SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 497

Definitive materials filed under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of Securities Act Rule 497

Filing Date: **2004-05-18** SEC Accession No. 0001144204-04-007213

(HTML Version on secdatabase.com)

FILER

IPS FUNDS

CIK:928879| State of Incorp.:OH | Fiscal Year End: 1130 Type: 497 | Act: 33 | File No.: 033-83132 | Film No.: 04816677 Mailing Address 625 SOUTH GAY STREET STE 603 KNOXVILLE TN 37902 Business Address 1225 WEISGARBER ROAD SUITE S-380 KNOXVILLE TN 37909 423-524-1676

IPS FUNDS A FAMILY OF NO-LOAD FUNDS

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The IPS Funds (the "Trust") consists of three separate funds. This Prospectus includes important information about two of these funds, the IPS Millennium Fund and the IPS New Frontier Fund (each a "Fund" and collectively the "Funds") that you should know before investing. You should read the Prospectus and keep it for future reference.

For questions about investing in the Funds or for Shareholder Services, call toll free: 800.249.6927 Applications: Non-Ira, IRA

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

IPS MILLENNIUM FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The Fund's primary investment objective is long-term capital growth. The Fund's secondary objective is dividend income. The Fund's investment objectives may be changed without shareholder approval.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund uses a blended growth and income investment strategy. The Fund is a growth and income fund that invests primarily in domestic common stocks, balancing its investments between:

- Pure growth stocks, such as technology and other high-growth companies; and
- Stocks with significant dividend yields, such as electric and gas utilities, real estate investment trusts, and banks and industrial manufacturers.

The Fund may invest in companies of any size, small, medium or large, but will typically avoid very small companies (micro-caps) under approximately \$250 million in market value. The Fund's investment decisions are largely based on identifying companies likely to benefit from, or contribute to, fundamental new directions in technology at any given time. The Fund focuses primarily on free cash flow per share as a metric of performance and valuation. Because such companies are normally more volatile than the overall stock market, dividend-paying companies in slower-growth, mature industry sectors are used to offset some of the volatility.

IPS NEW FRONTIER FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The Fund's primary objective is growth of capital. The Fund's investment objectives may be changed without shareholder approval.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund uses an aggressive growth investment strategy. The Fund attempts to identify for investment primarily domestic common stocks of growth companies expected to achieve high relative performance. Management expects the largest portion of the Fund to be invested in technology, but will also consider and make investments in any sector where suitable opportunities exist. Within technology, the Fund will look first for companies with disruptive new technologies and business models. The Fund also will invest opportunistically in more traditional growth companies when management cannot find suitable investment opportunities in companies using new technology or business models.

The Fund may invest in companies of any size, small, medium or large, but will typically avoid very small companies (micro-caps) under approximately \$100 million in market value. Like the Millennium Fund, the Fund's investment decisions are largely based on identifying companies likely to benefit from, or contribute to, fundamental new directions in technology at any given time. The Fund focuses on free cash flow per share as a metric of performance and valuation. Unlike the Millennium Fund, though, the New Frontier Fund is a "non-diversified" fund that may invest (although it does not always do so) in a relatively small number of stocks and does not normally invest in dividend-paying companies to control volatility. Because the Fund may invest in a limited number of stocks, and stocks in its portfolio do not typically pay dividends, the Fund's performance may be substantially affected by an increase or decrease in any one stock in its portfolio.

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PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUNDS

All investments carry risks, and investments in the Funds are no exception. You may lose money on your investment in either Fund. No investment strategy works all the time, and investors should expect that there will be extended periods when either or both Funds' investment philosophies and strategies will not be aligned with where the overall stock market, or particularly large segments of the market (i.e., large vs. small or growth vs. value companies), are going.

The principal risks of investing in either of the Funds are:

- o MARKET RISK Stock prices are volatile. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies may decline, regardless of any one particular company's own unique prospects. In a recession or in a bear market, most stock mutual funds will likely lose money, day after day, week after week, month after month, until the recession or bear market is over. Since the stock market typically enters a bear market every 3-4 years, investors should understand that the Funds' value will decline from time to time.
- O INTEREST RATE RISK Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company's future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors' collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.
- o BUSINESS RISK From time to time, a particular set of circumstances may affect a particular industry or certain companies within the industry, while having little or no impact on other industries or other companies within the industry. For instance, some technology industry companies rely heavily on one type of technology. When this technology becomes outdated, too expensive, or is not favored in the market, companies that rely on the technology may rapidly become unprofitable. However, companies outside of the industry or those within the industry who do not rely on the technology may not be affected at all.
- o SMALL COMPANY RISK Stocks of smaller companies may have more risks than those of larger companies. In general, they have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential development than larger companies. Due to these and other factors, small companies may be more susceptible to market downturns, and their stock prices may be more volatile.
- MARKET VALUATION RISK Some companies that are growing very fast have unreasonable valuations by traditional valuation techniques. Since these companies' stock prices do not reflect the usual relationships between price and corporate earnings or income, their stocks tend to be extraordinarily volatile and speculative.

O FOLITICAL RISK - Regulation or deregulation of particular industries can have a material impact on the value of companies within the affected industry. For example, during the past two years, the electric and gas utility sectors of the economy have been moving towards deregulation and open price competition. In this new environment, some companies will make a successful transition into, and prosper under deregulation, and other companies will mismanage the process and do poorly.

Because the New Frontier Fund is a pure growth fund (it does not attempt to balance its growth stock investments with dividend-paying stocks) and it may invest in a relatively small number of stocks, the Fund is more susceptible to the above risks than the Millennium Fund. In addition, the New Frontier Fund is subject to the following additional risks:

- o NON-DIVERSIFIED FUND RISK In general, a non-diversified fund owns fewer stocks than other mutual funds. This means that a large loss in an individual stock causes a much larger loss in the Fund's value than it would in a fund that owns a larger number of companies.
- o TECHNOLOGY SECTOR RISK Technology related companies face risks such as competitive pressures and technological obsolescence and may be subject to greater governmental regulation than other sectors. The value of the New Frontier Fund's shares may be susceptible to factors affecting the technology areas and to greater risk and market fluctuation than an investment in a fund that invests in a broader range of portfolio securities.

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PAST PERFORMANCE

IPS MILLENNIUM FUND

The bar chart and table below provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Millennium Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for 1 year, 5 year and since inception compare to those of a broad-based securities market index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

IPS Millennium Fund

(Total return per calendar year)

[Bar chart graphic]

1996	+24.48%
1997	+21.44%
1998	+40.31%
1999	+118.80%
2000	-23.29%
2001	-42.30%
2002	-27.59%
2003	+23.97%

BEST QUARTER:	Q4 '99	+ 53.67%
WORST QUARTER:	Q3 '01	-32.31%

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003	1 YEAR	5 YEARS SIN	CE INCEPTION1
	 <c></c>	 <c></c>	 <c></c>
RETURNS BEFORE TAXES	+23.97%	-2.76%	+9.76%
RETURNS AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS	+23.90%	-2.83%	+9.57%
RETURNS AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS			
AND SALE OF FUND SHARES	+14.84%	-2.34%	+8.55%
S&P 5002 INDEX	+28.69%	-0.57%	+12.21%
VALUE LINE ARITHMETIC3	+48.06%	+10.52%	+14.54%

 | | |The Millennium Fund's after-tax returns as shown in the preceding table are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In certain cases, the figure representing "Return after Taxes on Distributions and Sales of Fund Shares" may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown.

If you own Fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account ("IRA"), this information does not apply to your investment because such accounts are only subject to taxes upon redemption.

PAST PERFORMANCE

- 1 The Millennium Fund commenced operations on January 3, 1995. The returns for the two indexes in this column have been calculated since the Fund's inception date.
- 2 The S&P 500 is a widely recognized, capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index of 500 large U.S. companies chosen for market size, liquidity and industry group representation.
- 3 The Value Line Arithmetic ("VLA") is an arithmetically averaged index of approximately 1,700 U.S. stocks of all different sizes that is more broadly based than the S&P 500. The Fund's advisor believes that an equally-weighted index like the VLA that includes large, mid and small-capitalization stocks is more appropriate as a performance proxy for its investment strategy than is a narrower, large company, capitalization-weighted index such as the S&P 500 and other similarly-calculated popular stock market indexes.

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IPS NEW FRONTIER FUND

The bar chart and table below provide an indication of the risks of investing in the New Frontier Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for 1 year and since inception compare to those of a broad-based securities market index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

IPS New Frontier

(Total return per calendar year)

[Bar	chart graphic]
1999	+187.43%
2000	-56.28%
2001	-51.57%
2002	-31.64%
2003	+30.84%

BEST QUARTER:	Q4 `99	+ 98.24%
WORST QUARTER:	Q4 `00	- 47.84%

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003	1 YEAR	5 YEARS	SINCE INCEPTION/1/
	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
RETURNS BEFORE TAXES	+30.84%	-11.46%	-7.81%
RETURNS AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS	+30.82%	-11.59%	-7.95%
RETURNS AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS			
AND SALE OF FUND SHARES	+18.96%	-9.30%	-6.41%
S&P 500 INDEX/2/	+28.69%	-0.57%	+1.45%
VALUE LINE ARITHMETIC/3/	+48.06%	+10.52%	+10.65%

</TABLE>

The New Frontier Fund's after-tax returns as shown in the following table are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In certain cases, the figure representing "Return after Taxes on Distributions and Sales of Fund Shares" may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own Fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account ("IRA"), this information does not apply to your investment because such accounts are only subject to taxes upon redemption.

1 The New Frontier Fund commenced operations on August 3, 1998. The returns for the two indexes in this column have been calculated since the Fund's inception date.

2 The S&P 500 is a widely recognized, capitalization-weighted, unmanaged

index of 500 large U.S. companies chosen for market size, liquidity and industry group representation.

3 The Value Line Arithmetic ("VLA") is an arithmetically averaged index of approximately 1,700 U.S. stocks of all different sizes that is more broadly based than the S&P 500. The Fund's advisor believes that an equally-weighted index like the VLA that includes large, mid and small-capitalization stocks is more appropriate as a performance proxy for its investment strategy than is a narrower, large company, capitalization-weighted index such as the S&P 500 and other similarly-calculated popular stock market indexes.

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We designed this table to help you understand the costs to shareholders in the Fund. We based the expense information on expenses from the last fiscal year for each Fund. Actual expenses may be different from those shown. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Funds.

SHAREHOLDER TRANSACTION EXPENSES (Fees paid directly from your investment)

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Millennium Fund	New Frontier Fund
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Maximum sales load on purchases	None	None
Maximum sales load on reinvested dividends	None	None
Deferred sales load	None	None
Redemption fees/1/	None	None
Exchange fees	None	None

 | |ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that are deducted from assets)

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Millennium Fund	New Frontier Fund
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Management fees/2/	1.40%	1.40%
12b-1 expenses	0.00%	0.00%
Other expenses	0.00%	0.00%
Total Fund operating expenses/2/	1.40%	1.40%

 | |1 The Fund's custodian charges a \$15 fee per wire redemption.

2 The Fund's total operating expenses equal the management fees paid to the Advisor because the Advisor pays all of the Fund operating expenses, except brokerage, taxes, interest and extraordinary expenses.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Funds with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in either of the Funds for the periods indicated, and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that you reinvest your dividends and distributions, and that the Funds' operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Millennium Fund	\$143	\$443	\$766	\$1,680
New Frontier Fund	\$143	\$443	\$766	\$1,680

The Funds are part of a no-load fund family, so you do not pay any sales charge or commission when you buy or sell shares. If you buy or sell shares through a broker, you may be charged a fee by the broker, but not by us. Also, neither Fund has a 12b-1 Plan. Unlike most other mutual funds, you do not pay additional fees for transfer agency, pricing, custodial, auditing or legal services. You also don't pay any additional general administrative or other operating expenses. Instead, the Advisor for each Fund pays out of its management fees all of the expenses of the Fund except brokerage, taxes, interest and extraordinary 6

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

IPS MILLENNIUM FUND. This financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Millennium Fund's financial performance for the last five fiscal years. The financial highlights describe the Fund's performance for the fiscal periods shown. "Total return" shows how much your investment in the Fund earned (or lost) during each period, assuming you had reinvested all dividends and capital gains distributions. The information presented below has been audited by McCurdy & Associates CPA's, Inc., whose report along with the Fund's financial statements are included in the Fund's annual report, a copy of which is available without charge from the Fund.

IPS Millennium Fund

Financial Highlights

Selected per share data is based on a share of outstanding common stock outstanding throughout each period.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	2003	FOR 2002	THE YEARS EN 2001	IDED NOVEMBI 2000	ER 30, 1999
<s> PER SHARE DATA:</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$22.43	\$29.43	\$49.29	\$55.93	\$27.53
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS					
Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized gain	0.08	(0.07)	(0.10)(1)	0.04	(0.03)
(loss) on investments	3.52	(6.93)	(19.72)	(6.30)	28.45
Total Income (Loss) From Investment					
Operations	3.60	(7.00)	(19.82)	(6.26)	28.42
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:					
Dividends from net investment income Dividends from net	0.00	0.00	(0.04)	(0.00)	(0.02)
realized gains on investments	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	(0.38)	(0.00)
Total dividends and distributions	0.00	0.00	(0.04)	(0.38)	(0.02)
Net asset value, end of period	\$26.03	\$22.43	\$29.43	\$49.29	\$55.93
TOTAL RETURN SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:	====== 16.05%	====== (23.79)%	====== (40.25)%	====== (11.36)%	====== 103.23%
Net assets, end of period (000's) Ratio of net operating expenses	\$79,384	\$94,643	\$184,467	\$409,247	\$132,331
to average net assets Ratio of net investment income (loss)	1.40%	1.34%	1.19%	1.11%	1.39%
to average net assets	0.36%	(0.27)%	(0.23)%	0.08%	(0.07)%
Portfolio turnover rate 					

 169.37% | 209.20% | 115.45% | 27.88% | 51.74% | Net investment income per share is calculated using ending balances prior to consideration of permanent book and tax differences.

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IPS NEW FRONTIER FUND. This financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the New Frontier Fund's financial performance for the Fund's last five fiscal years. The financial highlights describe the Fund's performance for the fiscal periods shown. "Total return" shows how much your investment in the Fund earned (or lost) during each period, assuming you had reinvested all dividends and capital gains distributions. The information presented below has been audited by McCurdy & Associates CPA's, Inc., whose report along with the Fund's financial statements are included in the Fund's annual report, a copy of which is available without charge from the Fund.

