## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# **FORM 10-K**

Annual report pursuant to section 13 and 15(d)

Filing Date: 1999-03-26 | Period of Report: 1998-12-26 SEC Accession No. 0000897101-99-000277

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## **FILER**

## **DYNAMIC HOMES INC**

CIK:225278 IRS No.: 410960127 | State of Incorp.:MN | Fiscal Year End: 1231

Type: 10-K | Act: 34 | File No.: 000-08585 | Film No.: 99574642

SIC: 2452 Prefabricated wood bldgs & components

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Attention: Filing Desk STOP 1-4

450 Fifth Street NW

Washington, DC 20549-1004

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 26, 1998 Commission file number 0-8585

Dynamic Homes, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Minnesota

41-0960127

(State or other jurisdiction of

\_\_\_\_\_\_

incorporation or organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

525 Roosevelt Avenue, Detroit Lakes, MN

56501

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number including area code - (218) - 847-2611

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the act:

Title of Each Class

Name of Exchange on Which Registered

Common Stock, \$.10 par value

NASDAQ Small Cap Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

As of March 15, 1999, 2,240,850 common shares were outstanding, and the aggregate market value of the common shares (based upon the sales price information of these shares as compiled by the NASDAQ market) of Dynamic Homes, Inc., held by non-affiliates was approximately \$2,220,000. On January 7, 1995 the Company implemented a six-month plan to repurchase up to 100,000 shares of its outstanding common stock. As of March 15, 1999, a total of 43,080 have been repurchased. During 1996, the Company approved a new stock option plan and granted 240,000 options to various officers, directors and employees. The treasury stock and 205,000 available but unexercised options are excluded from the common shares outstanding.

> DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (See following page)

Total number pages, including cover page = 44

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Form 10-K

Dynamic Homes, Inc.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

GENERAL

Dynamic Homes, Inc. (a Minnesota Corporation) was founded in 1970 and is headquartered in Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. Dynamic Homes, Inc. (hereinafter together with its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise, referred to as the "Company") manufactures and markets modular, preconstructed single-family and multi-family homes and light commercial buildings in the upper Midwest region of the United States. Auxiliary products include garages, wood basements and retail sales. During 1995, the Company purchased all the stock of Shagawa Resort, Inc., a hotel / resort located in Ely, Minnesota. In conjunction with the stock purchase, the Company also entered into a management agreement for the operation of the hotel / resort which commenced operations in May 1996. During March 1997, the management agreement was terminated and the Company assumed both ownership and operational activities for the facility.

#### PRODUCTS

The Company's principal product at its manufacturing facility is single-family modular homes. Single-family homes currently produced by the Company are offered in 60 basic designs with various options and floor plan variations. Even though the Company has standardized plans, the majority of single-family homes are customized to individual preferences. Approximately 90-95 percent of single-family units sold for the years 1996 through 1998 were custom built.

Home models include split entry, rambler, split level, one and two story types ranging in size from approximately 864 square feet to approximately 2,268 square feet of living space. Each living unit includes a living room, dining room, bathroom(s) and bedrooms and has complete electrical wiring and plumbing as standard features. Other standard features include interior sheetrocked walls, cabinets, finished interior doors and trim, shelving and windows. In addition, the customers may also choose from available options such as floor coverings, siding, lighting, roof pitches and appliances.

As well as its principal single-family modular homes, the Company produces and markets modular multi-family units ranging in size from approximately 600 square feet to 1,300 square feet per living unit. During 1998, the Company's multi-family sales accounted for approximately 8 percent of unit revenues. During 1997 and 1996, the Company's multi-family segment accounted for approximately 4 percent and 2 percent of revenues, respectively.

The Company also produces light commercial products including small offices, motels and other buildings requiring special design. Commercial sales activity accounted for less than 1 percent of 1997 and 1998 unit revenues. The corresponding sales volume for 1996 was approximately 9 percent of unit revenue.

The Company also produces and markets panelized garages and wood foundations to complement its modular homes. During 1998, these auxiliary products accounted for approximately 4 percent of total unit revenues, as compared to 3 percent for 1997 and 2 percent for 1996. In addition, the Company provides its customers with the opportunity to purchase materials at retail. Revenues associated with retail sales approximate 3 to 4 percent annually.

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The Company manufactures its products in modular form on an assembly line basis. Each module is constructed of wood frame and sheathing into which complete wiring and plumbing are installed. The module is insulated with fiberglass and blown cellulose insulation and finished with interior sheetrock, wall covering, windows and shingled roof. Electrical fixtures, kitchen cabinets, interior doors and trim and appliances are installed during the final phases of the assembly process.

The modules are transported to the building site and set by the Company's employees and equipment upon foundations prepared by factory-authorized builder/dealers and/or contractors. In some cases, distance, site conditions, and module configurations may require the leasing of equipment to assist in the setting process.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. d.b.a.: Holiday Sunspree Resort is associated with the hospitality industry. The resort / motel consists of 61 units on approximately 25 acres of land located in Ely, Minnesota and adjacent to Shagawa Lake. The facility offers its services to the general public but specializes as a leisure / vacation destination. The facility offers a wide range of amenities and services such as restaurants, lounge, meeting rooms, easy access to local attractions and a diversity of winter and summer recreational activities.

#### MARKETING

The Company markets its products within the states of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming principally through a network of approximately 65 independent factory authorized builder/dealers.

The builder/dealers operate in nonexclusive territories and purchase the Company's products based on dealer price lists for a nominal down payment with the balance due within 5 working days after setting upon the foundation.

The builder/dealers sell to the ultimate purchaser and may, in addition, contract with the purchaser for site preparation including foundation work and for finishing work which must be performed after delivery and erection of the Company's products. These additional functions are performed independently of the builder/dealers' relationship with the Company.

The Company has no suggested retail prices for its products to the ultimate consumer. The builder/dealer realizes as profit the difference between what is paid the Company, other suppliers and contractors and the payment(s)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

received from the purchaser. During 1998, the Company derived approximately 15 percent of its revenues from one customer. During 1997 and 1996, the Company realized approximately 12 percent of its revenues from one customer. Sales to customers accounting for more than 10 percent of revenues usually are of a non-repetitive nature. As a result, the Company does not expect to be dependent upon the same customers on a year-to-year basis for a significant portion of future revenues.

In addition to the builder/dealer network, the Company may also market its products through contractors or developers. Developers operate in nonexclusive territories and purchase products based on contractual arrangements. These contractual arrangements may vary from a single-phase project to a multi-phased project built and delivered over an extended time interval.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. markets its services through various recreational / vacation related shows and publications primarily targeting the population centers of Minnesota, Wisconsin and

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Iowa. In addition, the facility is a member of the Holiday Inns - Holidex Reservation System that administers a computerized reservation network service.

#### COMPETITION

There is substantial competition within the Company's market area. The Company competes in the housing market with other modular and panelized manufacturers, tract home developers, mobile home manufacturers and traditional on-site builders of single and multi-family/commercial units.

The Company has several direct competitors marketing modular and panelized units within its market area. Some of these competitors have substantially greater assets and gross annual sales than the Company.

Transportation costs significantly increase the cost of housing units sold by the Company beyond a four hundred mile radius from its manufacturing facility. General pricing in the housing market throughout the United States is sufficiently competitive to somewhat limit the Company's ability to compete in some areas outside this radius. While this may provide the Company with some competitive advantage within its immediate market area, it makes competition outside its market more difficult. The majority of the Company's sales are concentrated within a two hundred fifty mile radius of its manufacturing facility.

The Company competes principally on the basis of quality and design of product, material, craftsmanship, delivery and service.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. has several competitors within its immediate market location. The hotel / resort facility competes principally on the basis of service, amenities and location.

#### MATERIALS

The principal materials used by the Company in the manufacture of its products are processed lumber, finished cabinets, floor coverings, windows and doors, sheetrock, insulation and shingles. Currently, the Company is not experiencing any difficulty in obtaining adequate supplies of raw materials from current suppliers and does not anticipate any immediate difficulty in obtaining adequate supplies. During 1998 and 1996, prices for wood building products remained relatively stable. However, during 1997 prices for wood building products experienced some volatility with average price levels slightly higher than anticipated. The Company monitors its material costs on an on-going basis and during periods of escalating material costs, may impose a temporary surcharge to prevent the erosion of its profit margin. The Company may periodically adjust the surcharge level to correlate with the on-going fluctuations in material costs. During the last three-year period pricing projections were adequate and no surcharges were implemented. However, future strong demand for wood and related building products may not only again support higher price levels but could also decrease availability through longer lead times and product allocations.

Major raw components are available to the Company from several

vendors, and the Company is not dependent upon any one of these vendors for a continuous source of supply. The Company engages in limited electronic commerce with its suppliers and consequently believes it has minimal risk regarding supplier compliance with year 2000 issues.

