

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to sections 13 or 15(d)

Filing Date: **1994-08-02** | Period of Report: **1994-06-18**
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FILER

KROGER CO

CIK: **56873** | IRS No.: **310345740** | State of Incorporation: **OH** | Fiscal Year End: **1230**
Type: **10-Q** | Act: **34** | File No.: **001-00303** | Film No.: **94541256**
SIC: **5411** Grocery stores

Business Address
1014 VINE ST
CINCINNATI OH 45202
5137624000

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended June 18, 1994 or

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-303

THE KROGER CO.

An Ohio Corporation

I.R.S. Employer Identification
No. 31-0345740

1014 Vine Street, Cincinnati, OH 45202

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (513) 762-4000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No .

There were 110,413,314 shares of Common Stock (\$1 par value) outstanding as of July 22, 1994.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The unaudited information for the quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993 includes the results of operations of The Kroger Co. for the 12 and 24 week periods ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993, and of Dillon Companies, Inc. for the 13 and 26 week periods ended July 2, 1994 and July 3, 1993. In the opinion of management, the information reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are necessary for a fair presentation of results of operations for such periods but should not be considered as indicative of results for a full year.

<TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

<CAPTION>

2nd Quarter Ended 2 Quarters Ended

	June 18, 1994	June 19, 1993	June 18, 1994	June 19, 1993
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Sales	\$5,394,228	\$5,329,373	\$10,723,032	\$10,503,298
Costs and expenses:				
Merchandise costs, including warehousing and transportation.	4,081,213	4,074,455	8,134,114	8,038,894
Operating, general and administrative.	988,588	956,721	1,962,877	1,889,070
Rent	70,757	68,586	142,822	136,155
Depreciation and amortization.	64,384	59,903	126,694	122,879
Interest expense, including interest on obligations under capital leases, net	75,008	94,591	151,040	191,580
Other charges.		22,725		22,725
Total.	5,279,950	5,276,981	10,517,547	10,401,303
</TABLE>				
<TABLE>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>				
Earnings before income tax expense, extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of change in accounting . .	114,278	52,392	205,485	101,995
Tax expense	44,300	22,771	79,817	42,910
Earnings before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of change in accounting	69,978	29,621	125,668	59,085
Extraordinary loss (net of income tax credit)	(2,645)	(2,136)	(10,978)	(11,178)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting (net of income tax credit)				(159,193)
Net earnings (loss).	\$ 67,333	\$ 27,485	\$ 114,690	\$ (111,286)
</TABLE>				
<TABLE>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>				
Primary earnings (loss) per common share:				
Earnings from operations	\$.62	\$.27	\$ 1.12	\$.57
Extraordinary loss	(.02)	(.02)	(.10)	(.11)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting.				(1.54)
Net earnings (loss).	\$.60	\$.25	\$ 1.02	\$ (1.08)
Average number of common shares used in primary per share calculation.	112,966	108,393	112,445	103,079
</TABLE>				
<TABLE>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
<S>				
Fully diluted earnings (loss) per common share:				
Earnings from operations	\$.57	\$.27	\$ 1.02	\$.55
Extraordinary loss	(.02)	(.02)	(.08)	(.09)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting.				(1.32)
Net earnings (loss).	\$.55	\$.25	\$.94	\$ (.86)
Average number of common shares used in fully diluted per share calculations	130,272	125,482	129,963	120,408
</TABLE>				

The accompanying notes are an integral part
of the consolidated financial statements.

<TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
(in thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

<CAPTION>

	June 18, 1994	January 1, 1994
<S>	<C>	<C>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and temporary cash investments	\$ 105,590	\$ 121,253
Receivables	249,363	287,925
Inventories:		
FIFO cost	1,869,001	2,001,376
Less LIFO reserve	(428,597)	(422,097)
	-----	-----
Property held for sale.	1,440,404	1,579,279
Prepaid and other current assets.	52,091	37,721
	217,425	199,652
	-----	-----
Total current assets.	2,064,873	2,225,830
Property, plant and equipment, net.	2,033,774	1,981,308
Investments and other assets.	272,357	273,326
	-----	-----
Total Assets.	\$4,371,004	\$4,480,464
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>	<C>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 83,776	\$ 63,053
Current portion of obligations under capital leases.	8,267	7,962
Accounts payable.	1,298,564	1,357,532
Other current liabilities	881,856	822,284
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	2,272,463	2,250,831
Long-term debt.	3,692,380	3,975,362
Obligations under capital leases.	159,729	159,651
Deferred income taxes	174,861	182,891
Other long-term liabilities	377,445	371,371
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities	6,676,878	6,940,106
	-----	-----