IPS New Frontier Fund

Financial Highlights

Selected per share data is based on a share of common stock outstanding

throughout each period.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	2003	FOR THE Y 2002	EARS ENDED N 2001	OVEMBER 30, 2000	1999
<s> PER SHARE DATA:</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net asset value, beginning of period INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS	\$5.97	\$8.45	\$17.04	\$29.39	\$12.60
Net investment income (loss) Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.01)	(0.08)	(0.11)(1)	(0.25)(1)	(0.03)
on investments	1.41	(2.40)	(8.48)	(11.36)	16.84
Total Income (Loss) From Investment					
Operations	1.40	(2.48)	(8.59)	(11.61)	16.81
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:					
Dividends from net investment income	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.02)
Distributions from net realized gains	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	(0.74)	(0.00)
Total dividends and distributions	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	(0.74)	(0.02)
NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD	\$7.37 =====		\$8.45 =====	\$17.04	\$29.39 ======
TOTAL RETURN SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:	23.45%	(29.35)%	(50.41)%	(40.92)%	133.37%
Net assets, end of period (000's) Ratio of net operating expenses to	3,666	\$3,725	\$6,230	\$11,077	\$5 , 697
average net assets Ratio of net investment income (loss)	1.40%	1.40%	1.40%	1.40%	1.40%
to average net assets	(0.04)%	(1.11)%	(1.00)%	(0.92)%	(0.13)%
Portfolio turnover rate	213.83%	300.19%	187.61%	78.61%	217.50%

</TABLE>

 Net investment income per share is calculated using ending balances prior to consideration of adjustments for permanent book and tax differences.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS' INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

IPS MILLENNIUM FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The primary investment objective of the Millennium Fund is long-term growth of capital. Its secondary objective is dividend income. The Fund's investment objectives may be changed without shareholder approval.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund uses a blended growth and income strategy. The Fund seeks to achieve growth using primarily U.S. stocks, and by balancing investment in pure growth stocks such as technology and other high-growth companies, with stocks that pay high dividends, such as electric and gas utilities, real estate investment trust, banks and industrial manufacturers. You can think of this as a "Barbell Strategy." On one end of the barbell are high-growth companies with no dividends, and on the other end are low-growth companies with high dividends. In between is a small amount of Fund assets invested in moderate growth, moderate dividend companies. The amounts invested in the ends of the barbell are constantly adjusted to achieve the Fund's risk-adjusted investment objectives. Pure high-growth stocks can be more volatile than the overall market. We use high dividend companies to reduce that volatility, not to generate income for shareholders. Thus, the Fund is not a pure growth fund, but pursues a blended strategy of growth and income stocks.

To choose stocks for the Fund, we try to identify companies likely to benefit from, or contribute to, fundamental new directions in technology and new business models at any given time. We determine technological directions based on our review of research materials, including but not limited to, historical treatises, scientific literature, industry, government and academic white papers, industry and sector analyses and research reports, individual company analyses and research reports, news analysts, daily and monthly financial press and other sources. We then invest in companies we believe have the best chance of benefiting from these changes to add long-term value for shareholders. In making our determinations, we attempt to identify companies with a high rate of sales and earnings growth that are creating value more rapidly than their competitors or the overall economy. We will not attempt to time the stock market, and expect to remain fully invested during all normal up and down market cycles.

In making our decisions, we typically consider a number of financial, operating and valuation ratios as an indicator of the company's comparative management effectiveness, as well as the valuation of the company's stock. Free cash flow ("FCF") generation ability, and the FCF yield on the stock price, is used as the primary determinant of value. We also view the economy and stock markets as Complex Adaptive Systems, in order to have a better understanding of how value is created. The Fund may buy companies of any size, but the Advisor normally avoids very small companies (micro-caps) under approximately \$250 million in market value. The Fund will invest most of its assets in equity securities, and the remainder in money market securities.

TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE POSITIONS. The Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. During such an unusual crisis, the Fund may hold up to 100% of its portfolio in money market and U.S. Government securities. When the Fund takes a temporary defensive position, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

"PORTFOLIO TURNOVER" is a ratio that indicates how often the securities in a mutual fund's portfolio change during a year's time. Higher numbers indicate a greater number of changes, and lower numbers indicate a smaller number of changes.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER. Although the Fund's strategy emphasizes longer-term investments that typically result in Portfolio Turnover less than 75%, the Fund may, from time to time, have a higher Portfolio Turnover when the Adviser's implementation of the Fund's investment strategy or a temporary defensive position results in frequent trading. Since each trade by the Fund costs the Fund a brokerage commission, high Portfolio Turnover may have a significant adverse impact on the Fund's performance. In addition, because sales of securities in the Fund's portfolio may result in taxable gain or loss, high Portfolio Turnover may result in significant tax consequences for shareholders.

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IPS NEW FRONTIER FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The New Frontier Fund's investment objective is growth of capital. The Fund's investment objective may be changed without shareholder approval.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund's strategy is aggressive growth of capital using an approach designed to focus on disruptive new technologies and business models in order to achieve high relative performance. We determine technological directions based on our review of research materials, including but not limited to, historical treatises, scientific literature, industry, government and academic white papers, industry and sector analyses and research reports, individual company analyses and research reports, news analysts, daily and monthly financial press and other sources. We will then identify companies we believe have the best chance of benefiting from these changes to add long-term value for shareholders. These companies should have a high rate of sales and earnings growth, and be able to create value more rapidly than their competitors or the overall economy.

The Fund will buy stocks of primarily U.S. companies, especially in companies with disruptive new technologies and business models. It will also opportunistically pursue investment in any sector that offers high relative returns, whether temporary or long-term, whenever management cannot find suitable investment opportunities in new technologies. Free cash flow is used as the primary determinant of value in most cases.

WHAT IS A NON-DIVERSIFIED FUND?

Most mutual funds elect to be "diversified" funds that, as to 75% of their assets, cannot invest more than 5% of their assets in any one security at any given time. A non-diversified fund is not subject to this limitation, and so it can hold a relatively small number of securities in its portfolio. Even a non-diversified fund has to have some diversification for tax purposes, though.

Under the tax code, all mutual funds are required, at the end of each quarter of the taxable year, to have (i) at least 50% of the market value of the Fund's total assets be invested in cash, U.S. Government securities, the securities of other regulated investment companies, and other securities, limited with respect to any one issuer limited for the purposes of this calculation to an amount not greater than 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets, and (ii) not more than 25% of the value of its total assets be invested in the securities of any one issuer (other than U.S. Government securities or the securities of other regulated investment companies).

Unlike the Millennium Fund, the New Frontier Fund is a non-diversified fund. This means we can hold larger positions in one individual company and own fewer stocks than can most mutual funds. Thus, diversification may, at times, not be as high as it is in most mutual funds, due to concentration among a smaller number of securities, each making up a larger portion of the fund's portfolio of investments.

We do not attempt to time the stock market, and expect to remain fully invested during all normal times, including all normal up and down market cycles. The Fund may buy stocks of any size company, although we normally will avoid very small companies (micro-caps) under approximately \$100 million in market value. The Fund will invest most of its assets in equity securities, and the remainder in money market securities.

TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE POSITIONS. The Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. During such an unusual crisis, the Fund may hold up to 100% of its portfolio in money market and U.S. Government securities. When the Fund takes a temporary defensive position, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER. The Fund typically holds investments in its portfolio only until those investments reach what the Fund believes is a fair valuation level. This strategy results in high Portfolio Turnover, typically between 125-150%. Since each trade by the Fund costs the Fund a brokerage commission, high Portfolio Turnover may have a significant adverse impact on the Fund's performance. In addition, because each sale of securities in the Fund's portfolio may result in taxable gain or loss, high Portfolio Turnover may result in significant tax consequences for shareholders.

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VALUATION OF SHARES

The Funds' share prices are determined based upon net asset value (NAV). The Funds calculate NAV at approximately 4:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. Purchase and redemption requests are priced at the next NAV calculated after receipt of such requests. The NAV per share of each Fund is determined by dividing the total value of the applicable Fund's investments and other assets less any liabilities by its number of outstanding shares.

Equity securities listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued at the last sale price on the day the valuation is made or, if no sale is reported, at the latest bid price. Valuations of variable and fixed income securities are supplied by independent pricing services approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees. Other assets and securities for which no quotations are readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with procedures approved by the Trust's Board of Sixty (60) days or less are valued at amortized cost.

BUYING FUND SHARES

To invest, you may purchase shares directly from each Fund by sending your check in the amount of your investment, made out to the appropriate Fund, to:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

To purchase shares by overnight or express mail, please use the following street address:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. 83 GENERAL WARREN BLVD., SUITE 200 MALVERN, PA 19355 You may also invest in either Fund through any broker-dealer authorized by the Fund to accept on its behalf purchase and redemption orders, rather than investing directly. These authorized broker-dealers are also authorized to designate intermediaries to accept such orders. Since a broker-dealer may charge you fees for purchasing or redeeming shares other than those described in this Prospectus, ask your broker-dealer about his or her fees before investing.

For direct purchases, your order will be priced at the next NAV after your order is received in good order. For purchases of shares through a broker, orders are deemed to have been received by the Fund when the order is received in good order by the broker, and are executed at the next determined NAV after such receipt by the broker or the broker's authorized designee.

Your investment must meet the minimum investment requirements in the chart below. All investments must be in U.S. dollars. Third-party checks cannot be accepted. Your bank may also wire money to the custodian. Please call 800.249.6927 for wiring instructions.

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TRADITIONAL IRA*: Assets grow tax-deferred and contributions may be deductible. Withdrawals and distributions are taxable in the year made.

SPOUSAL IRA: An IRA in the name of a non-working spouse by a working spouse.

ROTH IRA: An IRA with tax free growth of assets and distributions, if certain conditions are met. Contributions are not deductible.

COVERDELL EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNTS: An IRA with tax-free growth of assets and distributions, if used to pay qualified educational expenses. Contributions are not deductible.

MINIMUM INVESTMENTS					
	INITIAL	ADDITIONAL			
Regular Accounts	\$1,000	\$100			
Automatic investment plans (regular or IRA)	\$100	\$100			
IRAs (Spousal, Roth, all but Coverdell Education Savings Accounts)	\$1,000	\$100			
Coverdell Education Savings Accounts	\$500	N/A			

* IRA stands for "Individual Retirement Account." IRAs are special types of accounts that offer different tax advantages. You should consult your tax professional to help decide which is right for you.

REDEEMING YOUR SHARES

To redeem your shares, send a letter of instruction to the transfer agent with your name, account number and the amount you wish to redeem. Mail the redemption request to:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

We will buy back (redeem), without charge, your shares at the current NAV on the day we receive a your request for redemption in good order. If you request sales proceeds via wire redemption, we will charge your account \$15.

A SIGNATURE GUARANTEE helps protect against fraud. You can obtain

one from most banks or securities dealers, but not from a notary public. For joint accounts, each signature must be guaranteed. Please call us to ensure that your signature guarantee will be processed correctly.

A signature guarantee is required for any withdrawal which is over \$50,000, or which is mailed to an address or person that is not the address or person of record.

If you invested in one of the Funds through a broker-dealer authorized to accept purchase orders on the Fund's behalf, then you will need to contact the broker-dealer or its authorized designee to redeem your shares. For redemptions of shares through a broker-dealer, orders are deemed to have been received by the Fund when the order is received in good order by the broker-dealer or the broker-dealer's authorized designee, and are executed at the next determined NAV after such receipt. Since a broker-dealer may charge you fees for purchasing or redeeming shares other than those described in this Prospectus, ask your broker-dealer about his or her fees before investing.

Each of the Funds generally pay sale (redemption) proceeds in cash. However, under unusual conditions that make the payment of cash unwise (and for the protection of a Fund's remaining shareholders) a Fund might pay all or part of a shareholders redemption proceeds in liquid securities with a market value equal to the redemption price (redemption in kind).

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PURCHASES, SALES, AND EXCHANGES

SMALL ACCOUNTS. Due to the high costs of maintaining small accounts, either Fund may ask that you increase your Fund balance if your account with the Fund falls below \$2,000. If the account remains under \$2,000 after 30 days, the Fund may close your account and send you the proceeds.

EXCHANGES. Each Fund permits you to exchange your Fund's shares for shares in the other Fund, without charge, if the Fund being acquired offers its shares for sale in your state. The Funds' exchange opportunities include one-time exchanges as well as automatic periodic exchanges. Exchange requests should be sent in writing to the transfer agent, signed by each registered owner (signature guarantees are necessary for any exchange of over \$50,000). If the exchange request satisfies the requirements for a redemption, the exchange will be based on the NAVs of the shares involved, determined at the end of the day on which the request is received. Before requesting an exchange, you should review a current Prospectus for the new fund you will acquire to be sure you fully understand the investment objectives and portfolio of the new fund.

SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWALS. If your account's value is more than \$10,000, you may be eligible for our Systematic Withdrawal Program that allows you to withdraw a fixed amount from your account each month or calendar quarter. Each withdrawal must be \$250 or more, and you should note that a withdrawal involves a redemption of shares that may result in a gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. Please contact us for more information about the Systematic Withdrawal Program

TELEPHONE PURCHASES BY SECURITIES FIRMS. Brokerage firms that are NASD members may telephone the transfer agent at 800.249.6927 and buy shares for investors who have investments in either Fund through the brokerage firm's account with the applicable Fund. By electing telephone purchase privileges, NASD member firms, on behalf of themselves and their clients, agree that neither the Funds, the underwriter nor the transfer agent shall be liable for following telephone instructions reasonably believed to be genuine. To be sure telephone instructions are genuine, the Funds and their agents send written confirmations of transactions to the broker that initiated the telephone purchase. As a result of these and other policies, the NASD member firms may bear the risk of any loss in the event of such a transaction. However, if the transfer agent or a Fund fails to follow these established procedures, they may be liable. Each Fund may modify or terminate these telephone privileges at any time.

MISCELLANEOUS. Each Fund reserves the right to:

- refuse to accept any request to purchase shares of the Fund for any reason;
 delay any redemption or exchange request involving recently purchased shares for up to seven days until the check for the recently purchased shares has cleared;
- * change or discontinue its exchange privileges, or temporarily suspend these privileges during unusual market conditions;
- * delay mailing redemption proceeds for up to seven days (most redemption proceeds are mailed within three days after receipt of a request); or

* process any redemption request that exceeds \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's assets (whichever is less) by paying the redemption proceeds in portfolio securities rather than cash (typically referred to as "redemption in kind").