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BACKLOG

The Company's order backlog consists of completed units awaiting delivery, current production and orders scheduled for future production and delivery. Unsold inventory units are not included in the backlog values.

At December 26, 1998, the Company's backlog of orders believed to be firm was \$2,737,000 compared with \$2,285,000 at December 27, 1997 and \$2,593,000 at December 28, 1996. As of March 15, 1999, the Company's backlog was \$4,971,000 as compared to \$5,677,000 for the same period in 1998. The majority of the current backlog consists of single family housing units.

Due to seasonal fluctuations in the housing market, the Company experiences fluctuations in orders. Orders tend to begin increasing during the month of March, peak during the months of April through June, gradually diminish through the early summer, rise again in late summer and fall and diminish again in the winter months. Accordingly, with the Company's production capabilities, the backlog of orders generally tends to be the lowest during the first fiscal quarter (January - March) and highest during the third quarter (July - September). In order to supplement the traditional periods of decreased order activity, the Company offers several single-family model and winter promotional programs and pursues multi-family/commercial projects utilizing winter promotions and discounts. The majority of the backlog for 1999 and 1998 is attributed to the completion of aggressive marketing programs targeting the traditionally slow winter construction months.

#### PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

The Company's manufacturing facility neither owns nor is a licensee of any patents, trademarks, licenses, franchises or concessions that are material to its business. Shagawa Resort, Inc. operates under a franchise agreement with Bass Hotels & Resorts and markets under the Holiday Inn Sunspree Resort designation.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Company has not incurred any research and development cost as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.

#### GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS

Throughout the Company's market area, various state laws or local ordinances regulate materials, equipment and design used in the construction of housing units. The Company is unaware of any law or ordinance that precludes the sale and erection of its homes within any governmental unit in its market area and the Company believes its homes comply with the requirements of such laws and ordinances. Highway regulations limit the Company's ability to transport and deliver homes during the annual spring thaw.

No significant amount of any material is discharged by the Company into the environment and applicable laws and regulations relating to environmental protection do not require any capital

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expenditures by the Company for environmental control facilities at either its manufacturing or hotel / resort facility.

#### SEASONAL ASPECT & CURRENT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Sales are subject to seasonal variations as described under the "Backlog" caption. During the winter months the Company employs sales

stimulating methods such as additional dealer and homeowner incentives, model home and multi-family/commercial sales discounts to stimulate orders.

The Company experiences seasonal increases in inventory of finished units in the spring of each year for a period of approximately six to eight weeks. Local regulations and road conditions restrict usage of roadways during this season for the delivery of homes and the passage of heavy equipment necessary for the erection of the Company's units. Due to seasonal fluctuations in orders, the Company has determined that it is advantageous to build some homes for inventory during the winter and early spring months. This process contributes to reductions in idle plant capacity overhead and also provides builder/dealers with immediate product availability. During the first half of 1996, the Company produced 12 single-family inventory units. Based upon the past salability of these units combined with the economics associated with the reduction of idle plant capacity, the Company produced 22 single-family inventory units during the first months of 1997 and 28 inventory units during late 1997 and early 1998. The Company produced 10 inventory units during the first two months of 1999. The Company had six inventory units available for sale at both 1998 and 1997 year-ends. The Company had two inventory units available for sale at 1996 year-end. The Company continues to rotate model/display units on its premises that are used to illustrate construction and design capabilities for potential customers. As of December 26, 1998, the Company had one model/display unit. The Company's intent is to have two model/display units available and replace them as needed. As of this date, the Company has two models in place for display purposes.

Even though mortgage financing rates have been quite favorable during the past several years, availability and cost of mortgage financing to the ultimate purchasers of the Company's product affects the volume of sales. Historically, the Company's sales volume has been affected by the difficulty encountered by consumers obtaining mortgage funds, fluctuating mortgage interest rates, uncertainty in the energy and mining industries and a general weakness in the agricultural economy. Traditionally, these market segments have made strong contributions to the sales base. In response to these economic conditions, the Company continues to diversify and modify the product line to meet the changing needs of both the rural and urban market. The diversity of product availability, structural design and flexibility, an upgraded builder/dealer network and continued emphasis on multi-family/commercial sales should contribute to the 1999 revenue base. However, any upward trends in mortgage rates and consumer uncertainty over the course of the economy and national budgeting policy may place limitations on potential consumers' willingness to commit to new home purchases that would adversely affect the revenue base.

In 1998, 100 percent of all production was completed at its only plant, located in Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. During 1998, the Company operated at approximately 78% of its practical single-shift production capacity, as compared with 67% for 1997. During 1996, the Company operated at approximately 75% of its single-shift plant capacity. Historically, the Company tends to realize a significant portion of new orders during the spring and early summer months. The

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associated lengthened production cycle has contributed to lost and delayed unit orders. In order to alleviate this condition, the Company has completed two plant expansion projects within the last four years. The last project was completed in June 1997, and became operational July 1, 1997. The combined projects added approximately 32,000 square feet of production and material storage capacity and increased the available single-shift plant capacity by 35 percent.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. is affected by the seasonal nature of the tourist industry and to a lesser degree by location. Revenues usually increase beginning mid-May and continue through the Labor Day weekend when the tourist season begins to decline. The unusually mild weather and less than ideal snow conditions during the 1997 - 99 winter seasons, adversely impacted the resort's performance by curtailing many of the winter sports activities that would normally bring visitors to Northern Minnesota.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

At December 26, 1998, the number of full-time employees at the

Detroit Lakes facility totaled 95 as compared with 89 for the year ending December 27, 1997. Of these, 7 were in management positions, 10 in supervisory positions, 58 in manufacturing, 8 in transportation and erection, 3 in sales and 9 in drafting and clerical positions. The Company's manufacturing, transportation and installation employees located in Detroit Lakes, Minnesota, are represented by a labor union. The present labor union contract for Detroit Lakes union employees became effective on March 1, 1998, and expires on February 28, 2001. The three-year contract provides for modest annual wage adjustments and increases in the benefit package.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. has a full-time staff of 36 employees. The classification of employees consists of 6 management positions, 1 supervisory employee, 7 clerical and front-desk positions and 22 service employees. In addition, the hotel / resort facility may employ upwards to 12 seasonal employees during the summer tourist season.

#### ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

#### (A) DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

The Company's general business office and main manufacturing facility is located at 525 Roosevelt Avenue, Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. This facility consists of eight buildings comprising approximately 119,900 square feet utilized as follows: production 72,300, warehouse storage and shop 39,900 and offices 7,700. In 1994, the Company expanded the manufacturing facility by 15,000 square feet that increased additional available plant capacity by approximately 20 - 25%. During the latter stages of 1996, the Company commenced with an additional 17,000 square foot plant expansion project which was completed in June, 1997, and increased available single-shift plant capacity by approximately15 percent. The restructuring and addition of long-term debt funded the plant expansion. The buildings are situated upon a 27-acre tract of land that was leased from the City of Detroit Lakes, Minnesota. The lease was coterminous with industrial revenue bonds issued in April 1973, by the City of Detroit Lakes in principal amount of \$435,000, bearing interest at a rate of 8% per annum and maturing from 4 to 25 years from date of issuance. Pursuant to the terms of the Company's contract with the city and terms of the bond indenture, the city took title to the existing land and buildings and to the buildings subsequently constructed thereon and the Company leased same from the city paying a variable rent sufficient to convert the interest due on the bonds and principal amounts due in that rental period, plus property taxes and

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incidentals. The Company was given the option of purchasing this property at any time by paying to the city and the trustee an amount that is sufficient to discharge the then outstanding bonds. The lease was capitalized for financial statement purposes and when all bonds have been paid, the Company had the option of then purchasing this property from the city for the sum of \$1.00. The Company exercised its option to retire all outstanding Industrial Development Revenue Bonds on April 1, 1997, obtaining title to said property which was used to provide collateral for the restructured long-term debt in support of the plant expansion project. This plant facility currently has the annual single-shift capacity to produce approximately 425,000 square feet of product. Land not occupied by buildings is used for storing raw and finished materials.

#### (B) SHAGAWA RESORT, INC. - ELY, MINNESOTA

On September 7, 1995, the Company purchased all of the outstanding shares of Shagawa Resort, Inc., which was the sole owner of a Holiday Inn Sunspree Motel which was under construction and located at 400 North Pioneer Road in Ely, Minnesota. The motel consists of approximately 54,000 square feet of buildings consisting of 61 units and includes lounge, dining, recreational and meeting facilities on approximately 25 acres of land. The purchase price consisted of cash and a construction mortgage assumption to Norwest Bank Minnesota for the financing of the construction costs associated with completing the Shagawa Resort, Inc. hotel/resort facility. The hotel/resort remained under construction until May 1, 1996, when the hotel/resort commenced with normal business operations. During August 1996, the construction mortgage was finalized and converted to a long-term mortgage loan that is secured by the assets of Shagawa Resort, Inc. and a partial guarantee of the Small Business Administration. Monthly installments of principal and interest approximate

\$16,000 with a blended interest rate of approximately 8 percent (Note 6).