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<S>	<C>	<C>
SHAREOWNERS' DEFICIT		
Common capital stock, par \$1, at stated value		
Authorized: 350,000,000 shares		
Issued: 1994 - 119,785,798 shares		
1993 - 118,549,173 shares.	322,312	308,534
Accumulated deficit	(2,376,242)	(2,490,932)
Common stock in treasury, at cost		
1994 - 9,907,937 shares		
1993 - 10,901,846 shares	(251,944)	(277,244)
	-----	-----
Total Shareowners' Deficit	(2,305,874)	(2,459,642)
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities and Shareowners' Deficit.	\$4,371,004	\$4,480,464
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part
of the consolidated financial statements.

<TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands of dollars)
(unaudited)

<CAPTION>

	2 Quarters Ended	
	June 18, 1994	June 19, 1993
<S>	<C>	<C>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net earnings(loss)	\$ 114,690	\$ (111,286)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings(loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Extraordinary loss	10,978	11,178
Cumulative effect of change in accounting		159,193
Depreciation and amortization	126,694	122,879
Amortization of discount on Junior Subordinated Debentures		41,780
Amortization of deferred financing costs	7,952	6,467
LIFO charge	6,500	7,750
Net increase in cash from changes in operating assets and liabilities, detailed below	160,152	115,868
Other changes, net	1,445	379
Net cash provided by operating activities	428,411	354,208
</TABLE>		
<TABLE>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(182,255)	(154,526)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equipment	7,937	10,439
Increase in property held for sale	(14,330)	(17,606)
Increase in other investments	(7,169)	(24,071)
Net cash used by investing activities	(195,817)	(185,764)
</TABLE>		
<TABLE>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Debt prepayment costs	(14,062)	(16,019)
Financing charges incurred	(6,239)	(5,829)
Principal payments under capital lease obligations	(3,911)	(3,610)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	84,546	300,333
Reductions in long-term debt	(346,805)	(678,440)
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock	22,290	17,769
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	15,924	205,427
Net cash used by financing activities	(248,257)	(180,369)
</TABLE>		
<TABLE>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and temporary cash investments	(15,663)	11,925
Cash and temporary cash investments:		
Beginning of year	121,253	103,995
End of quarter	\$ 105,590	\$ 92,070
</TABLE>		
<TABLE>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FROM CHANGES IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:		
Inventories	\$ 132,375	\$ 102,141
Receivables	38,562	15,132
Prepaid and other current assets	(17,313)	(21,541)

Accounts payable.	(58,968)	(44,412)
Deferred income taxes	(8,030)	(14,327)
Other liabilities	73,526	78,875
	-----	-----
	\$ 160,152	\$ 115,868
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part
of the consolidated financial statements.

<TABLE>

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

<CAPTION>

	2 Quarters Ended	
	June 18, 1994	June 19, 1993
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest (net of amount capitalized)	\$158,415	\$167,356
Income taxes	67,408	49,836

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part
of the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. CONTINGENCIES

The Company continuously evaluates contingencies based upon the best available evidence. Management believes that allowances for loss have been provided to the extent necessary and that its assessment of contingencies is reasonable. To the extent that resolution of contingencies results in amounts that vary from management's estimates, future earnings will be charged or credited.

The principal contingencies are described below:

Income Taxes - The Company has settled all tax years through 1983 with the Internal Revenue Service. The Internal Revenue Service has completed its examination of the Company's tax returns for 1984 through 1986 and the Company has made payments based on its proposed settlement. Efforts to settle some unresolved issues for years 1984 through 1986 with the Appeals Division of the Internal Revenue Service have been unsuccessful. Therefore, the Company has filed a petition with the United States Tax Court. The Company has provided for this and other tax contingencies.

Insurance - The Company's workers' compensation risks are self-insured in certain states and, where insured with a third-party, are based on retrospective premiums. The liability for these risks is accounted for on a present value basis. In addition, certain levels of insured general

liability risks are based on retrospective premiums. Actual claim settlements and expenses incident thereto may differ from the provisions for loss. Other levels of general liability risks have been underwritten by a subsidiary. Operating divisions and subsidiaries have paid premiums, and the insurance subsidiary has provided loss allowances, based upon actuarially-determined estimates.