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT PROCEDURES FOR OPENING A NEW ACCOUNT

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions, which includes mutual funds, to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. Accordingly, when you open an account with the Trust, we will ask for your name, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask for other identifying documents or information. If you fail to provide us with requested information, we may be unable to open your account, or may have to close your recently opened account, or restrict activity in your account until the requested information is provided.

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PRIVACY POLICY- Protecting your personal information is a priority for the Funds and our privacy policy has been designed to support this objective. The Funds may collect non-public personal information from you in the following ways:

- From information provided by you on applications or other forms submitted to the Funds or to the Transfer Agent; and
- From information arising from your investment in the Funds.

The Funds utilize electronic, procedural, and physical controls in keeping with industry standards and procedures. For example, the Funds authorize access to your personal and account information on a "needs information only" basis to personnel utilizing this information to provide products or services to you.

The Funds do not disclose any non-public personal information about you, except as permitted or required by law. For example, the Funds have entered into arrangements with the Advisor to provide investment advisory, administrative, and other services, and the Funds may disclose information about you or information that you have provided to the Funds to the Adviser in connection with the Adviser's responsibilities to the Funds.

DISTRIBUTION OF FUND SHARES

DISTRIBUTOR. Citco-Quaker Fund Distributors, Inc., 1288 Valley Forge Road, Suite 88, Valley Forge, PA 19482, serves as distributor and principal underwriter to the Funds. Citco-Quaker Fund Distributors, Inc. is a registered broker-dealer and member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Shares of each Fund are offered on a continuous basis.

DISTRIBUTIONS AND FEDERAL TAXES

Each Fund distributes all of its net investment income and substantially all of their capital gains at least annually. Unless you instruct us otherwise, your distributions will be reinvested automatically in additional shares (or fractions thereof) of the applicable Fund.

Distributions to shareholders are taxable to most investors (unless your investment is an IRA or other tax advantaged account). The tax status of any distribution is the same regardless of how long you have been in the fund and whether you reinvest your distributions or receive them in cash.

The table to the right can provide a guide for your potential tax liability when selling or exchanging fund shares.

"Short-term capital gains" applies to fund shares sold up to 12 months after buying them. "Long-term capital gains" applies to shares held for more than 12 months.

TAXABILITY OF DISTRIBUTIONS

TYPE OF DISTRIBUTION	TAX RATE FOR 15% BRACKET 	TAX RATE FOR 27% BRACKET OR ABOVE
Income dividends	Ordinary Income Rate	ORDINARY INCOME RATE
Short-term capital gains	Ordinary Income Rate	Ordinary Income Rate
Long-term capital gains	10%	20%

______ ____

An exchange of one Fund's shares for the other Fund will be treated as a sale of the Fund's shares and any gain on the transaction may be subject to federal income tax. Because everyone's tax situation is unique, be sure to consult your tax adviser about federal, state and local tax consequences.

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MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

IPS Advisory, Inc. serves as the Advisor who manages the investments, business affairs, and provides investment research for each Fund. The Advisor also furnishes advice and recommendations to each Fund regarding securities to be purchased and sold, and manages the investments of the Funds, subject to the oversight of the Trust's Board of Trustees. The Advisor's principal office is located at 1225 Weisgarber Road, Suite S-380, Knoxville, TN 37909.

Each Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee based on the following schedule:

ANNUALIZED PERCENTAGE OF	
AVERAGE DAILY NET ASSETS	ASSET LEVEL
1.40%	0 - \$100,000,000
1.15%	\$100,000,001-\$250,000,000
0.90%	\$250,000,001+

The Advisor is managed by Greg D'Amico, President, and Robert Loest, Ph.D., CFA, Chief Executive Officer. Mr. D'Amico and Mr. Loest both have extensive experience in equities analysis, having managed investment portfolios for individual clients, including corporations and retirement plans, on a full time basis since 1986. They have managed the Funds' portfolios since their inception. The total assets, of the Advisor, under management are approximately \$92 million as of December 31, 2003.

CODE OF ETHICS- The Board of Trustees of the Funds has approved a Code of Ethics (the "Code") for the Funds and Advisor. The Trust's Principal Underwriter has also adopted a Code of Ethics which governs its activities as an Underwriter. These Codes govern the personal activities of persons who may have knowledge of the investment activities of the Funds, requires that they file regular reports concerning their personal securities transactions, and prohibits activities that might result in harm to the Funds. The Board is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the Codes. The Funds have filed copies of each Code with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of the Codes of Ethics may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. The Codes are also available on the SEC's EDGAR database at the SEC's web site (www.sec.gov). Copies of this information can be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request (publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, DC 20549-0102.

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Additional information about the Funds' investments is available in the Funds' annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Funds' annual reports, dated November 31, 2003, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during its last fiscal year.

Also, a Statement of Additional Information about the Funds, dated March 31, 2004, has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This Statement (which is incorporated in its entirety by reference in this Prospectus) contains detailed information about the Funds.

The Funds' annual and semi-annual reports and the Funds' Statement of Additional Information are available without charge upon written request to:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

You can also review or obtain copies of these reports by visiting the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. or by sending your request and a duplicating fee to the Public Reference Room Section of the Commission, Washington, DC 20549-6009. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the Commission at 1-202-942-8090 or by sending a message via E-mail to www.publicinfo@sec.gov.

Reports and other information about the Funds can also be viewed online on the Commission's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov.

IPS Funds Investment Act File Number:

811-08718

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INVESTMENT ADVISOR: IPS Advisory, Inc. 1225 Weisgarber Road Suite S-380 Knoxville, TN 37909 865.524.1676 800.232.9142

BOARD OF TRUSTEES: Greg D'Amico, President Robert Loest, CFA Woodrow Henderson, J.D. Veenita Bisaria, CFA Bill Stegall, Jr.

CUSTODIAN: U.S. Bank, N.A. 425 Walnut Street Cincinnati, OH 45202

TRANSFER AGENT, FUND ACCOUNTANT, AND FUND ADMINISTRATOR: Citco Mutual Fund Services, Inc. P.O. Box C-1100 Southeastern, PA 19398-1100

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT: Cohen McCurdy, Ltd. 27955 Clemens Road Westlake, OH 44145

LEGAL COUNSEL: Kilpatrick Stockton LLP 1100 Peachtree Street Atlanta, GA 30309

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IPS FUNDS A FAMILY OF NO-LOAD FUNDS

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The IPS Funds (the "Trust") consists of three separate mutual funds. This Prospectus includes important information you should know before investing in one of these funds, the IPS iFund (the "Fund"). You should read the Prospectus and keep it for future reference.

For questions about investing in the Fund or for

Shareholder Services: 800.249.6927 Applications: Non-Ira, IRA

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund's investment objective is long-term growth of capital. The objective may be changed without Shareholder approval.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund intends to accomplish its objective by investing in companies that are expected to achieve very rapid growth in sales and/or earnings per share during each of the next three years. Very rapid growth is roughly defined as long-term (i.e., three - five years) average growth rates of 15 percent or more as defined by any major financial statistical organization (e.g., First Call, Consensus Estimates, S&P 500, etc.). Alternatively, if a company has no meaningful growth estimates because it has recently become public, its stock may be considered if it appears the company possesses intellectual or other assets that may be leveraged into a significant competitive advantage. It is believed that for the foreseeable future the great majority of companies eligible for consideration will be in the broad field of technology, including information technology and power technology.

Given the primary growth objectives, it is expected that nominated companies will meet one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. Possess technologies that are disruptive and new.
- Possess technologies that are disruptive and capable of displacing traditional technologies.
- Have a new business and/or business model with expected high growth rates benefiting from a disruptive technology.
- 4. Be a beneficiary of governmental deregulation.
- Appear to be able to meet the growth requirements for inclusion in the fund because of any other long term, sustainable reason.

The Fund will invest only in stocks (including foreign stocks) that are listed on the New York or American Stock Exchange ("Exchange-listed stocks") or quoted on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation ("NASDAQ") National Market System. However, stocks purchased must have a market price of at least \$5 per share and a market capitalization of at least \$100 million.

THE ROLE OF SHAREHOLDERS. Unlike conventional mutual funds, the Fund's investments will not be selected by a professional investment adviser. Instead, the Fund's investments will be determined by its Shareholders. The Shareholders will use the Fund's Internet Web-based application on the IPS iFund's Web site, www.ipsifund.com (the "iFund's Web Page"), to nominate and vote for stocks to be purchased and sold by the Fund.

Because of the interactive nature of the Fund and the Shareholders' role in directing the Fund's investments, the Fund is only appropriate for Shareholders that meet the following criteria:

- o have a computer with access to the Internet;
- o have experience using Web-based applications;
- o will regularly monitor the Fund's holdings and cash position;
- will participate in the process of researching and nominating potential investments for the Fund; and
- o will vote on stocks nominated for purchase or sale by the Fund.

Only investors who represent to the Fund that they meet the foregoing criteria will be permitted to invest in the Fund.

THE ROLE OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISOR. The Fund's investment advisor, IPS Advisory, Inc. (the "Advisor"), will carry out the investment decisions of the Shareholders. The Adviser's responsibilities will include ensuring that the Fund's stock transactions (as directed by the Shareholders) comply with applicable regulatory constraints and can be practicably carried out in light of the Fund's cash position and portfolio holdings. The Advisor will also assist Shareholders to follow the Fund's investment objectives and strategies in their decision-making.

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The Advisor will also provide support services to the Shareholders. These services will include the maintenance of the Fund's Web Site on the Advisor's Web Site. To help investors in their decision-making, the Advisor will provide brokerage research and post the Fund's holdings on a real time basis on the Fund's Web Site, to the extent practicable. In addition, the Advisor will regularly communicate with Shareholders through the Web Site, and support Shareholder discussion through a chatroom and message board.

PRINCIPAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

The Fund is a new and untested concept. Accordingly, the Fund is also only appropriate for Shareholders who can tolerate significant fluctuations in the value of their investment and who are willing to undertake the risk of an investment dependent on the collective action of Shareholders rather than the decisions of a professional investment advisor.

All investments carry risks, and the Fund is no exception. You may lose money on your investment. No investment strategy works all the time, and investors should expect that there will be extended periods when the Fund's objectives and strategies will not be aligned with where the overall stock market, or particularly large segments of the market (i.e., large vs. small or growth vs. value companies), are going.

Some of the principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

- MARKET RISK Stock prices are volatile. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies may decline, regardless of any one company's own unique prospects. In a recession or bear market, most stock mutual funds will likely lose money, day after day, week after week, month after month, until the recession or bear market is over. Since the stock market typically enters a bear market every 3-4 years, investors should understand that the Fund's value may decline from time to time.
- MARKET VALUATION RISK Some companies that are growing very fast have unreasonable valuations by traditional valuation techniques. Since these companies' stock prices do not reflect the usual relationships between price and corporate earnings or income, their stocks tend to be extraordinarily volatile and speculative. The Fund will invest in these companies, many of which are technology companies.
- o NEW ISSUER RISK. The Fund may invest in the common stocks of relatively new companies, which are making initial public offerings or are in operation for less than three years. These stocks are generally more risky than the stocks of established companies. New companies have a higher failure rate. They may lack the resources and funds necessary to grow and establish themselves in the marketplace. These companies may also focus on products or services with no established markets, and they may fail to establish a market for their products or services.
- SMALL COMPANY RISK. Stocks of smaller companies may have more risks than those of larger companies. In general, they have less experienced management teams, serve smaller markets, and find it more difficult to obtain financing for growth or potential development than larger companies. Due to these and other factors, small companies may be more susceptible to market downturns, and their stock prices may be more volatile.
- NON-DIVERSIFIED FUND RISK In general, a non-diversified fund may own fewer stocks than other mutual funds. This means that a large loss in an individual stock may cause a much larger loss in a non-diversified fund's value than it would in other funds. The Advisor may encourage the Shareholders to diversify the Fund's holdings, but the Fund is classified as "non-diversified" to enable it to concentrate its assets in a narrower group of stocks than a diversified fund if the Shareholders direct it to do so.

In addition, because the Fund will be managed by its Shareholders, it presents the following additional principal risks, not found in other "conventional" funds with a similar investment objective and strategy. These risks could be substantial, but the levels of these risks are unknown because the IPS iFund represents a new interactive mutual fund concept. O INVESTMENT DECISION-MAKING RISKS - The stocks bought or sold for the Fund will be determined by the Shareholders, not the Advisor. Thus, non-professionals will be doing the stock picking. If they exercise poor judgment, Shareholders could lose money. The Fund is predicated on the idea that a large number of Fund

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Shareholders, in the aggregate, possess more information than does an individual Investment Manager. If this is not the case, Shareholders may direct the Advisor to make poor investment decisions.

- FINANCIAL INFORMATION RISK A mutual fund manager has many sources of information available to him or her. In the past that information was not available to individual investors. The Fund is predicated on the assumption that the Internet is making financial information much cheaper and more widely available than it has ever been in the past, and that the Advisor will be able to make financial research available to Shareholders on a secure Web site. If the Shareholders do not have sufficient information to make informed investment decisions, the Fund's performance may suffer.
 While the Advisor will attempt to provide information on as many stocks as possible, it may not provide information on all stocks meeting the Fund's investment objective and strategy. The Shareholders will have the responsibility to conduct independent research.
- O SHAREHOLDER PARTICIPATION RISK In order for the concept behind the Fund to work, there must be frequent participation in the nomination and voting process by a large number of Shareholders. If Shareholder participation is lower than anticipated, the Fund's stock selection process may have to be run by the Advisor, and the Fund may never fulfill its potential.
- O VOTING STRUCTURE RISK The Shareholder voting process may be too slow or cumbersome to allow the Fund to be managed properly. While an individual mutual fund manager can respond quickly to changes in fund holdings and market conditions, the Fund's voting structure may make it difficult for the Fund to add or sell stocks when it is most desirable to do so.
- o SYSTEMS RISKS An interruption of transmissions over the Internet or a problem with the Advisor's Web Site or the Fund's Web Page could adversely affect Shareholders' ability to manage the Fund or obtain information to assist with investment decisions. If the computer systems fail, the Advisor would manage the Fund until the systems become operational and investors can resume their input.
- PRICE FLUCTUATION RISK There is a risk that share prices may fluctuate significantly between the time Shareholders vote for the purchase or sale of a stock and the time the transaction is actually consummated. This risk will exist, even though the Advisor will execute transactions as soon as practicable after a shareholder vote.
- o FRONT RUNNING RISK Shareholders will be able to view, on a real time basis, the voting process when stocks are nominated for purchase or sale by the Fund. There is a danger that some shareholders will use that information to trade ahead of the Fund, to their benefit and to the Fund's detriment. This practice is commonly referred to as "front running" and may be a serious violation of the federal securities laws. If there is front running, the Fund may have to pay more to purchase stocks or it may have to sell stocks at a lower price. Although the Fund is under no legal obligation or duty to do so, it reserves the right in its discretion, to report any perceived violations to the Enforcement Division of the SEC, and the Advisor will fully cooperate with law enforcement officials if Shareholders are suspected to be front running the Fund.
- NEW CONCEPT RISK The Fund is a new and untested concept, which depends on a large number of active, interconnected investors to function. The number of investors required is unknown and may not be attained. If this turns out to be the case, the Fund may have poor results and could lose money.
- OBJECTIVES/STRATEGIES IMPLEMENTATION RISK Although the Advisor will assist Shareholders (by providing support services, guidance and research) to achieve the Fund's investment objective and implement its strategy, the Advisor will not control the investment decision-making process. It will be controlled by the Shareholders. As such, the Shareholders may fail to follow the Fund's investment objective and strategy when making investment decisions. If the Fund's Board of Trustees determines that Shareholders are regularly failing to follow the Fund's investment objective or strategy, the Fund may take steps to address this concern, but there is no assurance that it can be adequately addressed. The Fund may also experience losses or have poor results if it fails to follow its objective and strategies.

