tax law.

As with any investment, you should seek advice based on your individual circumstances from your own tax advisor.

FUND STATUS

Each Fund intends to continue to qualify or qualify as a "regulated investment company" under the federal tax laws. If a Fund qualifies as a regulated investment company and distributes its income as required by the tax law, the Fund generally will not pay federal income taxes.

DISTRIBUTIONS

The Funds' distributions are generally taxable. After the end of each year, you will receive a tax statement that separates the distributions of a Fund into two categories, ordinary income distributions and capital gains dividends. Ordinary income distributions are generally taxed at your ordinary tax rate, however, as further discussed below, certain ordinary income distributions received from the Fund may be taxed at the capital gains tax rates. Generally, you will treat all capital gains dividends as long-term capital gains regardless of how long you have owned your Shares. Some capital gains dividends may be taxed at a maximum stated tax rate of 25%. To determine your actual tax liability for your capital gain dividends, you must calculate your total net capital gain or loss for the tax year after considering all of your other taxable transactions, as described below. In addition, the Fund may make distributions that represent a return of capital for tax purposes and thus will generally not be taxable to you. The tax status of your distributions from a Fund is not affected by whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Shares or receive them in cash. The income from a Fund that you must take into account for federal income tax purposes is not reduced by amounts used to pay a deferred sales fee, if any. The tax laws may require you to treat distributions made to you in January as if you had received them on December 31 of the previous year. Under the "Health Care and Education

Reconciliation Act of 2010," income from the Trust may also be subject to a new 3.8% "Medicare tax" imposed for taxable years beginning after 2012. This tax will generally apply to your net investment income if your adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts, which are \$250,000 in the case of married couples filing joint returns and \$200,000 in the case of single individuals.

DIVIDENDS RECEIVED DEDUCTION

A corporation that owns Shares generally will not be entitled to the dividends received deduction with respect to many dividends received from the Fund because the dividends received deduction is generally not available for distributions from regulated investment companies. However, certain ordinary income dividends on Shares that are attributable to qualifying dividends received by the Funds from certain corporations may be reported by the Funds as being eligible for the dividends received deduction.

CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES AND CERTAIN ORDINARY INCOME DIVIDENDS

If you are an individual, the maximum marginal federal tax rate for net capital gain is generally 20% for taxpayers in the 39.6% tax bracket, 15% for taxpayers in the 25%, 28%, 33% and 35% tax brackets and 0% for taxpayers in the 10% and 15% tax brackets.

Net capital gain equals net long-term capital gain minus net short-term capital loss for the taxable year. Capital gain or loss is long-term if the holding period for the asset is more than one year and is short-term if the holding period for the asset is one year or less. You must exclude the date you purchase your Shares to determine your holding period. However, if you receive a capital

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gain dividend from a Fund and sell your Shares at a loss after holding it for six months or less, the loss will be recharacterized as long-term capital loss to the extent of the capital gain dividend received. The tax rates for capital gains realized from assets held for one year or less are generally the same as for ordinary income. The Code treats certain capital gains as ordinary income in special situations.

Ordinary income dividends received by an individual shareholder from a regulated investment company such as the Funds are generally taxed at the same rates that apply to net capital gain (as discussed above), provided certain holding period requirements are satisfied and provided the dividends are attributable to qualifying dividends received by the Funds themselves. The Funds will provide notice to its shareholders of the amount of any distribution which may be taken into account as a dividend which is eligible for the capital gains tax rates.

SALE OF SHARES

If you sell or redeem your Shares, you will generally recognize a taxable gain or loss. To determine the amount of this gain or loss, you must subtract your tax basis in your Shares from the amount you receive in the transaction. Your tax basis in your Shares is generally equal to the cost of your Shares, generally including sales charges. In some cases, however, you may have to adjust your tax basis after you purchase your Shares.

TAXES ON PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF CREATION UNITS

If you exchange equity securities for Creation Units you will generally recognize a gain or a loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time and your aggregate basis in the securities surrendered and the cash component paid. If you exchange Creation Units for equity securities, you will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between your basis in the Creation Units and the aggregate market value of the securities received and the Cash Redemption Amount. The Internal Revenue Service, however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units or Creation Units for securities cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing "wash sales," or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position.

DEDUCTIBILITY OF FUND EXPENSES

Expenses incurred and deducted by the Funds will generally not be treated as income taxable to you. In some cases, however, you may be required to treat your portion of these Fund expenses as income. In these cases you may be able to take a deduction for these expenses. However, certain miscellaneous itemized deductions, such as investment expenses, may be deducted by individuals only to the extent that all of these deductions exceed 2% of the individual's adjusted gross income. Some individuals may also be subject to further limitations on the amount of their itemized deductions depending on their income.

NON-U.S. TAX CREDIT

Because the Funds may invest in non-U.S. securities, the tax statement that you

receive may include an item showing non-U.S. taxes a Fund paid to other countries. In this case, dividends taxed to you will include your share of the taxes such Fund paid to other countries. You may be able to deduct or receive a tax credit for your share of these taxes.

NON-U.S. INVESTORS

If you are a non-U.S. investor (i.e., an investor other than a U.S. citizen or resident or a U.S. corporation, partnership, estate or trust), you should be aware that, generally, subject to applicable tax treaties, distributions from a Fund will be characterized as dividends for federal income tax purposes (other than dividends which a Fund properly reports as capital gain dividends) and will be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, subject to certain exceptions described below. However, distributions received by a non-U.S. investor from a Fund that are properly reported by a Fund as capital gain dividends may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, provided that a Fund makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met. In the case of dividends with respect to taxable years of a Fund beginning prior to 2014, distributions from a Fund that are properly reported by such Fund as an interest-related dividend attributable to certain interest income received by the Fund or as a short-term capital gains dividend attributable to certain net short-term capital gains income received by such Fund may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes when received by certain foreign investors, provided that a Fund makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met.

Distributions after December 31, 2013 may be subject to a U.S. withholding tax of 30% in the case of distributions to or dispositions by (i) certain non-U.S. financial institutions that have not entered into an agreement with the U.S. Treasury to collect and disclose certain information and are not resident in a jurisdiction that has entered into such an agreement with the U.S. Treasury and (ii) certain other non-U.S. entities that do not provide certain certifications and information about the entity's U.S. owners. Dispositions of Shares by such persons may be subject to withholding after December 31, 2016.

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INVESTMENTS IN CERTAIN NON-U.S. CORPORATIONS

If a Fund holds an equity interest in any PFICs, which are generally certain non-U.S. corporations that receive at least 75% of their annual gross income from passive sources (such as interest, dividends, certain rents and royalties or capital gains) or that hold at least 50% of their assets in investments producing such passive income, a Fund could be subject to

U.S. federal income tax and additional interest charges on gains and certain distributions with respect to those equity interests, even if all the income or gain is timely distributed to its shareholders. A Fund will not be able to pass through to its shareholders any credit or deduction for such taxes. A Fund may be able to make an election that could ameliorate these adverse tax consequences. In this case, a Fund would recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such PFIC shares, and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it did not exceed prior increases included in income. Under this election, a Fund might be required to recognize in a year income in excess of its distributions from PFICs and its proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income would nevertheless be subject to the distribution requirement and would be taken into account for purposes of the 4% excise tax. Dividends paid by PFICs will not be treated as qualified dividend income.

DISTRIBUTION PLAN

 ${ t FTP}$ serves as the distributor of Creation Units for the Funds on an agency basis. ${ t FTP}$ does not maintain a secondary market in Shares.

The Board has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. In accordance with the Rule 12b-1 plan, the Funds are authorized to pay an amount up to 0.25% of their average daily net assets each year to reimburse FTP for amounts expended to finance activities primarily intended to result in the sale of Creation Units or the provision of investor services. FTP may also use this amount to compensate securities dealers or other persons that are APs for providing distribution assistance, including broker-dealer and shareholder support and educational and promotional services.

The Funds do not currently pay 12b-1 fees, and pursuant to a contractual arrangement, the Funds will not pay 12b-1 fees any time before January 31, 2014. However, in the event 12b-1 fees are charged in the future, because these fees are paid out of the Funds' assets, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than certain other types of sales charges.

NET ASSET VALUE

Each Fund's NAV is determined as of the close of trading (normally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. NAV is calculated for a Fund by taking the market price of the Fund's total assets, including interest or dividends accrued but not yet collected, less all liabilities, and dividing such amount by the total number of Shares outstanding. The result, rounded to the nearest cent, is the NAV per Share. All valuations are subject to review by the Board or its delegate.

Each Fund's investments are valued at market value or, in the absence of market value with respect to any portfolio securities, at fair value in accordance with valuation procedures adopted by the Trust's Board of Trustees and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Portfolio securities listed on any exchange other than NASDAQ(R) and the London Stock Exchange Alternative Investment Market ("AIM") are valued at the last sale price on the business day as of which such value is being determined. Securities listed on the ${\tt NASDAQ(R)}$ or the AIM are valued at the official closing price on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If there has been no sale on such day, or no official closing price in the case of securities traded on NASDAQ(R) or the AIM, the securities are valued at the mean of the most recent bid and ask prices on such day. Portfolio securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price or official closing price, as applicable, on the business day as of which such value is being determined at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities. Portfolio securities traded in the over-the-counter market, but excluding securities trading on NASDAQ(R) and the AIM, are valued at the closing bid prices. Short-term investments that mature in less than 60 days when purchased are valued at amortized cost.

Certain securities may not be able to be priced by pre-established pricing methods. Such securities may be valued by the Board or its delegate at fair value. The use of fair value pricing by a Fund is governed by valuation procedures adopted by the Board and in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act. These securities generally include, but are not limited to, restricted securities (securities which may not be publicly sold without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")) for which a pricing service is unable to provide a market price; securities whose trading

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has been formally suspended; a security whose market price is not available from a pre-established pricing source; a security with respect to which an event has occurred that is likely to materially affect the value of the security after the market has closed but before the calculation of a Fund's NAV or make it difficult or impossible to obtain a reliable market quotation; and a security whose price, as provided by the pricing service, does not reflect the security's "fair value." As a general principle, the current "fair value" of a security would appear to be the amount which the owner might reasonably expect to receive for the security upon its current sale. The use of fair value prices by a Fund generally results in the prices used by a Fund that may differ from the current market quotations or official closing prices on the applicable exchange. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of such securities. See the SAI for details.

Valuing a Fund's securities using fair value pricing will result in using prices for those securities that may differ from current market quotations or official closing prices on the applicable exchange. Use of fair value prices and certain current market quotations or official closing prices could result in a difference between the prices used to calculate a Fund's NAV and the prices used by its Index, which, in turn, could result in a difference between such Fund's performance and the performance of its Index.

Because foreign securities exchanges may be open on different days than the days during which an investor may purchase or sell the Shares of a Fund, the value of such Fund's securities may change on the days when investors are not able to purchase or sell the Shares of such Fund.

The value of securities denominated in foreign currencies is converted into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates in effect at the time of valuation. Any use of a different rate from the rates used by a Fund's Index may adversely affect such Fund's ability to track its Index.

FUND SERVICE PROVIDERS

The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation is the administrator, custodian and fund accounting and transfer agent for the Funds. Chapman and Cutler LLP, 111 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Illinois 60603, serves as legal counsel to the Funds.

INDEX PROVIDERS

FIRST TRUST DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND

The Index that the Fund seeks to track is developed by Dow Jones, the Index Provider. The Index Provider is not affiliated with the Fund or First Trust. The Fund is entitled to use the Index pursuant to a sublicensing arrangement by and

among the Fund, the Index Provider and First Trust, which in turn has a licensing agreement with the Index Provider.

FIRST TRUST FTSE EPRA/NAREIT DEVELOPED MARKETS REAL ESTATE INDEX FUND

The Index that the Fund seeks to track is developed by FTSE, the Index Provider. The Index Provider is not affiliated with the Fund or First Trust. The Fund is entitled to use the Index pursuant to a sublicensing arrangement by and between the Fund and First Trust, which in turn has a licensing agreement with the Index Provider.

FIRST TRUST BICK INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE CLOUD COMPUTING INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL COPPER INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL PLATINUM INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL WIND ENERGY INDEX FUND

The Indices that the Funds seek to track are developed by ISE, the Index Provider. The Index Provider is not affiliated with the Funds or First Trust. The Funds are entitled to use the Indices pursuant to sublicensing arrangements by and among each Fund, the Index Provider and First Trust, which in turn has a licensing agreement with the Index Provider.

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FIRST TRUST NASDAQ CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX FUND FIRST TRUST NASDAQ GLOBAL AUTO INDEX FUND

The Indices that the Funds seeks to track are developed by The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. ("NASDAQ OMX"). The Index Provider is not affiliated with the Fund or First Trust. The Funds are entitled to use the Indices pursuant to sublicensing arrangements by and among each Fund, the Index Provider and First Trust, which in turn has a licensing agreement with the Index Provider.

FIRST TRUST NASDAO(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX FUND

The Index that the Fund seeks to track is developed by The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. ("NASDAQ OMX"), Clean Edge, Inc. ("Clean Edge") or their affiliates (the "Index Providers"). The Index Providers are not affiliated with the Fund or First Trust. The Fund is entitled to use the Index pursuant to a sublicensing arrangement by and between the Fund and First Trust, which in turn has a licensing agreement with the Index Providers.

Clean Edge, founded in 2000, is the world's first research and publishing firm devoted to the clean-tech sector. The company, via its publications, events, and online services, helps companies, investors, and governments understand and profit from clean technologies. NASDAQ OMX is the world's largest exchange company with trading, technology and public company service capability spanning six continents.

FIRST TRUST STOXX(R) EUROPEAN SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND

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FIRST TRUST BICK INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE CLOUD COMPUTING INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL COPPER INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL PLATINUM INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL WIND ENERGY INDEX FUND

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The Index was launched on October 17, 2007. Estimated daily historical closing prices based on back-testing (i.e., calculations of how the Index might have performed in the past if it had existed) are available back to December 31, 1998, the date at which the base value of the Index was set. Backtested performance information is purely hypothetical and is solely for informational purposes. Backtested performance does not represent actual performance, and should not be interpreted as an indication of actual performance. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

FIRST TRUST FTSE EPRA/NAREIT DEVELOPED MARKETS REAL ESTATE INDEX FUND

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FIRST TRUST NASDAQ CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST NASDAQ GLOBAL AUTO INDEX FUND
FIRST TRUST NASDAQ(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX FUND

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FIRST TRUST STOXX(R) EUROPEAN SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND

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INDEX INFORMATION

FIRST TRUST BICK INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The ISE BICK(TM) (Brazil, India, China, South Korea) Index provides a benchmark for investors interested in tracking some of the largest and most liquid public companies that are domiciled in Brazil, India, China (including Hong Kong) and South Korea that are accessible for investment by U.S. investors. The Index has been created to provide investors with an opportunity to take advantage of both event-driven news and long term economic trends as the economies of these countries continue to evolve. The Index uses an equal weighted allocation methodology for each country in the Index so that each country represents 25% of the Index at each rebalance, as well as an equal weighted allocation methodology for all components within a country allocation. Index components are reviewed quarterly for eligibility, and the weights are re-set according to that distribution.

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

Component Eligibility Requirements

All of the following requirements must be met in order for a company to be eligible for inclusion:

- The component security issuer must be domiciled in Brazil, India, China (including Hong Kong) or South Korea.
- 2. The component security must be exchange-listed and issued as either common stock or as a Depositary Receipt.
- 3. The component security must not be listed on an exchange in a country which employs restrictions on foreign capital investment such that those restrictions render the component effectively non-investible, as determined by the ISE.
- Must be an operating company and not a closed-end fund, exchange-traded fund, holding company, investment vehicle or royalty trust.

The following market capitalization and weighting concentration requirements must also be satisfied:

- 1. Each component security has a market capitalization of at least \$100 $_{\rm million.}$
- 2. No single component stock represents more than 24% of the weight of the Index, and the cumulative weight of all components with an individual weight of 5% or greater do not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the weight of the Index. This particular requirement will be satisfied at the conclusion of the Index's quarterly rebalance periods.

The ISE will, in most cases, use the quantitative ranking and screening system described herein. However, subjective screening based on fundamental analysis or other factors may be used, if in the opinion of the ISE certain components should be included or excluded from the Index.

Initial Component Selection

The following steps are taken to select the initial components for the Index:

 Establish total population of exchange listed common shares and depository receipts for companies domiciled in Brazil, India, China (including Hong Kong) and South Korea.

- Remove companies that do not meet the Component Eligibility Requirements.
- 3. If a component has multiple share classes, include the most liquid issue for that company (using average daily value traded during the prior six-month period) and remove the remaining classes.

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- 4. For each country, rank each security in descending order by market capitalization (1 assigned to largest) and in descending order by liquidity (1 assigned to most liquid).
- 5. For each country, calculate the overall rank for each component using the following formula:

Final Rank = (Market Cap Rank * 33.333%)+(Liquidity Rank*66.667).

- For each country, select the 25 top ranked securities (lowest score represents the highest rank).
- If a country has less than 25 eligible securities, select what is eligible.
- Adjust each component's weighting to an equal weight within its country's aggregate weight.
- 9. Set liquidity thresholds by setting the percentage of three month average daily value traded threshold to 1000% and investment threshold to \$100 million.
- 10. Determine component percentage of average daily value traded given the investment threshold and the calculated weight of the component.
- 11. If component percentage of average daily value traded is less than the percentage average daily value traded threshold then that weight does not need to be adjusted.
- 12. If component percentage of average daily value traded is greater than the percentage average daily value traded threshold then assign new component weight such that percentage of average daily value traded is equal to the percentage average daily value traded threshold.
- 13. Repeat steps 8 through 10 until all component percentage of average daily value traded is less than or equal to the percentage average daily value traded threshold.

The Index portfolio does not have a fixed number of components and attempts to include every stock in the industry that meets the eligibility requirements contained herein.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index has a quarterly review in March, June, September and December of each year. Component changes are made quarterly after the close of market on the third Friday of March, June, September and December, and become effective at the opening on the next trading day. Changes are announced on ISE's publicly available website www.ise.com at least five trading days prior to the effective date. The Index is rebalanced according to the following steps:

- Develop pool of all eligible stocks using the Component Eligibility Requirements above.
- Rank and select final components using the procedure outlined in Initial Component Selection above. 3. Adjust the assigned shares of the component.

Information regarding the methodology for calculating the Index is also found on ISE website (www.ise.com/indexoptions). The Fund expects to make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public via the ISE website. Investors will be able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Fund's Shares are delisted.

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

The Index is an indicated annual dividend yield weighted index of 100 stocks selected from the developed-market portion of the Dow Jones World Index(SM). Indicated annual dividend yield is a stock's unadjusted indicated annual dividend (not including any special dividends) divided by its unadjusted price. The Index is compiled and maintained by Dow Jones & Company, Inc. ("Dow Jones" or the "Index Provider"). The Index universe consists of all dividend-paying companies in the Dow Jones World Developed Index which are subjected to eliqibility screens for dividend quality and liquidity before being selected for

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inclusion in the Index. Component securities are weighted on indicated annual dividend yield. Weights of individual securities are capped at 10%.

The Index was developed with a base value of 100 as of December 31, 1998. The inception date of the Index was October 17, 2007. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted annually in December. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by the Index Provider in the composition of the Index.

ADDITIONAL INDEX INFORMATION

INDEX METHODOLOGY

Universe

The Index universe is defined as all component companies of the 25 developed-market country indices in the Dow Jones Global Indices family. These indices cover approximately 95% of each underlying country's market capitalization.

Eligibility Screens

To be further considered for the Index, companies in the Index universe must pass screens for dividend quality and liquidity. To be included on the quarterly selection list, a company must:

- o Pay a current dividend.
- o Have a current-year dividend-per-share ratio that is greater than or equal to its five-year average annual dividend-per-share ratio.
- o Have a five-year average payout ratio of less than or equal to 60% for U.S. and European companies; or less than or equal to 80% for all other countries.
- o Have a minimum three-month daily average trading volume of \$3 million.

Selection Process

- 1. Stocks meeting all eligibility requirements are ranked by dividend yield.
- 2. The top 100 highest-yielding stocks are selected to the Index, subject to buffers designed to limit turnover by favoring current Index components:
 - o Stocks in the Index universe are ranked in descending order by indicated annual dividend yield.
 - o All current component stocks that are among the top 150 stocks are included in the Index.
 - o $\,$ Noncomponent stocks are added to the Index based on their rankings until the component count reaches 100.

Review Frequency

- o The scheduled Index composition review occurs quarterly, each March, June, September and December. A company added to the Index during the March, June and September reviews will be included in the Index at the weight of the departing company.
- o Any company that discontinues its dividend is immediately removed from the Index and replaced by the highest ranking non-component on the most recent quarterly selection list. Advance notice of at least two business days is provided whenever possible.
- o Composition and weighting adjustments required as the result of extraordinary events such as delistings, bankruptcies, mergers or

takeovers involving index components are implemented as soon as the events are effective, with advance notice of at least two business days whenever possible.

Weighting

- 1. A company's weight in the Index is based on its indicated annual dividend yield.
- 2. Each component's weight is capped at 10%.

The Fund will make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public. Investors are able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that

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proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Shares are delisted. The Index Provider publishes the changes to the Index on the effective date of the change. All replacement companies are selected based on the selection criteria set forth herein.

FIRST TRUST FTSE EPRA/NAREIT DEVELOPED MARKETS REAL ESTATE INDEX FUND

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

The Index is compiled and maintained by FTSE International Limited ("FTSE" or the "Index Provider"). The Index is modified market cap weighted based on free float market capitalization and tracks the performance of listed real estate companies or REITs in North America, Europe and Asia. The universe of stocks eligible for inclusion in the Index is comprised of the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Series, the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Europe Series and the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Asia Series. The stocks included in the Index are selected by applying a series of screens, as set forth below, to this universe. The Index was developed with a base value of 1000.00 as of December 31, 1999. The inception date of the Index was December 31, 1999. Effective March 23, 2009, the name of the Index was changed to the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index from the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index. Prior to February 21, 2005, the Index was named the EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted quarterly in March, June, September and December. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by FTSE in the composition of the Index.

The Index is designed to measure the stock performance of companies engaged in specific real estate activities in the North American, European and Asian real estate markets. Specific real estate activities include the ownership, trading and development of income-producing real estate.

The real estate markets eligible for inclusion in the Index include:

NORTH AMERICA: Canada and United States;

EUROPE: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom (including Channel Islands); and

ASIA: Australia, Hong Kong, Japan, New Zealand, South Korea and Singapore.

Stocks are normally classified by the country where the company is incorporated and listed at the time of the company's listing. If a company is incorporated in a developed country, and solely listed in another developed country, FTSE will normally allocate the company to the country of listing. The Index includes only real estate securities that are traded in one of the countries listed above.

ADDITIONAL INDEX INFORMATION

INDEX METHODOLOGY

The Index is designed to measure the stock performance of companies engaged in specific aspects of the North American, European and Asian real estate markets. Relevant real estate activities are defined as the ownership, trading and development of income-producing real estate.

The following are not considered relevant real estate activities: (a) the construction and development of residential homes for sale; (b) the financing of real estate; (c) the provision of construction management, general contracting

and project management services; and (d) the provision of property management, facilities management, brokerage and investment management services. Holding companies are excluded from the Index. Holding companies are defined as companies that have more than 50% of their net assets invested in the securities of other listed companies. Companies for which the ownership of real property is incidental to the primary revenue generating activities are also excluded from the Index, including those companies in the gaming, theme park and other entertainment businesses.

A company is only included in the Index if it provides an audited annual report in English. This is defined as a current set of accounts in English consisting of a profit and loss statement, a balance sheet, directors' review and full notes to the accounts. If a company newly introduces accounts in English, it becomes eligible for the Index at the next quarterly review, providing it meets all other Index inclusion criteria. If a company discontinues the production of accounts in English, it becomes ineligible for the Index at the next quarterly review. Companies must also meet the following individual geographic criteria as specific to the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Series, FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Europe Series and FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Asia Series:

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FTSE EPRA/NAREIT NORTH AMERICA SERIES

- o Companies that are not structured as a business trust or corporation are excluded from the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Series of the Index. Canadian open-ended real estate securities are eligible for the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT North America Series.
- o Companies with an Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB) code in Real Estate.
- o Real estate companies must have derived, in the previous full financial year, at least 75% of their total earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") from rental income in North America to be eligible.
- o Companies in lodging or health care sectors are included if, in the previous full financial year, at least 75% of EBITDA was received from owned properties or in the form of rents paid by, or of shares of profits made by, unrelated operators.
- o Eligible REITs must have at least 75% of their gross book assets invested directly or indirectly in the equity interests of income producing real estate.
- o All eligible companies must be publicly traded on an official stock exchange in one of the countries listed under North America.

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT EUROPE SERIES

- o The company must have derived, in the previous full financial year, at least 75% of its EBITDA from relevant real estate activities in Europe.
- o Companies engaged in the operation of hotels or serviced offices are excluded from the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Europe Series of the Index.
- o Companies engaged in the development of homes for sale are included if (a) or (b) below are satisfied.
 - (a) In the previous full financial year, at least 50% of EBITDA was earned from relevant real estate activities.
 - (b) At least 50% of the company's gross assets, according to an independent valuation, was accounted for by real estate other than land held for the development of homes for sale.
- o Companies engaged in the ownership of hotels are included if, in the previous full financial year, at least 75% of EBITDA was received in the form of rents paid by, or of shares of profits made by, unrelated operators.
- o Companies that engage in the credit-bail leasing of real estate are only included if, on the explicit evidence of their latest annual report, at least 75% of their earnings before tax is derived from relevant real estate activities.
- o Companies engaged in the ownership of nursing homes are included if, in the previous full financial year, at least 75% of their EBITDA was received in the form of rents paid by, or of shares of profits made by, unrelated operators.

o All eligible companies must be publicly traded on an official stock exchange in one of the countries listed under Europe.

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT ASIA SERIES

- o The company must have derived, in the previous full financial year, at least 60% of its EBITDA from relevant real estate activities. Relevant real estate activities are as defined in the first two paragraphs under this section, except that the construction of residential homes for sale will be considered relevant real estate activities in this region.
- o Companies engaged in the operation of hotels or serviced offices are excluded from the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Asia Series.
- o Companies engaged in the ownership of hotels are included if, in the previous full financial year, at least 75% of EBITDA was received in the form of rents paid by, or of shares of profits made by, unrelated operators.
- o All eligible companies must be publicly traded on an official stock exchange in one of the countries listed under Asia.

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All companies that satisfy the above described criteria are eligible for inclusion in the Index subject to the three screens detailed below.

SCREEN ONE - SIZE RULE

The size rule of the Index is a relative measure that is expressed as a percentage of the regional index market capitalization (after the application of investability weightings). Companies that currently are not members of the Index Series are required to meet a basis points threshold for inclusion that is higher than the basis points threshold set for exclusion of existing constituents. The size thresholds are expressed in basis points and are highlighted below.

ADDITIONS INTO THE INDEX SERIES

At the quarterly review, non-constituents that have an investable market capitalization (after the application of investability weightings) equal to or greater than the following basis points of their respective regional index will be eligible for index inclusion:

Asian Stocks	0.30%
European Stocks	0.10%
North American Stocks	0.10%

If a security being considered for addition to the Index at the quarterly reviews in March, June, September and December failed the liquidity test (as described below) at the previous annual review it shall be ineligible for addition until the next annual review.

DELETIONS FROM THE INDEX SERIES

At the quarterly review, an existing constituent of the Index is deleted from the Index if it has an investable market capitalization (after the application of investability weightings) of less than the following basis points in their respective region:

Asian Stocks	0.15%
European Stocks	0.05%
North American Stocks	0.05%

SCREEN TWO - LIQUIDITY

The Index Provider will screen for liquidity on an annual basis in March. Each security will be tested for liquidity by calculation of its median daily trading per month. The median trade is calculated by ranking each daily trade total and selecting the middle ranking day. Daily totals with zero trades are included in the ranking. Therefore, a security that fails to trade for more than half of the days in a month will have a zero median trade.

- o Non-constituent securities which do not turnover at least 0.05% of their shares in issue (after the application of any investability weightings) based on their median daily trade per month in ten of the twelve months prior to a full market review, will not be eligible for inclusion in the Index.
- o An existing constituent failing to trade at least 0.04% of its shares in issue (after the application of any investability weightings) based on its median daily trade per month for more than four of the twelve months prior to a full market review will be removed.

- o New issues which do not have a twelve month trading record must have a minimum three month trading record when reviewed. They must turnover at least 0.05% of their shares in issue (after the application of any investability weightings) based on their median daily trade per month in each month since their listing. This rule will not apply to new issues added under the Fast Entry Rule described below.
- o New issues which do not qualify as entrants as defined below will become eligible for inclusion at the next quarterly review providing they trade a minimum of 20 days. They must turnover at least 0.05% of their shares in issue (after the application of any investability weightings) based on their median daily trade per month in each month since their listing. New issues will have their liquidity assessed on a pro-rata basis.

SCREEN THREE - FREE FLOAT

The Index is adjusted for free float, crossholdings and foreign ownership limits. Free float adjustments are made in conjunction with the quarterly review. However, a constituent's free float will also be reviewed and adjusted if necessary (i) by identifying information which necessitates a change in free float weighting; or (ii) following a corporate event.

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Additions Outside of a Review

FAST ENTRY LEVEL

A new issue that has an investable market capitalization (after the application of any investability weightings) equal to or greater than the following basis points for its respective region will be included in the Index after the close of business on the first day of trading. The basis points cut-off will be taken five days prior to the potential entry.

Asian Stocks 0.40% European Stocks 0.20% North American Stocks 0.15%

A stock will be added to the list of constituents of an existing country outside a review when:

- (a) In the case of a new security, its investable market capitalization (after the application of any investability weightings) is greater than the Fast Entry Level for the relevant region. The addition of a new security to the Index will be implemented after the close of business on the first day of trading.
- (b) In the case of a security which does not qualify as an immediate fast entrant to the Index, it will be re-considered for inclusion at the next quarterly review.

DELETIONS

In general, a stock will be deleted from the list of constituents when the constituent is delisted from its stock exchange, enters bankruptcy, becomes insolvent or is liquidated.

The Fund will make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public. Investors are able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Shares are delisted.

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Real estate investment trusts, or "REITs," are companies that own and most often actively manage income-generating commercial real estate. Some REITs make or invest in loans and other obligations that are secured by real estate collateral. Most REITs are publicly traded. REITs receive special tax considerations and are typically a highly liquid method of investing in real estate.

REITs are generally categorized as equity REITs, mortgage REITs or hybrid REITs. Equity REITs invest in and own properties, and thus are responsible for the equity or value of their real estate assets. Their revenues come principally from their properties' rents. Mortgage REITs deal in investment and ownership of property mortgages. These REITs loan money for mortgages to owners of real estate or purchase existing mortgages or mortgage-backed securities. Their

revenues are generated primarily by the interest that they earn on the mortgage loans. Hybrid REITs combine the investment strategies of equity REITs and mortgage REITs by investing in both properties and mortgages.

FIRST TRUST ISE CLOUD COMPUTING INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The Index is designed to provide a benchmark for investors interested in tracking companies actively involved in the cloud computing industry. The Index is calculated and maintained by the Index Provider.

INDEX CALCULATION

All of the following requirements must be met in order for a company to be eliqible for inclusion in the Index:

 The component security must be actively engaged in a business activity supporting or utilizing the cloud computing space.

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- o "Pure play" companies are direct service providers for "the cloud" (i.e., network hardware/software, storage and cloud computing services) or companies with business models that rely on delivering goods and services that utilize cloud computing technology.
- o "Non pure play" companies focus outside the cloud computing space but provide goods and services that support the cloud computing space.
- "Technology conglomerate" companies are large, broad-based companies with business models that indirectly utilize or support the use of cloud computing technology.
- The component security must not be listed on an exchange in a country which employs restrictions on foreign capital investment such that those restrictions render the component effectively non-investible, as determined by the Index Provider.
- Must be an operating company and not a closed-end fund, exchange-traded fund (ETF), holding company, investment vehicle or royalty trust.

The following market capitalization and weighting concentration requirements must also be satisfied:

- Each component security has a market capitalization of at least \$100 million.
- 2. No single component stock represents more than 24% of the weight of the Index, and the cumulative weight of all components with an individual weight of 5% or greater do not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the weight of the Index. This particular requirement will be satisfied at the conclusion of each of the Index's semi-annual rebalance periods.

The Index Provider will, in most cases, use the quantitative ranking and screening system described herein. However, subjective screening based on fundamental analysis or other factors may be used, if in the opinion of the Index Provider certain components should be included or excluded from the Index.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index has a semi-annual review in June and December of each year. Component changes are made after the close on the third Friday of June and December and become effective at the opening on the next trading day. Changes are announced on the Index Provider's publicly available website at least five trading days prior to the effective date.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL COPPER INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The Index is designed to provide a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies that are active in the copper mining business based on analysis of revenue derived from the sale of copper. Component securities must be actively engaged in some aspect of the copper mining business such as copper mining, refining or exploration. The Index uses a modified linear weighted methodology adjusted by revenue exposure to copper production, where component stocks are grouped into linearly weighted quartiles and then equally weighted within each quartile. The resulting distribution allows smaller, more copper focused companies to be adequately represented in the index. Index components are reviewed quarterly for eligibility, and the weights are re-set according to that distribution.

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

Component Eligibility Requirements

All of the following requirements must be met in order for a company to be eligible for inclusion:

- The component security must be actively engaged and significantly involved in some aspect of the copper mining business such as copper mining, refining or exploration.
- The component security must be exchange-listed and issued as either common stock or as a Depositary Receipt.
- 3. The component security must not be listed on an exchange in a country which employs restrictions on foreign capital investment such that those restrictions render the component effectively non-investible, as determined by the ISE.
- 4. The component security must be an operating company and not a closed-end fund, exchange-traded fund, holding company, investment vehicle, or royalty trust.

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The following market capitalization and weighting concentration requirements must also be satisfied:

- Each component security has a market capitalization of at least \$75 million.
- 2. No single component stock represents more than 24% of the weight of the Index, and the cumulative weight of all components with an individual weight of 5% or greater do not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the weight of the Index. This particular requirement will be satisfied at the conclusion of the Index's quarterly rebalance periods.

The ISE will, in most cases, use the quantitative ranking and screening system described herein. However, subjective screening based on fundamental analysis or other factors may be used, if in the opinion of the ISE certain components should be included or excluded from the index.

Initial Component Selection

The following steps are taken to select the initial components for the Index:

- Establish total population of companies that are involved in the copper mining business.
- Remove companies that do not meet the Component Eligibility Requirements.
- 3. If a component has multiple share classes, include the most liquid issue for that company (using average daily value traded during the prior six-month period) and remove the remaining classes.
- 4. Sort remaining components in descending order based on market capitalization and revenue exposure to the copper mining business. For example, a company with a \$100 million market capitalization that derives 60% of its revenue from the sale of copper would, for this purpose, show a market capitalization of \$60 million.
- 5. Divide the companies into quartiles and assign a linear weight to each quartile. The first quartile receives 40%, the second quartile receives 30%, the third quartile receives 20% and the fourth quartile receives 10% of the index weight.
- Adjust each component's weighting to an equal weight within each quartile.
- 7. Set liquidity thresholds by calculating the three month average daily value traded for each component based on daily closing price and number of shares traded and setting the percentage of three month average daily value traded threshold to 75% and the investment threshold to \$10 million.
- Determine component percentage of average daily value traded given the investment threshold and the calculated weight of the component.
- If component percentage of average daily value traded is less than the percentage average daily value traded threshold then that weight does not need to be adjusted.
- 10. If component percentage of average daily value traded is greater than the percentage average daily value traded threshold then assign new

component weight such that percentage of average daily value traded is equal to the percentage average daily value traded threshold.

- 11. If a component's weight is increased from below 5% to 5% or greater, then a component's weight shall be set at 4.5%.
- 12. Repeat steps 8 through 10 until all component percentage of average daily value traded is less than or equal to the percentage average daily value traded threshold.

The Index portfolio does not have a fixed number of stocks and attempts to include every stock in the copper mining business that meets the eligibility requirements contained herein.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index has a quarterly review in March, June, September and December of each year. Component changes are made after the market close on the third Friday of March, June, September and December, and become effective at the opening on the next trading day. Changes are announced on ISE's publicly available website at least five trading days prior to the effective date.

1. Develop pool of all eligible stocks using the Component Eligibility Requirements above.

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- Rank and Select final components using the procedure outlined in Initial Component Selection above.
- Adjust the assigned shares of the component securities to achieve the weighting distribution in Initial Component Selection above.

Information regarding the methodology for calculating the Index is also found on the ISE website (www.ise.com/indexoptions). Each Fund expects to make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public via the ISE website. Investors will be able to access the holdings of a Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Funds' website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of a Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of a Fund if such Fund's Shares are delisted.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION INDEX FUND

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

The Index is developed and owned by the International Securities Exchange, LLC(R) ("ISE" or "Index Provider"), in consultation with Standard & Poor's, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"), which calculates and maintains the Index. The Index provides a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies throughout the world that are active in the engineering and construction industries, based on analysis of the products and services offered by those companies.

The Index specifically targets companies that are engaged in large civil and capital projects such as infrastructure, utilities, transportation, telecommunications, commercial, residential, and commerce facilities and whose roles are within the engineering, designing, planning, consulting, project managing, and/or constructing of these projects. To be included in the Index, a company must receive at least 70% of revenues from these types of services and projects based on the reportable segment/division from its most recent annual report.

The Index uses a linear-based capitalization-weighted methodology for the group of companies. The resulting linear weight distribution prevents a few large component stocks from dominating the Index while allowing smaller companies to adequately influence Index performance. Index components are reviewed semi-annually for eligibility, and the weights are re-set according to that distribution.

The inception date of the Index was September 19, 2008. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by the Index Provider in the composition of the Index.