Litigation - The Company is involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Management is of the opinion that their outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

2. INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate differs from the expected statutory rate primarily due to the effect of certain state taxes.

3. DEPRECIATION

Depreciation expense for the two quarters ended June 19, 1993 includes a \$4.4 million charge related to a change in the estimated useful life of certain computer equipment.

4. OTHER CHARGES

The other charge reflected in the second quarter 1993 earnings is a pre-tax charge of \$22.7 million in connection with the disposition of 15 stores in San Antonio, Texas. Severance pay, unemployment benefits costs and loss on sale of assets are included in this charge.

5. EXTRAORDINARY LOSS

The extraordinary loss for the two quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993 of \$11.0 million and \$11.2 million, respectively (net of income taxes of \$7.0 million and \$6.9 million, respectively) and for the second quarter ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993 of \$2.6 million and \$2.1 million, respectively (net of income taxes of \$1.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively) is related to the early retirement of long-term debt. During the second quarter of 1994 the Company redeemed its remaining outstanding 8-3/4% Senior Subordinated Reset Notes and repurchased \$52.9 million of its other senior subordinated debt issues. Through two quarters of 1994, early repurchases or redemptions of long-term debt have totalled \$296.6 million. Redemptions and purchases of debt were funded by excess cash from operations, proceeds from miscellaneous asset sales, proceeds from the sale of treasury stock to employee benefit plans, proceeds from new issuances of debt, and funds borrowed under the Company's working capital facility. (See Note 7)

6. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Primary earnings (loss) per common share equals net earnings (loss) divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, after giving effect to dilutive stock options. Fully diluted earnings (loss) per common share are computed by adjusting both net earnings and shares outstanding for the effect of the conversion of the Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures issued in March 1991 and the

7. LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUANCES

In the second quarter of 1994 the Company issued \$20.0 million General Term Notes(R), Series B, with initial interest rates, either fixed or variable, ranging from 6-1/4% to 8-1/4% and maturities ranging from 1999 through 2004. Year-to-date issuances include \$13.4 million General Term Notes(R), Series A and \$63.3 million General Term Notes(R), Series B. The net proceeds of the offerings were initially used to repay amounts outstanding under the working capital facility and, thereafter, the Company used amounts available under the working capital facility to purchase, on the open market, portions of its high-cost long-term debt and to fund the March 15, 1994 call of its 11-1/8% Senior Notes and the June 15, 1994 call of its 8-3/4% Senior Subordinated Reset Notes.

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 19, 1994 the Company entered into a new bank credit agreement. This agreement replaces the credit agreement dated as of January 21, 1992. The agreement provides for a seven year revolving credit facility in the amount of \$1.75 billion. The agreement reduces interest rates on the Company's bank debt compared to comparable borrowings under the prior credit agreement and allows the Company to significantly increase capital expenditures.

The Company expects to incur an extraordinary loss in the third quarter 1994 of approximately \$6.3 million, net of income tax credit, related to the write-off of deferred financing costs associated with its previous credit agreement.

(R) Registered Service mark of J. W. Korth & Company

On July 15, 1994, a subsidiary of Revco D.S., Inc. acquired through merger Hook-SuperRx, Inc., a drug store company in which the Company had owned a minority interest. As a part of this transaction, all shareholders, including the Company, received \$13.75 in exchange for each share of Hook-SuperRx, Inc.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL
CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SALES

Total sales for the second quarter of 1994 were \$5.4 billion compared to \$5.3 billion in the second quarter of 1993, a 1.2% increase. Food stores sales for the second quarter 1994 were 3.6% ahead of the second quarter 1993. The increase in food stores sales resulted from, among other things, the Company's pricing and promotional strategies tailored to individual markets and the continued expansion of net square footage from new stores. Inflation was not a factor in the Company's sales results. Sales in identical food stores, stores that have been in operation for one full year and have not been expanded or relocated, increased 1.8%.

