

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 485BPOS

Post-effective amendments [Rule 485(b)]

Filing Date: 2013-03-19
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FILER

FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST

CIK:215829 | IRS No.: 000000000 | Fiscal Year End: 1231
Type: 485BPOS | Act: 33 | File No.: 002-57167 | Film No.: 13700527

Mailing Address
82 DEVONSHIRE STREET
BOSTON MA 02109

Business Address
82 DEVONSHIRE STREET
BOSTON MA 02109
6175637000

FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST

CIK:215829 | IRS No.: 000000000 | Fiscal Year End: 1231
Type: 485BPOS | Act: 40 | File No.: 811-02676 | Film No.: 13700528

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-1A

REGISTRATION STATEMENT (No. 002-57167)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pre-Effective Amendment No. _____	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Effective Amendment No. 90	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

and

REGISTRATION STATEMENT (No. 811-02676)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Amendment No. 90	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Fidelity School Street Trust

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

245 Summer St., Boston, Massachusetts 02210

(Address Of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number: 617-563-7000

Scott C. Goebel, Secretary

245 Summer Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02210

(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

It is proposed that this filing will become effective

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	immediately upon filing pursuant to paragraph (b).
<input type="checkbox"/>	on () pursuant to paragraph (b) at 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.
<input type="checkbox"/>	60 days after filing pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) at 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.
<input type="checkbox"/>	on () pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of Rule 485 at 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.
<input type="checkbox"/>	75 days after filing pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) at 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.
<input type="checkbox"/>	on () pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of Rule 485 at 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.

If appropriate, check the following box:

<input type="checkbox"/>	this post-effective amendment designates a new effective date for a previously filed post-effective amendment.
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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit	Exhibit No.
XBRL Instance Document	EX-101.INS

XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	EX-101.SCH
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	EX-101.CAL
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	EX-101.DEF
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document	EX-101.LAB
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	EX-101.PRE

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of the requirements for the effectiveness of this Registration Statement pursuant to Rule 485(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 and has duly caused this Post-Effective Amendment No. 90 to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Boston, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, on the 19th day of March 2013.

	Fidelity School Street Trust
	By <u>/s/Stephanie J. Dorsey</u>
	Stephanie J. Dorsey, President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>(Signature)</u>	<u>(Title)</u>	<u>(Date)</u>
<u>/s/Stephanie J. Dorsey</u>	President and Treasurer	March 19, 2013
Stephanie J. Dorsey	(Principal Executive Officer)	
<u>/s/Christine Reynolds</u>	Chief Financial Officer	March 19, 2013
Christine Reynolds	(Principal Financial Officer)	
<u>/s/Abigail P. Johnson</u>	Trustee	March 19, 2013
Abigail P. Johnson		
<u>/s/Elizabeth S. Acton</u>	* Trustee	March 19, 2013
Elizabeth S. Acton		
<u>/s/James C. Curvey</u>	* Trustee	March 19, 2013
James C. Curvey		
<u>/s/Albert R. Gamper, Jr.</u>	* Trustee	March 19, 2013
Albert R. Gamper, Jr.		
<u>/s/Robert F. Gartland</u>	* Trustee	March 19, 2013
Robert F. Gartland		
<u>/s/Arthur E. Johnson</u>	* Trustee	March 19, 2013
Arthur E. Johnson		

/s/Michael E. Kenneally	*	Trustee	March 19, 2013
Michael E. Kenneally			
/s/James H. Keyes	*	Trustee	March 19, 2013
James H. Keyes			
/s/Marie L. Knowles	*	Trustee	March 19, 2013
Marie L. Knowles			
/s/Kenneth L. Wolfe	*	Trustee	March 19, 2013
Kenneth L. Wolfe			
* By: /s/Joseph R. Fleming			
	Joseph R. Fleming, pursuant to powers of attorney dated February 1, 2013 and filed herewith.		

POWER OF ATTORNEY

We, the undersigned Directors or Trustees, as the case may be, of the following investment companies:

Fidelity Aberdeen Street Trust Fidelity Advisor Series II Fidelity Advisor Series IV Fidelity Boylston Street Trust Fidelity California Municipal Trust Fidelity California Municipal Trust II Fidelity Central Investment Portfolios II LLC Fidelity Charles Street Trust Fidelity Colchester Street Trust Fidelity Court Street Trust Fidelity Court Street Trust II Fidelity Garrison Street Trust Fidelity Hereford Street Trust Fidelity Income Fund Fidelity Massachusetts Municipal Trust	Fidelity Merrimack Street Trust Fidelity Money Market Trust Fidelity Municipal Trust Fidelity Municipal Trust II Fidelity Newbury Street Trust Fidelity New York Municipal Trust Fidelity New York Municipal Trust II Fidelity Oxford Street Trust Fidelity Phillips Street Trust Fidelity Revere Street Trust Fidelity Salem Street Trust Fidelity School Street Trust Fidelity Union Street Trust Fidelity Union Street Trust II Variable Insurance Products Fund V
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in addition to any other investment company for which Fidelity Management & Research Company ("FMR") or an affiliate acts as investment adviser and for which the undersigned individuals serve as Directors or Trustees (collectively, the "Funds"), hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney we have given to sign and otherwise act in our names and behalf in matters involving any investment company for which FMR or an affiliate acts as investment adviser and hereby constitute and appoint Thomas C. Bogle, Joseph R. Fleming, John V. O'Hanlon, Robert W. Helm and Anthony H. Zacharski, each of them singly, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact, with full power of substitution, and with full power to each of them, to sign for us and in our names in the appropriate capacities, all Registration Statements of the Funds on Form N-1A, or any successors thereto, any and all subsequent Amendments, Pre-Effective Amendments, or Post-Effective Amendments to said Registration Statements or any successors thereto, and any supplements or other instruments in connection therewith, and generally to do all such things in our names and behalf in connection therewith as said attorneys-in-fact deem

necessary or appropriate, to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, and all related requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission. We hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys-in-fact or their substitutes may do or cause to be done by virtue hereof. This power of attorney is effective for all documents filed on or after February 1, 2013.

WITNESS our hands on this first day of February 1, 2013.

<u>/s/James C. Curvey</u>	<u>/s/Michael E. Kenneally</u>
James C. Curvey	Michael E. Kenneally
<u>/s/Albert R. Gamper, Jr.</u>	<u>/s/James H. Keyes</u>
Albert R. Gamper, Jr.	James H. Keyes
<u>/s/Robert F. Gartland</u>	<u>/s/Marie L. Knowles</u>
Robert F. Gartland	Marie L. Knowles
<u>/s/Arthur E. Johnson</u>	<u>/s/Kenneth L. Wolfe</u>
Arthur E. Johnson	Kenneth L. Wolfe

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I, the undersigned Director or Trustee of the following investment companies:

Fidelity Aberdeen Street Trust Fidelity Advisor Series IV Fidelity Boylston Street Trust Fidelity California Municipal Trust Fidelity California Municipal Trust II Fidelity Central Investment Portfolios II LLC Fidelity Charles Street Trust Fidelity Garrison Street Trust Fidelity Hereford Street Trust Fidelity Income Fund Fidelity Massachusetts Municipal Trust Fidelity Merrimack Street Trust Fidelity Municipal Trust	Fidelity Municipal Trust II Fidelity Newbury Street Trust Fidelity New York Municipal Trust Fidelity New York Municipal Trust II Fidelity Oxford Street Trust Fidelity Phillips Street Trust Fidelity Revere Street Trust Fidelity Salem Street Trust Fidelity School Street Trust Fidelity Union Street Trust Fidelity Union Street Trust II Variable Insurance Products Fund V
--	---

in addition to any other investment company for which Fidelity Management & Research Company ("FMR") or an affiliate acts as investment adviser and for which the undersigned serves as Director or Trustee (collectively, the "Funds"), hereby constitute and appoint Thomas C. Bogle, Joseph R. Fleming, John V. O'Hanlon, Robert W. Helm and Anthony H. Zacharski, each of them singly, my true and lawful attorneys-in-fact, with full power of substitution, and with full power to each of them, to sign for me and in my name in the appropriate capacities, all Registration Statements of the Funds on Form N-1A, or any successors thereto, any and all subsequent Amendments, Pre-Effective Amendments, or Post-Effective Amendments to said Registration Statements or any successors thereto, and any supplements or other instruments in connection therewith, and generally to do all such things in my name and behalf in connection therewith as said attorneys-in-fact deem necessary or appropriate, to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of

1940, and all related requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission. I hereby ratify and confirm all that said attorneys-in-fact or their substitutes may do or cause to be done by virtue hereof. This power of attorney is effective for all documents filed on or after February 1, 2013.

WITNESS my hand on this first day of February 1, 2013.