ADDITIONAL INDEX INFORMATION

The Index is calculated and maintained by S&P based on a methodology developed by the Index Provider in consultation with S&P. Companies are added or removed by the Index Provider based on the methodology determined by the Index Provider.

The Index is calculated on a price basis. The price component of the Index is calculated in real-time and disseminated via the Options Price Reporting Authority (OPRA) and market data vendors every day the U.S. equity markets are open at least once every 15 seconds on each day on which at least 50% of the market capitalization of the Index is available for trading. Further information regarding the calculation of the Index is available on ISE's website at www.iseoptions.com.

All of the following requirements must be met in order for a company to be eligible for inclusion in the Index:

- 1. The component security must be actively engaged in some aspect of the engineering and construction industry, such as the engineering, designing, planning, consulting, project managing and/or construction of infrastructure, utilities, transportation, telecommunications, commercial, residential and commerce facilities projects. These projects are usually capital- and resource-intensive in nature, spanning many months to several years.
- 2. Revenues from these services and projects must account for at least 70% of the companies' revenues.
- 3. The component security must not be listed on an exchange in a country that employs restrictions on foreign capital investment such that those restrictions render the component effectively non-investable, as determined by the ISE.

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4. The component security must be an operating company and not a closed-end fund, exchange-traded fund, holding company, real estate investment trust, investment vehicle or royalty trust.

The following market capitalization and weighting concentration requirements must also be satisfied:

- Each component security has a market capitalization of at least \$500 million.
- 2. No single component stock represents more than 24% of the weight of the Index, and the cumulative weight of all components with an individual weight of 5% or greater do not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the weight of the Index. This particular requirement will be satisfied at least on the third Friday of June and December to coincide with the Index's semi-annual rebalance periods.

ISE will, in most cases, use the quantitative ranking and screening system described above, however, subjective screening based on fundamental analysis or other factors may be used, if, in the opinion of the ISE, certain components should be included or excluded from the Index.

The Fund will make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public. Investors are able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Shares are delisted.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL PLATINUM INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The Index provides a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies that are active in platinum group metals ("PGM") mining based on revenue analysis of those companies. PGMs include platinum, palladium, osmium, iridium, ruthenium and rhodium. Component securities must be actively engaged in some aspect of PGM mining such as mining, refining or exploration. The Index uses a modified linear weighted methodology adjusted by revenue exposure to PGM production, where component stocks are grouped into linearly weighted quartiles and then equally weighted within each quartile. The resulting distribution allows smaller, more PGM focused companies to be adequately represented in the index. Index components are reviewed quarterly for eligibility, and the weights are re-set according to that distribution.

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

Component Eligibility Requirements
All of the following requirements must be met in order for a company to be eligible for inclusion:

- The component security must be actively engaged and significantly involved in some aspect of the PGM mining such as mining, refining or exploration.
- The component security must be exchange-listed and issued as either common stock or as a Depositary Receipt.
- 3. The component security must not be listed on an exchange in a country which employs restrictions on foreign capital investment such that those restrictions render the component effectively non-investible, as determined by the ISE.
- Must be an operating company and not a closed-end fund, exchange-traded fund, holding company, investment vehicle, or royalty trust

The following market capitalization and weighting concentration requirements must also be satisfied:

- Each component security has a market capitalization of at least \$75
 million.
- 2. No single component stock represents more than 24% of the weight of the Index, and the cumulative weight of all components with an individual weight of 5% or greater do not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the weight of the Index. This particular requirement will be satisfied at the conclusion of the Index's quarterly rebalance periods.

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The ISE will, in most cases, use the quantitative ranking and screening system described herein. However, subjective screening based on fundamental analysis or other factors may be used, if in the opinion of the ISE certain components should be included or excluded from the index.

Initial Component Selection
The following steps are taken to select the initial components for the Index:

- Establish total population of companies that are involved in the platinum group metals mining business.
- Remove companies that do not meet the Component Eligibility Requirements.
- 3. If a component security has multiple share classes, include the most liquid issue for that company (using average daily value traded during the prior three-month period) and remove the remaining classes.
- 4. Sort the component securities in descending order by PGM revenue adjusted market capitalization. For example, a company with a \$100 million market capitalization that derives 60% of its revenue from the sale of copper would, for this purpose, show a market capitalization of \$60 million.
- 5. Divide the companies into quartiles and assign a linear weight to each quartile. The first quartile receives 40%, the second quartile receives 30%, the third quartile receives 20% and the fourth quartile receives 10% of the index weight.
- Adjust each component's weighting to an equal weighted distribution of the aggregate weight of the component's quartile.
- 7. Set liquidity thresholds by calculating the three month average daily value traded for each component based on daily closing price and number of shares traded and setting the percentage of three month average daily value traded threshold to 75% and the investment threshold to 910 million.
- Determine component percentage of average daily value traded given the investment threshold and the calculated weight of the component.
- If component percentage of average daily value traded is less than the percentage average daily value traded threshold then that weight does not need to be adjusted.
- 10. If component percentage of average daily value traded is greater than the percentage average daily value traded threshold then assign new component weight such that percentage of average daily value traded is equal to the percentage average daily value traded threshold.
- 11. If a component's weight is increased from below 5% to 5% or greater,

then that components weight shall be set at 4.5%.

12. Repeat steps 8 through 10 until all component percentage of average daily value traded is less than or equal to the percentage average daily value traded threshold.

The Index portfolio does not have a fixed number of stocks and attempts to include every stock in the business that meets the eligibility requirements contained herein.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index has a quarterly review in March, June, September and December of each year. Component changes are made after the market close on the third Friday of March, June, September and December, and become effective at the opening on the next trading day. Changes are announced on ISE's publicly available website at least five trading days prior to the effective date.

- Develop pool of all eligible stocks using the Component Eligibility Requirements above.
- Rank and Select final components using the procedure outlined in Initial Component Selection above.
- Adjust the assigned shares of the component securities to achieve the weighting distribution in Initial Component Selection above.

Information regarding the methodology for calculating the Index is also found on the ISE website (www.ise.com/indexoptions). Each Fund expects to make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public via the ISE website. Investors will be able to access the holdings of a Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Funds' website at www.ftportfolios.com.

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In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of a Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of a Fund if such Fund's Shares are delisted.

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL WIND ENERGY INDEX FUND

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

The Index is developed and owned by the International Securities Exchange, LLC(R) ("ISE" or "Index Provider"), in consultation with Standard & Poor's, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"), which calculates and maintains the Index. The Index provides a benchmark for investors interested in tracking public companies throughout the world that are active in the wind energy industry based on analysis of the products and services offered by those companies. The inception date of the Index was June 6, 2008, on which date, there were 52 stocks that comprised the Index, of which, 35 were issued by non-U.S. issuers, which represented approximately 84% of the Index.

This Index is constructed in the following manner:

- 1. Companies in the Index universe that are identified as providing goods and services exclusively to the wind energy industry are given an aggregate weight of 66.67% of the Index. Those companies determined to be significant participants in the wind energy industry despite not being exclusive to such industry are given an aggregate weight of 33.33% of the Index. This weighting is done to ensure that companies that are exclusive to the wind energy industry, which generally have smaller market capitalizations relative to their multi-industry counterparts, are adequately represented in the Index.
- 2. The Index uses a modified market capitalization weighted methodology for each group of companies. The methodology organizes the companies into quintiles based upon their market capitalization. The quintiles containing larger market capitalization companies receive a higher weight than those quintiles containing small market capitalization companies. The resulting weight distribution prevents a few large companies from dominating the Index while allowing smaller companies to adequately influence Index performance. The companies are equally-weighted within each quintile. The Index is reconstituted and rebalanced semi-annually.

ADDITIONAL INDEX INFORMATION

The Index is calculated and maintained by S&P based on a methodology developed by the Index Provider in consultation with S&P. Companies are added or removed by the Index Provider based on the methodology determined by the Index Provider.

The Index is calculated on a price and total return basis. The price component of the Index is calculated in real-time and disseminated via the Options Price Reporting Authority (OPRA) and market data vendors every day the U.S. equity markets are open at least once every 15 seconds on each day on which at least 50% of the market capitalization of the Index is available for trading. The total return component of the Index is calculated on an end-of-day basis. Both sets of values are available on ISE's website at www.iseoptions.com.

All of the following requirements must be met in order for a company to be eligible for inclusion in the Index:

- The component security must be actively engaged in some aspect of the wind energy industry such as the development or management of a wind farm, the production or distribution of electricity generated by wind power, involvement in the design, manufacture or distribution of machinery or materials designed specifically for the wind energy industry.
- The component security must not be listed on an exchange in a country that employs restrictions on foreign capital investment such that those restrictions render the component effectively non-investable, as determined by the ISE.
- 3. The component security must be an operating company and not a closed-end fund, exchange-traded fund (ETF), holding company, real estate investment trust, investment vehicle or royalty trust.

The following market capitalization and weighting concentration requirements must also be satisfied:

 Each component security has a market capitalization of at least \$100 million

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2. No single component stock represents more than 24% of the weight of the Index, and the cumulative weight of all components with an individual weight of 5% or greater do not in the aggregate account for more than 50% of the weight of the Index. This particular requirement will be satisfied at least on the third Friday of June and December to coincide with the Index's semi-annual rebalance periods.

ISE will, in most cases, use the quantitative ranking and screening system described above, however, subjective screening based on fundamental analysis or other factors may be used, if, in the opinion of the ISE, certain components should be included or excluded from the Index.

The Fund will make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public. Investors are able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Shares are delisted.

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The Index is designed to track the performance of companies engaged in the Smartphone segment of the telecom and technology sectors. The Index includes companies primarily involved in the building, design, and distribution of handsets, hardware, software, and mobile networks associated with the development, sale, and usage of Smartphones as defined by NASDAQ OMX. NASDAQ OMX defines a Smartphone as a wireless, mobile communication device offering advanced capabilities and functionalities, including web access, through the use of an identifiable operating system.

INDEX CALCULATION

The Index is a modified equal dollar weighting index. The value of the Index equals the aggregate value of the Index share weights, also known as the Index Shares, of each Security included in the Index (the "Index Securities") multiplied by each such security's last sale price, and divided by the divisor of the Index. The divisor serves the purpose of scaling such aggregate value to a lower order of magnitude which is more desirable for reporting purposes. The Index began on April 12, 2010 at a base value of 250.00.

The formula for index value is as follows:

o Aggregate Adjusted Market Value/Divisor

The formula for the divisor is as follows:

o (Market Value after Adjustments/Market Value before Adjustments) ${\tt X}$ Divisor before Adjustments

Two versions of the Index are calculated -- a price return index and a total return index. The price return index (NASDAQ: QFON) is ordinarily calculated without regard to cash dividends on Index Securities. The total return index (NASDAQ: QFNX) reinvests cash dividends on the ex-date. Both Indexes reinvest extraordinary cash distributions.

The Index is calculated while the primary listing market of any Index Security is open. If the primary listing market of an Index Security is closed, the Index Security will remain at the last sale price. Additionally, if trading in an Index Security is halted on its primary listing market, the last traded price for that security is used for all index computations until trading resumes. If trading is halted before the market is open, the previous day's last sale price is used.

The Index is disseminated every 15 seconds from 09:30:15 to 17:16:00 ET. The closing value of the Index may change up until 17:15:00 ET due to corrections to the last sale price of the Index Securities.

ELIGIBILITY

Index eligibility is limited to specific security types only. The security types eligible for the Index include common stocks, ordinary shares, depositary receipts (both American and Global), depositary shares, shares of beneficial interest or limited partnership interests and tracking stocks. Security types not included in the Index are closed-end funds, convertible debentures, exchange-traded funds, preferred stocks, rights, warrants, units and other derivative securities.

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ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

To be included in the Index, a security must meet the following criteria:

- o the issuer of the security must be classified as a Smartphone company as determined by Consumer Electronics Association (CEA);
- o the security must be listed on a index-eligible global stock exchange;
- o one security per issuer is permitted;
- o the security must have a minimum worldwide market capitalization of \$250 million;
- o the security must have a minimum three-month average daily dollar trading volume of \$1 million;
- o a minimum free float of 20%; and
- o $\,$ the security foreign ownership restriction limitations have not been $\,$ met.

INDEX-ELIGIBLE GLOBAL STOCK EXCHANGES

Index-eligible global stock exchanges are exchanges approved by the Index Provider to be eligible for index inclusion.

Securities are classified as not-eligible if the component security is listed on an exchange in a country with foreign investment restrictions which limits the ability of investment in the security as determined by the Index Provider.

INDEX EVALUATION

The Index Securities are evaluated semi-annually in March and September. The above Eligibility Criteria are applied using market data through the end of February and August, respectively. Securities meeting the criteria are included in the Index. Security additions and deletions are made effective after the close of trading on the third Friday in February and August, respectively.

Additionally, if at any time during the year other than the Evaluation, an Index Security no longer meets the Eligibility Criteria, or is otherwise determined to have become ineligible for inclusion in the Index, the security is removed from the Index and is not replaced. Furthermore, any Index Security that reaches its foreign investment limit between quarterly rebalances is removed from the Index. In all cases, a security is removed from the Index at its last sale price.

INDEX MAINTENANCE

Index Share changes are not made during the quarter however changes arising from

stock dividends and stock splits are made to the Index on the evening prior to the effective date of such corporate action. In the case of certain spin-offs or rights issuances, the price of the Index Security is adjusted and a corresponding adjustment is made to the Index Shares such that the weight of the Index Security does not change as a result of the action.

In the case of a special cash dividend, a determination is made on an individual basis as to whether to make a change to the price of an Index Security in accordance with its Index dividend policy. If it is determined that a change will be made, it will become effective on the ex-date.

All changes are made after market close and are reflected in the Index prior to market open the following morning.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index employs a modified equal dollar weighting methodology. At the Evaluation, the Index Securities are classified as Handsets, Software Applications/Hardware Components, or Providers and each sector's weight will be as follows:

Handsets: 45%

Software Applications/Hardware Components: 45%

Providers: 10%

HANDSETS: Companies primarily engaged in the manufacturing of wireless equipment, specifically of Smartphone handheld devices.

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SOFTWARE APPLICATIONS/HARDWARE COMPONENTS: Companies primarily engaged in the support of Smartphones through creation of operating systems, processor chips, network hardware and software, and other elements to support the operations of a Smartphone.

PROVIDERS: Companies engaged in providing the wireless network access for use by Smartphones.

Within each Sector, the Index Securities will be equal weighted.

The Index employs an equal-dollar weighting methodology and is rebalanced quarterly to an equal-dollar value. The Index Securities market values are set to an equal-dollar value corresponding to an equal percent weight of the market value of their respective sector. Index Shares are then calculated by dividing this equal-dollar value for each Index Security by the corresponding last sale price of the security at the close of trading on the third Friday in March, June, September, and December. The changes are made effective after the close of trading on the same date.

NASDAQ OMX may, from time to time, exercise reasonable discretion as it deems appropriate in order to ensure Index integrity including adjusting the weights of the sectors.

NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM) is the exclusive property of The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc., with its affiliates. NASDAQ OMX has contracted with Standard & Poor's ("S&P") to calculate and maintain the Index. S&P shall have no liability for any errors or omissions in calculating the Index.

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM) is designed to act as a transparent and liquid benchmark for the grid and electric energy infrastructure sector. The Index includes companies that are primarily engaged and involved in electric grid, electric meters and devices, networks, energy storage and management, and enabling software used by smart grid infrastructure companies.

INDEX CALCULATION The NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM) is a float adjusted modified market capitalization weighted index. The value of the Index equals the aggregate value of the Index share weights (the "Index Shares") of each of the Index Securities multiplied by each such security's Last Sale Price,(1) and divided by the divisor of the Index. The divisor serves the purpose of scaling such aggregate value to a lower order of magnitude which is more desirable for reporting purposes. The Index began on September 22, 2009 at a base value of 250.00.

The formula for index value is as follows:

o Aggregate Adjusted Market Value/Divisor

The formula for the divisor is as follows:

o (Market Value after Adjustments/Market Value before Adjustments) X Divisor before Adjustments

Two versions of the Index are calculated — a price return index and a total return index. The price return index (NASDAQ(R): QGRD) is ordinarily calculated without regard to cash dividends on Index Securities. The total return index (NASDAQ(R): QGRX) reinvests cash dividends on the ex-date. Both Indexes reinvest extraordinary cash distributions. The Fund seeks investment results that correspond to the price return index.

The Index is calculated while the primary listing market of any Index Security is open. If the primary listing market of an Index Security is closed, the Index Security will remain at the Last Sale Price. Additionally, if trading in an Index Security is halted on its primary listing market, the last traded price for that security is used for all Index computations until trading resumes. If trading is halted before the market is open, the previous day's Last Sale Price is used

(1) Last Sale Price refers to the following:

For a security listed on NASDAQ, it is the last sale price on NASDAQ, which normally would be the Nasdaq Official Closing Price (NOCP) when NASDAQ is closed. For any other security, it is the last regular way trade reported on such security's primary listing market. If a security does not trade on its primary listing market on a given day or the primary listing market has not yet opened for trading, the most recent last sale price from the primary listing market (adjusted for corporate actions, if any) is used.

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The Index is disseminated every 15 seconds from 09:30:15 to 17:16:00 ET. The closing value of the Index may change up until 17:15:00 ET due to corrections to the Last Sale Price of the Index Securities.

ELIGIBILITY

Index eligibility is limited to specific security types only. The security types eligible for the Index include common stocks, ordinary shares, Depositary Receipts, depositary shares, shares of beneficial interest or limited partnership interests and tracking stocks. Security types not included in the Index are closed-end funds, convertible debentures, exchange-traded funds, preferred stocks, rights, warrants, units and other derivative securities.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

To be included in the Index, a security must meet the following criteria:

- o the issuer of the security must be classified as smart grid, electric infrastructure and/or other grid related activities company according to Clean Edge;
- o the security must be listed on a index-eligible global stock exchange;
- o one security per issuer is permitted;
- o the security must have a minimum worldwide market capitalization of $$100 \ \text{million};$
- o the security must have a minimum three-month average daily dollar trading volume of \$500 thousand;
- o a minimum free float of 20%; and
- o the security's foreign ownership restriction limitations have not been $\ensuremath{\mathsf{met}}\xspace.$

INDEX-ELIGIBLE GLOBAL STOCK EXCHANGES

Index-eligible global stock exchanges are exchanges approved by the Index Provider to be eligible for Index inclusion.

Securities are classified as not-eligible if the component security is listed on an exchange in a country with foreign investment restrictions which limits the ability of investment in the security as determined by the Index Provider.

If a security is listed on an exchange in a country not approved by the Index Provider but is also listed on an exchange in an eligible country that meets the size and liquidity requirements the security in the eligible country will be considered for Index inclusion.

INDEX EVALUATION

The Index Securities are evaluated semi-annually in March and September. In each evaluation, Clean Edge will provide NASDAQ OMX a list of smart grid, electric infrastructure, and other grid-related companies as they have identified such companies. Clean Edge identifies each eligible company as either Pure Play or Diversified. In order to qualify as Pure Play, a company must receive 50 percent or more of its revenue from smart grid, electric infrastructure, and/or other grid-related activities. In order to qualify as Diversified, a company must receive between 10-50 percent, or at least \$1 billion, of its revenue from smart grid, electric infrastructure and/or other grid-related activities. The above Eligibility Criteria are applied to a list of companies provided using market data through the end of February and August. Securities meeting the criteria are included in the Index. Security additions and deletions are made effective after the close of trading on each third Friday in March and September.

Additionally, if at any time during the year other than the Evaluation, an Index Security no longer meets the Eligibility Criteria, or is otherwise determined to have become ineligible for Index inclusion, the security is removed from the Index and is not replaced. Furthermore, any Index Security that reaches its foreign investment limit between quarterly rebalances is removed from the Index. In all cases, a security is removed from the Index at its last sale price.

INDEX MAINTENANCE

Changes in the price and/or Index Shares driven by corporate events such as stock dividends, stock splits and certain spin-offs and rights issuances are adjusted on the ex-date. If the change in total shares outstanding arising from other corporate actions is greater than or equal to 5%, the change is made as soon as practicable. Otherwise, if the change in total shares outstanding is less than 5%, then all such changes are accumulated and made effective at one time on a quarterly basis after the close of trading on the third Friday in March, June, September and December.

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In the case of a special cash dividend, a determination is made on an individual basis as to whether to make a change to the price of an Index Security in accordance with its Index dividend policy. If it is determined that a change will be made, it will become effective on the ex-date.

Ordinarily, whenever there is a change in Index Shares, a change in an Index Security or a change to the price of an Index Security due to spin-off, rights issuances, or special cash dividends, the divisor is adjusted to ensure that there is no discontinuity in the value of the Index which might otherwise be caused by any such change.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index employs a float adjusted modified market capitalization weighting methodology. At each Evaluation, the Index Securities are classified as Pure Play or Diversified. The Pure Play securities are given a collective weight of 80% and the diversified securities are given a collective weight of 20% in the Index.

Within the Pure Play sector, the Index Securities are ranked by market capitalization. At each quarter, the Index is rebalanced such that the maximum weight of any Pure Play Index Security does not exceed 8% and no more than 5 securities are at the cap. The excess weight of any capped security is distributed proportionally across the remaining Index Securities in the Pure Play sector. If after redistribution, any of the 5 highest ranked Pure Play Index Securities are weighted below 8%, they are not capped. Next, any remaining Pure Play Index Securities in excess of 4% are capped at 4% and the excess weight is redistributed proportionally across the remaining Pure Play Index Securities. The process is repeated, if necessary, to derive the final weights for the Pure Play sector.

Within the Diversified sector, the Index Securities are ranked by market capitalization. At each quarter, the Index is rebalanced such that the maximum weight of any Diversified security does not exceed 2%. The excess weight of any capped security is distributed proportionally across the remaining Index Securities in the Diversified sector. The process is repeated, if necessary, to derive the final weights for the Diversified sector.

The modified market capitalization weighting methodology is applied to the float-capitalization of each Index Security, using the Last Sale Price of the security at the close of trading on the last trading day in February, May, August and November and after applying quarterly and free float changes to the total shares outstanding. Index Shares are then calculated multiplying the weight of the security derived above by the new market value of the Index and dividing the modified market capitalization for each Index Security by its corresponding Last Sale Price. The changes are effective after trading on the third Friday in March, June, September and December.

NASDAQ OMX may, from time to time, exercise reasonable discretion as it deems appropriate in order to ensure Index integrity.

NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM) ("Index") is the exclusive property of The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc., with its affiliates, collectively "NASDAQ OMX," and Clean Edge, Inc.

Information regarding the methodology for calculating the Index is also found on the NASDAQ OMX website (https://indexes.nasdaqomx.com/docs/methodology_QGRD.pdf). The Fund expects to make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public via the NASDAQ OMX website. Investors will be able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that NASDAQ OMX no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Fund's Shares are delisted.

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ GLOBAL AUTO INDEX FUND

INDEX DESCRIPTION

The Index is designed to track the performance of the largest and most liquid companies engaged in manufacturing of automobiles. The Index is owned and was developed by the Index Provider. The Index Provider has contracted with Standard & Poor's to calculate and maintain the Index.

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INDEX CALCULATION

The NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM) is a modified market-capitalization weighted index. The value of the Index equals the aggregate value of the Index share weights, also known as the Index Shares, of each of the Index Securities multiplied by each such security's Last Sale Price(1), and divided by the divisor of the Index. The divisor serves the purpose of scaling such aggregate value to a lower order of magnitude which is more desirable for reporting purposes. The Index began on February 22, 2011 at a base value of 250.00.

The formula for index value is as follows:

o Aggregate Adjusted Market Value/Divisor

The formula for the divisor is as follows:

o (Market Value after Adjustments/Market Value before Adjustments) X Divisor before Adjustments

Two versions of the Index are calculated -- a price return index and a total return index. The price return index (NASDAQ: QAUTO) is ordinarily calculated without regard to cash dividends on Index Securities. The total return index (NASDAQ: QAUTOX) reinvests cash dividends on the ex-date. Both Indexes reinvest extraordinary cash distributions.

The Index is calculated while the primary listing market of any Index Security is open. If the primary listing market of an Index Security is closed, the Index Security will remain at the Last Sale Price. Additionally, if trading in an Index Security is halted on its primary listing market, the last traded price for that security is used for all index computations until trading resumes. If trading is halted before the market is open, the previous day's Last Sale Price is used.

The Index is disseminated every 15 seconds from 09:30:15 to 17:16:00 ET. The closing value of the Index may change up until 17:15:00 ET due to corrections to the Last Sale Price of the Index Securities.

ELIGIBILITY

Index eligibility is limited to specific security types only. The security types eligible for the Index include common stocks, ordinary shares, depositary receipts, shares of beneficial interest or limited partnership interests and tracking stocks. Security types not included in the Index are closed-end funds, convertible debentures, exchange-traded funds, preferred stocks, rights, warrants, units and other derivative securities.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

To be included in the Index, a security must meet the following criteria:

- o the issuer of the security must be classified as Automobile Manufacturer; (2)
- o the security must be listed on a Index-eligible global stock exchange;
- o one security per issuer is permitted; (3)

- o the security must have a minimum float-adjusted worldwide market capitalization of \$500\$ million; and
- o the security must have a minimum three-month average daily dollar trading volume of \$1 million.

- (1) Last Sale Price refers to the following:
 - For a security listed on NASDAQ, it is the last sale price on NASDAQ, which normally would be the Nasdaq Official Closing Price (NOCP) when NASDAQ is closed. For any other security, it is the last regular way trade reported on such security's primary listing market. If a security does not trade on its primary listing market on a given day or the primary listing market has not yet opened for trading, the most recent last sale price from the primary listing market (adjusted for corporate actions, if any) is used
- (2) The Index Provider classifies Automobile Manufacturers using the Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB). ICB is a definitive classification system that was developed by Dow Jones and FTSE. The system is supported by the ICB Universe Database, which contains over 60,000 companies and 65,000 securities worldwide from the FTSE and Dow Jones Indexes universes.
- (3) If an issuer has multiple securities, the security with the highest dollar trading volume will be selected for possible inclusion into the Index.

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INDEX-ELIGIBLE GLOBAL STOCK EXCHANGES

Index-eligible global stock exchanges include all exchanges except those exchanges in the countries listed below unless otherwise noted.

Bahrain	Nigeria	Slovenia
Egypt	Oman	Sri Lanka
India	Qatar	United Arab Emirates
Jordan	Romania	Vietnam
Kenya	Russia	Zambia
Kuwait	Saudi Arabia	
Lebanon	Slovak Republic	

If a security is listed on an exchange in a country listed above but is also listed on an exchange in an eligible country that meets the size and liquidity

INDEX EVALUATION

inclusion.

The Index Securities are evaluated annually in June. In the evaluation, the above Eligibility Criteria are applied using market data through the end of May. Securities meeting the criteria are included in the Index. Security additions and deletions are made effective after the close of trading on the third Friday in June

requirements the security in the eligible country will be considered for Index

Additionally, if at any time during the year other than the Evaluation, an Index Security no longer meets the Eligibility Criteria, or is otherwise determined to have become ineligible for inclusion in the Index, the security is removed from the Index and is not replaced. Furthermore, any Index Security that reaches its foreign investment limit between guarterly rebalances is removed from the Index. In all cases, a security is removed from the Index at its Last Sale Price.

INDEX MAINTENANCE

Changes in the price and/or Index Shares driven by corporate events such as stock dividends, stock splits and certain spin-offs and rights issuances are adjusted on the ex-date. If the change in total shares outstanding arising from other corporate actions is greater than or equal to 5.0%, the change is made as soon as practicable. Otherwise, if the change in total shares outstanding is less than 5%, then all such changes are accumulated and made effective at one time on a quarterly basis after the close of trading on the third Friday in March, June, September and December.

In the case of a special cash dividend, a determination is made on an individual basis as to whether to make a change to the price of an Index Security in accordance with its Index dividend policy. If it is determined that a change will be made, it will become effective on the ex-date.

Ordinarily, whenever there is a change in Index Shares, a change in an Index Security or a change to the price of an Index Security due to spin-off, rights issuances, or special cash dividends, the divisor is adjusted to ensure that there is no discontinuity in the value of the Index which might otherwise be

caused by any such change.

INDEX REBALANCING

The Index employs a modified market capitalization-weighting methodology. At each quarter, the Index is rebalanced such that the maximum weight of any Index Security does not exceed 8% and no more than 5 securities are at that cap. The excess weight of any capped security is distributed proportionally across the remaining Index Securities. If after redistribution, any of the 5 highest ranked Index Securities are weighted below 8%, these securities are not capped. Next, any remaining Index Securities in excess of 4% are capped at 4% and the excess weight will be redistributed proportionally across the remaining Index Securities. The process is repeated, if necessary, to derive the final weights.

The modified market capitalization-weighting methodology is applied to the capitalization of each Index Security, using the Last Sale Price of the security at the close of trading on the last trading day in February, May, August and November and after applying quarterly changes to the total shares outstanding. Index Shares are then calculated multiplying the weight of the security derived above by the new market value of the Index and dividing the modified market capitalization for each Index Security by its corresponding Last Sale Price. The changes are effective after trading on the third Friday in March, June, September and December.

NASDAQ OMX may, from time to time, exercise reasonable discretion as it deems appropriate in order to ensure Index integrity.

NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM) is the exclusive property of The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc., with its affiliates. NASDAQ OMX has contracted with Standard & Poor's ("S&P") to calculate and maintain the Index. S&P shall have no liability for any errors or omissions in calculating the Index.

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FIRST TRUST STOXX(R) EUROPEAN SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND

INDEX CONSTRUCTION

The Index consists of 30 high dividend-yielding securities selected from the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index, including secondary lines of those companies (where there are multiple lines of equity capital in a company, i.e., multiple classes of securities). The STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index covers 18 European countries: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom ("European Region"). The Index is compiled and maintained by STOXX Limited ("STOXX" or the "Index Provider"). Only dividend-paying companies in the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index (including secondary lines of those companies) are considered for inclusion in the Index. In addition, a company must have a non-negative five-year dividend-per-share growth rate and a dividend-to-earnings ratio of 60% or less.

The Index was developed with a base value of 1000.00 as of December 31, 1998. The inception date of the Index was April 13, 2005. The Index is rebalanced and reconstituted annually in March. The Fund will make changes to its portfolio holdings when changes are made by the Index Provider in the composition of the

ADDITIONAL INDEX INFORMATION

INDEX METHODOLOGY

Universe

The STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index is a fixed component number index designed to provide a broad yet liquid representation of large, mid and small capitalization companies in the European Region. The STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index covers the largest 600 stocks in the STOXX(R) Total Market Index. Only dividend-paying companies in the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index, including secondary lines of those companies (where there are multiple lines of equity capital in a company), are considered for inclusion in the Index. In addition, a company must have:

- A non-negative five-year dividend-per-share growth rate (at least two years for initial public offerings); and
- o A dividend to earnings per share ratio of 60% or less.

The components will also be screened for a minimum level of liquidity.

Selection Process

1. Companies in the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index universe, including secondary lines of those companies (where there are multiple lines of equity capital in a company), are sorted by country and ranked in descending order according to their indicated annual net dividend yield. In the case of multiple stocks for a single company, the highest-yielding stock is chosen.

- All current components of the Index are added to the selection list automatically as long as they are still components of the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index.
- 3. For each company an "outperformance factor" is calculated: company net dividend yield divided by the net dividend yield of the respective Country Total Market Index minus 1. For companies that have secondary lines (where there are multiple lines of equity capital in a company) in the Select Dividend 30 Index universe only the higher-yielding line will remain in the universe. Each company is uniquely assigned to a specific Total Market Index. The country classification is based on the country of incorporation, the primary listing and the country with the largest trading volume.
- 4. All companies are then sorted by their "outperformance factor."
 - o All current components in the Index that are ranked 60 or higher in the selection list remain in the Index.
 - o Starting from the highest-ranked non-component in the selection list, companies are added to the Index until the final component count of 30 is reached.
 - o If a company is deleted from the STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index between the Index annual review dates but is still a component of the STOXX(R) Total Market Index, then this company will remain in the Index until the next annual review, provided that it still meets the requirements for the Index.
- 5. The Index is reviewed on an annual basis in March.

Weighting

The weighting factor for each component is calculated two days prior to the review's implementation date in March.

o A company's weight in the Index is based on its net dividend yield.

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- o The weighting factors are kept constant until the next review.
- o In the event of a corporate action affecting a component, company weighting factors are adjusted to keep the component weights in the Index constant.
- o Each component's weight is capped at 15%. Weighting cap factors are adjusted on an annual basis.

The Fund will make changes to its portfolio shortly after changes to the Index are released to the public. Investors are able to access the holdings of the Fund and the composition and compilation methodology of the Index through the Fund's website at www.ftportfolios.com.

In the event that the Index Provider no longer calculates the Index, the Index license is terminated or the identity or character of the Index is materially changed, the Board will seek to engage a replacement index. However, if that proves to be impracticable, the Board will take whatever action it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund. The Board will also take whatever actions it deems to be in the best interests of the Fund if the Shares are delisted. The Index Provider publishes the changes to the Index on the effective date of the change. All replacement companies are selected based on the selection criteria set forth herein.

PREMIUM/DISCOUNT INFORMATION

The tables that follow present information about the differences between each Fund's daily market price on the applicable Exchange and its NAV. The "Market Price" of a Fund generally is determined using the midpoint between the highest bid and lowest offer on the Exchange, as of the time a Fund's NAV is calculated. A Fund's Market Price may be at, above, or below its NAV. The NAV of a Fund will fluctuate with changes in the market value of its portfolio holdings. The Market Price of a Fund will fluctuate in accordance with changes in its NAV, as well as market supply and demand.

Premiums or discounts are the differences (generally expressed as a percentage) between the NAV and Market Price of a Fund on a given day, generally at the time NAV is calculated. A premium is the amount that a Fund is trading above the reported NAV. A discount is the amount that a Fund is trading below the reported NAV.

The following information shows the frequency distribution of premiums and discounts of the daily bid/ask price of each Fund against each Fund's NAV. The information shown for each Fund is for the period indicated. Shareholders may

pay more than NAV when they buy Fund Shares and receive less than NAV when they sell those Shares because Shares are bought and sold at current market price. All data presented here represents past performance, which cannot be used to predict future results. Information about the premiums and discounts at which the Funds' Shares have traded is available on the Funds' website at www.ftportfolios.com.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

First Trust BICK Index Fund

Bid/Ask	Midpoint	vs.	NAV
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	Bid/Ask	Midpoint vs. NAV		
<\$>		d/Ask Midpoint At/Above 0.50% - 0.99%		>= 2.00% <c></c>
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	64	23	0	1
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	_	Bid/Ask Midpoint Below 0.50% - 0.99% 52		>= 2.00%
Fi	rst Trust Dow Jones Glo	bal Select Dividend Inc	dex Fund	
	Bid/Ask	Midpoint vs. NAV		
12 Months Ended 12/31/12		d/Ask Midpoint At/Above 0.50% - 0.99% 37		>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12		Bid/Ask Midpoint Below 0.50% - 0.99% 2		>= 2.00% 0
	93			
First Trus	t FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Deve	loped Markets Real Esta	ate Index Fund	
	Bid/Ask	Midpoint vs. NAV		
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days Bi 0.00% - 0.49% 148	d/Ask Midpoint At/Above 0.50% - 0.99% 22	e NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0	>= 2.00% 0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12		Bid/Ask Midpoint Below 0.50% - 0.99% 3		>= 2.00% 0
	First Trust ISE	Cloud Computing Index F	Fund	
	Bid/Ask	Midpoint vs. NAV		
	Number of Days Bi	d/Ask Midpoint At/Above	e NAV	
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	0.00% - 0.49%	0.50% - 0.99% 20	1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
	Number of Days	Bid/Ask Midpoint Below	NAV	
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	_	0.50% - 0.99%		>= 2.00%
	First Trust ISE	Global Copper Index Fu	und	
	Bid/Ask	Midpoint vs. NAV		
	Number of Days Bi	d/Ask Midpoint At/Above	e NAV	
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	0.00% - 0.49%	0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
		Bid/Ask Midpoint Below 0.50% - 0.99%	NAV 1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	133	36	0	0

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund

Bid/Ask Midpoint vs. NAV

	Number of David I	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab	OTTO NATI	
		0.50% - 0.99%		>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	86	2	0	0
	Number of Day:	s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel	ow NAV	
	0.00% - 0.49%	0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	156	6	0	0
	First Erust ICI	E Global Platinum Inde	r. Fund	
	FILSE TRUSE TOP	s Giobai Fiacinum inde	x runu	
	Bid/As	sk Midpoint vs. NAV		
	Number of Days F	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab	ove NAV	
		0.50% - 0.99%		>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	63	40	20	1
		s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel		
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	0.00% - 0.49% 79	0.50% - 0.99% 42	1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
12 110110110 Eliaca 12/31/12	, 3	12	1	-
	94			
	94			
	First Mayot ICE	Clobal Wind Energy In	dor Fund	
	FILST ITUST 15E	Global Wind Energy In	dex rund	
	Bid/As	sk Midpoint vs. NAV		
	Number of Days F	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab	ove NAV	
	0.00% - 0.49%	0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	8	0	0	0
		s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel		
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	0.00% - 0.49% 93	0.50% - 0.99% 129	1.00% - 1.99%	>= 2.00%
12 Foliciis Elided 12/31/12	33	123	20	O
	First Trust NASI	DAQ CEA Smartphone Ind	ex Fund	
	Bid/As	sk Midpoint vs. NAV		
		sk Midpoint vs. NAV		
	Number of Days E	3id/Ask Midpoint At/Ab		>= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days E	-		>= 2.00% 0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11	1.00% - 1.99%	
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab	1.00% - 1.99%	
	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel	1.00% - 1.99% 0	0
	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV	0
	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV	0
	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV	0
	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund	0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49%	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99%	0 0 >= 2.00%
	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 s Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV	0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV	0 0 >= 2.00% 1
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49%	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 1.00% - 1.99%	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV	0 0 >= 2.00% 1
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49%	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 1.00% - 1.99%	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49% 188	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 17 Number of Days 188	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37	1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 17 Number of Days 188 First Trust NA	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37 ASDAQ Global Auto Inde sk Midpoint vs. NAV	1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV Ofrastructure Index Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 1.00% - 1.99% O x Fund	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days E 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49% 188 First Trust NASDAQ Bid/As Number of Days E	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37 ASDAQ Global Auto Inde sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 x Fund ove NAV	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00% 0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 17 Number of Days 188 First Trust NA	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37 ASDAQ Global Auto Inde sk Midpoint vs. NAV	1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 0 frastructure Index Fund ove NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 ow NAV 1.00% - 1.99% 0 x Fund ove NAV	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00%
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49% 188 First Trust NASBAQ Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49% 104	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37 ASDAQ Global Auto Inde sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 34	1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV Ofrastructure Index Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OX Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99%	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00% 0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49% 188 First Trust NASBAQ Number of Days 0.00% - 0.49% 104	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37 ASDAQ Global Auto Inde sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99%	1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV Ofrastructure Index Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OX Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99%	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00% 0
12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12 12 Months Ended 12/31/12	Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 39 Number of Days 144 First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Bid/As Number of Days F 0.00% - 0.49% 17 Number of Days 188 First Trust NA Bid/As Number of Days 188	Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 11 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 56 Edge(R) Smart Grid In sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 7 S Bid/Ask Midpoint Bel 0.50% - 0.99% 37 ASDAQ Global Auto Inde sk Midpoint vs. NAV Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Ab 0.50% - 0.99% 37	1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV Ofrastructure Index Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OX Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OX Fund OVE NAV 1.00% - 1.99% OW NAV	0 0 >= 2.00% 1 >= 2.00% 0 >= 2.00% 1

First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund

Bid/Ask Midpoint vs. NAV

Number of Days Bid/Ask Midpoint At/Above NAV

Number of Days Bid/Ask Midpoint Below NAV

12 Months Ended 12/31/12 </TABLE>

12 Months Ended 12/31/12

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TOTAL RETURN INFORMATION

The tables below compare the total return of each Fund to the total return of the Index on which it is based and each Fund's benchmark indices. The information presented for each Fund is for the period indicated. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by First Trust.