A review of sales trends by lines of business includes:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Lines of Business	% of 1994	(in thousands of dollars)		Change
		2nd Quarter		
	Sales	1994	1993	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Food Stores	93.2%	\$5,022,777	\$4,846,942	+3.6%
Convenience Stores ..	4.2%	228,558	247,035	(7.5%)
Other sales	2.6%	142,893	235,396	(39.3%)
Total sales	100.0%	\$5,394,228	\$5,329,373	+1.2%

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Lines of Business	% of 1994	(in thousands of dollars)		Change
		2 Quarters Year-to-date		
	Sales	1994	1993	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Food Stores	93.0%	\$ 9,975,420	\$ 9,576,501	+4.2%
Convenience Stores ..	4.0%	425,762	461,848	(7.8%)
Other sales	3.0%	321,850	464,949	(30.1%)
Total sales	100.0%	\$10,723,032	\$10,503,298	+2.1%

</TABLE>

Sales in identical convenience stores increased 1.4%. Convenience stores' identical grocery sales increased 3.1% and identical gasoline sales decreased .6%. The decrease in gasoline sales was due to the combination of a 2.8% decrease in the average retail price per gallon offset in part by a 2.3% increase in gallons sold.

The decrease in convenience stores sales is the result of excluding certain franchised store sales which were included in reported sales in prior years. Adjusting 1993 sales to exclude franchise sales would result in a 3.7% increase in convenience store sales for the quarter and 3.2% year-to-date.

Other sales include outside sales by the Company's manufacturing divisions and sales of general merchandise to a drug store company in which the Company had maintained an equity investment. (See Subsequent Events) The drug store company completed an expansion of its warehouse in early 1994 and discontinued its purchases from the Company. In 1993, annual sales to the drug store company were \$472 million. Adjusting second quarter and two quarters year-to-date sales for both years to eliminate these sales would produce increases of 11.7% and 12.1%, respectively, in other sales.

Total sales for the quarter increased 4.7% after adjusting for the other sales to the drug store company, the change in franchise sales accounting, and the exclusion of sales from the Company's San Antonio stores which were sold in August 1993.

Competitive pressures are expected to increase through the remainder of the year as supercenters and other low-cost operators continue to open in the Company's markets. The Company has responded to new competition with effective programs that, in many cases, have protected market share and increased sales.

EBITD

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The Company's Credit Agreement and the indentures underlying approximately \$1.5 billion of publicly issued debt contain various restrictive covenants, many of which are based on earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, LIFO charge, unusual and

extraordinary items ("EBITD"). All EBITD based covenants are based, among other things, upon generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied on a date prior to January 3, 1993. The ability to generate EBITD at levels sufficient to satisfy the requirements of these agreements is a key measure of the Company's financial strength. The presentation of EBITD is not intended to be an alternative to any GAAP measure of performance but rather to facilitate an understanding of the Company's performance compared to its debt covenants. At June 18, 1994 the Company was in compliance with all covenants of its Credit Agreement and publicly issued debt. The Company believes it has adequate coverage of its debt covenants to continue to respond effectively to competitive conditions.

During the second quarter 1994, EBITD, which does not include the effect of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 106, "Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions", increased 9.8% to \$261.2 million from \$237.9 million. Year-to-date 1994 EBITD increased 9.4% to \$498.7 million from \$455.9 million. The increase in EBITD was the result of many factors including strong identical store sales increases, benefits from the Company's commitment to technology and logistics, private label sales that are outpacing total sales increases, and positive results from the Company's capital expansion program.

MERCHANDISE COSTS

Merchandise costs, including warehousing and transportation expense and LIFO charges were favorably influenced by the Company's investment of time and capital in areas such as coordinated procurement, direct store delivery systems, consolidated warehouses and other projects. Merchandise costs as a percent of sales in the second quarter and year-to-date were:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2nd Quarter		Year-to-date	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Merchandise Costs - LIFO	75.66%	76.45%	75.86%	76.54%
LIFO charges	.06%	.07%	.06%	.07%
Merchandise Costs - FIFO	75.60%	76.38%	75.80%	76.47%

</TABLE>

Merchandise costs also were favorably influenced by the discontinuance of the low-margin sales to the drug store company. Second quarter merchandise costs as a percent of sales adjusted for these sales declined to 75.66% compared to 76.01% in 1993.

OPERATING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Operating, general and administrative expenses in the second quarter 1994 increased to 18.3% of sales from 18.0% last year. Year-to-date operating, general and administrative expenses in 1994 were also 18.3% compared to 18.0% in 1993. Operating, general and administrative expenses were essentially flat after adjusting for sales to the drug store company and convenience store franchise sales.