<u>/s/Elizabeth S. Acton</u>	
Elizabeth S. Acton	

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund		

[Risk/Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Risk/Return \[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskReturnHeading

[Objective \[Heading\]](#)

rr_ObjectiveHeading

[Objective,](#)

[Primary \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock

[Expense \[Heading\]](#)

rr_ExpenseHeading

[Expense](#)

[Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock

[Shareholder](#)

[Fees Caption \[Text\]](#)

rr_ShareholderFeesCaption

[Operating Expenses Caption \[Text\]](#)

rr_OperatingExpensesCaption

[Portfolio Turnover \[Heading\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund/**Fidelity Advisor[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Institutional**

Investment Objective

The fund seeks as high a level of current income, exempt from federal income tax, as is consistent with the preservation of capital.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio Turnover](#)
[Text Block]

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

[Portfolio Turnover Rate](#)
Expense Example Narrative
[Text Block]

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

15.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in investment-grade municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax.
- Managing the fund to have similar overall interest rate risk to an index designed to represent Fidelity Management & Research

[Strategy](#)
[Heading]
[Strategy Narrative](#)
[Text Block]

rr_StrategyHeading

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

Company (FMR)'s view of how the fund's competitive universe will perform over time.

- Normally maintaining a dollar-weighted average maturity between three and 10 years.
- Allocating assets across different market sectors and maturities.
- Potentially investing more than 25% of total assets in municipal securities that finance similar types of projects.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Municipal Market Volatility.* The municipal market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the

[Risk](#)
[Heading]

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk](#)
Narrative
[Text Block]

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

price of a security to decrease.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.advisor.fidelity.com for updated return information.

The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and

[Risk Lose](#)

[Money](#)

rr_RiskLoseMoney

[Text]

[Risk Not](#)

[Insured](#)

[Depository](#)

rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Institution](#)

[Text]

[Bar Chart](#)

[and](#)

[Performance](#)

rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

[Table](#)

[Heading]

[Performance](#)

[Narrative](#)

[Text Block]

rr_PerformanceNarrativeTextBlock

[Performance](#)

[Information](#)

rr_PerformanceInformationIllustratesVariabilityOfReturns

[Illustrates](#)

[Variability of Returns](#)
[Text]

[Performance Availability Website Address](#)
rr_PerformanceAvailabilityWebSiteAddress
[Text]

[Performance Past Does Not Indicate Future](#)
rr_PerformancePastDoesNotIndicateFuture
[Text]

[Bar Chart](#)
[Heading] rr_BarChartHeading

[Bar Chart Closing](#)
[Text Block] rr_BarChartClosingTextBlock

[Performance Table Heading](#)
rr_PerformanceTableHeading
[Performance Table Uses Highest Federal Rate](#)
rr_PerformanceTableUsesHighestFederalRate

[Performance Table Narrative](#)
rr_PerformanceTableNarrativeTextBlock

Inst |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |

compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time.

www.advisor.fidelity.com

Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Year-by-Year Returns

Calendar Years

<i>During the periods shown in the chart:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	4.84%	<i>September 30, 2009</i>
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-2.55%	<i>December 31, 2010</i>

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

Institutional Class		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
<u>Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)</u>	rr_RedemptionFeeOverRedemption	0.50%
<u>Management fee</u>	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.26%
<u>Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees</u>	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	none
<u>Other expenses</u>	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.16%
<u>Total annual operating expenses</u>	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	0.42%
<u>1 year</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	43
<u>3 years</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	135
<u>5 years</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	235
<u>10 years</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	530
<u>2006</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2006	4.06%
<u>2007</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2007	3.95%
<u>2008</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2008	0.96%
<u>2009</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2009	8.69%
<u>2010</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2010	2.49%
<u>2011</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2011	7.91%
<u>2012</u>	rr_AnnualReturn2012	4.99%
<u>Highest Quarterly Return, Label</u>	rr_HighestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>
<u>Highest Quarterly Return, Date</u>	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturnDate	Sep. 30, 2009
<u>Highest Quarterly Return</u>	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturn	4.84%
<u>Lowest Quarterly Return, Label</u>	rr_LowestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>

Lowest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturnDate	Dec. 31, 2010	
Lowest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturn	(2.55%)	
Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Return Before Taxes Institutional Class			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Column Label	rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName	Institutional Class	
Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	Return Before Taxes	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	4.99%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	4.97%	[1]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	4.74%	
Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Return After Taxes on Distributions Institutional Class		Oct. 31, 2005	
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Column Label	rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName	Institutional Class	
Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	Return After Taxes on Distributions	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	4.98%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	4.94%	[1]
		4.72%	

Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	
Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares Institutional Class			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Column Label	rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	Institutional Class Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	
Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	4.28%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	4.75%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	4.58%	[1]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	
Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Barclays® Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Label	rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	Barclays® Municipal Bond Index	
Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	6.78%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	5.91%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	5.46%	[1]

Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	
Inst			
Fidelity			
Intermediate			
Municipal			
Income			
Fund			
Barclays			
1-17 Year			
Municipal			
Bond Index			
(reflects no			
deduction			
for fees,			
expenses, or			
taxes)			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Label	rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index	
Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	4.74%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	5.54%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	5.22%	[1]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	
[1]	From October 31, 2005.		

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Inst Fidelity International Bond Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	Fund Summary
		Fund/Class: Fidelity [®] International Bond Fund/ Fidelity Advisor[®] International Bond Fund Institutional
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	Investment Objective
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	The fund seeks a high level of current income.
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	Fee Table
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)
Operating Expenses Caption [Text]	rr_OperatingExpensesCaption	Annual class operating expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)
Fee Waiver or Reimbursement over Assets, Date of Termination	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssetsDateOfTermination	<i>February 28, 2014</i>
Portfolio Turnover [Heading]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading	Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio
Turnover \[Text
Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

[Portfolio
Turnover, Rate
Expense
Example
Narrative \[Text
Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

[Strategy
\[Heading\]](#)

rr_StrategyHeading

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 119% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

119.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Principal Investment Strategies

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

- Normally investing primarily in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling

[Risk \[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than,

and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.

- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur

[Risk Lose Money \[Text\]](#) rr_RiskLoseMoney

[Risk Nondiversified Status \[Text\]](#)
rr_RiskNondiversifiedStatus

[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution \[Text\]](#) rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Bar Chart and Performance Table \[Heading\]](#) rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

[Performance One Year or Less \[Text\]](#) rr_PerformanceOneYearOrLess

Inst | Fidelity
International
Bond Fund |
Institutional
Class

in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

<u>Risk/Return:</u>	rr_RiskReturnAbstract			
<u>Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)</u>	rr_ShareholderFeeOther		none	
<u>Management fee</u>	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets		0.56%	
<u>Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees</u>	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets		none	
<u>Other expenses</u>	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets		0.78%	
<u>Total annual operating expenses</u>	rr_ExpensesOverAssets		1.34%	
<u>Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement</u>	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets		0.59%	[1]
<u>Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement</u>	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets		0.75%	
<u>1 year</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01		77	
<u>3 years</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03		356	
<u>5 years</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05		667	
<u>10 years</u>	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10		1,552	

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Institutional Class of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund/**Fidelity Advisor[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Institutional**

Investment Objective

The fund seeks as high a level of current income, exempt from federal income tax, as is consistent with the preservation of capital.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees	Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Institutional Class
Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)	0.50%

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses	Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Institutional Class
Management fee	0.26%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	none
Other expenses	0.16%
Total annual operating expenses	0.42%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Institutional Class
1 year	43
3 years	135
5 years	235
10 years	530

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in investment-grade municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax.
- Managing the fund to have similar overall interest rate risk to an index designed to represent Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR)'s view of how the fund's competitive universe will perform over time.
- Normally maintaining a dollar-weighted average maturity between three and 10 years.
- Allocating assets across different market sectors and maturities.
- Potentially investing more than 25% of total assets in municipal securities that finance similar types of projects.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Municipal Market Volatility.* The municipal market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.advisor.fidelity.com for updated return information.

Year-by-Year Returns

Calendar Years



<i>During the periods shown in the chart:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	4.84%	September 30, 2009
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-2.55%	December 31, 2010

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

Average Annual Total Returns Inst Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of class	Inception Date
Institutional Class Return Before Taxes	4.99%	4.97%	4.74% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Institutional Class Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.98%	4.94%	4.72% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Institutional Class Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.28%	4.75%	4.58% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Barclays® Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	6.78%	5.91%	5.46% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	4.74%	5.54%	5.22% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
[1] From October 31, 2005.				