"Average annual total returns" represent the average annual change in the value of an investment over the period indicated. "Cumulative total returns" represent the total change in value of an investment over the period indicated. The NAV per Share of a Fund is the value of one Share of a Fund and is computed by dividing the value of all assets of the Fund (including accrued interest and dividends), less liabilities (including accrued expenses and dividends declared but unpaid), by the total number of outstanding Shares. The NAV return is based on the NAV per Share of a Fund, and the market return is based on the market price per Share of a Fund. The price used to calculate market return ("Market Price") generally is determined by using the midpoint between the highest bid and the lowest offer on the Exchange on which the Shares of a Fund are listed for trading, as of the time that a Fund's NAV is calculated. Since the Shares of each Fund typically do not trade in the secondary market until several days after a Fund's inception, for the period from inception to the first day of secondary market trading in Shares of a Fund, the NAV of a Fund is used as a proxy for the secondary market trading price to calculate market returns. Market and NAV returns assume that dividends and capital gain distributions have been reinvested in a Fund at Market Price and NAV, respectively. An Index is a statistical composite that tracks a specified financial market or sector. Unlike each Fund, an Index does not actually hold a portfolio of securities and therefore does not incur the expenses incurred by a Fund. These expenses negatively impact the performance of each Fund. Also, market returns do not include brokerage commissions that may be payable on secondary market transactions. If brokerage commissions were included, market returns would be lower. The total returns reflect the reinvestment of dividends on securities in the Indices. The returns shown in the table below do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Shares of a Fund. The investment return and principal value of Shares of a Fund will vary with changes in market conditions. Shares of a Fund may be worth more or less than their original cost when they are redeemed or sold in the market. A Fund's past performance is no guarantee of future results.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

First Trust BICK Index Fund

		Average Annual Total Returns	Cumulative Total Returns
	1 Year	Inception (4/12/10)	Inception (4/12/10)
	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
NAV	9.78%	-7.15%	-16.72%
Market Price	10.05%	-7.41%	-17.32%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
ISE BICK(TM) Index	9.24%	-6.31%	-14.85%
MSCI All Country World Index	20.98%	4.48%	11.43%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index	16.93%	1.14%	2.83%

First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund

	1 Year Ended 9/30/12	Average Annual Total Returns Inception (11/21/07) to 9/30/12	Cumulative Total Returns Inception (11/21/07) to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	17.58%	0.07%	0.32%
Market Price	18.28%	0.06%	0.31%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index(SM)	16.75%	0.17%	0.84%
Dow Jones World Developed Markets Index(SM)	21.66%	-0.50%	-2.38%
MSCI World Index	21.59%	-1.09%	-5.19%

 | | |<TABLE> <CAPTION>

First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund

	1 Year	-	Total Returns ception (8/27/07)	Cumulative To 5 Years Ir	tal Returns aception (8/27/07)
	Ended 9/30/12	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE					
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
NAV	30.22%	-3.10%	-1.77%	-14.55%	-8.68%
Market Price	31.24%	-3.18%	-1.76%	-14.90%	-8.65%
INDEX PERFORMANCE					
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index	30.59%	-2.20%	-0.86%	-10.52%	-4.32%
S&P Global REIT Index	28.80%	-1.85%	-0.73%	-8.94%	-3.65%
MSCI World REIT Index					

 29.60% | -2.79% | -1.52% | -13.21% | -7.53% |<TABLE> <CAPTION>

First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund

	1 Year Ended 9/30/12	Average Annual Total Returns Inception (7/5/11) to 9/30/12	Cumulative Total Returns Inception (7/5/11) to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
NAV	24.83%	-1.10%	-1.36%
Market Price	25.13%	-0.86%	-1.06%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
ISE Cloud Computing (TM) Index	25.61%	-0.52%	-0.65%
S&P 500 Index	30.20%	8.54%	10.68%
S&P Composite 1500 Information Technology Index	31.61%	13.47%	16.94%

First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund

		Average Annual Total Returns	Cumulative Total Returns
	1 Year	Inception (3/11/10)	Inception (3/11/10)
	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	13.82%	0.56%	1.42%
Market Price	13.88%	0.38%	0.97%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
ISE Global Copper(TM) Index	14.91%	2.01%	5.22%
MSCI All Country World Index	20.98%	6.06%	16.22%
MSCI All Country World Materials Index	10.66%	0.26%	0.66%

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund

		Average Annual Total Returns	Cumulative Total Returns
	1 Year	Inception (10/13/08)	Inception (10/13/08)
	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	17.93%	8.51%	38.25%
Market Price	18.16%	8.39%	37.62%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
ISE Global Engineering and Construction(TM) Index	18.11%	10.81%	50.23%
Russell 3000(R) Index	30.20%	12.38%	58.86%
MSCI World Industrials Index	20.92%	10.29%	47.47%

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First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund

		Average Annual Total Returns	Cumulative Total Returns
	1 Year	Inception (3/11/10)	Inception (3/11/10)
	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	-24.08%	-24.53%	-51.29%
Market Price	-22.72%	-24.35%	-50.99%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
ISE Global Platinum(TM) Index	-23.77%	-23.77%	-50.03%
MSCI All Country World Index	20.98%	6.06%	16.22%
MSCI All Country World Materials Index	10.66%	0.26%	0.66%

First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund

	Average Annual Total Returns	Cumulative Total Returns
1 Year	Inception (6/16/08)	Inception (6/16/08)
Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
-16.14%	-28.55%	-76.36%
-15.91%	-28.64%	-76.50%
-15.75%	-27.90%	-75.42%
30.20%	3.66%	16.68%
21.59%	-0.40%	-1.72%
	Ended 9/30/12 -16.14% -15.91% -15.75% 30.20%	1 Year Inception (6/16/08) Ended 9/30/12 to 9/30/12 -16.14% -28.55% -15.91% -28.64% -15.75% -27.90% 30.20% 3.66%

First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund

	1 Year Ended 9/30/12	Average Annual Total Returns Inception (2/17/11) to 9/30/12	Cumulative Total Returns Inception (2/17/11) to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	4.03%	-14.21%	-21.94%
Market Price	4.22%	-14.21%	-21.94%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM)	4.34%	-13.40%	-20.76%
MSCI World Index	21.59%	0.20%	0.33%
MSCI All Country World Information Technology Index	25.94%	3.46%	5.66%

First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund

		Average Annual Total Returns	Cumulative Total Returns
	1 Year	Inception (11/16/09)	Inception (11/16/09)
	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	20.82%	-0.49%	-1.40%
Market Price	20.21%	-0.61%	-1.74%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid			
Infrastructure Index(SM)	21.13%	0.36%	1.04%
Russell 3000(R) Index	30.20%	12.14%	38.95%
MSCI World Industrials Index	20.92%	7.49%	23.03%
S&P 1500 Industrials Index	30.35%	12.44%	40.03%

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First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund

	1 Year Ended 9/30/12	Average Annual Total Returns Inception (5/9/11) to 9/30/12	Cumulative Total Returns Inception (5/9/11) to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE			
NAV	9.77%	-12.64%	-17.18%
Market Price	9.86%	-12.90%	-17.52%
INDEX PERFORMANCE			
NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM)	9.35%	-11.47%	-15.62%
MSCI World Index	21.59%	0.07%	0.10%

 | | |<TABLE> <CAPTION>

First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund

	1 Year		Total Returns	Cumulative To 5 Years In	tal Returns ception (8/27/07)
:	Ended 9/30/12	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12	Ended 9/30/12	to 9/30/12
FUND PERFORMANCE					
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
NAV	7.73%	-12.95%	-12.18%	-50.02%	-48.40%
Market Price	8.91%	-12.89%	-12.04%	-49.85%	-47.96%
INDEX PERFORMANCE					
STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Inde	ex 7.25%	-12.39%	-11.66	-48.39%	-46.82%
STOXX(R) Europe 600 Index	17.70%	-5.54%	-4.32	-24.81%	-20.14%
MSCI Europe Index	17.31%	-5.72%	-4.47	-25.50%	-20.76%

 | | | | |

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the periods shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Share of each Fund. The total returns represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund

(assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The information for the periods indicated has been derived from financial statements audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP whose report, along with each Fund's financial statements, is included in the Annual Report to Shareholders dated September 30, 2012 and is incorporated by reference in the Funds' SAI, which is available upon request.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

FIRST TRUST BICK INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

CAPITON			TOD THE DEDICE
	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2012 SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 12, 2010 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
<pre><s> Net asset value, beginning of period</s></pre>	<c> \$ 22.21</c>	<c> \$ 31.16</c>	<c> \$ 30.00</c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	y 22.21	Ų 31.10	ÿ 30.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:			
Net investment income (loss)	0.35	0.72	0.15
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	1.80	(8.98)	1.09
Total from investment operations	2.15	(8.26)	1.24
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income	(0.43)	(0.69)	(0.08)
Return of capital	(0.43)	(0.09)	(0.00)
neculi of capital	(0.02)		
Total distributions	(0.45)	(0.69)	(0.08)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 23.91	\$ 22.21	\$ 31.16
1	=======	======	=======
TOTAL DETINATION ()	0.700	(07.10)	4 170
TOTAL RETURN (c)	9.78%	(27.18)%	4.17%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:			
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 45,438	\$ 41,089	\$ 28,043
Ratio of total expenses to average net ass	ets 0.64%	0.64%	0.70% (d)
Ratio of net expenses to average net asset Ratio of net investment income (loss) to	s 0.64%	0.64%	0.70% (d)
average net assets	1.46%	1.11%	1.71% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate (e)	55%	96%	32%

 | | |FIRST TRUST DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

CALITON	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 21, 2007 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2008
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 21.09	\$ 22.43	\$ 21.33	\$ 19.95	\$ 30.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized	1.16	1.05	0.94	0.70 (b	1.38
gain (loss)	2.47	(1.31)	1.17	1.37	(10.10)
Total from investment operations	3.63	(0.26)	2.11	2.07	(8.72)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM:					
Net investment income	(1.15)	(1.08)	(1.01)	(0.69)	(1.33)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 23.57	\$ 21.09	\$ 22.43	\$ 21.33	\$ 19.95

	=======	=======	=======	=======	=======
TOTAL RETURN (c)	17.58%	(1.57)%	10.33%	11.80%	(29.72)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 206,229	\$ 95,940	\$ 37,008	\$ 28,790	\$ 3,990
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets Ratio of net expenses to average	0.63%	0.74%	0.97%	2.39%	4.79% (d)
net assets Ratio of net investment income	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60% (d)
(loss) to average net assets	5.41%	5.21%	4.37%	4.61%	6.33% (d)
Portfolio turnover rate (e)					

 21% | 22% | 51% | 65% | 42% |

- (a) Inception date.
- (b) Per share amount has been calculated using the average share method.
- (c) Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividend distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption at net asset value on the last day of the period. The returns presented do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Fund shares. Total return is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than one year. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by the investment advisor.
- (d) Annualized.
- (e) Portfolio turnover is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions and in-kind transactions.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

FIRST TRUST FTSE EPRA/NAREIT DEVELOPED MARKETS REAL ESTATE INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 30.00	\$ 33.85	\$ 30.48	\$ 36.24	\$ 53.43
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized	0.99	1.05	1.24	0.90	1.25
gain (loss)	7.96	(3.64)	3.84	(5.74)	(17.25)
Total from investment operations	8.95	(2.59)	5.08	(4.84)	(16.00)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM:					
Net investment income Net realized gain	(1.08)	(1.26)	(1.71)	(0.91) (0.01)	(1.19)
Total distributions	(1.08)	(1.26)	(1.71)	(0.92)	(1.19)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 37.87 ======	\$ 30.00	\$ 33.85 ======	\$ 30.48	\$ 36.24
TOTAL RETURN (b)	30.22%	(8.17)%	17.48%	(12.66)%	(30.35)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS: Ratio of total expenses to average	\$ 96,565	\$ 61,508	\$ 45,693	\$ 15,238	\$ 7,249
net assets	0.74%	0.86%	1.10%	2.09%	2.68%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%

2.67% 8% 2.29% 11% 2.81% 11% 4.08% 19% 3.07%

FIRST TRUST ISE CLOUD COMPUTING INDEX FUND <TABLE> <<APTION>

		FOR THE EAR ENDED MBER 30, 2012	JULY	THE PERIOD 5, 2011 (a) THROUGH MBER 30, 2011
<\$>	<c></c>	>	<c< th=""><th>></th></c<>	>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$	15.93	\$	20.16
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:				
Net investment income (loss)		(0.01)		(0.01)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		3.96		(4.22)
Total from investment operations		3.95		(4.23)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net realized gain		(0.01)		
Net asset value, end of period	\$	19.87	\$	15.93
TOTAL RETURN (b)		24.83%		(20.98)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:				
Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$	76,488	\$	51,758
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets		0.60%		0.60% (c)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets		0.60%		0.60% (c)
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net ass	ets	(0.14)%		(0.31)%(c)
Portfolio turnover rate (d)				

 | 28% | | 1% |

- (a) Inception date
- (b) Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividend distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption at net asset value on the last day of the period. The returns presented do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Fund shares. Total return is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than one year. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by the investment advisor.
- (c) Annualized.
- (d) Portfolio turnover is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions and in-kind transactions.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL COPPER INDEX FUND

<TABLE>

CAFITONS	FORE THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FOR THE PERIOD MARCH 11, 2010 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 26.31	\$ 33.54	\$ 30.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss)	0.70	1.23	0.07
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	2.95	(7.88)	3.53

Total from investment operations	3.65	(6.65)	3.60
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income	(1.39)	(0.58)	(0.06)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 28.57	\$ 26.31	\$ 33.54
TOTAL RETURN (b)	13.82%	(20.50)%	12.08%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 44,281	\$ 55,258	\$ 25,156
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets Ratio of net expenses to average net assets Ratio of net investment income (loss) to	0.70% 0.70%	0.70% 0.70%	0.70% (c) 0.70% (c)
average net assets Portfolio turnover rate (d)			

 1.79% 46% | 1.85% 41% | 0.58% (c) 22% |FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	YEAR ENDED YEAR ENDED		OCTOBER 13, 2008 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 33.80	\$ 39.56	\$ 39.76	\$ 30.00	
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss)	0.62	0.67	0.57	0.42	
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	5.38	(5.77)	(0.25)	9.68	
Total from investment operations	6.00	(5.10)	0.32	10.10	
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income	(0.71)	(0.66)	(0.52)	(0.34)	
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 39.09	\$ 33.80	\$ 39.56	\$ 39.76	
TOTAL RETURN (b)	17.93%	(13.30)%	1.03%	33.84%	
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 17,591	\$ 30,419	\$ 31,644	\$ 35,784	
Ratio of total expenses to average net asset	s 0.71%	0.80%	0.92%	1.16% (c)	
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70% (c)	
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to ave	rage				
net assets	1.66%	1.83%	1.33%	1.84% (c)	
Portfolio turnover rate (d)					

 22% | 22% | 26% | 19% |FOR THE PERIOD

⁽a) Inception date.

⁽b) Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividend distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption at net asset value on the last day of the period. The returns presented do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Fund shares. Total return is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than one year. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by the investment advisor.

c) Annualized.

⁽d) Portfolio turnover is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions and in-kind transactions.

FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL PLATINUM INDEX FUND

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>	YE	FOR THE AR ENDED BER 30, 2012	YE	FOR THE AR ENDED BER 30, 2011	MARCH	THE PERIOD 11, 2010 (a) THROUGH BER 30, 2010
<\$>	<c:< td=""><td></td><td><c:< td=""><td></td><td><c:< td=""><td></td></c:<></td></c:<></td></c:<>		<c:< td=""><td></td><td><c:< td=""><td></td></c:<></td></c:<>		<c:< td=""><td></td></c:<>	
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$	19.15	\$	29.29	\$	30.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		0.07		0.19 (10.27)		0.09
Total from investment operations		(4.55)		(10.08)		(0.63)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income		(0.28)		(0.06)		(0.08)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ ==:	14.32	\$	19.15	\$	29.29
TOTAL RETURN (b)		(24.08)%		(34.49)%		(2.06)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$	8,589	\$	7,660	\$	7,322
Ratio of total expenses to average net asse		0.70%		0.70%		0.70% (c)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets Ratio of net investment income (loss) to	3	0.70%		0.70%		0.70% (c)
average net assets		0.50%		0.44%		0.66% (c)
Portfolio turnover rate (d)						

 | 64% | | 41% | | 29% |FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL WIND ENERGY INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	JUNE 16, 2008 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2008
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 8.13	\$ 10.28	\$ 16.27	\$ 19.11	\$ 30.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.14	0.01
gain (loss)	(1.40)	(2.15)	(5.71)	(2.88)	(10.90)
Total from investment operations	(1.31)	(2.09)	(5.63)	(2.74)	(10.89)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM:					
Net investment income Return of capital	(0.09)	 (0.06)	(0.35) (0.01)	(0.10)	
Total distributions	(0.09)	(0.06)	(0.36)	(0.10)	
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 6.73 =======	\$ 8.13	\$ 10.28	\$ 16.27 =======	\$ 19.11
TOTAL RETURN (b)	(16.14)%	(20.47)%	(35.10)%	(14.26)%	(36.30)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 20,862	\$ 35,347	\$ 54,505	\$ 100,850	\$ 63,067
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	0.67%	0.76%	0.81%	0.95%	0.98% (c)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets Ratio of net investment income	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60% (c)

FOR THE PERIOD

(loss) to average net assets	1.12%	0.84%	0.80%	1.16%	0.24% (c)
Portfolio turnover rate (d)	57%	35%	24%	30%	13%

 | | | | |

- (a) Inception date.
- (b) Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividend distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption at net asset value on the last day of the period. The returns presented do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Fund shares. Total return is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than one year. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by the investment advisor.
- (c) Annualized.
- (d) Portfolio turnover is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions and in-kind transactions.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX FUND <TABLE> <<APTION>

CAPTION?	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE PERIOD FEBRUARY 17, 2011 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2011
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 22.51	\$ 30.11
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.23	0.20 (7.70)
Total from investment operations	0.91	(7.50)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income Net asset value, end of period	(0.31) \$ 23.11	\$ 22.51
TOTAL RETURN (b)	4.03%	(24.97)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 12,712	\$ 13,505
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	0.70%	0.70% (c)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	0.70%	0.70% (c)
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net ass Portfolio turnover rate (d) 		

 sets 0.89% 35% | 1.30% (c) 29% |FIRST TRUST NASDAQ(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE PERIOD
FOR THE FOR THE	NOVEMBER 16, 2009 (a)
YEAR ENDED YEAR ENDED	THROUGH
SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 SEPTEMBER 30, 20	011 SEPTEMBER 30, 2010
<s></s>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period \$ 24.25 \$ 30.33	\$ 30.00
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:	
Net investment income (loss) 0.26 0.25	0.11
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) 4.76 (6.16)	0.34

Total from investment operations	5.02	(5.91)	0.45
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income Return of capital	(0.32)	(0.17)	(0.11)
Total distributions	(0.32)	(0.17)	(0.12)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 28.95	\$ 24.25	\$ 30.33
TOTAL RETURN (b)	20.28%	(19.63)%	1.54%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 13,026	\$ 18,187	\$ 31,848
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	0.79%	0.85%	0.99% (c)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	0.70%	0.70%	0.70% (c)
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to			
average net assets	0.78%	0.71%	0.47% (c)
Portfolio turnover rate (d)	46%	28%	50%

 | | |

- (a) Inception date.
- (b) Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividend distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption at net asset value on the last day of the period. The returns presented do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Fund shares. Total return is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than one year. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by the investment advisor.
- (c) Annualized.
- (d) Portfolio turnover is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions and in-kind transactions.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
FOR A SHARE OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

FIRST TRUST NASDAQ GLOBAL AUTO INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE PERIOD MAY 9, 2011 (a) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2011
<s></s>	<c> \$ 22.51</c>	<c> \$ 29.88</c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 22.31	\$ 29.88
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	0.22	0.08 (7.40)
Total from investment operations	2.19	(7.32)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM: Net investment income	(0.18)	(0.05)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 24.52 ======	\$ 22.51 =====
TOTAL RETURN (b)	9.77%	(24.55)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS:	\$ 4,904	\$ 3,376

Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	0.70%	0.70% (c)
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	0.70%	0.70% (c)
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	1.04%	0.70% (c)
Portfolio turnover rate (d)	17%	16%

 | |FIRST TRUST STOXX(R) EUROPEAN SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009	FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 11.63	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.81	\$ 15.62	\$ 30.97
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS: Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized	0.64	0.67	0.56	0.61	1.26
gain (loss)	0.23	(1.46)	(0.73)	(1.83)	(15.32)
Total from investment operations	0.87	(0.79)	(0.17)	(1.22)	(14.06)
DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO SHAREHOLDERS FROM:					
Net investment income	(0.61)	(0.67)	(0.55)	(0.59)	(1.29)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 11.89	\$ 11.63	\$ 13.09	\$ 13.81	\$ 15.62 ======
TOTAL RETURN (b)	7.73%	(6.70)%	(0.95)%	(6.83)%	(46.12)%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000's) RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS: Ratio of total expenses to average	\$ 16,088	\$ 8,762	\$ 6,589	\$ 8,330	\$ 12,545
net assets	1.67%	1.93%	2.35%	3.48%	1.95%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets Ratio of net investment income	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%
<pre>(loss) to average net assets Portfolio turnover rate (d) </pre>					

 5.98% 31% | 5.09% 27% | 3.98% 54% | 5.30% 82% | 6.43% 80% |

- (a) Inception date.
- (b) Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the period, reinvestment of all dividend distributions at net asset value during the period, and redemption at net asset value on the last day of the period. The returns presented do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Fund shares. Total return is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than one year. The total returns would have been lower if certain fees had not been waived and expenses reimbursed by the investment advisor.
- (c) Annualized.
- (d) Portfolio turnover is calculated for the time period presented and is not annualized for periods of less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions and in-kind transactions.

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OTHER INFORMATION

CONTINUOUS OFFERING

Each Fund will issue, on a continuous offering basis, its Shares in one or more groups of a fixed number of Fund Shares (each such group of such specified number of individual Fund Shares, a "Creation Unit Aggregation"). The method by which Creation Unit Aggregations of Fund Shares are created and traded may raise certain issues under applicable securities laws. Because new Creation Unit Aggregations of Shares are issued and sold by a Fund on an ongoing basis, a "distribution," as such term is used in the Securities Act, may occur at any

point. Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner which could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery requirement and liability provisions of the Securities Act.

For example, a broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it takes Creation Unit Aggregations after placing an order with FTP, breaks them down into constituent Shares and sells such Shares directly to customers, or if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new Shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for Shares. A determination of whether one is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to a characterization as an underwriter.

Broker-dealer firms should also note that dealers who are not "underwriters" but are effecting transactions in Shares, whether or not participating in the distribution of Shares, are generally required to deliver a Prospectus. This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(3) of the Securities Act is not available in respect of such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the 1940 Act. The Trust, on behalf of each Fund, however, has received from the Securities and Exchange Commission an exemption from the prospectus delivery obligation in ordinary secondary market transactions under certain circumstances, on the condition that purchasers are provided with a product description of the Shares. As a result, broker-dealer firms should note that dealers who are not underwriters but are participating in a distribution (as contrasted with ordinary secondary market transactions) and thus dealing with the Shares that are part of an overallotment within the meaning of Section 4(3)(c) of the Securities Act would be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(3) of the Securities Act. Firms that incur a prospectus delivery obligation with respect to Shares are reminded that, under the Securities Act Rule 153, a prospectus delivery obligation under Section 5(b)(2) of the Securities Act owed to a broker-dealer in connection with a sale on the Exchange is satisfied by the fact that the Prospectus is available from the Exchange upon request. The prospectus delivery mechanism provided in Rule 153 is available with respect to transactions on a national securities exchange, a trading facility or an alternative trading

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FIRST TRUST First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II

First Trust BICK Index Fund First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund
First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund
First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund
First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund
First Trust NASDAQ (R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund
First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund
First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund

FOR MORE INFORMATION

For more detailed information on the Funds, several additional sources of information are available to you. The SAI, incorporated by reference into this Prospectus, contains detailed information on the Funds' policies and operation. Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the annual and semi-annual reports to Shareholders. In the Funds' annual reports, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly impacted the Funds' performance during the last fiscal year. The Funds' most recent SAI, annual and semi-annual reports and certain other information are available free of charge by calling the Funds at (800) 621-1675, on the Funds' website at www.ftportfolios.com or through your financial advisor. Shareholders may call the toll-free number above with any inquiries.

You may obtain this and other information regarding the Funds, including the Codes of Ethics adopted by First Trust, FTP and the Trust, directly from the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Information on the SEC's website is free of charge. Visit the SEC's on-line EDGAR database at http://www.sec.gov or in person at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C., or call the SEC at (202) 551-8090 for information on the Public Reference Room. You may also request information regarding the Funds by sending a request (along with a duplication fee) to the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-1520 or by sending an electronic request to publicinfo@sec.gov.

First Trust Advisors L.P. 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, Illinois 60187 (800) 621-1675 www.ftportfolios.com

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STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT FILE NO. 811-21944 FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II

<TABLE>

FUND NAME	TICKER SYMBOL	EXCHANGE
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
FIRST TRUST BICK INDEX FUND	BICK	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND	FGD	NYSE ARCA
FIRST TRUST FTSE EPRA/NAREIT DEVELOPED MARKETS REAL ESTATE INDEX FUND	FFR	NYSE ARCA
FIRST TRUST ISE CLOUD COMPUTING INDEX FUND	SKYY	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL COPPER INDEX FUND	CU	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION INDEX FUND	FLM	NYSE ARCA
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL PLATINUM INDEX FUND	PLTM	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST ISE GLOBAL WIND ENERGY INDEX FUND	FAN	NYSE ARCA
FIRST TRUST NASDAQ CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX FUND	FONE	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST NASDAQ(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX FUND	GRID	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST NASDAQ GLOBAL AUTO INDEX FUND	CARZ	NASDAQ (R)
FIRST TRUST STOXX(R) EUROPEAN SELECT DIVIDEND INDEX FUND	FDD	NYSE ARCA

 | |SEC File #: 333-143964

811-21944

DATED JANUARY 31, 2013

This Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") is not a prospectus. It should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus dated January 31, 2013, as it may be revised from time to time (the "Prospectus"), for each of the First Trust BICK Index Fund, First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ (R) Clean Edge (R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund and First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund (each, a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds"), each a series of the First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II (the "Trust"). Capitalized terms used herein that are not defined have the same meaning as in the Prospectus, unless otherwise noted. A copy of the Prospectus may be obtained without charge by writing to the Trust's distributor, First Trust Portfolios L.P., 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187, or by calling toll free at (800) 621-1675.

The audited financial statements for the Funds' most recent fiscal year appear in the Funds' Annual Report to Shareholders dated September 30, 2012, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on December 7, 2012. The financial statements from such Annual Report are incorporated herein by reference. The Annual Report is available without charge by calling (800) 621-1675 or by visiting the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE TRUST AND THE FUNDS

The Trust was organized as a Massachusetts business trust on July 6, 2006 and is authorized to issue an unlimited number of shares in one or more series

or "Funds." The Trust is an open-end management investment company, registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Trust currently offers shares in twelve series called the First Trust BICK Index Fund (the "BICK Index Fund"), First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund (the "Select Dividend Index Fund"), First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund (the "Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund"), First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund (the "Cloud Computing Index Fund"), First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund (the "Global Copper Index Fund"), First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund (the "Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund"), First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund (the "Global Platinum Index Fund"), First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund (the "Global Wind Energy Index Fund"), First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund (the "Smartphone Index Fund"), First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund (the "Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund"), First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund (the "Global Auto Index Fund") and First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund (the "European Select Dividend Index Fund"), each a non-diversified series. This Statement of Additional Information relates to the Funds. The shares of the Funds are referred to herein as "Shares" or "Fund Shares." Each Fund, as a series of the Trust, represents a beneficial interest in a separate portfolio of securities and other assets, with its own objective and policies.

The Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board of Trustees" or the "Trustees") has the right to establish additional series in the future, to determine the preferences, voting powers, rights and privileges thereof and to modify such preferences, voting powers, rights and privileges without shareholder approval. Shares of any series may also be divided into one or more classes at the discretion of the Trustees.

The Trust or any series or class thereof may be terminated at any time by the Board of Trustees upon written notice to the shareholders.

Each Share has one vote with respect to matters upon which a shareholder vote is required consistent with the requirements of the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. Shares of all series of the Trust vote together as a single class except as otherwise required by the 1940 Act, or if the matter being voted on affects only a particular series, and, if a matter affects a particular series differently from other series, the Shares of that series will vote separately on such matter. The Trust's Declaration of Trust (the "Declaration") requires a shareholder vote only on those matters where the 1940 Act requires a vote of shareholders and otherwise permits the Trustees to take actions without seeking the consent of shareholders. For example, the Declaration gives the Trustees broad authority to approve reorganizations between a Fund and another entity, such as another exchange-traded fund, or the sale of all or substantially all of a Fund's assets, or the termination of the Trust or any Fund without shareholder approval if the 1940 Act would not require such approval.

The Declaration provides that by becoming a shareholder of a Fund, each shareholder shall be expressly held to have agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Declaration. The Declaration may, except in limited circumstances, be amended by the Trustees in any respect without a shareholder vote. The Declaration provides that the Trustees may establish the number of Trustees and that vacancies on the Board of Trustees may be filled by the remaining Trustees, except when election of Trustees by the shareholders is required under the 1940 Act. Trustees are then elected by a plurality of votes cast by shareholders at a meeting at which a quorum is present. The Declaration also provides that Trustees may be removed, with or without cause, by a vote of shareholders holding at least two-thirds of the voting power of the Trust, or by a vote of two thirds of the remaining Trustees. The provisions of the Declaration relating to the election and removal of Trustees may not be amended without the approval of two-thirds of the Trustees.

The holders of Fund Shares are required to disclose information on direct or indirect ownership of Fund Shares as may be required to comply with various laws applicable to the Funds or as the Trustees may determine, and ownership of Fund Shares may be disclosed by the Funds if so required by law or regulation. In addition, pursuant to the Declaration, the Trustees may, in their discretion, require the Trust to redeem Shares held by any shareholder for any reason under terms set by the Trustees. The Declaration provides a detailed process for the bringing of derivative actions by shareholders in order to permit legitimate inquiries and claims while avoiding the time, expense, distraction and other harm that can be caused to a Fund or its shareholders as a result of spurious shareholder demands and derivative actions. Prior to bringing a derivative action, a demand must first be made on the Trustees. The Declaration details various information, certifications, undertakings and acknowledgements that must be included in the demand. Following receipt of the demand, the Trustees have a period of 90 days, which may be extended by an additional 60 days, to consider the demand. If a majority of the Trustees who are considered independent for the purposes of considering the demand determine that maintaining the suit would not be in the best interests of a Fund, the Trustees are required to reject the demand and the complaining shareholder may not proceed with the derivative

action unless the shareholder is able to sustain the burden of proof to a court that the decision of the Trustees not to pursue the requested action was not a good faith exercise of their business judgment on behalf of a Fund. In making such a determination, a Trustee is not considered to have a personal financial interest by virtue of being compensated for his or her services as a Trustee. If a demand is rejected, the complaining shareholder will be responsible for the costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a Fund in connection with the consideration of the demand under a number of circumstances. If a derivative action is brought in violation of the Declaration, the shareholder bringing the action may be responsible for a Fund's costs, including attorneys' fees. The Declaration also provides that any shareholder bringing an action against a Fund waives the right to trial by jury to the fullest extent permitted by law.

The Trust is not required to and does not intend to hold annual meetings of shareholders.

Under Massachusetts law applicable to Massachusetts business trusts, shareholders of such a trust may, under certain circumstances, be held personally liable as partners for its obligations. However, the Declaration contains an express disclaimer of shareholder liability for acts or obligations of the Trust and requires that notice of this disclaimer be given in each agreement, obligation or instrument entered into or executed by the Trust or the

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Trustees. The Declaration further provides for indemnification out of the assets and property of the Trust for all losses and expenses of any shareholder held personally liable for the obligations of the Trust. Thus, the risk of a shareholder incurring financial loss on account of shareholder liability is limited to circumstances in which both inadequate insurance existed and the Trust or a Fund itself was unable to meet its obligations.

The Declaration further provides that a Trustee acting in his or her capacity as Trustee is not personally liable to any person other than the Trust or its shareholders, for any act, omission, or obligation of the Trust. The Declaration requires the Trust to indemnify any persons who are or who have been Trustees, officers or employees of the Trust for any liability for actions or failure to act except to the extent prohibited by applicable federal law. In making any determination as to whether any person is entitled to the advancement of expenses in connection with a claim for which indemnification is sought, such person is entitled to a rebuttable presumption that he or she did not engage in conduct for which indemnification is not available. The Declaration provides that any Trustee who serves as chair of the Board of Trustees or of a committee of the Board of Trustees, lead independent Trustee, or audit committee financial expert, or in any other similar capacity will not be subject to any greater standard of care or liability because of such position.

The Funds are advised by First Trust Advisors L.P. (the "Advisor" or "First Trust").

Each Fund offers and issues Shares at net asset value ("NAV") only in aggregations of a specified number of Shares (each a "Creation Unit" or a "Creation Unit Aggregation"), generally in exchange for a basket of equity securities (the "Deposit Securities") included in such Fund's corresponding Index (as hereinafter defined), together with the deposit of a specified cash payment (the "Cash Component"). The Shares of each Fund are listed and trade on NYSE Arca, Inc., an affiliate of NYSE EuronextSM ("NYSE Arca") or The NASDAQ(R) Stock Market ("NASDAQ(R)"), as shown on the cover of this SAI. The Shares of each Fund will trade on NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R) at market prices that may be below, at or above NAV. Shares are redeemable only in Creation Unit Aggregations and, generally, in exchange for portfolio securities and a specified cash payment. Creation Units are aggregations of 50,000 Shares of a Fund.

The Trust reserves the right to offer a "cash" option for creations and redemptions of Fund Shares. Fund Shares may be issued in advance of receipt of Deposit Securities subject to various conditions including a requirement to maintain on deposit with the applicable Fund cash at least equal to 115% of the market value of the missing Deposit Securities. See the "Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations" section. In each instance of such cash creations or redemptions, transaction fees may be imposed that will be higher than the transaction fees associated with in-kind creations or redemptions. In all cases, such fees will be limited in accordance with the requirements of the SEC applicable to management investment companies offering redeemable securities.

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EXCHANGE LISTING AND TRADING

There can be no assurance that the requirements of NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R) necessary to maintain the listing of Shares of a Fund will continue to be met.

NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R) may, but are not required to, remove the Shares of a Fund from listing if (i) following the initial 12-month period beginning at the commencement of trading of a Fund, there are fewer than 50 beneficial owners of the Shares of such Fund for 30 or more consecutive trading days; (ii) the value of such Fund's Index (as defined below) is no longer calculated or available; or (iii) such other event shall occur or condition exist that, in the opinion of NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R), makes further dealings on NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R) inadvisable. NYSE Arca or NASDAQ(R) will remove the Shares of a Fund from listing and trading upon termination of such Fund.

As in the case of other stocks traded on NYSE Arca and NASDAQ(R), brokers' commissions on transactions will be based on negotiated commission rates at customary levels.

The Funds reserve the right to adjust the price levels of Shares in the future to help maintain convenient trading ranges for investors. Any adjustments would be accomplished through stock splits or reverse stock splits, which would have no effect on the net assets of each Fund.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Prospectus describes the investment objectives and certain policies of the Funds. The following supplements the information contained in the Prospectus concerning the investment objectives and policies of the Funds.