In conjunction with the purchase of Shagawa Resort, Inc., the Company simultaneously entered into a Management Agreement with Northland Adventures Minnesota, Ltd. to operate and manage the hotel/resort from the opening date (May 1, 1996) until December 15, 1997. The Management Agreement required the Managing Agent to pay minimum monthly payments of \$22,100 to the Company, plus a percentage of room and food/beverage receipts when these amounts exceed the minimum rentals on an annual basis. During the duration of the agreement, the Managing Agent absorbed or retained any operating profit or loss generated by the operation of the facility. On March 17, 1997, the Company and Northland Adventures Minnesota, Ltd. collectively reached an Asset Purchase Agreement whereby the Company purchased substantially all assets of the Business. All prior agreements pertaining to the management of the hotel/resort facility have been terminated. Consequently, effective March 17, 1997, the Company has assumed the management obligations and rights associated with the Shagawa Resort, Inc. facility.

#### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Dynamic Homes, Inc. and its subsidiary, Shagawa Resort, Inc. were involved in pending litigation with the construction manager of the hotel owned by Shagawa Resort, Inc. The Company commenced the lawsuit to discharge a mechanic's lien filed by the construction manager. The project manager commenced a counter-claim to this action for alleged amounts due and owing. On February 3, 1998, the parties entered into a settlement agreement whereby each agreed to a mutual release of all claims against each other and the dismissal of the mechanic's lien. There are no other known legal proceedings pending by or against the Company that may have a material effect on the financial position of the Company.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

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There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year being reported on.

#### PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON STOCK AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices of the Company's stock for the eight quarters of 1998 and 1997. As of March 13, 1995, the Company's common stock began trading on the NASDAQ Small-Cap Market tier of the NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol DYHM.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	=	L998	199	7
Quarter	High	Low	High	Low
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
First	\$ 2 7/16	\$ 1 3/4	\$ 2 15/16	\$ 2
Second	2 1/16	1 3/4	2 3/4	1 7/8
Third	2 1/4	1 9/16	2 5/16	1 5/16
Fourth	1 7/8	1 7/16	2 9/16	1 3/4

  |  |  |  |As of March 15, 1999, there were approximately 390 shareholders of record of common stock, the Company's only outstanding class of stock. The Company does not pay cash dividends and future dividends would be paid at the discretion of the Board of Directors and the Company's lenders.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Dec 26, Dec. 27, Dec. 28, Dec. 30, Dec. 31, YEARS ENDED 1998 1997 1996 1995 1994

<\$>	<c></c>		<c></c>		<c></c>		<c></c>		<c></c>	
Net sales	\$13,90	5,300	\$12,85	9,000	\$12 <b>,</b> 17	2,200	\$10,84	9,000	\$11 <b>,</b> 97	3,600
Gross profit	3,25	0,700	2,85	4,500	2,96	5,300	2,35	1,500	2,45	3,800
Operating expenses	2,34	4,000	2,14	0,000	1,36	5,000	1,04	1,100	1,05	1,100
Operating income	90	6,700	71	4,500	1,60	0,300	1,31	0,400	1,40	2,700
Net income (See page 14)	37	4,300	32	9,100	90	8,100	80	9,100	90	5,100
Basic net income per										
common share	\$	.17	\$	.15	\$	.41	\$	.37	\$	.41
Diluted net income per										
common share	\$	.17	\$	.15	\$	.41	\$	.37	\$	.41
AT YEAR END										
Working capital	\$3 <b>,</b> 03	 5,400	\$2,63	 0,200	\$1,89	5,800	 \$1,74	6,700	\$1,96	7,500
Total assets	9,42	5,200	8,88	1,500	7,61	9,900	5,83	3,200	4,08	0,900
Long-term debt, Net	2,85	2,500		1,400	2,07	7,400	1,06	6,300	11	5,600
Stockholders' equity	5,10	6,500	4,73	2,200	4,40	3,100	3,47	9,300	2,79	4,200
Weighted average number										
common shares outstanding	2,24	1,000	2,24	1,000	2,22	3,000	2,20	9,000	2,19	1,000
STATISTICAL HIGHLIGHTS										
Single-family unit sales		206		201		219		192		202
Average square feet per										
single-family unit		1,332		1,330		1,277		1,225		1,245
Total sq. feet of production										

 33 | 1,882 |  | 9,878 | 31 | 5,182 | 30 | 8,400 | 35 | 1,432 |Page 10

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NET SALES

The Company's revenue and operating results encompass both the manufacturing sector (Dynamic Homes, Inc.) and the hospitality sector (Shagawa Resort, Inc.).

The Company realized revenues of \$11,969,000 from the manufacturing sector for 1998, an increase of \$732,400 or 7 percent from \$11,236,600 as reported for 1997, but similar to the \$11,975,300 reported in 1996. Sales of single-family homes increased by \$243,200 from \$9,681,600 for 1997 to \$9,924,800 for 1998. Single-family sales for 1996 were \$9,707,900. The Company sold 206 single-family units in 1998 compared with 201 single-family units for 1997 and 219 units during 1996. During 1997, the Company completed the final phases of several large single-family housing contracts associated with Native American Communities in the Upper Midwest. Consequently, Native American related sales dropped from approximately 34 percent of the revenue base during 1996 to 6 percent for 1997. However, during 1998, two Native American projects contributed 12 percent to the revenue base. Currently, there are no existing contracts with these Communities at the onset of 1999.

Sales of multi-family / commercial projects totaled \$989,300 for 1998, up \$372,000 from \$617,300 in 1997, but down \$291,600 from the 1996 level of \$1,280,900. The Company sold 27 multi-family / commercial units in 1998 compared with 18 units in 1997 and 33 units in 1996. During 1996, a significant portion of the revenue base was associated with a large motel project. The decline in the 1997 multi-family / commercial business was particularly sharp. In an attempt to strengthen this business segment, the Company appointed a multi-family / commercial representative to fill the vacancy which existed during the first two quarters of 1997. Currently, the Company has one small motel project under contract.

Transportation and other (retail) sales totaled \$1,054,900 for 1998 compared with \$937,700 for 1997 and \$986,500 for 1996. Transportation revenues during 1997 were down from both 1998 and 1996 due to the decrease in the number of units set. Other or retail sales improved over the last three years from

The Company's construction backlog totaled \$2,737,000 at the end of 1998 compared to \$2,285,000 for 1997. As of March 15, 1999, the Company's backlog was \$4,971,000 as compared with \$5,677,000 for the same period of 1998. The backlog at March 15, 1999 and March 16, 1998 reflect the responses associated with several aggressive winter promotional programs. The Company received approximately 60 to 70 new single-family orders each year under the various programs. Production activities for the new orders will benefit the Company by better utilization of available plant capacity resulting in more favorable manufacturing overhead absorption. As these units are delivered and set, promotional related discounts may reduce the gross margin percent. During the seasonal slowdown or winter months, the Company constructs inventory units which are available to the builder / dealer network for immediate sale. The Company constructed 10 inventory units during the first two months of 1999. During the 1998 seasonal slowdown, the Company built 28 inventory units with 6 units remaining unsold at the 1998 year-end. As of February 28, 1999, the Company's finished goods inventory consists of 55

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units including 16 unsold inventory units. As of February 28, 1998, the Company's finished goods inventory consisted of 44 units including 25 unsold inventory units. Approximately 30% of the February 28, 1999 finished goods inventory relates to a single customer. The customer remains committed to the unit orders but has significantly slowed the unit delivery and setting schedule. The Company is again beginning to encounter seasonal road restrictions that will affect the delivery and setting of units during the first and second quarters of 1999.

On March 17, 1997, the Company reached an agreement with the Managing Agent of Shagawa Resort, Inc. whereby the Company through an Asset Purchase Agreement, assumed the management rights and obligations associated with the daily operations of a hotel / resort facility d.b.a.: Holiday Inn Sunspree Resort, located in Ely, Minnesota. Revenues associated with the hotel / resort facility totaled \$1,936,300 for 1998 versus \$1,622,400 for the period March 17, 1997, through December 31, 1997. The hotel / resort facility opened May 1, 1996, under a lease agreement with a Managing Agent. Consequently, during 1996, the Company realized only lease revenues totaling \$196,900. Due to the location and seasonal nature of the resort business, sales are traditionally soft during the winter and early spring months but strengthen considerably during the summer tourist season. During the past two years, mild weather conditions and the absence of snow discouraged some of the winter recreational quests from using the facility.