The Company's recent investment in technology has had a favorable effect on costs by increasing employee productivity and reducing store wages. During the quarter, employee costs, which include wages, salaries, pension costs, and insurance costs declined as a percent of sales.

The Company is continuing to implement technologies such as store labor scheduling, point of sale upgrades and time and attendance programs with the goal of reducing operating costs. Sales growth has also helped to control operating, general and administrative expenses as a percent of sales.

NET INTEREST EXPENSE

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Net interest expense declined 20.7% to \$75.0 million in the second quarter 1994 from \$94.6 million in last year's second quarter. Year-to-date net interest expense totalled \$151.0 million, down 21.2% from last year's first half total of \$191.6 million. This reduction is primarily due to the Company's progress in refinancing its high-cost, long-term debt, the issuance of equity in 1993, and improvements in working capital. Total long-term debt at the end of the second quarter was \$3.9 billion, down \$269 million from the second quarter of 1993.

The Company recently entered into a new bank credit agreement (see Subsequent Events) which will reduce the Company's interest rates on bank borrowings compared to comparable borrowings under the prior credit agreement. Nonetheless, as a result of recent increases in market interest rates, the Company is not revising its estimate of \$330-\$340 million of interest expense for all of 1994. This compares to \$390.0 million for 1993.

NET EARNINGS

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The Company's net earnings in the second quarter 1994 were \$67.3 million or \$.55 per share on a fully diluted basis compared to net earnings in the second quarter 1993 of \$27.5 million or \$.25 per share. Earnings before the extraordinary loss and the cumulative effect of a change in accounting totalled \$70.0 million in second quarter 1994 compared to \$29.6 million in 1993. The second quarter 1993 included a \$22.7 million pre-tax charge (\$15.0 million after tax) for the expenses expected to be incurred in connection with the disposition of 15 stores in San Antonio, Texas. Year-to-date earnings before the extraordinary loss and the cumulative effect of a change in accounting totalled \$125.7 million in 1994 compared to \$59.1 million in 1993. The Company had net earnings in 1994 of \$114.7 million compared to a net loss of \$111.3 million in the first half of 1993. Net earnings in 1993 were negatively affected \$159.2 million by the cumulative effect of the change in accounting for retiree benefits. The first half of 1993 also includes a \$4.4 million pre-tax charge related to a change in the estimated useful life of certain computer equipment and a \$22.7 million pre-tax charge in connection with the San Antonio stores. Net earnings in 1994 were negatively affected by an extraordinary loss of \$11.0 million or \$.08 per share compared to an extraordinary loss of \$11.2 million or \$.09 per share in 1993. The extraordinary loss in both years resulted from the early retirement of the Company's high-cost debt, including the redemption in 1994 of the Company's 11-1/8% Senior Notes and the 8-3/4% Senior Subordinated Reset Notes and in 1993 of the Company's 12-7/8% Senior Subordinated Debentures.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

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During the first half of 1994 the Company redeemed the remaining outstanding amount of its 11-1/8% Senior Notes and its 8-3/4% Senior Subordinated Reset Notes and purchased \$91.8 million of its various senior subordinated debt issues.

At the end of the second quarter 1994 the Company had \$317.9

million available under its working capital facility to meet short-term liquidity needs.

Capital expenditures for the second quarter 1994 totaled \$98.2 million compared to \$80.9 million for the second quarter 1993. Capital expenditures for the year are expected to total approximately \$500 million compared to \$376.1 million during all of 1993. This will enable the Company to open or expand approximately 70-80 stores, including the January 1994 purchase of 10 AppleTree stores located in Houston, Texas, and remodel an additional 60 to 70 stores. Through two quarters of 1994 the Company had opened, acquired or expanded 33 food stores.

During the first half of 1994 the Company issued \$76.8 million of senior subordinated notes with interest rates ranging from 6% to 8-1/4% and maturities ranging from 1999 through 2006. The net proceeds of the offerings were initially used to repay amounts outstanding under the working capital facility and thereafter the Company used amounts available under the working capital facility to purchase, on the open market, portions of its high-cost long-term debt and to fund in part the March 15, 1994 call of its 11-1/8% Senior Notes and the June 15, 1994 call of its 8-3/4% Senior Subordinated Reset Notes.