Each Fund is subject to the following fundamental policies, which may not be changed without approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund:

- (1) A Fund may not issue senior securities, except as permitted under the 1940 Act.
 - (2) A Fund may not borrow money, except that a Fund may (i) borrow money from banks for temporary or emergency purposes (but not for leverage or the purchase of investments) and (ii) engage in other transactions permissible under the 1940 Act that may involve a borrowing (such as obtaining short-term credits as are necessary for the clearance of transactions, engaging in delayed-delivery transactions, or purchasing certain futures, forward contracts and options), provided that the combination of (i) and (ii) shall not exceed 33-1/3% of the value of a Fund's total assets (including the amount borrowed), less a Fund's liabilities (other than borrowings).
 - (3) A Fund will not underwrite the securities of other issuers except to the extent the Fund may be considered an underwriter under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), in connection with the purchase and sale of portfolio securities.

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- (4) A Fund will not purchase or sell real estate or interests therein, unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prohibit a Fund from purchasing or selling securities or other instruments backed by real estate or of issuers engaged in real estate activities).
- (5) A Fund may not make loans to other persons, except through (i) the purchase of debt securities permissible under a Fund's investment policies, (ii) repurchase agreements, or (iii) the lending of portfolio securities, provided that no such loan of portfolio securities may be made by a Fund if, as a result, the aggregate of such loans would exceed 33-1/3% of the value of a Fund's total assets.
- (6) A Fund may not purchase or sell physical commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent a Fund from purchasing or selling options, futures contracts, forward contracts or other derivative instruments, or from investing in securities or other instruments backed by physical commodities).
- (7) A Fund may not invest 25% or more of the value of its total assets in securities of issuers in any one industry or group of industries, except to the extent that the Index that a Fund is based upon, concentrates in an industry or a group of industries. This restriction does not apply to obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities.

Except for restriction (2), if a percentage restriction is adhered to at the time of investment, a later increase in percentage resulting from a change in market value of the investment or the total assets will not constitute a violation of that restriction.

For purposes of applying restriction (1) above, under the 1940 Act as

currently in effect, the Funds are not permitted to issue senior securities, except that a Fund may borrow from any bank if immediately after such borrowing the value of the such Fund's total assets is at least 300% of the principal amount of all of the Fund's borrowings (i.e., the principal amount of the borrowings may not exceed 33 1/3% of the Fund's total assets). In the event that such asset coverage shall at any time fall below 300%, the applicable Fund shall, within three days thereafter (not including Sundays and holidays), reduce the amount of its borrowings to an extent that the asset coverage of such borrowings shall be at least 300%. The fundamental investment limitations set forth above limit the Funds' ability to engage in certain investment practices and purchase securities or other instruments to the extent permitted by, or consistent with, applicable law. As such, these limitations will change as the statute, rules, regulations or orders (or, if applicable, interpretations) change, and no shareholder vote will be required or sought.

The foregoing fundamental policies of each Fund may not be changed without the affirmative vote of the majority of the outstanding voting securities of the respective Fund. The 1940 Act defines a majority vote as the vote of the lesser of (i) 67% or more of the voting securities represented at a meeting at which more than 50% of the outstanding securities are represented; or (ii) more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities. With respect to the submission of a

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change in an investment policy to the holders of outstanding voting securities of a Fund, such matter shall be deemed to have been effectively acted upon with respect to the Fund if a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund vote for the approval of such matter, notwithstanding that such matter has not been approved by the holders of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of any other series of the Trust affected by such matter.

In addition to the foregoing fundamental policies, the Funds are also subject to strategies and policies discussed herein which, unless otherwise noted, are non-fundamental restrictions and policies and may be changed by the Board of Trustees.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Under normal circumstances, each Fund will invest at least 90% of its net assets in common stocks that comprise such Fund's corresponding equity index as set forth below (each, an "Index" and collectively, the "Indices") or in depositary receipts that may include American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") or other depositary receipts (collectively "Depositary Receipts") representing securities in such Index. Fund shareholders are entitled to 60 days' notice prior to any change in this non-fundamental investment policy.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

FUND INDEX

<S> <C>

BICK Index Fund ISE BICK(TM) (Brazil, India, China, South Korea) Index

Select Dividend Index Fund Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index(SM)

Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index

Cloud Computing Index Fund ISE Cloud Computing(TM) Index

Global Copper Index Fund ISE Global Copper (TM) Index

Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund — ISE Global Engineering and Construction(TM) Index

Global Platinum Index Fund ISE Global Platinum(TM) Index

Global Wind Energy Index Fund ISE Global Wind Energy (TM) Index

Smartphone Index Fund NASDAO OMX CEA Smartphone Index (SM)

Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM)

Global Auto Index Fund NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index (SM)

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European Select Dividend Index Fund

</TABLE>

STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Index

TYPES OF INVESTMENTS

Warrants: The Funds may invest in warrants. Warrants acquired by a Fund entitle it to buy common stock from the issuer at a specified price and time. They do not represent ownership of the securities but only the right to buy them. Warrants are subject to the same market risks as stocks, but may be more volatile in price. A Fund's investment in warrants will not entitle it to receive dividends or exercise voting rights and will become worthless if the warrants cannot be profitably exercised before their expiration date.

Delayed-Delivery Transactions: The Funds may from time to time purchase securities on a "when-issued" or other delayed-delivery basis. The price of securities purchased in such transactions is fixed at the time the commitment to purchase is made, but delivery and payment for the securities take place at a later date. During the period between the purchase and settlement, a Fund does not remit payment to the issuer, no interest is accrued on debt securities, and dividend income is not earned on equity securities. Delayed-delivery commitments involve a risk of loss if the value of the security to be purchased declines prior to the settlement date, which risk is in addition to the risk of a decline in value of a Fund's other assets. While securities purchased in delayed-delivery transactions may be sold prior to the settlement date, the Funds intend to purchase such securities with the purpose of actually acquiring them. At the time a Fund makes the commitment to purchase a security in a delayed-delivery transaction, it will record the transaction and reflect the value of the security in determining its NAV.

The Funds will earmark or maintain in a segregated account cash, U.S. government securities, and high-grade liquid debt securities equal in value to commitments for delayed-delivery securities. Such earmarked or segregated securities will mature or, if necessary, be sold on or before the settlement date. When the time comes to pay for delayed-delivery securities, a Fund will meet its obligations from then-available cash flow, sale of the securities earmarked or held in the segregated account described above, sale of other securities, or, although it would not normally expect to do so, from the sale of the delayed-delivery securities themselves (which may have a market value greater or less than a Fund's payment obligation).

Although the Prospectus and this SAI describe certain permitted methods of segregating assets or otherwise "covering" certain transactions, a Fund may segregate against or cover such transactions using other methods permitted under the 1940 Act, the rules and regulations thereunder, or orders issued by the SEC thereunder. For these purposes, interpretations and guidance provided by the SEC staff may be taken into account when deemed appropriate by a Fund.

Illiquid Securities: The Funds may invest in illiquid securities (i.e., securities that are not readily marketable). For purposes of this restriction, illiquid securities include, but are not limited to, certain restricted securities (securities the disposition of which is restricted under the federal securities laws), securities that may only be resold pursuant to Rule 144A under the 1933 Act that are deemed to be illiquid, and repurchase agreements with

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maturities in excess of seven days. However, a Fund will not acquire illiquid securities if, as a result, such securities would comprise more than 15% of the value of a Fund's net assets. The Board of Trustees or its delegate has the ultimate authority to determine, to the extent permissible under the federal securities laws, which securities are liquid or illiquid for purposes of this 15% limitation. The Board of Trustees has delegated to First Trust the day-to-day determination of the illiquidity of any equity or fixed-income security, although it has retained oversight for such determinations. With respect to Rule 144A securities, First Trust considers factors such as (i) the nature of the market for a security (including the institutional private resale market, the frequency of trades and quotes for the security, the number of dealers willing to purchase or sell the security, the amount of time normally needed to dispose of the security, the method of soliciting offers and the mechanics of transfer), (ii) the terms of certain securities or other instruments allowing for the disposition to a third party or the issuer thereof (e.g., certain repurchase obligations and demand instruments), and (iii) other permissible relevant factors.

Restricted securities may be sold only in privately negotiated transactions or in a public offering with respect to which a registration statement is in effect under the 1933 Act. Where registration is required, a Fund may be obligated to pay all or part of the registration expenses and a considerable period may elapse between the time of the decision to sell and the time a Fund may be permitted to sell a security under an effective registration statement. If, during such a period, adverse market conditions were to develop, a Fund might obtain a less favorable price than that which prevailed when it decided to sell. Illiquid securities will be priced at fair value as determined in good faith under procedures adopted by the Board of Trustees. If, through the appreciation of illiquid securities or the depreciation of liquid securities, a Fund should be in a position where more than 15% of the value of its net assets are invested in illiquid securities, including restricted securities which are not readily marketable, a Fund will take such steps as is deemed advisable, if

any, to protect liquidity.

Money Market Funds: The Funds may invest in shares of money market funds to the extent permitted by the $1940~{\rm Act.}$

Temporary Investments: The Funds may, without limit as to percentage of assets, purchase U.S. government securities or short-term debt securities to keep cash on hand fully invested or for temporary defensive purposes. Short-term debt securities are securities from issuers having a long-term debt rating of at least A by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group ("S&P Ratings"), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") or Fitch, Inc. ("Fitch") and having a maturity of one year or less. The use of temporary investments is not a part of a principal investment strategy of the Funds.

Short-term debt securities are defined to include, without limitation, the following:

(1) U.S. government securities, including bills, notes and bonds differing as to maturity and rates of interest, which are either issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury or by U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities. U.S. government agency securities include securities issued by (a) the Federal Housing Administration, Farmers Home Administration, Export-Import Bank of United States, Small Business Administration, and the Government National Mortgage Association, whose

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securities are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States; (b) the Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and the Tennessee Valley Authority, whose securities are supported by the right of the agency to borrow from the U.S. Treasury; (c) Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA" or "Fannie Mae") which is a government-sponsored organization owned entirely by private stockholders and whose securities are quaranteed as to principal and interest by FNMA; and (d) the Student Loan Marketing Association, whose securities are supported only by its credit. In September 2008, FNMA was placed into conservatorship overseen by the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"). As conservator, FHFA will succeed to the rights, titles, powers and privileges of FNMA and any stockholder, officer or director of the company with respect to FNMA and its assets and title to all books, records and company assets held by any other custodian or third party. FHFA is charged with operating FNMA. While the U.S. government provides financial support to such U.S. government-sponsored agencies or instrumentalities, no assurance can be given that it always will do so since it is not so obligated by law. The U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities do not guarantee the market value of their securities, and consequently, the value of such securities may fluctuate.

- (2) Certificates of deposit issued against funds deposited in a bank or savings and loan association. Such certificates are for a definite period of time, earn a specified rate of return, and are normally negotiable. If such certificates of deposit are non-negotiable, they will be considered illiquid securities and be subject to a Fund's 15% restriction on investments in illiquid securities. Pursuant to the certificate of deposit, the issuer agrees to pay the amount deposited plus interest to the bearer of the certificate on the date specified thereon. On October 3, 2008, the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 increased the maximum amount of federal deposit insurance coverage payable as to any certificate of deposit from \$100,000 to \$250,000 per depositor, and the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, enacted on July 21, 2010, extended this increased coverage permanently. Certificates of deposit purchased by the Funds may not be fully insured.
- (3) Bankers' acceptances, which are short-term credit instruments used to finance commercial transactions. Generally, an acceptance is a time draft drawn on a bank by an exporter or an importer to obtain a stated amount of funds to pay for specific merchandise. The draft is then "accepted" by a bank that, in effect, unconditionally guarantees to pay the face value of the instrument on its maturity date. The acceptance may then be held by the accepting bank as an asset or it may be sold in the secondary market at the going rate of interest for a specific maturity.
- (4) Repurchase agreements, which involve purchases of debt securities. In such an action, at the time a Fund purchases the security, it simultaneously agrees to resell and redeliver the security to the seller, who also simultaneously agrees to buy back the security at a fixed price and time. This assures a predetermined yield for a Fund during its holding period since the resale price is always greater than the purchase price and reflects an agreed upon market rate. The period of these repurchase agreements will usually be short, from overnight to one week. Such actions afford an opportunity for a Fund to invest temporarily

available cash. The Funds may enter into repurchase agreements only with respect to obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies or $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,2,3,\ldots \right\}$ instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; or bankers acceptances in which the Funds may invest. In addition, the Funds may only enter into repurchase agreements where the market value of the purchased securities/collateral equals at least 100% of principal including accrued interest and is marked-to-market daily. The risk to the Funds is limited to the ability of the seller to pay the agreed-upon sum on the repurchase date; in the event of default, the repurchase agreement provides that the affected Fund is entitled to sell the underlying collateral. If the value of the collateral declines after the agreement is entered into, however, and if the seller defaults under a repurchase agreement when the value of the underlying collateral is less than the repurchase price, a Fund could incur a loss of both principal and interest. The Funds, however, intend to enter into repurchase agreements only with financial institutions and dealers believed by First Trust to present minimal credit risks in accordance with criteria approved by the Board of Trustees. First Trust will review and monitor the creditworthiness of such institutions. First Trust monitors the value of the collateral at the time the action is entered into and during the term of the repurchase agreement. First Trust does so in an effort to determine that the value of the collateral always equals or exceeds the agreed-upon repurchase price to be paid to a Fund. If the seller were to be subject to a federal bankruptcy proceeding, the ability of a Fund to liquidate the collateral could be delayed or impaired because of certain provisions of the bankruptcy laws.

- (5) Bank time deposits, which are monies kept on deposit with banks or savings and loan associations for a stated period of time at a fixed rate of interest. There may be penalties for the early withdrawal of such time deposits, in which case the yields of these investments will be reduced.
- (6) Commercial paper, which are short-term unsecured promissory notes, including variable rate master demand notes issued by corporations to finance their current operations. Master demand notes are direct lending arrangements between the Fund and a corporation. There is no secondary market for the notes. However, they are redeemable by a Fund at any time. A Fund's portfolio managers will consider the financial condition of the corporation (e.g., earning power, cash flow, and other liquidity ratios) and will continuously monitor the corporation's ability to meet all of its financial obligations, because a Fund's liquidity might be impaired if the corporation were unable to pay principal and interest on demand. The Funds may only invest in commercial paper rated A-1 or higher by S&P Ratings, Prime-1 or higher by Moody's or F2 or higher by Fitch.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Funds buy and sell portfolio securities in the normal course of their investment activities. The proportion of a Fund's investment portfolio that is bought and sold during a year is known as a Fund's portfolio turnover rate. A turnover rate of 100% would occur, for example, if a Fund bought and sold securities valued at 100% of its net assets within one year. A high portfolio turnover rate could result in the payment by a Fund of increased brokerage

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costs, expenses and taxes. The portfolio turnover rates for the Funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2012 are set forth in the table below.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE

FUND	FISCAL PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010	FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012
<s> BICK Index Fund</s>	<c> 32%</c>	<c> 96%</c>	<c> 55%</c>
Select Dividend Index Fund	51%	22%	21%
Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund	11%	11%	8%
Cloud Computing Index Fund	N/A	1%	28%
Global Copper Index Fund	22%	41%	46%

G	lobal Engineering and			
C	onstruction Index Fund	26%	22%	22%
G	lobal Platinum Index Fund	29%	41%	64%
_	lobal Wind Energy Indox			
	lobal Wind Energy Index			
F.	und	24%	35%	57%
S	martphone Index Fund	N/A	29%	35%
S	mart Grid Infrastructure			
I	ndex Fund	50%	28%	46%
G	lobal Auto Index Fund	N/A	16%	17%
		•		

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PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE

FUND	FISCAL PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010	FISCAL PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	FISCAL PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012
European Select Dividend Index Fund	54%	27%	31%

 | | |HEDGING STRATEGIES

General Description of Hedging Strategies

The Funds may engage in hedging activities. First Trust may cause the Funds to utilize a variety of financial instruments, including options, forward contracts, futures contracts (hereinafter referred to as "Futures" or "Futures Contracts"), and options on Futures Contracts to attempt to hedge each Fund's holdings. The use of Futures and options is not a part of a principal investment strategy of the Funds.

Hedging or derivative instruments on securities generally are used to hedge against price movements in one or more particular securities positions that a Fund owns or intends to acquire. Such instruments may also be used to "lock-in" realized but unrecognized gains in the value of portfolio securities. Hedging instruments on stock indices, in contrast, generally are used to hedge against price movements in broad equity market sectors in which a Fund has invested or expects to invest. Hedging strategies, if successful, can reduce the $\verb|risk| \ of \ loss \ by \ wholly \ or \ partially \ offsetting \ the \ negative \ effect \ of$ unfavorable price movements in the investments being hedged. However, hedging strategies can also reduce the opportunity for gain by offsetting the positive effect of favorable price movements in the hedged investments. The use of hedging instruments is subject to applicable regulations of the SEC, the several options and futures exchanges upon which they are traded, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") and various state regulatory authorities. In addition, a Fund's ability to use hedging instruments may be limited by tax considerations

General Limitations on Futures and Options Transactions

Each Fund limits its direct investments in futures, options on futures and swaps to the extent necessary for the Advisor to claim the exclusion from regulation as a "commodity pool operator" with respect to each Fund under CFTC Rule 4.5, as such rule may be amended from time to time. Under Rule 4.5 as currently in effect, each Fund limits its trading activity in futures, option on futures and swaps (excluding activity for "bona fide hedging purposes," as defined by the CFTC) such that it meets one of the following tests: (i) aggregate initial margin and premiums required to establish its futures, options on futures and swap positions do not exceed 5% of the liquidation value of the Fund's portfolio, after taking into account unrealized profits and losses on such positions; or (ii) aggregate net notional value of its futures, options on

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futures and swap positions does not exceed 100% of the liquidation value of the Fund's portfolio, after taking into account unrealized profits and losses on such positions.

The Advisor has filed a notice of eligibility for exclusion from the definition of the term "commodity pool operator" with respect to each Fund with the National Futures Association, the Futures industry's self-regulatory organization. The Funds will not enter into Futures Contracts and options

transactions if more than 30% of their net assets would be committed to such instruments

If a Fund were no longer able to claim the exclusion, the Advisor would be required to register as a "commodity pool operator," and the Fund and the Advisor would be subject to regulation under the Commodity Exchange Act (the "CFA")

The foregoing limitations are non-fundamental policies of the Funds and may be changed without shareholder approval as regulatory agencies permit.

Asset Coverage for Futures and Options Positions

The Funds will comply with the regulatory requirements of the SEC and the CFTC with respect to coverage of options and Futures positions by registered investment companies and, if the guidelines so require, will earmark or set aside cash, U.S. government securities, high grade liquid debt securities and/or other liquid assets permitted by the SEC and CFTC in a segregated custodial account in the amount prescribed. Securities earmarked or held in a segregated account cannot be sold while the Futures or options position is outstanding, unless replaced with other permissible assets, and will be marked-to-market daily.

Stock Index Options

The Funds may purchase stock index options, sell stock index options in order to close out existing positions and/or write covered options on stock indices for hedging purposes. Stock index options are put options and call options on various stock indices. In most respects, they are identical to listed options on common stocks. The primary difference between stock options and index options occurs when index options are exercised. In the case of stock options, the underlying security, common stock, is delivered. However, upon the exercise of an index option, settlement does not occur by delivery of the securities comprising the stock index. The option holder who exercises the index option receives an amount of cash if the closing level of the stock index upon which the option is based is greater than, in the case of a call, or less than, in the case of a put, the exercise price of the option. This amount of cash is equal to the difference between the closing price of the stock index and the exercise price of the option expressed in dollars times a specified multiple.

A stock index fluctuates with changes in the market values of the stocks included in the index. For example, some stock index options are based on a broad market index, such as the S&P 500 Index or the Value Line(R) Composite Index or a more narrow market index, such as the S&P 100 Index. Indices may also be based on an industry or market segment. Options on stock indices are

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currently traded on the following exchanges: the Chicago Board Options Exchange, NYSE Amex Options, NASDAQ(R) and the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

The Funds' use of stock index options is subject to certain risks. Successful use by a Fund of options on stock indices will be subject to the ability of First Trust to correctly predict movements in the directions of the stock market. This requires different skills and techniques than predicting changes in the prices of individual securities. In addition, a Fund's ability to effectively hedge all or a portion of the securities in its portfolio, in anticipation of or during a market decline through transactions in put options on stock indices, depends on the degree to which price movements in the underlying index correlate with the price movements of the securities held by the Fund. Inasmuch as the Funds' securities will not duplicate the components of an index, the correlation will not be perfect. Consequently, a Fund will bear the risk that the prices of its securities being hedged will not move in the same amount as the prices of its put options on the stock indices. It is also possible that there may be a negative correlation between the index and a Fund's securities, which would result in a loss on both such securities and the options on stock indices acquired by the Fund.

The hours of trading for options may not conform to the hours during which the underlying securities are traded. To the extent that the options markets close before the markets for the underlying securities, significant price and rate movements can take place in the underlying markets that cannot be reflected in the options markets. The purchase of options is a highly specialized activity which involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The purchase of stock index options involves the risk that the premium and transaction costs paid by a Fund in purchasing an option will be lost as a result of unanticipated movements in prices of the securities comprising the stock index on which the option is based.

Certain Considerations Regarding Options

There is no assurance that a liquid secondary market on an options

exchange will exist for any particular option, or at any particular time, and for some options no secondary market on an exchange or elsewhere may exist. If a Fund is unable to close out a call option on securities that it has written before the option is exercised, a Fund may be required to purchase the optioned securities in order to satisfy its obligation under the option to deliver such securities. If a Fund is unable to effect a closing sale transaction with respect to options on securities that it has purchased, it would have to exercise the option in order to realize any profit and would incur transaction costs upon the purchase and sale of the underlying securities.

The writing and purchasing of options is a highly specialized activity which involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. Imperfect correlation between the options and securities markets may detract from the effectiveness of attempted hedging. Options transactions may result in significantly higher transaction costs and portfolio turnover for the Funds.

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Futures Contracts

The Funds may enter into Futures Contracts, including index Futures as a hedge against movements in the equity markets, in order to hedge against changes on securities held or intended to be acquired by a Fund or for other purposes permissible under the CEA. A Fund's hedging may include sales of Futures as an offset against the effect of expected declines in stock prices and purchases of Futures as an offset against the effect of expected increases in stock prices. The Funds will not enter into Futures Contracts which are prohibited under the CEA and will, to the extent required by regulatory authorities, enter only into Futures Contracts that are traded on national Futures exchanges and are standardized as to maturity date and underlying financial instrument. The principal interest rate Futures exchanges in the United States are the Chicago Board of Trade and the Chicago Mercantile Exchange. Futures exchanges and trading are regulated under the CEA by the CFTC.

An interest rate Futures Contract provides for the future sale by one party and purchase by another party of a specified amount of a specific financial instrument (e.g., a debt security) or currency for a specified price at a designated date, time and place. An index Futures Contract is an agreement pursuant to which the parties agree to take or make delivery of an amount of cash equal to the difference between the value of the index at the close of the last trading day of the contract and the price at which the index Futures Contract was originally written. Transaction costs are incurred when a Futures Contract is bought or sold and margin deposits must be maintained. A Futures Contract may be satisfied by delivery or purchase, as the case may be, of the instrument or by payment of the change in the cash value of the index. More commonly, Futures Contracts are closed out prior to delivery by entering into an offsetting transaction in a matching Futures Contract. Although the value of an index might be a function of the value of certain specified securities, no physical delivery of those securities is made. If the offsetting purchase price is less than the original sale price, a gain will be realized. Conversely, if the offsetting sale price is more than the original purchase price, a gain will be realized; if it is less, a loss will be realized. The transaction costs must also be included in these calculations. There can be no assurance, however, that a Fund will be able to enter into an offsetting transaction with respect to a particular Futures Contract at a particular time. If a Fund is not able to enter into an offsetting transaction, a Fund will continue to be required to maintain the margin deposits on the Futures Contract.

Margin is the amount of funds that must be deposited by a Fund with its custodian in a segregated account in the name of the Futures commission merchant in order to initiate Futures trading and to maintain a Fund's open positions in Futures Contracts. A margin deposit is intended to ensure a Fund's performance of the Futures Contract.

The margin required for a particular Futures Contract is set by the exchange on which the Futures Contract is traded and may be significantly modified from time to time by the exchange during the term of the Futures Contract. Futures Contracts are customarily purchased and sold on margins that may range upward from less than 5% of the value of the Futures Contract being traded.

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If the price of an open Futures Contract changes (by increase in the case of a sale or by decrease in the case of a purchase) so that the loss on the Futures Contract reaches a point at which the margin on deposit does not satisfy margin requirements, the broker will require an increase in the margin. However, if the value of a position increases because of favorable price changes in the Futures Contract so that the margin deposit exceeds the required margin, the broker will pay the excess to a Fund. In computing daily NAV, a Fund will mark

to market the current value of its open Futures Contracts. The Funds expect to earn interest income on their margin deposits.

Because of the low margin deposits required, Futures trading involves an extremely high degree of leverage. As a result, a relatively small price movement in a Futures Contract may result in immediate and substantial loss, as well as gain, to the investor. For example, if at the time of purchase, 10% of the value of the Futures Contract is deposited as margin, a subsequent 10% decrease in the value of the Futures Contract would result in a total loss of the margin deposit, before any deduction for the transaction costs, if the account were then closed out. A 15% decrease would result in a loss equal to 150% of the original margin deposit, if the Future Contracts were closed out. Thus, a purchase or sale of a Futures Contract may result in losses in excess of the amount initially invested in the Futures Contract. However, a Fund would presumably have sustained comparable losses if, instead of the Futures Contract, it had invested in the underlying financial instrument and sold it after the decline.

Most U.S. Futures exchanges limit the amount of fluctuation permitted in Futures Contract prices during a single trading day. The day limit establishes the maximum amount that the price of a Futures Contract may vary either up or down from the previous day's settlement price at the end of a trading session. Once the daily limit has been reached in a particular type of Futures Contract, no trades may be made on that day at a price beyond that limit. The daily limit governs only price movement during a particular trading day and therefore does not limit potential losses, because the limit may prevent the liquidation of unfavorable positions. Futures Contract prices have occasionally moved to the daily limit for several consecutive trading days with little or no trading, thereby preventing prompt liquidation of Futures positions and subjecting some investors to substantial losses.

There can be no assurance that a liquid market will exist at a time when a Fund seeks to close out a Futures position. A Fund would continue to be required to meet margin requirements until the position is closed, possibly resulting in a decline in the Fund's NAV. In addition, many of the contracts discussed above are relatively new instruments without a significant trading history. As a result, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or continue to exist.

A public market exists in Futures Contracts covering a number of indices, including but not limited to, the S&P 500 Index, the S&P 100 Index, the NASDAQ-100 Index(R), the Value Line(R) Composite Index and the NYSE Composite Index(R).

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Options on Futures

The Funds may also purchase or write put and call options on Futures Contracts and enter into closing transactions with respect to such options to terminate an existing position. A Futures option gives the holder the right, in return for the premium paid, to assume a long position (call) or short position (put) in a Futures Contract at a specified exercise price prior to the expiration of the option. Upon exercise of a call option, the holder acquires a long position in the Futures Contract and the writer is assigned the opposite short position. In the case of a put option, the opposite is true. Prior to exercise or expiration, a Futures option may be closed out by an offsetting purchase or sale of a Futures option of the same series.

The Funds may use options on Futures Contracts in connection with hedging strategies. Generally, these strategies would be applied under the same market and market sector conditions in which the Funds use put and call options on securities or indices. The purchase of put options on Futures Contracts is analogous to the purchase of puts on securities or indices so as to hedge a Fund's securities holdings against the risk of declining market prices. The writing of a call option or the purchasing of a put option on a Futures Contract constitutes a partial hedge against declining prices of securities which are deliverable upon exercise of the Futures Contract. If the price at expiration of a written call option is below the exercise price, a Fund will retain the full amount of the option premium which provides a partial hedge against any decline that may have occurred in a Fund's holdings of securities. If the price when the option is exercised is above the exercise price, however, a Fund will incur a loss, which may be offset, in whole or in part, by the increase in the value of the securities held by a Fund that were being hedged. Writing a put option or purchasing a call option on a Futures Contract serves as a partial hedge against an increase in the value of the securities a Fund intends to acquire.

As with investments in Futures Contracts, the Funds are required to deposit and maintain margin with respect to put and call options on Futures Contracts written by them. Such margin deposits will vary depending on the nature of the underlying Futures Contract (and the related initial margin requirements), the current market value of the option, and other Futures positions held by a Fund. A Fund will earmark or set aside in a segregated

account at such Fund's custodian, liquid assets, such as cash, U.S. government securities or other high-grade liquid debt obligations equal in value to the amount due on the underlying obligation. Such segregated assets will be marked-to-market daily, and additional assets will be earmarked or placed in the segregated account whenever the total value of the earmarked or segregated assets falls below the amount due on the underlying obligation.

The risks associated with the use of options on Futures Contracts include the risk that the Funds may close out its position as a writer of an option only if a liquid secondary market exists for such options, which cannot be assured. A Fund's successful use of options on Futures Contracts depends on First Trust's ability to correctly predict the movement in prices of Futures Contracts and the underlying instruments, which may prove to be incorrect. In addition, there may be imperfect correlation between the instruments being hedged and the Futures Contract subject to the option. For additional information, see "Futures Contracts." Certain characteristics of the Futures market might increase the risk that movements in the prices of Futures Contracts or options on Futures Contracts might not correlate perfectly with movements in the prices of the

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investments being hedged. For example, all participants in the Futures and options on Futures Contracts markets are subject to daily variation margin calls and might be compelled to liquidate Futures or options on Futures Contracts positions whose prices are moving unfavorably to avoid being subject to further calls. These liquidations could increase the price volatility of the instruments and distort the normal price relationship between the Futures or options and the investments being hedged. Also, because of initial margin deposit requirements, there might be increased participation by speculators in the Futures markets. This participation also might cause temporary price distortions. In addition, activities of large traders in both the Futures and securities markets involving arbitrage, "program trading," and other investment strategies might result in temporary price distortions.

LENDING OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES

In order to generate additional income, as a non-principal investment strategy certain of the Funds may lend portfolio securities representing up to 20% of the value of their total assets to broker-dealers, banks or other institutional borrowers of securities. As with other extensions of credit, there may be risks of delay in recovery of the securities or even loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower of the securities fail financially. However, the Funds will only enter into domestic loan arrangements with broker-dealers, banks or other institutions which First Trust has determined are creditworthy under guidelines approved by the Board of Trustees. The Funds will pay a portion of the income earned on the lending transaction to the placing broker and may pay administrative and custodial fees in connection with these loans.

In these loan arrangements, the Funds will receive collateral in the form $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ of cash, U.S. government securities equal to at least 102% (for domestic securities) or 105% (for international securities) of the market value of the securities loaned as determined at the time of loan origination. This collateral must be valued daily by First Trust or the applicable Fund's lending agent and, if the market value of the loaned securities increases, the borrower must furnish additional collateral to the lending Fund. During the time portfolio securities are on loan, the borrower pays the lending Fund any dividends or $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($ interest paid on the securities. Loans are subject to termination at any time by the lending Fund or the borrower. While a Fund does not have the right to vote securities on loan, it would terminate the loan and regain the right to vote if that were considered important with respect to the investment. When a Fund lends portfolio securities to a borrower, payments in lieu of dividends made by the borrower to the Fund will not constitute "qualified dividends" taxable at the same rate as long-term capital gains, even if the actual dividends would have constituted qualified dividends had the Fund held the securities.

SUBLICENSE AGREEMENTS

First Trust (or First Trust Portfolios L.P., an affiliate of First Trust) has entered into a license agreement (each, a "Product License Agreement") with the provider of each Index (each, an "Index Provider") and a related sublicense agreement (the "Sublicense Agreement") with the Trust that grants the Trust, on behalf of each Fund, a non-exclusive and non-transferable sublicense to use certain intellectual property of such Index Provider as set forth below, in connection with the issuance, distribution, marketing and/or promotion of each Fund. Pursuant to each Sublicense Agreement, each Fund has agreed to be bound by

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certain provisions of each Product License Agreement. Pursuant to each Product License Agreement, First Trust will pay each Index Provider an annual license fee in the amount set forth below. Under Sublicense Agreements for the Select

Dividend Index Fund, Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, Global Wind Energy Index Fund, Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund and European Select Dividend Index Fund, each such Fund will reimburse First Trust for its costs associated with the Product License Agreement.

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<TABLE> <CAPTION>

FUND

<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Select Dividend Index Fund	Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index(SM)	Dow Jones & Company, Inc.	Greater of: (i) one quarter of 0.05% of the average net assets in the Fund (at any quarter end) or (ii) 10% of the percentage of Fund assets paid for Fund operating expenses and management fees, including 12b-1 fees, administrative fees, and all other asset-based costs of the Fund (excluding brokerage costs), provided, that, this fee does not exceed 0.08% of the average net assets (at any quarter end), and further, provided, that, the minimum annual payment will be \$25,000.

Index Fund

Markets Real Estate Index

Index

INDEX PROVIDER

Developed Markets Real Estate FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed FTSE International Limited 0.12% of the average daily net assets of the Fund.

ANNUAL LICENSE FEE

Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund

Construction (TM) Index

Exchange, LLC(R)

net assets of the Fund.

Global Wind Energy Index Fund

ISE Global Wind Energy(TM)

International Securities 0.10% of the average daily Exchange, LLC(R)

net assets of the Fund.

Smart Grid Infrastructure

Index Fund

NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index (SM)

NASDAQ(R)

0.09% of the average daily net assets of the Fund.

European Select Dividend Index Fund

Dow Jones STOXX(R) Select Dividend 30 Index

STOXX Limited

0.06% of the average daily net assets of the Fund, assessed quarterly, provided that, the minimum annual payment shall be \$75,000.

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INVESTMENT RISKS

Overview

An investment in a Fund should be made with an understanding of the risks which an investment in common stocks entails, including the risk that the financial condition of the issuers of the equity securities or the general condition of the common stock market may worsen and the value of the equity securities and therefore the value of a Fund may decline. The Funds may not be an appropriate investment for those who are unable or unwilling to assume the risks involved generally with an equity investment. The past market and earnings performance of any of the equity securities included in a Fund is not predictive of their future performance. Common stocks are especially susceptible to general stock market movements and to volatile increases and decreases of value as market confidence in and perceptions of the issuers change. These perceptions are based on unpredictable factors including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction, and global or regional political, economic or banking crises. First Trust cannot predict the direction or scope of any of these factors. Shareholders of common stocks have rights to receive payments from the issuers of those common stocks that are generally subordinate to those of

creditors of, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stocks of, such issuers.

Shareholders of common stocks of the type held by the Funds have a right to receive dividends only when and if, and in the amounts, declared by the issuer's board of directors and have a right to participate in amounts available for distribution by the issuer only after all other claims on the issuer have been paid. Common stocks do not represent an obligation of the issuer and, therefore, do not offer any assurance of income or provide the same degree of protection of capital as do debt securities. The issuance of additional debt securities or preferred stock will create prior claims for payment of principal, interest and dividends which could adversely affect the ability and inclination of the issuer to declare or pay dividends on its common stock or the rights of holders of common stock with respect to assets of the issuer upon liquidation or bankruptcy. The value of common stocks is subject to market fluctuations for as long as the common stocks remain outstanding, and thus the value of the equity securities in the Funds will fluctuate over the life of the Funds and may be more or less than the price at which they were purchased by the Funds. The equity securities held in the Funds may appreciate or depreciate in value (or pay dividends) depending on the full range of economic and market influences affecting these securities, including the impact of a Fund's purchase and sale of the equity securities and other factors.

Holders of common stocks incur more risk than holders of preferred stocks and debt obligations because common stockholders, as owners of the entity, have generally inferior rights to receive payments from the issuer in comparison with the rights of creditors of, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stocks issued by, the issuer. Cumulative preferred stock dividends must be paid before common stock dividends and any cumulative preferred stock dividend omitted is added to future dividends payable to the holders of cumulative preferred stock. Preferred stockholders are also generally entitled to rights on liquidation which are senior to those of common stockholders.

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Whether or not the equity securities in the Funds are listed on a securities exchange, the principal trading market for certain of the equity securities in certain of the Funds may be in the over-the-counter market. As a result, the existence of a liquid trading market for the equity securities may depend on whether dealers will make a market in the equity securities. There can be no assurance that a market will be made for any of the equity securities, that any market for the equity securities will be maintained or that there will be sufficient liquidity of the equity securities in any markets made. The price at which the equity securities are held in the Funds will be adversely affected if trading markets for the equity securities are limited or absent.

ADDITIONAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUNDS

Liquidity Risk

Whether or not the equity securities in the Funds are listed on a securities exchange, the principal trading market for certain of the equity securities in certain of the Funds may be in the over-the-counter ("OTC") market. As a result, the existence of a liquid trading market for the equity securities may depend on whether dealers will make a market in the equity securities. There can be no assurance that a market will be made for any of the equity securities, that any market for the equity securities will be maintained or that there will be sufficient liquidity of the equity securities in any markets made. The price at which the equity securities are held in the Funds will be adversely affected if trading markets for the equity securities are limited or absent.

Non-U.S. Securities Risk

An investment in non-U.S. securities involves risks in addition to the usual risks inherent in domestic investments, including currency risk. The value of a non-U.S. security in U.S. dollars tends to decrease when the value of the U.S. dollar rises against the non-U.S. currency in which the security is denominated and tends to increase when the value of the U.S. dollar falls against such currency. Non-U.S. securities are affected by the fact that in many countries there is less publicly available information about issuers than is available in the reports and ratings published about companies in the United States and companies may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards. Other risks inherent in non-U.S. investments include expropriation; confiscatory taxation; withholding taxes on dividends and interest; less extensive regulation of non-U.S. brokers, securities markets and issuers; diplomatic developments; and political or social instability. Non-U.S. economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in various respects, and many non-U.S. securities are less liquid and their prices tend to be more volatile than comparable U.S. securities. From time to time, non-U.S. securities may be difficult to liquidate rapidly without adverse price effects.