#### GROSS PROFIT

Gross profit from the Company's manufacturing sector, including transportation revenue and expense, totaled \$2,412,500 in 1998, as compared with \$2,183,900 for 1997 and \$2,768,400 for 1996. As a percentage of net sales, the gross profit percent increased from 19.4% in 1997 to 20.2% for 1998. Gross profit percent for 1996 was 23.1%. Excluding transportation revenue and expense, the gross profit on products increased from 22.2% in 1997 to 23.2% for 1998. The corresponding gross profit percent for 1996 was 25.9%. The increase in the 1998 gross profit percent reflects an increased production level of approximately 20% which resulted in better utilization of plant capacity and absorption of manufacturing overhead expenses. In addition, the Company also realized positive material acquisition costs due to relatively stable raw material costs and the exercise of forward buying opportunities. In contrast, the Company's 1997 reduced level of production resulted in a higher unfavorable manufacturing overhead variance. The gross profit percentage for 1996 also benefited from an increased level of production, relatively stable material costs, and lower promotional expenses.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. recorded a gross profit of \$838,200 or 43.3% for the period ending December 31, 1998. During 1997, Shagawa Resort, Inc. recorded a gross profit of \$670,600 or 41.3% for the period March 17, 1997 through December 31, 1997. In 1996, the gross profit of \$196,900 represented lease revenues for the period commencing with the May 1, 1996 opening date. The 3% increase in the gross profit percentage for 1998 primarily reflects the increase realized in the average daily room rate.

Marketing and administrative operating expenses associated with the manufacturing facility increased from 11.9 percent of net sales for 1997 to 12.2 percent during 1998. Similar expenses in 1996 were 11.2 percent of net sales. Due to concentrated media advertising and several customer rebate programs, marketing expenses increased to 4.5 percent of net sales for 1998 compared with 4.1 percent for 1997 and 3.6 percent for 1996. Administrative expenses

#### Page 12

remained constant over the three-year period. Administrative expenses were 7.7 percent of net sales in both 1998 and 1996 and 7.8% in 1997.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. incurred operating expenses of \$885,700 for the 1998 period. As a result of the March 17, 1997 asset purchase agreement, Shagawa Resort, Inc. incurred operating expenses totaling \$799,100 for the shortened 1997 period. During 1996, the resort facility was under construction until the May 1 opening date. Subsequent operational responsibilities were leased to a managing agent and consequently the resort only incurred operating expenses totaling \$96,300, of which depreciation and amortization totaled \$92,500.

#### OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)

The manufacturing facility realized income from operations of \$954,200 or 8.0% of net sales for 1998. Income from operations in 1997 totaled \$843,000 or 7.5% of net sales. During 1996, the Company realized income from operations of \$1,499,700 or 12.5% of net sales. The 1996 operating results benefited from favorable production and material variances, lower operating expenses and a reduced level of promotional discounts.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. incurred operating losses of \$47,500 during 1998 and \$128,500 during 1997. However, after consideration of \$55,600 of lease revenues, the net operating loss for 1997 was \$72,900. The 1996 lease arrangement produced a net operating income of \$100,600. The 1998 operating loss is reduced by \$42,000 due to lower amortization expense attributed to the Company's adoption of Statement of Position 98-5 as described in the Other Income (Expense) section.

#### OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)

Net non-operating expense for the manufacturing facility during 1998 totaled \$26,100, compared with \$67,100 in 1997 and \$5,700 in 1996. Interest expense, primarily related to capital lease financing, long-term financing supporting the plant expansion and short-term borrowings increased interest expense from \$24,400 during 1996 to \$89,400 in 1997 and \$121,900 in 1998. Non-operating income of \$95,800 for 1998, primarily consists of investment income realized from the Company's cash and cash equivalent position, customer service charges, insurance related refunds and the gains recognized on the sale of transportation equipment.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. incurred mortgage related interest expense of \$147,200 during 1998, \$147,900 during 1997 and \$95,700 during 1996. Other income of \$58,700 realized during 1997 primarily relates to lease revenues of \$55,600 recognized prior to the March 17, 1997 asset purchase agreement.

In the fourth quarter of 1998, the Company adopted Statement of Position 98-5, "Reporting on the Costs of Start-up Activities," which requires the expensing of start-up activities as incurred and the expensing of previously capitalized start-up costs. The provisions of the statement require implementation for years beginning after December 15, 1998, but early adoption is encouraged. As a result, the Company expensed the remaining unamortized start-up costs associated with Shagawa Resort, Inc. that were initially capitalized during the 1995 - 1996 construction and pre-operating period. Adoption of the accounting change resulted in cumulative expenses totaling \$150,000 or \$94,000 net of taxes. No further impact is anticipated from the adoption of this accounting change.

The Company's consolidated provision for income taxes was \$268,000 in 1998, \$227,000 in 1997 and \$594,000 in 1996. Federal and state income tax obligations and benefits are estimated at the normal statutory rate throughout the year with a final adjustment at year-end relating to differences between the basis of receivables, property and equipment, other assets and accrued expenses.

#### NET INCOME

The Company reported a consolidated 1998 net income of \$467,900 before the cumulative effect of the provisions of Statement of Position 98-5, "Reporting on the Costs of Start-up Activities". Consolidated net income for the periods ending 1997 and 1996 are \$329,100 and \$908,100 respectively. Basic and diluted earnings per common share are \$0.21 for 1998, \$0.15 for 1997 and \$0.41 for 1996. After the adoption of Statement of Position 98-5, the cumulative effects of the accounting change reduced 1998 net income to \$374,300. This reduces basic and diluted earnings by \$0.04 per common share. Considerations for unexercised stock options granted in 1996 were recognized in arriving at the diluted shares and earnings per share computations.

During fiscal years 1998 and 1997, Shagawa Resort, Inc. incurred net losses of \$0.06 per common share. During 1996, the Shagawa Resort facility had no affect on the reported earnings per share. After the adoption of the accounting change, Shagawa Resort, Inc. recorded a net loss of \$0.10 per common share for 1998.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Company's consolidated 1998 year-end cash and cash equivalents position totals \$312,300 or \$1,017,200 less than the \$1,329,500 at 1997 year-end and \$241,800 less than the 1996 year-end total of \$554,100. Net cash from 1998 operating activities decreased by \$1,325,100 from 1997 and \$1,512,000 from 1996. During 1998, cash outflows were required to support the build-up in finished goods inventory, increased receivables, upgrades to transportation, manufacturing and computer equipment, principal payments on long-term debt and funding the replacement escrow for Shagawa Resort, Inc. Cash flows to support the referenced activities were primarily provided by utilizing the Company's prior year cash and cash equivalents position, supplier payment terms, non-cash related depreciation and amortization, internally generated income, income tax deferral and capital lease financing.

The Company's consolidated working capital increased \$405,200 from \$2,630,200 at the end of 1997 to \$3,035,400 at 1998 year-end. The current ratio for December 26, 1998 is 3.2 to 1.0 compared with 3.4 to 1.0 at December 27, 1997. Other assets and property and equipment, net of amortization and depreciation, decreased by \$133,800 during 1998. Current year acquisitions for capital assets primarily consist of replacement vehicles, computer and communications equipment.

Long-term debt and capital leases, net of current maturities, decreased by \$98,900 from \$2,951,400 at December 27, 1997 to \$2,852,500 at December 26, 1998. In contrast, the current portion of long-term debt increased by \$42,700 from \$154,200 at December 27, 1997 to \$196,900 at December 26, 1998. Long-term debt consists primarily of a long-term mortgage loan, which is

#### Page 14

secured by substantially all of the assets of Shagawa Resort, Inc., four capitalized lease obligations secured by transportation and material handling equipment, a restructured long-term financing arrangement secured by a real estate mortgage related to the 1997 plant expansion and a contract for deed covering the purchase of adjacent land and warehouse. On April 1, 1997, the Company retired all outstanding debt associated with the Industrial Revenue Bonds that initially financed a major portion of the property and equipment for the Company's manufacturing facility. The debt retirement was required to provide collateral for the restructured long-term financing arrangement. The new financing package is a composite of three financing sources that provided the manufacturing facility with \$1,000,000 of proceeds. The loan package was used for financing the plant expansion, including equipment and working capital for additional inventory requirements. Debt retirement associated with the plant

expansion and equipment varies in maturity from three to fifteen years, dependent on the funding source.

The consolidated ratio of long-term debt to stockholders' equity changed from .62 to 1.0 at December 27, 1997 to .56 to 1.0 at December 26, 1998. The improved ratio reflects the Company's additional consolidated net earnings for 1998 and the absence of any significant 1998 additions to long-term debt. Stockholders' equity, net of treasury stock, increased from \$4,732,200 at December 27, 1997 to \$5,106,500 at December 26, 1998.

Dynamic Homes, Inc. has available a line of credit which is collateralized by inventories and receivables. The credit available is based upon specified percentages of inventory and receivables. On May 4, 1998, the Company renewed its credit line for a period of two years, subject to annual review, and without any compensating balance requirements. The credit line has a maximum available borrowing of \$1,500,000 at an interest rate equal to the bank's prime rate. As of December 26, 1998, the Company had no outstanding balance against the available credit line.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. does not have any operating line of credit. Consequently, Shagawa Resort, Inc. is dependent on Dynamic Homes, Inc. as its source of additional funds. Periodically, Dynamic Homes, Inc. is required to advance funds, during the slower winter months, to support the resort's ongoing operations. However, during the stronger summer months, the resort generates adequate levels of funds to support its operational requirements and periodically reduce some of the outstanding advances made by Dynamic Homes, Inc.