PAST PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table below provide an indication of the risks of investing in the iFund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for 1 year and since inception compare to those of a broad-based securities market index. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

TPS iFund

(Total return per calendar year)

[Bar chart graphic]

2001 -39.33% 2002 -38.81% 2003 +44.13%

BEST QUARTER:	Q4 `01	+27.72%
WORST QUARTER:	Q3 `99	- 36.45%

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AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003	1 YEAR SINCE I	NCEPTION1
<pre><s></s></pre>	<c></c>	<c></c>
RETURNS BEFORE TAXES	+44.13%	-17.91%
RETURNS AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS	+44.13%	-17.91%
RETURNS AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS		
AND SALE OF FUND SHARES	+27.10%	-14.72%
S&P 500 INDEX2	+28.69%	-4.05%
VALUE LINE ARITHMETIC3	+48.06%	+10.79%

 | |The iFund's after-tax returns as shown in the following table are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In certain cases, the figure representing "Return after Taxes on Distributions and Sales of Fund Shares" may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. Your actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own Fund shares in a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account ("IRA"), this information does not apply to your investment because such accounts are only subject to taxes upon redemption.

- The iFund commenced operations on December 29, 2000. The returns for the 1 two indexes in this column have been calculated since the Fund's inception date.
- The S&P 500 is a widely recognized, capitalization-weighted, unmanaged 2 index of 500 large U.S. companies chosen for market size, liquidity and industry group representation.
- 3 The Value Line Arithmetic ("VLA") is an arithmetically averaged index of approximately 1,700 U.S. stocks of all different sizes that is more broadly based than the S&P 500. The Fund's advisor believes that an equally-weighted index like the VLA that includes large, mid and small-capitalization stocks is more appropriate as a performance proxy for its investment strategy than is a narrower, large company, capitalization-weighted index such as the S&P 500 and other similarly-calculated popular stock market indexes.

We designed this table to help you understand the costs to Shareholders in the Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. The expenses shown under Annual Fund Operating Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

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SHAREHOLDER TRANSACTION EXPENSES

Maxir	num	sales	load	on	purchases		None
Maxir	num	sales	load	on	reinvested d	lividends	None

Deferred sales load	None
Redemption fees	Nonel
Exchange fees	None

ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (Expenses that are deducted from assets)

Management fees	1.40%/2/
12b-1 expenses	None
Other expenses	None
Total Fund operating expenses	1.40%/

1 The Fund's custodian charges a \$15 fee per wire redemption.

2 The Fund's total operating expenses equal the management fees paid to the Advisor because the Advisor pays all of the Fund operating expenses, except brokerage, taxes, interest and extraordinary expenses.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the periods indicated, and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, that you reinvest your dividends and distributions, and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
\$143	\$443	\$766	\$1,680

The Fund is part of a no-load fund family, so you do not pay any sales charge or commission when you buy or sell shares. The Fund does not have a 12b-1 Plan. Unlike most other mutual funds, you do not pay additional fees for transfer agency, pricing, custodial, auditing or legal services. You also don't pay any additional general administrative or other operating expenses. Instead, the Advisor pays out of its management fees all of the expenses of the Fund except brokerage, taxes, interest and extraordinary expenses.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

IPS IFUND. The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the iFund's financial performance since the Fund began operations December 29, 2000. The financial highlights describe the Fund's performance for the period shown. "Total return" shows how much your investment in the Fund earned (or lost) during each period, assuming you had reinvested all dividends and capital gains distributions. The information for the period December 29, 2000 through November 30, 2001 has been audited by Cohen McCurdy, Ltd. (formerly McCurdy & Associates CPA's, Inc.), whose report along with the Fund's financial statements are included in the Fund's annual report, a copy of which is available without charge from the Fund.

IPS IFUND

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

SELECTED PER SHARE DATA IS BASED ON A SHARE OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING THROUGHOUT EACH PERIOD

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30,	YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER	DECEMBER 29, 2000/1/ THROUGH
	2003	2002	NOVEMBER 30, 2001
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
PER SHARE DATA:			
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$5.04	\$7.09	\$12.00
······································			
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:			
Net investment loss	(0.03)	(0.05)	(0.02)/2/
Net realized and unrealized	(0:03)	(0:00)	(0:02)/2/
	1 10	(0.00)	44.000
loss on investments	1.49	(2.00)	(4.89)
TOTAL LOSS FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS	1.46	(2.05)	(4.91)

Net asset value, end of period	\$6.50	\$5.04	\$7.09
Total return	===== 28.97%	===== (28.91)%	===== (40.92)%/3/
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA AND RATIOS:			
Net assets, end of period (000's)	81	\$77	\$95
Ratio of net operating expenses to average			
net assets	1.40%	1.40%	1.40%4
Ratio of net investment income to average			
net assets	(0.58%)	-0.83%	-0.49%4
Portfolio turnover rate	150.57%	177.50%	124.68%

</TABLE>

1 Commencement of operations

2 Net investment income per share is calculated using ending balances prior to consideration of adjustments for permanent book and tax differences.

- 3 Not annualized
- 4 Annualized

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND'S INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund's investment objective is growth of capital. The objective may be changed without Shareholder approval.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund intends to accomplish its objective by investing primarily in Exchange-listed and NASDAQ National Market-listed companies that are introducing or benefiting from NEW TECHNOLOGIES or NEW BUSINESS MODELS, or companies that otherwise have the potential for very high growth rates.

"NEW TECHNOLOGIES" refers to technologies or concepts that are replacing, or have the potential to replace or marginalize, long-established, dominant technologies. The Fund does not consider incremental improvements on current technologies to be "new technologies." Rather, new technologies are radical, discontinuous and disruptive in nature. Businesses introducing or benefiting from new technologies may revolutionize existing markets or may be creating or exploring markets so new that they have no defined customer base or well-established usage pattern.

"NEW BUSINESS MODELS" refers to business models inspired or derived from fundamental market changes, such as deregulation, privatization or market revolution. These business models hold the potential to dramatically increase the growth rate or value of a company by taking advantage of the fundamental market changes. For example, deregulation of electric utilities has created new business models based on more efficient power generation, or for trading energy and energy futures.

Unlike other mutual funds, where a professional investment advisor determines what stocks to buy or sell, the responsibility for the Fund's buy or sell decisions will be granted, under normal conditions, solely to the Shareholders. It will be their responsibility to determine which stocks to buy or sell, and the level of risk to incur. The Shareholders will nominate and vote on which stocks to buy or sell, and on how much to buy or sell. Voting will be done through the Fund's Web Site, www.ipsifund.com, using proprietary database technology.

The responsibilities for managing the Fund are divided between the Shareholders and the Advisor as noted below.

Shareholders will:

- o monitor the Fund's holdings and cash position (which will be provided on the Web Site in a real-time basis, to the extent practicable);
- o nominate stocks to be purchased;
- vote on stocks to be purchased (Shareholders will vote on whether a stock should be purchased, and on how many shares, in multiples of a

hundred, to buy. A formula will weight each Shareholder's entry and produce a weighted average number of shares to buy. The Advisor will then purchase the shares, rounded down to the nearest 100.);

- o nominate stocks to be sold; and
- o vote on stocks to be sold (Shareholders will vote on whether the Fund should sell 25%, 50%, 75%, or all of a stock position. The Advisor will then weight the percentages and sell the weighted amount, rounded off to the nearest one hundred share amount. A weighted sale vote above 75% will result in the sale of the Fund's entire position in that stock.).

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The Advisor will retain certain responsibilities, including the following:

- o establish and maintain the Fund's Web Site;
- provide research to Shareholders regarding potential stock investments for the Fund;
- o communicate with Shareholders about the Fund's management;
- assist the Shareholders to follow the Fund's investment objective and strategy;
- ensure that cash is available to meet the Fund's needs, including Shareholder redemption requests;
- o carry out the Shareholders' investment decisions to the extent advisable and practicable (e.g., the Advisor will determine the exact number of shares to buy or sell based on the ranges provided by Shareholders, may apportion or prioritize buy and sell orders if too many orders come in on one day, and the Advisor will ensure that the Fund does not violate applicable regulations and maintains its status as a diversified investment management company for tax purposes (see the sidebar discussion below); and
- o make decisions on when and how to execute trades and which brokers to use (i.e., the Advisor will execute trades as soon as practicable given existing market conditions and trading volumes for a particular stock).

DIVERSIFICATION. The Fund is a "non-diversified" fund and may elect to hold only a relatively small number of stocks (20 or so stocks) in its portfolio. Because the Fund will be permitted to hold so few stocks, the Fund's performance may be substantially affected by an increase or decrease in any one stock in its portfolio. The Advisor will, however, encourage Shareholders to diversify the Fund's holdings because diversification has the tendency to lower the overall risk of a mutual fund's portfolio. In addition, the Advisor will ensure that the Fund remains a diversified investment management company for tax purposes to avoid the Fund being charged federal income tax.

WHAT IS A NON-DIVERSIFIED FUND? Most mutual funds elect to be "diversified" funds that, as to 75% of their assets, cannot invest more than 5% of their assets in any one security at any given time. A non-diversified fund is not subject to this limitation, so it can hold a relatively small number of securities in its portfolio.

DOES THE FUND HAVE TO MEET ANY DIVERSIFICATION REQUIREMENTS TO AVOID DIRECT INCOME TAX? Even a non-diversified fund has to remain a diversified investment management company so that it will not have to pay federal income tax. The tax code requires that, at the end of each quarter, a fund (i) have at least 50% of the market value of its total assets invested in cash or securities and, within that 50% basket, the securities of any one issuer may not represent more than 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets, and (ii) with respect to the other 50%, the Fund may have no more than 25% of the value of its total assets invested in the securities of any one issuer (other than U.S. Government securities or the securities of other mutual funds).

INCEPTION PERIOD. The nomination and voting process will be followed from the Fund's inception, but there may not be enough investors and voting participants to allow the Fund to function solely under the direction of Shareholders initially. As a result, the Advisor will be managing the Fund jointly with the

Fund's Shareholders at the outset. In addition, the Fund may have a large cash position during the inception period until Shareholders and the Advisor identify appropriate investment opportunities. The Advisor and the Board of Trustees will reassess, on a quarterly basis, the Fund Shareholders' ability to conduct the normal buy and sell transactions necessary for operation independently of the Advisor. The goal will be to transition the Fund's investment security selection process to the Shareholders alone at the earliest possible date. The Advisor will provide Shareholders with daily updates, through the Web Site, of this process until the transition is complete.

SHAREHOLDERS MUST BE ABLE TO PARTICIPATE THROUGH THE INTERNET. Shareholders must have access to the Internet, the Advisor's Web Site and the Fund's Web Page to participate in the Fund's management. Shareholders will communicate with other Shareholders and the Advisor, nominate and vote on stocks for the Fund's portfolio through the Fund's Web Page. The Fund will deliver copies of Annual and Semi-Annual reports, proxy voting materials, account statements and prospectus updates, and all other Shareholder communications to Shareholders through the Advisor's Web Site. However, the Fund will also send paper copies of these reports to any Shareholder upon request, without additional charge.

SECURITIES THAT MAY BE PURCHASED BY THE FUND. The Fund may invest in Exchange-listed stocks, or stocks quoted on the NASDAQ National Market System. These may include the stocks of foreign companies that are listed on these markets or exchanges, which may include American depository receipts (commonly referred to as ADRs). The Fund will not buy micro-caps (stocks under \$100 million in market capitalization), or stocks with a market price of less than \$5 per share. The Fund also will not invest in any derivative securities and will not sell stocks short.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER. The Fund's investment strategy may result in high portfolio turnover. Since each trade by the Fund costs the Fund a brokerage commission, high Portfolio Turnover may have a significant adverse impact on the

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Fund's performance. In addition, because each sale of securities in the Fund's portfolio may result in taxable gain or loss, high portfolio turnover may result in significant tax consequences for Shareholders.

ADDITIONAL RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND. In addition to the "Principal Risks" described previously, the Fund presents the following additional risks: o

- O INTEREST RATE RISK Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company's future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors' collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.
- o BUSINESS RISK From time to time, a particular set of circumstances may affect a particular industry or certain companies within the industry, while having little or no impact on other industries or other companies within the industry. For instance, some technology industry companies rely heavily on one type of technology. When this technology becomes outdated, too expensive, or is not favored in the market, companies that rely on the technology may rapidly become unprofitable. However, companies outside of the industry or those within the industry who do not rely on the technology may not be affected at all.
- o POLITICAL RISK Regulation or deregulation of particular industries can have a material impact on the value of companies within the affected industry. For example, during the past two years, the electric and gas utility sectors of the economy have been moving towards deregulation and open price competition. In this new environment, some companies will make a successful transition into, and prosper under deregulation, and other companies will mismanage the process and do poorly.

VALUATION OF SHARES

The Fund's share prices are determined based upon net asset value (NAV). The Fund calculates NAV at approximately 4:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. The NAV per share of the Fund is determined by dividing the total value of the applicable Fund's investments and other assets less any liabilities by its number of outstanding shares.