Depositary Receipts Risk

A Fund may hold securities of certain non-U.S. companies in the form of Depositary Receipts. Depositary Receipts may not necessarily be denominated in the same currency as the underlying securities into which they may be converted. ADRs are receipts typically issued by an American bank or trust company that

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evidence ownership of underlying securities issued by a foreign corporation. EDRs are receipts issued by a European bank or trust company evidencing ownership of securities issued by a foreign corporation. New York shares are typically issued by a company incorporated in the Netherlands and represent a direct interest in the company. Unlike traditional depositary receipts, New York share programs do not involve custody of the Dutch shares of the company. GDRs are receipts issued throughout the world that evidence a similar arrangement. ADRs, EDRs and GDRs may trade in foreign currencies that differ from the currency the underlying security for each ADR, EDR or GDR principally trades in. Global shares are the actual (ordinary) shares of a non-U.S. company which trade both in the home market and the United States. Generally, ADRs and New York shares, in registered form, are designed for use in the U.S. securities markets. EDRs, in registered form, are used to access European markets. GDRs, in registered form, are tradable both in the United States and in Europe and are designed for use throughout the world. Global shares are represented by the same share certificate in the United States and the home market. Separate registrars in the United States and the home country are maintained. In most cases, purchases occurring on a U.S. exchange would be reflected on the U.S. registrar. Global shares may also be eligible to list on exchanges in addition to the United States and the home country. The Fund may hold unsponsored Depositary Receipts. The issuers of unsponsored Depositary Receipts are not obligated to disclose material information in the United States; therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the Depositary Receipts.

Passive Foreign Investment Companies Risk

A Fund may invest in companies that are considered to be "passive foreign investment companies" ("PFICS"), which are generally certain non-U.S. corporations that receive at least 75% of their annual gross income from passive sources (such as interest, dividends, certain rents and royalties or capital gains) or that hold at least 50% of their assets in investments producing such passive income. Therefore, the Fund could be subject to U.S. federal income tax and additional interest charges on gains and certain distributions with respect to those equity interests, even if all the income or gain is distributed to its shareholders in a timely manner. A Fund will not be able to pass through to its shareholders any credit or deduction for such taxes.

RISKS AND SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS CONCERNING DERIVATIVES

In addition to the foregoing, the use of derivative instruments involves certain general risks and considerations as described below.

(1) Market Risk. Market risk is the risk that the value of the underlying assets may go up or down. Adverse movements in the value of an underlying asset can expose the Funds to losses. Derivative instruments may include elements of leverage and, accordingly, fluctuations in the value of the derivative instrument in relation to the underlying asset may be magnified. The successful use of derivative instruments depends upon a variety of factors, particularly the portfolio managers' ability to predict movements of the securities, currencies, and commodities markets, which may require different skills than predicting changes in the prices of individual securities. There can be no assurance that any particular strategy adopted will succeed. A decision to engage in a derivative

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transaction will reflect the portfolio managers' judgment that the derivative transaction will provide value to a Fund and its shareholders and is consistent with a Fund's objective, investment limitations, and operating policies. In making such a judgment, the portfolio managers will analyze the benefits and risks of the derivative transactions and weigh them in the context of a Fund's overall investments and investment objective.

(2) Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that a loss may be sustained as a result of the failure of a counterparty to comply with the terms of a derivative instrument. The counterparty risk for exchange-traded derivatives is generally less than for privately-negotiated or OTC derivatives, since generally a clearing agency, which is the issuer or counterparty to each exchange-traded instrument, provides a guarantee of performance. For privately-negotiated instruments, there is no similar clearing agency guarantee. In all

transactions, the Funds will bear the risk that the counterparty will default, and this could result in a loss of the expected benefit of the derivative transactions and possibly other losses to the Funds. The Funds will enter into transactions in derivative instruments only with counterparties that First Trust reasonably believes are capable of performing under the contract.

- (3) Correlation Risk. Correlation risk is the risk that there might be an imperfect correlation, or even no correlation, between price movements of a derivative instrument and price movements of investments being hedged. When a derivative transaction is used to completely hedge another position, changes in the market value of the combined position (the derivative instrument plus the position being hedged) result from an imperfect correlation between the price movements of the two instruments. With a perfect hedge, the value of the combined position remains unchanged with any change in the price of the underlying asset. With an imperfect hedge, the value of the derivative instrument and its hedge are not perfectly correlated. For example, if the value of a derivative instrument used in a short hedge (such as writing a call option, buying a put option or selling a Futures Contract) increased by less than the decline in value of the hedged investments, the hedge would not be perfectly correlated. This might occur due to factors unrelated to the value of the investments being hedged, such as speculative or other pressures on the markets in which these instruments are traded. The effectiveness of hedges using instruments on indices will depend, in part, on the degree of correlation between price movements in the index and the price movements in the investments being hedged.
- (4) Liquidity Risk. Liquidity risk is the risk that a derivative instrument cannot be sold, closed out, or replaced quickly at or very close to its fundamental value. Generally, exchange contracts are very liquid because the exchange clearinghouse is the counterparty of every contract. OTC transactions are less liquid than exchange-traded derivatives since they often can only be closed out with the other party to the transaction. The Funds might be required by applicable regulatory requirements to maintain assets as "cover," maintain segregated accounts, and/or make margin payments when they take positions in derivative instruments involving obligations to third parties (i.e., instruments other than purchase options). If a Fund is unable to close out its

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positions in such instruments, it might be required to continue to maintain such assets or accounts or make such payments until the position expires, matures, or is closed out. These requirements might impair a Fund's ability to sell a security or make an investment at a time when it would otherwise be favorable to do so, or require that a Fund sell a portfolio security at a disadvantageous time. A Fund's ability to sell or close out a position in an instrument prior to expiration or maturity depends upon the existence of a liquid secondary market or, in the absence of such a market, the ability and willingness of the counterparty to enter into a transaction closing out the position. Due to liquidity risk, there is no assurance that any derivatives position can be sold or closed out at a time and price that is favorable to a Fund.

- (5) Legal Risk. Legal risk is the risk of loss caused by the unenforceability of a party's obligations under the derivative. While a party seeking price certainty agrees to surrender the potential upside in exchange for downside protection, the party taking the risk is looking for a positive payoff. Despite this voluntary assumption of risk, a counterparty that has lost money in a derivative transaction may try to avoid payment by exploiting various legal uncertainties about certain derivative products.
- (6) Systemic or "Interconnection" Risk. Systemic or interconnection risk is the risk that a disruption in the financial markets will cause difficulties for all market participants. In other words, a disruption in one market will spill over into other markets, perhaps creating a chain reaction. Much of the OTC derivatives market takes place among the OTC dealers themselves, thus creating a large interconnected web of financial obligations. This interconnectedness raises the possibility that a default by one large dealer could create losses for other dealers and destabilize the entire market for OTC derivative instruments.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS

TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

The general supervision of the duties performed for the Funds under the investment management agreement is the responsibility of the Board of Trustees. There are five Trustees of the Trust, one of whom is an "interested person" (as the term is defined in the 1940 Act) and four of whom are Trustees who are not officers or employees of First Trust or any of its affiliates ("Independent

Trustees"). The Trustees set broad policies for the Funds, choose the Trust's officers and hire the Trust's investment advisor. The officers of the Trust manage its day-to-day operations and are responsible to the Trust's Board of Trustees. The following is a list of the Trustees and executive officers of the Trust and a statement of their present positions and principal occupations during the past five years, the number of portfolios each Trustee oversees and the other directorships they hold, if applicable. Each Trustee has been elected for an indefinite term. The officers of the Trust serve indefinite terms. Each Trustee, except for James A. Bowen, is an Independent Trustee. Mr. Bowen is deemed an "interested person" (as that term is defined in the 1940 Act) ("Interested Trustee") of the Trust due to his position as Chief Executive Officer of First Trust, investment advisor to the Funds.

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<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>					
NAME, ADDRESS AND DATE OF BIRTH Trustee who is an Interested Person of the Trust	POSITION AND OFFICES WITH TRUST	TERM OF OFFICE AND YEAR FIRST ELECTED OR APPOINTED	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS DURING PAST 5 YEARS	NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN THE FIRST TRUST FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY TRUSTEE	OTHER TRUSTEESHIPS OR DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY TRUSTEE
<s> James A. Bowen(1) 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 09/55</s>	<c> Chairman of the Board and Trustee</c>	<c> o Indefinite term o Since inception</c>	CC> Chief Executive Officer (December 2010 to Present), President (until December 2010), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.; Chairman of the Board of Directors, BondWave LLC (Software Development Company/Investment Advisor) and Stonebridge Advisors LLC (Investment Advisor)	<c>98 Portfolios</c>	<c>None</c>
Independent Trustees					
Richard E. Erickson c/o First Trust Advisors L.P. 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 04/51	Trustee	o Indefinite term o Since inception	Physician; President, Wheaton Orthopedics; Co-owner and Co-Director (January 1996 to May 2007), Sports Med Center for Fitness; Limited Partner, Gundersen Real Estate Limited Partnership; Member, Sportsmed LLC	98 Portfolios	None
Thomas R. Kadlec c/o First Trust Advisors L.P. 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 11/57	Trustee	o Indefinite term o Since inception	President (March 2010 to Present), Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (May 2007 to March 2010), Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (1990 to May 2007), ADM Investor Services, Inc. (Futures Commission Merchant)	98 Portfolios	Director of ADM Investor Services, Inc. and ADM Investor Services International
Robert F. Keith c/o First Trust Advisors L.P. 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 11/56	Trustee	o Indefinite term O Since inception	President (2003 to Present), Hibs Enterprises (Financial and Management Consulting)	98 Portfolios	Director of Trust Company of Illinois
Niel B. Nielson c/o First Trust Advisors L.P. 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 03/54	Trustee	o Indefinite term o Since inception	President and Chief Executive Officer (July 2012 to Present), Dew Learning LLC (Educational Products and Services); President (June 2002 to June 2012), Covenant	98 Portfolios	Director of Covenant Transport Inc.

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NAME, ADDRESS AND DATE OF BIRTH Officers of the Trust	POSITION AND OFFICES WITH TRUST	TERM OF OFFICE AND YEAR FIRST ELECTED OR APPOINTED	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS DURING PAST 5 YEARS	NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN THE FIRST TRUST FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY TRUSTEE	OTHER TRUSTEESHIPS OR DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY TRUSTEE
Mark R. Bradley 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 11/57	President and Chief Executive Officer	o Indefinite term o President and Chief Executive Officer since January 2012; Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer (inception to January 2012)	Trust Portfolios L.P.; Chief Financial Officer, BondWave LLC (Software Development	N/A	N/A
James M. Dykas 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 01/66	Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer	o Indefinite term o Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer since January 2012; Assistant Treasurer (inception to January 2012)	Controller (January 2011 to Present), Senior Vice President (April 2007 to January 2011), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.	N/A	N/A
W. Scott Jardine 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 05/60	Secretary and Chief Legal Officer	o Indefinite term o Since inception	General Counsel, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.; Secretary, BondWave LLC (Software Development Company/Investment Advisor) and Stonebridge Advisors LLC (Investment Advisor)	N/A	N/A
Daniel J. Lindquist 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 02/70	Vice President	o Indefinite term o Since inception	Senior Vice President (September 2005 to Present), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.	N/A	N/A
Kristi A. Maher 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 12/66	Assistant Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer	o Indefinite term o Assistant Secretary since inception; Chief Compliance Officer since January 2011	Deputy General Counsel (May 2007 to Present), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.	N/A	N/A
Roger F. Testin 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 06/66	Vice President	o Indefinite term o Since inception	Senior Vice President (November 2003 to Present), First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.	N/A	N/A

NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN

THE FIRST TRUST

OTHER FUND COMPLEX TRUSTEESHIPS OR OVERSEEN BY DIRECTORSHIPS TRUSTEE HELD BY TRUSTEE

N/A

TERM OF OFFICE AND YEAR FIRST POSITION AND OFFICES ELECTED OR

WITH TRUST

APPOINTED

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATIONS DURING PAST 5 YEARS

Senior Vice President N/A

Stan Ueland 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400 Wheaton, IL 60187 D.O.B.: 11/70

NAME. ADDRESS

AND DATE OF BIRTH

Vice President o Indefinite

Present), Vice President (August 2005 to September o Since 2012), First Trust inception Advisors L.P. and First

(September 2012 to

Trust Portfolios L.P.

</TABLE>

Mr. Bowen is deemed an "interested person" of the Trust due to his position as Chief Executive Officer of First Trust, investment advisor of the Funds.

UNITARY BOARD LEADERSHIP STRUCTURE

Each Trustee serves as a trustee of all open-end and closed-end funds in the First Trust Fund Complex (as defined below), which is known as a "unitary" board leadership structure. Each Trustee currently serves as a trustee of First Trust Series Fund, First Trust Variable Insurance Trust and First Defined Portfolio Fund, LLC, open-end funds with twelve portfolios advised by First Trust; First Trust Senior Floating Rate Income Fund II, Macquarie/First Trust Global Infrastructure/Utilities Dividend & Income Fund, First Trust Energy Income and Growth Fund, First Trust Enhanced Equity Income Fund, First Trust/Aberdeen Global Opportunity Income Fund, First Trust Mortgage Income Fund, First Trust Strategic High Income Fund II, First Trust/Aberdeen Emerging Opportunity Fund, First Trust Specialty Finance and Financial Opportunities Fund, First Trust Active Dividend Income Fund, First Trust High Income Long/Short Fund, First Trust Energy Infrastructure Fund and First Trust MLP and Energy Income Fund, closed-end funds advised by First Trust; and the Trust, First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund, First Trust Exchange Traded Fund IV, First Trust Exchange Traded Fund VI, First Trust Exchange-Traded AlphaDEX(R) Fund and First Trust Exchange-Traded AlphaDEX(R) Fund II, exchange-traded funds with 73 portfolios advised by First Trust (each a "First Trust Fund" and collectively, the "First Trust Fund Complex"). None of the Trustees who are not "interested persons" of the Trust, nor any of their immediate family members, has ever been a director, officer or employee of, or consultant to, First Trust, First Trust Portfolios or their affiliates. In addition, the officers of the Trust (other than Stan Ueland and Roger Testin) hold the same positions with the other funds in the First Trust Fund Complex as they hold with the Trust. Mr. Ueland, Vice President of the Trust, serves in the same position for all of the funds in the First Trust Fund Complex with the exception of First Defined Portfolio Fund, LLC, First Trust Series Fund, First Trust Variable Insurance Trust and the closed-end funds. Mr. Testin, Vice President of the Trust, serves in the same position for all funds in the First Trust Fund Complex with the exception of the closed-end funds.

The management of the Funds, including general supervision of the duties performed for the Funds under the investment management agreement between the Trust, on behalf of the Funds, and the Advisor, is the responsibility of the Board of Trustees. The Trustees of the Trust set broad policies for the Funds, choose the Trust's officers, and hire the Funds' investment advisor and other service providers. The officers of the Trust manage the day-to-day operations

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and are responsible to the Trust's Board. The Trust's Board is composed of four Independent Trustees and one Interested Trustee. The Interested Trustee, James A. Bowen, serves as the Chairman of the Board for each fund in the First Trust Fund Complex.

The same five persons serve as Trustees on the Trust's Board and on the Boards of all other First Trust Funds. The unitary board structure was adopted for the First Trust Funds because of the efficiencies it achieves with respect to the governance and oversight of the First Trust Funds. Each First Trust Fund is subject to the rules and regulations of the 1940 Act (and other applicable securities laws), which means that many of the First Trust Funds face similar issues with respect to certain of their fundamental activities, including risk management, portfolio liquidity, portfolio valuation and financial reporting. Because of the similar and often overlapping issues facing the First Trust Funds, including among the Funds, the Board of the First Trust Funds believes that maintaining a unitary board structure promotes efficiency and consistency in the governance and oversight of all First Trust Funds and reduces the costs, administrative burdens and possible conflicts that may result from having

multiple boards. In adopting a unitary board structure, the Trustees seek to provide effective governance through establishing a board the overall composition of which will, as a body, possesses the appropriate skills, diversity, independence and experience to oversee the Funds' business.

Annually, the Board reviews its governance structure and the committee structures, their performance and functions and reviews any processes that would enhance Board governance over the Funds' business. The Board has determined that its leadership structure, including the unitary board and committee structure, is appropriate based on the characteristics of the funds it serves and the characteristics of the First Trust Fund Complex as a whole.

In order to streamline communication between the Advisor and the Independent Trustees and create certain efficiencies, the Board has a Lead Independent Trustee who is responsible for: (i) coordinating activities of the Independent Trustees; (ii) working with the Advisor, Fund counsel and the independent legal counsel to the Independent Trustees to determine the agenda for Board meetings; (iii) serving as the principal contact for and facilitating communication between the Independent Trustees and the Funds' service providers, particularly the Advisor; and (iv) any other duties that the Independent Trustees may delegate to the Lead Independent Trustee. The Lead Independent Trustee is selected by the Independent Trustees and currently serves a two-year term or until his successor is selected. Commencing January 1, 2014, the Lead Independent Trustee will serve a three-year term.

The Board has established four standing committees (as described below) and has delegated certain of its responsibilities to those committees. The Board and its committees meet frequently throughout the year to oversee the Funds' activities, review contractual arrangements with and performance of service providers, oversee compliance with regulatory requirements, and review Fund performance. The Independent Trustees are represented by independent legal counsel at all Board and committee meetings (other than meetings of the Executive Committee). Generally, the Board acts by majority vote of all the Trustees, including a majority vote of the Independent Trustees if required by applicable law.

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The three committee Chairmen and the Lead Independent Trustee currently rotate every two years in serving as Chairman of the Audit Committee, the Nominating and Governance Committee or the Valuation Committee, or as Lead Independent Trustee. Commencing January 1, 2014, the three committee Chairmen and the Lead Independent Trustee will rotate every three years. The Lead Independent Trustee also serves on the Executive Committee with the Interested Trustee.

The four standing committees of the First Trust Fund Complex are: the Executive Committee (and Pricing and Dividend Committee), the Nominating and Governance Committee, the Valuation Committee and the Audit Committee. The Executive Committee, which meets between Board meetings, is authorized to exercise all powers of and to act in the place of the Board of Trustees to the extent permitted by the Trust's Declaration of Trust and By-Laws. Such Committee is also responsible for the declaration and setting of dividends. Mr. Keith and Mr. Bowen are members of the Executive Committee. During the last fiscal year, the Executive Committee held two meetings.

The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for appointing and nominating non-interested persons to the Trust's Board of Trustees. Messrs. Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and Nielson are members of the Nominating and Governance Committee. If there is no vacancy on the Board of Trustees, the Board will not actively seek recommendations from other parties, including shareholders. The Board of Trustees adopted a mandatory retirement age of 72 for Trustees, beyond which age Trustees are ineligible to serve. The Committee will not consider new trustee candidates who are 72 years of age or older. When a vacancy on the Board of Trustees of a First Trust Fund occurs and nominations are sought to fill such vacancy, the Nominating and Governance Committee may seek nominations from those sources it deems appropriate in its discretion, including shareholders of the applicable fund. To submit a recommendation for nomination as a candidate for a position on the Board of Trustees, shareholders of the applicable fund shall mail such recommendation to W. Scott Jardine, Secretary, at the Trust's address, 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187. Such recommendation shall include the following information: (i) evidence of fund ownership of the person or entity recommending the candidate (if a Fund shareholder); (ii) a full description of the proposed candidate's background, including their education, experience, current employment and date of birth; (iii) names and addresses of at least three professional references for the candidate; (iv) information as to whether the candidate is an "interested person" in relation to the fund, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, and such other information that may be considered to impair the candidate's independence; and (v) any other information that may be helpful to the Committee in evaluating the candidate. If a recommendation is received with satisfactorily completed information regarding a candidate during a time when a vacancy exists on the Board or during such other time as the Nominating and Governance Committee is accepting recommendations,

the recommendation will be forwarded to the Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee and the counsel to the Independent Trustees. Recommendations received at any other time will be kept on file until such time as the Nominating and Governance Committee is accepting recommendations, at which point they may be considered for nomination. During the last fiscal year, the Nominating and Governance Committee held four meetings.

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The Valuation Committee is responsible for the oversight of the pricing procedures of each Fund. Messrs. Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and Nielson are members of the Valuation Committee. During the last fiscal year, the Valuation Committee held four meetings.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing each Fund's accounting and financial reporting process, the system of internal controls, audit process and evaluating and appointing independent auditors (subject also to Board approval). Messrs. Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and Nielson serve on the Audit Committee. During the last fiscal year, the Audit Committee held eight meetings.

RISK OVERSIGHT

As part of the general oversight of the Funds, the Board is involved in the risk oversight of the Funds. The Board has adopted and periodically reviews policies and procedures designed to address each Fund's risks. Oversight of investment and compliance risk, including oversight of any sub-advisors, is performed primarily at the Board level in conjunction with the Advisor's investment oversight group and the Trust's Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO"). Oversight of other risks also occurs at the committee level. The Advisor's investment oversight group reports to the Board at quarterly meetings regarding, among other things, Fund performance and the various drivers of such performance. The Board reviews reports on the Funds' and the service providers' compliance policies and procedures at each quarterly Board meeting and receives an annual report from the CCO regarding the operations of the Funds' and the service providers' compliance program. In addition, the Independent Trustees meet privately each quarter with the CCO. The Audit Committee reviews with the Advisor each Fund's major financial risk exposures and the steps the Advisor has taken to monitor and control these exposures, including each Fund's risk assessment and risk management policies and guidelines. The Audit Committee also, as appropriate, reviews in a general manner the processes other Board committees have in place with respect to risk assessment and risk management. The Nominating and Governance Committee monitors all matters related to the corporate governance of the Funds. The Valuation Committee monitors valuation risk and compliance with the Funds' Valuation Procedures and oversees the pricing services and actions by the Advisor's Pricing Committee with respect to the valuation of portfolio securities.

Not all risks that may affect the Funds can be identified nor can controls be developed to eliminate or mitigate their occurrence or effects. It may not be practical or cost effective to eliminate or mitigate certain risks, the processes and controls employed to address certain risks may be limited in their effectiveness, and some risks are simply beyond the reasonable control of the Funds or the Advisor or other service providers. Moreover, it is necessary to bear certain risks (such as investment related risks) to achieve a Fund's goals. As a result of the foregoing and other factors, the Funds' ability to manage risk is subject to substantial limitations.

BOARD DIVERSIFICATION AND TRUSTEE QUALIFICATIONS

As described above, the Nominating and Governance Committee of each Board oversees matters related to the nomination of Trustees. The Nominating and Governance Committee seeks to establish an effective Board with an appropriate range of skills and diversity, including, as appropriate, differences in

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background, professional experience, education, vocations, and other individual characteristics and traits in the aggregate. Each Trustee must meet certain basic requirements, including relevant skills and experience, time availability, and if qualifying as an Independent Trustee, independence from the Advisor, sub-advisors, underwriters or other service providers, including any affiliates of these entities.

Listed below for each current Trustee are the experiences, qualifications and attributes that led to the conclusion, as of the date of this SAI, that each current Trustee should serve as a trustee.

Richard E. Erickson, M.D., is an orthopedic surgeon and President of Wheaton Orthopedics. He also has been a co-owner and director of a fitness center and a limited partner of two real estate companies. Dr. Erickson has served as a Trustee of each First Trust Fund since its inception. Dr. Erickson

has also served as the Lead Independent Trustee (2008 - 2009), Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee (2003 - 2007) and Chairman of the Valuation Committee (June 2006 - 2007 and 2010 - 2011) of the First Trust Funds. He currently serves as Chairman of the Audit Committee (since January 1, 2012) of the First Trust Funds.

Thomas R. Kadlec is President of ADM Investor Services Inc. ("ADMIS"), a futures commission merchant and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Archer Daniels Midland Company ("ADM"). Mr. Kadlec has been employed by ADMIS and its affiliates since 1990 in various accounting, financial, operations and risk management capacities. Mr. Kadlec serves on the boards of several international affiliates of ADMIS and is a member of ADM's Integrated Risk Committee, which is tasked with the duty of implementing and communicating enterprise-wide risk management. Mr. Kadlec has served as a Trustee of each First Trust Fund, except First Defined Portfolio Fund, LLC, since its inception. He has served as a Trustee of First Defined Portfolio Fund, LLC since 2004. Mr. Kadlec also served on the Executive Committee from the organization of the first First Trust closed-end fund in 2003 until he was elected as the first Lead Independent Trustee in December 2005, serving as such through 2007. He also served as Chairman of the Valuation Committee (2008 - 2009), Chairman of the Audit Committee (2010 - 2011) and he currently serves as Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee (since January 1, 2012) of the First Trust Funds.

Robert F. Keith is President of Hibs Enterprises, a financial and management consulting firm. Mr. Keith has been with Hibs Enterprises since 2003. Prior thereto, Mr. Keith spent 18 years with ServiceMaster and Aramark, including three years as President and COO of ServiceMaster Consumer Services, where he led the initial expansion of certain products overseas, five years as President and COO of ServiceMaster Management Services and two years as President of Aramark ServiceMaster Management Services. Mr. Keith is a certified public accountant and also has held the positions of Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer of ServiceMaster, at which time he oversaw the financial aspects of ServiceMaster's expansion of its Management Services division into Europe, the Middle East and Asia. Mr. Keith has served as a Trustee of the First Trust Funds since June 2006. Mr. Keith has also served as the Chairman of the Audit Committee (2008 - 2009) and Chairman of the Nominating and Governance

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Committee (2010 - 2011) of the First Trust Funds. He currently serves as Lead Independent Trustee and on the Executive Committee (since January 1, 2012) of the First Trust Funds.

Niel B. Nielson, Ph.D., has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Dew Learning LLC (a global provider of digital and on-line educational products and services) since 2012. Mr. Nielson formerly served as President of Covenant College (2002 - 2012), and as a partner and trader (of options and futures contracts for hedging options) for Ritchie Capital Markets Group (1996 - 1997), where he held an administrative management position at this proprietary derivatives trading company. He also held prior positions in new business development for ServiceMaster Management Services Company, and in personnel and human resources for NationsBank of North Carolina, N.A. and Chicago Research and Trading Group, Ltd. ("CRT"). His international experience includes serving as a director of CRT Europe, Inc. for two years, directing out of London all aspects of business conducted by the U.K. and European subsidiary of CRT. Prior to that, Mr. Nielson was a trader and manager at CRT in Chicago. Mr. Nielson has served as a Trustee of each First Trust Fund since its inception and of the First Trust Funds since 1999. Mr. Nielson has also served as the Chairman of the Audit Committee (2003 - 2006), Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee (2008 - 2009) and Lead Independent Trustee (2010 - 2011) and currently serves as Chairman of the Valuation Committee (since January 1, 2012) of the First Trust Funds.

James A. Bowen is Chief Executive Officer of First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P. and until January 23, 2012, also served as President and Chief Executive Officer of the First Trust Funds. Mr. Bowen is involved in the day-to-day management of the First Trust Funds and serves on the Executive Committee. He has over 26 years of experience in the investment company business in sales, sales management and executive management. Mr. Bowen has served as a Trustee of each First Trust Fund since its inception and of the First Trust Funds since 1999.

Prior January 1, 2012, each trust in the First Trust Fund Complex paid each Independent Trustee an annual retainer of \$10,000 per trust for the first 14 trusts in the First Trust Fund Complex and an annual retainer of \$7,500 per trust for each subsequent trust added to the First Trust Fund Complex. The annual retainer was allocated equally among each of the trusts. In addition, for all the trusts in the First Trust Fund Complex, Mr. Nielson was paid annual compensation of \$10,000 to serve as the Lead Independent Trustee, Mr. Kadlec was paid annual compensation of \$5,000 to serve as the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Dr. Erickson was paid annual compensation of \$2,500 to serve as Chairman of the Valuation Committee and Mr. Keith was paid annual compensation of \$2,500 to serve as the Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee.

The annual compensation was allocated equally among each of the trusts in the First Trust Fund Complex. Effective January 1, 2012, each Independent Trustee is paid a fixed annual retainer of \$125,000 per year and an annual per fund fee of \$4,000 for each closed-end fund or other actively managed fund and \$1,000 for each index fund in the First Trust Fund Complex. The fixed annual retainer is allocated pro rata among each fund in the First Trust Fund Complex based on net

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assets. Additionally, the Lead Independent Trustee is paid \$15,000 annually, the Chairman of the Audit Committee is paid \$10,000 annually, and each of the Chairmen of the Nominating and Governance Committee and the Valuation Committee is paid \$5,000 annually to serve in such capacities, with such compensation allocated pro rata among each fund in the First Trust Fund Complex based on net assets. Trustees are also reimbursed by the investment companies in the First Trust Fund Complex for travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with all meetings.

The following table sets forth the compensation (including reimbursement for travel and out-of-pocket expenses) paid by the Funds and the First Trust Fund Complex to each of the Independent Trustees for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 and the calendar year ended December 31, 2012, respectively. The Trust has no retirement or pension plans. The officers and Trustee who are "interested persons" as designated above serve without any compensation from the Trust. The Trust has no employees. Its officers are compensated by First Trust.

<TABLE>

	TOTAL COMPENSATION FROM	TOTAL COMPENSATION FROM
NAME OF TRUSTEE	THE FUNDS(1)	THE FIRST TRUST FUND COMPLEX(2)
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Richard E. Erickson	\$16,377	\$276 , 500
Thomas R. Kadlec	\$16,227	\$271,500
Robert F. Keith	\$16,598	\$282,250
Niel B. Nielson	\$16,495	\$275,249

 | |-----

- (1) The compensation paid by the Funds to the Independent Trustees for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012 for services to the Funds.
- (2) The total compensation paid to the Independent Trustees for the calendar year ended December 31, 2012 for services to the twelve portfolios of First Defined Portfolio Fund, LLC, First Trust Series Fund and First Trust Variable Insurance Trust, open-end funds, 13 closed-end funds and 73 series of the Trust, First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund, First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund IV, First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund VI, First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund VI, First Trust Exchange-Traded AlphaDEX(R) Fund and First Trust Exchange-Traded AlphaDEX(R) Fund II, all advised by First Trust.

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The following table sets forth the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by the Trustees in the Funds and in other funds overseen by the Trustees in the First Trust Fund Complex as of December 31, 2012:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

AGGREGATE DOLLAR RANGE OF EQUITY SECURITIES IN ALL REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES DOLLAR RANGE OF OVERSEEN BY TRUSTEE IN THE FIRST EQUITY SECURITIES TRUST IN THE FUNDS FUND COMPLEX <C> <C> Interested Trustee \$0 \$50,001-\$100,000 James A. Bowen Independent Trustees Richard E. Erickson \$1-\$10,000 (Global Select Dividend Index Fund) \$1-\$10,000 (Global Wind Energy Index Fund) Over \$100,000 \$1-\$10,000

Thomas R. Kadlec \$0 Over \$100,000

(Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund)

Niel B. Nielson

\$1-\$10,000 (Global Select Dividend Index Fund)

Over \$100,000

\$1-\$10,000

(Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund)

</TABLE>

As of December 31, 2012, the Independent Trustees of the Trust and immediate family members did not own beneficially or of record any class of securities of an investment advisor or principal underwriter of the Funds or any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with an investment advisor or principal underwriter of the Funds.

As of December 31, 2012, the officers and Trustees, in the aggregate, owned less than 1% of the Shares of each Fund.

The table set forth as Exhibit A shows the percentage ownership of each shareholder or "group" (as that term is used in Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act")) who, as of December 31, 2012, owned of record, or is known by the Trust to have owned of record or beneficially, 5% or more of the Shares of a Fund. A control person is one who owns, either directly or indirectly, more than 25% of the voting securities of a Fund or acknowledges the existence of control. A party that controls a Fund may be able to significantly influence the outcome of any item presented to shareholders for approval.

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Information as to beneficial ownership is based on the securities position listing reports as of December 31, 2012. The Funds do not have any knowledge of who the ultimate beneficiaries are of the Shares.

Investment Advisor. First Trust, 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187, is the investment advisor to the Funds. First Trust is a limited partnership with one limited partner, Grace Partners of DuPage L.P., and one general partner, The Charger Corporation. Grace Partners of DuPage L.P. is a limited partnership with one general partner, The Charger Corporation, and a number of limited partners. The Charger Corporation is an Illinois corporation controlled by James A. Bowen, the Chief Executive Officer of First Trust. First Trust discharges its responsibilities to the Funds subject to the policies of the Board of Trustees.

First Trust provides investment tools and portfolios for advisors and investors. First Trust is committed to theoretically sound portfolio construction and empirically verifiable investment management approaches. Its asset management philosophy and investment discipline are deeply rooted in the application of intuitive factor analysis and model implementation to enhance investment decisions.

First Trust acts as investment advisor for and manages the investment and reinvestment of the assets of the Funds. First Trust also administers the Trust's business affairs, provides office facilities and equipment and certain clerical, bookkeeping and administrative services, and permits any of its officers or employees to serve without compensation as Trustees or officers of the Trust if elected to such positions.

Pursuant to an investment management agreement (the "Investment Management Agreement") between First Trust and the Trust, the Global Select Dividend Index Fund, Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, Global Wind Energy Index Fund, Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund and European Select Dividend Index Fund (the "Expense Cap Funds") have agreed to pay an annual management fee equal to 0.40% of their average daily net assets. The Cloud Computing Index Fund has agreed to pay an annual management fee equal to 0.60% of its average daily net assets. The Global Platinum Index Fund, Global Copper Index Fund, Smartphone Index Fund and Global Auto Index Fund have agreed to pay an annual management fee equal to 0.70% of their average daily net assets. The BICK Index Fund has agreed to pay an annual management fee equal to 0.64% of its average daily net assets (the Global Platinum Index Fund, Global Copper Index Fund, Smartphone Index Fund, Global Auto Index Fund, Cloud Computing Index Fund and BICK Index Fund are referred to as the "Unitary Fee Funds").

Each Expense Cap Fund is responsible for all its expenses, including the investment advisory fees, costs of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, audit and other services, interest, taxes, sublicensing fees, brokerage commissions and other expenses connected with executions of portfolio transactions, any distribution and service fees pursuant to a 12b-1 plan, if any, and extraordinary expenses. First Trust has agreed to waive fees and/or pay expenses of each Expense Cap Fund to the extent necessary to prevent

the operating expenses of each Expense Cap Fund (excluding interest expense, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses) from exceeding (as a percentage of average of daily net assets) the following rates at least until January 31, 2014: 0.70% for the Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund; 0.70% for the Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund; 0.60% for the European Select Dividend Index Fund; 0.60% for the Global Select Dividend Index Fund; 0.60% for the Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund; and 0.60% for the Global Wind Energy Index Fund. Expenses borne and fees waived by First Trust are subject to reimbursement by the Expense Cap Funds up to three years from the date the fee or expense was incurred by each Expense Cap Fund, but no reimbursement payment will be made by the Expense Cap Funds at any time if it would result in an Expense Cap Fund's expenses exceeding 0.60% or 0.70%, as applicable, of average daily net assets.

For each Unitary Fee Fund, First Trust is paid an annual unitary management fee and is responsible for the expenses of such Unitary Fee Fund including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, licensing, audit and other services, but excluding distribution and service fees pursuant to a 12b-1 plan, if any, brokerage expense, taxes, interest and extraordinary expenses.

Under the Investment Management Agreements, First Trust shall not be liable for any loss sustained by reason of the purchase, sale or retention of any security, whether or not such purchase, sale or retention shall have been based upon the investigation and research made by any other individual, firm or corporation, if such recommendation shall have been selected with due care and in good faith, except loss resulting from willful misfeasance, bad faith, or gross negligence on the part of First Trust in the performance of its obligations and duties, or by reason of its reckless disregard of its obligations and duties. The Investment Management Agreements terminate automatically upon assignment and each is terminable at any time without penalty as to a Fund by the Board of Trustees, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, or by vote of the holders of a majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities on 60 days' written notice to First Trust, or by First Trust on 60 days' written notice to the Fund.

The following table sets forth the management fees (net of fee waivers and expense reimbursements, where applicable) paid by each Fund and the fees waived and expenses reimbursed, by First Trust for the specified periods.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

AMOUNT OF MANAGEMENT FEES (NET OF FEE WAIVERS AND EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS BY FIRST TRUST)

AMOUNT OF FEES WAIVED AND EXPENSES REIMBURSED BY FIRST TRUST

	REIMBORGEMENIS BI FIRSI IROSI)			KEIMBORSED BI FIRSI IROSI		
FUND	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 9/30/10)	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 9/30/11)	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 9/30/12)	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 9/30/10)	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 9/30/11)	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 9/30/12)
<s> BICK Index Fund</s>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>
Select Dividend Index Fund	\$9,601	\$215,997	\$579,020	\$117,932	\$115,247	\$54,497
	- 37	-				
Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund	\$0	\$90,818	\$205,886	\$150,784	\$176,670	\$109,938
Cloud Computing Index Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Global Copper Index Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund	\$61,089	\$136,277	\$116,456	\$76 , 726	\$48,342	\$4,508
Global Platinum Index Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Global Wind Energy Index	\$144,337	\$130,393	\$89,053	\$155,579	\$90,788	\$17,370

Smartphone Index Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund	\$27,441	\$67,319	\$44,455	\$68,049	\$42,493	\$12,659
Global Auto Index Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
European Select Dividend Index Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132 , 551	\$136,052	\$113,312

Investment Committee. The Investment Committee of First Trust is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Funds. There are currently five members of the Investment Committee, as follows:

<table> <caption></caption></table>			
NAME	POSITION WITH FIRST TRUST	LENGTH OF SERVICE WITH FIRST TRUST	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST FIVE YEARS
<s> Daniel J. Lindquist</s>	<c> Senior Vice President</c>	<c> Since 2004</c>	<c> Senior Vice President, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.</c>
Jon C. Erickson	Senior Vice President	Since 1994	Senior Vice President, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.
David G. McGarel	Chief Investment Officer and Senior Vice President	Since 1997	Chief Investment Officer (June 2012 to Present), Senior Vice President, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust Portfolios L.P.
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NAME	POSITION WITH FIRST TRUST	LENGTH OF SERVICE WITH FIRST TRUST	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST FIVE YEARS
Roger F. Testin	Senior Vice President	Since 2001	Senior Vice President, First Trust Advisors L.P. and First

Stan Ueland

Senior Vice President

Since 2005

Senior Vice President

(September 2012 to Present),

Vice President (August 2005 to September 2012), First Trust

Advisors L.P. and First Trust

Portfolios L.P.