Although no agreements are pending at this time, future opportunities may surface which deem it to be in the Company's best interest to divest itself of the Shagawa Resort, Inc. property. Transactions of this type potentially could materially affect the Company's short-term operating results and capital resources. However, management anticipates that the normal operating cycle will generate sufficient cash, in conjunction with short-term borrowings on its existing credit line and supplemented by long-term financing and capital leases, to provide adequate funds to support the Company's operations and scheduled capital requirements during 1999.

The Company recognizes the implications of Year 2000 issues and has been focusing on the nature and extent of these potential problems, both internally and externally. Currently, the Company's mainframe computer system, its operating system and business software are all fully Year 2000 compliant. Other corrective expenditures to be incurred during 1999 are not anticipated to exceed \$10,000, thus not materially impacting the Company's results of operations, liquidity, or capital resources. The company engages in limited electronic commerce with its suppliers and has

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several sources of supply available. Consequently, the Company believes it has minimal risk regarding supplier compliance.

Statements regarding the Company's operations, performance and financial condition are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to rising mortgage interest rates and / or weakness in regional and national economic conditions that could have an adverse impact on new home and multi-family / commercial sales. Likewise, future escalating and volatile material costs and unfavorable weather conditions could also affect the Company's profit levels.

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### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Data

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Financial Statements:	
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- Consolidated Statements of Operations, Years Ended December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997 and December 28, 1996	20
- Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, Years Ended December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997 and December 28, 1996	21
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Years Ended December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997 and December 28, 1996	22 - 23
- Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	24

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Stockholders and Board of Directors Dynamic Homes, Inc. and Subsidiaries Detroit Lakes, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES as of December 26, 1998 and December 27, 1997, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 26, 1998. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES as of December 26, 1998 and December 27, 1997, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 26, 1998, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Eide Bailly, L.L.P.

Fargo, North Dakota February 5, 1999

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 26, 1998 AND DECEMBER 27, 1997

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<table> <caption>  ASSETS</caption></table>	1998	1997
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 312,300	\$ 1,329,500
Receivables		
Trade, less allowance for doubtful		
accounts 1998 \$60,000; 1997 \$45,000	1,491,500	737,400
Refundable income taxes	_	37 <b>,</b> 600
Other	33,500	8,900
Inventories	2,367,200	1,488,300
Prepaid expenses	78,100	47,400
Deferred income taxes	143,000	99,000
Total current assets	4,425,600	3,748,100
OTHER ASSETS, net of accumulated amortization	421,300	529,700

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net of accumulated

depreciation	4,578,300	4,603,700
	\$ 9,425,200 ======	\$ 8,881,500
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Customer deposits Accrued expenses Income taxes payable	\$ 196,900 350,000 199,500 638,900 4,900	\$ 154,200 261,000 177,100 525,600
Total current liabilities	1,390,200	1,117,900
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current maturities	2,852,500	2,951,400
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	76 <b>,</b> 000	80,000
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  Common stock, par value \$.10 per share Authorized, 5,000,000 shares Issued, 2,284,000 shares in 1998 and 1997 Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	228,400 147,100 4,875,100	147,100 4,500,800
Less treasury stock, at cost (43,080 shares)	5,250,600 (144,100) 	

 \$ 9,425,200 ====== |  |</TABLE>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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<table> <caption></caption></table>	1998	1997	1996
<s> SALES</s>	<c> \$ 13,905,300</c>	<c> \$ 12,859,000</c>	<c> \$ 12,172,200</c>
COST OF SALES	10,654,600	10,004,500	9,206,900
GROSS PROFIT	3,250,700	2,854,500	2,965,300
OPERATING EXPENSES	2,344,000	2,140,000	1,365,000
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	906,700	714,500	1,600,300
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)  Interest expense  Interest income and service charges	(269,100) 47,100	(237,300) 28,900	(120,100) 25,100

Gain (loss) on sale of equipment Other, net	19,400 31,800	(8,700) 58,700	(3,500)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE	735,900	556 <b>,</b> 100	1 502 100
	·		
INCOME TAXES	268,000	227 <b>,</b> 000	594 <b>,</b> 000
INCOME BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE	467,900	329,100	908,100
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE (net of income tax of \$56,000)	(93,600)	-	-
NET INCOME	\$ 374,300	\$ 329,100 ======	\$ 908,100
BASIC INCOME PER COMMON SHARE Income before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 0.21 (0.04)	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.41
Net income	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.41
DILUTED INCOME PER COMMON SHARE  Income before cumulative effect of accounting change  Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 0.21 (0.04)	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.41
Net income		\$ 0.15	
PRO FORMA AMOUNTS ASSUMING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE Net income Basic income per common share Diluted income per common share	0.23 0.23	\$ 370,100 0.17 0.17	\$ 750,600 0.34 0.34

</TABLE>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Common Stock		Additional				
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total	
<s> BALANCE,</s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
DECEMBER 31, 1995 Common Stock Options	2,259,000	\$225,900	\$133,900	\$3,263,600	\$(144,100)	\$3,479,300	
Exercised	25,000	2,500	13,200	-	-	15,700	
Net income	-	-	-	908,100	-	908,100	

BALANCE,	2,284,000	228,400	147,100	4,171,700	(144,100)	4,403,100
DECEMBER 28, 1996 Net income	-	-	-	329,100	-	329,100
BALANCE, DECEMBER 27, 1997 Net income	2,284,000	228,400	147,100	4,500,800 374,300	(144,100)	4,732,200 374,300
Net income				3/4,300		374,300
BALANCE, DECEMBER 26, 1998	2,284,000	\$228 <b>,</b> 400	\$147 <b>,</b> 100	\$4,875,100	\$(144,100)	\$5,106,500 ======

  |  |  |  |  |  |See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

<table></table>			
<caption></caption>	1998	1997	1996
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 374,300	\$ 329,100	\$ 908,100
Charges and credits to net income			
not affecting cash			
Depreciation	430,100	376 <b>,</b> 400	·
Amortization	22,900	59 <b>,</b> 400	18,700
Provision for doubtful accounts	15,000		6,000
(Gain) loss on sale of equipment	(19,400)		3,500
Deferred income taxes	(48,000)	42,000	4,000
Cumulative effect of accounting change	149,600	-	-
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Receivables	(793,700)	(65,500)	6,800
Inventories	(878,900)	107,000	
Prepaid expenses	(30,700)	(18,200)	10,200
Accounts payable	89,000	44,900	200
Customer deposits	22,400	(148,700)	(81,600) 63,400
Accrued expenses	113,300	69,200	63,400
Income taxes	42 <b>,</b> 500	4,200	(225,800)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR)			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		813 <b>,</b> 500	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of equipment	34,100	13,000	500
Payments for other assets	(64,100)		(382,700)
Purchase of property and equipment	(353,500)		
NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES	(383,500)	(827,700)	(1,811,300)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal payments on long-term debt	(171,700)	(210-400)	(145,700)
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings	49,600		952,000
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-		15,700
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR)			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(122,100)	789,600	822,000

NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,017,200)	775,400	11,100
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,329,500	554 <b>,</b> 100	543,000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 312,300	\$ 1,329,500	\$ 554,100

  |  |  |Page 22

DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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<table></table>			
<caption></caption>	1998	1997	1996
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF			
CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Cash payments for	å 017 F00	<b>A</b> 100 000	2015 700
Income taxes, net of refunds Interest, less capitalized	\$ 217,500	\$ 180,800	\$815 <b>,</b> 700
interest of \$49,000 in 1996	254 700	232,000	107,400
INCCICSE OF \$43,000 IN 1330	=======	· ·	· ·
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Capital lease obligation incurred	á 65 000	<b>A</b> 60 000	2010 600
for use of new equipment	\$ 65,900 ======	•	\$249 <b>,</b> 600
Contract for deed incurred for			
purchase of land		\$ 62,500 =====	
Purchase of assets, net of liabilties assumed, of Holiday Inn Sunspree Resort:			
Fair value of assets acquired		\$ 156 <b>,</b> 900	
Liabilities assumed		(104,300)	
Cash paid		\$ 52 <b>,</b> 600	
-		=======	

Refinancing of long-term debt

\$925**,**000

</TABLE>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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#### NOTE 1 - PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Dynamic Homes, Inc., its wholly-owned subsidiary, Shagawa Resort, Inc., and three additional wholly-owned subsidiaries which had no significant operations during 1998, 1997, and 1996. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

#### PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY

Dynamic Homes, Inc. manufactures modular, preconstructed buildings for single-family, multiple-family and commercial use. Commercial operations include the manufacture of preconstructed office buildings, motels and apartments.