Equity securities listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued at the last sale price on the day the valuation is made or, if no sale is reported, at the latest bid price. Valuations of variable and fixed income securities are supplied by independent pricing services approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees. Other assets and securities for which no quotations are readily available are valued at fair

value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Trust's Board of Trustees. Securities with maturities of sixty (60) days or less are valued at amortized cost.

BUYING FUND SHARES

To invest, you may purchase shares directly from the Fund by sending your check in the amount of your investment, made out to the Fund, to:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

Your order will be priced at the next NAV after your order is received in good order.

Your investment must meet the minimum investment requirements in the chart below. All investments must be in U.S. dollars. THIRD-PARTY CHECKS CANNOT BE ACCEPTED. Your bank may also wire money to the custodian. Please call 800.249.6927 for wiring instructions.

When making a purchase request, make sure your request is in good order. "Good order" means your purchase request includes:

- o The name of the Fund
- o The dollar amount of shares to be purchased
- Account application or investment stub
- o Completed Shareholder Agreement
- o Check payable to "IPS Funds"

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TRADITIONAL IRA*: Assets grow tax-deferred and contributions may be deductible. Withdrawals and distributions are taxable in the year made.

SPOUSAL IRA: An IRA in the name of a non-working spouse by a working spouse. Automatic investment

ROTH IRA:

An IRA with tax-free growth of assets and distributions, if certain conditions are met. Contributions are not deductible.

COVERDELL EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNTS: An IRA with tax-free growth of assets and distributions, if used to pay qualified educational expenses. Contributions are not deductible.

MINIMUM IN	VESTMENTS	
	INITIAL	ADDITIONAL
Regular Accounts plans (regular or IRA)	\$1,000 \$100	\$100 \$100
IRAs (Spousal, Roth, all but Coverdell Education Savings Accounts)	\$1,000	\$100
Coverdell Education Savings Accounts	\$500	N/A

* IRA stands for "Individual Retirement Account." IRAs are special types of accounts that offer different tax advantages. You should consult your tax professional to help decide which is right for you.

To redeem your shares, send a letter of instruction to the transfer agent with your name, account number and the amount you wish to redeem. Mail the redemption request to:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

We will buy back (redeem), without charge, your shares at the current NAV on the day we receive a your request for redemption in good order. If you request sales proceeds via wire redemption, we will charge your account \$15.

A SIGNATURE GUARANTEE helps protect against fraud. You can obtain one from most banks or securities dealers, but not from a notary public. For joint accounts, each signature must be guaranteed. Please call us to ensure that your signature guarantee will be processed correctly.

A signature guarantee is required for any withdrawal which is over \$50,000, or which is mailed to an address or person that is not the address or person of record.

The Fund generally pays sale (redemption) proceeds in cash. However, under unusual conditions that make the payment of cash unwise (and for the protection of the Fund's remaining shareholders) the Fund might pay all or part of a shareholders redemption proceeds in liquid securities with a market value equal to the redemption price (redemption in kind).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PURCHASES, SALES, AND EXCHANGES

SMALL ACCOUNTS. Due to the high costs of maintaining small accounts, the Fund may ask that you increase your Fund balance if your account with the Fund falls below \$1,000. If the account remains under \$1,000 after 30 days, the Fund may close your account and send you the proceeds.

EXCHANGES. The Fund permits you to exchange your shares for the shares of another IPS Fund without charge if the fund being acquired offers its shares for sale in your state. The Fund's exchange opportunities include one-time exchanges as well as automatic periodic exchanges. If the exchange request satisfies the requirements for a redemption, the exchange will be based on the NAVs of the shares involved, determined at the end of the day on which the request is

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received. Before requesting an exchange, you should review a current Prospectus for the new fund you will acquire to be sure you fully understand the investment objectives and portfolio of the new fund.

MISCELLANEOUS. The Fund reserves the right to:

- o refuse to accept any request to purchase shares of the Fund for any reason;
- delay any redemption or exchange request involving recently purchased shares for up to seven days until the check for the recently purchased shares has cleared;
- change or discontinue its exchange privileges, or temporarily suspend these privileges during unusual market conditions;
- delay mailing redemption proceeds for up to seven days (most redemption proceeds are mailed within three days after receipt of a request); or
- o process any redemption request that exceeds \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's assets (whichever is less) by paying the redemption proceeds in portfolio securities rather than cash (typically referred to as "redemption in kind").

DISTRIBUTIONS

The Fund typically distributes its net investment income two times per year, usually in October and December. The Fund distributes its net long-term capital gains once per year, usually in December. Unless you instruct us otherwise, your distributions will be reinvested automatically in additional shares (or fractions thereof) of the applicable Fund.

FEDERAL TAXES

Distributions to Shareholders are taxable to most investors (unless your investment is an IRA or other tax advantaged account). The tax status of any distribution is the same regardless of how long you have been in the Fund and whether you reinvest your distributions or receive them in cash.

The table to the right can provide a guide for your potential tax liability when selling or exchanging Fund shares.

"Short-term capital gains" applies to Fund shares sold up to 12 months after buying them. "Long-term capital gains" applies to shares held for more than 12 months.

_____ TAXABILITY OF DISTRIBUTIONS TAX RATE FOR TAX RATE FOR TYPE OF DISTRIBUTION 15% BRACKET 27% BRACKET OR ABOVE _____ _____ _____ Ordinary Income Rate Income dividends Ordinary Income Rate Short-term capital gains Ordinary Income Rate Ordinary Income Rate Long-term capital gains 10% 20% Qualified 5 year capital gains 8% 2.0% _____ _____

An exchange of one Fund's shares for another Fund will be treated as a sale of the Fund's shares and any gain on the transaction may be subject to federal income tax. Because everyone's tax situation is unique, be sure to consult your tax adviser about federal, state and local tax consequences.

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MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

IPS Advisory, Inc. serves as the Fund's Advisor. The Advisor's principal office is located at 1225 Weisgarber Road, Suite S-380, Knoxville, TN 37909.

The Fund pays the Advisor a monthly fee of at an annualized rate of 1.4% for first \$50 million of assets under management and .95\% for the remainder of assets.

The Advisor is authorized to choose brokers-dealers to handle the purchase and sale of the Fund's securities, and to seek out the best available price and most favorable execution for all transactions. In the interest of obtaining better execution of a transaction, the adviser may at times choose brokers who charge higher commissions. If more than one broker can obtain the best available price and most favorable execution, the adviser may choose a broker who, in addition to executing the transaction, will provide research services to the Advisor or the Fund.

The Advisor is managed by Greg D'Amico, President, and Robert Loest, Ph.D., CFA, Chief Executive Officer. Mr. D'Amico and Mr. Loest both have extensive experience in equities analysis, having managed investment portfolios for individual clients, including corporations and retirement plans, on a full time basis since 1986. They have managed all of the IPS Funds since inception. The total assets, of the Advisor, under management are \$196 million.

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Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to Shareholders. In the Fund's annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

Also, a Statement of Additional Information about the Fund, dated March 31, 2003, has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This Statement (which is incorporated in its entirety by reference in this Prospectus) contains detailed information about the Fund.

The Fund's annual and semi-annual reports and the Fund's Statement of Additional Information are available on the Fund's Web Site, www.ipsifund.com, or without

charge upon written request to:

IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

Or you may call us at 800-249-6927.

You can also review or obtain copies of these reports by visiting the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. or by sending your request and a duplicating fee to the Public Reference Room Section of the Commission, Washington, DC 20549-6009. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the Commission at 1-202-942-8090 or by sending a message via E-mail to www.publicinfo@sec.gov.

Reports and other information about the Fund can also be viewed online on the Commission's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov.

IPS Funds Investment Act File Number:

811-08718

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INVESTMENT ADVISOR: IPS Advisory, Inc. 1225 Weisgarber Road Suite S-380 Knoxville, TN 37909 865.524.1676 800.232.9142

BOARD OF TRUSTEES: Greg D'Amico, President Robert Loest, CFA Woodrow Henderson, J.D. Veenita Bisaria, CFA Bill Stegall, Jr.

CUSTODIAN: U.S. Bank, N.A. 425 Walnut Street Cincinnati, OH 45202

TRANSFER AGENT, FUND ACCOUNTANT, AND FUND ADMINISTRATOR: Citco Mutual Fund Services, Inc. P.O. Box C-1100 Southeastern, PA 19398-1100

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT: Cohen McCurdy, Ltd. 27955 Clemens Road Westlake, OH 44145

LEGAL COUNSEL: Kilpatrick Stockton LLP 1100 Peachtree Street Atlanta, GA 30309

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PART B

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

IPS FUNDS

March 31, 2004

The Funds are offered through two separate prospectuses:

- o The IPS Millennium Fund, a diversified fund and the IPS New Frontier Fund, a non-diversified fund are offered through one prospectus, dated March 31, 2003, and this Statement of Additional Information.
- The IPS iFund is offered through another prospectus dated March 31, 2003 and this Statement of Additional Information.

This Statement of Additional Information incorporates by reference the Millennium Fund's and the New Frontier Fund's Annual Reports to Shareholders for

the fiscal year ended November 30, 2003 and the iFund's Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended November 30, 2003. Copies are available, without charge, by calling IPS Funds at the number below.

This Statement of Additional Information is not a prospectus, but should be read in conjunction with the Funds' respective Prospectuses dated March 31, 2004. The Prospectuses may be obtained by writing to the Trust at the following address:

> IPS FUNDS C/O CITCO MUTUAL FUND SERVICES, INC. P.O. BOX C-1100 SOUTHEASTERN, PA 19398-1100

Shareholder Services: 800.249.6927

File Nos

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GENERAL INFORMATION AND HISTORY

IPS Funds (the "Trust") was organized as an Ohio business trust on August 10, 1994, and commenced operations on January 3, 1995. The Trust is an open-end investment company that currently offers three funds, each representing a different portfolio of investments.

IPS Advisory, Inc. (the "Advisor") serves as investment advisor to the Funds. Each of the Funds is managed separately and has its own investment objectives and policies designed to meet its investment goals. Investments in any of the Funds involve risks, and there can be no assurance that any of the Funds will achieve their investment objectives.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND RISKS

For more information about the Funds' investment objectives, strategies and risks, refer to the sections entitled "Summary of Principal Investment Objectives and Strategies," "Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds," and "Additional Information About the Funds' Investment Objectives and Strategies" in the Funds' Prospectuses.

GENERAL INVESTMENT RISKS

All investments in securities and other financial instruments involve a risk of financial loss. No assurance can be given that a Fund's investment programs will be successful. Investors should carefully review the descriptions of the Funds' investments and their risks described in the Prospectuses and in this Statement

LACK OF DIVERSIFICATION

From time to time, the Funds may make concentrated investments in the securities of a particular issuer, select companies in a particular industry, or select companies in a sector within a particular industry. Such a concentration of Fund investments exposes each Fund to additional risks and the greater the potential for significant share price fluctuation.

The iFund and the New Frontier Fund may or may not have a diversified portfolio of investments at any given time, and may have large amounts of assets invested in a very small number of companies, industries, or securities. Such lack of diversification substantially increases market risks and the risk of loss associated with an investment in those Funds, because the value of each security will have a greater impact on the Funds' performance and the value of each Shareholder's investment. When the value of a security in a non-diversified fund falls, it has a greater impact on the fund than it would have in a diversified fund.

EQUITY SECURITIES

Prices of equity securities in which the Funds invest may fluctuate in response to many factors, including, but not limited to, the activities of the individual companies whose securities the Funds own, general market and economic conditions, interest rates, and specific industry changes. Such price fluctuations subject each Fund to potential losses. In addition, regardless of any one company's particular prospects, a declining stock market may produce a decline in prices for equity securities, which could also result in losses for each Fund. Market declines may continue for an indefinite period, and investors should understand that during temporary or extended bear markets, the value of equity securities will decline.

INVESTMENTS IN SMALL-CAP COMPANIES

Each Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in securities of companies with small market capitalizations. Certain small-cap companies may offer greater potential for capital appreciation than larger companies. However, investors should note that this potential for greater capital appreciation is accompanied by a substantial risk of loss and that, by their very nature, investments in small-cap companies tend to be very volatile and speculative. Small-cap companies may have a small share of the market for their products or services, their businesses may be limited to regional markets, or they may provide goods and services for a limited market. For example, they may be

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developing or marketing new products or services for markets that are not yet established or may never become established. In addition, small companies may have or will develop only a regional market for products or services and thus be affected by local or regional market conditions. In addition, small-cap companies may lack depth of management or they may be unable to generate funds necessary for growth or potential development, either internally or through external financing on favorable terms. Such companies may also be insignificant in their industries and be subject to or become subject to intense competition from larger companies. Due to these and other factors, each Fund's investments in small-cap companies may suffer significant losses. Further, there is typically a smaller market for the securities of a small-cap companies may be less liquid and subject to significant price declines that result in losses for each Fund.

COMPANIES WITH UNUSUAL VALUATIONS BASED ON MANY TRADITIONAL METHODS

The market prices of securities of companies that are growing very quickly and/or the securities of companies that investors believe are addressing large potential markets (such as Internet-related businesses) that may not yet have been realized may reflect unreasonable valuations by traditional valuation techniques. Many of these types of companies have a low level of revenues relative to their market capitalization, and many are not yet profitable.

Since the prices of the securities of these companies do not reflect the usual relationships between price and corporate revenues, income or profits, investments in their securities are accompanied by a substantial risk of loss because of the their volatility and speculative nature. Numerous factors may cause the prices of these securities to fall precipitously, which may cause each Fund to sustain substantial losses on any investments in such companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, market participants evaluating these securities using more traditional valuation techniques, investors taking less interest in these securities, a general downturn in the market for these securities, or adverse changes in market participants' expectations regarding

the potential markets, revenues, income or profitability for these types of companies.