</TABLE>

Daniel J. Lindquist: Mr. Lindquist is Chairman of the Investment Committee and presides over Investment Committee meetings. Mr. Lindquist is also responsible for overseeing the implementation of the Funds' investment strategies.

David G. McGarel: As First Trust's Chief Investment Officer, Mr. McGarel consults with the Investment Committee on market conditions and First Trust's general investment philosophy.

Jon C. Erickson: As the head of First Trust's Equity Research Group, Mr. Erickson is responsible for determining the securities to be purchased and sold by funds that do not utilize quantitative investment strategies.

Roger F. Testin: As head of First Trust's Portfolio Management Group, Mr. Testin is responsible for executing the instructions of the Strategy Research Group and Equity Research Group in a Fund's portfolio.

Stan Ueland: Mr. Ueland executes the investment strategies of each of the Funds.

No member of the Investment Committee beneficially owns any Shares of the Funds, except that Mr. Ueland owns 100 shares of the Smartphone Index Fund.

Compensation. The compensation structure for each member of the Investment

Committee is based upon a fixed salary as well as a discretionary bonus determined by the management of First Trust. Salaries are determined by management and are based upon an individual's position and overall value to the firm. Bonuses are also determined by management and are based upon an individual's overall contribution to the success of the firm and the profitability of the firm. Salaries and bonuses for members of the Investment Committee are not based upon criteria such as performance of the Funds or the value of assets included in the Funds' portfolios. In addition, Mr. Erickson, Mr. Lindquist, Mr. McGarel and Mr. Ueland also have an indirect ownership stake in the firm and will therefore receive their allocable share of ownership-related distributions.

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The Investment Committee manages the investment vehicles (other than the Funds of the Trust) with the number of accounts and assets, as of September 30, 2012, set forth in the table below.

<TABLE>

ACCOUNTS MANAGED BY INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBER	REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS (\$ ASSETS)	OTHER POOLED INVESTMENT VEHICLES NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS (\$ ASSETS)	OTHER ACCOUNTS NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS (\$ ASSETS)
<s> Roger F. Testin</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
	72 (\$16,608,555,424)	8 (\$ 162,277,851)	2,774 (\$ 750,975,990)
Jon C. Erickson	72 (\$16,608,555,424)	8 (\$ 162,277,851)	2,774 (\$ 750,975,990)
David G. McGarel	72 (\$16,608,555,424)	8 (\$ 162,277,851)	2,774 (\$ 750,975,990)
Daniel J. Lindquist	72 (\$16,608,555,424)	N/A	2,774 (\$ 750,975,990)
Stan Ueland	59 (\$ 7,429,839,563)	N/A	N/A

 03 (+ ., 123, 003, 000) | 24, 21 | 27/11 |None of the accounts managed by the Investment Committee pay an advisory fee that is based upon the performance of the account. In addition, First Trust believes that there are no material conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with the Investment Committee's management of the Funds' investments and the investments of the other accounts managed by the Investment Committee. However, because the investment strategy of the Funds and the investment strategies of many of the other accounts managed by the Investment Committee are based on fairly mechanical investment processes, the Investment Committee may recommend that certain clients sell and other clients buy a given security at the same time. In addition, because the investment strategies of the Funds and other accounts managed by the Investment Committee generally result in the clients investing in readily available securities, First Trust believes that there should not be material conflicts in the allocation of investment committee.

BROKERAGE ALLOCATIONS

First Trust is responsible for decisions to buy and sell securities for the Funds and for the placement of the Funds' securities business, the negotiation of the commissions to be paid on brokered transactions, the prices for principal trades in securities, and the allocation of portfolio brokerage and principal business. It is the policy of First Trust to seek the best execution at the best security price available with respect to each transaction, and with respect to brokered transactions in light of the overall quality of

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brokerage and research services provided to First Trust and its clients. The best price to a Fund means the best net price without regard to the mix between purchase or sale price and commission, if any. Purchases may be made from underwriters, dealers, and, on occasion, the issuers. Commissions will be paid on a Fund's Futures and options transactions, if any. The purchase price of portfolio securities purchased from an underwriter or dealer may include underwriting commissions and dealer spreads. The Funds may pay mark-ups on principal transactions. In selecting broker/dealers and in negotiating

commissions, First Trust considers, among other things, the firm's reliability, the quality of its execution services on a continuing basis and its financial condition. Fund portfolio transactions may be effected with broker/dealers who have assisted investors in the purchase of Shares.

Section 28(e) of the 1934 Act permits an investment advisor, under certain circumstances, to cause an account to pay a broker or dealer who supplies brokerage and research services a commission for effecting a transaction in excess of the amount of commission another broker or dealer would have charged for effecting the transaction. Brokerage and research services include (a) furnishing advice as to the value of securities, the advisability of investing, purchasing or selling securities, and the availability of securities or purchasers or sellers of securities; (b) furnishing analyses and reports concerning issuers, industries, securities, economic factors and trends, portfolio strategy, and the performance of accounts; and (c) effecting securities transactions and performing functions incidental thereto (such as clearance, settlement, and custody). Such brokerage and research services are often referred to as "soft dollars." First Trust has advised the Board of Trustees that it does not currently intend to use soft dollars.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in selecting brokers, First Trust may in the future consider investment and market information and other research, such as economic, securities and performance measurement research, provided by such brokers, and the quality and reliability of brokerage services, including execution capability, performance, and financial responsibility. Accordingly, the commissions charged by any such broker may be greater than the amount another firm might charge if First Trust determines in good faith that the amount of such commissions is reasonable in relation to the value of the research information and brokerage services provided by such broker to First Trust or the Trust. In addition, First Trust must determine that the research information received in this manner provides the Funds with benefits by supplementing the research otherwise available to the Funds. The Investment Management Agreement provides that such higher commissions will not be paid by the Funds unless the Advisor determines in good faith that the amount is reasonable in relation to the services provided. The investment advisory fees paid by the Funds to First Trust under the Investment Management Agreement would not be reduced as a result of receipt by First Trust of research services.

First Trust places portfolio transactions for other advisory accounts advised by it, and research services furnished by firms through which the Funds effect their securities transactions may be used by First Trust in servicing all of its accounts; not all of such services may be used by First Trust in connection with the Funds. First Trust believes it is not possible to measure separately the benefits from research services to each of the accounts (including the Funds) advised by it. Because the volume and nature of the trading activities of the accounts are not uniform, the amount of commissions in

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excess of those charged by another broker paid by each account for brokerage and research services will vary. However, First Trust believes such costs to the Funds will not be disproportionate to the benefits received by the Funds on a continuing basis. First Trust seeks to allocate portfolio transactions equitably whenever concurrent decisions are made to purchase or sell securities by the Funds and another advisory account. In some cases, this procedure could have an adverse effect on the price or the amount of securities available to the Funds. In making such allocations between the Funds and other advisory accounts, the main factors considered by First Trust are the respective investment objectives, the relative size of portfolio holding of the same or comparable securities, the availability of cash for investment and the size of investment commitments generally held.

BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS

The following table sets forth the aggregate amount of brokerage commissions paid by each Fund for the specified periods. The amount of brokerage commissions paid by each Fund was relatively stable for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2010, September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2012, except for the BICK Index Fund and Global Copper Index Fund. This increase in brokerage commissions for these Funds was due primarily to increased purchases of securities by the Funds in order to meet higher demand for Shares and the overall growth of these Funds.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

> AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS ______

(FOR THE FISCAL

(FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED YEAR ENDED YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2010) SEPTEMBER 30, 2011) SEPTEMBER 30, 2012)

(FOR THE FISCAL

<s> BICK Index Fund</s>	<c> \$24,539</c>	<c> \$202,060</c>	<c> \$44,840</c>
Select Dividend Index Fund	\$16,402	\$17,319	\$30,771
Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund	\$3,917	\$7,047	\$6,178
Cloud Computing Index Fund	N/A	\$95	\$15,143
Global Copper Index Fund	\$2,235	\$130,897	\$36,791
Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund	\$9,400	\$9,828	\$6,626
Global Platinum Index Fund	\$4,198	\$20,294	\$18,323
Global Wind Energy Index Fund	\$20,265	\$24,593	\$20,068

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AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS

FUND	(FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010)	(FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011)	(FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012)
Smartphone Index Fund	N/A	\$10,593	\$9,181
Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund	\$14,996	\$9,455	\$9,370
Global Auto Index Fund	N/A	\$1,209	\$1,128
European Select Dividend Index Fund	\$10,213	\$2,644	\$3,356

Administrator. The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation ("BNYM") serves as Administrator for the Funds. Its principal address is 101 Barclay St., New York, NY 10286.

BNYM serves as Administrator for the Trust pursuant to a Fund Administration and Accounting Agreement. Under such agreement, BNYM is obligated on a continuous basis, to provide such administrative services as the Board of Trustees reasonably deems necessary for the proper administration of the Trust and the Funds. BNYM will generally assist in all aspects of the Trust's and the Funds' operations; supply and maintain office facilities (which may be in BNYM's own offices), statistical and research data, data processing services, clerical, accounting, bookkeeping and record keeping services (including, without limitation, the maintenance of such books and records as are required under the 1940 Act and the rules thereunder, except as maintained by other agency agents), internal auditing, executive and administrative services, and stationery and office supplies; prepare reports to shareholders or investors; prepare and file tax returns; supply financial information and supporting data for reports to and filings with the SEC and various state Blue Sky authorities; supply supporting documentation for meetings of the Board of Trustees; and provide monitoring reports and assistance regarding compliance with federal and state securities laws.

Pursuant to the Fund Administration and Accounting Agreement, the Trust on behalf of the Funds has agreed to indemnify the Administrator for certain liabilities, including certain liabilities arising under the federal securities laws, unless such loss or liability results from negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of its duties.

Pursuant to the Fund Administration and Accounting Agreement between BNYM and the Trust, the Funds have agreed to pay such compensation as is mutually agreed from time to time and such out-of-pocket expenses as incurred by BNYM in the performance of its duties. This fee is subject to reduction for assets over \$1 billion. The following table sets forth the amounts paid by each Fund to BNYM under the Fund Administration and Accounting Agreement.

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<TABLE>

FUND	(FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010)	(FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011)	(FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012)
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
BICK Index Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0
Select Dividend Index Fund	\$28,472	\$60,094	\$102,985
Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund	\$33,409	\$64,346	\$72,583
Cloud Computing Index Fund	N/A	\$0	\$0
Global Copper Index Fund	\$1,075	\$0	\$0
Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund	\$24,043	\$32,713	\$27,197
Global Platinum Index Fund	\$1,388	\$0	\$0
Global Wind Energy Index Fund	\$43,077	\$36,593	\$22,763
Smartphone Index Fund	N/A	\$0	\$0
Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund	\$13,593	\$16,822	\$10,964
Global Auto Index Fund	N/A	\$0	\$0
European Select Dividend Index Fund 			

 \$7,389 | \$11,144 | \$14,217 |CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AGENT, FUND ACCOUNTING AGENT, DISTRIBUTOR, INDEX PROVIDERS AND EXCHANGES

Custodian, Transfer Agent and Accounting Agent. BNYM , as custodian for the Funds pursuant to a Custody Agreement, holds each Fund's assets (which may be held through U.S. and non-U.S. sub-custodians and depositories). BNYM also serves as transfer agent of the Funds pursuant to a Transfer Agency and Service Agreement. As the Funds' accounting agent, BNYM calculates the NAV of Shares and calculates net income and realized capital gains or losses. BNYM may be reimbursed by the Funds for its out-of-pocket expenses.

Distributor. First Trust Portfolios L.P., an affiliate of First Trust, is the distributor ("FTP" or the "Distributor") and principal underwriter of the

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Shares of the Funds. Its principal address is 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187. The Distributor has entered into a Distribution Agreement with the Trust pursuant to which it distributes Fund Shares. Shares are continuously offered for sale by the Funds through the Distributor only in Creation Unit Aggregations, as described in the Prospectus under the heading "Creation and Redemption of Creation Units."

The Advisor may, from time to time and from its own resources, pay, defray or absorb costs relating to distribution, including payments out of its own resources to the Distributor, or to otherwise promote the sale of Shares. The Advisor's available resources to make these payments include profits from advisory fees received from the Funds. The services the Advisor may pay for include, but are not limited to, advertising and attaining access to certain conferences and seminars, as well as being presented with the opportunity to address investors and industry professionals through speeches and written marketing materials.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2010, 2011 and 2012, there were no underwriting commissions with respect to the sale of Fund Shares, and First Trust Portfolios did not receive compensation on redemptions for the Funds for those periods.

 $12b\!-\!1$ Plan. The Trust has adopted a Plan of Distribution pursuant to Rule $12b\!-\!1$ under the 1940 Act (the "Plan") pursuant to which the Funds may reimburse the Distributor up to a maximum annual rate of 0.25% of their average daily net assets

Under the Plan and as required by Rule 12b-1, the Trustees will receive and review after the end of each calendar quarter a written report provided by the Distributor of the amounts expended under the Plan and the purpose for which such expenditures were made. With the exception of the Distributor and its affiliates, no "interested person" of the Trust (as that term is defined in the 1940 Act) and no Trustee of the Trust has a direct or indirect financial

interest in the operation of the Plan or any related agreement.

No fee is currently paid by a Fund under the Plan and pursuant to a contractual agreement, the Funds will not pay 12b-1 fees any time before January 31, 2014.

Aggregations. Fund Shares in less than Creation Unit Aggregations are not distributed by the Distributor. The Distributor will deliver the Prospectus and, upon request, this SAI to persons purchasing Creation Unit Aggregations and will maintain records of both orders placed with it and confirmations of acceptance furnished by it. The Distributor is a broker-dealer registered under the 1934 Act and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Distribution Agreement provides that it may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, on at least 60 days' written notice by the Trust to the Distributor (i) by vote of a majority of the Independent Trustees or (ii) by vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Funds. The Distribution Agreement will terminate automatically in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

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The Distributor has entered into agreements with participants that utilize the facilities of the Depository Trust Company (the "DTC Participants"), which have international operational capabilities and place orders for Creation Unit Aggregations of Fund Shares. Participating Parties (as defined in "Procedures for Creation Of Creation Unit Aggregations" below) shall be DTC Participants (as defined in "DTC Acts as Securities Depository for Fund Shares" below).

Index Providers. The Index Providers are not affiliated with the Funds, First Trust Portfolios or First Trust. Each Fund is entitled to use the applicable Index pursuant to a sublicensing arrangement by and between the Trust, on behalf of each Fund, and First Trust, which in turn has a license agreement with each Index Provider.

Select Dividend Index Fund Disclaimer.

The Fund is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Dow Jones. Dow Jones makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Fund or any member of the public regarding the advisability of trading in the Fund. Dow Jones' only relationship to First Trust is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of Dow Jones and of the Dow Jones Global Select Dividend IndexSM, which is determined, composed and calculated by Dow Jones without regard to First Trust or the Fund. Dow Jones has no obligation to take the needs of First Trust or the owners of the Fund into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Dow Jones Global Select Dividend IndexSM. Dow Jones is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the Fund to be listed or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Fund is to be converted into cash. Dow Jones has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Fund.

DOW JONES DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEXSM OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND DOW JONES SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INTERRUPTION THEREIN. DOW JONES MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY FIRST TRUST, OWNERS OF THE FUND, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEXSM OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. DOW JONES MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE DOW JONES GLOBAL SELECT DIVIDEND INDEXSM OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL DOW JONES HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THERE ARE NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANCEMENTS BETWEEN DOW JONES AND FIRST TRUST.

The Index was launched on October 17, 2007. Estimated daily historical closing prices based on back-testing (i.e., calculations of how the Index might

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have performed in the past if it had existed) are available back to December 31, 1998, the date at which the base value of the Index was set. Backtested performance information is purely hypothetical and is solely for informational purposes. Backtested performance does not represent actual performance, and should not be interpreted as an indication of actual performance. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

 $\hbox{\tt European Select Dividend Index Fund Disclaimer.}$

"STOXX" and STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Index" are trademarks of STOXX and have been licensed for use for certain purposes by First Trust and the European Select Dividend Index Fund. The European Select Dividend Index Fund is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by STOXX. STOXX makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the European Select Dividend Index Fund or any member of the public regarding the advisability of trading in the European Select Dividend Index Fund. STOXX's only relationship to First Trust and the European Select Dividend Index Fund is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of STOXX and the STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Index which is determined, composed and calculated by STOXX without regard to First Trust or the European Select Dividend Index Fund. STOXX has no obligation to take the needs of First Trust, the European Select Dividend Index Fund or the owners of the European Select Dividend Index Fund into consideration in determining composing or calculating the STOXX(R) Europe Select Dividend 30 Index. STOXX is not responsible for or has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the European Select Dividend Index Fund to be listed or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the European Select Dividend Index Fund is to be converted into cash. STOXX has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the European Select Dividend Index Fund.

STOXX DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND STOXX SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. STOXX MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY FIRST TRUST, THE FUND, OWNERS OF THE FUND, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. STOXX MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN, WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL STOXX HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THERE ARE NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN STOXX AND FIRST TRUST OR THE FUND.

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Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund Disclaimer.

The Shares of the Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund are not in any way sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by FTSE or by the London Stock Exchange Plc (the "London Exchange"), The Financial Times Limited ("FT"), Euronext N.V. ("Euronext"), European Public Real Estate Association ("EPRA") and National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") and neither FTSE, Euronext, London Exchange, FT, EPRA nor NAREIT makes any warranty or representation whatsoever, expressly or impliedly, either as to the results to be obtained from the use of the Index and/or the figure at which the said Developed Index stands at any particular time on any particular day or otherwise. The Developed Index is compiled and calculated by FTSE. However, neither FTSE, Euronext, London Exchange, FT, EPRA nor NAREIT shall be liable (whether in negligence or otherwise) to any person for any error in the Index and neither FTSE, Euronext, London Exchange, FT, EPRA or NAREIT shall be under any obligation to advise any person of any error therein.

 ${\tt FTSE\,(R)} \ \, {\tt is\,\, a\,\, trademark\,\, of\,\, the\,\, London\,\, Exchange\,\, and\,\, the\,\, FT\,\, and\,\, is\,\, used\,\, by} \\ {\tt FTSE\,\, under\,\, license.\,\, EPRA\,(R)} \ \, {\tt is\,\, a\,\,\, trademark\,\, of\,\, the\,\, EPRA\,\, and\,\, NAREIT\,(R)} \ \, {\tt is\,\, a} \\ {\tt trademark\,\, of\,\, the\,\, NAREIT.} \\$

Smartphone Index Fund, Smart Grid Infrastructure Fund and Global Auto Index Fund

The Funds are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. ("NASDAQ OMX"), Clean Edge, Inc. ("Clean Edge") or their affiliates (NASDAQ OMX and Clean Edge, collectively with their affiliates, are referred to as the "Corporations"). The Corporations have not passed on the legality or suitability of, or the accuracy or adequacy of descriptions and disclosures relating to, the Funds. The Corporations make no representation or warranty, express or implied to the owners of the Funds or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in each Fund particularly, or the ability of the NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM), NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM) or NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM) to track general stock market or sector performance. The Corporations' only relationship to First Trust Advisors L.P. ("Licensee") is in the licensing of: (a) certain intellectual property, including the NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM), NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM) and NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM) , and certain trade names, trademarks or service marks of the Corporations; and (b) the use of the NASDAQ OMX(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index(SM), NASDAQ OMX CEA Smartphone Index(SM) and NASDAQ OMX Global Auto Index(SM) , which each is determined and composed by the Corporations without regard to Licensee or the Funds, as a benchmark or a component of a pricing or settlement mechanism for each Fund. The Corporations neither recommend nor endorse any investment in the Indices or any Fund based thereon. The Corporations are not responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or

quantities of the Funds to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Funds are to be converted into cash. The Corporations have no liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Funds. Neither the Indices nor the Funds should be construed as investment advice by the Corporations.

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THE CORPORATIONS DO NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR UNINTERRUPTED CALCULATION OF THE NASDAQ OMX(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX(SM), NASDAQ OMX CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX(SM) OR NASDAQ OMX GLOBAL AUTO INDEX(SM) OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY LICENSEE OR THE FUNDS, OWNERS OF THE FUNDS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE NASDAQ OMX(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX(SM), NASDAQ OMX CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX(SM) OR NASDAQ OMX GLOBAL AUTO INDEX(SM) OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE NASDAQ OMX(R) CLEAN EDGE(R) SMART GRID INFRASTRUCTURE INDEX(SM), NASDAQ OMX CEA SMARTPHONE INDEX(SM) OR NASDAQ OMX GLOBAL AUTO INDEX(SM) OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CORPORATIONS HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

BICK Index Fund, Cloud Computing Index Fund, Global Copper Index Fund, Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, Global Platinum Index Fund and Global Wind Energy Index Fund Disclaimer.

The Funds are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by International Securities Exchange, LLC(R) ("ISE"). ISE makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Funds or any member of the public regarding the advisability of trading in the Fund. ISE's only relationship to First Trust is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of ISE and of the Indexes which are determined, composed and calculated by ISE without regard to First Trust or the Funds. ISE has no obligation to take the needs of First Trust or the owners of the Funds into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Index. ISE is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the Funds to be listed or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Funds are to be converted into cash. ISE has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Funds.

ISE DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND ISE SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. ISE MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY FIRST TRUST, OWNERS OF THE FUNDS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. ISE MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING,

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IN NO EVENT SHALL ISE HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THERE ARE NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN ISE AND FIRST TRUST.

Additional Service Providers. First Trust has engaged certain agents (the "Calculation Agents") to calculate and disseminate the intra-day values for the Shares of the Funds. The Funds will reimburse First Trust for some or all of the fees paid for such service.

Exchanges. The only relationship that NYSE Arca has with First Trust or the Distributor of the Funds in connection with the Funds is that NYSE Arca lists the Shares of certain of the Funds and disseminates the intra-day portfolio values of certain Funds pursuant to its listing agreement with the Trust. NYSE Arca is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of pricing or the timing of the issuance or sale of the Shares of the Funds or in the determination or calculation of the net asset value of the Funds. NYSE Arca has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Funds.

The only relationship that NASDAQ has with First Trust or the Distributor of the Funds in connection with the Funds is that NASDAQ lists the Shares of certain of the Funds and disseminates the intra-day portfolio values of certain Funds pursuant to its listing agreement with the Trust. NASDAQ is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of pricing or the timing of the issuance or sale of the Shares of the Funds or in the determination or calculation of the net asset value of the Funds. NASDAQ has no

obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Funds.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Book Entry Only System. The following information supplements and should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus.

DTC Acts as Securities Depository for Fund Shares. Shares of the Funds are represented by securities registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee, Cede & Co., and deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC.

DTC, a limited-purpose trust company, was created to hold securities of its participants (the "DTC Participants") and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions among the DTC Participants in such securities through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of the DTC Participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities or certificates. DTC Participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of whom (and/or their representatives) own DTC. More specifically, DTC is owned by a number of its DTC Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") and FINRA. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC Participant, either directly or indirectly (the "Indirect Participants").

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Beneficial ownership of Shares is limited to DTC Participants, Indirect Participants and persons holding interests through DTC Participants and Indirect Participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in Shares (owners of such beneficial interests are referred to herein as "Beneficial Owners") is shown on, and the transfer of ownership is effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to DTC Participants) and on the records of DTC Participants (with respect to Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners that are not DTC Participants). Beneficial Owners will receive from or through the DTC Participant a written confirmation relating to their purchase and sale of

Conveyance of all notices, statements and other communications to Beneficial Owners is effected as follows. Pursuant to a letter agreement between DTC and the Trust, DTC is required to make available to the Trust upon request and for a fee to be charged to the Trust a listing of the Shares of the Funds held by each DTC Participant. The Trust shall inquire of each such DTC Participant as to the number of Beneficial Owners holding Shares, directly or indirectly, through such DTC Participant. The Trust shall provide each such DTC Participant with copies of such notice, statement or other communication, in such form, number and at such place as such DTC Participant may reasonably request, in order that such notice, statement or communication may be transmitted by such DTC Participant, directly or indirectly, to such Beneficial Owners. In addition, the Trust shall pay to each such DTC Participants a fair and reasonable amount as reimbursement for the expenses attendant to such transmittal, all subject to applicable statutory and regulatory requirements.

Fund distributions shall be made to DTC or its nominee, as the registered holder of all Fund Shares. DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any such distributions, shall immediately credit DTC Participants' accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in Shares of the Funds as shown on the records of DTC or its nominee. Payments by DTC Participants to Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners of Shares held through such DTC Participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in a "street name," and will be the responsibility of such DTC Participants.

The Trust has no responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or notices to Beneficial Owners, or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in such Shares, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests, or for any other aspect of the relationship between DTC and the DTC Participants or the relationship between such DTC Participants and the Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners owning through such DTC Participants.

DTC may decide to discontinue providing its service with respect to Shares at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Trust and discharging its responsibilities with respect thereto under applicable law. Under such circumstances, the Trust shall take action to find a replacement for DTC to perform its functions at a comparable cost.

Intra-Day Portfolio Value. The price of a non-U.S. security that is primarily traded on a non-U.S. exchange shall be updated every 15 seconds throughout its trading day, provided, that upon the closing of such non-U.S. exchange, the closing price of the security will be used throughout the

remainder of the business day where the markets remain open. These exchange rates may differ from those used by First Trust and consequently result in intra-day portfolio values that may vary. Furthermore, in calculating the intra-day portfolio values of each Fund's Shares, the Calculation Agent shall use the exchange rates throughout the day (9:00 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. Eastern Time) that it deems to be most appropriate.

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Board has delegated to First Trust the proxy voting responsibilities for the Funds and has directed First Trust to vote proxies consistent with the Funds' best interests. First Trust has engaged the services of ISS Governance Services, a division of RiskMetrics Group, Inc. ("ISS"), to make recommendations to First Trust on the voting of proxies relating to securities held by the Funds. If First Trust manages the assets of a company or its pension plan and any of First Trust's clients hold any securities of that company, First Trust will vote proxies relating to such company's securities in accordance with the ISS recommendations to avoid any conflict of interest. While these guidelines are not intended to be all-inclusive, they do provide guidance on First Trust's general voting policies.

Information regarding how the Funds voted proxies (if any) relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30, is available upon request and without charge on the Funds' website at http://www.ftportfolios.com; and by calling (800) 621-1675 or by accessing the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

Quarterly Portfolio Schedule. The Trust is required to disclose, after its first and third fiscal quarters, the complete schedule of the Funds' portfolio holdings with the SEC on Form N-Q. Forms N-Q for the Trust are available on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov. The Funds' Forms N-Q may also be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. and information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330. The Trust's Forms N-Q are available without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 621-1675 or by writing to First Trust Portfolios L.P., 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.

Policy Regarding Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings. The Trust has adopted a policy regarding the disclosure of information about each Fund's portfolio holdings. The Board of Trustees must approve all material amendments to this policy. Each Fund's portfolio holdings are publicly disseminated each day the Fund is open for business through financial reporting and news services, including publicly accessible Internet websites. In addition, a basket composition file, which includes the security names and share quantities to deliver in exchange for Fund Shares, together with estimates and actual cash components, is publicly disseminated each day the NYSE is open for trading via the National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC"). The basket represents one Creation Unit of a Fund. Each Fund's portfolio holdings are also available on the Funds' website at http://www.ftportfolios.com. The Trust, First Trust, FTP and BNYM will not disseminate non-public information concerning the Trust.

Codes of Ethics. In order to mitigate the possibility that the Funds will be adversely affected by personal trading, the Trust, First Trust and the $\,$

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Distributor have adopted Codes of Ethics under Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act. These Codes of Ethics contain policies restricting securities trading in personal accounts of the officers, Trustees and others who normally come into possession of information on portfolio transactions. Personnel subject to the Codes of Ethics may invest in securities that may be purchased or held by the Funds; however, the Codes of Ethics require that each transaction in such securities be reviewed by the Chief Compliance Officer or his or her designee. These Codes of Ethics are on public file with, and are available from, the SEC.

CREATION AND REDEMPTION OF CREATION UNIT AGGREGATIONS

Creation. The Trust issues and sells Shares of the Funds only in Creation Unit Aggregations on a continuous basis through the Distributor, without a sales load, at their NAVs next determined after receipt, on any Business Day (as defined below), of an order in proper form.

A "Business Day" is any day on which the NYSE is open for business. As of the date of this SAI, the NYSE observes the following holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

Deposit of Securities and Deposit or Delivery of Cash. The consideration

for purchase of Creation Unit Aggregations of a Fund may consist of (i) cash in lieu of all or a portion of the Deposit Securities, as defined below, and/or (ii) a designated portfolio of equity securities determined by First Trust--the "Deposit Securities"--per each Creation Unit Aggregation constituting a substantial replication of the stocks included in the underlying index ("Fund Securities") and generally an amount of cash--the "Cash Component"--computed as described below. Together, the Deposit Securities and the Cash Component (including the cash in lieu amount) constitute the "Fund Deposit," which represents the minimum initial and subsequent investment amount for a Creation Unit Aggregation of a Fund.

The Cash Component is sometimes also referred to as the Balancing Amount. The Cash Component serves the function of compensating for any differences between the NAV per Creation Unit Aggregation and the Deposit Amount (as defined below). The Cash Component is an amount equal to the difference between the NAV of Fund Shares (per Creation Unit Aggregation) and the "Deposit Amount"--an amount equal to the market value of the Deposit Securities and/or cash in lieu of all or a portion of the Deposit Securities. If the Cash Component is a positive number (i.e., the NAV per Creation Unit Aggregation exceeds the Deposit Amount), the creator will deliver the Cash Component. If the Cash Component is a negative number (i.e., the NAV per Creation Unit Aggregation is less than the Deposit Amount), the creator will receive the Cash Component.

The Custodian, through the NSCC (discussed below), makes available on each Business Day, prior to the opening of business of the NYSE (currently 9:30 a.m., Eastern Time), the list of the names and the required number of shares of each Deposit Security to be included in the current Fund Deposit (based on information at the end of the previous Business Day) for a Fund.

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Such Fund Deposit is applicable, subject to any adjustments as described below, in order to effect creations of Creation Unit Aggregations of a Fund until such time as the next-announced composition of the Deposit Securities is made available.

The identity and number of shares of the Deposit Securities required for a Fund Deposit for a Fund changes as rebalancing adjustments and corporate action events are reflected within a Fund from time to time by First Trust with a view to the investment objective of each Fund. The composition of the Deposit Securities may also change in response to adjustments to the weighting or composition of the component stocks of the underlying index. In addition, the Trust reserves the right to permit or require the substitution of an amount of cash--i.e., a "cash in lieu" amount--to be added to the Cash Component to replace any Deposit Security that may not be available, may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or which might not be eligible for trading by an Authorized Participant (as defined below) or the investor for which it is acting or other relevant reason. The adjustments described above will reflect changes known to First Trust on the date of announcement to be in effect by the time of delivery of the Fund Deposit, in the composition of the underlying index or resulting from certain corporate actions.

In addition to the list of names and numbers of securities constituting the current Deposit Securities of a Fund Deposit, the Custodian, through the NSCC, also makes available on each Business Day, the estimated Cash Component, effective through and including the previous Business Day, per outstanding Creation Unit Aggregation of a Fund.

Procedures for Creation of Creation Unit Aggregations. In order to be eligible to place orders with the Distributor and to create a Creation Unit Aggregation of a Fund, an entity must be a DTC Participant (see the Book Entry Only System section), and must have executed an agreement with the Distributor and transfer agent, with respect to creations and redemptions of Creation Unit Aggregations ("Participant Agreement") (discussed below), and have international operational capabilities. A DTC Participant is also referred to as an "Authorized Participant." Investors should contact the Distributor for the names of Authorized Participants that have signed a Participant Agreement. All Fund Shares, however created, will be entered on the records of DTC in the name of Cede & Co. for the account of a DTC Participant.

All orders to create Creation Unit Aggregations must be received by the transfer agent no later than the closing time of the regular trading session on the NYSE ("Closing Time") (ordinarily 4:00 p.m., Eastern Time) in each case on the date such order is placed in order for creation of Creation Unit Aggregations to be effected based on the NAV of Shares of the Funds as next determined on such date after receipt of the order in proper form. In the case of custom orders, the order must be received by the transfer agent no later than 3:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the trade date. A custom order may be placed by an Authorized Participant in the event that the Trust permits or requires the substitution of an amount of cash to be added to the Cash Component to replace any Deposit Security which may not be available, which may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or which may not be eligible for trading by such Authorized Participant or the investor for which it is acting or other

relevant reason. The date on which an order to create Creation Unit Aggregations (or an order to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations, as discussed below) is placed is referred to as the "Transmittal Date." Orders must be transmitted by an Authorized Participant by telephone or other transmission method acceptable to

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the transfer agent pursuant to procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement, as described below. Severe economic or market disruptions or changes, or telephone or other communications failure, may impede the ability to reach the transfer agent or an Authorized Participant.

For non-U.S. Securities, Deposit Securities must be delivered to an account maintained at the applicable local subcustodian of the Trust on or before the International Contractual Settlement Date (as defined below). If a Deposit Security is an ADR or similar domestic instrument, it may be delivered to the Custodian. The Authorized Participant must also pay on or before the International Contractual Settlement Date immediately available or same-day funds estimated by the Trust to be sufficient to pay the Cash Component next determined after acceptance of the Creation Order, together with the applicable Creation Transaction Fee (as defined below) and additional variable amounts, as described below. Orders must be transmitted by an Authorized Participant by telephone or other transmission method acceptable to the transfer agent pursuant to procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement (as described below).

All orders from investors who are not Authorized Participants to create Creation Unit Aggregations shall be placed with an Authorized Participant, as applicable, in the form required by such Authorized Participant. In addition, the Authorized Participant may request the investor to make certain representations or enter into agreements with respect to the order, e.g., to provide for payments of cash, when required. Investors should be aware that their particular broker may not have executed a Participant Agreement and that, therefore, orders to create Creation Unit Aggregations of a Fund have to be placed by the investor's broker through an Authorized Participant that has executed a Participant Agreement. In such cases there may be additional charges to such investor. At any given time, there may be only a limited number of broker-dealers that have executed a Participant Agreement. Those persons placing orders should ascertain the deadlines applicable to DTC and the Federal Reserve Bank wire system by contacting the operations department of the broker or depository institution effectuating such transfer of Deposit Securities and Cash Component.

Placement of Creation Orders. In order to purchase Creation Units of a Fund, an Authorized Participant must submit an order to purchase for one or more Creation Units. All such orders must be received by the Funds' transfer agent in proper form no later than the close of regular trading on the NYSE (ordinarily 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) in order to receive that day's closing NAV per share. Orders must be placed in proper form by or through an Authorized Participant which is a DTC Participant, i.e., a subcustodian of the Trust. Deposit Securities must be delivered to the Trust through DTC or NSCC, and Deposit Securities which are non-U.S. securities must be delivered to an account maintained at the applicable local subcustodian of the Trust on or before the International Contractual Settlement Date, as defined below. If a Deposit Security is an ADR or similar domestic instrument, it may be delivered to the Custodian. The Authorized Participant must also pay on or before the International Contractual Settlement Date immediately available or same-day funds estimated by Trust to be sufficient to pay the Cash Component next determined after acceptance of the Creation Order, together with the applicable Creation Transaction Fee and additional variable amounts, as described below. The "International Contractual Settlement Date" is the earlier of (i) the date upon which all of the required Deposit Securities, the Cash Component and any

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other cash amounts which may be due are delivered to the Funds or (ii) the latest day for settlement on the customary settlement cycle in the jurisdiction(s) where any of the securities of such Fund are customarily traded. A custom order may be placed by an Authorized Participant in the event that the Funds permit or requires the substitution of an amount of cash to be added to the Cash Component (if applicable) to replace any Deposit Security which may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or which may not be eligible for trading by such Authorized Participant or the investor for which it is acting or any other relevant reason.

The Authorized Participant must also make available no later than 2:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the International Contractual Settlement Date, by means satisfactory to the Trust, immediately-available or same-day funds estimated by the Trust to be sufficient to pay the Cash Component next determined after acceptance of the purchase order, together with the applicable purchase transaction fee. Any excess funds will be returned following settlement of the issue of the Creation Unit Aggregation.

A Creation Unit Aggregation will not be issued until the transfer of good title to the Trust of the portfolio of Deposit Securities, the payment of the Cash Component, the payment of any other cash amounts and the Creation Transaction Fee (as defined below) have been completed. When the required Deposit Securities which are U.S. securities have been delivered to the Trust through DTC or NSCC, and Deposit Securities which are non-U.S. securities have been delivered to the Custodian and each relevant subcustodian confirms to Custodian that the required Deposit Securities which are non-U.S. securities (or, when permitted in the sole discretion of Trust, the cash in lieu thereof) have been delivered to the account of the relevant subcustodian, the Custodian shall notify the Distributor and the transfer agent which, acting on behalf of the Trust, will issue and cause the delivery of the Creation Unit Aggregations. The Trust may in its sole discretion permit or require the substitution of an amount of cash (i.e., a "cash in lieu" amount) to be added to the Cash Component to replace any Deposit Security which may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or for other similar reasons. If the Distributor, acting on behalf of the Trust, determines that a "cash in lieu" amount will be accepted, the Distributor will notify the Authorized Participant and the transfer agent, and the Authorized Participant shall deliver, on behalf of itself or the party on whose behalf it is acting, the "cash in lieu" amount, with any appropriate adjustments as advised by the Trust as discussed below.