Subsequent to the second quarter the Company issued 8.73% First Mortgage Bonds in the amount of \$24.6 million due June 15, 2009. The proceeds from the bonds were used to repay amounts outstanding under the working capital facility.

On July 19, 1994 the Company signed a new bank credit agreement replacing its existing Credit Agreement dated as of January 21, 1992. The agreement is a seven year, \$1.75 billion revolving loan and provides for increases to the amount the Company is permitted for capital expenditures. (See Subsequent Events)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

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The Company generated \$428.4 million of cash from operating activities during the first half of 1994 compared to \$354.2 million last year which reflects the improved operating results of the Company. The increase is also due to a decrease in accounts receivable of \$38.6 million during 1994 versus a decrease of \$15.1 million in 1993 and a decrease in inventory levels during 1994 of \$132.4 million compared to a decrease of \$102.1 million last year. FIFO merchandise inventories decreased 1% from second quarter 1993 while square footage increased 3% during the same period.

Investing activities used \$195.8 million in cash through two quarters of 1994 compared to \$185.8 million last year. Capital expenditures increased \$27.7 million from 1993. This use of cash was offset by a \$16.9 million decrease from 1993 in the purchase of investments.

Year-to-date financing activities used \$248.3 million in cash compared to \$130.4 million last year. The increase is due to a decline of \$400.8 million in proceeds from the sale of debt and equity issues combined with a decline in long-term debt reductions of \$281.6 million.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

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On July 19, 1994 the Company entered into a new bank credit agreement. This agreement replaces the credit agreement dated as of January 21, 1992. The agreement provides for a seven year revolving credit facility in the amount of \$1.75 billion. The agreement reduces interest rates on the Company's bank debt

compared to comparable borrowings under the prior credit agreement and allows the Company to significantly increase capital expenditures.

The Company expects to incur an extraordinary loss in the third quarter 1994 of approximately \$6.3 million, net of income tax credit, related to the write-off of deferred financing costs associated with its previous credit agreement.

On July 15, 1994, a subsidiary of Revco D.S., Inc. acquired through merger Hook-SupeRx, Inc., a drug store company in which the Company had owned a minority interest. As a part of this transaction, all shareholders, including the Company, received \$13.75 in exchange for each share of Hook-SupeRx, Inc.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

(a) May 19, 1994 -- Annual Meeting

(c) The shareholders elected six directors to serve until the annual meeting in 1997 and one director to serve until the annual meeting in 1995 or until their successors have been elected and qualified, ratified the selection of Coopers & Lybrand as Company auditors for 1994, approved an increase in the authorized shares of common stock from 350,000,000 shares to 500,000,000 shares, and approved the 1994 Long-Term Incentive Plan.

Votes cast were as follows:

To Serve Until 1997	For	Withheld	Broker Non-Votes
Reuben V. Anderson	85,657,707	880,485	0
Richard L. Bere	80,599,925	5,938,267	0
Raymond B. Carey, Jr.	85,649,169	889,023	0
John D. Ong	83,949,926	2,588,266	0
Joseph A. Pichler	85,665,513	872,679	0
Martha Romayne Seger	85,378,464	1,159,728	0

To Serve Until 1995	For	Withheld	Broker Non-Votes
James D. Woods	85,654,650	883,542	0

	For	Against	Withheld	Broker Non-Votes
Coopers & Lybrand	85,686,356	459,712	392,124	0

	For	Against	Withheld	Broker Non-Votes
Increased Authorized Shares	77,918,505	7,761,329	858,258	0

	For	Against	Withheld	Broker Non-Votes
1994 Long-Term Incentive Plan	60,467,618	18,354,887	1,001,738	6,713,949

Item 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibit 4.1 - Instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries are not filed as Exhibits because the amount of debt under

each instrument is less than 10% of the consolidated assets of the Company. The Company undertakes to file these instruments with the Commission upon request.

Exhibit 11.1 - Statement of Computation of Consolidated Earnings (Loss) Per Share.

Exhibit 99.1 - Additional Exhibits - Statement of Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.

- (b) The Company disclosed and filed its first quarter 1994 earnings release in its Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 19, 1994.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE KROGER CO.