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund/**Fidelity Advisor[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund A, T, B, C**

Investment Objective

The fund seeks as high a level of current income, exempt from federal income tax, as is consistent with the preservation of capital.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your investment professional and in the Fund Distribution section beginning on page (Click Here) of the prospectus.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund	Class A	Class T	Class B	Class C
<u>Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)</u>	4.00%	4.00%	none	none
<u>Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)</u>	none	[1]none	[1]5.00% ^[2]	1.00% ^[3]
<u>Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)</u>	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

[1] Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.

[2] Declines over 6 years from 5.00% to 0%.

[3] On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Fund Operating Expenses A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund	Class A	Class T	Class B	Class C
<u>Management fee</u>	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%
<u>Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees</u>	0.25%	0.25%	0.90%	1.00%
<u>Other expenses</u>	0.14%	0.14%	0.12%	0.17%
<u>Total annual operating expenses</u>	0.65%	0.65%	1.28%	1.43%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated and if you hold your shares:

Sell All Shares

Expense Example A T B C

**Fidelity Intermediate
Municipal Income Fund** **Class A Class T Class B Class C**
(USD \$)

1 year	464	464	630	246
3 years	600	600	706	452
5 years	748	748	902	782
10 years	1,178	1,178	1,290	1,713

Hold Shares

**Expense Example, No
Redemption A T B C**

**Fidelity Intermediate
Municipal Income Fund** **Class A Class T Class B Class C**
(USD \$)

1 year	464	464	130	146
3 years	600	600	406	452
5 years	748	748	702	782
10 years	1,178	1,178	1,290	1,713

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in investment-grade municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax.
- Managing the fund to have similar overall interest rate risk to an index designed to represent Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR)'s view of how the fund's competitive universe will perform over time.
- Normally maintaining a dollar-weighted average maturity between three and 10 years.
- Allocating assets across different market sectors and maturities.
- Potentially investing more than 25% of total assets in municipal securities that finance similar types of projects.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Municipal Market Volatility.* The municipal market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

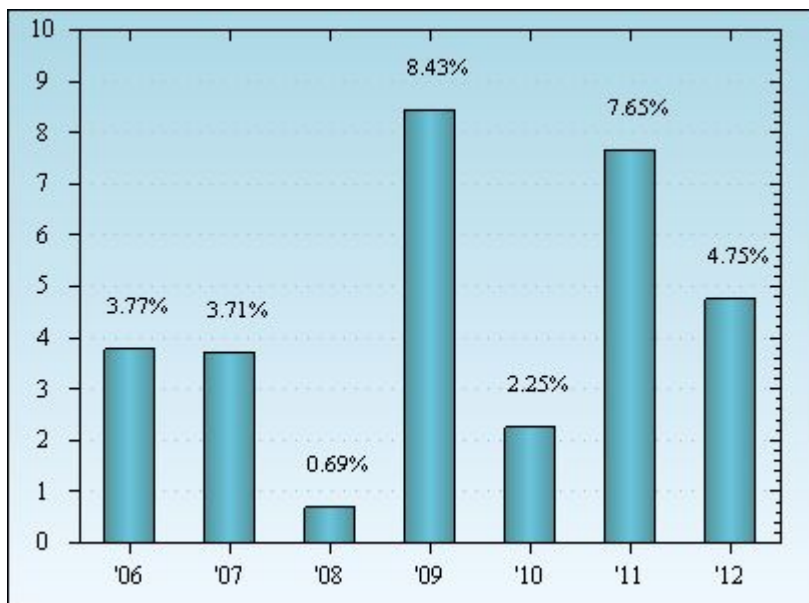
The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.advisor.fidelity.com for updated return information.

Year-by-Year Returns

The returns in the bar chart do not reflect any applicable sales charges; if sales charges were reflected, returns would be lower than those shown.

Calendar Years



<i>During the periods shown in the chart for Class A:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	4.78%	September 30, 2009
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-2.64%	December 31, 2010

Average Annual Returns

Unlike the returns in the bar chart, the returns in the table reflect the maximum applicable sales charges. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. After-tax returns for Class A are shown in the table below and after-tax returns for other classes will vary. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual

circumstances. Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

Average Annual Total Returns A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Life of class	Inception Date
Class A Return Before Taxes	0.56%	3.86%	3.90% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Class A Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.55%	3.84%	3.87% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Class A Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	1.27%	3.75%	3.80% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Class T Return Before Taxes	0.47%	3.86%	3.88% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Class B Return Before Taxes	(0.90%)	3.70%	3.81% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Class C Return Before Taxes	2.84%	3.89%	3.69% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Barclays® Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	6.78%	5.91%	5.46% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005
Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	4.74%	5.54%	5.22% [1]	Oct. 31, 2005

[1] From October 31, 2005.

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity[®] International Bond Fund/**Fidelity Advisor[®] International Bond Fund A, T, C**

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your investment professional and in the Fund Distribution section beginning on page (Click Here) of the prospectus.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

[Operating Expenses Caption \[Text\]](#) rr_OperatingExpensesCaption

Annual class operating expenses
(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

[Fee Waiver or Reimbursement over Assets, Date of Termination](#) rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssetsDateOfTermination *February 28, 2014*

[Portfolio Turnover \[Heading\]](#) rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading

Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio Turnover \[Text Block\]](#)

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 119% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

[Portfolio Turnover, Rate](#) rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

119.00%

[Expense Breakpoint Discounts \[Text\]](#) rr_ExpenseBreakpointDiscounts

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds.

[Expense Breakpoint, Minimum Investment Required \[Amount\]](#) rr_ExpenseBreakpointMinimumInvestmentRequiredAmount 50,000

[Expense Example](#) rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing

[Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

[Expense Example by Year, Caption \[Text\]](#)

[Expense Example, No Redemption, By Year, Caption \[Text\]](#)

[Strategy \[Heading\]](#)

[Strategy Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_ExpenseExampleByYearCaption

rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionByYearCaption

rr_StrategyHeading

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated and if you hold your shares:

Sell All Shares

Hold Shares

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing primarily in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in

investment-grade debt securities.

- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S.

[Risk \[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.

- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high

yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.

- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Risk Lose Money [Text] Risk Nondiversified Status [Text]	rr_RiskLoseMoney	<p>You could lose money by investing in the fund.</p> <p>In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.</p>
Risk Not Insured Depository Institution [Text]	rr_RiskNondiversifiedStatus	<p>An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.</p>
Bar Chart and Performance Table [Heading] Performance One Year or Less [Text]	rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading	<p>Performance</p>
<p>A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund Class A</p> <p>Risk/Return:</p> <p>Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)</p> <p>Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)</p>	rr_PerformanceOneYearOrLess	<p>Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.</p>
<p>Risk/Return:</p> <p>Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)</p>	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
<p>Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)</p>	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	4.00%
<p>Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)</p>	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	none

Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	0.25%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.79%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	1.60%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.60%	[2]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	1.00%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	818	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	1,712	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	2,167	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	818	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	1,712	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	2,167	
A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund Class T			
Risk/Return: Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Maximum contingent	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	4.00%	
	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	none	[1]

deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)			
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	0.25%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.78%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	1.59%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.59%	[2]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	1.00%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	816	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	1,168	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	2,157	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	816	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	1,168	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	2,157	
A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund Class C			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		

Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	none	
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	1.00%	[3]
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	1.00%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.79%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	2.35%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.60%	[2]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	1.75%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	278	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	666	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	1,191	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	2,632	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	178	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	666	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	1,191	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	2,632	

- [1] Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.
- [2] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Class A, Class T, and Class C of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of their respective average net assets, exceed the following rates: Class A: 1.00%, Class T: 1.00%, Class C: 1.75%. These arrangements will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate these arrangements before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.
- [3] On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Fidelity Strategic Income Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	
Operating Expenses Caption [Text]	rr_OperatingExpensesCaption	
Portfolio Turnover [Heading]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading	
Portfolio Turnover [Text Block]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock	

Fund Summary

Fund:

Fidelity® Strategic Income Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income. The fund may also seek capital appreciation.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy and hold shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual fund operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in

[Portfolio](#)

[Turnover,](#)

[Rate](#)

[Expense](#)

[Example](#)

[Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 127% of the average value of its portfolio.

127.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

[Strategy](#)

[\[Heading\]](#)

[Strategy](#)

[Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_StrategyHeading

Principal Investment Strategies

- Investing primarily in debt securities, including lower-quality debt securities.
- Allocating the fund's assets among four general investment categories: high yield securities, U.S. Government and investment-grade securities, emerging market securities, and foreign developed market securities.
- Potentially investing in equity securities.
- Using a neutral mix of approximately 40% high yield, 30% U.S. Government and investment-grade, 15% emerging markets, and 15% foreign developed markets.
- Analyzing a security's structural features and current pricing, its

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

[Risk](#)
[\[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk](#)
[Narrative](#)
[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

issuer's potential for success, and the credit, currency, and economic risks of the security and its issuer to select investments.

- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Stock Market Volatility.* Stock markets are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can

perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) and certain types of other securities involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities and certain types of other securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can be difficult to resell.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the

[Risk Lose Money](#) [Text] rr_RiskLoseMoney
[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution](#) [Text] rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution
[Bar Chart and Performance Table](#) [Heading] rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading
[Performance Narrative](#) [Text Block] rr_PerformanceNarrativeTextBlock

[Performance Information Illustrates Variability of Returns](#)
[Text]

rr_PerformanceInformationIllustratesVariabilityOfReturns

[Performance Availability Website Address](#)
[Text]

rr_PerformanceAvailabilityWebSiteAddress

[Performance Past Does Not Indicate Future](#)
[Text]

rr_PerformancePastDoesNotIndicateFuture

[Bar Chart](#)
[Heading]

rr_BarChartHeading

[Bar Chart Closing](#)
[Text Block]

rr_BarChartClosingTextBlock

[Performance Table Heading](#)
[Performance Table Uses Highest Federal Rate](#)

rr_PerformanceTableHeading

rr_PerformanceTableUsesHighestFederalRate

performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and a hypothetical composite of market indexes over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for updated return information.

The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and a hypothetical composite of market indexes over various periods of time.

www.fidelity.com

Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Year-by-Year Returns

Calendar Years

<i>During the periods shown in the chart:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	13.34%	<i>June 30, 2009</i>
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-8.09%	<i>December 31, 2008</i>

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes.

[Performance Table Not Relevant to Tax Deferred Performance Table Narrative](#)

rr_PerformanceTableNarrativeTextBlock

The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

Fidelity
Strategic
Income
Fund | Class:
Fidelity
Strategic
Income
Fund

Risk/Return: rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Shareholder fees \(fees paid directly from your investment\)](#) rr_ShareholderFeeOther none

[Management fee](#) rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets 0.57%

[Distribution and/or Service \(12b-1\) fees](#) rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets none

[Other expenses](#) rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets 0.13%

[Total annual fund operating expenses](#) rr_ExpensesOverAssets 0.70%

[1 year](#) rr_ExpenseExampleYear01 72

[3 years](#) rr_ExpenseExampleYear03 224

[5 years](#) rr_ExpenseExampleYear05 390

10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	871
2003	rr_AnnualReturn2003	18.62%
2004	rr_AnnualReturn2004	9.44%
2005	rr_AnnualReturn2005	3.12%
2006	rr_AnnualReturn2006	8.15%
2007	rr_AnnualReturn2007	5.44%
2008	rr_AnnualReturn2008	(11.37%)
2009	rr_AnnualReturn2009	31.77%
2010	rr_AnnualReturn2010	9.93%
2011	rr_AnnualReturn2011	4.64%
2012	rr_AnnualReturn2012	10.90%
Highest Quarterly Return, Label	rr_HighestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>
Highest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturnDate	Jun. 30, 2009
Highest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturn	13.34%
Lowest Quarterly Return, Label	rr_LowestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>
Lowest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturnDate	Dec. 31, 2008
Lowest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturn	(8.09%)
Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Return Before Taxes Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund		
Risk/Return: Column Label	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
	rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName	Fidelity Strategic Income Fund
	rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	Return Before Taxes

Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	10.90%
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	8.30%
Past 10 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10	8.57%

Fidelity
Strategic
Income
Fund |
Return After
Taxes on
Distributions

| Class:
Fidelity
Strategic
Income
Fund

[Risk/](#)
[Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Column](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName
[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	9.05%
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	6.08%
Past 10 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10	6.33%

Fidelity
Strategic
Income
Fund |
Return After
Taxes on
Distributions
and Sale of
Fund Shares

| Class:
Fidelity
Strategic
Income
Fund

[Risk/](#)
[Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Column](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName
[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	7.22%
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	5.83%
Past 10 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10	6.10%

Fidelity Strategic Income Fund
Return After Taxes on Distributions

Fidelity Strategic Income Fund
Return After Taxes on Distributions
and Sale of Fund Shares

Fidelity
 Strategic
 Income
 Fund | The
 BofA
 Merrill
 LynchSM US
 High Yield
 Constrained
 Index
 (reflects no
 deduction
 for fees,
 expenses, or
 taxes)

<u>Risk/</u>	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
<u>Return:</u>		
<u>Label</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	The BofA Merrill Lynch SM US High Yield Constrained Index
<u>Past 1 year</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	15.55%
<u>Past 5 years</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	10.14%
<u>Past 10 years</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10	10.38%

Fidelity
 Strategic
 Income
 Fund |
 Fidelity
 Strategic
 Income
 Composite
 IndexSM
 (reflects no
 deduction
 for fees,
 expenses, or
 taxes)

<u>Risk/</u>	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
<u>Return:</u>		
<u>Label</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	Fidelity Strategic Income Composite Index SM
<u>Past 1 year</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	10.54%
<u>Past 5 years</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	8.24%
<u>Past 10 years</u>	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10	8.57%

Fidelity Strategic Income Fund

Fund Summary

Fund:

Fidelity® Strategic Income Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income. The fund may also seek capital appreciation.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy and hold shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees (USD \$)	Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	none

Annual fund operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Fund Operating Expenses	Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund
Management fee	0.57%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	none
Other expenses	0.13%
Total annual fund operating expenses	0.70%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund
1 year	72
3 years	224
5 years	390
10 years	871

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 127% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Investing primarily in debt securities, including lower-quality debt securities.
- Allocating the fund's assets among four general investment categories: high yield securities, U.S. Government and investment-grade securities, emerging market securities, and foreign developed market securities.
- Potentially investing in equity securities.
- Using a neutral mix of approximately 40% high yield, 30% U.S. Government and investment-grade, 15% emerging markets, and 15% foreign developed markets.
- Analyzing a security's structural features and current pricing, its issuer's potential for success, and the credit, currency, and economic risks of the security and its issuer to select investments.
- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Stock Market Volatility.* Stock markets are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) and certain types of other securities involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities and certain types of other securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can be difficult to resell.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and a hypothetical composite of market indexes over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for updated return information.

Year-by-Year Returns

Calendar Years



<i>During the periods shown in the chart:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	13.34%	June 30, 2009
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-8.09%	December 31, 2008

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. The after-tax returns shown are not relevant if you hold your shares in a retirement account or in another tax-deferred arrangement.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

Average Annual Total Returns Fidelity Strategic Income Fund

	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Past 10 years
Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Return Before Taxes	10.90%	8.30%	8.57%
Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Return After Taxes on Distributions	9.05%	6.08%	6.33%
Class: Fidelity Strategic Income Fund Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	7.22%	5.83%	6.10%
The BofA Merrill Lynch SM US High Yield Constrained Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	15.55%	10.14%	10.38%
Fidelity Strategic Income Composite Index SM (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	10.54%	8.24%	8.57%

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Retail Fidelity International Bond Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	
Operating Expenses Caption [Text]	rr_OperatingExpensesCaption	
Fee Waiver or Reimbursement over Assets, Date of Termination	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssetsDateOfTermination	February 28, 2014
Portfolio Turnover [Heading]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading	

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® International Bond Fund/Fidelity International Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio
Turnover \[Text
Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

[Portfolio
Turnover, Rate
Expense
Example
Narrative \[Text
Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

[Strategy
\[Heading\]](#)

rr_StrategyHeading

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 119% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

119.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Principal Investment Strategies

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

- Normally investing primarily in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling

[Risk \[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than,

and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.

- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur

[Risk Lose Money \[Text\]](#) rr_RiskLoseMoney

[Risk Nondiversified Status \[Text\]](#)
rr_RiskNondiversifiedStatus

[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution \[Text\]](#) rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Bar Chart and Performance Table \[Heading\]](#) rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

[Performance One Year or Less \[Text\]](#) rr_PerformanceOneYearOrLess

Retail | Fidelity
International
Bond Fund |
Class: Fidelity

in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

International
Bond Fund

Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	rr_ShareholderFeeOther	none	
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	none	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.70%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	1.26%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.51%	[1]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	0.75%	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	77	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	341	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	635	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	1,470	

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse the class of shares of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	Fund Summary
		Fund/ Class: Fidelity [®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund/ Fidelity Advisor[®] Intermediate Municipal Income Fund A, T, B, C
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	Investment Objective
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	The fund seeks as high a level of current income, exempt from federal income tax, as is consistent with the preservation of capital.
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	Fee Table
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.
		You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your investment professional and in the Fund Distribution section beginning on page (Click Here) of the prospectus.