In the event that an order for a Creation Unit is incomplete on the International Contractual Settlement Date because certain or all of the Deposit Securities are missing, the Trust may issue a Creation Unit notwithstanding such deficiency in reliance on the undertaking of the Authorized Participant to deliver the missing Deposit Securities as soon as possible, which undertaking shall be secured by an Additional Cash Deposit with respect to undelivered Deposit Securities. The Trust may permit, in its discretion, the Authorized Participant to substitute a different security in lieu of depositing some or all of the Deposit Securities. Substitution of cash or a different security might be permitted or required, for example, because one or more Deposit Securities may be unavailable in the quantity needed or may not be eligible for trading by the Authorized Participant due to local trading restrictions or other restrictions.

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To the extent contemplated by the applicable Participant Agreement, Creation Unit Aggregations of the Funds will be issued to such Authorized Participant notwithstanding the fact that the corresponding Fund Deposits have not been received in part or in whole, in reliance on the undertaking of the Authorized Participant to deliver the missing Deposit Securities as soon as possible, which undertaking shall be secured by such Authorized Participant's delivery and maintenance of collateral consisting of cash in the form of U.S. dollars in immediately available funds having a value (marked to market daily) at least equal to 115% which First Trust may change from time to time of the value of the missing Deposit Securities. Such cash collateral must be delivered no later than 2:00 p.m., Eastern time, on the contractual settlement date. The Participant Agreement will permit the Funds to buy the missing Deposit Securities at any time and will subject the Authorized Participant to liability for any shortfall between the cost to the Trust of purchasing such securities and the value of the collateral.

Acceptance of Orders for Creation Unit Aggregations. The Trust reserves the absolute right to reject a creation order transmitted to it by the Distributor with respect to a Fund if: (i) the order is not in proper form; (ii) the investor(s), upon obtaining the Fund Shares ordered, would own 80% or more of the currently outstanding shares of the Funds; (iii) the Deposit Securities delivered are not as disseminated for that date by the Custodian, as described above; (iv) acceptance of the Deposit Securities would have certain adverse tax consequences to the Fund; (v) acceptance of the Fund Deposit would, in the opinion of counsel, be unlawful; (vi) acceptance of the Fund Deposit would otherwise, in the discretion of the Trust or First Trust, have an adverse effect on the Fund or the rights of Beneficial Owners; or (vii) in the event that circumstances outside the control of the Trust, the Custodian, the Distributor and First Trust make it for all practical purposes impossible to process creation orders. Examples of such circumstances include acts of God; public service or utility problems such as fires, floods, extreme weather conditions and power outages resulting in telephone, telecopy and computer failures; market conditions or activities causing trading halts; systems failures involving computer or other information systems affecting the Trust, First Trust, the Distributor, DTC, NSCC, the Custodian or sub-custodian or any other participant in the creation process, and similar extraordinary events. In addition, an order may be rejected for practical reasons such as the imposition by a foreign government or a regulatory body of controls, or other monetary, currency or trading restrictions that directly affect the portfolio securities held or systems failures involving computer or other information systems affecting any relevant sub-custodian. The Distributor shall notify a prospective creator of a Creation Unit and/or the Authorized Participant acting on behalf of such prospective creator of its rejection of the order of such person. The Trust, the Custodian, any sub-custodian and the Distributor are under no duty, however, to give notification of any defects or irregularities in the delivery of Fund

Deposits, nor shall any of them incur any liability for the failure to give any such notification.

All questions as to the number of shares of each security in the Deposit Securities and the validity, form, eligibility, and acceptance for deposit of any securities to be delivered shall be determined by the Trust, and the Trust's determination shall be final and binding.

Creation Transaction Fee. Purchasers of Creation Units must pay a creation transaction fee (the "Creation Transaction Fee") to BONY that is currently \$500 for the European Select Dividend Index Fund, Cloud Computing Index Fund, Global Platinum Index Fund, Global Copper Index Fund and Smart Grid Infrastructure

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Index Fund, \$4,000 for the Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, \$1,000 for the Select Dividend Index Fund, Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, Global Wind Energy Index Fund, Smartphone Index Fund and Global Auto Index Fund, and \$2,500 for the BICK Index Fund. The Creation Transaction Fee is applicable to each purchase transaction regardless of the number of Creation Units purchased in the transaction. The Creation Transaction Fee may vary and is based on the composition of the securities included in the Funds' portfolio and the countries in which the transactions are settled. The Creation Transaction Fee may increase or decrease as the Funds' portfolio is adjusted to conform to changes in the composition of the Index. The price for each Creation Unit will equal the daily NAV per Share times the number of Shares in a Creation Unit plus the fees described above and, if applicable, any operational processing and brokerage costs, transfer fees or stamp taxes. When a Fund permits an Authorized Participant to substitute cash or a different security in lieu of depositing one or more of the requisite Deposit Securities, the Authorized Participant may also be assessed an amount to cover the cost of purchasing the Deposit Securities and/or disposing of the substituted securities, including operational processing and brokerage costs, transfer fees, stamp taxes, and part or all of the spread between the expected bid and offer side of the market related to such Deposit Securities and/or substitute securities.

Shares of a Fund may be issued in advance of receipt of all Deposit Securities subject to various conditions including a requirement to maintain on deposit with a Fund cash at least equal to 115% of the market value of the missing Deposit Securities.

Redemption of Fund Shares In Creation Units Aggregations. Fund Shares may be redeemed only in Creation Unit Aggregations at their NAV next determined after receipt of a redemption request in proper form by a Fund through the transfer agent and only on a Business Day. A Fund will not redeem Shares in amounts less than Creation Unit Aggregations. Beneficial Owners must accumulate enough Shares in the secondary market to constitute a Creation Unit Aggregation in order to have such Shares redeemed by the Trust. A redeeming beneficial owner must maintain appropriate security arrangements with a broker-dealer, bank or other custody provider in each jurisdiction in which any of the portfolio securities are customarily traded. If such arrangements cannot be made, or it is not possible to effect deliveries of the portfolio securities in a particular jurisdiction or under certain other circumstances (for example, holders may incur unfavorable tax treatment in some countries if they are entitled to receive "in-kind" redemption proceeds), Fund Shares may be redeemed for cash at the discretion of First Trust. There can be no assurance, however, that there will be sufficient liquidity in the public trading market at any time to permit assembly of a Creation Unit Aggregation. Investors should expect to incur customary brokerage and other costs in connection with assembling a sufficient number of Fund Shares to constitute a redeemable Creation Unit Aggregation.

With respect to the Funds, the Custodian, through the NSCC, makes available prior to the opening of business on the NYSE (currently 9:30 a.m. Eastern Time) on each Business Day, the identity of the Fund Securities that will be applicable (subject to possible amendment or correction) to redemption requests received in proper form (as described below) on that day. Fund Securities received on redemption may not be identical to Deposit Securities that are applicable to creations of Creation Unit Aggregations.

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Unless cash redemptions are available or specified for a Fund, the redemption proceeds for a Creation Unit Aggregation generally consist of Fund Securities—as announced on the Business Day of the request for redemption received in proper form—plus or minus cash in an amount equal to the difference between the NAV of the Fund Shares being redeemed, as next determined after a receipt of a request in proper form, and the value of the Fund Securities (the "Cash Redemption Amount"), less the applicable Redemption Transaction Fee as listed below and, if applicable, any operational processing and brokerage costs, transfer fees or stamp taxes. In the event that the Fund Securities have a value greater than the NAV of the Fund Shares, a compensating cash payment equal to

the difference plus, the applicable Redemption Transaction Fee and, if applicable, any operational processing and brokerage costs, transfer fees or stamp taxes is required to be made by or through an Authorized Participant by the redeeming shareholder.

The right of redemption may be suspended or the date of payment postponed (i) for any period during which the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings); (ii) for any period during which trading on the NYSE is suspended or restricted; (iii) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which disposal of the Shares of the Funds or determination of the Fund's NAV is not reasonably practicable; or (iv) in such other circumstances as is permitted by the SEC.

Redemption Transaction Fee. Parties redeeming Creation Units must pay a redemption transaction fee (the "Redemption Transaction Fee") to BONY that is currently \$500 for the European Select Dividend Index Fund, Cloud Computing Index Fund, Global Platinum Index Fund, Global Copper Index Fund and Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund, \$4,000 for the Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, \$1,000 for the Select Dividend Index Fund, Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, Global Wind Energy Index Fund, Smartphone Index Fund and Global Auto Index Fund, and \$2,500 for the BICK Index Fund. The Redemption Transaction Fee is applicable to each redemption transaction regardless of the number of Creation Units redeemed in the transaction. The Redemption Transaction Fee may vary and is based on the composition of the securities included in a Fund's portfolio and the countries in which the transactions are settled. The Redemption Transaction Fee may increase or decrease as a Fund's portfolio is adjusted to conform to changes in the composition of the Index. A Fund reserves the right to effect redemptions in cash. A shareholder may request a cash redemption in lieu of securities; however, a Fund may, in its discretion, reject any such request. Investors will also bear the costs of transferring the Fund Securities from the Trust to their account or on their order. Investors who use the services of a broker or other such intermediary in addition to an Authorized Participant to effect a redemption of a Creation Unit Aggregation may be charged an additional fee for such services.

Placement of Redemption Orders. Orders to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations must be delivered through an Authorized Participant that has executed a Participant Agreement. Investors other than Authorized Participants are responsible for making arrangements for a redemption request to be made through an Authorized Participant. An order to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations of a Fund is deemed received by the Trust on the Transmittal Date if: (i) such order is received by BONY (in its capacity as transfer agent) not later than the Closing Time on the Transmittal Date; (ii) such order is accompanied or followed

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by the requisite number of shares of a Fund specified in such order, which delivery must be made through DTC to BONY; and (iii) all other procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement are properly followed.

Under the 1940 Act, a Fund would generally be required to make payment of redemption proceeds within seven days after a security is tendered is redemption. However, because the settlement of redemptions of Fund Shares is contingent not only on the settlement cycle of the United States securities markets, but also on delivery cycles of foreign markets, a Fund's redemption proceeds must be paid within the maximum number of calendar days required for such payment or satisfaction in the principal local foreign markets where transactions in portfolio securities customarily clear and settle, but no later than 12 calendar days following tender of a Creation Unit Aggregation. Due to the schedule of holidays in certain countries, however, the delivery of in-kind redemption proceeds for the Funds may take longer than three Business Days after the day on which the redemption request is received in proper form. In such cases, the local market settlement procedures will not commence until the end of the local holiday periods. See below for a list of the local holidays in the foreign countries relevant to the Funds.

In connection with taking delivery of shares of Fund Securities upon redemption of shares of the Funds, a redeeming Beneficial Owner, or Authorized Participant acting on behalf of such Beneficial Owner, must maintain appropriate security arrangements with a qualified broker-dealer, bank or other custody provider in each jurisdiction in which any of the Fund Securities are customarily traded, to which account such Fund Securities will be delivered.

To the extent contemplated by an Authorized Participant's agreement, in the event the Authorized Participant has submitted a redemption request in proper form but is unable to transfer all or part of the Creation Unit Aggregation to be redeemed to the Funds' transfer agent, the transfer agent will nonetheless accept the redemption request in reliance on the undertaking by the Authorized Participant to deliver the missing shares as soon as possible. Such undertaking shall be secured by the Authorized Participant's delivery and maintenance of collateral consisting of cash having a value (marked to market daily) at least equal to 115%, which First Trust may change from time to time, of the value of the missing shares.

The current procedures for collateralization of missing shares require, among other things, that any cash collateral shall be in the form of U.S. dollars in immediately available funds and shall be held by BONY and marked to market daily, and that the fees of BONY and any sub-custodians in respect of the delivery, maintenance and redelivery of the cash collateral shall be payable by the Authorized Participant. The Authorized Participant's agreement will permit the Trust, on behalf of the affected Fund, to purchase the missing shares or acquire the Deposit Securities and the Cash Component underlying such shares at any time and will subject the Authorized Participant to liability for any shortfall between the cost to the Trust of purchasing such shares, Deposit Securities or Cash Component and the value of the collateral.

The calculation of the value of the Fund Securities and the Cash Redemption Amount to be delivered/received upon redemption will be made by BONY according to the procedures set forth in this SAI under "Determination of NAV" computed on the Business Day on which a redemption order is deemed received by the Trust. Therefore, if a redemption order in proper form is submitted to BONY by a DTC Participant not later than Closing Time on the Transmittal Date, and

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the requisite number of shares of the relevant Fund are delivered to BONY prior to the DTC Cut-Off-Time, then the value of the Fund Securities and the Cash Redemption Amount to be delivered will be determined by BONY on such Transmittal Date. If, however, a redemption order is submitted to BONY by a DTC Participant not later than the Closing Time on the Transmittal Date but either (i) the requisite number of Shares of the relevant Fund are not delivered by the DTC Cut-Off-Time, as described above, on such Transmittal Date, or (ii) the redemption order is not submitted in proper form, then the redemption order will not be deemed received as of the Transmittal Date. In such case, the value of the Fund Securities and the Cash Redemption Amount to be delivered/received will be computed on the Business Day that such order is deemed received by the Trust, i.e., the Business Day on which the shares of the relevant Fund are delivered through DTC to BONY by the DTC Cut-Off-Time on such Business Day pursuant to a properly submitted redemption order.

If it is not possible to effect deliveries of the Fund Securities, the Trust may in its discretion exercise its option to redeem such Fund Shares in cash, and the redeeming Beneficial Owner will be required to receive its redemption proceeds in cash. In addition, an investor may request a redemption in cash that a Fund may, in its sole discretion, permit. In either case, the investor will receive a cash payment equal to the NAV of its Fund Shares based on the NAV of Shares of the relevant Fund next determined after the redemption request is received in proper form (minus a redemption transaction fee and additional charge for requested cash redemptions specified above, to offset the Trust's brokerage and other transaction costs associated with the disposition of Fund Securities). A Fund may also, in its sole discretion, upon request of a shareholder, provide such redeemer a portfolio of securities that differs from the exact composition of the Fund Securities, or cash lieu of some securities added to the Cash Component, but in no event will the total value of the securities delivered and the cash transmitted differ from the NAV. Redemptions of Fund Shares for Fund Securities will be subject to compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws and the Fund (whether or not it otherwise permits cash redemptions) reserves the right to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations for cash to the extent that the Trust could not lawfully deliver specific Fund Securities upon redemptions or could not do so without first registering the Fund Securities under such laws. An Authorized Participant or an investor for which it is acting subject to a legal restriction with respect to a particular stock included in the Fund Securities applicable to the redemption of a Creation Unit Aggregation may be paid an equivalent amount of cash. The Authorized Participant may request the redeeming Beneficial Owner of the Fund Shares to complete an order form or to enter into agreements with respect to such matters as compensating cash payment, beneficial ownership of Shares or delivery instructions.

Because the Portfolio Securities of the Funds may trade on the relevant exchange(s) on days that the listing exchange for a Fund is closed or are otherwise not Business Days for such Fund, shareholders may not be able to redeem their shares of such Fund, or purchase and sell shares of such Fund on the listing exchange for a Fund, on days when the NAV of such Fund could be significantly affected by events in the relevant foreign markets.

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REGULAR HOLIDAYS

A Fund generally intends to effect deliveries of Creation Units and securities in its portfolio ("Portfolio Securities") on a basis of "T" plus three Business Days (i.e., days on which the NYSE is open). A Fund may effect deliveries of Creation Units and portfolio securities on a basis other than T

plus three in order to accommodate local holiday schedules, to account for different treatment among non-U.S. and U.S. markets of dividend record dates and ex-dividend dates, or under certain other circumstances. The ability of the Trust to effect in-kind creations and redemptions within three Business Days of receipt of an order in good form is subject, among other things, to the condition that, within the time period from the date of the order to the date of delivery of the securities, there are no days that are holidays in the applicable foreign market. For every occurrence of one or more intervening holidays in the applicable non-U.S. market that are not holidays observed in the U.S. equity market, the redemption settlement cycle will be extended by the number of such intervening holidays. In addition to holidays, other unforeseeable closings in a non-U.S. market due to emergencies may also prevent the Trust from delivering securities within normal settlement period.

The securities delivery cycles currently practicable for transferring Portfolio Securities to redeeming investors, coupled with non-U.S. market holiday schedules, will require a delivery process longer than seven calendar days for some Funds in certain circumstances. The holidays applicable to a Fund during such periods are listed below, as are instances where more than seven days will be needed to deliver redemption proceeds. Although certain holidays may occur on different dates in subsequent years, the number of days required to deliver redemption proceeds in any given year is not expected to exceed the maximum number of days listed below for a Fund. The proclamation of new holidays, the treatment by market participants of certain days as "informal holidays" (e.g., days on which no or limited securities transactions occur, as a result of substantially shortened trading hours), the elimination of existing holidays, or changes in local securities delivery practices, could affect the information set forth herein at some time in the future.

The dates of the regular holidays affecting the relevant securities markets from February 1, 2013 through February 1, 2014 of the below-listed countries are as follows:

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ARGENTINA	AUSTRALIA	AUSTRIA	BELGIUM
February 11 February 12 March 29 April 1 April 2 May 1 May 25 June 20 June 21 July 9 August 19 October 14 November 25 December 8 December 25 January 1	March 29 April 1 April 25 December 25 December 26 January 1 January 27	April 1 May 1 May 9 May 20 May 30 August 15 October 26 November 1 December 25 December 26 January 1	April 1 May 1 May 9 May 20 August 15 November 1 November 11 December 25 January 1
BRAZIL	CANADA	CHILE	CHINA
February 12 February 13 March 29 May 1 May 30 November 15 December 25 December 31 January 1	March 29 April 1 May 20 July 1 September 2 October 14 December 25 December 26 January 1	Mach 19 May 1 May 21 July 16 August 15 September 18 September 19 September 20 October 31 November 1 December 25 January 1	February 11 February 18 February 19 February 20 February 21 April 4 May 1 June 12 September 19 September 30 October 1 October 2 October 3 October 8 October 9 October 10 January 1 January 1 January 2 January 3 January 4 January 7

DENMARK	FINLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY
March 28 March 29 April 1 April 26 May 9 May 20 December 25 December 26 January 1	March 29 April 1 May 1 May 9 December 6 December 25 December 26 January 1 January 6	April 1 May 1 May 8 May 9 May 20 August 15 November 1 November 11 December 25 January 1	March 29 April 1 May 1 May 9 May 20 October 3 December 25 December 26 January 1
GREECE	HONG KONG	INDIA	IRELAND
March 18 March 25 May 1 May 3 May 6 June 24 August 15 October 28 December 25 December 26 January 1 January 6	February 11 February 12 February 13 March 29 April 1 April 4 May 1 May 17 June 12 July 1 September 20 October 1 October 14 December 25 December 26 January 1 January 31	February 15 February 19 March 25 March 26 March 27 March 29 April 11 April 24 May 8 May 24 July 10 August 2 August 15 August 20 August 28 September 9 September 16 October 2 October 11 October 16 October 18 October 22 November 4 November 5 November 8 November 14 December 24 December 25 January 1	March 18 April 1 May 6 June 3 August 5 October 28 December 25 December 26 January 1

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ISRAEL	ITALY	JAPAN	MALAYSIA
March 26	April 1	February 11	February 11
April 1	April 25	March 20	May 1
April 8	May 1	April 29	August 8
April 15	August 15	May 3	August 9
April 16	November 1	May 6	September 16
May 15	December 25	July 15	October 15
July 16	December 26	September 16	November 5
September 5	January 1	September 23	December 25
September 6		October 14	January 1
September 19		November 4	January 24
September 26		December 23	
November 28		January 1	
		January 13	
MEXICO	NEW ZEALAND	NETHERLANDS	NORWAY
February 4	February 6	March 29	March 28
February 5	March 29	April 1	March 29
March 18	April 1	April 30	April 1
March 21	April 25	May 9	May 1
May 1	June 3 October 28	May 20 December 25	May 9
September 16 November 18	December 25	December 25	May 17
November 20	December 25	January 1	May 20 December 25
December 25	January 1	January 1	December 26
January 1	January 2		January 1
oundary r	January 2		oundary r

PORTUGAL	SINGAPORE	SOUTH AFRICA	SOUTH KOREA
March 29	February 11		February 11
April 25	February 12	March 29	March 1
May 1	March 29	April 1	May 17
June 10	April 6	May 1	June 6
August 15	May 1	June 17	August 15
December 25	May 24	August 9	September 18
January 1	August 8	September 24	September 19
	August 9	December 16	September 20
	October 15	December 25	October 3
	November 4	December 26	December 25
	December 25	January 1	January 1
	January 1		
SPAIN	SWEDEN	SWITZERLAND	TAIWAN
March 29	March 29	March 29	February 11
May 1	April 1	April 1	February 12
November 1	May 1	April 9	February 13
December 6	May 9	May 20	February 28
December 9	June 6	May 30	April 4
December 25	December 25	August 1	May 1
January 1	December 26	August 15	June 12
	January 1	November 1	September 3
	January 6	December 8	September 19
		December 25	October 10
		December 26	January 1
		January 1	
		January 2	
		January 6	

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THAILAND	UNITED KINGDOM	UNITED STATES
April 5	March 29	February 18
April 15	May 6	May 27
April 16	May 27	July 4
April 17	December 25	September 2
May 6	December 26	October 14
August 12	January 1	November 11
October 23		November 28
December 5		December 25
December 10		January 1
December 31		January 20
January 1		

FEDERAL TAX MATTERS

This section summarizes some of the main U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Shares of a Fund. This section is current as of the date of the Prospectus. Tax laws and interpretations change frequently, and these summaries do not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, these summaries generally do not describe your situation if you are a corporation, a non-U.S. person, a broker-dealer, or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section does not describe your state, local or foreign tax consequences.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Funds. The Internal Revenue Service could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, our counsel was not asked to review, and has not reached a conclusion with respect to the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be deposited in the Funds. This may not be sufficient for prospective investors to use for the purpose of avoiding penalties under federal tax law.

As with any investment, prospective investors should seek advice based on their individual circumstances from their own tax advisor.

Each Fund intends to qualify annually and to elect to be treated as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

To qualify for the favorable U.S. federal income tax treatment generally accorded to regulated investment companies, each Fund must, among other things, (a) derive in each taxable year at least 90% of its gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to securities loans and gains from the sale or other disposition of stock, securities or foreign currencies or other income

derived with respect to its business of investing in such stock, securities or currencies, or net income derived from interests in certain publicly traded partnerships; (b) diversify its holdings so that, at the end of each quarter of the taxable year, (i) at least 50% of the market value of each Fund's assets is

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represented by cash and cash items (including receivables), U.S. government securities, the securities of other regulated investment companies and other securities, with such other securities of any one issuer generally limited for the purposes of this calculation to an amount not greater than 5% of the value of each Fund's total assets and not greater than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer, and (ii) not more than 25% of the value of its total assets is invested in the securities (other than U.S. government securities or the securities of other regulated investment companies) of any one issuer, or two or more issuers which a Fund controls which are engaged in the same, similar or related trades or businesses, or the securities of one or more of certain publicly traded partnerships; and (c) distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income (which includes, among other items, dividends, interest and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses) and at least 90% of its net tax-exempt interest income each taxable year. There are certain exceptions for failure to qualify if the failure is for reasonable cause or is de minimis, and certain corrective action is taken and certain tax payments are made by a Fund.

As regulated investment companies, the Funds generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on their investment company taxable income (as that term is defined in the Code, but without regard to the deduction for dividends paid) and net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), if any, that they distribute to shareholders. Each Fund intends to distribute to its shareholders, at least annually, substantially all of its investment company taxable income and net capital gain. If a Fund retains any net capital gain or investment company taxable income, it will generally be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates on the amount retained. In addition, amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% excise tax unless, generally, each Fund distributes during each calendar year an amount equal to the sum of (1) at least 98% of its ordinary income (not taking into account any capital gains or losses) for the calendar year, (2) at least 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of its capital losses (adjusted for certain ordinary losses) for the one-year period ending October 31of the calendar year, and (3) any ordinary income and capital gains for previous years that were not distributed during those years. In order to prevent application of the excise tax, the Funds intend to make its distributions in accordance with the calendar year distribution requirement. A distribution will be treated as paid on December 31 of the current calendar year if it is declared by a Fund in October, November or December with a record date in such a month and paid by the Fund during January of the following calendar year. Such distributions will be taxable to shareholders in the calendar year in which the distributions are declared, rather than the calendar year in which the distributions are received.

Subject to certain reasonable cause and de minimis exceptions, if a Fund failed to qualify as a regulated investment company or failed to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement in any taxable year, the Fund would be taxed as an ordinary corporation on its taxable income (even if such income were distributed to its shareholders) and all distributions out of earnings and profits would be taxed to shareholders as ordinary income.

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DISTRIBUTIONS

Dividends paid out of the Funds' investment company taxable income are generally taxable to a shareholder as ordinary income to the extent of the Fund's earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares. However, certain ordinary income distributions received from a Fund may be taxed at capital gains tax rates. In particular, ordinary income dividends received by an individual shareholder from regulated investment companies such as the Funds are generally taxed at the same rates that apply to net capital gain, provided that certain holding period requirements are satisfied and provided the dividends are attributable to qualifying dividends received by each Fund itself. Dividends received by the Funds from REITs and foreign corporations are qualifying dividends eligible for this lower tax rate only in certain circumstances. The Funds will provide notice to its shareholders of the amount of any distributions that may be taken into account as a dividend which is eligible for the capital gains tax rates. The Funds cannot make any guarantees as to the amount of any distribution which will be regarded as a qualifying dividend.

Under the "Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010," income

from a Fund may also be subject to a new 3.8% "Medicare tax" imposed for taxable years beginning after 2012. This tax will generally apply to net investment income if the taxpayer's adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts, which are \$250,000 in the case of married couples filing joint returns and \$200,000 in the case of single individuals.

A corporation that owns Shares generally will not be entitled to the dividends received deduction with respect to many dividends received from the Funds because the dividends received deduction is generally not available for distributions from regulated investment companies. However, certain ordinary income dividends on Shares that are attributable to qualifying dividends received by the Funds from certain domestic corporations may be reported by the Funds as being eligible for the dividends received deduction.

Distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss), if any, properly reported as capital gain dividends are taxable to a shareholder as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long the shareholder has held Fund Shares. Shareholders receiving distributions in the form of additional Shares, rather than cash, generally will have a cost basis in each such Share equal to the value of a Share of a Fund on the reinvestment date. A distribution of an amount in excess of a Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits will be treated by a shareholder as a return of capital which is applied against and reduces the shareholder's basis in his or her Shares. To the extent that the amount of any such distribution exceeds the shareholder's basis in his or her Shares, the excess will be treated by the shareholder as gain from a sale or exchange of the Shares.

Shareholders will be notified annually as to the U.S. federal income tax status of distributions, and shareholders receiving distributions in the form of additional Shares will receive a report as to the value of those Shares.

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SALE OR EXCHANGE OF FUND SHARES

Upon the sale or other disposition of Shares of the Funds, which a shareholder holds as a capital asset, such a shareholder may realize a capital gain or loss which will be long-term or short-term, depending upon the shareholder's holding period for the Shares. Generally, a shareholder's gain or loss will be a long-term gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year.

Any loss realized on a sale or exchange will be disallowed to the extent that Shares disposed of are replaced (including through reinvestment of dividends) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after disposition of Shares or to the extent that the shareholder, during such period, acquires or enters into an option or contract to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities. In such a case, the basis of the Shares acquired will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss. Any loss realized by a shareholder on a disposition of Fund Shares held by the shareholder for six months or less will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any distributions of long-term capital gain received by the shareholder with respect to such Shares.

TAXES ON PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF CREATION UNITS

If a shareholder exchanges equity securities for Creation Units the shareholder will generally recognize a gain or a loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time and the shareholder's aggregate basis in the securities surrendered and the Cash Component paid. If a shareholder exchanges Creation Units for equity securities, then the shareholder will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the shareholder's basis in the Creation Units and the aggregate market value of the securities received and the Cash Redemption Amount. The Internal Revenue Service, however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units or Creation Units for securities cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing "wash sales," or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position.

NATURE OF FUND INVESTMENTS

Certain of the Funds' investment practices are subject to special and complex federal income tax provisions that may, among other things, (i) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions, (ii) convert lower taxed long-term capital gain into higher taxed short-term capital gain or ordinary income, (iii) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited), (iv) cause the Funds to recognize income or gain without a corresponding receipt of cash, (v) adversely affect the time as to when a purchase or sale of stock or securities is deemed to occur and (vi) adversely alter the characterization of certain complex financial transactions.

FUTURES CONTRACTS AND OPTIONS

The Funds' transactions in Futures Contracts and options will be subject to special provisions of the Code that, among other things, may affect the character of gains and losses realized by the Funds (i.e., may affect whether gains or losses are ordinary or capital, or short-term or long-term), may accelerate recognition of income to the Funds and may defer Fund losses. These rules could, therefore, affect the character, amount and timing of distributions to shareholders. These provisions also (a) will require the Funds to mark-to-market certain types of the positions in its portfolio (i.e., treat them as if they were closed out), and (b) may cause the Funds to recognize income without receiving cash with which to make distributions in amounts necessary to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement for qualifying to be taxed as a regulated investment company and the distribution requirements for avoiding excise taxes.

INVESTMENTS IN CERTAIN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

If a Fund holds an equity interest in any "passive foreign investment companies" ("PFICs"), which are generally certain foreign corporations that receive at least 75% of their annual gross income from passive sources (such as interest, dividends, certain rents and royalties or capital gains) or that hold at least 50% of their assets in investments producing such passive income, the Fund could be subject to U.S. federal income tax and additional interest charges on gains and certain distributions with respect to those equity interests, even if all the income or gain is timely distributed to its shareholders. A Fund will not be able to pass through to its shareholders any credit or deduction for such taxes. A Fund may be able to make an election that could ameliorate these adverse tax consequences. In this case, a Fund would recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such PFIC shares, and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it did not exceed prior increases included in income. Under this election, a Fund might be required to recognize in a year income in excess of its distributions from PFICs and its proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income would nevertheless be subject to the distribution requirement and would be taken into account for purposes of the 4% excise tax (described above). Dividends paid by PFICs will not be treated as qualified dividend income.

BACKUP WITHHOLDING

The Funds may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax from all taxable distributions and sale proceeds payable to shareholders who fail to provide the Funds with their correct taxpayer identification number or to make required certifications, or who have been notified by the Internal Revenue Service that they are subject to backup withholding. Corporate shareholders and certain other shareholders specified in the Code generally are exempt from such backup withholding. This withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld may be credited against the shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability.

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NON-U.S. SHAREHOLDERS

U.S. taxation of a shareholder who, as to the United States, is a nonresident alien individual, a foreign trust or estate, a foreign corporation or foreign partnership ("non-U.S. shareholder") depends on whether the income of a Fund is "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the shareholder.

In addition to the rules described in this section concerning the potential imposition of withholding on distributions to non-U.S. persons, distributions after December 31, 2013, to non-U.S. persons that are "financial institutions" may be subject to a withholding tax of 30% unless an agreement is in place between the financial institution and the U.S. Treasury to collect and disclose information about accounts, equity investments, or debt interests in the financial institution held by one or more U.S. persons or the institution is resident in a jurisdiction that has entered into such an agreement with the U.S. Treasury. For these purposes, a "financial institution" means any entity that (i) accepts deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business, (ii) holds financial assets for the account of others as a substantial portion of its business, or (iii) is engaged (or holds itself out as being engaged) primarily in the business of investing, reinvesting or trading in securities, partnership interests, commodities or any interest (including a futures contract or option) in such securities, partnership interests or commodities. Dispositions of shares by such persons may be subject to such withholding after December 31, 2016.

Distributions to non-financial non-U.S. entities (other than publicly

traded foreign entities, entities owned by residents of U.S. possessions, foreign governments, international organizations, or foreign central banks) after December 31, 2013, will also be subject to a withholding tax of 30% if the entity does not certify that the entity does not have any substantial U.S. owners or provide the name, address and TIN of each substantial U.S. owner. Dispositions by such persons may be subject to such withholding after December 31, 2016.

Income Not Effectively Connected. If the income from a Fund is not "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business carried on by the non-U.S. shareholder, distributions of investment company taxable income will generally be subject to a U.S. tax of 30% (or lower treaty rate), which tax is generally withheld from such distributions.

Distributions of capital gain dividends and any amounts retained by a Fund which are properly reported by the Fund as undistributed capital gains will not be subject to U.S. tax at the rate of 30% (or lower treaty rate) unless the non-U.S. shareholder is a nonresident alien individual and is physically present in the United States for more than 182 days during the taxable year and meets certain other requirements. However, this 30% tax on capital gains of nonresident alien individuals who are physically present in the United States for more than the 182 day period only applies in exceptional cases because any individual present in the United States for more than 182 days during the taxable year is generally treated as a resident for U.S. income tax purposes; in that case, he or she would be subject to U.S. income tax on his or her worldwide income at the, graduated rates applicable to U.S. citizens, rather than the 30% U.S. tax. In the case of a non-U.S. shareholder who is a nonresident alien individual, the Funds may be required to withhold U.S. income tax from distributions of net capital gain unless the non-U.S. shareholder certifies his

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or her non-U.S. status under penalties of perjury or otherwise establishes an exemption. If a non-U.S. shareholder is a nonresident alien individual, any gain such shareholder realizes upon the sale or exchange of such shareholder's shares of the Funds in the United States will ordinarily be exempt from U.S. tax unless the gain is U.S. source income and such shareholder is physically present in the United States for more than 182 days during the taxable year and meets certain other requirements.

In the case of dividends with respect to taxable years of a Fund beginning prior to 2014, distributions from the Trust that are properly reported by the Fund as an interest-related dividend attributable to certain interest income received by the Fund or as a short-term capital gain dividend attributable to certain net short-term capital gain income received by the Fund may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes when received by certain foreign investors, provided that the Fund makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met. In addition, capital gains distributions attributable to gains from U.S. real property interests (including certain U.S. real property holding corporations) will generally be subject to United States withholding tax and will give rise to an obligation on the part of the foreign shareholder to file a United States tax return.

Income Effectively Connected. If the income from a Fund is "effectively connected" with a U.S. trade or business carried on by a non-U.S. shareholder, then distributions of investment company taxable income and capital gain dividends, any amounts retained by a Fund which are properly reported as undistributed capital gains and any gains realized upon the sale or exchange of shares of the Funds will be subject to U.S. income tax at the graduated rates applicable to U.S. citizens, residents and domestic corporations. Non-U.S. corporate shareholders may also be subject to the branch profits tax imposed by the Code. The tax consequences to a non-U.S. shareholder entitled to claim the benefits of an applicable tax treaty may differ from those described herein. Non-U.S. shareholders are advised to consult their own tax advisors with respect to the particular tax consequences to them of an investment in the Funds.

OTHER TAXATION

Fund shareholders may be subject to state, local and foreign taxes on their Fund distributions. Shareholders are advised to consult their own tax advisors with respect to the particular tax consequences to them of an investment in the Funds.

DETERMINATION OF NAV

The following information supplements and should be read in conjunction with the section in the Prospectus entitled "Net Asset Value."

The per share NAV of a Fund is determined by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets, less liabilities, by the total number of Shares outstanding. Under normal circumstances, daily calculation of the NAV will utilize the last closing sale price of each security held by the Fund at the close of the market on which such security is principally listed. In determining

NAV, portfolio securities for a Fund for which accurate market quotations are readily available will be valued by the Fund accounting agent as follows:

- (1) Common stocks and other equity securities listed on any national or foreign exchange other than NASDAQ(R) and the London Stock Exchange Alternative Investment Market ("AIM") will be valued at the last sale price on the business day as of which such value is being determined. Securities listed on NASDAQ(R) or AIM are valued at the official closing price on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If there has been no sale on such day, or no official closing price in the case of securities traded on NASDAQ(R) and AIM, the securities are valued at the mean of the most recent bid and ask prices on such day. Portfolio securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price or official closing price, as applicable, on the business day as of which such value is being determined at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities.
- (2) Securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at their closing bid prices.
- (3) Exchange traded options and Futures Contracts will be valued at the closing price in the market where such contracts are principally traded. If no closing price is available, exchange-traded options and futures contracts will be valued at the mean between the last bid and asked price. Over-the-counter options and Futures Contracts will be valued at their closing bid prices.
- (4) Forward foreign currency exchange contracts which are traded in the United States on regulated exchanges will be valued by calculating the mean between the last bid and asked quotations supplied to a pricing service by certain independent dealers in such contracts.

In addition, the following types of securities will be valued as follows:

- (1) Fixed income securities with a remaining maturity of 60 days or more will be valued by the fund accounting agent using a pricing service. When price quotes are not available, fair value is based on prices of comparable securities.
- $\ensuremath{\text{(2)}}$ Fixed income securities maturing within 60 days are valued by the Fund accounting agent on an amortized cost basis.
- (3) Repurchase agreements will be valued as follows. Overnight repurchase agreements will be valued at cost. Term repurchase agreements (i.e., those whose maturity exceeds seven days) will be valued by First Trust at the average of the bid quotations obtained daily from at least two recognized dealers.

The value of any portfolio security held by a Fund for which market quotations are not readily available will be determined by First Trust in a manner that most fairly reflects fair value of the security on the valuation date, based on a consideration of all available information.

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Certain securities may not be able to be priced by pre-established pricing methods. Such securities may be valued by the Board of Trustees or its delegate at fair value. These securities generally include but are not limited to, restricted securities (securities which may not be publicly sold without registration under the 1933 Act) for which a pricing service is unable to provide a market price; securities whose trading has been formally suspended; a security whose market price is not available from a pre-established pricing source; a security with respect to which an event has occurred that is likely to materially affect the value of the security after the market has closed but before the calculation of Fund NAV (as may be the case in foreign markets on which the security is primarily traded) or make it difficult or impossible to obtain a reliable market quotation; and a security whose price, as provided by the pricing service, does not reflect the security's "fair value." As a general principle, the current "fair value" of an issue of securities would appear to be the amount which the owner might reasonably expect to receive for them upon their current sale. A variety of factors may be considered in determining the fair value of such securities.