Shagawa Resort, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary) owns a hotel/resort which opened in May 1996. The resort was managed by an unrelated party through a management agreement with the Company through March 1997, at which time management of the resort was assumed by the Company.

#### CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business the Company extends credit to its customers. The Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and generally does not require collateral. Accounts receivable are primarily due from customers in the Upper Midwest and are not concentrated in a particular industry.

The Company's cash balances are maintained in several bank deposit accounts. Periodically, balances in these accounts are in excess of federally insured limits.

#### ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. Cost of work in process and finished goods inventories includes materials, labor and factory overhead.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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Sales of Dynamic Homes, Inc. are recognized and recorded upon delivery of the finished product. Sales of Shagawa Resort, Inc. are recognized and recorded upon delivery of service.

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# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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#### DEPRECTATION

Depreciation of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements 7-20 years
Buildings 15-39 years
Machinery and equipment 3-10 years
Capitalized leases 7-10 years

Amortization of the capitalized leased assets is included with depreciation.

#### CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of long-term debt is estimated based on borrowing rates currently available to the Company for bank loans with similar items and average maturities. The carrying amount of long-term debt approximates the estimated fair value at December 26, 1998 and December 27, 1997.

#### AMORTIZATION

Included in other assets are costs associated with obtaining financing which are being amortized on the straight-line basis over the life of the loans. Also included are organization, start-up costs and goodwill related to the acquisition of Shagawa Resort, Inc., which are being amortized on the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

During 1998, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Position 98-5, "Reporting on the Costs of Start-up Activities', which requires companies to expense the cost of start-up activities as incurred. In accordance with the provisions of the statement, unamortized amounts of previously capitalized costs have been charged to operations as of the beginning of the year in which the statement was adopted. The provisions of the statement require implementation for years beginning after December 15, 1998, however, the Company has elected to adopt the statement early.

#### INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of receivables, property and equipment, other assets, and accrued expenses, for financial and income tax reporting. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent future tax return

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled.

#### ADVERTISING COSTS

Costs incurred for producing and distributing advertising are expensed as incurred. The Company incurred advertising costs of \$188,300 in 1998, \$148,000

in 1997, and \$60,000 in 1996.

#### FISCAL YEAR

The reporting period for the Company ends on the last Saturday of December each year, with the exception of Shagawa Resort, Inc. which has a reporting year ending on December 31. The year ended December 26, 1998 contained 52 weeks, the year ended December 27, 1997 contained 52 weeks, and the year ended December 28, 1996 contained 52 weeks.

#### INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each year. Weighted average outstanding common shares were 2,241,000 in 1998, 2,241,000 in 1997, and 2,223,000 in 1996.

Diluted income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year plus the incremental shares that are outstanding upon the exercise of dilutive stock options.

During 1997, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings Per Share", which requires companies to present basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share, instead of primary earnings per share and fully diluted earnings per share as previously required. In accordance with the provisions of the statement, income per share for 1996 has been restated.

#### NOTE 2 - INVENTORIES

	1998	1997 
Raw materials Work in process Finished goods	\$ 832,000 155,600 1,379,600	\$ 806,300 127,400 554,600
	\$2,367,200 ======	\$1,488,300 ======

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

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#### NOTE 3 - OTHER ASSETS

	1998	1997
Capitalized debt expense Organization and start-up costs	\$ 218,900	\$ 228,500 186,300
Goodwill Replacement reserve account Other	119,400 100,800 22,400	119,400 46,500 25,300
Less accumulated amortization	461,500 (40,200)	606,000 (76,300)
	\$ 421,300 ======	\$ 529,700 ======

#### NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

1998 1997

Land and improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 401,500 3,700,100 2,660,200	\$ 379,800 3,680,400 2,527,500
Less accumulated depreciation	6,761,800 (2,183,500)	6,587,700 (1,984,000)
	\$ 4,578,300 ======	\$ 4,603,700

#### NOTE 5 - LEASES

The Company leases equipment under long-term capital lease agreements. The lease agreements provide for varying monthly payments through July 2003.

	1998	1997 
Capitalized leased assets consist of:		
Equipment Less accumulated amortization	\$ 393,100 (109,700)	\$ 321,600 (58,700)
	\$ 283,400 ======	\$ 262,900 =====

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Minimum lease payments for the capital leases in future years are as follows:

#### Years Ending December

1999	\$ 80,500
2000	80,500
2001	142,300
2002	41,900
2003	22,700
Total minimum lease payments	367,900
Less interest	(76,100)
Present value of minimum lease	
payments - Note 6	\$ 291,800
	========

#### NOTE 6 - NOTE PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The Company has available a line of credit which is secured by inventories and receivables. The credit available is based on specified percentages of inventories and receivables to a maximum of \$1,500,000 in 1998 and 1997. As of December 26, 1998, and December 27, 1997, there were no borrowings outstanding under the line of credit. Borrowings under the line of credit bear interest at a variable rate (7.75% at December 26, 1998) and there are no compensating balance requirements.

Long-term debt consists of:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Variable rate note payable (8.75% at December 26, 1998), due in monthly installments of \$8,200, including interest, to September 2006, when the remaining balance is due, secured by substantially all assets of Shagawa Resort, Inc.	<c></c>	882,900	<c:< td=""><td></td></c:<>	
7.32% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$7,556, including interest, until August 2016, secured by substantially all assets of Shagawa Resort, Inc., and a partial guarantee of the Small Business Administration		895,500		919,700
8.25% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$6,000, including interest, to April 2002, at which time the balance is due, secured by		693 <b>,</b> 300		919,700
real estate and equipment		576,500		599 <b>,</b> 900
8.25% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$1,819, including interest, to April 2002, when the remaining balance is due, secured by second mortgage on building		176,800		183,700
Page 29				
DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996				
<table> <s> 8% note payable, due in varying monthly</s></table>		<c></c>		<c></c>
installments, including interest, to March 2002, secured by equipment		136,900		174,100
Capitalized lease obligations, secured by leased assets - Note 5		291,800		268,400
6.5% contract for deed, due in annual installments of \$10,500, plus interest, to August 2001, with a final payment of \$15,500, plus interest, due August 2002, secured by land		47,000		57 <b>,</b> 500
4.9% note payable, due in monthly installments of \$1,479, including interest, to June 2001, secured by equipment		41,800		_

Less current maturities

200 300 3,049,400 3,105,600 (196,900) (154,200)

</TABLE>

Other

Long-term debt maturities are as follows:

Years Ending December

1999

1999	\$196,900
2000	217,200
2001	284,500
2002	764,600
2003	86,100
Thereafter	1,500,100

#### NOTE 7 - CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Customer deposits of \$199,500 at December 26, 1998 and \$177,100 at December 27, 1997 consisted of advance payments from customers for sales to be recognized in the following year. Sales to be recognized in 1999 related to customer deposits at December 26, 1998 are estimated to be \$2,736,800.

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

\_\_\_\_\_\_

	1998	1997
Salaries, wages and vacations	\$259 <b>,</b> 500	\$220,600
Taxes, other than income taxes	97 <b>,</b> 300	96,100
Warranty	72,300	74,400
Other	209,800	134,500
	\$638 <b>,</b> 900	\$525 <b>,</b> 600

#### NOTE 9 - STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company approved a new stock option plan in 1996, authorizing the use of 400,000 shares for the plan. During 1996, 240,000 options were granted; 200,000 to officers and directors at \$2.3125 per share and 40,000 shares to various employees at \$2.1562 per share. No options were exercised during 1998 or 1997, however during 1997, 25,000 of options to officers and 10,000 of options to employees were forfeited as a result of the respective individuals' separation from the Company.

The Company has adopted provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." Compensation cost related to options granted in 1996 had no effect on net income or income per share.

The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant in 1996 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average options: a risk-free interest rate of 6.5 percent, expected volatility of 28.77 percent, and no dividend yield. The assumption regarding the stock options issued to officers, directors, and employees in 1996 was that 100 percent of such options vested in 1996.

In 1991, the Company's board of directors granted options to five members of the Board of Directors for 25,000 shares each at an option price of \$.625 per share. During 1996, options for 25,000 shares were exercised and as of December 28, 1996, all of the options had been exercised.