FOREIGN COMPANIES

The Funds may, from time to time, invest in securities of foreign companies either directly or through American Depository Receipts ("ADRs"). ADRs are equity securities traded on U.S. exchanges that are generally issued by banks or trust companies to evidence ownership of foreign equity securities. Foreign investments subject the Funds to greater risks than investments in U.S. companies. Foreign companies are subject to currency risks. That is, they may be affected favorably or unfavorably by changes in currency rates and in exchange control regulations. Foreign companies may also be subjected to country risks, which is the chance that a country's economy will be hurt by political troubles, financial problems, or natural disasters. In certain foreign countries, there is also the possibility of expropriation or confiscatory taxation, political or social instability, or diplomatic developments that could affect U.S. investments.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Each Fund may invest in U.S. government securities. U.S. government securities may be backed by the credit of the government as a whole or only by the issuing agency. U.S. Treasury bonds, notes, and bills and some agency securities, such as those issued by the Federal Housing Administration and the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government as to payment of principal and interest and are the highest quality government securities. Other securities issued by U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities, such as securities issued by U.S. government act the Federal Home Loan Banks and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, are supported only by the credit of the agency that issued them, and not by the U.S. government. Securities issued by the Federal Farm Credit System, the Federal Land Banks, and the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) are supported by the agency's right to borrow money from the U.S. Treasury under certain circumstances, but are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

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REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Each Fund may invest in repurchase agreements. A repurchase agreement is a short-term investment in which the purchaser (i.e., a Fund) acquires ownership of a U.S. Government security and the seller agrees to repurchase the security at a future time at a set price, thereby determining the yield during the purchaser's holding period. Any repurchase transaction in which each Fund engages will require full collateralization of the seller's obligation during the entire term of the repurchase agreement. In the event of a bankruptcy or other default of the seller, the Fund could experience both delays in liquidating the underlying security and losses in value. However, each Fund intends to enter into repurchase agreements only with the Fund's Custodian, other banks with assets of \$1 billion or more, and registered securities dealers determined by the Advisor (subject to review by the Board of Trustees) to be creditworthy.

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERINGS

The Funds may invest in initial public offerings ("IPOs"). By definition, IPOs have not traded publicly until the time of their offerings. Special risks associated with IPOs may include a limited number of shares available for trading, unseasoned trading, lack of investor knowledge of the company, and limited operating history, all of which may contribute to price volatility. Many IPOs are issued by undercapitalized companies of small or micro-cap size. Investments in IPOs may have a magnified performance impact relative to other investments. The impact of IPOs on a Fund's performance will decrease as the Fund's asset size increases. Each Fund will invest no more than 5% of its assets in IPOs.

TEMPORARY DEFENSIVE POSITIONS

The Millennium Fund and the New Frontier Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Funds' principal investment strategies in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. When a Fund takes a temporary defensive position, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

"Portfolio Turnover" is a ratio that indicates how often the securities in a mutual fund's portfolio change during a year's time. Higher numbers indicate a greater number of changes, and lower numbers indicate a smaller number of changes. Since each trade costs the fund brokerage commissions, high Portfolio Turnover may have a significant adverse impact on a fund's performance. In addition, because each sale of securities in a fund's portfolio may result in taxable gain or loss to shareholders, high Portfolio Turnover may result in significant tax consequences for shareholders. You should consult your tax professional regarding the potential tax impact of Portfolio Turnover in your particular circumstances.

Although the Millennium Fund's investment strategy emphasizes long-term investment that typically results in Portfolio Turnover less than 75%, the Fund may, from time to time, have higher Portfolio Turnover when the Advisor's implementation of the Fund's investment strategy or a temporary defensive position results in frequent trading. For the periods ending November 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, the Fund's portfolio turnover rates were 169.37%, 209.20% and 115.45% respectively

The New Frontier Fund has an investment strategy that typically results in more frequent Portfolio Turnover. For the periods ending November 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, the Fund's portfolio turnover rates were 213.83%, 300.19% and 187.61% respectively.

The iFund has an investment strategy that may result in more frequent Portfolio Turnover, typically between 125-150%. For the periods ending November 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, the Fund's portfolio turnover rates were 150.57%, 177.50% and 124.68% respectively

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INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

FUNDAMENTAL INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The investment limitations described below have been adopted by each Fund as indicated and are fundamental, i.e., they may not be changed as to a Fund without the affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of the applicable Fund. As used in the Prospectuses and this Statement of Additional Information, the term "majority" of the outstanding shares of the applicable Fund means the lesser of (1) 67% or more of the outstanding shares of the Fund present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares of the Fund soft the Fund are present or represented at such meeting; or (2) more than 50% of the outstanding shares of the Fund. Other investment practices which may be changed on behalf of a Fund by the Board of Trustees without the approval of shareholders to the extent permitted by applicable law, regulation or regulatory policy are considered non-fundamental.

The following policies have been adopted as fundamental by each Fund:

1. Borrowing Money. The Fund will not borrow money, except (a) from a bank, provided that immediately after such borrowing there is an asset coverage of 300% for all borrowings of the Fund; or (b) from a bank or other persons for temporary purposes only, provided that such temporary borrowings are in an amount not exceeding 5% of the Fund's total assets at the time when the borrowing is made. This limitation does not preclude the Fund from entering into reverse repurchase transactions, provided that the Fund has an asset coverage of 300% for all borrowings and repurchase commitments of the Fund pursuant to reverse repurchase transactions.

2. Senior Securities. The Fund will not issue senior securities. This limitation is not applicable to activities that may be deemed to involve the issuance or sale of a senior security by the Fund, provided that the Fund's engagement in such activities is (a) consistent with or permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or interpretations of the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff and (b) as described in the Prospectuses and this Statement of Additional Information.

3. Underwriting. The Fund will not act as underwriter of securities issued by other persons. This limitation is not applicable to the extent that, in connection with the disposition of portfolio securities (including restricted securities), the Fund may be deemed an underwriter under certain federal securities laws.

4. Real Estate. The Fund will not purchase or sell real estate. This limitation is not applicable to investments in marketable securities that are secured by or represent interests in real estate. This limitation does not preclude the Fund from investing in mortgage-backed securities or investing in companies engaged in the real estate business.

5. Commodities. The Fund will not purchase or sell commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other investments.

6. Loans. The Fund will not make loans to other persons, except (a) by loaning portfolio securities, (b) by engaging in repurchase agreements, or (c) by

purchasing nonpublicly offered debt securities. For purposes of this limitation, the term "loans" shall not include the purchase of a portion of an issue of publicly distributed bonds, debentures or other securities.

7. Concentration. The Fund will not invest 25% or more of its total assets in a particular industry. This limitation is not applicable to investments in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities or repurchase agreements with respect thereto.

Increases in amounts and percentages due to solely to growth in investments' asset values, and not to additional purchase activity, will not violate the policies or limitations noted above, except the borrowing policy.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing limitations, any investment company (whether organized as a trust, association or corporation, or a personal holding company) may be merged or consolidated with or acquired by

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any of the Funds. Provided that if such merger, consolidation or acquisition results in an investment in the securities of any issuer prohibited by the limitations noted above, the Fund shall, within ninety days after the consummation of such merger, consolidation or acquisition, dispose of securities to bring the total investment within the limitations noted above.

NON-FUNDAMENTAL INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The following policies have been adopted by each Fund as non-fundamental (see "Investment Restrictions-Fundamental Investment Restrictions" above):

1. Pledging. The Fund will not mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or in any manner transfer, as security for indebtedness, any assets of the Fund except as may be necessary in connection with borrowings described in limitation (1) above. Margin deposits, security interests, liens and collateral arrangements with respect to transactions involving options, futures contracts, short sales and other permitted investments and techniques are not deemed to be a mortgage, pledge or hypothecation of assets for purposes of this limitation.

2. Borrowing. The Fund will not enter into reverse repurchase agreements. The Fund will not purchase any security while borrowings (including reverse repurchase agreements) representing more than 5% of its total assets are outstanding.

3. Margin Purchases. The Fund will not purchase securities or evidences of interest thereon on "margin." This limitation is not applicable to short term credit obtained by the Fund for the clearance of purchases and sales or redemption of securities, or to arrangements with respect to transactions involving permitted investments and techniques.

4. Short Sales. The Fund will not affect short sales of securities unless it owns or has the right to obtain securities equivalent in kind and amount to the securities sold short.

5. Options. The Fund will not purchase or sell put or call options.

6. Illiquid Investments. The Fund will not invest more than 15% of its net assets in securities for which there are legal or contractual restrictions on resale and other illiquid securities.

TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The Board of Trustees of the Trust supervises the operations of each Fund according to applicable state and federal law, and is responsible for the overall management of the Funds' business affairs. The Trustees and executive officers of the Trust and their principal occupations during the last five years are set forth below. Each Trustee who is an "interested person" of the Trust, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, is indicated in the "Interested Trustees & Officer" chart below.

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______ ____

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

INDEPENDENT TRUSTEES

_____ _ ____

NAME, ADDRESS AND AGE	POSITION(S) HELD WITH THE TRUST	LENGTH OF TIME SERVED	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS	IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY TRUSTEE	OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY TRUSTEE
<s> Veenita Bisaria (43), 12416 Fort West Drive Knoxville, TN 37922</s>	<c> Independent Trustee</c>	<c> Since inception</c>	<c> Financial Analyst, Tennessee Valley Authority (1997-Present); Director of Business Planning at Lockheed Martin Energy Systems (Prior to 1997); Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA).</c>	<c> 3</c>	<c> None</c>
	Independent Trustee		Director of Planned Giving for the University of Tennessee at Knoxville.	3	None
Billy Wayne Stegall, Jr. (47), 316 Stonewall Street Memphis, TN 38112	Independent Trustee	inception	Teacher of history and economics at Austin East High School in Knoxville, Tennessee (Prior to 1995).		None

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

INDEPENDENT TRUSTEES

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NAME, ADDRESS AND AGE	TRUST	LENGTH OF TIME SERVED	PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION(S) DURING PAST FIVE YEARS	TRUSTEE	DIRECTORSHIPS HELD BY TRUSTEE
<s> Greg D'Amico* (40), 1225 Weisgarber Road, Suite S-380, Knoxville, TN 37909</s>	<c> President,</c>	<c> Since inception</c>	Advisory, Inc.	<c> 3</c>	<c> IPS Advisory, Inc.; Director of Young Entrepreneurs' Organization (YEO); Association for Investment and Management Research (AIMR); Personal & Child Safety, LLC (PCS)</c>
1225 Weisgarber Road,	President, Secretary	inception of Funds in 1995	Chief Executive Officer of IPS Advisory, Inc.; Chartered Financial Analyst; Ph.D. in Biology.	3	IPS Advisory, Inc.

					* An "interested person Act of 1940, due to hi					
	BOARD COMMIT	TEES								
The Board has the fo	llowing standing	committee as c	described below:							

<table> <caption></caption></table>		
AUDIT COMMITTEE		
MEMBERS	DESCRIPTION	MEETINGS

<S> Veenita Bisaria, Independent Trustee Woodrow Henderson, Independent Trustee Billy Wayne Stegall, Jr., Independent Trustee </TABLE>

<C> Responsible for advising the full Board with respect to accounting, auditing and financial matters affecting the Trust.

_____ <C> At least once annually. Last meeting occurred on January 29, 2003.

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BOARD INTEREST IN THE FUND The Trustees own the following amounts in the Fund:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

NAME OF TRUSTEE	MILLENNIUM FUND	NEW FRONTIER FUND	IFUND	EQUITY SECURITIES IN ALL REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES OVERSEEN BY TRUSTEE IN FAMILY OF INVESTMENT COMPANIES
<s> Greg D'Amico, President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Trustee</s>	<c> D</c>	<c> B</c>	<c> B</c>	<c> Over \$100,000</c>
Veenita Bisaria, Independent Trustee	В	А	A	\$10,001-\$50,000
Woodrow Henderson, Independent Trustee	С	В	A	\$50,000-\$100,000
Robert Loest, Vice President, Secretary and Trustee	D	A	A	Over \$100,000
Billy Wayne Stegall, Jr., Independent Trustee				

 C | A | A | \$50,001-\$100,000 || | | | | |
Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Fund: A=\$1-\$10,000 B=\$10,001-\$50,000 C=\$50,001-\$100,000 D=Over \$100,000

TRUSTEE INTEREST IN INVESTMENT ADVISER, DISTRIBUTOR OR AFFILIATES

Neither the Trustees who are "not interested" persons of the Fund, as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, nor members of their immediately family, own securities beneficially or of record in the Investment Adviser, the Distributors or any affiliate of the Investment Adviser or Distributors as shown by the chart below. Accordingly, neither the Trustees who are "not interested" persons of the Fund, as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, nor members of their immediately family, have direct or indirect interest, the value of which exceeds \$60,000, in the Investment Adviser, the Distributors or any of their affiliates.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

NAME OF TRUSTEE	NAME OF OWNERS AND RELATIONSHIPS TO TRUSTEE	COMPANY	TITLE OF CLASS	VALUE OF SECURITIES	PERCENT OF CLASS
<s> Veenita Bisaria,</s>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>	<c> N/A</c>
Independent Trustee					
Woodrow Henderson,	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Independent Trustee					
Billy Wayne Stegall, Jr., Independent Trustee 					

 N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |Pursuant to the terms of its Management Agreements with the Trust, the Advisor pays all of the fees and expenses of the Trustees. Each Trustee who is not affiliated with the Advisor receives an annual base fee of \$3,000, plus \$750 for each Board meeting attended. During the fiscal year ended November 30, 2003, each Trustee not related to the Advisor received aggregate compensation of \$6,750.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

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NAME OF PERSON, POSITION	AGGREGATE COMPENSATION FROM FUND	PENSION OR RETIREMENT BENEFITS ACCRUED AS PART OF FUND EXPENSES	ESTIMATED BENEFITS UPON RETIREMENT	TOTAL COMPENSATION FROM TRUST PAID TO TRUSTEES
<s></s>	<c></c>		<c></c>	<c></c>
Greg D'Amico, Trustee	\$0	\$ O	\$0	\$0
Veenita Bisaria, Independent Trustee	\$3,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,000
Woodrow Henderson, Independent Trustee	\$3,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,000
Robert Loest, Trustee	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$O
Billy Wayne Stegall, Jr., Independent Trustee 				

 \$3,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,000 |

CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

A principal shareholder is any person who owns (either of record or beneficially) 5% or more of the outstanding shares of any of the Funds. A control person is one who owns, either directly or indirectly, more than 25% of the voting securities of a company or acknowledges the existence of such control. As of February 28, 2004, the following shareholders were considered to be either a control person or principal shareholder of the Funds:

MILLENNIUM FUND

<TABLE> <CAPTION> _____ Assets % Ownership Type of Ownership Name and Address _____ <S> <C> <C> \$39,288,840 50.57% Charles Schwab & Company, Inc. Record 101 Montgomery St. San Francisco, CA 94104-4122 National Financial Services Corp. \$7,614,310 9.80% Record 82 Devonshire Street Boston, MA 02109 National Investor Services \$4,118,511 5.30% Corp. 55 Water Street New York, NY 10041 _____ </TABLE> 10 NEW FRONTIER FUND <TABLE> <CAPTION> _____ Assets % Ownership Type of Ownership Name and Address _____ _____ <C> <S> <C> <C>

San Francisco, CA 94104-4122 \$359**,**777 9.71% National Financial Services Corp. Record 82 Devonshire Street

\$351,391

Boston, MA 02109

101 Montgomery St.

Charles Schwab & Company, Inc.