Valuing the Funds' investments using fair value pricing will result in using prices for those investments that may differ from current market valuations. Use of fair value prices and certain current market valuations could result in a difference between the prices used to calculate the Funds' net asset value and the prices used by the Index, which, in turn, could result in a

difference between a Fund's performance and the performance of the Index.

Because foreign markets may be open on different days than the days during which a shareholder may purchase the Shares of a Fund, the value of a Fund's investments may change on the days when shareholders are not able to purchase the Shares of a Fund.

The value of assets denominated in foreign currencies is converted into U.S. dollars using exchange rates in effect at the time of valuation. Any use of a different rate from the rates used by the Index may adversely affect a Fund's ability to track its respective Index.

A Fund may suspend the right of redemption for the Fund only under the following unusual circumstances: (a) when the NYSE is closed (other than weekends and holidays) or trading is restricted; (b) when trading in the markets normally utilized is restricted, or when an emergency exists as determined by the SEC so that disposal of a Fund's investments or determination of its net assets is not reasonably practicable; or (c) during any period when the SEC may permit.

DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The following information supplements and should be read in conjunction with the section in the Prospectus entitled "Dividends, Distributions and Taxes"

General Policies. Dividends from net investment income of the Funds, if any, are declared and paid quarterly. Distributions of net realized securities gains, if any, generally are declared and paid once a year, but the Trust may make distributions on a more frequent basis. The Trust reserves the right to

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declare special distributions if, in its reasonable discretion, such action is necessary or advisable to preserve the status of each Fund as a regulated investment company or to avoid imposition of income or excise taxes on undistributed income.

Dividends and other distributions of Fund Shares are distributed, as described below, on a pro rata basis to Beneficial Owners of such Shares. Dividend payments are made through DTC Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners then of record with proceeds received from the Funds.

Dividend Reinvestment Service. No reinvestment service is provided by the Trust. Broker-dealers may make available the DTC book-entry Dividend Reinvestment Service for use by Beneficial Owners of the Funds for reinvestment of their dividend distributions. Beneficial Owners should contact their brokers in order to determine the availability and costs of the service and the details of participation therein. Brokers may require Beneficial Owners to adhere to specific procedures and timetables. If this service is available and used, dividend distributions of both income and realized gains will be automatically reinvested in additional whole Shares of each Fund purchased in the secondary

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

Counsel. Chapman and Cutler LLP, 111 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Illinois 60603, is counsel to the Trust.

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. Deloitte & Touche LLP, 111 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606, serves as the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm. The firm audits each Fund's financial statements and performs other related audit services.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements and notes thereto for the Funds, contained in the Annual Report to Shareholders dated September 30, 2012, are incorporated by reference into this Statement of Additional Information and have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, whose report also appears in the Annual Report and is also incorporated by reference herein. No other parts of the Annual Report are incorporated by reference herein. The Annual Report is available without charge by calling (800) 621-1675 or by visiting the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

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EXHIBIT A

NAME OF BENEFICIAL OWNER	BENEFICIALLY OWNED
First Trust BICK Index Fund	
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	20.06%
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	17.12%
TD Ameritrade Clearing Inc.	13.94%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	11.56%
Pershing, L.L.C.	7.90%
First Clearing L.L.C.	5.61%
First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend In	ndex Fund
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	23.46%
First Clearing L.L.C.	11.76%
National Financial Services Corporation	9.69%
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	6.69%
UBS Financial Services Inc.	6.01%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	5.68%
RBC	5.12%
First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real E	state Index Fund
Janney Montgomery Scott L.L.C.	17.33%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	14.34%
Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.	9.40%
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.	9.20%
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	8.62%
First Clearing L.L.C.	7.57%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	7.06%
First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index F	und
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	14.07%
National Financial Services Corporation	12.28%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	10.72%
First Clearing L.L.C.	10.54%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	9.49%
First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fu	
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	18.31%
First Clearing L.L.C.	11.50%
National Financial Services Corporation	9.89%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	8.95%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	7.28%

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UBS Financial Services Inc.	5.29%
TD Ameritrade Clearing Inc.	5.22%
Pershing, L.L.C.	5.05%

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	14.43%
National Financial Services Corporation	10.30%
First Clearing L.L.C.	8.68%
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	8.23%
JP Morgan Clearing	8.19%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	5.54%
Pershing, L.L.C.	5.38%
First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund	
National Financial Services Corporation	15.75%
TD Ameritrade Clearing Inc.	11.52%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	9.42%
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	7.20%
First Clearing L.L.C.	5.91%
Scottrade, Inc.	5.38%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	5.28%
First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund	
National Financial Services Corporation	10.45%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	10.20%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	8.21%
First Clearing L.L.C.	7.51%
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	7.30%
TD Ameritrade Clearing Inc.	5.53%
Pershing, L.L.C.	5.21%
First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund	l
Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.	23.11%
National Financial Services Corporation	11.43%
TD Ameritrade Clearing Inc.	8.97%
Pershing, L.L.C.	6.70%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	6.25%
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	5.30%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	5.23%
First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastruct	
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	19.09%
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	13.26%
Schwab (Charles) & Co., Inc.	10.47%
National Financial Services Corporation	
Pershing, L.L.C.	

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First Clearing L.L.C.	5.47%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	4.91%

First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund

LPL Financial Corp.	22.38%
National Financial Services Corporation	15.37%
TD Ameritrade Clearing Inc.	11.08%
Pershing, L.L.C.	10.62%
UBS Financial Services Inc.	6.07%
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc.	5.85%
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	5.64%
RBC Capital Markets Corporation	5.17%
First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index	Fund
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC	19.36%
National Financial Services Corporation	11.95%
First Clearing L.L.C.	7.99%
RBC Capital Markets Corporation	7.17%
JP Morgan Clearing	5.76%
Merrill Lynch Sfkpg	5.40%

ADDRESS OF BENEFICIAL OWNER

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. 525 Washington Tower Newport Tower Jersey City, New Jersey 07310

Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. 2423 East Lincoln Drive Phoenix, Arizona 85016

Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. 700 Red Brook Boulevard, Suite 300 Owings Mills, Maryland 2117

First Clearing L.L.C. One North Jefferson Street St. Louis, 63103

Janney Montgomery Scott L.L.C. 1801 Market Street, 9th Floor Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103

J.P. Morgan Clearing Corp. 3 Chase Metrotech Center Brooklyn, New York 11245

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LPL Financial Corp. 180 Maiden Lane New York, NY 10038

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Inc. 101 Hudson Street, 9th Floor Jersey City, New Jersey 07302

Merrill Lynch, Pierce Fenner & Smith Safekeeping 101 Hudson Street, 8th Floor Jersey City, New Jersey 07302

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC 200 Westchester Avenue Purchase, New York 10577

National Financial Services Corporation 200 Liberty Street New York, New York 10281

Pershing, L.L.C.

1 Pershing Plaza Jersey City, New Jersey 07399

RBC Capital Markets Corporation 510 Marquette Ave. South Minneapolis, MN 55402

Raymond James & Associates, Inc. 880 Carilion Parkway P.O. Box 12749 St. Petersburg, Florida 33716

Scotia Capital Inc. P.O. Box 4085 Station "A" Toronto, Ontaria Canada M5W 2X6

SEI Private Trust Company 1 Freedom Valley Drive Oaks, Pennsylvania 19456

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TD Ameritrade Clearing, Inc. 1005 Ameritrade Place Bellevue, Nebraska 68005

UBS Financial Services Inc. 480 Washington Boulevard Jersey City, New Jersey 07310

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FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II PART C - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 28. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NO. DESCRIPTION

- (a) Declaration of Trust of the Registrant. (1)
- (b) By-Laws of the Registrant. (1)
- (c) (1) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated June 11, 2007. (2)
 - (2) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated July 18, 2007. (5)
 - (3) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated May 22, 2008. (8)
 - (4) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated September 15, 2008. (10)
 - (5) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated January 28, 2009. (11)
 - (6) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated August 24, 2009. (13)
 - (7) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated January 21, 2010. (14)
 - (8) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated July 21, 2010. (18)
 - (9) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated September 20, 2010. (21)
 - (10) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated March 21, 2011. (22) $\,$
 - (10) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated April 18, 2011. (23)

- (11) Amended and Restated Establishment and Designation of Series dated June 13, 2011. (25)
- (d) (1) Investment Management Agreement. (4)
 - (2) Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (4)
 - (3) Amended Exhibit A of the Investment Management Agreement. (8)
 - (4) Amended Exhibit A of the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (8)
 - (5) Amended Exhibit A of the Investment Management Agreement. (10)
 - (6) Amended Exhibit A of the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (10)
 - (7) Letter Agreement regarding the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement dated January 28, 2009. (11)
 - (8) Amended Exhibit A of the Investment Management Agreement. (13)
 - (9) Amended Exhibit A of the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (13)
 - (10) Letter Agreement regarding the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement dated November 5, 2009. (13)
 - (11) Amended Exhibit A of the Letter Agreement regarding the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (15)
 - (12) Investment Management Agreement. (16)
 - (13) Amended Schedule A of the Investment Management Agreement.
 - (17)
 - (14) Letter Agreement regarding the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement, dated December 6, 2010. $(19)\,$
 - (15) Investment Management Agreement for unitary fee structure.
 - (19)
 - (16) Investment Management Agreement for non-unitary fee structure. (19)
 - (17) Amended Schedule A of the Investment Management Agreement dated February 15, 2011. (21)
 - (18) Amended Schedule A of the Investment Management Agreement dated May 6, 2011. (24)
 - (19) Amended Schedule A of the Investment Management Agreement for Unitary Fee Funds. (27)
 - (20) Amended Schedule A of the Investment Management Agreement for Expense Cap Funds. (27) $\,$
 - (21) Amended Exhibit A of the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (27)
 - (22) Amended Exhibit A of the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement. (28)
- (e) (1) Distribution Agreement. (4)
 - (2) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement. (8)
 - (3) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement. (10)
 - (4) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement. (13)
 - (5) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement. (16)
 - (6) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement. (17)
 - (7) Distribution Agreement. (19)
 - (8) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement dated February 15, 2011. (21)
 - (9) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement dated May 6, 2011. (24)
 - (10) Amended Exhibit A of the Distribution Agreement. (27)

- (f) Not Applicable.
- (g) (1) Custody Agreement between the Registrant and The Bank of New York (4)
 - (2) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement. (8)
 - (3) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement. (10)
 - (4) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement. (13)
 - (5) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement. (16)
 - (6) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement. (17)
 - (7) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement dated February 15, 2011. (21)
 - (8) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement dated May 6, 2011. (24)
 - (9) Amended Schedule II of the Custody Agreement. (27)
- (h) (1) Transfer Agency Agreement between the Registrant and The Bank of New York. (4)
 - (2) Administration and Accounting Agreement between the Registrant and The Bank of New York. (4)
 - (3) Form of Subscription Agreement. (4)
 - (4) Form of Participant Agreement. (4)
 - (5) Sublicense Agreement by and among First Trust DJ STOXX(R) Select Dividend 30 Index Fund, STOXX Limited, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (4)
 - (6) Sublicense Agreement by and among First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index Fund, FTSE International Limited, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (4)
 - (7) Sublicense Agreement by and among the First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of its series First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, Dow Jones & Company, Inc., and First Trust Advisors L.P. (5)
 - (8) IPV Calculation Agreement by and between First Trust Advisors L.P. and Telekurs (USA) Inc. (4)
 - (9) Sub-IPV Calculation Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of First Trust DJ STOXX(R) Select Dividend 30 Index Fund, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (5)
 - (10) Sub-IPV Calculation Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index Fund, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (5)
 - (11) Sub-IPV Calculation Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (5)
 - (12) Sublicense Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, International Securities Exchange, LLC, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (8)
 - (13) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement. (8)
 - (14) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement. (8)
 - (15) Sub-IOPV Calculation Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (9)
 - (16) Form of Sub-IOPV Calculation Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange- Traded Fund II, on behalf of First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (10)
 - (17) Sublicense Agreement by and among First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II, on behalf of First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, International Securities Exchange, LLC, and First Trust Advisors L.P. (10)

- (18) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement. (10)
- (19) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement. (10)
- (20) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement. (13)
- (21) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement. (13)
- (22) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II and First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund. (13)
- (23) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement. (16)
- (24) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement. (16)
- (25) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II and First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund. (16)
- (26) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II and First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund. (16)
- (27) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement. (17)
- (28) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement. (17)
- (29) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II and First Trust BICK Index Fund. (17)
- (30) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund dated February 14, 2011. (23)
- (32) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement dated February 15, 2011. (21)
- (33) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement dated February 15, 2011. (21)
- (34) Amendment to Schedule of Data Services dated February 18, 2011. (21)
- (35) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Advisors L.P. and First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund dated May 6, 2011. (24)
- (36) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement dated May 6, 2011. $(24)\,$
- (37) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement May 6, 2011. (24)
- (38) Amended Exhibit A of the Transfer Agency Agreement dated. (27)
- (39) Amended Exhibit A of the Administration and Accounting Agreement. (27)
- (40) Sublicense Agreement by and between First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II and First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund. (27)
- (i) (1) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated August 30, 2007. (4)
 - (2) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated August 30, 2007. (4) $\,$
 - (3) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated November 20, 2007. (5)
 - (4) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated November 20, 2007. (5)
 - (5) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated January 28, 2008. (6)

- (6) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated June 18, 2008. (8) $\,$
- (7) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated June 18, 2008. (8)
- (8) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated October 9, 2008. (10) $\,$
- (9) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated October 9, 2008. (10)
- (10) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated January 28, 2009. (11)
- (11) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated November 16, 2009. (13)
- (12) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated November 16, 2009. (13)
- (13) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated January 29, 2010. (15)
- (14) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated March 5, 2010. (16) $\,$
- (15) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated March 5, 2010. (16) $\,$
- (16) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated March 31, 2010. (17)
- (17) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated March 31, 2010. (17) $\,$
- (18) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP. (19)
- (19) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated February 15, 2011. (20) $\,$
- (20) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated February 15, 2011. (20) $\,$
- (21) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated May 4, 2011. $(24)\,$
- (22) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated May 4, 2011. (24) $\,$
- (23) Opinion and Consent of Chapman and Cutler LLP dated June 27, 2011. (26)
- (24) Opinion and Consent of Bingham McCutchen LLP dated June 27, 2011. (26)
- (j) Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. (28)
- (k) Not Applicable.
- (1) Not Applicable.
- (m) (1) 12b-1 Service Plan. (4)
 - (2) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated as of May 1, 2007.
 - (3) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated as of November 13, 2007. (5) $\,$
 - (4) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan. (8)
 - (5) Amended Exhibit A of the Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated as of November 13, 2007. (8)
 - (6) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan. (10)
 - (7) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated June 18, 2008. (10)
 - (8) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated January 28, 2009. (11)
 - (9) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan. (13)

- (10) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated November 5, 2009.
- (13)
- (11) Amended Exhibit A of the Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees. (15)
- (12) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan. (16)
- (13) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated March 3, 2010.
- (16)
- (14) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan. (17)
- (15) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated March 15, 2010.

17)

(16) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees. dated January 21, 2011.

(19)

- (17) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan. (21)
- (18) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated February 15, 2011.

(21)

(19) Amended Exhibit A of the 12b-1 Service Plan dated May 6, 2011.

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(20) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated January 20, 2012.

(27)

(21) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated January 22, 2012.

(28)

- (n) Not Applicable.
- (o) Not Applicable.
- (p) (1) First Trust Advisors L.P. Investment Adviser Code of Ethics, amended on May 31, 2006. (2)
 - (2) First Trust Portfolios L.P. Code of Ethics, amended on May 31, 2006. (2)
 - (3) First Trust Funds Code of Ethics, amended on May 31, 2006. (2)
 - (4) First Trust Advisors L.P., First Trust Portfolios L.P. Code of Ethics, amended on January 1, 2009. (12)
 - (5) First Trust Funds Code of Ethics, amended on January 1, 2009. (12)
- (q) (1) Powers of Attorney for Messrs. Bowen, Erickson, Kadlec and Keith authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine, Eric F. Fess, Kristi A. Maher and Mark R. Bradley to execute the Registration Statement. (7)
 - (2) Power of Attorney for Mr. Nielson authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine, Eric F. Fess, Kristi A. Maher and Mark R. Bradley to execute the Registration Statement. (8)
 - (3) Powers of Attorney for Messrs. Bowen, Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and Nielson authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine, Eric F. Fess and Kristi A. Maher to execute the Registration Statement. (9)
 - (4) Powers of Attorney for Messrs. Bowen, Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and Nielson authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine, Eric F. Fess and Kristi A. Maher to execute the Registration Statement. (12) (5) Powers of Attorney for Messrs. Bowen, Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and

Nielson authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine, Eric F. Fess and Kristi A. Maher to execute the Registration Statement. (14)

(6) Powers of Attorney for Messrs. Bowen, Erickson, Kadlec, Keith and Nielson authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine, Mark R. Bradley, Kristi A. Maher and Eric F. Fess and to execute the Registration Statement. (18)

⁽¹⁾ Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on June 21, 2007

⁽²⁾ Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on August 23, 2007

- (3) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on August 24, 2007
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on August 30, 2007
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on November 20, 2007
- (6) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on January 28, 2008
- (7) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on May 23, 2008
- (8) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on June 18, 2008
- (9) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on September 19, 2008
- (10) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on October 9, 2008
- (11) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on January 28, 2009
- (12) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on August 25, 2009
- (13) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on November 16, 2009
- (14) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on January 22, 2010
- (15) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on January 29, 2010
- (16) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on March 8, 2010
- (17) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on March 31, 2010
- (18) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on August 3, 2010
- (19) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on January 28, 2011
- (20) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on February 15, 2011
- (21) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on February 18, 2011
- (22) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on March 25, 2011
- (23) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on April 20, 2011
- (24) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on May 4, 2011
- (25) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on June 15, 2011
- (26) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on June 27, 2011
- (27) Incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-1A (File No. 333-143964) filed on January 27, 2012
- (28) Filed herewith
- ITEM 29. PERSONS CONTROLLED BY OR UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH REGISTRANT Not Applicable.
- ITEM 30. INDEMNIFICATION

Section 9.5 of the Registrant's Declaration of Trust provides as follows:

Section 9.5. Indemnification and Advancement of Expenses. Subject to the exceptions and limitations contained in this Section 9.5, every person who is, or has been, a Trustee, officer, or employee of the Trust, including persons who serve at the request of the Trust as directors, trustees, officers, employees or agents of another organization in which the Trust has an interest as a shareholder, creditor or otherwise (hereinafter referred to as a "Covered Person"), shall be indemnified by the Trust to the fullest extent permitted by law against liability and against all expenses reasonably incurred or paid by him or in connection with any claim, action, suit or proceeding in which he becomes involved as a party or otherwise by virtue of his being or having been such a Trustee, director, officer, employee or agent and against amounts paid or incurred by him in settlement thereof.

No indemnification shall be provided hereunder to a Covered Person to the extent such indemnification is prohibited by applicable federal law.

The rights of indemnification herein provided may be insured against by policies maintained by the Trust, shall be severable, shall not affect any other rights to which any Covered Person may now or hereafter be entitled, shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be such a Covered Person and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

Subject to applicable federal law, expenses of preparation and presentation of a defense to any claim, action, suit or proceeding subject to a claim for indemnification under this Section 9.5 shall be advanced by the Trust prior to final disposition thereof upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the recipient to repay such amount if it is ultimately determined that he is not entitled to indemnification under this Section 9.5.

To the extent that any determination is required to be made as to whether a Covered Person engaged in conduct for which indemnification is not provided as described herein, or as to whether there is reason to believe that a Covered Person ultimately will be found entitled to indemnification, the Person or Persons making the determination shall afford the Covered Person a rebuttable presumption that the Covered Person has not engaged in such conduct and that there is reason to believe that the Covered Person ultimately will be found entitled to indemnification.

As used in this Section 9.5, the words "claim," "action," "suit" or "proceeding" shall apply to all claims, demands, actions, suits, investigations, regulatory inquiries, proceedings or any other occurrence of a similar nature, whether actual or threatened and whether civil, criminal, administrative or other, including appeals, and the words "liability" and "expenses" shall include without limitation, attorneys' fees, costs, judgments, amounts paid in settlement, fines, penalties and other liabilities.

ITEM 31. BUSINESS AND OTHER CONNECTIONS OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISER

First Trust Advisors L.P. ("First Trust"), investment adviser to the Registrant, serves as adviser or subadviser to 16 mutual funds, 83 exchange-traded funds and 13 closed-end funds and is the portfolio supervisor of certain unit investment trusts. Its principal address is 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.

The principal business of certain of First Trust's principal executive officers involves various activities in connection with the family of unit investment trusts sponsored by First Trust Portfolios L.P. ("FTP"). FTP's principal address is 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.

Information as to other business, profession, vocation or employment during the past two years of the officers and directors of First Trust is as follows:

<TABLE>

NAME AND POSITION WITH FIRST TRUST

EMPLOYMENT DURING PAST TWO YEARS

<S>

James A. Bowen, Chief Executive Officer

<C> Chief Executive Officer (since December 2010) and President (prior to December 2010), FTP; Chairman of the Board of Directors, BondWave LLC and Stonebridge Advisors LLC

Ronald D. McAlister, Managing Director

Managing Director, FTP

Mark R. Bradley, Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer (since December 2010), FTP; Chief Financial Officer, BondWave LLC and Stonebridge Advisors LLC

Robert F. Carey, Chief Market Strategist and Senior

Senior Vice President, FTP

Vice President

W. Scott Jardine, General Counsel and Secretary Secretary and General Counsel, FTP; Secretary of BondWave

LLC and Stonebridge Advisors LLC

Kristi A. Maher, Deputy General Counsel Deputy General Counsel, FTP

Assistant General Counsel, FTP Erin Klassman, Assistant General Counsel

John Vasko, Assistant General Counsel Assistant General Counsel, FTP

Amy Lum, Assistant General Counsel Assistant General Counsel (since November 2010), FTP;

Of Counsel, The Law Offices of Beau T. Grieman (August 2009 to March 2010); Associate, Perkins Coie (April 2008 to August 2009)

EMPLOYMENT DURING PAST TWO YEARS NAME AND POSITION WITH FIRST TRUST

Assistant General Counsel (since January 2011), FTP; Lisa Weier, Assistant General Counsel

Associate, Chapman and Cutler LLP

Compliance Counsel (since October 2011), FTP; Of Counsel, Vedder Heidemarie Gregoriev, Compliance Counsel

Price P.C.

Associate Counsel, FTP Benjamin D. McCulloch

R. Scott Hall, Managing Director Managing Director, FTP

Andrew S. Roggensack, President Managing Director and President (since December 2010), FTP

Kathleen Brown, Senior Vice President and Chief CCO and Senior Vice President, FTP

Compliance Officer

Elizabeth H. Bull, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Christopher L. Dixon, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Jane Doyle, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP

Senior Vice President and Controller (since December 2010), FTP James M. Dykas, Senior Vice President and Controller

Jon C. Erickson, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Ken Fincher, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Scott Fries Senior Vice President, FTP

Rosanne Gatta, Board Liaison Associate Board Liaison Associate (July 2010 to Present), FTP;

Assistant Vice President (July 2010 to February 2011),

PNC Global Investment Servicing

Kenneth N. Hass, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Jason T. Henry, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP William Housev Senior Vice President, FTP Daniel J. Lindquist, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP

David G. McGarel, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Senior Vice President, FTP Vice President

Mitchell Mohr, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP

NAME AND POSITION WITH FIRST TRUST EMPLOYMENT DURING PAST TWO YEARS

Robert M. Porcellino, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Alan M. Rooney, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP Roger F. Testin, Senior Vice President Senior Vice President, FTP

Stan Ueland, Senior Vice President Vice President, FTP Christina Knierim, Senior Vice President Vice President, FTP Brad Bradley, Vice President Vice President, FTP Chris Fallow, Vice President Vice President, FTP

Todd Larson, Vice President Vice President, FTP

Ronda L. Saeli-Chiappe, Vice President Vice President, FTP

Katherine Urevig, Vice President Vice President, FTP

Katie D. Collins, Assistant Vice President Assistant Vice President, FTP

Kristen Johanneson, Assistant Vice President Assistant Vice President, FTP

Coleen D. Lynch, Assistant Vice President

Assistant Vice President, FTP

Omar Sepulveda, Assistant Vice President

Assistant Vice President, FTP

John H. Sherren, Assistant Vice President Assistant Vice President, FTP

John H. Sherren, Assistant Vice President Assistant Vice President, FTP

Brian Wesbury, Chief Economist Senior Vice President, FTP

Rob Stein, Senior Economist
</TABLE>

ITEM 32. PRINCIPAL UNDERWRITER

(a) FTP serves as principal underwriter of the shares of the Registrant, First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund, First Trust Exchange-Traded AlphaDEX Fund, First Trust Exchange-Traded AlphaDEX Fund II, First Trust Series Fund and the First Defined Portfolio Fund LLC. FTP serves as principal underwriter and depositor of the following investment companies registered as unit investment trusts: the First Trust Combined Series, FT Series (formerly known as the First Trust Special Situations Trust), the First Trust Insured Corporate Trust, the First Trust of Insured Municipal Bonds and the First Trust GNMA. The name of each director, officer and partner of FTP is provided below.

(b) Positions and Offices with Underwriter.

<table></table>
<caption></caption>

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITIONS AND OFFICES POSITIONS AND BUSINESS ADDRESS* WITH UNDERWRITER OFFICES WITH FUND

James A. Bowen Chief Executive Officer Trustee and Chairman of the Board

Vice President, FTP

Mark R. Bradley Chief Financial Officer/Chief President and Chief Executive

Operating Officer Officer

James M. Dykas Senior Vice President/Controller Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer

and Chief Accounting Officer

Frank L. Fichera Managing Director None Russell J. Graham None Managing Director R. Scott Hall Managing Director None Ronald D. McAlister Managing Director None Richard A. Olson Managing Director None Managing Director/President Andrew S. Roggensack None

W. Scott Jardine Secretary and General Counsel Secretary

Kristi A. Maher Deputy General Counsel Chief Compliance Officer and

Assistant Secretary

Erin Klassman Assistant General Counsel Assistant Secretary

John Vasko Assistant General Counsel None Amy Lum Assistant General Counsel None Lisa Weier Assistant General Counsel None Compliance Counsel Heidemarie Gregoriev None Benjamin D. McCulloch Associate Counsel None Dan Affeto Senior Vice President None NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITIONS AND OFFICES POSITIONS AND BUSINESS ADDRESS* WITH UNDERWRITER OFFICES WITH FUND

Kathleen Brown Senior Vice President; Chief

Compliance Officer

None

Elizabeth H. Bull Senior Vice President None
Robert F. Carey Senior Vice President None
Patricia L. Costello Senior Vice President None
Christopher L. Dixon Senior Vice President None

Jane Doyle Senior Vice President None
Jon C. Erickson Senior Vice President None
Ken Fincher Senior Vice President None
Scott Fries Senior Vice President None

Rosanne Gatta Board Liaison Associate Assistant Secretary

Kenneth N. Hass Senior Vice President None Jason T. Henry Senior Vice President None William Housey Senior Vice President None Rich Jaeger Senior Vice President None Christian D. Jeppesen Senior Vice President None Christopher A. Lagioia Senior Vice President None

Daniel J. Lindquist Senior Vice President Vice President

David G. McGarel Senior Vice President None Mark R. McHenney Senior Vice President None Mitchell Mohr Senior Vice President None Paul E. Nelson Senior Vice President None Steve R. Nelson Senior Vice President None Robert M. Porcellino Senior Vice President None Steven R. Ritter Senior Vice President None

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITIONS AND OFFICES POSITIONS AND BUSINESS ADDRESS* WITH UNDERWRITER OFFICES WITH FUND

Senior Vice President None Alan Rooney Senior Vice President Francine Russell None Brad A. Shaffer Senior Vice President None Brian Sheehan Senior Vice President None Andrew C. Subramanian Senior Vice President None Mark P. Sullivan Senior Vice President None

Roger F. Testin Senior Vice President Vice President

Stanley Ueland Senior Vice President Assistant Vice President

Gregory E. Wearsch Senior Vice President None
Patrick Woelfel Senior Vice President None
Jonathan Ackerhalt Vice President None

Lance Allen Vice President None Jeff Ambrose Vice President None Vice President Kyle Baker None Vice President Carlos Barbosa None Vice President Andrew Barnum None Michael Bean Vice President None Dan Blong Vice President None Bill Braasch Vice President None Brad Bradley Vice President None Cory Bringle Vice President None Mike Britt Vice President None Vice President Alex Brozyna None Nathan S. Cassel Vice President None Joshua Crosley Vice President None

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITIONS AND OFFICES POSITIONS AND BUSINESS ADDRESS* WITH UNDERWRITER OFFICES WITH FUND

Michael Dawson Vice President None Vice President Michael Darr None Daren J. Davis Vice President None Michael DeBella Vice President None Vice President Sean Degnan None Joel D. Donley Vice President None Brett Egner Vice President None Stacy Eppen Vice President None

Chris Fallow Vice President Assistant Vice President

Ben Ferwerdo Vice President None Don Fuller Vice President None Joann Godbout Vice President None Matt D. Graham Vice President None William M. Hannold Vice President None Mary Jane Hansen Vice President None Vice President Gaby Harman None Vice President Ryan Issakainen None Rich Jacquemart Vice President None Rick Johnson Vice President None Greg Keefer Vice President None Tom Knickerbocker Vice President None Christina Knierim Vice President None Thomas E. Kotcher Vice President None Todd Larson Vice President None

Vice President

Daniel Lavin

None

NAME AND PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ADDRESS*	POSITIONS AND OFFICES WITH UNDERWRITER	POSITIONS AND OFFICES WITH FUND
Michael P. Leyden	Vice President	None
Keith L. Litavsky	Vice President	None
Eric Maisel	Vice President	None
Grant Markgraf	Vice President	None
Stephanie L. Martin	Vice President	None
Marty McFadden	Vice President	None
Nate Memmott	Vice President	None
Sean Moriarty	Vice President	None
John O'Sullivan	Vice President	None
David Pagano	Vice President	None
Brian K. Penney	Vice President	None
Blair R. Peterson	Vice President	None
Jason Peterson	Vice President	None
Craig Pierce	Vice President	None
Marisa Prestigiacomo	Vice President	None
Craig Prichard	Vice President	None
David A. Rieger	Vice President	None
James Rowlette	Vice President	None
Ronda L. Saeli-Chiappe	Vice President	None
Jeffrey M. Samuel	Vice President	None
Debra K. Scherbring	Vice President	None
Nim Short	Vice President	None
Edward J. Sistowicz	Vice President	None
Cal Smith	Vice President	None
Eric Stoiber	Vice President	None

BUSINESS ADDRESS* WITH UNDERWRITER OFFICES WITH FUND Terry Swagerty Vice President None Brian Taylor Vice President None Vice President Kerry Tazakine None Timothy Trudo Vice President None Bryan Ulmer Vice President None Katherine Urevig Vice President None Barbara E. Vinson Vice President None Dan Waldron Vice President None Lewin M. Williams Vice President None Jeffrey S. Barnum Assistant Vice President None Toby A. Bohl Assistant Vice President None Steve Claiborne Assistant Vice President None

POSITIONS AND OFFICES

NAME AND PRINCIPAL

POSITIONS AND

Katie D. Collins	Assistant Vice President	None
Ann Marie Giudice	Assistant Vice President/Treasurer	None
Debbie Del Giudice	Assistant Vice President	None
Ken Harrison	Assistant Vice President	None
Anita K. Henderson	Assistant Vice President	None
James V. Huber	Assistant Vice President	None
Kristen Johanneson	Assistant Vice President	None
Daniel C. Keller	Assistant Vice President	None
Coleen D. Lynch	Assistant Vice President	Assistant Vice President
Robert J. Madeja	Assistant Vice President	None
David M. McCammond-Watts	Assistant Vice President	None
Michelle Parker	Assistant Vice President	None

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITIONS AND OFFICES POSITIONS AND BUSINESS ADDRESS* WITH UNDERWRITER OFFICES WITH FUND Steve Schwarting Assistant Vice President None Omar Sepulveda Assistant Vice President None John H. Sherren Assistant Vice President None Lee Sussman Assistant Vice President None Christopher J. Thill Assistant Vice President None Assistant Vice President Dave Tweeten None Thomas G. Wisnowski Assistant Vice President None </TABLE>

* All addresses are 120 East Liberty Drive, Wheaton, Illinois 60187 unless otherwise noted.

(c) Not Applicable.

ITEM 33. LOCATION OF ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS

First Trust, 120 East Liberty Drive, Suite 400, Wheaton, Illinois 60187, maintains the Registrant's organizational documents, minutes of meetings, contracts of the Registrant and all advisory material of the investment adviser.

The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation ("BONY"), 101 Barclay Street, New York, New York 10286, maintains all general and subsidiary ledgers, journals, trial balances, records of all portfolio purchases and sales, and all other requirement records not maintained by First Trust.

BONY also maintains all the required records in its capacity as transfer, accounting, dividend payment and interest holder service agent for the Registrant.

ITEM 34. MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 35. UNDERTAKINGS

Not Applicable.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of

the requirements for effectiveness of this Registration Statement under Rule 485(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, duly authorized in the City of Wheaton, and State of Illinois, on the 28th day of January, 2013.

FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II

By: /s/ Mark R. Bradley

Mark R. Bradley, President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the date indicated:

<table> <caption> SIGNATURE</caption></table>	TITLE	DATE
<s> /s/ Mark R. Bradley </s>	<c> President and Chief Executive - Officer</c>	<c> January 28, 2013</c>
-	Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer - and Chief Accounting Officer	January 28, 2013
James A. Bowen*	Trustee)	
Richard E. Erickson*	Trustee))	
Thomas R. Kadlec*) Trustee)	BY: /s/ W. Scott Jardine
Robert F. Keith*	Trustee))	W. Scott Jardine Attorney-In-Fact January 28, 2013
Niel B. Nielson*	Trustee)	

 • | |* Original powers of attorney authorizing James A. Bowen, W. Scott Jardine and Eric F. Fess to execute Registrant's Registration Statement, and Amendments thereto, for each of the trustees of the Registrant on whose behalf this Registration Statement is filed, were previously executed, filed as an exhibit and are incorporated by reference herein.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

- (d)(22) Amended Exhibit A of the Expense Reimbursement, Fee Waiver and Recovery Agreement
- (j) Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (m)(21) Letter Agreement regarding 12b-1 fees dated January 22, 2013

EXHIBIT A

FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II

<TABLE>

<caption></caption>	
FUNDS	DATE
<\$>	<c></c>
First Trust Dow Jones STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund	January 31, 2014
First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index Fund	January 31, 2014
First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund	January 31, 2014
First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund	January 31, 2014
First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund	January 31, 2014
First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund	January 31, 2014

 |

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Post-Effective Amendment No. 87 to Registration Statement No. 333- 143964 on Form N-1A of our report dated November 28, 2012, relating to the financial statements and financial highlights of First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II (the "Fund"), comprised of First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund, First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund, First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund, First Trust BICK Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund, First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund and First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund (collectively, the "Funds"), appearing in the Annual Report on Form N-CSR for First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II for the year ended September 30, 2012 and to the references to us under the headings "Financial Highlights" in the Prospectus and "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and "Financial Statements" in the Statement of Additional Information, which are a part of such Registration Statement.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chicago, Illinois January 28, 2013 January 22, 2013

First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II 120 East Liberty Drive Wheaton, Illinois 60187

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter supercedes that certain letter agreement by and among First Trust Portfolios L.P. and First Trust Exchange-Traded Fund II (the "Trust"), dated as of January 20, 2012, with respect to the Trust. It is hereby acknowledged that First Trust Portfolios L.P. serves as the distributor of the shares of each series of the Trust. The Trust is an open-end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), comprised of various exchange-traded funds (each, a "Fund," and, collectively, the "Funds") set forth on Exhibit A attached hereto, which may be amended from time to time.

It is further acknowledged that the Trust has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan (the "Plan") pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act with respect to the shares of beneficial interest ("Shares") of the Funds. Pursuant to the Plan, each Fund may bear a fee not to exceed 0.25% per annum of such Fund's average daily net assets.

The purpose of this letter agreement is to agree and acknowledge that the Funds shall not pay, and we shall not collect, any fees pursuant to the Plan any time before the date set forth on Exhibit A attached hereto for each fund.

Very Truly Yours,

FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.

/s/ Mark R. Bradley

Mark R. Bradley Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer

AGREED AND ACKNOWLEDGED:

FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II

/s/ James M. Dykas

James M. Dykas Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer

Exhibit A

FIRST TRUST EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND II

First Trust ISE Global Copper Index Fund

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

FUNDS First Trust STOXX(R) European Select Dividend Index Fund First Trust FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Markets Real Estate Index Fund First Trust Dow Jones Global Select Dividend Index Fund First Trust ISE Global Wind Energy Index Fund

First Trust ISE Global Engineering and Construction Index Fund First Trust NASDAQ(R) Clean Edge(R) Smart Grid Infrastructure Index Fund

January 31, 2014 January 31, 2014

DATE

January 31, 2014

<C>

First Trust ISE Global Platinum Index Fund
First Trust BICK Index Fund
First Trust NASDAQ CEA Smartphone Index Fund
First Trust NASDAQ Global Auto Index Fund
First Trust ISE Cloud Computing Index Fund

</Table>

January 31, 2014

January 31, 2014

January 31, 2014

January 31, 2014