[Shareholder](#)

[Fees](#)

[Caption](#)

[Text]

[Operating](#)

[Expenses](#)

[Caption](#)

[Text]

[Portfolio](#)

[Turnover](#)

[Heading]

[Portfolio](#)

[Turnover](#)

[Text Block]

rr_ShareholderFeesCaption

rr_OperatingExpensesCaption

rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

[Portfolio](#)

[Turnover](#)

[Rate](#)

[Expense](#)

[Breakpoint](#)

[Discounts](#)

[Text]

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

rr_ExpenseBreakpointDiscounts

[Expense](#)

[Breakpoint](#)

[Minimum](#)

[Investment](#)

[Required](#)

[Amount]

[Expense](#)

[Example](#)

[Narrative](#)

[Text Block]

rr_ExpenseBreakpointMinimumInvestmentRequiredAmount 50,000

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

15.00%

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder

fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated and if you hold your shares:

[Expense Example by Year, Caption](#) [Text]

Sell All Shares

[Expense Example No Redemption, By Year, Caption](#) [Text]

Hold Shares

[Strategy](#) [Heading] rr_StrategyHeading

[Strategy Narrative](#) [Text Block]

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in investment-grade municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax.
- Managing the fund to have similar overall interest rate risk to an index designed to represent Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR)'s view of how the fund's competitive universe will perform over time.
- Normally maintaining a dollar-weighted average maturity between three and 10 years.

- Allocating assets across different market sectors and maturities.
- Potentially investing more than 25% of total assets in municipal securities that finance similar types of projects.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.

[Risk](#)
[\[Heading\]](#)
[Risk](#)
[Narrative](#)
[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

Principal Investment Risks

- *Municipal Market Volatility.* The municipal market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease.

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

[Risk Lose Money](#)

rr_RiskLoseMoney

[Text]

[Risk Not Insured](#)

[Depository Institution](#)

rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Text]

[Bar Chart and](#)

[Performance Table](#)

rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

[Heading]

[Performance](#)

[Narrative](#)

[Text Block]

rr_PerformanceNarrativeTextBlock

[Performance Information](#)

[Illustrates Variability of Returns](#)

[Text]

rr_PerformanceInformationIllustratesVariabilityOfReturns

Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.advisor.fidelity.com for updated return information.

The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an

[Performance Availability Website Address](#) rr_PerformanceAvailabilityWebSiteAddress
[Text]

[Performance Past Does Not Indicate Future](#) rr_PerformancePastDoesNotIndicateFuture
[Text]

[Bar Chart Heading](#) rr_BarChartHeading
[Bar Chart Does Not Reflect Sales Loads](#) rr_BarChartDoesNotReflectSalesLoads
[Text]

[Bar Chart Closing](#) rr_BarChartClosingTextBlock
[Text Block]

[Performance Table Heading](#) rr_PerformanceTableHeading
[Performance Table Does Reflect Sales Loads](#) rr_PerformanceTableDoesReflectSalesLoads
[Performance Table Uses Highest Federal Rate](#) rr_PerformanceTableUsesHighestFederalRate

[Performance Table One Class of After Tax Shown](#) rr_PerformanceTableOneClassOfAfterTaxShown
[Text]

additional index over various periods of time.

www.advisor.fidelity.com

Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Year-by-Year Returns

The returns in the bar chart do not reflect any applicable sales charges; if sales charges were reflected, returns would be lower than those shown.

Calendar Years

<i>During the periods shown in the chart for Class A:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	4.78%	<i>September 30, 2009</i>
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-2.64%	<i>December 31, 2010</i>

Average Annual Returns

Unlike the returns in the bar chart, the returns in the table reflect the maximum applicable sales charges.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes.

After-tax returns for Class A are shown in the table below and after-tax returns for other classes will vary.

[Performance Table Explanation after Tax Higher](#)

rr_PerformanceTableExplanationAfterTaxHigher

[Performance Table Narrative](#)

rr_PerformanceTableNarrativeTextBlock

Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

Unlike the returns in the bar chart, the returns in the table reflect the maximum applicable sales charges. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. After-tax returns for Class A are shown in the table below and after-tax returns for other classes will vary. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances. Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares may be higher than other returns for the same period due to a tax benefit of realizing a capital loss upon the sale of fund shares.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund | Class
A

[Risk/Return:](#)

rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Maximum sales charge \(load\) on purchases \(as a % of offering price\)](#)

rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice 4.00%

[Maximum contingent deferred sales charge](#)

rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther none

[1]

(as a % of
the lesser of
original
purchase
price or
redemption
proceeds)
Redemption
fee on shares
held less
than 30 days

rr_RedemptionFeeOverRedemption 0.50%

(as a % of
amount
redeemed)

Management
fee rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets 0.26%

Distribution
and/or
Service
(12b-1) fees

rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets 0.25%

Other
expenses

rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets 0.14%

Total annual
operating
expenses

rr_ExpensesOverAssets 0.65%

Expenses
Deferred
Charges

[Text Block] rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock

Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.

1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	464
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	600
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	748
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	1,178
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	464
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	600
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	748
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	1,178
2006	rr_AnnualReturn2006	3.77%
2007	rr_AnnualReturn2007	3.71%
2008	rr_AnnualReturn2008	0.69%
2009	rr_AnnualReturn2009	8.43%
2010	rr_AnnualReturn2010	2.25%
2011	rr_AnnualReturn2011	7.65%
2012	rr_AnnualReturn2012	4.75%

Highest Quarterly Return, Label	rr_HighestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	
Highest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturnDate	Sep. 30, 2009	
Highest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturn	4.78%	
Lowest Quarterly Return, Label	rr_LowestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	
Lowest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturnDate	Dec. 31, 2010	
Lowest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturn	(2.64%)	
A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Class T			
Risk/Return: Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	4.00%	
	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	none	[1]

Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)	rr_RedemptionFeeOverRedemption	0.50%	
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.26%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	0.25%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.14%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	0.65%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	464	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	600	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	748	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	1,178	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	464	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	600	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	748	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	1,178	
A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Class B			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	none	

offering price)			
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	5.00%	[2]
Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)	rr_RedemptionFeeOverRedemption	0.50%	
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.26%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	0.90%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.12%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	1.28%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>Declines over 6 years from 5.00% to 0%.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	630	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	706	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	902	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	1,290	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	130	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	406	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	702	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	1,290	

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal

Income

Fund | Class

C

Risk/

Return:

Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)

rr_RiskReturnAbstract

Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)

rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice none

Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)

rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther 1.00%

Management fee

rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets 0.26%

Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees

rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets 1.00%

Other expenses

rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets 0.17%

Total annual operating expenses

rr_ExpensesOverAssets 1.43%

Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]

rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock

On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

1 year

rr_ExpenseExampleYear01 246

3 years

rr_ExpenseExampleYear03 452

[3]

5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	782
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	1,713
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	146
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	452
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	782
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	1,713

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Return
Before
Taxes | Class
A

[Risk/](#)
[Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel **Class A - Return Before Taxes**

[Past 1 year](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01 0.56%

[Past 5 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05 3.86%

[Life of class](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception 3.90% [4]

[Inception](#)
[Date](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate Oct. 31, 2005

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Return
Before
Taxes | Class
T

[Risk/](#)
[Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel **Class T - Return Before Taxes**

[Past 1 year](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01 0.47%

[Past 5 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05 3.86%

[Life of class](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception 3.88% [4]

[Inception](#)
[Date](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate Oct. 31, 2005

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal

Income
Fund |
Return
Before
Taxes | Class
B

Risk/
Return: rr_RiskReturnAbstract

Label rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel
Past 1 year rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01
Past 5 years rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05
Life of class rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception

Inception
Date rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate

Class B - Return Before Taxes

(0.90%)

3.70%

3.81%

[4]

Oct. 31, 2005

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Return
Before
Taxes | Class
C

Risk/
Return: rr_RiskReturnAbstract

Label rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel
Past 1 year rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01
Past 5 years rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05
Life of class rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception

Inception
Date rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate

Class C - Return Before Taxes

2.84%

3.89%

3.69%

[4]

Oct. 31, 2005

A T B C |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Return After
Taxes on
Distributions
| Class A

Risk/
Return: rr_RiskReturnAbstract

Label rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

**Class A - Return After Taxes on
Distributions**

Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	0.55%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	3.84%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	3.87%	[4]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	

A T B C |
 Fidelity
 Intermediate
 Municipal
 Income
 Fund |
 Return After
 Taxes on
 Distributions
 and Sale of
 Fund Shares
 | Class A

[Risk/Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

Class A - Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares

Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	1.27%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	3.75%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	3.80%	[4]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	

A T B C |
 Fidelity
 Intermediate
 Municipal
 Income
 Fund |
 Barclays®
 Municipal
 Bond Index
 (reflects no
 deduction
 for fees,
 expenses, or
 taxes)

[Risk/Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

Barclays® Municipal Bond Index

Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	6.78%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	5.91%	

Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	5.46%	[4]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	
A T B C Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)			
Risk/ Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Label	rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel	Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index	
Past 1 year	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01	4.74%	
Past 5 years	rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05	5.54%	
Life of class	rr_AverageAnnualReturnSinceInception	5.22%	[4]
Inception Date	rr_AverageAnnualReturnInceptionDate	Oct. 31, 2005	

[1] Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.