#### NOTE 10 - SALES

	1998	1997	1996
Single-family	\$ 9,924,800	\$ 9,681,600	\$ 9,707,900
Multi-family/commercial	989,300	617,300	1,280,900
Transportation	645,000	568,400	646,100
Other	409,900	369,300	340,400
Resort	1,936,300	1,622,400	196,900
	\$13,905,300	\$12,859,000	\$12,172,200
	========	========	========

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## DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### NOTE 11 - COST OF SALES

	1998	1997	1996
Materials	\$ 6,261,600	\$ 5,964,900	\$6,074,900
Labor	1,073,300	1,001,600	1,024,200
Overhead	1,358,500	1,336,200	1,293,800
Transportation	863,100	749,900	814,000
Resort	1,098,100	951 <b>,</b> 900	_
	\$10,654,600	\$10,004,500	\$9,206,900

#### NOTE 12 - OPERATING EXPENSES

	1998	1997	1996
Marketing Administration	\$ 602,900 1,741,100	\$ 537,400 1,602,600	\$ 433,300 931,700
	\$2,344,000	\$2,140,000 ======	\$1,365,000 ======

#### NOTE 13 - INCOME TAXES

Net deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following components as of December 26, 1998 and December 27, 1997:

	1998	1998
Deferred tax assets		
Receivable allowances	\$ 24,000	\$16,000
Book/tax inventory adjustment	30,000	16,000
Intangible and other assets	53,000	_
Accrued expenses	89,000	67,000
	\$196,000	\$99,000
	=======	======
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property and equipment	\$129,000	\$77 <b>,</b> 000
Intangible and other assets	_	3,000
	\$129,000	\$80,000
	======	======

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

-----

The deferred tax amounts described above have been included in the accompanying

balance sheets as of December 26, 1998 and December 27, 1997 as follows:

	1998	1997
Current assets Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 143,000 (76,000)	\$ 99,000 (80,000)
	\$ 67,000 ======	\$ 19,000 ======

The provision (benefit) for income taxes charged to operations for the years ended December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997, and December 28, 1996 consists of the following:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	1998	1997	1996
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Current expense			
Continuing operations	\$ 316,000	\$185,000	\$590,000
Cumulative effect of accounting change	(56,000)	_	_
Deferred tax expense (benefit)	(48,000)	42,000	4,000
-			
	\$ 212,000	\$227 <b>,</b> 000	\$594,000
	=======	=======	=======

#### </TABLE>

The income tax provision (benefit) differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate to pretax income for the years ended December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997, and December 28, 1996 due to the following:

	1998	1997	1996
Income tax computed at federal			
statutory rates	\$ 235 <b>,</b> 000	\$190 <b>,</b> 000	\$ 511,000
State taxes, net of federal			
tax benefit	25,000	21,000	77,000
Change in income taxes			
resulting from:			
Non-deductible expenses	(22,000)	4,000	8,000
Book/tax receivable adjustment	(8,000)	-	-
Book/tax inventory adjustment	(14,000)	-	(11,000)
Book/tax other asset adjustment	(56 <b>,</b> 000)	3,000	-
Book/tax property and			
equipment adjustment	52,000	9,000	9,000
	\$ 212,000	\$227 <b>,</b> 000	\$ 594,000
	=======	=======	=======

### NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company had sales totaling approximately \$868,000 in 1998, \$633,900 in 1997, and \$221,900 in 1996 to members of the board of directors and entities owned by Board members. At December 26, 1998 and December 27, 1997, the Company had accounts receivable of \$115,100 and \$48,900, respectively, relating to these sales.

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997, AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

\_\_\_\_\_\_

NOTE 15 - MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Dynamic Homes, Inc. and Subsidiaries derived approximately 15 percent of its revenue from one customer during the year ended December 26, 1998; 12 percent of its revenue from one customer during the year ended December 27, 1997; and 12 percent from one customer during the year ended December 28, 1996.

#### NOTE 16 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has a qualified 401(k) plan which covers all employees who meet eligibility requirements of being actively employed at year end. Under the terms of the plan, employees may contribute 1 percent to 5 percent of their annual salary, up to the maximum allowed by Internal Revenue Service regulations. The Company's contribution to the plan, as determined by the board of directors, is discretionary but may not exceed 100 percent of the employees' contribution. The Company contributed \$8,100 to the plan for the year ended December 26, 1998, \$7,000 for the year ended December 27, 1997, and \$7,600 for the year ended December 28, 1996.

#### NOTE 17 - BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company operates in two business segments: Dynamic Homes, Inc, which manufactures modular, pre-constructed buildings; and Shagawa Resort, Inc., which owns and operates a hotel/resort in northern Minnesota.

Information concerning the operations, net of eliminations, in these business segments as of December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997, and December 28, 1996 are as follows:

# <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Dynamic Homes, Inc.	Shagawa Resort, Inc.	Consolidated
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Year ended December 26, 1998:			
Sales	\$11,969,000	\$ 1,936,300	\$13,905,300
Gross profit	2,412,500	838,200	3,250,700
Income (loss) from operations	954,200	(47,500)	906,700
Interest expense	121,900	147,200	269,100
Net income (loss) before cumulative			
effect of accounting change	928,100	(192,200)	735,900
Depreciation	266,900	163,200	430,100
Amortization	5,100	17,800	22,900
Total assets Capital expenditures, including	6,124,100	3,301,100	9,425,200
capital lease obligations	365,500	53 <b>,</b> 900	419,400

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# <TABLE>

	Dynamic Homes, Inc.	Shagawa Resort, Inc.	Consolidated
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Year ended December 27, 1997:			
Sales	\$11,236,600	\$ 1,622,400	\$12,859,000
Gross profit	2,183,900	670 <b>,</b> 600	2,854,500
Income (loss) from operations	843,000	(128,500)	714,500
Interest expense	89,400	147,900	237,300
Net income (loss)	548,900	(219,800)	329,100
Depreciation	220,600	155,800	376,400
Amortization	5,300	54,100	59,400
Total assets	5,363,400	3,518,100	8,881,500

Capital expenditures, including capital lease obligations	646,300	76,200	722 <b>,</b> 500
Year ended December 28, 1996:			
Sales	\$11,975,300	\$ 196,900	\$12,172,200
Gross profit	2,768,400	196,900	2,965,300
Income (loss) from operations	1,499,700	100,600	1,600,300
Interest expense	24,400	95 <b>,</b> 700	120,100
Net income (loss)	899,900	8,200	908,100
Depreciation	168,300	75,600	243,900
Amortization	1,800	16,900	18,700
Total assets Capital expenditures, including	4,179,800	3,440,000	7,619,800
capital lease obligations	498,100	1,180,600	1,678,700

  |  |  |NOTE 18 - COMMITMENT

#### EQUIPMENT PURCHASE COMMITMENT

The Company has entered into an agreement to purchase transportation equipment for delivery in April 1999. The cost of the equipment is \$71,200 and is expected to be financed with long-term debt.

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#### PART III

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

#### ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

Information concerning directors and officers of the Registrant is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement for the annual meeting of shareholders to be held on June 28, 1999.

## ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Executive compensation information is incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement for the annual meeting of shareholders to be held on June 28, 1999.

## ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

#### (A) SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

Set forth below is certain information concerning persons who are known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of the Company's voting shares on March 15, 1999.

Title of Class	Name & Address of Beneficial Owner	Number of Shares Owned	Percent of Class (3)
Common	D. Raymond Madison PO Box 6120 Brainerd, Minnesota 56401	673,352 (1)	27.53
Common	HCI Investment Company One St. Augustine Drive	130,000 (2)	5.32

- (1) Includes 80,609 shares outstanding in the name of Mr. Madison's wife and options to purchase 50,000 shares exercisable within 60 days of March 15, 1999.
- (2) Information as identified in Schedule 13D as filed by HCI Investment Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 15, 1997.
- (3) Includes 205,000 available but unexercised options available to officers, directors and various employees.

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#### (B) SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT:

The following table sets forth as of March 15, 1999, information concerning the beneficial ownership of common stock held by all directors and officers and all directors and officers of the Company as a group:

Name of Beneficial Owner	Common Shai	res	Percent of Class
D. Raymond Madison	673 <b>,</b> 352	(1)	27.53
Clyde R. Lund, Jr.	64,774	(2)	2.65
Israel Mirviss	49,500	(2)	2.02
Ronald L. Gustafson	50,300	(2)	2.05
Peter K. Pichetti	25,000	(2)	1.02
Glenn R. Anderson	30,000	(2)	1.23
Eldon R. Matz	9,000	(3)	.37
All directors and officers			
as a group (7 persons)	901,926	(4)	36.87

- (1) Includes 80,609 shares outstanding in the name of Mr. Madison's wife and options to purchase 50,000 shares exercisable within 60 days of March 15, 1999.
- (2) Includes options to purchase 25,000 shares exercisable within 60 days of March 15, 1999.
- (3) Includes options to purchase 5,000 shares exercisable within 60 days of March 15, 1999.
- (4) Includes options to purchase 180,000 shares exercisable within 60 days of March 15, 1999.

#### (C) CHANGES IN CONTROL:

The Company knows of no contractual arrangements that may at a subsequent date result in a change in control of the Company.

#### ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS:

Reference Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 14 page 32 of this Form 10-K.

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(A) 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Included in Part	Pag
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</TABLE>

Other schedules are omitted because of the absence of conditions under which they are required or because the required information is given in the financial statements or notes thereto.