Dated: August 2, 1994

(Joseph A. Pichler)
Joseph A. Pichler
Chairman of the Board and
Chief Executive Officer

Dated: August 2, 1994

(W. Rodney McMullen)
W. Rodney McMullen
Vice President-Financial
Services and Control and
Principal Accounting Officer

Exhibit Index

Exhibit

- Exhibit 4.1 - Instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries are not filed as Exhibits because the amount of debt under each instrument is less than 10% of the consolidated assets of the Company. The Company undertakes to file these instruments with the Commission upon request.
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<TABLE>

EXHIBIT 11.1

COMPUTATION OF CONSOLIDATED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE
(in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

<CAPTION>

	2nd Quarter Ended		2 Quarters Ended	
	June 18, 1994	June 19, 1993	June 18, 1994	June 19, 1993
Earnings before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of change in accounting	\$ 69,978	\$ 29,621	\$ 125,668	\$ 59,085
Extraordinary loss	(2,645)	(2,136)	(10,978)	(11,178)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting.				(159,193)
Net earnings (loss).	\$ 67,333	\$ 27,485	\$ 114,690	\$ (111,286)

</TABLE>

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<S>

PRIMARY <F1>

Weighted average common and dilutive
common equivalent shares:

Common stock outstanding	109,546	105,744	108,903	100,576
Stock options.	3,420	2,649	3,542	2,503
	112,966	108,393	112,445	103,079

</TABLE>

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Primary earnings from operations per share.	\$.62	\$.27	\$ 1.12	\$.57
Primary results of extraordinary loss per share . .	(.02)	(.02)	(.10)	(.11)
Primary results of cumulative effect of change in accounting.				(1.54)
Primary net earnings (loss) per share	\$.60	\$.25	\$ 1.02	\$ (1.08)

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

FULLY DILUTED <F1>

<S>

Weighted average common shares
and all other dilutive securities:

Common stock outstanding	109,546	105,744	108,903	100,576
Stock options.	3,652	2,664	3,986	2,758
Convertible debt	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074
	130,272	125,482	129,963	120,408

</TABLE>

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Fully diluted earnings from operations per share <F2>.	\$.57	\$.27	\$ 1.02	\$.55
Fully diluted results of extraordinary loss per share	(.02)	(.02)	(.08)	(.09)
Fully diluted results of cumulative effect of change in accounting				(1.32)
Fully diluted net earnings (loss) per share <F2>..	\$.55	\$.25	\$.94	\$ (.86)

<FN>

<F1> The Convertible Junior Subordinated Debentures issued in March 1991 and the Convertible Junior Subordinated Notes issued in December 1992 are not included in the computation of primary earnings per share since they are not common stock equivalents. They are included in the fully diluted earnings per share calculation for the quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993 and the two quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993.

<F2> Earnings used to calculate fully diluted earnings per share have been adjusted to reflect the tax effected interest expense of

\$3.7 million for the quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993 and \$7.3 million for the two quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993 that would have been avoided in connection with the assumed conversion of the convertible debt issues as of the beginning of each year.

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

EXHIBIT 99.1

Schedule of computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges of The Kroger Co. and consolidated subsidiary companies and unconsolidated companies as if consolidated for the five fiscal years ended January 1, 1994 and for the two quarters ended June 18, 1994 and June 19, 1993.

<CAPTION>

	Two Quarters Ended		Fiscal Years Ended				
	June 18, 1994 (24 Weeks)	June 19, 1993 (24 Weeks)	January 1, 1994 (52 Weeks)	January 2, 1993 (53 Weeks)	December 28, 1991 (52 weeks)	December 29, 1990 (52 weeks)	December 30, 1989 (52 Weeks)
	(in thousands of dollars)						
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Earnings							
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before tax expense (credit), extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of change in accounting	\$205,485	\$101,995	\$283,938	\$173,415	\$168,595	\$142,203	\$ (8,739)
Fixed charges	233,209	270,624	556,008	640,004	687,226	708,455	788,239
Capitalized interest . .	(772)	(1,239)	230	(960)	122	(39)	(839)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$437,922	\$371,380	\$840,176	\$812,459	\$855,943	\$850,619	\$778,661
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
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Fixed Charges							
Interest	\$152,372	\$193,560	\$391,693	\$476,932	\$536,485	\$565,540	\$651,038
Portion of rental payments deemed to be interest	80,837	77,064	164,315	163,072	150,741	142,915	137,201
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	\$233,209	\$270,624	\$556,008	\$640,004	\$687,226	\$708,455	\$788,239
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
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Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	-
Dollar Deficiency of Coverage	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(\$9,578)
</TABLE>							