[2] Declines over 6 years from 5.00% to 0%.

[3] On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

[4] From October 31, 2005.

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® International Bond Fund/Fidelity International Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees (USD \$)	Retail Fidelity International Bond Fund Class: Fidelity International Bond Fund
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	none

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses	Retail Fidelity International Bond Fund Class: Fidelity International Bond Fund
Management fee	0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	none
Other expenses	0.70%
Total annual operating expenses	1.26%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	[1] 0.51%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	0.75%

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse the class of shares of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Retail Fidelity International Bond Fund
--------------------------	--

Class: Fidelity International Bond Fund

1 year	77
3 years	341
5 years	635
10 years	1,470

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 119% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing primarily in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® Global Bond Fund/Fidelity Global Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees (USD \$)	Retail Fidelity Global Bond Fund Class: Fidelity Global Bond Fund
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	none

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses	Retail Fidelity Global Bond Fund Class: Fidelity Global Bond Fund
Management fee	0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	none
Other expenses	0.72%
Total annual operating expenses	1.28%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	[1]0.53%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	0.75%

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse the class of shares of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Retail Fidelity Global Bond Fund
--------------------------	-------------------------------------

Class: Fidelity Global Bond Fund

1 year	77
3 years	344
5 years	642
10 years	1,490

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 91% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Investing in securities issued throughout the world, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.
- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity[®] International Bond Fund/**Fidelity Advisor[®] International Bond Fund A, T, C**

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your investment professional and in the Fund Distribution section beginning on page (Click Here) of the prospectus.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund	Class A	Class T	Class C
Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	4.00%	4.00%	none
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	none	[1]none	[1]1.00% ^[2]

[1] Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.

[2] On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund	Class A	Class T	Class C
Management fee	0.56%	0.56%	0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	0.25%	0.25%	1.00%
Other expenses	0.79%	0.78%	0.79%
Total annual operating expenses	1.60%	1.59%	2.35%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	[1]0.60%	0.59%	0.60%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	1.00%	1.00%	1.75%

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Class A, Class T, and Class C of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of their respective average net assets, exceed the following rates: Class A: 1.00%, Class T: 1.00%, Class C: 1.75%. These arrangements will remain in effect through February 28,

2014. FMR may not terminate these arrangements before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated and if you hold your shares:

Sell All Shares

Expense Example A T C

Fidelity International Bond Fund (USD \$)

	Class A	Class T	Class C
1 year	498	498	278
3 years	818	816	666
5 years	1,712	1,168	1,191
10 years	2,167	2,157	2,632

Hold Shares

Expense Example, No

Redemption A T C Fidelity International Bond Fund (USD \$)

	Class A	Class T	Class C
1 year	498	498	178
3 years	818	816	666
5 years	1,712	1,168	1,191
10 years	2,167	2,157	2,632

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 119% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing primarily in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Retail Fidelity Global Bond Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	
Operating Expenses Caption [Text]	rr_OperatingExpensesCaption	
Fee Waiver or Reimbursement over Assets, Date of Termination	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssetsDateOfTermination	February 28, 2014
Portfolio Turnover [Heading]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading	

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® Global Bond Fund/Fidelity Global Bond Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio Turnover \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

[Portfolio Turnover, Rate Expense Example Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

[Strategy \[Heading\]](#)

rr_StrategyHeading

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 91% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

91.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Principal Investment Strategies

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

- Investing in securities issued throughout the world, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust

[Risk \[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

the fund's risk exposure.

- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility

if interest rates change.

- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater

[Risk Lose Money \[Text\]](#)
[Risk Nondiversified Status \[Text\]](#)

rr_RiskLoseMoney

rr_RiskNondiversifiedStatus

[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution \[Text\]](#)

rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Bar Chart and Performance Table \[Heading\]](#)

rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

Performance One Year or Less [Text]	rr_PerformanceOneYearOrLess		Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.
Retail Fidelity Global Bond Fund Class: Fidelity Global Bond Fund			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	rr_ShareholderFeeOther		none
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets		0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets		none
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets		0.72%
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets		1.28%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets		0.53%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets		0.75%
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01		77
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03		344
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05		642
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10		1,490

[1]

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse the class of shares of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Retail Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	Fund Summary
		Fund/Class: Fidelity® Intermediate Municipal Income Fund /Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	Investment Objective
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	The fund seeks as high a level of current income, exempt from federal income tax, as is consistent with the preservation of capital.
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	Fee Table
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)
Operating Expenses Caption [Text]	rr_OperatingExpensesCaption	Annual class operating expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)
Portfolio Turnover [Heading]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading	Portfolio Turnover
Portfolio Turnover [Text Block]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock	The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio).

[Portfolio
Turnover,
Rate](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

[Expense
Example
Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

[Strategy
\[Heading\]](#)

rr_StrategyHeading

[Strategy
Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

15.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in investment-grade municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax.
- Managing the fund to have similar overall interest rate risk to an index designed to represent Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR)'s view of how the fund's competitive universe will perform over time.
- Normally maintaining a dollar-weighted average maturity between three and 10 years.

[Risk](#)
[\[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk](#)
[Narrative](#)
[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

- Allocating assets across different market sectors and maturities.
- Potentially investing more than 25% of total assets in municipal securities that finance similar types of projects.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Municipal Market Volatility.* The municipal market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

[Risk Lose Money](#) rr_RiskLoseMoney
[Text]

[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution](#) rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution
[Text]

[Bar Chart and Performance Table](#) rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading
[Heading]

[Performance Narrative](#)
[Text Block]

rr_PerformanceNarrativeTextBlock

[Performance Information Illustrates Variability of Returns](#) rr_PerformanceInformationIllustratesVariabilityOfReturns
[Text]

[Performance Availability Website Address](#) rr_PerformanceAvailabilityWebSiteAddress
[Text]

[Performance Past Does Not Indicate](#) rr_PerformancePastDoesNotIndicateFuture

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for updated return information.

The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time.

www.fidelity.com

Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

[Future](#)

[\[Text\]](#)

[Bar Chart](#)

[\[Heading\]](#)

rr_BarChartHeading

[Bar Chart](#)

[Closing](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_BarChartClosingTextBlock

[Performance](#)

[Table](#)

rr_PerformanceTableHeading

[Heading](#)

[Performance](#)

[Table Uses](#)

rr_PerformanceTableUsesHighestFederalRate

[Highest](#)

[Federal Rate](#)

[Performance](#)

[Table](#)

[Narrative](#)

rr_PerformanceTableNarrativeTextBlock

Retail |

Fidelity

Intermediate

Municipal

Income

Fund | Class:

Fidelity

Intermediate

Municipal

Income

Fund

[Risk/](#)

[Return:](#)

rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Redemption](#)

[fee on shares](#)

[held less](#)

[than 30 days](#) rr_RedemptionFeeOverRedemption

[\(as a % of](#)

[amount](#)

[redeemed\)](#)

Year-by-Year Returns

Calendar Years

<i>During the periods shown in the chart:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	4.75%	<i>September 30, 2009</i>
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-2.48%	<i>December 31, 2010</i>

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes.

Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances.

For the periods ended

December 31, 2012

0.50%

Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.26%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	none
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.11%
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	0.37%
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	38
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	119
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	208
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	468
2003	rr_AnnualReturn2003	5.30%
2004	rr_AnnualReturn2004	3.74%
2005	rr_AnnualReturn2005	2.56%
2006	rr_AnnualReturn2006	3.97%
2007	rr_AnnualReturn2007	3.97%
2008	rr_AnnualReturn2008	0.96%
2009	rr_AnnualReturn2009	8.65%
2010	rr_AnnualReturn2010	2.65%
2011	rr_AnnualReturn2011	7.96%
2012	rr_AnnualReturn2012	4.95%
Highest Quarterly Return, Label	rr_HighestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>
Highest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturnDate	Sep. 30, 2009
Highest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartHighestQuarterlyReturn	4.75%
Lowest Quarterly Return, Label	rr_LowestQuarterlyReturnLabel	<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>
Lowest Quarterly Return, Date	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturnDate	Dec. 31, 2010
Lowest Quarterly Return	rr_BarChartLowestQuarterlyReturn	(2.48%)

Retail |
 Fidelity
 Intermediate
 Municipal
 Income
 Fund |
 Return
 Before
 Taxes |
 Class:
 Fidelity
 Intermediate
 Municipal
 Income
 Fund

Risk/ rr_RiskReturnAbstract
Return:
Column rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName

**Fidelity Intermediate Municipal
 Income Fund
 Return Before Taxes**

Label rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel
Past 1 year rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01
Past 5 years rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05
Past 10
years rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10

4.95%
 4.99%
 4.45%

Retail |
 Fidelity
 Intermediate
 Municipal
 Income
 Fund |
 Return After
 Taxes on
 Distributions
 | Class:
 Fidelity
 Intermediate
 Municipal
 Income
 Fund

Risk/ rr_RiskReturnAbstract
Return:
Column rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName

**Fidelity Intermediate Municipal
 Income Fund
 Return After Taxes on Distributions**

Label rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel
Past 1 year rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01
Past 5 years rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05

4.94%
 4.97%

[Past 10 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10 4.39%

Retail |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Return After
Taxes on
Distributions
and Sale of
Fund Shares
| Class:
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund

[Risk/Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract
[Column](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnColumnName

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

[Past 1 year](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01 4.27%

[Past 5 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05 4.78%

[Past 10 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10 4.33%

Retail |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Barclays®
Municipal
Bond Index
(reflects no
deduction
for fees,
expenses, or
taxes)

[Risk/Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel

[Past 1 year](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01

**Fidelity Intermediate Municipal
Income Fund
Return After Taxes on Distributions
and Sale of Fund Shares**

4.27%

4.78%

4.33%

Barclays® Municipal Bond Index

6.78%

[Past 5 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05 5.91%

[Past 10 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10 5.10%

Retail |
Fidelity
Intermediate
Municipal
Income
Fund |
Barclays
1-17 Year
Municipal
Bond Index
(reflects no
deduction
for fees,
expenses, or
taxes)

[Risk/](#)
[Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Label](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnLabel Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index

[Past 1 year](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear01 4.74%

[Past 5 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear05 5.54%

[Past 10 years](#) rr_AverageAnnualReturnYear10 4.68%

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity[®] Global Bond Fund/Fidelity Advisor[®] Global Bond Fund A, T, C

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your investment professional and in the Fund Distribution section beginning on page (Click Here) of the prospectus.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees A T C Fidelity Global Bond Fund	Class A	Class T	Class C
Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	4.00%	4.00%	none
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	none	[1]none	[1]1.00% ^[2]

[1] Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.

[2] On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses A T C Fidelity Global Bond Fund	Class A	Class T	Class C
Management fee	0.56%	0.56%	0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	0.25%	0.25%	1.00%
Other expenses	0.80%	0.80%	0.80%
Total annual operating expenses	1.61%	1.61%	2.36%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	[1]0.61%	0.61%	0.61%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	1.00%	1.00%	1.75%

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Class A, Class T, and Class C of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of their respective average net assets, exceed the following rates: Class A: 1.00%, Class T: 1.00%, Class C: 1.75%. These arrangements will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate these arrangements before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated and if you hold your shares:

Sell All Shares

Expense Example A T C

Fidelity Global Bond Fund Class A Class T Class C
(USD \$)

1 year	498	498	278
3 years	820	820	668
5 years	1,176	1,176	1,196
10 years	2,177	2,177	2,641

Hold Shares

Expense Example, No

Redemption A T C Fidelity Class A Class T Class C
Global Bond Fund (USD \$)

1 year	498	498	178
3 years	820	820	668
5 years	1,176	1,176	1,196
10 years	2,177	2,177	2,641

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 91% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Investing in securities issued throughout the world, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.
- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

Label	Element	Value
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
Inst Fidelity Global Bond Fund		
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading	Fund Summary
		Fund/Class: Fidelity® Global Bond Fund/ Fidelity Advisor® Global Bond Fund Institutional
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading	Investment Objective
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock	The fund seeks a high level of current income.
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading	Fee Table
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock	The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption	Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)
Operating Expenses Caption [Text]	rr_OperatingExpensesCaption	Annual class operating expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)
Fee Waiver or Reimbursement over Assets, Date of Termination	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssetsDateOfTermination	<i>February 28, 2014</i>
Portfolio Turnover [Heading]	rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading	Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio Turnover \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

[Portfolio Turnover, Rate Expense Example Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

[Strategy \[Heading\]](#)

rr_StrategyHeading

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 91% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

91.00%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Principal Investment Strategies

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

- Investing in securities issued throughout the world, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust

[Risk \[Heading\]](#)

rr_RiskHeading

[Risk Narrative](#)

[\[Text Block\]](#)

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

the fund's risk exposure.

- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility

if interest rates change.

- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater

[Risk Lose Money \[Text\]](#)
[Risk Nondiversified Status \[Text\]](#)

rr_RiskLoseMoney

rr_RiskNondiversifiedStatus

[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution \[Text\]](#)

rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Bar Chart and Performance Table \[Heading\]](#)

rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

Performance One Year or Less [Text]	rr_PerformanceOneYearOrLess		Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.
Inst Fidelity Global Bond Fund Institutional Class			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	rr_ShareholderFeeOther		none
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets		0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets		none
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets		0.80%
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets		1.36%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets		0.61%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets		0.75%
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01		77
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03		360
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05		676
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10		1,573

[1]

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Institutional Class of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

**Document and Entity
Information**

**12 Months Ended
Mar. 01, 2013**

Risk/Return:

<u>Document Type</u>	485BPOS
<u>Document Period End Date</u>	Dec. 31, 2012
<u>Registrant Name</u>	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
<u>Central Index Key</u>	0000215829
<u>Amendment Flag</u>	false
<u>Document Creation Date</u>	Mar. 01, 2013
<u>Document Effective Date</u>	Mar. 01, 2013
<u>Prospectus Date</u>	Mar. 01, 2013

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® Intermediate Municipal Income Fund/Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund

Investment Objective

The fund seeks as high a level of current income, exempt from federal income tax, as is consistent with the preservation of capital.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees	Retail Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Class: Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund
Redemption fee on shares held less than 30 days (as a % of amount redeemed)	0.50%

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses	Retail Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Class: Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund
Management fee	0.26%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	none
Other expenses	0.11%
Total annual operating expenses	0.37%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Retail Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Class: Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund
1 year	38
3 years	119
5 years	208
10 years	468

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 15% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in investment-grade municipal securities whose interest is exempt from federal income tax.
- Managing the fund to have similar overall interest rate risk to an index designed to represent Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR)'s view of how the fund's competitive universe will perform over time.
- Normally maintaining a dollar-weighted average maturity between three and 10 years.
- Allocating assets across different market sectors and maturities.
- Potentially investing more than 25% of total assets in municipal securities that finance similar types of projects.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Municipal Market Volatility.* The municipal market is volatile and can be significantly affected by adverse tax, legislative, or political changes and the financial condition of the issuers of municipal securities.
- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund's shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund's shares to the performance of a securities market index and an additional index over various periods of time. The indexes have characteristics relevant to the fund's investment strategies. Index descriptions appear in the Additional Information about the Indexes section of the prospectus. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future performance.

Visit www.fidelity.com for updated return information.

Year-by-Year Returns

Calendar Years



<i>During the periods shown in the chart:</i>	<i>Returns</i>	<i>Quarter ended</i>
<i>Highest Quarter Return</i>	4.75%	September 30, 2009
<i>Lowest Quarter Return</i>	-2.48%	December 31, 2010

Average Annual Returns

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, but do not reflect the impact of state or local taxes. Actual after-tax returns may differ depending on your individual circumstances.

For the periods ended
December 31, 2012

**Average Annual Total
Returns Retail Fidelity
Intermediate Municipal
Income Fund**

	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Past 10 years
Class: Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Return Before Taxes	4.95%	4.99%	4.45%
Class: Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.94%	4.97%	4.39%
Class: Fidelity Intermediate Municipal Income Fund Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.27%	4.78%	4.33%
Barclays® Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	6.78%	5.91%	5.10%
Barclays 1-17 Year Municipal Bond Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	4.74%	5.54%	4.68%

Label	Element
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract
Registrant Name	dei_EntityRegistrantName
Prospectus Date	rr_ProspectusDate
A T C Fidelity Global Bond Fund	
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract
Risk/Return [Heading]	rr_RiskReturnHeading
Objective [Heading]	rr_ObjectiveHeading
Objective, Primary [Text Block]	rr_ObjectivePrimaryTextBlock
Expense [Heading]	rr_ExpenseHeading
Expense Narrative [Text Block]	rr_ExpenseNarrativeTextBlock
Shareholder Fees Caption [Text]	rr_ShareholderFeesCaption

Value
 FIDELITY SCHOOL
 STREET TRUST
 Mar. 01, 2013

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® Global Bond
 Fund/**Fidelity Advisor**®
Global Bond Fund A, T, C

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your investment professional and in the Fund Distribution section beginning on page (Click Here) of the prospectus.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

[Operating Expenses Caption \[Text\]](#) rr_OperatingExpensesCaption

Annual class operating expenses
(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

[Fee Waiver or Reimbursement over Assets, Date of Termination](#) rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssetsDateOfTermination *February 28, 2014*

[Portfolio Turnover \[Heading\]](#) rr_PortfolioTurnoverHeading

Portfolio Turnover

[Portfolio Turnover \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_PortfolioTurnoverTextBlock

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 91% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

[Portfolio Turnover, Rate](#) rr_PortfolioTurnoverRate

91.00%

[Expense Breakpoint Discounts \[Text\]](#) rr_ExpenseBreakpointDiscounts

You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the fund or certain other Fidelity funds.