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#### 3. EXHIBITS:

- (3) Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws incorporated by reference to Form 10-K as filed for the year ended December 27, 1986. \*\*
- (13) Annual Report to Security Holders. \*\*
- (21) Subsidiaries of Dynamic Homes, Inc.: 21.1 Dynamic Homes of Fargo/Moorhead, Inc.
  - Inactive
    21.2 Dynamic Homes of Dakota, Inc.
    - Inactive
  - 21.3 Rapid Building Systems, Inc.
    - Inactive
  - 21.4 Shagawa Resort, Inc.

\*\* - Omitted

### (B) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K:

No reports on Form 8-K have been filed by the registrant during the last quarter of the period covered by this report.

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. SCHEDULE V - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997 AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

# <TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	Additions	Retirements	End
	of Year	at Cost	and Transfers	of Year
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Year Ended December 28, 1996:				
Dynamic Homes, Inc.				
Land and Improvements	\$ 129,900	\$ 36,600	\$ (1,200)	\$ 165,300
Buildings	961,900	17,100	(11,700)	967,300
Machinery and Equipment	1,305,100	347,900	(33,700)	1,619,300
Construction in Progress	4,800	99,100	103,900	
Shagawa Resort, Inc.				
Land and Improvements	159,800	169,400	-	329,200
Buildings	-	2,092,400	<del>-</del>	2,092,400
Furniture, Fixtures & Equip	1,694,200	612,800	(1,694,200)	612,800
Construction on Progress	1,094,200		(1,694,200)	
	\$4,255,700 ======	\$ 3,375,300 ======	\$(1,740,800) =======	\$5,890,200 ======
Wasan Badad Basankan 07 1007				
Year Ended December 27, 1997: Dynamic Homes, Inc.				
Land and Improvements	\$ 165,300	\$ 54,700	\$ -	\$ 220,000
Buildings	967,300	438,900	(5,400)	1,400,800
Machinery and Equipment	1,619,300	319,200	(82,300)	1,856,200
Construction in Progress	103,900	013,200	(103,900)	-
Shaqawa Resort, Inc.			(===,==,	
Land and Improvements	329,200	11,900	(181,300)	159,800
Buildings	2,092,400	187,200	_	2,279,600
Furniture, Fixtures & Equip	612,800	58,800	(300)	671,300
	\$5,890,200	\$ 1,070,700	\$ (373,200)	\$6,587,700
	=======	=======	========	=======
Year Ended December 26, 1998:				
Dynamic Homes, Inc.	* 000 000	• 04 700		
Land and Improvements	\$ 220,000	·	\$ -	\$ 241,700
Buildings	1,400,800	•	(2,300)	1,400,700
Machinery and Equipment Construction in Progress	1,856,200	328,400 13,100	(243,100)	1,941,500 13,100
Shagawa Resort, Inc.	_	13,100		13,100
Land and Improvements	159,800	_	_	159,800
Buildings	2,279,600	19,800	_	2,299,400
Furniture, Fixtures & Equip	671,300	34,400	(100)	705,600
	\$6,587,700 ======	\$ 419,600 ======	\$ (245,500) ======	\$6,761,800 ======

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. SCHEDULE VI - ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997 AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

<table></table>	
<caption></caption>	

<caption></caption>				
	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions at Cost	Retirements and Transfers	Balance End of Year
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Year Ended December 28, 1996 Dynamic Homes, Inc.				
Land and Improvements	\$ 45,900	\$ 4,900	\$ (1,200)	•
Buildings	458,000	32,200	(7,800)	482,400
Machinery and Equipment Shagawa Resort, Inc.	965 <b>,</b> 800	131,300	(31,300)	1,065,800
Land and Improvements	_	5,600	-	5,600
Buildings	_	26,200 43,800	-	26,200 43,800
Furniture, Fixtures & Equip		43,800		43,800
	\$1,469,700 ======	\$ 244,000 ======	\$ (40,300)	\$1,673,400 ======
Year Ended December 27, 1997: Dynamic Homes, Inc. Land and Improvements Buildings Machinery and Equipment Shagawa Resort, Inc. Land and Improvements Buildings Furniture, Fixtures & Equip	\$ 49,600 482,400 1,065,800 5,600 26,200 43,800  \$1,673,400	\$ 8,100 39,700 172,900 11,700 52,300 91,700  \$ 376,400	\$ - (5,400) (60,400) - - - - \$ (65,800)	•
Year Ended December 26, 1998: Dynamic Homes, Inc.				
Land and Improvements	\$ 57 <b>,</b> 700	\$ 10,600	\$ -	\$ 68,300
Buildings	516,700	45,800	(2,300)	560,200
Machinery and Equipment	1,178,300	210,400	(228,300)	1,160,400
Shagawa Resort, Inc.				
Land and Improvements	17,300	12,200	-	29,500
Buildings Furniture, Fixtures & Equip	78,500 135,500	52,700 98,400		131,200 233,900
ruinicule, rixcules a Equip	155,500			233,900
	\$1,984,000 ======	\$ 430,100 ======	\$ (230,600)	\$2,183,500

  |  |  |  |Page 41

DYNAMIC HOMES, INC.

SCHEDULE VIII - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997 AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

Transactions in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the years ended December 26, 1998, December 27, 1997 and December 28, 1996 were as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Provision Charged to Operations	Accounts Chgd. Off Net of Recoveries	Balance End of Year
<s> Year Ended December 28, 1996</s>	<c> \$35,000</c>	<c> \$ 6,000</c>	<c> \$ ( 1,000)</c>	<c> \$40,000</c>
Year Ended December 27, 1997	\$40,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 0	\$45,000
Year Ended December 26, 1998				

 \$45,000 | \$16,000 | \$ (1,000) | \$60,000 |(Balance of page left intentionally blank)

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DYNAMIC HOMES, INC.

SCHEDULE IX - SHORT TERM BORROWINGS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997 AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

The amounts reported represent amounts owed under a line of credit.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Balance End of Year (1)	Weighted Average Interest Rate at Year End	Maximum Borrowing Outstanding During the Year	Average Month End Borrowing Outstanding During the Year (2)	Weighted Average Interest Rate During the Year (3)
<s> Year Ended December 28, 1996</s>	<c> \$ -0-</c>	<c></c>	<c> \$285,000</c>	<c> \$ 35,000</c>	<c></c>
Year Ended December 27, 1997	\$ -0-	8.50%	\$360,000	\$ 57,000	8.50%
Year Ended December 26, 1998 					

 \$ -0- | 7.75% | \$820,000 | \$ 153,000 | 8.50% |Opnamic Homes, Inc. has available a line of credit which is collateralized by inventories and receivables. The credit available is based on specified percentages of inventories and receivables. On May 1, 1998, the Company renewed its credit line for a period of two years. The renewed credit line has maximum available borrowings to \$1,500,000 at the bank's prime rate (7.75% at December 26, 1998). As of December 26, 1998, the Company did not have any outstanding borrowings under the line of credit agreement and there are no

compensating balance requirements.

- (2) Average amounts outstanding during the period are computed as an average of the month-end balances.
- (3) For the periods presented the interest on the Company's short-term debt fluctuated with the prime rate. The weighted average interest rate was computed based upon the effective rate under the loan agreement in affect.

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# DYNAMIC HOMES, INC. SCHEDULE X - SUPPLEMENTARY INCOME STATEMENT INFORMATION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 26, 1998, DECEMBER 27, 1997 AND DECEMBER 28, 1996

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Maintenance and Repairs	Taxes, Other Than Payroll and Income	Advertising / Promotion Expense
<s></s>	<c> \$ 243,400</c>	<c> \$ 111,400</c>	<c> \$ 190,800</c>
Year Ended December 27, 1997	\$ 290,700 (1)	\$ 212,500 (1)	\$ 353,600
Year Ended December 26, 1998			

 \$ 293,900 (2) | \$ 250,600 (2) | \$ 405,900 (2) |Amounts include the following Shagawa Resort, Inc. valuations:

	(1)	(2)
Maintenance and Repairs	\$ 75 <b>,</b> 900	\$ 90,200
Real Estate Taxes	99,900	123,800
Advertising and Promotion Expense	90,600	91,900

Royalties, amortization of intangible assets, preoperating costs and similar deferrals are not set forth, as such items do not exceed one percent of net sales as shown in the consolidated statement of operations (Note 3).

(Balance of page left intentionally blank)

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### SIGNATURES:

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities on the dates indicated.

GLENN R. ANDERSON,	ISRAEL MIRVISS,
PRESIDENT	DIRECTOR

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	DIRECTOR
CLYDE R. LUND JR., SECRETARY	PETER K. PICHETTI, DIRECTOR
SECRETARI	DIRECTOR
ELDON R. MATZ,	
CONTROLLER & TREASURER	

RONALD L. GUSTAFSON,

D. RAYMOND MADISON,

DATED: MARCH 22, 1999

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