9.48%

Record

</TABLE>

TFUND

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Name and Address	Assets	1	Type of Ownership
<s> Faris N EID & Ghada EID JTWROS 3153 Rocky Waters Dr Louisville Tn 37777-4212</s>	<c> \$5,629</c>	<c> 7.18%</c>	<c> Beneficial</c>
Gregory A. D'Amico 8906 Legends Lake Lane Knoxville, TN 37922-5257	\$24,775	31.58%	Beneficial
U.S. Bank, N.A., Custodian for David A. Beamer IRA Rollover 1416 Oakley Road Clawson, MI 48017-1113	\$8,982	11.45%	Beneficial
Robert A. Loest 124 South Gay Street Knoxville, TN 37902-1003	\$6,786	8.65%	Beneficial
Tony Cappiello 100 Tulsa Rd. Suite 23 Oak Ridge, TN 37830-6647	\$4,768	6.08%	Beneficial

</TABLE>

MANAGEMENT OWNERSHIP

As of February 28, 2004, the Trustees and Officers of the Trust, as a group, beneficially owned less than 1% of the outstanding shares of the Millennium Fund and/or the New Frontier Fund. As of February 28, 2004, the Trustees and Officers of the Trust, as a group, beneficially owned 30.48% of the outstanding shares of the iFund.

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CODE OF ETHICS

The Funds and the Advisor have adopted a code of ethics that applies to their respective officers, directors and employees. Personnel subject to the code of ethics may invest in securities, including those held by the Fund, subject to insider trading and other restrictions in the code.

THE INVESTMENT ADVISOR AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUND SHARES

INVESTMENT ADVISOR. IPS Advisory, Inc. (the "Advisor"), 1225 Weisgarber Road, Suite S-380, Knoxville, TN 37909, serves as the investment advisor for each Fund pursuant to separate agreements (collectively, the "Management Agreements"). Greg D'Amico and Robert Loest are control persons of the Advisor, and may be deemed to be affiliates of the Advisor due to their ownership of its shares and their positions as directors and officers of the Advisor. Mr. D'Amico and Mr. Loest each own 50% of the Advisor. Because of such affiliation, they may receive benefits from the management fees paid to the Advisor. Pursuant to the Management Agreements with each Fund, the Advisor manages the Funds' business affairs, and furnishes advice and recommendations to each Fund regarding securities to be purchased and sold by the Fund.

The Advisor is staffed by experienced investment professionals with extensive experience in company analysis, and who have been officers of IPS since 1986. Analysis is performed in-house for all core portfolio companies, using a variety of proprietary, fundamental analytical methods.

Under the terms of each respective Management Agreement, the Advisor manages the investments of the Funds, subject to approval of the Board of Trustees of the Trust, and pays all of the expenses of the Funds except brokerage, taxes, interest and extraordinary expenses.

When approving the investment advisory arrangements, the Trustees, including the Independent Trustees, considered a number of factors, including: (1) the expected nature, quality and scope of the management and investment advisory services and personnel provided to the Fund by the Investment Adviser; (2) the rate of the investment advisory fees payable to the Investment Adviser and a comparison of the fees paid by comparable funds; (3) the compensation (in addition to the investment advisory fees) and other benefits received by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates; (4) the Investment Adviser's costs in providing the services; (5) economies of scale realized by the Investment Adviser; (6) possible alternatives to the investment advisory arrangement with the Investment Adviser; (7) the operating expenses of the Fund; and (8) the policies and practices of the Investment Adviser with respect to portfolio transactions for the Fund.

MILLENNIUM FUND. As compensation for its management services and agreement to pay the Funds' expenses pursuant to its Management Agreement, the Millennium Fund is obligated to pay the Advisor a fee computed and accrued daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 1.40% of its average daily net assets up to and including \$100,000,000, 1.15% of such assets from \$100,000,001 up to and including \$250,000,000, and .90% of such assets in excess of \$250,000,001.

For the years ended November 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, the Millennium Fund incurred fees of 1,128,841, 1,814,721 and 3,399,419, respectively, to the Advisor.

NEW FRONTIER FUND. As compensation for its management services and agreement to pay the Funds' expenses pursuant to its Management Agreement, the New Frontier Fund is obligated to pay the Advisor a fee computed and accrued daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 1.40% of its average daily net assets up to and including \$100,000,000, 1.15% of such assets from \$100,000,001 up to and including \$250,000,000, and .90% of such assets in excess of \$250,000,001.

For the years ended November 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, the New Frontier Fund incurred fees of \$48,373, \$67,605 and \$114,770, respectively, to the Advisor.

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IFUND. As compensation for its management services and agreement to pay the Fund's expenses pursuant to its Management Agreement, the iFund is obligated to pay the Advisor a fee computed and accrued daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 1.40% of its average daily net assets up to and including \$50 million, and 0.95% of such assets in excess of \$50,000,001.

For the years ended November 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, the IPS iFund incurred fees of \$1,091, \$1,215 and \$753, respectively, to the Advisor.

The Advisor retains the rights to use the names "IPS", "Millennium", "New Frontier", and "iFund" in connection with another investment company or business enterprise with which the Advisor is or may become associated. The Fund's right to use the names "IPS", "Millennium", "New Frontier", and "iFund" automatically ceases thirty days after termination of the applicable Management Agreement(s) and may be withdrawn by the Advisor on thirty days' written notice.

The Advisor may make payments to banks or other financial institutions that provide shareholder services and administer shareholder accounts. The Funds may from time to time purchase securities issued by banks that provide such services; however, in selecting investments for a Fund, no preference will be shown for such securities.

DISTRIBUTION OF FUND SHARES

Citco-Quaker Fund Distributors, Inc. (the "Distributor"), a Delaware corporation, is the distributor for the shares of the Funds pursuant to a Distribution Agreement (the "Agreement"), among the Trust, Advisor and Distributor dated September 30, 2002. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The Agreement provides that the Distributor, as agent in connection with the distribution of Fund shares, will uses its best efforts to distribute the Funds' shares. The Funds offer their shares to the public on a continuous basis. For information on the purchase and redemption of Fund shares, see "Purchase and Redemption of Shares" below.

Compensation paid to the Distributors during the fiscal year ended November 30, 2002 is set forth below:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

NAME OF PRINCIPAL UNDERWRITER	NET UNDERWRITING DISCOUNTS AND COMMISSIONS	COMPENSATION ON REDEMPTION AND REPURCHASES	BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS	OTHER COMPENSATION
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Citco-Quaker Fund Distributors, Inc.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,000

TRANSFER AGENT

Citco Mutual Fund Services, Inc., P.O. Box C-1100, Southeastern, PA 19398-1100, is the Transfer Agent for each Fund. The Transfer Agent performs shareholder service functions such as maintaining the records of each shareholder's account, answering shareholders' inquiries concerning their accounts, processing purchase and redemptions of each Fund's shares, acting as dividend and distribution disbursing agent and performing other accounting and shareholder service functions. The Distributor is a wholly-owned subsidiary or Citco-Quaker Fund Services, Inc.

CUSTODIAN

U.S. Bank, N.A., 425 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202, is the Custodian of each Fund's investments. The Custodian acts as each Fund's depository, safekeeps its portfolio securities, collects all income and other payments with respect thereto, disburses funds at the Fund's request and maintains records in connection with its duties.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

The independent accounting firm for each Fund is Cohen McCurdy, Ltd., 27955 Clemens Road, Westlake, Ohio 44145. Cohen McCurdy, ltd. performs an annual audit of each Fund's financial statements and provides financial, tax and accounting consulting services as requested.

FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BROKERAGE

Subject to policies established by the Board of Trustees of the Trust on behalf of each Fund, the Advisor is responsible for the Millennium and New Frontier Funds' investment decisions and for placing trades for all the Funds.

In placing portfolio transactions, the Advisor seeks the best qualitative execution for each Fund, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), the execution capability, financial responsibility and responsiveness of the broker or dealer and the brokerage and research services provided by the broker or dealer. The Advisor generally seeks favorable prices and commission rates that are reasonable in relation to the benefits received.

The Advisor is specifically authorized to select brokers or dealers who also provide brokerage and research services to each Fund and/or the other accounts over which the Advisor exercises investment discretion and to pay such brokers or dealers a commission in excess of the commission another broker or dealer would charge if the Advisor determines in good faith that the commission is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services provided. The determination may be viewed in terms of a particular transaction or the Advisor's overall responsibilities with respect to each Fund and to other accounts over which it exercises investment discretion.

Research services include supplemental research, securities and economic analyses, statistical services and information with respect to the availability of securities or purchasers or sellers of securities and analyses of reports concerning performance of accounts. The research services and other information furnished by brokers through whom the Fund effects securities transactions may also be used by principals of the Advisor in servicing all of their accounts. Similarly, research and information provided by brokers or dealers serving other clients may be useful to principals of the Advisor in connection with the Advisor's services to each Fund. Although research services and other information are useful to each Fund and the Advisor, it is not possible to place a dollar value on the research and other information received. It is the opinion of the Board of Trustees and the Advisor that the review and study of the research and other information will not reduce the overall cost to the Advisor of performing its duties to each Fund under each respective Management Agreement. While the Funds do not deem it practicable and in their respective best interests to solicit competitive bids for commission rates on each transaction, consideration is regularly given to posted commission rates as well as other information concerning the level of commissions charged on comparable transactions by qualified brokers.

No Fund has an obligation to deal with any broker or dealer in the execution of its transactions.

Transactions in the over-the-counter market can be placed directly with market makers who act as principals for their own account and include mark-ups in the prices charged for over-the-counter securities. Transactions in the over-the-counter market can also be placed with broker-dealers who act as agents

and charge brokerage commissions for effecting over-the-counter transactions. The Funds may place over-the-counter transactions either directly with principal market makers, or with broker-dealers if that is consistent with the Advisor's obligation to obtain best qualitative execution. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, persons who may be deemed to be affiliated with the Advisor are prohibited from dealing with each Fund as a principal in the purchase and sale of securities.

To the extent that each Fund and another of the Advisor's clients seek to acquire the same security at about the same time, the applicable Fund may not be able to acquire as large a position in such security as it desires or it may have to pay a higher price for the security. Similarly, the Fund may not be able to obtain as large an execution of an order to sell or as high a price for any particular portfolio security if the other client desires to sell the same portfolio security at the same time. On the other hand, if the same securities are bought or sold at

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the same time by more than one client, the resulting participation in volume transactions could produce better executions for the applicable Fund. In the event that more than one client wants to purchase or sell the same security on a given date, the purchases and sales will normally be allocated on a random selection basis.

For the fiscal years ended November 30, 2001, 2002 and 2003, the Millennium Fund paid aggregate brokerage commissions of \$583,342, \$758,926 and \$\$436,755 respectively.

For the fiscal years ended November 30, 2001, 2002 and 2003, the New Frontier Fund paid brokerage commissions of \$21,959, \$43,538 and \$29,490 respectively.

For the fiscal years ended November 30, 2001, 2002 and 2003, the iFund paid aggregate commissions of \$13, \$626 and \$0.00 respectively.

CAPITAL STOCK AND OTHER SECURITIES

Each share of a Fund represents an equal proportionate interest in the assets and liabilities belonging to that Fund with each other share of that series and is entitled to such dividends and distributions out of income belonging to the series as are declared by the Trustees. The shares do not have cumulative voting rights or any preemptive or conversion rights, and the Trustees have the authority from time to time to divide or combine the shares of any series into a greater or lesser number of shares of that series so long as the proportionate beneficial interest in the assets belonging to that series and the rights of shares of any other series are in no way affected. In case of any liquidation of a series, the holders of shares of the series being liquidated will be entitled to receive as a class a distribution out of the assets, net of the liabilities, belonging to that series. Expenses attributable to any series are borne by that series. Any general expenses of the Trust not readily identifiable as belonging to a particular series are allocated by or under the direction of the Trustees in such manner as the Trustees determine to be fair and equitable. No shareholder is liable to further calls or to assessment by the Trust without his or her express consent.

If at least ten shareholders (the "Petitioning Shareholders") wish to obtain signatures to request a meeting for the purpose of voting upon removal of any Trustee of the Trust, they may make a written application to the Trust requesting to communicate with other shareholders. The Petitioning Shareholders must hold in the aggregate at least 1% of the shares then outstanding or shares then having a net asset value of \$25,000, whichever is less, and each Petitioning Shareholder must have been a shareholder for at least six months prior to the date of the application. The application must be accompanied by the form of communication that the shareholders wish to transmit. Within five business days after receipt of the application, the Trust will (a) provide the Petitioning Shareholders with access to a list of the names and addresses of all shareholders of the Trust; or (b) inform the Petitioning Shareholders of the approximate number of shareholders and the estimated costs of mailing such communication, and undertake such mailing promptly after tender by the Petitioning Shareholders to the Trust of the material to be mailed and the reasonable expenses of such mailing. The Trustees will promptly call a meeting for the purpose of voting upon the question of removal of any Trustee when requested in writing to do so by the record holders of not less than 10% of the outstanding shares.

Upon sixty days prior written notice to shareholders, the Funds may make redemption payments in whole or in part in securities or other property if the Trustees determine that existing conditions make cash payments undesirable.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Reference is made to "Buying Fund Shares", "Redeeming Fund Shares" and "Additional Information about Purchases, Sales, and Exchanges" in the Prospectuses for more information concerning how to purchase and redeem shares.

For purposes of the purchase and redemption of shares as provided in the Funds' Prospectus, "good order" means that the purchase or redemption order, as applicable, includes the following:

- 1. The account number (if applicable) and the particular Fund's name.
- 2. The amount of the transaction (specified in dollars or shares).

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- 3. Signatures of all owners exactly as they are registered on the account.
- 4. Any required signature guarantees (if applicable).
- 5. Other supporting legal documents that might be required, in cases of estates, corporations, trusts, and certain other accounts.