[Expense Breakpoint, Minimum Investment Required \[Amount\]](#) rr_ExpenseBreakpointMinimumInvestmentRequiredAmount 50,000

[Expense Example](#) rr_ExpenseExampleNarrativeTextBlock

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing

[Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

[Expense Example by Year, Caption \[Text\]](#)

[Expense Example, No Redemption, By Year, Caption \[Text\]](#)

[Strategy \[Heading\]](#)

[Strategy Narrative \[Text Block\]](#)

rr_ExpenseExampleByYearCaption

rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionByYearCaption

rr_StrategyHeading

rr_StrategyNarrativeTextBlock

in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated and if you hold your shares:

Sell All Shares

Hold Shares

Principal Investment Strategies

- Investing in securities issued throughout the world, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in

- investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.
- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

[Risk \[Heading\]](#) rr_RiskHeading

rr_RiskNarrativeTextBlock

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit

support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.

- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance

[Risk Lose Money \[Text\]](#) rr_RiskLoseMoney

[Risk Nondiversified Status \[Text\]](#)

rr_RiskNondiversifiedStatus

[Risk Not Insured Depository Institution \[Text\]](#)

rr_RiskNotInsuredDepositoryInstitution

[Bar Chart and Performance Table \[Heading\]](#)

rr_BarChartAndPerformanceTableHeading

[Performance One Year or Less \[Text\]](#)

rr_PerformanceOneYearOrLess

A T C | Fidelity
Global Bond
Fund | Class A

[Risk/Return:](#) rr_RiskReturnAbstract

[Maximum sales charge](#)

[\(load\) on purchases \(as a % of offering price\)](#)

rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice

Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

4.00%

Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	none	[1]
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	0.25%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.80%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	1.61%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.61%	[2]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	1.00%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	820	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	1,176	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	2,177	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	820	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	1,176	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	2,177	
A T C Fidelity Global Bond Fund Class T			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		

Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	4.00%	
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	none	[1]
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	0.25%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.80%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	1.61%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.61%	[2]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	1.00%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	820	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	1,176	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	2,177	
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	498	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	820	

5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	1,176	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	2,177	
A T C Fidelity Global Bond Fund Class C			
Risk/Return:	rr_RiskReturnAbstract		
Maximum sales charge (load) on purchases (as a % of offering price)	rr_MaximumCumulativeSalesChargeOverOfferingPrice	none	
Maximum contingent deferred sales charge (as a % of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	rr_MaximumDeferredSalesChargeOverOther	1.00%	[3]
Management fee	rr_ManagementFeesOverAssets	0.56%	
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	rr_DistributionAndService12b1FeesOverAssets	1.00%	
Other expenses	rr_OtherExpensesOverAssets	0.80%	
Total annual operating expenses	rr_ExpensesOverAssets	2.36%	
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_FeeWaiverOrReimbursementOverAssets	0.61%	[2]
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	rr_NetExpensesOverAssets	1.75%	
Expenses Deferred Charges [Text Block]	rr_ExpensesDeferredChargesTextBlock		<i>On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.</i>
1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleYear01	278	
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear03	668	
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear05	1,196	
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleYear10	2,641	

1 year	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear01	178
3 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear03	668
5 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear05	1,196
10 years	rr_ExpenseExampleNoRedemptionYear10	2,641

[1] Class A and Class T purchases of \$1 million or more will not be subject to a front-end sales charge. Such Class A and Class T purchases may be subject, upon redemption, to a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) of 0.75% or 0.25%, respectively.

[2] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Class A, Class T, and Class C of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of their respective average net assets, exceed the following rates: Class A: 1.00%, Class T: 1.00%, Class C: 1.75%. These arrangements will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate these arrangements before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

[3] On Class C shares redeemed less than one year after purchase.

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® Global Bond Fund/Fidelity Advisor® Global Bond Fund Institutional

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees (USD \$)	Inst Fidelity Global Bond Fund Institutional Class
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[Shareholder fees \(fees paid directly from your investment\)](#) none

Annual class operating expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

Annual Class Operating Expenses	Inst Fidelity Global Bond Fund Institutional Class
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[Management fee](#) 0.56%

[Distribution and/or Service \(12b-1\) fees](#) none

[Other expenses](#) 0.80%

[Total annual operating expenses](#) 1.36%

[Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement](#) [1] 0.61%

[Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement](#) 0.75%

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Institutional Class of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Inst Fidelity Global Bond Fund Institutional Class
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[1 year](#)

77

3 years	360
5 years	676
10 years	1,573

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 91% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Investing in securities issued throughout the world, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.
- Investing in Fidelity's central funds (specialized investment vehicles used by Fidelity funds to invest in particular security types or investment disciplines).

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.

Label	Element	Value
<u>Risk/Return:</u>	rr_RiskReturnAbstract	
<u>Registrant Name</u>	dei_EntityRegistrantName	FIDELITY SCHOOL STREET TRUST
<u>Prospectus Date</u>	rr_ProspectusDate	Mar. 01, 2013
<u>Document Creation Date</u>	dei_DocumentCreationDate	Mar. 01, 2013

Fund Summary

Fund/Class:

Fidelity® International Bond Fund/Fidelity Advisor® International Bond Fund Institutional

Investment Objective

The fund seeks a high level of current income.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred when you buy, hold, or sell shares of the fund.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Shareholder Fees (USD \$)	Inst Fidelity International Bond Fund Institutional Class
Shareholder fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	none
Annual class operating expenses	
(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)	
Annual Class Operating Expenses	Inst Fidelity International Bond Fund Institutional Class
Management fee	0.56%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees	none
Other expenses	0.78%
Total annual operating expenses	1.34%
Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	[1]0.59%
Total annual operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement	0.75%

[1] Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) has contractually agreed to reimburse Institutional Class of the fund to the extent that total operating expenses (excluding interest, taxes, certain securities lending costs, brokerage commissions, extraordinary expenses, and acquired fund fees and expenses, if any), as a percentage of its average net assets, exceed 0.75%. This arrangement will remain in effect through February 28, 2014. FMR may not terminate this arrangement before the expiration date without the approval of the Board of Trustees.

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that your shareholder fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. For every \$10,000 you invested, here's how much you would pay in total expenses if you sell all of your shares at the end of each time period indicated:

Expense Example (USD \$)	Inst Fidelity International Bond Fund
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Institutional Class

1 year	77
3 years	356
5 years	667
10 years	1,552

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund's performance. For the period from May 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 119% (annualized) of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing primarily in non-U.S. dollar-denominated securities, including securities of issuers located in emerging markets.
- Normally investing at least 80% of the fund's assets in debt securities of all types and repurchase agreements for those securities.
- Normally investing primarily in investment-grade debt securities.
- Allocating investments across different market sectors, countries, and regions.
- Investing up to 20% of the fund's assets in lower-quality debt securities.
- Actively managing the fund's currency exposures.
- Analyzing the credit quality of the issuer, security-specific features, current and potential future valuation, and trading opportunities to select investments.
- Engaging in transactions that have a leveraging effect on the fund, including investments in derivatives - such as swaps (interest rate, total return, and credit default), options, and futures contracts - and forward-settling securities, to adjust the fund's risk exposure.

Principal Investment Risks

- *Interest Rate Changes.* Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- *Foreign Exposure.* Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Emerging markets can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory, and political uncertainties and can be extremely volatile. Foreign exchange rates also can be extremely volatile.
- *Prepayment.* The ability of an issuer of a debt security to repay principal prior to a security's maturity can cause greater price volatility if interest rates change.
- *Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. A decline in the credit quality of an issuer or a provider of credit support or a maturity-shortening structure for a security can cause the price of a security to decrease. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities) involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk.* Leverage can increase market exposure, magnify investment risks, and cause losses to be realized more quickly.

In addition, the fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of a smaller number of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a more diversified fund.

An investment in the fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Unlike individual debt securities, which typically pay principal at maturity, the value of an investment in the fund will fluctuate. You could lose money by investing in the fund.

Performance

Performance history will be available for the fund after the fund has been in operation for one calendar year.