TELEPHONE PURCHASES BY SECURITIES FIRMS

Brokerage firms that are NASD members may telephone the Transfer Agent at 800.249.6927 and buy shares for investors who have investments in the Millennium Fund or the New Frontier Fund through the brokerage firm's account with the applicable Fund. By electing telephone purchase privileges, NASD member firms, on behalf of themselves and their clients, agree that neither the Funds, the Underwriter nor the Transfer Agent shall be liable for following telephone instructions reasonably believed to be genuine. To be sure telephone instructions are genuine, the Funds and their agents send written confirmations of transactions to the broker that initiated the telephone purchase. As a result of these and other policies, the NASD member firms may bear the risk of any loss in the event of such a transaction. However, if the Transfer Agent or a Fund fails to follow these established procedures, they may be liable. Each Fund may modify or terminate these telephone privileges at any time. Please note that shares of the iFund are not available through brokerage firms and may only be purchased directly through IPS Funds by visiting the iFund's Web site at www.ipsifund.com.

EXCHANGE PRIVILEGE

Investors in the Millennium Fund and the New Frontier Fund may exchange their shares for shares of the other Fund. The iFund does not participate in this exchange privilege, and thus, iFund shareholders may not exchange their shares with the other two Funds nor may Millennium and New Frontier shareholders exchange their shares with the iFund. There is no charge for such exchanges. This offer is only good for residents of states in which the shares of the Fund being acquired are registered for sale. Before making an exchange, investors should review a current Prospectus for information on the new fund they are switching to. Don't switch unless you fully understand the differences in the investment objectives and portfolios of the Funds.

You may send an exchange request in writing to the Transfer Agent, signed by each registered owner exactly as the shares are registered. You must get a signature guarantee for any exchange of over \$50,000. You can do this at any bank or financial institution. The signature guarantee is used to protect shareholders from the possibility of a fraudulent request. An exchange order must satisfy the requirements for a redemption. (See "Redemption of Shares"). If the exchange request is in proper order, the exchange will be based on the NAVs of the shares involved, determined at the end of the day on which the request is received. Whenever you exchange shares of one Fund for shares of another Fund, the exchange is treated for federal income tax purposes as a sale (unless your account is tax-exempt). Therefore, you will probably have a taxable gain or loss. The Funds may, upon 60 days' notice to shareholders, impose reasonable fees and restrictions on exchange among funds, and modify or terminate the exchange privilege. Except for those limited instances where redemptions of the fund being exchanged are suspended under Section 22(e) of the 1940 Act, or where sales of shares of the Fund you are buying into are temporarily stopped, we will notify you at least 60 days in advance of all such modifications or termination of the exchange privilege.

AUTOMATIC MONTHLY EXCHANGE

Shareholders of the Millennium and New Frontier Funds may automatically exchange a fixed dollar amount of their shares for shares of the other Fund on a monthly basis. Please note that the iFund does not participate in this shareholder service. The minimum monthly exchange is \$100. This automatic exchange program may be changed by the shareholder at any time by writing the Transfer Agent at least two weeks before the date the change is to be made. You can get more information about this service from the Transfer Agent.

Shares may also be sold through a broker authorized by your Fund to redeem its shares. Such brokers may charge a reasonable fee for their services. Requests

for redemption by telephone will not be accepted.

Each registered owner must sign the written redemption request exactly as the shares are registered. You must obtain a signature guarantee for any withdrawal over \$50,000, or that is mailed to an address or person different

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than the address or person on your account statement. You can get a signature guarantee from any bank or financial institution. The signature guarantee is to protect you from fraudulent redemption of your shares.

SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWALS

You can set up a systematic withdrawal program if your account is worth \$10,000 or more. This allows investors to withdraw a fixed sum each month or calendar quarter. The minimum payment to you under the program is \$250. Either you or the Fund may terminate the program at any time without charge or penalty. Termination will become effective five business days after receipt of your instructions. Withdrawals under the Systematic Withdrawal Program involve a sale of shares, and may result in a taxable gain or loss. If you withdraw more than the dividends credited to your account, it ultimately may be depleted. Because securities purchased and sold for the iFund must be approved by the Fund's shareholders, the iFund is not eligible to participate in a systematic withdrawal program because of the potential difficulties in liquidating securities to meet redemption requirements.

RULE 18F-1 ELECTION

Each Fund has made an election with the Securities and Exchange Commission to pay in cash all redemptions requested by any shareholder of record limited in amount during any 90-day period to the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of the net assets of the Fund at the beginning of such period. Such commitment is irrevocable without the prior approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Redemptions in excess of the above limits may be paid in whole or in part, in investment securities or in cash, as the Board of Trustees may deem advisable; however, payment will be made wholly in cash unless the Board of Trustees believes that economic or market conditions exist which would make such a practice detrimental to the best interests of the Fund. If redemptions are paid in investment securities, such securities will be valued as set forth in the Prospectuses under "Valuation of Shares" and a redeeming shareholder would normally incur brokerage expenses if he converted these securities to cash.

RETIREMENT PLANS

Each Fund offers several tax qualified retirement plans for individuals and employers. The following plans are available: Traditional Individual Retirement Accounts (IRAs), Simplified Employee Pension Plans, 403(b) plans, and 401(K) corporate profit-sharing retirement plans. Contributions to these plans are tax-deductible and earnings are tax-exempt until distributed. Roth IRAs and Coverdell Education Savings Accounts are also available. You should not begin a retirement plan before talking with your financial or tax advisor. To receive all the necessary information on fees, plan agreements and applications, contact the Advisor at 1225 Weisgarber Road, Suite S-380, Knoxville, TN 37909 or call 800.249.6927.

NET ASSET VALUE

The Funds' share prices are determined based upon net asset value (NAV). The Funds calculate NAV at approximately 4:00 p.m., Eastern time, each day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. The NAV per share of each Fund is determined by dividing the total value of the applicable Fund's investments and other assets less any liabilities by its number of outstanding shares. See "Valuation of Shares" in the Prospectus.

The net asset value is determined at the close of the New York Stock Exchange each day that the exchange is open. The Exchange is closed on weekends and on New Years Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas each year. Securities traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, or the NASDAQ National Market System are valued at the last sale price or the last bid price if there is no sale. Securities or other assets for which quotations are not readily available are valued at fair values determined in good faith in accordance with procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. See "Valuation of Shares" in the Prospectus.

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The following summary is based on current tax laws and regulations, which may be changed by legislative, judicial or administrative action. No attempt has been made to present a detailed explanation of the federal, state or local income tax treatment of the Funds or their shareholders. Accordingly, you are urged to consult your tax advisers regarding specific questions as to federal, state and local income taxes.

Each Fund is treated as a separate entity for federal income tax purposes and each Fund intends to elect to qualify under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Each Fund that so qualifies will not be subject to federal income tax on the part of its net ordinary income and net realized capital gains that it distributes to shareholders.

To qualify for special tax treatment afforded investment companies under Subchapter M, each Fund is required, at the end of each quarter of the taxable year, to have (i) at least 50% of the market value of the Fund's total assets be invested in cash, U.S. Government securities, the securities of other regulated investment companies, and other securities, with such other securities of any one issuer limited for the purposes of this calculation to an amount not greater than 5% of the value of the Fund's total assets, and (ii) not more than 25% of the value of its total assets be invested in the securities of any one issuer (other than U.S. Government securities or the securities of other regulated investment companies).

Dividends paid by each Fund from its ordinary income, and distributions of each Fund's net realized short-term capital gains, are taxable to non-tax-exempt investors as ordinary income. Ordinary income dividends may be eligible for the 70% dividends received deduction allowed to corporations under the Code, if certain requirements are met.

Distributions made from each Fund's net realized long-term capital gains are taxable to shareholders as long-term capital gains regardless of the length of time the shareholder has owned such shares. Each Fund will supply information to its shareholders to determine the appropriate tax-rate group of its long-term capital gain distributions.

Upon redemption of shares of each Fund held by a non-tax-exempt investor, such investor, generally, will realize a capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the redemption price received by the investor and the adjusted basis of the shares redeemed. If the redemption is in-kind, capital gain or loss will be measured by the difference between the fair market value of securities received and the adjusted basis of the shares redeemed. Such capital gain or loss, generally, will constitute a short-term capital gain or loss if the redeemed shares were held for twelve months or less, and long-term capital gain or loss if the redeemed Fund shares were held for more than twelve months. If, however, shares of each Fund were redeemed within six months of their purchase by an investor, and if a capital gain dividend was paid with respect to the applicable Fund's shares while they were held by the investor, then any loss realized by the investor will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the capital gain dividend.

Under certain provisions of the Code, some shareholders may be subject to 30% withholding on reportable dividends, capital gains distributions and redemption payments ("back-up withholding"). Generally, shareholders subject to back-up withholding will be those for whom a taxpayer identification number is not on file with the applicable Fund or who, to such Fund's knowledge, have furnished an incorrect number. When establishing an account, an investor must certify under penalty of perjury that such number is correct and that he is not otherwise subject to back-up withholding.

Dividends paid by each Fund from its ordinary income and distributions of each Fund's net realized short-term capital gains paid to shareholders who are non-resident aliens will be subject to a 30% United States withholding tax under existing provisions of the Code applicable to foreign individuals and entities unless a reduced rate of withholding or a withholder exemption is provided under applicable treaty law. Non-resident shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisers concerning the applicability of the United States withholding tax.

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The Code requires each regulated investment company to pay a nondeductible 4% excise tax to the extent the company does not distribute, during each calendar year, 98% of its ordinary income, determined on a calendar year basis, and 98% of its capital gains, determined, in general, on an October 31 year-end, plus any undistributed amount from prior years. Each Fund anticipates that it will make sufficient timely distributions to avoid imposition of the excise tax. If each Fund pays a dividend in January which was declared in the previous October, November or December to shareholders of record on a date in those months, then such dividend or distribution will be treated for tax purposes as being paid on December 31 and will be taxable to shareholders as if received on December 31.

The foregoing is a general and abbreviated summary of the applicable provisions of the Code and Treasury regulations presently in effect. For the complete provisions, reference should be made to the pertinent Code sections and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. The Code and these Treasury regulations are subject to change by legislative or administrative action.

Dividends and capital gains distributions may also be subject to state and local taxes.

The federal income tax consequences set forth above do not address any particular tax considerations a shareholder of each Fund might have. Shareholders are urged to consult their tax advisers as to the particular tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of shares of each Fund, including the application of state, local and foreign tax laws and possible future changes in federal tax laws. Foreign investors should consider applicable foreign taxes in their evaluation of an investment in each Fund.

PERFORMANCE

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN

The average annual total return for each Fund that will be reported by the Trust will be calculated according to the following formula:

P(1+T)^n = ERV	P is a hypothetical initial payment of \$1,000 T = average annual total return n = number of years
	ERV = ending redeemable value of hypothetical \$1,000 payment made at the beginning of the 1, 5, or 10 year periods (or fractional portion thereof)

All total return figures reflect the deduction of a proportional share of the Fund's expenses on an annual basis, and assume that all dividends and distributions are reinvested in the Fund when paid. From time to time, in advertisements, sales literature and information furnished to present or prospective shareholders, the performance of each Fund may be compared to indices of broad groups of unmanaged securities considered to be representative of or similar to the portfolio holdings of the applicable Fund or considered to be representative of the stock market in general or the fixed income securities market in general. The Funds may use the Standard & Poor's 500 Stock Index, the Dow Jones Industrial Average, the Value Line Composite Average, and the NASDAQ Composite Index, as well as other appropriate indexes.

In addition, the performance of each Fund may be compared to other groups of mutual funds tracked by any widely used independent research firm which ranks mutual funds by overall performance, investment objectives and assets, such as Lipper Analytical Services, Inc. or Morningstar, Inc. The objectives, policies, limitations and expenses of other mutual funds in a group may not be the same as those of the applicable Fund. Performance rankings and ratings reported periodically in national financial publications such as Barron's may also be used.

AFTER-TAX TOTAL RETURN

A Fund may also quote after-tax total returns to show the impact of assumed federal income taxes on an investment in the Fund. A Fund's total return after taxes on distributions shows the effect of taxable distributions, but not any taxable gain or loss, on an investment in shares of the Fund for a specified period of time. A Fund's total return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares shows the effect of both taxable

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distributions and any taxable gain or loss realized by the investor upon the sale of Fund shares at the end of a specified period. To determine these figures, all income, short-term capital gain distributions, and long-term capital gain distributions are assumed to have been taxed at the highest marginal individualized federal tax rate then in effect. Those maximum tax rates are applied to distributions prior to reinvestment and the after-tax portion is assumed to have been reinvested in the Fund. State and local taxes are ignored.

Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns reflect past tax effects and are not predictive of future tax effects.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS)

The average annual total return (after taxes on distributions) of each class of

shares is computed by finding the average annual compounded rates of return over the periods that would equate the initial amount invested to the ending value, according to the following formula:

P(1+T)^n=ATVD	P=a hypothetical initial investment of \$1,000 T=average annual total return (after taxes on distributions) n=number of years
	ATVD =ending value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment made at the beginning of the stated periods at the end of the stated periods, after taxes on Fund distributions but not after taxes on redemptions

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURN (AFTER TAXES ON DISTRIBUTIONS AND REDEMPTIONS)

P(1+T)^n=ATVDR

The average annual total return (after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares) is computed by finding the average annual compounded rates of return over the periods that would equate the initial amount invested to the ending value, according to the following formula:

> P=a hypothetical initial investment of \$1,000 T=average annual total return (after taxes on distributions) n=number of years

> > ATVDR =ending value of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment made at the beginning of the stated periods at the end of the stated periods, after taxes on Fund distributions and redemptions

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements of the Millennium Fund and the New Frontier Fund are incorporated by reference from the Millennium Fund's and the New Frontier Fund's Annual Reports to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2003. The audited financial statements of the iFund are incorporated by reference from the iFund's Annual Report to Shareholders for the period ended November 30, 2003. Copies are available, without charge, by calling the Funds.

PROXY VOTING PROCEDURES.

The Board of Trustees of the Trust has approved proxy voting procedures for the Trust. These procedures set forth guidelines and procedures for the voting of proxies relating to securities held by the Funds. Records of the Funds proxy voting records are maintained and are available for inspection. The Board is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the procedures. Copies of the proxy voting procedures have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. The procedures are also available on the SEC's EDGAR database at the SEC's web site (www.sec.gov). Copies of the procedures can be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request (publicinfo@sec.gov) or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, DC 20549-0102.

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A copy will also be sent to you, free of charge, at your request by writing to the Trust at P.O. Box 6110, Indianapolis, IN 46206-6110, or calling toll free at 1-888-747-4872. A copy of the Trust's Proxy Voting Procedures may also be found on the Trust's Web Site at www.ipsfunds.com. You may also receive a copy of the Trust's Proxy Voting Policies, free of charge, by calling the Funds.

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